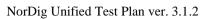


NorDig Unified Test Plan for Integrated Receiver Decoders

for use in cable, satellite, terrestrial and managed IPTV based networks

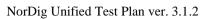
Version 3.1.2

Date: 13.04.2021



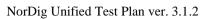


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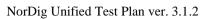


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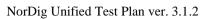


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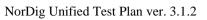


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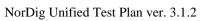


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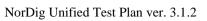


Part I – Introduction



1 Document History

Version	Date	Comments						
Ver 1.0	11.2004	This is the first approved version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification						
Ver. 1.0.3	03.2007	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 1.0.3						
Ver 2.0	06.2008	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.0. It also reflects that the NorDig logo is no more offered.						
Ver. 2.2.1	01.2012	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.2.1.						
Ver. 2.2.2	11.2012	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification. This release updated some DVB-S, DVB-T/T2 and PVR test cases. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.2.1.						
Ver 2.4	10.2013	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.4.						
		 Main changes in this release are: Change of document name from "test specification" to "test plan" LTE interferer for DVB-T and DVB-T2 Test cases for RBM in case of reception of DVB-T2 signals. Tests are based on DVB V&V work and harmonized with Ebook and Dbook. Change of DVB-T2 version from 1.1.1 to 1.2.1 						
		 Reception of DVB-T2 v1.1.1 signals Video, Audio and Subtitling test case updates due removing M2 and M4 requirements. MHP related test cases removed 						
Ver 2.5.0	01.2016	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.5.1.						
		 Main changes in this release are: Test case and chapter numbering changed Test cases for DVB-T and T2 SSI updated Test cases for DVB-C updated Test cases for PVR updated Test cases for Audio and Video updated 						
Ver 2.6.0	10.2017	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.6.0.						
		 Main changes in this release are: Test cases for DVB-T/T2 for Analog interference removed Test cases for DVB-T/T2 for LTE inteference 800 MHz updated and for LTE 700 MHz added 						





		Test cases for IRD System Software and API added
		 Test cases for DVB-T/T2 channel search updated
		Test cases for DVB-SSU updated
		Some test cases for PVR functionality updated
Ver. 3.1.1	03.09.2019	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan.
		This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 3.1.1.
		The NorDig Test Plan ver. 3.1.1 is a major revison to be compliant to
		NorDig Unified IRD specification ver. 3.1.1, where the main changes are
		inclusion of HEVC video, NGA AC-4 audio and IRD system software
		update.
Ver. 3.1.2	13.04.2021	This is updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan is released
		is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 3.1.2. NorDig
		Unified IRD specification ver. 3.1.2, main changes are related to the removal
		of the 700 MHz and 800 MHz frequency range from the terrestrial FE test
		cases.



2 References

This test specification is related to the following documents:

- [1] NorDig Unified Requirements for Integrated Receiver Decoders, Version 3.1.2.
- [2] NorDig Rules of Operation for NorDig Unified receiver networks, ver. 3.1.2
- [3] HbbTV Test Suite, the most recent released version published by HbbTV applicable to IRD implementing. The most recent released version published by HbbTV refers here to the latest version that was available up to 9 month before the IRD is released/launched, in order to give manufacture time for their QA verification and test process. (Note, HbbTV organisation normally only keep latest version available and at time of writing the latest version is 9.2.0)
- [4] The DVB-T2 Reference Streams, DVB-T2 Verification & Validation Working Group, ver 1.1 (11th August, 2011),

3 Background

The NorDig group represents broadcasters and network operators in the Nordic countries and Ireland. The members have agreed on common minimum decoder specifications and a migration plan towards the use of decoders that satisfy these requirements. For further info about NorDig, please see www.nordig.org.

The various members of NorDig are independent of each other, but intend to transmit to IRDs that satisfy the specified common minimum requirements. The various networks may in addition specify network specific requirements.

Common test specifications are established in order to ensure that decoders comply with the common minimum requirements. Additional test specifications may apply for individual networks, especially networks with access-controlled transmissions.

The NorDig specifications are contained in the NorDig Unified specification [1] which covers and includes the following profiles; NorDig Basic and NorDig HbbTV. Figure 1 illustrate the relationships between the various NorDig profiles - variants and capability.



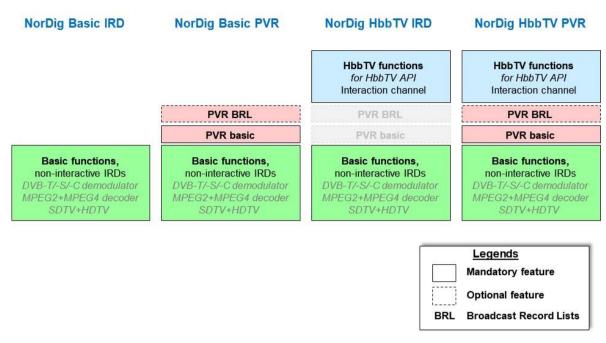


Figure 1 The NorDig profiles and the main building blocks.

4 NorDig compliance testing

The NorDig Verification Test is open for all IRD manufacturers that want to claim that they have IRD products that comply with the NorDig IRD requirements. The IRD manufacturer can claim compliance with one or more NorDig profile(s), provided that

- (i) the IRD product complies with the NorDig profile(s)[1] referred to and,
- (ii) the IRD product passes the tests specified in this document.

The NorDig Verification Test shall ensure compliance with the NorDig requirements and NorDig transmissions, and comes in addition to the regular factory testing for general quality and functionality control.

In addition to the common NorDig requirements, the IRD-product has to comply with additional requirements and pass additional tests in case it is intended for use in a network that provides access controlled services. The additional requirements and tests will be available from the relevant Network Custodian.

The IRD Manufacturer shall furtherermore contact the relevant Network Custiodian(s) in case the IRD product shall be verified for networks with access controlled services. The relevant Network Custodian(s) will provide Network specific requirements (additional to the specified Unified NorDig Requirements) and the corresponding test specifications. Suchfurther handling has to be agreed between the IRD Manufacturer and the relevant Network Custodian (Annex A).

5 Test specifications for NorDig compliance

The NorDig Unified test plan consists of test cases and the defined test procedures in each test case are only illustrations of the test setup and the manufacturer can use different setup to run the test cases. If other, than illustrated, test setup is used the manufactures shall describe used test setup in the test report. The defined test sets may not cover all NorDig Unified Requirements [1].

If any requirement in this test specification is in contradictory with the requirement in the specification [1], the requirement in specification [1] is the valid one.

6 Testing and test report for NorDig compliance

A Test Report should be made available to show compliance with the common NorDig requirements. Each individual test case should be performed; test results and conformity should be reported and signed.



In each test task a IRD profile is given. This means for which type of receiver the test task is relevant to perform. Following table specifies the abbreviations.

IRD profile	Test task is dedicated for type IRD
IRD	IRD (Integrated Receiver Decoder) is either IDTV or STB. IRD is used for
	requirements that are applicable for all types of IRDs (STB, iDTV, basic, HEVC,
	PVR, HbbTV IRDs) <in basic="" for="" this="" used="" v2.6="" was="" word=""></in>
iDTV	IRD type is either IDTV, CarTV/in-vehicle-TV or PCTV
STB	IRD type without display and output the decoded selected service to an external
	display via a video and audio interface (e.g. HDMI).
HEVC	IRD implements NorDig HEVC capability (i.e. HEVC, NGA and TTML)
HbbTV	IRD implements NorDig HbbTV capability (observe, HbbTV mandatory for
	NorDig HEVC iDTVs).
PVR	IRD implements NorDig PVR capability
all IRDs	IRD implement at least one of the following front-ends: terrestrial, cable, satellite
	or DVB-S2X satellite (i.e. test applicatble for all kind of FrontEnds).
Cable	IRD with tuner supporting DVB-C
Satellite	IRD with satellite tuner supporting DVB-S and DVB-S2
S2X	IRD with satellite tuner supporting the optional DVB-S2X
Terrestrial	IRD with terrestrial tuner supporting DVB-T and DVB-T2
IPTV	IP based front-end (for managed IPTV networks)

Wording used in IRD profiles / variant and capability for each test task:

Variants:

- IRD, STB, iDTV (where IRD is STB and iDTV)
- all IRDs, Terrestrial, Cable, Satellite, IPTV.

Capability:

- HEVC, PVR, HbbTV, S2X

Example for audio test Tasks:

- all IRDs
- HEVC IRD
- iDTV, HEVC iDTV, STB and HEVC STB
- iDTV, HEVC iDTV, STB or HEVC STB (so if a test is only for HEVC STB then HEVC STB, if the test is for both STB types then just STB and inside test write which parts is only applicable for HEVC STB).

Wording "variatiant and profile" Test tasks:

Example 1, (video): all IRDs

Example 2, (satellite): satellite IRD

Example 3, (video AVC+HEVC): all IRDs (then inside test cases mark if certain steps is applicable for e.g. HEVC)

Example 4, (video only HEVC): HEVC IRD

Example 5, (IRD where options other than NorDig capabilities, e.g. eARC): IRD with the option eARC

IRD variants and capability:

all IRDs
iDTV
STB
Terrestrial IRD
Cable IRD
Satellite IRD
IPTV IRD





HbbTV IRD
PVR IRD
supporting the optional S2X
IDTV with option for HDMI ARC
iDTV with option for HDMI eARC
all IRDs with optional analogue CVBS video output
all IRDs using OTA SSU simple profile
all IRDs using OTA SSU enhanced profile
all IRDs using DVB SSU Notfication profile
all IRDs using OTN SSU profile
all IRDs using OTN and/or USB SSU profile
HEVC IRD supporting Audio Preselection Descriptor

Example of changed wording from NorDig Test Plan v2.6 to NorDig Test Plan v3.1:

Task 1:1: IRD variants and capability: Satellite IRD

In case that the test result indicates a non-compliance (with the specified requirement) the level of the non-compliance shall be evaluated and indicated by ticking the corresponding "box" in the conformity field. If such non-compliance can be removed by an upgrade of the IRD software, this shall be indicated by ticking the correct commentary field for the individual test. The manufacturer should describe the non-compliance and plans to correct it in the "Comments" row.

The Information specified for the "Test item" should be provided, see section 6.1.

6.1 Test item

The information of the Test Item shall be inserted to the following table. The tests shall be performed with the same IRD model (HW/SW) in all test cases.

Table 6.1 Test Item

Manufacturer: Model: S/N(s): SW version: HW version: Front-End: Demux: Processor: Memory size: NorDig IRD Profile(s): Other relevant information:	Test Item	
S/N(s): SW version: HW version: Front-End: Demux: Processor: Memory size: NorDig IRD Profile(s):		
SW version: HW version: Front-End: Demux: Processor: Memory size: NorDig IRD Profile(s):		
HW version: Front-End: Demux: Processor: Memory size: NorDig IRD Profile(s):		
Front-End: Demux: Processor: Memory size: NorDig IRD Profile(s):		
Demux: Processor: Memory size: NorDig IRD Profile(s):		
Processor: Memory size: NorDig IRD Profile(s):	Front-End:	
Memory size: NorDig IRD Profile(s):	Demux:	
NorDig IRD Profile(s):		
Other relevant information:		
	Other relevant information:	





Following information shall be entered to Table 6.1:

Manufacturer: The name of the manufacturer of the tested IRD

Model: The model (to be deployed to NorDig market) of the tested IRD S/N(s): The serial numbers of all IRDs which are used in the tests

SW version: The SW version of the tested IRD model HW version: The HW version of the tested IRD model Front-End: The front-end type and model of the tested IRD Demux: The Demux type and model of the tested IRD The Processor type and model of the tested IRD Processor:

The memory size of the tested IRD Memory size: NorDig Profile The NorDig profile of the tested IRD

Other relevant The other relevant information that the IRD manufacturer feels important

information:

6.2 List of Abbreviations

0bvalues written in binary (ie with base 2)

values written in hexadecimal (ie with base 16) 0x

AAC Advanced Audio Codec

AAC-LC Advanced Audio Codec Low Complexity

AC-3 Audio Codec 3

ACE Active Constellation Extension **AFC Automatic Frequency Control AFD Active Format Descriptor**

AFNOR Association Française de Normalisation API **Application Programming Interface**

Audio Return Channel (regarding HDMI interface) **ARC**

ΑV Audio (and) Video

Bouquet Association Table BAT BCD Binary Coded Decimal

Broadcast Discovery Record (part of SD&S) **BDR**

BER Bit Error Ratio **BOOTP Bootstrap Protocol** bslbf bit string, left bit first C/N Carrier to Noise ratio CA Conditional Access

Conditional Access Module **CAM** Conditional Access Table CAT Community Antenna Television **CATV**

Consumer Electronics Association (North American Association) **CEA**

Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique **CENELEC**

Common Interface CI

CID Content Identifier descriptor Common Intermediate Format **CIF**

CA-module that complies with the Common Interface Plus specification CIP- CAM

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check **CRID** Content Reference Identifier Composite Second Order **CSO** Composite Triple Beat CTB

Composite Video Baseband Signal **CVBS** Digital-to-Analogue converter D/A





DAD Default Authority Descriptor DAVIC Digital Audio-Visual Council

dB decibel

dBFS dB (relative to) Full Scale
DDS Display definition segment
DDWG Digital Display Working Group

DECT Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications

DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

DSB Double SideBand

DSM-CC Digital Storage Media Command and Control

DTS Digital Theater System (audio codec)

DVB Digital Video Broadcasting

DVB-C Digital Video Broadcasting – Cable

DVB-CAM CA-module that complies with the DVB Common Interface specification

DVB-data Digital Video Broadcasting – Data Broadcasting

DVB-S Digital Video Broadcasting – Satellite

DVB-T DVB-Terrestrial

E-AC-3 Enhanced Audio Codec 3

E-EDID Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (regarding HDMI interface)

EBU European Broadcasting Union

ECCA European Cable Communications Association ECL EuroCableLabs, technical cell of ECCA

EICTA European Information & Communications Technology Industry Association

EIT Event Information Table

EITp/f Event Information Table, present/following tables

EITsch Event Information Table, schedule tables

EITp Event Information Table, present table/section of EITp/f
EITf Event Information Table, following table/section of EITp/f

EPT Effective Protection Target

EPG Electronic Program Guide (based on API)
ESG Event Schedule Guide (without any API)

FEF Future Extension Frame
FFT Fast Fourier Transform
GAP Generic Access Protocol
GOP Group Of Pictures

GPRS General Packet Radio System

GS Generic Stream
GSM Group Special Mobile

HbbTV Hybrid Broadcast Broadband TV

HDCP High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection HDMI High-Definition Multimedia Interface

HDMI ARC HDMI Audio Return Channel HDTV High Definition Television

HE-AAC High Efficiency Advanced Audio Codec

HTTP HyperText Transfer Protocol

iDTV integrated Digital TV (IRD with display)
 IEC International Electrotechnical Commission
 IEEE Institute for Electrical and Electronic Engineers

IEFT Internet Engineering Task Force
IGMP Internet Group Management Protocol

INA Interactive Network Adapter

IP Internet Protocol





IRD Integrated Receiver Decoder Instant Metadata Identifier **IMI**

International Organisation for Standardisation ISO

JTC Joint Technical Committee **LCD** Logical Channel Descriptor Logical Channel Number **LCN**

Loudness Units LU

LUFS Loudness Units (relative to) Full Scale

L-PCM Linear Pulse Code Modulation **MAC** Medium Access Control Moving Pictures Expert Group **MPEG** Multi Programme Transport Stream **MPTS**

Maximum Transfer Unit MTU

NEM Network Element Management

NIC Network Interface Card **NIT Network Information Table** Network Termination in general NT **NVOD** Near Video On Demand

On Screen Display OSD PAL Phase Alternating Line Peak-toAverage-Power Ratio **PAPR Program Association Table PAT PCM** Pulse Code Modulation **PLP** Physical Layer Pipe Packet Identifier PID Program Map Table **PMT**

Program Specific Information **PSI PSTN**

Public Switched Telephone Network

PCR Programme Clock Referance

Personal Video Recorder, (same as PDR, Personal Digital Recorder or DVR) **PVR**

OAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation **QCIF Quarter Common Intermediate Format**

OEF Ouasi Error Free Quality of Service QoS

Quaternary Phase Shift Keying **OPSK**

RF Radio Frequency **RFC** Request For Comments **RMS** Root Mean Square RoO Rules of Operation

remainder polynomial coefficients, highest order first rpchof

Reed-Solomon RS Running Status Table **RST**

RTCP Real-Time Transport Control Protocol

Real-Time Transport Protocol **RTP** Real Time Streaming Protocol **RTSP**

Sony Philips Digital Interface (for digital audio) S/PDIF

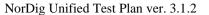
SAP Session Announcement Protocol

Spectral Band Replication (regarding HE-AAC audio) **SBR**

Syndicat des Constructeurs d'Appareils Radiorécepteurs et Téléviseurs **SCART**

(video/audio interface)

SD&S Service Discovery and Selection Service Description Table **SDT**





SDTV Standard Definition Television SFN Single Frequency Network SI Service Information

SMATV Satellite Master Antenna Television SNTP Simple Network Time Protocol SPTS Single Programme Transport Stream

ST Stuffing Table

STB Set-top box (IRD without display)

SW Software

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

TDT Time and Date Table
TFS Time Frequency Slicing

TFTP Tunnelling File Transfer Protocol

TOT Time Offset Table

TPS Transmission Parameter Signalling

TRS Tip Ring Sleeve
TR Tone Reservation
TS Transport Stream
TV Television
TVA TV Anytime

UHF Ultra-High Frequency

uimsbf unsigned integer most significant bit first

UTC Universal Time, Co-ordinated VCR Video Cassette Recorder VHF Very-High Frequency VHS Video Home System

VoIP Voice over IP

VPN Virtual Private Network
VSB Vestigial SideBand
xDSL x Digital Subscriber Line
XML Extensible Markup Language



Part II - Test Cases



1 Introduction - Test Cases

The NorDig plan specifications Test Cases are grouped into a set of test tasks, covering related tests:

- Task 1: Satellite tuner and demodulator
- Task 2: Cable Tuner and Demodulator
- Task 3: Terrestrial Tuner and Demodulator
- Task 4: IP-Based Front-end
- Task 5: MPEG2 demultiplexer
- Task 6: Video
- Task 7: Audio
- Task 8: Teletext and subtitling
- Task 9: Interfaces and Signal Levels
- Task 10: Interfaces for Conditional Access
- Task 11: The System Software Update
- Task 12: Performance
- Task 13: Service Information
- Task 15: PVR Functionality
- Task 16: IRD System Software and API
- Task 17: User Preferences

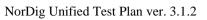
Each of the main tasks defined above include a number of sub-tasks.

Table 1 maps the NorDig requirements [1] into the corresponding test tasks and shows the relevance per sub-task for the various NorDig profiles ("shall" indicates a mandatory requirement and a mandatory test).



Table 1A. Task A: Front ends

NorDig Test Task	T	vne		Cana	biliity	RD "Profile		FrontEnd variants			
Test Task	Type STB iDTV		Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite S2X Cable Terrestrial				
2.1 Task 1: Satellite tuner and				,			Julianico	U_X	Cabic		
demodulator											
Task 1:1 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:2 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:3 Quality reception detector	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:4 Symbol and FEC-rate											
(DVB-S2)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:5 Input Frequency	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall			
Range/Tuning range	Snaii	Shall	Shall	Shaii	Shaii	Shall	Shaii	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:6 Tuning/ Scanning	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Procedures (with NIT) Task 1:7 Tuning/ Scanning											
Procedures (without NIT)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:8 Control signals	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:9 Demodulation (DVB-S2)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:10 RF Input Connector and	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	_	
Output Connector (option)											
Task 1:11 Input Signal Level Task 1:12 Power Supply and	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Control Signal (to RF unit)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
Task 1:13 Power Supply and											
Control Signal (to single-channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
RF unit)											
Task 1:14 Performance: Digital	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	
interference 2.2 Task 2: Cable Tuner and											
2.2 Task 2: Cable Tuner and Demodulator											
Task 2:1 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Task 2:2 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Task 2:3 Quality reception	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	_	_	Shall	_	
detector	Onan	Oriali	Oriali	Orian	Onan	Oriali	_		Orian		
Task 2:4 RF Characteristics: Input frequency range and input level,	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall			Shall		
Digital channels	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	-	-	Silali	-	
Task 2:5 RF Characteristics:	01 11	01 11	01 11	O	0	01 11			01 11		
Symbol rate and modulation	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Task 2:6 RF Characteristics: Input	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	_	_	Shall	_	
impedance											
Task 2:7 RF bypass Task 2:8 Tuning/Scanning	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
procedure (Automatic scan based	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	_	_	Shall	_	
on NIT)	o.i.a.i	O. iaii	O i i a ii	O. a.	O.i.a.ii	O. iaii			Ona		
Task 2:9 Tuning/Scanning	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	_	_	Shall	_	
procedure (Manual scan)	Onan	Oriali	Oriali	Orian	Orian	Oriali			Oriali		
Task 2:10 Tuning/Scanning											
procedure (Original_network_id, transport_stream_id and	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
service_id triplet support)											
Task 2:11 Tuning/Scanning											
procedure - Network default	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
values											
Task 2:12 Tuning/Scanning procedure - Factory default values	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Task 2:13 Total input power	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	_	
Task 2:14 RF Performance - C/N											
for Reference BER	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Task 2:15 RF Performace - C/N	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	_	-	Shall		
with echo	- C.IGII	O.Idii	O.Idii	Ç.iuii	Ç.iuii	O. Idii		1	O.Idii		
Task 2:16 Performance Data: Noise figure	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Task 2:17 RF Performance - Image		OI "	O	GI .:	OL .:			1			
Channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Task 2:18 RF Performance -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	_	Shall	-	
Digital Adjacent Channel	Judii	Judii	Judii	Juan	Juali	Judii	-	_	Judii		
Task 2:19 RF Performance -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Analog Adjacent Channel Task 2:20 LO leakage	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	_	_	Shall	_	
Task 2:21 Spurious emission	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
Task 2:22 Radiation	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	
2.3 Task 3: Terrestrial Tuner and											
Demodulator	C: ::	C' ''	C: ::	C1 ::	C! ::	C' ''			C' ''	O: ::	
Task 3:1 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	
Task 3:2 General Task 3:3 Quality reception	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	
detector	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	
Task 3:4 Frequencies: Center	Ck - "	Ck - "	Ck - "	Ck - II	Ck -!!	Ck - "			Ck - "	CI II	
frequencies	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-		Shall	Shall	
Task 3:5 Frequencies: Frequency	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	_	Shall	Shall	
offset	Urian	Oriali	Oriali	Gilali	Grian	Oriali	ļ		Oriali	Jilali	
Task 3:6 Frequencies: Signal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	
bandwidths Task 3:7 Modes	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	_		Shall	Shall	
Task 3:7 Modes Task 3:8 Tuning/Scanning							-	- -			
. ac., d.o rannig/ocalilling	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	
Procedure: General	O. I.a.i.										





NorDig Test Task					NorDig II	RD "Profile	e"			
		уре	L .		biliity				nd variants	
Test Task Task 3:10 Tuning/Scanning	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
Procedures: Automatic channel search for the same service bouquet	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:11 Tuning/Scanning: Automatic channel search for different service bouquets	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:12 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Manual Channel Search	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:13 Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:14 Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:15 Changes In Modulation Parameters	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:16 RF input connector Task 3:17 RF output connector	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	-	-	Shall Shall	Shall Shall
Task 3:18 Performance: BER vs C/N verification	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:19 Performance: C/N performance on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	ı	Shall	Shall
Task 3:20 Performance: C/N performance on 0dB echo channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:21 Performance: Minimum receiver signal input levels on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:22 Performance: Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on 0dB echo channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:23 Performance: Noise figure on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:24 Performance: Maximum Receiver Signal Input Levels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:25 Performance: Immunity to "digital" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:26 Performance: Immunity to "LTE 700 MHz" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:28 Performance: Performance in Time-Varying Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:29 Performance: Synchronisation for varying echo power levels in SFN	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:30 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN for more than one echo	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:31 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN inside the guard interval	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:32 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN outside the guard interval	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:33 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Center frequencies	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:34 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Frequency offset Task 3:35 DVB-T2: Frequencies:	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Signal bandwidths	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:36 DVB-T2: Modes Task 3:37 DVB-T2: MISO	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	-	-	Shall Shall	Shall Shall
Task 3:38 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (multiple PLPs)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:39 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (multiple PLPs and common PLP)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:40 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM for TDI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:41 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM for DJB)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:42 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM when FEF present)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:43 DVB-T2: Normal mode (NM) Task 3:44 DVB-T2: Input Mode A	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
(zero power FEF present) Task 3:45 DVB-T2: Input Mode A	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
(RBM when FEF present) Task 3:46 DVB-T2: Auxialiary	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
streams Task 3:46 DVB-12: Auxiliary Streams Task 3:47 DVB-T2: Reception of	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
version 1.1.1 Task 3:47 DVB-12: Reception of Version 1.1.1	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Automatic channel search for the same service bouquet	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall





NorDig Test Task					NorDia II	RD "Profile	e"			
	Т	уре		Capa	biliity			FrontEr	d variants	
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
Task 3:49 DVB-T2: Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Basic status check	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:50 DVB-T2: Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:51 DVB-T2: Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:52 DVB-T2: Changes In Modulation Parameters	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:53 DVB-T2: Time interleaving	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:54 DVB-T2: Input/Output Data Formats	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:55 DVB-T2: Performance: BER vs C/N verification	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:56 DVB-T2: Performance: C/N performance on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:57 DVB-T2: Performance: C/N performance on 0dB echo channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:58 DVB-T2: Performance: Minimum receiver signal input levels on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:59 DVB-T2: Performance: Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on 0dB echo channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:60 DVB-T2: Performance: Receiver noise figure on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:61 DVB-T2: Performance: Maximum Receiver Signal Input Levels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:62 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "digital" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:63 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "LTE 700 MHz" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:65 DVB-T2: Performance: Performance in Time-Varying Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:66 DVB-T2: Performance: Synchronisation for varying echo power levels in SFN	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:67 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN for more than one echo	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:68 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN inside the guard interval	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 3:69 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN outside the guard interval	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
2.4 Task 4: IP-Based Front-end	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1B. Hardware, Audio/Video and Subtitling Issues

NorDig Test Task					NorDi	a IRD "Pro	file"			
	Τ\	/pe		Capa	biliity	·		FrontE	nd variants	3
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
2.5 Task 5: MPEG2 demultiplexer										
Task 5:1 SI utilization	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 5:2 CA descriptor interpretation	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 5:3 Maximum transport stream data rate	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 5:4 Number of elementary streams	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 5:5 Section filtering	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 5:6 Variable Bitrate Elementary Streams	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 5:7 Mixture of SD and HD services	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 5:8 Descrambler Performance	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 5:9 System clock recovery	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
2.6 Task 6: Video										
Task 6:1 Video Decoder - General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 6:2 Video Decoder - Resolutions and Frame rates	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 6:3 Up-sampling/Up- conversion	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall





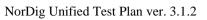
NorDig Test Task	т.	ре		Conc	NorDi biliity	g IRD "Pro	file"	ErontE	nd variants	
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
Task 6:4 Video Decoder -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Colorimetry										
Task 6:5 Video Decoder - Dynamic changes in video stream	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 6:6 Video Decoder - AVC still picture	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 6:7 Minimum video bandwidth	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 6:8 Frame cropping	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 6:9 Overscan Task 6:10 High Definition Video	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall
Output and Display Task 6:11 Down-conversion of	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
High Definition Video for Standard Definition output	011411	Oriali	Orian	O.I.a.i		O na	Oria	Orian	Onan	O.I.G.I.
Task 6:12 16:9 displayed on 4:3 monitors	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 6:13 Displaying 4:3 Material on 16:9 Monitors	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 6:14 Rescaling for HbbTV	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
2.7 Task 7: Audio Task 7:1 Audio User Preference Settings	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:2 MPEG-1 Layer II: Requirements	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:3 MPEG-1 Layer II: Analogue audio output	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:4 MPEG-1 Layer II: HDMI output interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:5 MPEG-1 Layer II: S/PDIF output interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:6 AC-3: Requirements Task 7:7 AC-3: Analogue audio	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall
Dutput Fask 7:8 AC-3: HDMI output and HDMI ARC interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:9 AC-3: S/PDIF output	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:10 AC-3: Metadata	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:11 E-AC-3: Requirements	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:12 E-AC-3: Analogue	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
audio output Fask 7:13 E-AC-3: HDMI output and HDMI ARC interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:14 E-AC-3: S/PDIF output nterface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:15 E-AC3: Metadata	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Гаsk 7:16 HE AAC: Requirements	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:17 HE AAC: Analogue audio output	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Fask 7:18 HE AAC: HDMI output and HDMI ARC interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:19 HE AAC: S/PDIF putput interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Fask 7:20 HE AAC: Metadata Fask 7:21 Audio prioritizing -	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall
Audio language support Task 7:22 Audio Prioritising - audio format and stream type	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:23 Audio Prioritising -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:24 Audio Prioritising - audio format signaling missing	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:25 Audio video synchronization	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:26 Adjustement of Video/audio-delay	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:27 Audio handling when changing service or audio format Task 7:28 Dynamic changes in	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
audio components Task 7:29 Audio descriptors	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Fask 7:30 Clean audio	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 7:31 Supplementary audio	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall
Level										
Task 7:33 Loudness levels 2.8 Task 8: Teletext and	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
subtitling Task 8:1 Subtitling - user preferences	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:2 Subtitling - Only display subtitling if match language in user preferences	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:3 Subtitling - Temporary changes to subtitling settings	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall



NorDig Test Task					NorDi	g IRD "Pro	file"			
		ре			biliity				nd variants	
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
Task 8:4 Subtitling - Subtitling mode (Normal and Hard of hearing subtitling)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:5 Subtitling - DVB Subtitling and subtitling priority (DVB/EBU)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:6 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:7 Subtitling - coexistent with HbbTV applications	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:8 Teletext - EBU Teletext level 1.5	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:9 Teletext - decoding method(VBI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:10 Teletext decoding method(OSD)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:11 Teletext - teletext pages	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:12 Teletext - teletext pages - cache	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 8:13 Subtitling - teletext subtitling Task 8:14 Subtitling - DVB	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
Subtitling 2.9 Task 9: Interfaces and Signal	Snaii	Shall	Snaii	Shall	Snaii	Snaii	Snaii	Shall	Snaii	Shall
Levels Task 9:1 Two-way Interface	Shall	Shall	_	_	Shall	_	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 9:2 SCART Interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 9:3 HDMI interface - HD Ready	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 9:4 HDMI interface - EDID information	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 9:5 HDMI interface - Original format	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 9:6 HDMI - Manual setting for resolution	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 9:7 HDMI - Signal protection	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 9:8 Analogue video interface(Option)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 9:9 Remote Control Function Keys Task 9:10 Remote Control	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
Function Keys for PVR	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali
Task 9:11 Remote Control Key event mapping for NorDig HbbTV	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
2.10 Task 10: Interfaces for Conditional Access										
Task 10:1 Use of Common Interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 10:2 Smart Card Interface 2.11 Task 11: The System	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Software Update Task 11:1 IRD System software update using DVB SSU simple	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
profile Task 11:2 IRD System software update using DVB SSU enhanced profile - scheduling	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 11:3 SSU end user functionality	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 11:4 Common interface plus (CI+) CAM module system software update	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
2.12 Task 12: Performance										
Task 12:1 Video performance	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 12:2 Audio performance	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 12:3 Zapping time	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall

Table 1C. System Software issues

NorDig Test Task					N-	orDig IRD	"Profile"			
	Ty	ре		Capa	biliity			Fr	ontEnd va	riants
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
2.13 Task 13: Service Information										
Task 13:1 SI: General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:2 SI: General -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Undefined data structures										
Task 13:3 SI: General - 'Actual'	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
and 'Other' tables										
Task 13:4 SI: SI data available	Shall	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
through an API										
Task 13:5 SI: Text strings and	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
field size of the SI descriptor										
Task 13:6 NIT_actual -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
frequency_list_descriptor		1								





NorDig Test Task					N	orDig IRD	"Profile"			
		pe			biliity	D 1/2	0 4 1114		rontEnd va	
Test Task Task 13:7 NIT actual - Missing	STB Shall	iDTV Shall	Basic Shall	HEVC Shall	HbbTV Shall	PVR Shall	Satellite	S2X	Cable Shall	Terrestrial Shall
terrestrial_system_delivery_desc riptor	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	Silali	-	-	Silali	Silali
Task 13:8 NIT_actual - Missing T2_delivery_system_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 13:9 SDT_actual service_descriptor and CA_identifier_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:10 Quasi static update of SDT actual	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:11 Quasi-static update of SDT_actual - linkage to NorDig simulcast replacement service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:12 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual - Linkage to an information service about the network	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:13 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual - Linkage to EPG service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:14 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual - Linkage to TS that carriers EIT sch information for all services	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:15 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual - Linkage to System Software Download service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:16 Dynamic update of SDT_actual running status and linkage to a service replacement service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:17 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:18 Dynamic update of EIT_actual p/f CA_identifier_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 13:19 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f short_event_descriptor, extended_event_descriptor and content_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:20 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f content descriptor and component_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:21 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f parental_rating_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:22 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule in ESG using linkage	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:23 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule in ESG	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:24 PMT Descriptors - General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:25 PMT Descriptors - teletext pages, teletext subtitling and DVB subtitling	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:26 Dynamic update of PMT PID values	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:27 Dynamic update of PMT-Component priority (stream type)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:28 Dynamic update of PMT - Content_Protection_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:29 Dynamic update of TDT/TOT	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
2.14 Task 14: Navigator Task 14:1 Navigator: General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:2 Service list - General requirement	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:3 Service list - service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:4 Service list - use of NIT_other and SDT_other	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:5 Service list - Inconsistent of SDT_actual and NIT_actual information	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:6 Service list - NIT_actual interpretation	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:7 Service list - NIT_actual original_network_ID	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:8 Service list - NIT_actual network_ID	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:9 Service list - Inconsistent	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall





NorDig Test Task					N	orDig IRD	"Profile"			
		ре			biliity	Ť			ontEnd vai	
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
SDT_actual/NIT_actual and SDT_other/NIT_other										
Task 14:10 Service list - Handling of multiple channel lists from same networks and NorDig LCD	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:11 Service list - Simultaneous transmission of LCD v1 and v2	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:12 Service list - Simultaneous reception of multiple networks and NorDig LCD	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall
Task 14:13 Service list - Priority of LCN between SD and HDTV services	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:14 Quasi-static update of service list - service addition	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:15 Quasi-static update of service list - non-visible data service addition	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:16 Quasi-static update of service list - services moved between different transport streams	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:17 Quasi-static update of service list - service remove	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:18 Quasi-static update of service list from NIT_actual for non-existing multiplexers	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:19 Quasi-static update of service list from NIT_actual for removing a multiplex	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:20 Quasi-static update of NorDig LCN v1	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:21 Quasi-static update of NorDig LCN v2 2.15 Task 15: PVR Functionality	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:1 Recording File System	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:2 Recording capacity	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:3 Deletion of the	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
recordings Task 15:4 Failed and incomplete recordings	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5 File system intact after update	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:6 Limitations in recorded content - no extraction	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:7 Limitations in recorded content - downscaling of the HD content to the removable media	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:8 Disk Management	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:9 General PVR recording - bitrates	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:10 General PVR recording - service types	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:11 ESG/EPG recording programming - individual events without CRID	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:12 ESG/EPG recording programming - individual event with CRID	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:13 ESG/EPG recording programming - individual event with CRID - same event recording	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:14 ESG/EPG recording programming - series	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:15 Split recordings	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:16 Split recordings- dynamic update of EIT	Shall	Shall	-			Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:17 Recommended events	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:18 Alternative Recording Task 15:19 Accurate Recording - EIT information present	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	-	-	-	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	Shall Shall
Task 15:20 Accurate Recording - EIT information missing	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:21 Accurate Recording - Loss of signal	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:22 Accurate Recording - EIT update in stand-by	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:23 Simultaneous recording - OTR and viewing	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:24 Simultaneous recording - Scheduled recording and viewing	Shall	Shall	1	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:25 Simultaneous recording - OTR and time-shift	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall





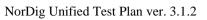
NorDig Test Task					N	orDig IRD	"Profile"			
		/ре			biliity	Ī			ontEnd va	
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
Task 15:26 Simultaneous recording - Scheduled recording and time-shift	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:27 Simultaneous recording and playback	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:28 Back-to-back recordings - Static EIT	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Information Task 15:29 Back-to-back recordings - Changes in EIT	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Information Task 15:30 Timeshift recording	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:31 Manual recording	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:32 Manual recording - Changes in TDT/TOT	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:33 One Touch Recording (OTR)	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:34 Automatic Conflict Handling - During programming	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:35 Automatic Conflict Handling - After programming	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:36 Maximum length of recordings	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:37 Recording of parallel broadcast	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:38 Playback - General	Shall	Shall		-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:39 Replay/Playback - trick modes in playback	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:40 Replay/Playback - trick modes in timeshift	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:41 Relative synchronisation	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:42 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT audio language	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:43 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT audio format	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:44 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT audio type	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:45 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT subtitling language	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:46 Full service playback - Subtitling for the hard-of- hearing	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:47 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT subtitling type	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:48 Full service playback - Subtitling syncrhonization	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:49 Full service playback – Subtitling synchronization in time-shift	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:4950 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT video and audio PIDs	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5051 Full service playback - Dynamic update of video aspect ratio	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5452 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT CA status	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5253 Dynamic changes in video stream in playback	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5354 Parental lock during playback	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5455 Maintaining scheduled recordings after network update	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5556 User actions disturbing the recording	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
2.16 Task 16: IRD System Software and API Task 16:1 org.nordig_00000010	-	-	-	-		_	-	-	-	-
Current time, TDT/TOT available, NTP available		_		_	Shall			-		
Task 16:2 org.nordig_00000020 Current time, no TDT/TOT tables, NTP available	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:3 org.nordig_00000030 Current time, no TDT/TOT tables, no NTP, but SNTP is available	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:4 org.nordig_00000100 parental control, blocking application	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:5 org.nordig_00000300 EBU teletext, no HbbTV teletext	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-



NorDig Test Task					No	orDig IRD	"Profile"			
		pe			biliity	Ť			rontEnd va	
Test Task Task 16:6 org.nordig 00000310	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial
HbbTV teletext, no EBU teletext	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:7 org.nordig_00000320	-	-	-	_	Shall	-	-	-	_	-
EBU teletext and HbbTV teletext Task 16:8 org.nordig 00000330					Oriali	_				
EBU Teletext, HbbTV teletext	-	-	-	-	Shall	_	-	-	-	_
signalled but not available										
Task 16:9 org.nordig_00000340 No EBU Teletext, no HbbTV	-	-	-	_	Shall	-	_	-	_	_
teletext	ļ			_	Silali		_		-	-
Task 16:10 org.nordig_00000350	-	-	-		OI "	-		-		
No EBU teletext, HbbTV teletext signalled but not available			1	-	Shall		-		-	-
Task 16:11 org.nordig_00000400	-	-	-			-		-		
EBU subtitles over broadband	ļ			-	Shall		-		-	-
TS, A/V object, no scaling Task 16:12 org.nordig_00000410	-	_	-			_		_		
EBU subtitles over broadband	_			-	Shall		-		-	-
TS, A/V object scaled down		ļ		ļ					ļ	
Task 16:13 org.nordig_00000420 EBU subtitles over broadband	-	-	-	_	Shall	-	_	-		_
TS, A/V object scaled up			<u></u>							
Task 16:14	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00000430 DSM-CC stream events and DVB subtitles			1						1	
Task 16:15	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00000440 DSM-CC										
stream events and EBU subtitles Task 16:16	_	_	_	-	Shall	_	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00000500 Broadcast			1		3				1	
video scaling, 1 x 1 Task 16:17	ļ	-	 	ļ	Shall					
org.nordig_00000510 Broadband	-	-	-	-	Snaii	-	-	-	-	-
TS video scaling, 1 x 1									ļ	
Task 16:18	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00000520 Broadband MP4 video scaling, 1 x 1										
Task 16:19	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00000600 EIT P/F, characters										
Task 16:20	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00000610 EIT										
MetadataSearch, characters Task 16:21	_	-	-	-	Shall	_	-	-	-	_
org.nordig_00001010 Exit button	-] -	-] -	Oriali	_		_	l -	-
on broadcast independent										
application: restore broadcast video										
Task 16:22	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001020 Exit button:										
restore broadcast video from PIP mode										
Task 16:23	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001050 Setting of preferredUILanguage										
Task 16:24	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001060 Updating										
preferredUILanguage after language change in Navigator										
Task 16:25	_	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001070 Switch										
subtitles: DVB to EBU teletext Task 16:26	_	-	-		Shall	_		_	 _ _	_
org.nordig_00001080 Switch	-] -	-] -	Oriali	_		_	l -	-
subtitles: EBU teletext to DVB			ļ		OI "					
Task 16:27 org.nordig_00001081 Switch	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
subtitles over broadband TS:										
EBU teletext to DVB		ļ	 	ļ	Ol- "				!	
Task 16:28 org.nordig_00001082 Switch	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
subtitles over broadband TS:			1						1	
DVB teletext to EBU		ļ	 	ļ	Cha"				-	
Task 16:29 org.nordig_00001100 Disabling	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
subtitles										
Task 16:30	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001101 Disabling subtitles over broadband TS										
Task 16:31	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001200 DVB										
subtitles - V/B Object not bound to current channel										
Task 16:32	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001210 DVB subtitles - V/B Object bound to										
current channel			1						1	
	•		•							



NorDig Test Task	_					orDig IRD	"Profile"	_		
Test Task	STB	pe iDTV	Basic	Capa HEVC	biliity HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	rontEnd va	
Task 16:33	- 21B	יוטוי	Basic	HEVC	Shall	PVK	Satellite	52X	Cable	Terrestrial
org.nordig_00001220 EBU Teletext subtitles: Video/Broadcast Object not bound to current channel	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-
Task 16:34 org.nordig_00001230 EBU Teletext subtitles: Video/Broadcast Object bound to current channel	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:35 org.nordig_00001240 DVB subtitles placed behind application, V/B Object not	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
bound to current channel Task 16:36 org.nordig_00001250 DVB subtitles placed behind application, V/B Object bound to	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
current channel Task 16:37 org.nordig_00001260 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B Object not bound to current channel	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:38 org.nordig_00001270 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B Object bound to current channel	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:39 org.nordig_00001280 DVB subtitles, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)	-	-	1	-	Shall	-	-	•	-	-
Task 16:40 org.nordig_00001290 DVB subtitles, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:41 org.nordig_00001300 DVB subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)	-	•	1	-	Shall	-	-	1	-	1
Task 16:42 org.nordig_00001310 DVB subtitles behind application V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:43 org.nordig_00001320 EBU Teletext subtitles, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	•	-	-
Task 16:44 org.nordig_00001330 EBU Teletext subtitles, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:45 org.nordig_00001340 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:46 org.nordig_00001341 EBU Teletext subtitles over broadband TS behind application, A/V object scaled down (1/4x1/4)	-	•	1	-	Shall	-	-	•	-	,
Task 16:47 org.nordig_00001350 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)	-	,	1	-	Shall	-	-	1	-	1
Task 16:48 org.nordig_00001400 DVB subtitles, A/V object - no scaling Task 16:49	-	-	-	-	Shall Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001410 DVB subtitles, A/V object scaled down Task 16:50	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001420 DVB subtitles, A/V object scaled up (2 x 2)										
Task 16:51 HbbTV global setting	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:52 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0040 Broadband DVB subtitles in a TS are displayed Task 16:53	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-
es.tdthibrida_7D7C0050 Broadband Teletext subtitles in a TS are displayed	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-





NorDig Test Task		NorDig IRD "Profile" Type Capabiliity FrontEnd variants									
	Ty	ре		Capa	biliity			F	rontEnd va	riants	
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	Satellite	S2X	Cable	Terrestrial	
Task 16:54 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0060 Broadband Subtitles Below Application Graphics	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:55 fr.hdforum_00151240 EXIT function is provided by receiver	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:56 fr.hdforum_00151250 Termination of autostart application using EXIT function	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	1	-	-	
Task 16:57 fr.hdforum_00151260Termination of non-autostart broadcast- related application using EXIT function	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:58 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0070 Autostart applications enabled by default	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:59 fr.hdforum_00151000 Application launching with network connection available	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:60 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (8:6)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:61 Subtitling - coexistent with HbbTV applications (8:7)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:62 Remote Control Key event mapping for NorDig Hybrid (9:11)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	
2.17 Task 17: User Preferences											
Task 17:1 Stored preferences	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	
Task 17:2 Deletion of service lists	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	
Task 17:3 Reset to factory mode	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	



2 Test Plan for NorDig - Test Cases

2.1 Task 1: Satellite tuner and demodulator

2.1.1 QEF Quality Measurement Methods

If the received signal is above C/N and C/I threshold, the Forward Error Correction (FEC) technique adopted in the System is designed to provide a "Quasi Error Free" (QEF) quality target. The QEF means less than one uncorrected error-event per transmission hour, corresponding to Bit Error Ratio (BER) = 10^{-10} to 10^{-11} at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer.

If the received signal is above the C/N+I threshold, the Forward Error Correction (FEC) technique adopted in the System is designed to provide a "Quasi Error Free" (QEF) quality target. The definition of QEF adopted for DVB-S2 is "less than one uncorrected error-event per transmission hour at the level of a 5 Mbit/s single TV service decoder", approximately corresponding to a Transport Stream Packet Error Ratio PER< 10-7 before demultiplexer.

In practice, it takes long time to measure such a low PER at TS data level. Therefore, the reception quality can be evaluated either indirectly by

- measuring the BER after Viterbi in DVB-S system, or BER after LDPC in DVB-S2 system
- subjectively inspecting the video screen for a certain period of time and looking for errors in the decoded video.

Direct measurements on the TS data packets are the preferred measurement method, but if this is not possible or acceptable for some reason, the indirect measurements can be used. The indirect measurement methods, which can be used, are objective BER measurements described above or subjective quality measurement.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-S system, the BER of $2*10^{-4}$ after Viterbi decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels. But for channels interfered by impulse like interference i.e. PAL signals or internal interference, the average BER of $2*10^{-4}$ after Viterbi decoder is not valid due to the fact that the RS decoder is not able to correct the burst of errorneous bytes caused by impulse like interference. Therefore, for impulse like interfered channels, the quality measurements shall be done by using the BER of 10^{-11} measurement method at the TS level at MPEG-2 demultiplexer input or by using the subjective measurement method.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-S2 system the BER of 10⁻⁷ after LDPC decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels.

Direct objective quality measurement procedure in DVB-S and DVB-S2 systems

The measurement is performed doing measurements at the transport stream data level. The measurement configuration parameters are chosen like that there is less than one uncorrected error event per hour. This requirement corresponds to BER value 10^{-10} - 10^{-11} at the TS data level at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In addition to the BER measurement, the reception quality shall be verified subjectively.

The performance in every test case can be evaluated by using the direct quality measurement procedure.

Indirect subjective quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1) in DVB-S and DVB-S2 systems

The subjective measurement is performed during **15 seconds**. During this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **15 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is reached at least **15 seconds**.





Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-S system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 1. the embedded BER after Viterbi measurement provided by the receiver or
- 2. watching the decoded video for **60 seconds**.

If the BER after Viterbi measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after Viterbi decoder value $2*10^{-4}$. The integrated BER after Viterbi measurement value $2*10^{-4}$ shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding. In case of higher BER after Viterbi value than $2*10^{-4}$, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after Viterbi which is lower than or equal to $2*10^{-4}$, Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until a BER after Viterbi value lower than or equal to $2*10^{-4}$ is achieved.

If the **60 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **60 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **60 seconds**.

Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-S2 system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 1. the embedded BER after LDPC measurement provided by the receiver, or
- 2. watching the decoded video for **30 seconds**.

If the BER after LDPC measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after LDPC decoder value 10^{-7} . In case of higher BER after LDPC value than 10^{-7} , the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after LDPC which is lower than or equal to 10^{-7} , Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until the BER after LDPC value lower than or equal to 10^{-7} is achieved. That reception shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding.

If the **30 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **30 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **30 seconds**.

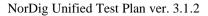
Due to the nature of the DVB-S2 system forward error correction schemes the difference for the 30 seconds error free video and BER 10⁻⁷ after LDPC is very low. For practical testing the performance values are equal for both quality levels.

The corresponding measurement values for profile and DVB-S / DVB-S2 mode shall be achieved from tables below.



		C/N (Es/No) performance (dB)		
Modulation	Code Rate	DVB-S	DVB-S2	DVB-S2X (3)
QPSK	1/4	n/a	-1.4 (2)	(=)
QPSK	13/45	n/a	n/a	1.0
OPSK	1/3	n/a	-0.2 (2)	-10
QPSK	2/5	n/a	0.7(2)	
QPSK	9/20	n/a	n/a	1.22
QPSK	1/2	3.8	2.0	
QPSK	11/20	n/a	n/a	2.45
QPSK	3/5	n/a	3.2	
QPSK	2/3	5.6	4.1	
QPSK	3/4	6.7	5.0	
QPSK	4/5	n/a	5.7	
QPSK	5/6	7.7	6.2	
QPSK	7/8	8.4	n/a	
QPSK	8/9	n/a	7.2	
QPSK	9/10	n/a	7.4	
8APSK-L	5/9	n/a	n/a	5.73
8APSK-L	26/45	n/a	n/a	6.13
8PSK	3/5	n/a	6.5	
8PSK	23/36	n/a	n/a	7.12
8PSK	2/3	n/a	7.6	
8PSK	25/36	n/a	n/a	8.02
8PSK	13/18	n/a	n/a	8.49
8PSK	3/4	n/a	8.9	
8PSK	5/6	n/a	10.4	
8PSK	8/9	n/a	11.7	
8PSK	9/10	n/a	12.0	
16APSK-L	1/2	n/a	n/a	7.47
16APSK-L	8/15	n/a	n/a	8.05
16APSK-L	5/9	n/a	n/a	8.34
16APSK	26/45	n/a	n/a	9.01
16APSK	3/5	n/a	n/a	9.3
16APSK-L	3/5	n/a	n/a	8.91
16APSK	28/45	n/a	n/a	9.6
16APSK	23/36	n/a	n/a	9.88
16APSK-L	2/3	n/a	n/a	9.93
16APSK	25/36	n/a	n/a	10.77
16APSK	13/18	n/a	n/a	11.21
16APSK	7/9	n/a	n/a	12.15
16APSK	77/90	n/a	n/a	13.49
32APSK-L	2/3	n/a	n/a	12.6
32APSK	32/45	n/a	n/a	13.25
32APSK	11/15	n/a	n/a	13.67
32APSK	7/9	n/a	n/a	14.55

Table 2.1 Maximum C/N (E_s/N_0) for QEF reception (1).





Note 1:C/N measured for a bandwidth that equals the symbol rate.

Quasi-Error-Free (QEF) means less than one uncorrected error event per hour, corresponding to (MPEG TS Packet Error Rate) PER= 10-7 or BER = 10-10 to 10-11 at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer.

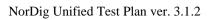
Note 2: For DVB-S2 Modes with QPSK and code rates 1/4, 1/3 and 2/5, the C/N (Es/No) values are optional (recommended) for satellite NorDig IRDs to support.

Note 3: DVB-S2X C/N (Es/No) performance only applies to satellite NorDig HEVC IRDs that supports DVB-S2X.

2.1.2 Test cases

Test Case	Task 1:1 General				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.1				
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall include at least one tuner/demodulator unit for reception of signals from a satelliteRF-outdoor unit.				
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD contains at least one Tuner/demodulator Equipment: IRD Under test Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 1:2 General		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.2		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to automatically scan through the whole frequency range available for each of the available Tuners/Demodulators and tune in to the correct DVB framing structure, channel coding and modulation to deliver the incoming transport stream to the next units. The tuning data shall be stored in a service list, in order to allow a quick tune in to the selected transport stream.		
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD is able to scan throught the whole frequency range. Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.		
Test result(s)	The manufacturer describes his specific setup for the test		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		





Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date		Sign	

Test Case	Task 1:3 Quality reception detector			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.3			
Requirement	The NorDig Unified receiver shall be equipped with a reception quality detector.			
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD			
Test procedure	Equipment: Test signal are created using the test bed shown below: MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter Receiver Monitor Test procedure: Check that the IRD is equipped with a reception quality detector Expected result: It shall be possible to access some kind of a reception quality detector.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 1:4 Symbol and FEC-rate		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.2		
Requirement	The IRD accepts symbol rates between 7.5-45 Mbaud for DVB-S carriers.		
	For DVB-S2 and DVB-S2X QPSK carriers the IRD accepts symbol rates between 7.5-45 Mbaud		
	For DVB-S2 and DVB-S2X 8PSK carriers the IRD accepts symbol rates between 5-30 Mbaud		
	For DVB-S2X 8APSK, 16APSK and 32APSK carriers the IRD accepts symbol rates between 5-34 Mbaud.		
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD, S2X		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD accepts a transport stream with a symbol rate in the required range.		



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Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:

	MPEG 2- source		DVB-S Modulator		Up Converter		DVB Receiver		Monitor	
--	-------------------	--	--------------------	--	--------------	--	-----------------	--	---------	--

Test procedure:

- 1. Configure wanted signal to center frequency 1500 MHz, DVB-S QPSK, 7.5Mbaud at level -45dBm.
- 2. Power on IRD.
- 3. Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.
- 4. Use quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2).
- 5. Repeat the test for the symbol rates and FEC modes in the measurement record.

Expected result:

IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.

Test result(s)

Measurement record

Result **OK/NOK**:

DVB-S QPSK carrier				
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate		
	7.5 Mbaud	45 Mbaud		
1/2				
3/4				
3/4				
5/6				
7/8				

DVB-S2 QPSK carrier (Pilots off, Roll-off=0.25)			
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
	7.5 Mbaud	45 Mbaud	
1/4			
1/3			
2/5			
1/2			
3/5			
2/3			
3/4			
4/5			
5/6			
8/9			
9/10			



DVB-S2 8PSK carrier (Pilots on, Roll-off=0.25)				
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate		
	5 Mbaud	30 Mbaud		
3/5				
2/3				
3/4				
5/6				
8/9				
9/10				

DVB-S2X QPSK carrier (Pilots on, Roll-off=0.1)				
FEC rate Symbol rate Symbol rate				
	7.5 Mbaud	45 Mbaud		
13/45				
9/20				
11/20				

DVB-S2X 8APSK-L carrier (Pilots on, Roll-off=0.1)				
FEC rate Symbol rate Symbol rate				
	5 Mbaud	34 Mbaud		
5/9				
26/45				

DVB-S2X 8PSK carrier (Pilots on, Roll-off=0.1)				
FEC rate	Symbol rate Symbol rate			
	5 Mbaud	30 Mbaud		
23/36				
25/36				
13/18				

DVB-S2X 16APSK-L carrier (Pilots on, Roll-off=0.1)				
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate		
	5 Mbaud	34 Mbaud		
1/2				
8/15				
5/9				
3/5				
2/3				

DVB-S2X 16APSK carrier (Pilots on, Roll-off=0.1)		
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate
	5 Mbaud	34 Mbaud
26/45		
3/5		
28/45		
23/36		
25/36		
13/18		
7/9		
77/90		



				•
	DVB-S2X 32APSK-	L carrier (Pilots on, Re	oll-off=0.1)	
	FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
		5 Mbaud	34 Mbaud	
	2/3			
	DVB-S2X 32APSK	carrier (Pilots on, Roll	-off=0.1)	
	FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
		5 Mbaud	34 Mbaud	
	32/45			
	11/15			
	7/9			
				_
Conformity	OK Fault Majo	or Minor, define fa	il reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if	fault can be fixed with	software update:	ES NO
	Describe more specific	c faults and/or other in	formation	
Date			Sign	

Test Case	Task 1:5 Input Frequency Range/Tuning range		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.3		
Requirement	IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.		
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD accepts an input signal in the range 950 – 2150 MHz Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:		
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor		
 Configure wanted signal to center frequency 10715 MHz, DVB-S QPS FEC=7/8, 30Mbaud at level -45dBm. Power on IRD. Configure Universal LNBF in the IRD settings (f(LO)=9750/10600). Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to c decodes picture without any visible degradation. Use quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). Repeat the test for the centre frequencies in the measurement record. 			
	Expected result: IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.		





	IF frequency [MHz]	LO frequency [MHz]	Centre frequency [MHz]	Polarisation (H/V)	Result OK/NOK
	965	9750	10715	Н	
	965	9750	10715	V	
	1949	9750	11699	Н	
	1949	9750	11699	V	
	1100	10600	11700	Н	
	1100	10600	11700	V	
	2135	10600	12735	Н	
	2135	10600	12735	V	
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor,	define fail reaso	on in comments	
Comments				are update: YES	SNO
	*	pecific faults and/o			
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 1:6 Tuning / Scanning Procedures (with NIT)		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.6		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall either use the NIT information or the scanning procedure for retrieving the services available on the network.		
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD use tuning data given in NIT. Equipment: IRD under test, with service list deleted and using the test bed shown below: MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter Receiver Monitor Test procedure: Start automatic tuning and installation of services, using Network Information Tables (NIT), and check found and installed channels. Expected result: All signalled channels are found and installed.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		



Test Case	Task 1:7 Tuning/ Scanning Procedures (without NIT)		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.6		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall either use the NIT information or the scanning procedure for		
•	retrieving the services available on the network.		
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD searches for - and installs services - without 'a priori' NIT information. Equipment: IRD under test, with service list deleted and using the test bed shown below:		
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor		
	Test procedure: Start automatic tuning and installation of services, without Network Information Tables (NIT), and check found and installed channels. Expected result: All signalled channels are found and installed.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 1:8 Control signals
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.5
Requirement	The Tuner/Demodulator shall be able to select between at least two RF units, upper and lower band aswell as polarisation within each unit in accordance with EN 61319-1 [13], level 1 (the "DiSEqC" specification, level 1.0).
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that the IRD is able to select between two RF-units.
	Equipment:
	DTH antenna with dual-feed Universal LNBs, pointed at i.e. '1 degree W' and '5 degree E' or test signals are created using the test bed shown below:



	MPEG-2 Source #1 A DiseqC-switch is used to select between the LNBs. Test procedure: Check that tuning to carriers in both '1 degree W' and '5 degree E' (or test bed signals) is possible by DiseqC command. Expected result: All signalled channels are are installed and IRD decodes picture and sound without any
Tost result(s)	visible degradation.
Test result(s)	OV Forth Maior Minor define fail moore in community
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 1:9 Demodulation		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.4		
Requirement	Demodulation, descrambling and error correction shall be performed for all symbol rates given above and for all error correction rates and filter roll-off rates as specified for DVB-S, see in ETSI EN 300 421 [11] for DVB-S2, see ETSI EN 302 307 [20] and for DVB-S2X, see ETSI EN 302 307-2 [81] and the satellite_delivery_system_descriptor, see Table 13.1.		
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD, S2X		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the basic performance of the IRD. Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:		
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor		
	 Test procedure: Configure wanted signal to center frequency 1500 MHz, DVB-S QPSK, FEC=1/2, 10Mbaud at level -40dBm. Power on IRD. Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation. 		



- 4. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the QMP2 criteria fulfills.
- 5. Fill in the C/N value to the measurement record table.
- 6. Repeat the test for all modulation, FEC and symbol rate combinations in the measurement record tables.

Note: C/N measured for a bandwidth that equals the symbol rate $(E_s/N_0=C/N)$.

Expected result:

IRD decodes picture and sound without any visible degradation.

IRD meets the requirements of Nordig Unified 3.1 section 3.2.4 and IRD Es/No performance meets the requirements of Nordig Unified 3.1 section 3.2.8.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

DVB-S QPSK, Roll-off=0.35:

FEC	P _{in} =40dBm
	SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N
1/2	
2/3	
3/4	
5/6	
7/8	

DVB-S2 QPSK, Roll-off=0.25, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =40dBm SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N
1/4	
1/3	
2/5	
1/2	
3/5	
2/3	
3/4	
4/5	
5/6	
8/9	
9/10	

DVB-S2 8PSK, Roll-off=0.25, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =40dBm SR=30Mbaud Measured C/N
3/5	
2/3	
3/4	
5/6	
8/9	
9/10	

DVB-S2X QPSK, Roll-off=0.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =-40dBm
	SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N



13/45	
9/20	
11/20	

DVB-S2X 8APSK-L, Roll-off=0.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =40dBm
	SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N
5/9	
26/45	

DVB-S2X 8PSK, Roll-off=0.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =40dBm
	SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N
23/36	
25/36	
13/18	

DVB-S2X 16APSK-L, Roll-off=0.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =40dBm SR=30Mbaud Measured C/N
1/2	
8/15	
5/9	
3/5	
2/3	

DVB-S2X 16APSK, Roll-off=0.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

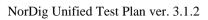
FEC	P _{in} =40dBm
	SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N
26/45	
3/5	
28/45	
23/36	
25/36	
13/18	
7/9	
77/90	

DVB-S2X 32APSK-L, Roll-off=0.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =40dBm
	SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N
2/3	

DVB-S2X 32APSK, Roll-off=0.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =40dBm SR=30Mbaud Measured C/N
32/45	
11/15	
7/9	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\begin{aligned} \textbf{YES} \end{aligned} \textbf{NO} \\ \text{Describe more specific faults and/or other information} \end{aligned}
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 1:10 RF Input Connector and Output Connector (option)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.7.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall include one input connector, type: IEC 61169-24, F-type, female, 75 ohms. The NorDig IRD should include one output connector, type: IEC 61169-24, F-type, female, 75 ohms. The RF output shall be available independently from the operational status of the IRD (operational or stand by), so that there is no restriction for the operation of the connected equipment. The control of the RF unit has to be solved for the case with one or more additional IRDs.
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver has a correct input connector for the reception of the DVB-S signals. Equipment: IRD under test. Test procedure: 1. Verify that the RF input and output connectors are accordance the specification IEC 61169-24, F-type, female. 2. Verify in the manufacturer's technical specification that the input impedance of the RF input is 75 ohm and the return loss is typically 10dB, worst case 8dB. Expected result: RF input connector is as defined in specification IEC 61169-24 and the input impedance is 75ohm.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 1:11 Input Signal Level
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.7.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall accept input signals with a level in the range -25 to -65 dBm.



IRD variants	Satellite IRD, S2X			
and capability				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver can receive input signals with a level in the range -25 to -65 dBm.			
	Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:			
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor			
	Test procedure: 1			
	 Configure wanted signal to IF frequency 965 MHz, DVB-S QPSK, FEC=7/8, 30Mbaud at level -65dBm. Power on IRD. Make a channel search at wanted signal. 			
	4. Verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation (meets QMP2).			
	5. Increase the wanted signal level to -25dBm.6. Verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation (meets QMP2).			
	Repeat the test for the centre frequencies and modes in the measurement record.			
	Expected result: IRD decodes picture and sound without any visible degradation.			
Test result(s)	Measurement record:			
	DVB-S QPSK FEC=7/8 SR=30Msym/s			
	IF frequency Min signal Max signal [MHz] level level			
	[dBm] [dBm] 965 2135			
	DVB-S2 QPSK FEC=9/10 SR=30Msym/s, Roll-off: 0.25, Pilots On			
	IF frequency Min signal Max signal level level [dBm] [dBm]			
	965 2135			
	DVB-S2 QPSK FEC=9/10 SR=30Msym/s, Roll-off: 0.25, Pilots Off IF frequency Min signal Max signal			
	[MHz] level level [dBm]			
	965			
	2135			



	DVB-S 8PSK FE	C=9/10 SR=30Ms	ym/s, Roll-off: 0.2	25, Pilots On
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal	
	[MHz]	level	level	
		[dBm]	[dBm]	
	965			
	2135			
	DVD G2 ODGK FI	EC 0/10 CD 201/	r/. D.11 . CC O	25 Pilet Off
			Isym/s, Roll-off: 0	.25, Pilots Off
	IF frequency [MHz]	Min signal level	Max signal level	
	[MITIZ]	[dBm]	[dBm]	
	965	լաքույ	լաքույ	
	2135			
	2133			
	DVB-S2X 16APS	SK FEC=77/90 SR	a=34Msym/s, Roll	-off: 0.1, Pilots On
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal	
	[MHz]	level	level	
		[dBm]	[dBm]	
	967			
	2133			
				-off: 0.1, Pilots Off
	IF frequency	Min signal level	Max signal	
	[MHz]	[dBm]	level [dBm]	
	967	լահույ	լահույ	
	2133			
	2133			
	DVB-S2X 32APS	SK FEC=7/9 SR=3	34Msym/s, Roll-of	f: 0.1, Pilots On
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal	
	[MHz]	level	level	
		[dBm]	[dBm]	
	967			
	2133			
	DUD COV CO A DO	WEEG 7/0 CD) 4) M / D 11 /	C 0.1 P.1 . OCC
			34Msym/s, Roll-of	T: 0.1, Pilots Off
	IF frequency [MHz]	Min signal	Max signal	
	[MITIZ]	level [dBm]	level [dBm]	
	967	[uDiii]	լահույ	
	2133			
	2133			
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor,	define fail reason	in comments
Comments				update: YES NO
	Describe more sp	ecific faults and/o	r other information	1
Date			Sign	
Date			sign	

Test Case	Task 1:12 Power Supply and Control Signal (to RF unit)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.7.3



Requirement	The satelli RF-unit as							ntrol signa	als to the	external
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD									
Test procedure	2. M	edure: coltage, cu Configure to DVB-S QP (LO)=9750 Measure th a. LM b. DO c. Co d. Co e. Co f. Co	rrent and o	control ton the lower 50MHz, F Hz g characte DC voltage frequency peak-to-p duty cycl rise and fent record	Ku beristicage y beak verial tire	m externand from the state of t	rnal RF of the control of the contro	unit conne e.g. transi polarizatio r RF input	ctor. mission on, using	parameters ; LNB
T414(-)	The IRD p	provides p		ly and con	trol s	ignals	to the ex	ternal RF	-unit as s	specified.
Test result(s)	Measurem f(RF) [MHz] 10750 10750 12600 12600	Polaris ation (H/V) H V H	LNB supply voltage V _{DC}	I _{DC}	f _{CTR}		VPP,CTR L	DCTRL	t _R	t _F
Conformity	OK Fa	ult M	ajor 🔲 M	inor, defin	e fail	reason	n in com	ments		
Comments	If possible Describe r							e: YES	□NO	
Date						Sign	_			



Test Case	Task 1:13 Power Supply and Control Signal (to single-channel RF unit)			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.5, NorDig Unified 3.2.7.3			
Requirement	The Tuner/Demodulator shall be able to select transport stream in accordance with EN 50494 Satellite [10] ("Signal distribution over a single coaxial cable in single dwelling installations.			
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that power supply and control signals to the external RF-unit are as specified.			
	Equipment:			
	DVB Receiver Oscilloscope			
	Test procedure:			
	TBD			
	Expected result: TBD			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle \textstyl			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 1:14 Performance: Digital interference			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.8			
Requirement	IRD decodes picture and sound without any visible degradation.			
IRD variants and capability	Satellite IRD, S2X			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the performance of the IRD in a multi-carrier environment. Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below: MPEG-2 Source #1 DVB-S Modulator Up Converter Ch x Up Converter Ch y MPEG-2 Source #2 DVB-S Modulator Up Converter Ch y			



Test procedure:

UACI/LACI:

Symbol rate and power equal to wanted carrier. Frequency separation from wanted carrier: +/- $(1+\alpha)$ SR where $\alpha=0.25$ for DVB-S carriers and $\alpha=0.2$ for DVB-S2 and DVB-S2X carriers in this test), SR = Symbol Rate.

Verify that IRD can receive input signals with a level in the range -25 to -65 dBm

- 1. Configure wanted signal to IF frequency 1500 MHz, DVB-S QPSK, FEC=7/8, 10Mbaud at level -65dBm and interferer signal on f(IF)+1.25SR = 1512,5 MHz with power level and transmission parameters equal to the wanted signal.
- 2. Power on IRD.
- 3. Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.
- 4. Apply Gaussian noise over the wanted signal so that reception is not possible.
- 5. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the reception quality meets QMP2.
- 6. Fill in the result in the measurement record.

Repeat the test for the centre frequencies and modes in the measurement record.

Expected result:

IRD decodes picture and sound without any visible degradation. The minimum Es/No meets the requirement in NorDig Unified specification [1] with 0.4 dB allowance.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

DVB-S QPSK FEC=7/8, Roll-off=0.35, Channel spacing = 1.25xSR

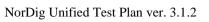
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)
	interferer	wanted	level [dB]
[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]	
10	1512,5	1500	
10	1487,5	1475	
30	1537,5	1500	
30	1462,5	1425	

DVB-S2 QPSK FEC=9/10, Roll-off=0.25, Channel spacing = 1.20xSR, Pilots ON

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)
	interferer	wanted	level [dB]
[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]	
10	1512	1500	
10	1488	1476	
30	1536	1500	
30	1464	1428	

DVB-S2 8PSK FEC=9/10, Roll-off=0.25, Channel spacing = 1.20xSR, Pilots ON

Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)
	interferer	wanted	level [dB]
[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]	
10	1512	1500	
10	1488	1476	





	30	1536	1500]	
	30	1464	1428			
	DVB-S2X 16AP	DVB-S2X 16APSK FEC=77/90, Roll-off=0.1, Channel spacing = 1.20xSR, Pilots ON				
	Symbol Rate	IF frequency interferer	IF frequency wanted	Es/No (C/N) level [dB]		
	[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]	level [db]		
	10	1512	1500			
	10	1488	1476			
	30	1536	1500			
	30	1464	1428			
	DVB-S2X 32AP	SK FEC=7/9, Roll	-off=0.1, Channel	spacing = 1.20xS	R, Pilots ON	
	Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)		
		interferer	wanted	level [dB]		
	[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]			
	10	1512	1500			
	10	1488	1476			
	30	1536	1500			
	30	1464	1428			
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor,	define fail reason	in comments		
Comments		be if fault can be for the faults and/o		e update: YES [n	□NO	
Date			Sign			



2.2 Task 2: Cable Tuner and Demodulator

2.2.1 QEF Quality Measurement Methods

The quality limit in this specification is defined as Quasi Error Free (QEF) reception, where QEF means less than one uncorrected error event per hour. The definition of QEF corresponds to BER of 10⁻¹¹ in the TS data at input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In practice, it takes long time to measure such a low BER at TS data level. Therefore, the reception quality can be evaluated either indirectly by

- measuring the BER after Viterbi in DVB-C system, or
- subjectively inspecting the video screen for a certain period of time and looking for errors in the decoded video.

Direct measurements on the TS data packets are the preferred measurement method, but if this is not possible or acceptable for some reason, the indirect measurements can be used. The indirect measurement methods, which can be used, are objective BER measurements described above or subjective quality measurement.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-C system, the BER of 2*10⁻⁴ after Viterbi decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels. But for channels interfered by impulse like interference i.e. PAL signals or internal interference, the average BER of 2*10⁻⁴ after Viterbi decoder is not valid due to the fact that the RS decoder is not able to correct the burst of errorneous bytes caused by impulse like interference. Therefore, for impulse like interfered channels, the quality measurements shall be done by using the BER of 10⁻¹¹ measurement method at the TS level at MPEG-2 demultiplexer input or by using the subjective measurement method.

In the indirect subjective measurement method the certain period of time of error free video decoding is considered to corresponds to a good reception quality. The specified video test sequence can be any containing movement everywhere, in order to minimise the number of errors not being observed due to error concealment techniques in the receiver. Such a relevant video sequences are e.g. 'Mobile and calendar' and 'Zoneplate'.

The result of the indirect quality measurements may differ. Therefore, the method that shall be used is specified in every test case. However, the reception quality shall be verified by using the subjective measurement method for every test case. The measurement methods (procedures) are defined below.

Direct objective quality measurement procedure in DVB-C systems

The measurement is performed doing measurements at the transport stream data level. The measurement configuration parameters are chosen like that there is less than one uncorrected error event per hour. This requirement corresponds to BER value 10^{-11} at the TS data level at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In addition to the BER measurement, the reception quality shall be verified subjectively.

The performance in every test case can be evaluated by using the direct quality measurement procedure.

Indirect subjective quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1) in DVB-C systems

The subjective measurement is performed during **15 seconds**. During this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **15 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is reached at least **15 seconds**.



Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-C system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 3. the embedded BER after Viterbi measurement provided by the receiver ,or
- 4. watching the decoded video for **60 seconds**.

If the BER after Viterbi measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after Viterbi decoder value $2*10^{-4}$. The integrated BER after Viterbi measurement value $2*10^{-4}$ shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding. In case of higher BER after Viterbi value than $2*10^{-4}$, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after Viterbi which is lower than or equal to $2*10^{-4}$, Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until a BER after Viterbi value lower than or equal to $2*10^{-4}$ is achieved.

If the **60 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **60 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **60 seconds**.

2.2.2 Test cases

Test Case	Task 2:1 General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall contain at least one Tuner/Demodulator for cable DVB/MPEG 2 signals.
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD contains at least one Tuner/demodulator Equipment: IRD Under test. Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 2:2 General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.2



Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to automatically scan through the whole frequency range available for each of the available Tuners/Demodulators and tune in to the correct DVB framing structure, channel coding and modulation to deliver the incoming transport stream to the next units. The tuning data shall be stored in a service list, in order to allow a quick tune in to the selected transport stream. For more detail see below.
IRD variants	Cable IRD
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD is able to scan throught the whole frequency range. Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.
Test result(s)	The manufacturer describes his specific setup for the test
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Do Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 2:3 Quality reception detector
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.3
Requirement	The NorDig Unified receiver shall be equipped with a reception quality detector.
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD
Test procedure	Test procedure: Check that the IRD is equipped with a reception quality detector Expected result: It shall be possible to access some kind of a reception quality detector
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 2:4 RF Characteristics: Input frequency range and input level, Digital channels
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.2
Requirement	The IRD shall have RF characteristics equal to or better than specified below: Input Frequency range: Digital signals 110 - 862 MHz
IRD variants	Cable IRD
and capability	



Test procedure	Equipment:				
	Digital Multiple Video generator	te	rigital TV est ansmitter		IRD Under test
Test result(s)	Test procedure: 6. Configure wanted sign Msymb/s at level 60 7. Power on IRD. 8. Make a channel sear decodes picture with 9. Use quality measures 10. Repeat the test for the measurement recember to the measurement record	dBµV. ch at wanted so out any visible ment procedur e signal levels ord.	gnal and verif degradation. e 2 (QMP2). , center freque	y that IRD loc	eks to carrier and B-C modes in
	Result OK/NOK :				
	Frequency	114 MHz		858 MHz	
	Modulation /	60 47		60 47	77
	Signal Level [dBµV]				
	16 QAM				
	128 QAM				
	256 QAM				
	Modulation /	60 43	73	60 43	73
	Signal Level [dBµV]				
	64 QAM				
Conformity	OK Fault Major M	linor, define fa	il reason in co	mments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault ca				NO
	Describe more specific faults				_
	_				
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 2:5 RF Characteristics: Symbol rate and modulation
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.2
Requirement	The IRD shall have RF characteristics equal to or better than specified below:
	Symbol rate: Digital signals 4 Msymbols/s to 7 Msymbols/s. The rates are set in steps of
	1 ksymbols/s.
	Modulation: Digital signals 16-QAM, 64-QAM, 128-QAM and 256-QAM
IRD variants	Cable IRD
and capability	



Test procedure	Equipment: Digital Video Gener TV test transmitter f				
	Digital Video generator	Multiplexor	Digital TV test transmitter		IRD Under test
	Msymb/s a 2. Power on I 3. Make a cha decodes pic 4. Use quality	nnel search at wa eture without any measurement pro- test for the DVB- and decodes picto	inted signal and visible degradat ocedure 2 (QMP C modes in the r	verify that IRD lo ion. '2). measurement rec	ocks to carrier and ord.
Test result(s)	Measurement reconstatus OK/NOK:	rd			
	Modulation / Symb Rate [Msymb/s] 16 QAM 64 QAM 128 QAM 256 QAM	001 4.000	4.100	7.000	
Conformity	OK Fault M	ajor Minor, de	efine fail reason	in comments	
Comments	If possible describe Describe more speci	if fault can be fixe	ed with software	update: YES	□NO
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 2:6 RF Characteristics: Input impedance
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.2
Requirement	The IRD shall have RF characteristics equal to or better than specified below: Input connector : IEC 61169-2, female, 75 Ohms.
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD
Test procedure	The manufacturer verifies that the input impedance is 75 Ohms.
Test result(s)	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 2:7 RF bypass
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.3
Requirement	The RF signals should be bypassed from RF_{in} to RF_{out} independently from the status of the NorDig IRD (operational or stand by), so that connected equipment can operate even if the NorDig IRD is in standby.
	The frequency range for the RF bypass shall be from 47 MHz to 862 MHz. The NorDig IRD, when equipped with RF bypass, should include user setting to disable or enable the RF bypass gain in stand-by mode. When the RF bypass gain is disabled, the maximum RF bypass gain should -4dB and when the RF bypass gain is enabled, the RF bypass gain should be from –1 dB to +3 dB. The degradation of the signals caused by the RF bypass compared to the input signal shall be less than 1 dB in the case of signal-to-noise ratio.
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD
Test procedure	 Purpose of test: To verify that IRDs RF bypass is according the specification. Equipment: IRD Under test Measurement equipment Test procedure: Generate one digital channel (64 QAM, 6,952 MS/s, 015 roll-off) at 114 MHz with three different input levels, 60 dBμV, 43 dBμV and 73 dBμV. Verify that the RF_{out} signal level is less than 1dB below and less than 3dB above the signal level at the RF_{in} Generate one digital channel (64 QAM, 6,952 MS/s, 015 roll-off) at 858 MHz. Make the test for three different input levels, 60 dBμV, 43 dBμV and 73 dBμV. Verify that the RF_{out} signal level is less than 1dB below and less than 3dB above the signal level at the RF_{in} Expected results: The IRDs RF output is according the requirements.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

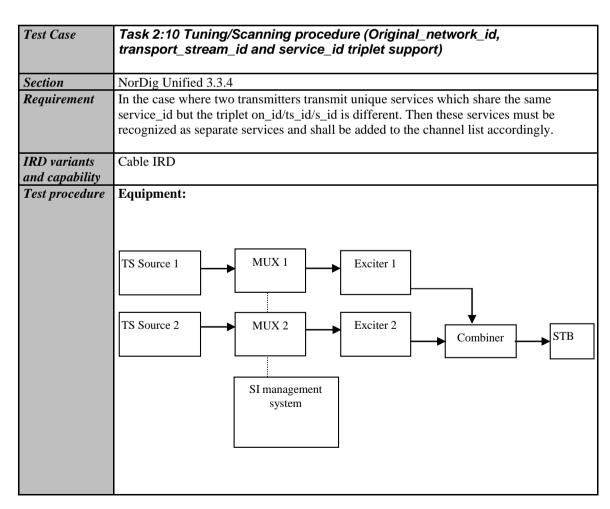


Test Case	Task 2:8 Tuning/Scanning procedure (Automatic scan based on NIT)			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4			
Requirement	The NIT scanning shall be able to find all the available channels on the network. During the first boot sequence or any time the IRD is re-installed, it will begin scanning for the Network Information Table using the following parameters:			
	Center frequencies: 114 MHz onwards in 8MHz steps until 858 MHz. Modulations: 64 QAM, 128 QAM and 256 QAM Symbol rates: 6.952 MSymbols/s (first attempt). If this rate does not result in reception, the following rates should be attempted: 6.950, 6.900, 6.875, 6.125 and 6.000 Msymbols/s.			
	Modulation mode: 16 QAM, 64QAM, 128QAM and 256QAM, where 128QAM and 16 QAM should be attempted last.			
	The scanning shall stop as soon as a valid Network Information Table (NIT_actual) is found. After that the NIT scanning procedure will continue according to information acquired from NIT.			
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD			
Test procedure	Equipment: Use the CATV network. The NIT shall describe all the digital channels. Test procedure: 1. Generate a cable TV signal with following parameters: a) MUX1: Frequency 842 MHz, 256 QAM, Symbol Rate 6.000 MSymbols/s b) MUX 2: Frequency 858 MHz, 64 QAM, Symbol Rate 6.952 MSymbols/s 2. Make a new installation of the IRD. 3. Verify that the channel search is implemented according specification and finds all channels. Expected result: All digital channels in the network shall be found and the search is implemented according specification.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 2:9 Tuning/Scanning procedure (Manual scan)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4



Requirement	The receiver shall also offer manual scanning feature, where different scanning parameters may be used.
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD
Test procedure	Equipment: Use the ordinary CATV network. Test procedure: Make a new installation of the IRD by using manual scanning. Install a couple of multiplexes one by one using manual scanning Expected result: All digital channels in the selected multiplexes are added to the channel list.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyre{\textsty}
Date	Sign





		Service1	Service2	Frequency		
	MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be		
	TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	chosen		
	ON_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	depending of		
		V PID 1109 A PID 1108	V PID 1209 A PID 1208	the distribution		
		LCN 1	LCN 3	media.		
		Leivi	ECIV 5	media.		
	MUX2	SID 1100		Can be		
	TS_id 2	S_name Test21		chosen		
	ON_id 1	PMT PID 2100		depending of		
		V PID 2109 A PID 2108		the distribution		
		LCN 2		media. Not		
		LCN 2		same as for		
				Exciter 1		
	Expected real All digital characteristics LCN 1. 2.	installation of the box v sult:	with automatic scan sele			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
	If possible de		xed with software upda			
		re specific faults and/or				
		T				

	Task 2:11 Tuning/Scanning procedure – Network default values				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4				
Requirement	It shall be possible to set and store specific <i>network default values</i> for search of digital carriers, as required for the targeted network(s). The values shall be set either manually via the user interface, or as part of the stored default values in the NorDig IRD. The <i>network default</i> values shall for each stored network id include: Network id Frequency (ies) and modulation mode(s) for carriers that carry service information about actual and other transport streams. Symbol rate(s) for the specified carrier(s).				
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To verify that IRD supports network default values				
	Equipment:				



	Digital Video generator Test procedure: Verify that the network defauld values can be set and are used to make the NIT based scan Expected results: The IRD has the network default values and they are used for NIT based scanning.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						

	Task 2:12 Tuning/Scanning procedure – Factory default values
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4
Requirement	 In case there are no stored data for the selected network, the stored factory default values shall be used for the initial search (Step 1 above). In case these default values do not result in reception of a carrier, a full search, covering all frequencies, modulation modes and symbol rates shall be performed (Step 2). The NorDig IRD shall as a minimum store a factory default value set, with the following data: Carrier frequencies: 114MHz + n x 8MHz, where n is an integer in the range 0 to 93, see Table 3.3. Modulation mode: 16 QAM, 64QAM, 128QAM and 256QAM, where 128QAM and 16 QAM should be attempted last. Symbol rate: 6.952 MSymbols/s (first attempt). If this rate does not result in reception, the following rates should be attempted: 6.950, 6.900, 6.875, 6.125 (1) and 6.000 (1) Msymbols/s.
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD

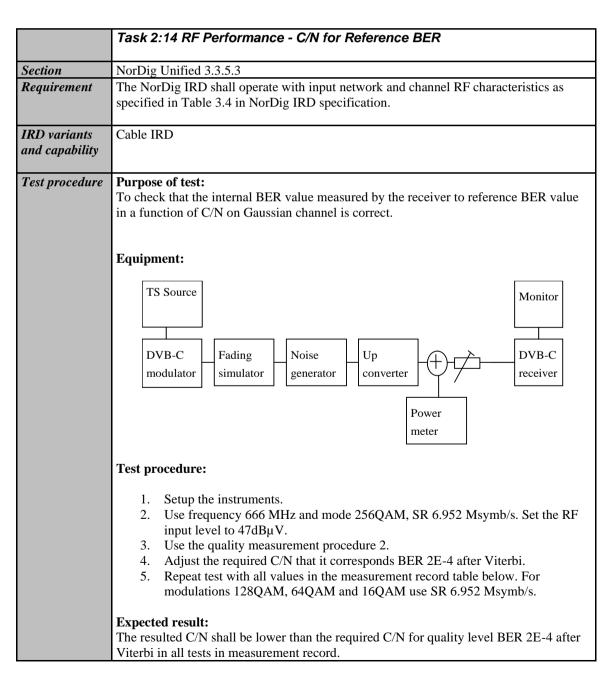


Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD supports factory default values Equipment:						
	Digital Multiplexer Digital TV test transmitter IRD Under test						
	Test procedure: Verify that the factory defauld values are stored and are used to make the NIT based scan						
	Expected results: The IRD has the factory default values and they are used for NIT based scanning.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						

	Task 2:13 Total input power					
	, · ·					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.2.1					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall operate with input network and channel RF characteristics as specified in Table 3.3 Total Input Power (80-862 MHz): Digital & analogue<93 dBµV at 75 Ohms					
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD can operate with required total input power Equipment: IRD Under test and test signal generator environment Digital Video generator(s) Test procedure: 1. Configure wanted signal to center frequency 666 MHz, 256 QAM, SR 6.952 Msymb/s at level 77 dBµV 2. Configure interference signal to center frequencies n-1 (658MHz) and n+1 (674 MHz), 256QAM, SR 6.952 Msymb/sat level 77 dBµV 3. Configure interference signal to center frequencies n-2(650MHz) and n+2(682MHz), 256QAM, SR 6.952 Msymb/sat level 82 dBµV 4. Power on IRD					



	 5. Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier, finds all channels and decodes picture without any visible degradation. 6. Use quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). Expected results: The IRDlocks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation with required total power.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Dobescribe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign





Test result(s)	Measure	Measurement record:					
	QAM:	Level/ dBµV	Required C/N (Es/No):	Result C/N			
		54	32.0 dB				
	256	77	32.0 dB				
		47	35.0 dB				
		53	35.0 dB				
	128	47	29.0 dB				
	64	43	26.0 dB				
	16	47	20.0 dB				
Conformity	□ОК	Fault [Major Minor	r, define fail reas	on in comments		
Comments	If possibl	e describe	if fault can be fixed w	ith software upda	ate: YESNO		
	Describe	more speci	fic faults and/or other	information			
Date				Sign			



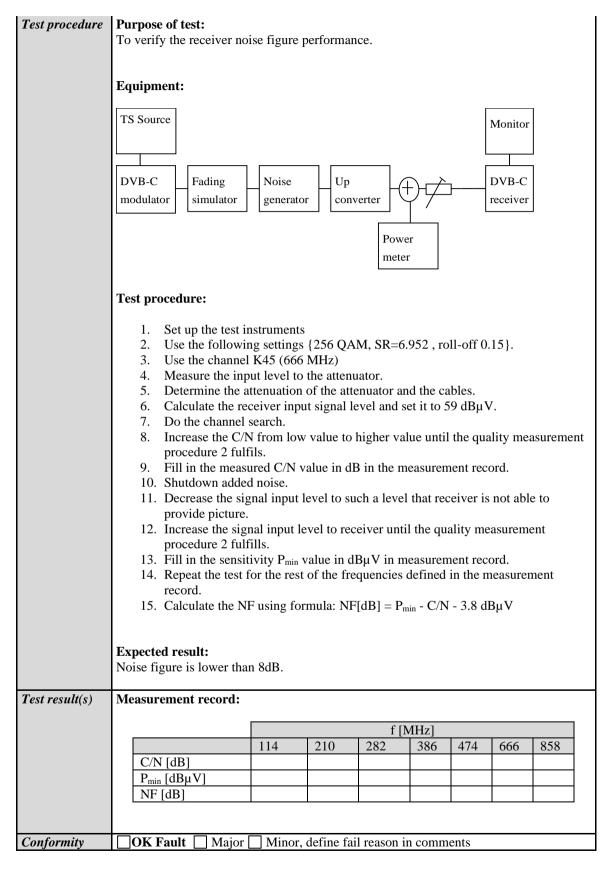
	Task 2:15 RF Performace - C/N with echo					
	Tusk 2. 10 Na Terrormade Gra War cono					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.4					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in Table 3.4, plus an allowance of 1 dB when an echo is applied in accordance to the template in Figure 3.1.					
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the required C/N when echoes are present. Equipment: Test procedure: 1. Set up the test instruments 2. Use the following settings {256 QAM, SR=6.952, 666 Mhz, delay 0 ns} 3. Measure the input level to the attenuator. 4. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables. 5. Calculate the receiver input signal level and set it to 54dBµV. 6. Use the value for the required C/N+1 dB specified in table 3.4 in NorDig Unified specification [1]. 7. Do the channel search. 8. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 fulfils. 9. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record. 10. Repeat the test for the rest of the modes and delaysdefined in the measurement record. Expected result: The measured C/N shall be within required C/N + 1 dB.					

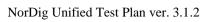


st result(s)						
	Echo / Mod	e, Level	16-QAM	64-QAM		
	Att. [dB]	Delay [ns]	47 dBμV	43 dBµV		
	6.0	0				
	6.6	40				
	7.7	50				
	13.4	100				
	19.0	150				
	24.7	200				
	30.3	250				
	33.7	280				
	36.0	300				
	36.0	350				
				_		
	Echo / Mod		128-QAM			
	Att. [dB]	Delay [ns]	47 dBμV			
	9.0	0				
	9.6	40				
	10.7	50				
	16.4	100 150				
	27.7	200				
	33.3	250				
	36.7	280				
	39.0	300				
	39.0	350				
	37.0	330				
	Echo / Mod	e, Level	256-QAM			
	Att. [dB]	Delay [ns]	47 dBμV	54 dBμV		
	12.0	0				
	12.6	40				
	13.7	50				
	19.4	100				
	25.0	150				
	30.7	200				
	36.3	250				
	39.7	280				
	42.0	300				
	42.0	350				
formity	ОК І	ault Major	Minor, de	efine fail reason in	n comments	
nments		If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle YES \) NO				
	Describe mo	re specific faults	and/or other info	ormation		
<u> </u>				Sign		

Test Case	Task 2:16 Performance Data: Noise figure		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.1		
Requirement	The performance data below shall be satisfied: Noise figure: less than 8 dB.		
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD		









Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: TYES Dobescribe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 2:17 RF Performance - Image Channel						
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.5						
Requirement	The cable NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3 with an analogue or digital signal at +10dBc in any portion of the RF band other than the adjacent channels.						
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD						
Test procedure	Equipment:	d test signal general Multiplexer(s)		TV	IR Ur	D nder test	
	level 47 of 2. Configure SR 6.952 3. Power on 4. Make a classified all of 5. Apply Ga 6. Increase to procedure 7. Fill in the 8. Repeat the both inter Expected results: The IRD locks to of	Msym/s at level 5' IRD hannel search at watchannels and decode aussian noise to the the C/N from low very 2 (QMP2) fulfills a measured C/N value test procedure for ference signal frequence.	al to center from the design of thedsign of the design of the design of the design of the design of	equencyn-9 (and verify that thout any visible r value until the measurem modes in the and n+9).	t IRD locks to tible degradate the quality ment record.	56 QAM, o carrier, ion. easurement t recordfor	
Test result(s)	Measurement rec Image channel (n- Wanted signal [dBμV] 47 77 47		16 QAM	128 QAM	256 QAM		



	1				
	Wanted signal	Image channel	64 QAM		
	[dBµV]	(n-9) [dBµV]			
	43	43			
	73	73			
	43	53			
	72	82			
	Image channel (n-	+9): 738 MHz			
	Wanted signal	Image channel	16 QAM	128 QAM	256 QAM
	[dBµV]	(n+9) [dBμV]			
	47	47			
	77	77			
	47	57			
	72	82			
				_	
	Wanted signal	Image channel	64 QAM		
	[dBµV]	(n+9) [dBμV]			
	43	43			
	73	73			
	43	53			
	72	82			
Conformity	OK Fault	Major 1	Minor, define	fail reason in	comments
Comments		e if fault can be fix			YES NO
	Describe more spe	ecific faults and/or	other informa	ation	
Date			Sign	ļ	

	Task 2:18 RF Performance – Digital Adjacent Channel				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.6 and 3.3.5.7				
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3 with a) Digital signals at 0dBc in the adjacent channels. b) Analogue signals at +10dB in the adjacent channels The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3, plus an allowance of 0.2				
	dB with digital signals at +10dBc in adjacent channels.				
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD can operate with required adjacent channels Equipment:				
	IRD Under test and test signal generator environment Digital Video generator(s) Multiplexer(s) Digital TV test transmitter(s) IRD Under test Under test				



Test result(s)	 Configure wanted signal to center frequency 666 MHz, 256 QAM, SR 6.952 Msym/s at level 47 dBμV Configure interference signal to center frequencies n+1 (674 MHz) and n-1 (658 MHz), 256 QAM, SR 6.952 Msym/s at level 47 dBμV. Power on IRD Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier, finds all channels and decodes picture without any visible degradation Apply Gaussian noise to the wanted signal. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) fulfills. Fill in the measured C/N value in dB in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the DVB-C modes and signal levels in the measurement record. Expected results: The IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation. The measured C/N shall be within required C/N + allowances. 					
1 est l'esuit(s)	Wanted signal	Adjacent	16 QAM	128 QAM	256 QAM	
	[dBµV]	channels (n-1, n+1) [dBµV]				
	47	47				
	77	77				
	47	57				
	72	82				
			64.043.6	1		
	Wanted signal [dBµV]	Adjacent channels (n-1, n+1) [dBµV]	64 QAM			
	43	43		1		
	73	73				
	43	53				
	72	82				
Conformity	OK Fault	☐ Major ☐ N	Minor, define	fail reason in	n comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date			Sign	!		

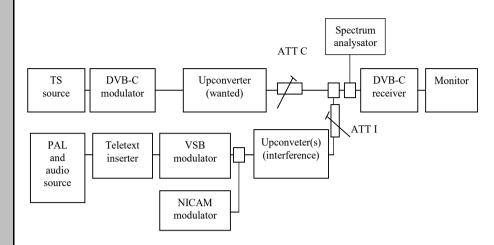
	Task 2:19 RF Performance – Analog Adjacent Channel			
G (N. D. H. C. 12256 12255			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.6 and 3.3.5.7			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3 with			
	c) Digital signals at 0dBc in the adjacent channels.			
	d) Analogue signals at +10dB in the adjacent channels			
	The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3, plus an allowance of 0.2 dB with digital signals at +10dBc in adjacent channels.			
IRD variants	Cable IRD			
and capability				



Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that IRD can operate with required adjacent channels



Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following PAL signal: Colour bar 75%
- 3. Insert 12 lines of Teletext.
- 4. Modulate the FM sound carrier with 1kHz ton to deviation of 50 kHz.
- 5. Verify that the signal levels of the DVB-C signal and the analogue signal are correct e.g. by using the spectrum analyser.
- 6. Adjust the level of the FM carrier to -13 dB relative to the vision carrier
- 7. Adjust the level from NICAM modulator to -20 dB relative to the vision carrier.
- 8. Use the following DVB-C mode: { 256 QAM, SR=6.952 @ 77 dB μ V}.
- 9. Set the upconverter (wanted) for DVB-C carrier to 666.0MHz
- 10. Set the upconverters (interference) for analog TV carrier to frequency n-1 (658MHz) and n+1 (674 MHz)
- 11. Set the receiver input levels for the analog TV signals to 77 dBµV.
- 12. Apply Gaussian noise to the wanted signal.
- 13. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) fulfills.
- 14. Fill in the measured C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 15. Repeat the test for the DVB-C modes and signal levels in the measurement record.

Expected result:

The measured C/N shall be within required C/N + allowances.



Tant	W/1	A 1'	160414	120 0 1 1	256 0 4 14	
Test result(s)	Wanted signal	Adjacent	16 QAM	128 QAM	256 QAM	
	[dBµV]	channels (n-1,				
		n+1) [dBμV]				
	47	47				
	77	77				
	47	57				
	72	82				
					_	
	Wanted signal	Adjacent	64 QAM			
	[dBµV]	channels (n-1,				
		n+1) [dBμV]				
	43	43				
	73	73				
	43	53				
	72	82				
			1	I		
Conformity	OK Fault	Major N	Ainor, define	fail reason in	comments	
Comments	If possible describ	e if fault can be fix	ed with softw	vare update:	YES NO	
		cific faults and/or o				
Date			Sign			

	Task 2:20 LO leakage
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.6.1
Requirement	The LO leakage conducted emission (including LO and spurious) from the NorDig IRD, measured at the antenna input connector shall be $\leq 46 dB \mu V$ over the range 65 to 862MHz.
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
•	To verify that IRD fulfils the LO leakage requirements
	Equipment:
	IRD Under test and spectrum analyzer
	Test procedure:
	1. Verify that LO leakage is within requirements
	Expected results:
	The IRD fulfils the LO leakage requirements,
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 2:21 Spurious emission
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.6.2



Requirement	The spurious emission from the NorDig IRD to the network, as measured at the antenna input connector, shall be less than 34 dB μ V over the range 5MHz to 65MHz and less than 30 dB μ V over 65 to 862 MHz. Generally, spurious emission should not affect the sensitivity of the receiver.
IRD variants and capability	Cable IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD fulfils the sperious emission requirements Equipment: IRD Under test and spectrum analyzer Test procedure: 1. Verify that spurious emission is within requirementsor verify the values from manufactures statement. Expected results: The IRD fulfils the speurious emission requirements,
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 2:22 Radiation
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.6.3
Requirement	The radiation from the NorDig IRD shall comply with EN 55013.
IRD variants	Cable IRD
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD fulfils the radiation requirements
	Equipment:
	IRD Under test
	Test procedure:
	Statement from the manufacture shall be included.
	Ermosted wegulter
	Expected results:
	The IRD fulfils the radiation requirements,
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
	-
Date	Sign



2.3 Task 3: Terrestrial Tuner and Demodulator

2.3.1 Test equipment summary

To configure the minimum test setups described in these test procedures the following functionalities are needed:

Video and audio source (MPEG-2 or MPEG-4 AVC)
Re-multiplexers
Broadband Fading simulator
Noise generator
DVB-T/T2 Exciter (DVB-T/T2 modulator and up-converter)
Analog TV RF Exciter with PAL, NICAM and teletext generator.

DVB-T or DVB-T2 receiver with RF input Transport stream analyzers Power meter with thermo coupled 50ohm and 75ohm power sensor Video monitor

Note! The needed instruments may vary depending on the used system and can be purchased from many vendors in a compact all-in-one units. Different test setups are defined in every test case. However, most of the tests can done using one general test setup.

2.3.2 QEF Quality Measurement Methods

The quality limit in this specification is defined as Quasi Error Free (QEF) reception, where QEF means less than one uncorrected error event per hour. The definition of QEF corresponds to BER of 10⁻¹¹ in the TS data at input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In practice, it takes long time to measure such a low BER at TS data level. Therefore, the reception quality can be evaluated either indirectly by

- measuring the BER after Viterbi in DVB-T system, or measuring the BER after LDPC in DVB-T2 system, or
- subjectively inspecting the video screen for a certain period of time and looking for errors in the decoded video.

Direct measurements on the TS data packets are the preferred measurement method, but if this is not possible or acceptable for some reason, the indirect measurements can be used. The indirect measurement methods, which can be used, are objective BER measurements described above or subjective quality measurement.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-T system, the BER of 2*10⁻⁴ after Viterbi decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels. But for channels interfered by impulse like interference i.e. PAL signals or internal interference, the average BER of 2*10⁻⁴ after Viterbi decoder is not valid due to the fact that the RS decoder is not able to correct the burst of errorneous bytes caused by impulse like interference. Therefore, for impulse like interfered channels, the quality measurements shall be done by using the BER of 10⁻¹¹ measurement method at the TS level at MPEG-2 demultiplexer input or by using the subjective measurement method.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-T2 system the BER of 10⁻⁷ after LDPC decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels.

In the indirect subjective measurement method the certain period of time of error free video decoding is considered to corresponds to a good reception quality. The specified video test sequence can be any containing movement everywhere, in order to minimise the number of errors not being observed due to error concealment techniques in the receiver. Such a relevant video sequences are e.g. 'Mobile and calendar' and 'Zoneplate'.





The result of the indirect quality measurements may differ. Therefore, the method that shall be used is specified in every test case. However, the reception quality shall be verified by using the subjective measurement method for every test case. The measurement methods (procedures) are defined below.

Direct objective quality measurement procedure in DVB-T and DVB-T2 systems

The measurement is performed doing measurements at the transport stream data level. The measurement configuration parameters are chosen like that there is less than one uncorrected error event per hour. This requirement corresponds to BER value 10^{-11} at the TS data level at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In addition to the BER measurement, the reception quality shall be verified subjectively.

The performance in every test case can be evaluated by using the direct quality measurement procedure.

Indirect subjective quality measurement procedure 1 (OMP1) in DVB-T and DVB-T2 systems

The subjective measurement is performed during **15 seconds**. During this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **15 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is reached at least **15 seconds**.

Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-T system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 5. the embedded BER after Viterbi measurement provided by the receiver ,or
- 6. watching the decoded video for **60 seconds**.

If the BER after Viterbi measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after Viterbi decoder value $2*10^{-4}$. The integrated BER after Viterbi measurement value $2*10^{-4}$ shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding. In case of higher BER after Viterbi value than $2*10^{-4}$, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after Viterbi which is lower than or equal to $2*10^{-4}$, Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until a BER after Viterbi value lower than or equal to $2*10^{-4}$ is achieved.

If the **60 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **60 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **60 seconds**.

The corresponding measurement value for profile and DVB-T mode shall be achieved from tables below.



		C/N performance (dB)									
Modulation	Code rate	Profi Gaus		Profile 2 : 0 dB echo							
		"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi						
QPSK	1/2	3.8	5.1	7.7	8.8						
QPSK	2/3	5.6	6.9	11.9	13.7						
QPSK	3/4	6.6	7.9	14.1	17.4						
QPSK	5/6	7.6	8.9	-	-						
QPSK	7/8	8.4	9.7	-	-						
16-QAM	1/2	9.5	10.8	12.0	13.3						
16-QAM	2/3	11.8	13.1	16.3	17.9						
16-QAM	3/4	13.3	14.6	19.0	22.1						
16-QAM	5/6	14.3	15.6	-	-						
16-QAM	7/8	14.7	16.0	-	-						
64-QAM	1/2	15.2	16.5	17.7	19.0						
64-QAM	2/3	17.4	18.7	21.8	23.2						
64-QAM	3/4	18.9	20.2	24.8	27.6						
64-QAM	5/6	20.3	21.6	-	-						
64-QAM	7/8	21.2	22.5	-	-						

Table 2.2 Maximum required C/N for "60 seconds error free video" and BER 2E-4 after Viterbi (with 1/4 guard interval and FFT size 8K) for profiles 1 and 2.



						Mi	nimum inp	out level (dB	m)				
					Profile 2: 0 dB echo								
Freq	Frequency band		VHF VHF Band III S Band I & II		S Band I & UH	VHF S Band I & II and UHF S Band III		UHF Band IV&V		VHF Band III		UHF Band IV&V	
		7 MHz s	7 MHz signal		signal	8 MHz s	signal	8 MHz s	signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MH	z signal
Modulation	Code Rate	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi"
QPSK	1/2	-94.9	-93.6	-91.9	-90.6	-91.4	-90.1	-94.4	-93.1	-91.1	-89.9	-90.6	-89.4
QPSK	2/3	-93.1	-91.8	-90.1	-88.8	-89.6	-88.3	-92.6	-91.3	-86.8	-85.0	-86.3	-84.5
QPSK	3/4	-92.1	-90.8	-89.1	-87.8	-88.6	-87.3	-91.6	-90.3	-84.6	-81.3	-84.1	-80.8
QPSK	5/6	-91.1	-89.8	-88.1	-86.8	-87.6	-86.3	-90.6	-89.3	-	-	-	-
QPSK	7/8	-90.3	-89.0	-87.3	-86.0	-86.8	-85.5	-89.8	-88.5	-	-	-	-
16-QAM	1/2	-89.2	-87.9	-86.2	-84.9	-85.7	-84.4	-88.7	-87.4	-86.6	-85.4	-86.1	-84.9
16-QAM	2/3	-86.9	-85.6	-83.9	-82.6	-83.4	-82.1	-86.4	-85.1	-82.4	-80.8	-81.9	-80.3
16-QAM	3/4	-85.4	-84.1	-82.4	-81.1	-81.9	-80.6	-84.9	-83.6	-79.7	-76.6	-79.2	-76.1
16-QAM	5/6	-84.4	-83.1	-81.4	-80.1	-80.9	-79.6	-83.9	-82.6	-	-	-	-
16-QAM	7/8	-84.0	-82.7	-81.0	-79.7	-80.5	-79.2	-83.5	-82.2	-	-	-	-
64-QAM	1/2	-83.5	-82.2	-80.5	-79.2	-80.0	-78.7	-83.0	-81.7	-80.9	-79.7	-80.4	-79.2
64-QAM	2/3	-81.3	-80.0	-78.3	-77.0	-77.8	-76.5	-80.8	-79.5	-76.9	-75.5	-76.4	-75.0
64-QAM	3/4	-79.8	-78.5	-76.8	-75.5	-76.3	-75.0	-79.3	-78.0	-73.9	-71.1	-73.4	-70.6
64-QAM	5/6	-78.4	-77.1	-75.4	-74.1	-74.9	-73.6	-77.9	-76.6	-	-	-	-
64-QAM	7/8	-77.5	-76.2	-74.5	-73.2	-74.0	-72.7	-77.0	-75.7	-	-	-	-

Table 2.3 Minimum signal input levels (Pmin) for "60 seconds error free video" and BER 2E-4 after Viterbi (with ¼ guard interval and FFT size 8K) for profiles 1 and 2.



Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-T2 system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 3. the embedded BER after LDPC measurement provided by the receiver, or
- 4. watching the decoded video for **30 seconds**.

If the BER after LDPC measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after LDPC decoder value 10^{-7} . In case of higher BER after LDPC value than 10^{-7} , the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after LDPC which is lower than or equal to 10^{-7} , Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until the BER after LDPC value lower than or equal to 10^{-7} is achieved. That reception shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding.

If the **30 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **30 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **30 seconds**.

Due to the nature of the DVB-T2 system forward error correction schemes the difference for the 30 seconds error free video and BER 10⁻⁷ after LDPC is very low. For practical testing the performance values are equal for both quality levels.

The corresponding measurement value for profile and DVB-T2 mode shall be achieved from tables below.



		C/N performance (dB) for PP2									
Modulation	Code rate		rofile 1 : Faussian	Profile 2 : 0 dB echo							
		"30 sec error free video"	BER 1E-7 after LDPC	"30 sec error free video"	BER 1E-7 after LDPC						
QPSK	1/2	3.5	3.5	5.2	5.2						
QPSK	3/5	4.7	4.7	6.8	6.8						
QPSK	2/3	5.6	5.6	8.4	8.4						
QPSK	3/4	6.6	6.6	9.8	9.8						
QPSK	4/5	7.2	7.2	-	-						
QPSK	5/6	7.7	7.7	-	-						
16-QAM	1/2	8.7	8.7	10.9	10.9						
16-QAM	3/5	10.1	10.1	12.7	12.7						
16-QAM	2/3	11.4	11.4	14.3	14.3						
16-QAM	3/4	12.5	12.5	16.3	16.3						
16-QAM	4/5	13.3	13.3	-	-						
16-QAM	5/6	13.8	13.8	-	-						
64-QAM	1/2	13.0	13.0	16.0	16.0						
64-QAM	3/5	14.8	14.8	18.0	18.0						
64-QAM	2/3	16.2	16.2	19.7	19.7						
64-QAM	3/4	17.7	17.7	22.0	22.0						
64-QAM	4/5	18.7	18.7	-	-						
64-QAM	5/6	19.4	19.4	-	-						
256-QAM	1/2	17.0	17.0	20.6	20.6						
256-QAM	3/5	19.4	19.4	23.1	23.1						
256-QAM	2/3	20.8	20.8	25.1	25.1						
256-QAM	3/4	22.9	22.9	27.9	27.9						
256-QAM	4/5	24.3	24.3	-	-						
256-QAM	5/6	25.1	25.1	-	-						

Table 2.4Maximum required C/N for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP2 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and carrier mode.



	C/N performance (dB) for PP4											
Modulation	Code rate	Profi		Profi								
		Gaus		0 dB								
		"30 sec	BER 1E-7	"30 sec	BER 1E-7							
		error free video"	after LDPC	error free video"	after LDPC							
QPSK	1/2	3.1	3.1	4.8	4.8							
QPSK	3/5	4.3	4.3	6.4	6.4							
QPSK	2/3	5.2	5.2	8.0	8.0							
QPSK	3/4	6.2	6.2	9.4	9.4							
QPSK	4/5	6.8	6.8	-	-							
QPSK	5/6	7.3	7.3	-	-							
16-QAM	1/2	8.3	8.3	10.5	10.5							
16-QAM	3/5	9.7	9.7	12.3	12.3							
16-QAM	2/3	11.0	11.0	13.9	13.9							
16-QAM	3/4	12.1	12.1	15.8	15.8							
16-QAM	4/5	12.9	12.9	-	-							
16-QAM	5/6	13.4	13.4	-	-							
64-QAM	1/2	12.6	12.6	15.5	15.5							
64-QAM	3/5	14.4	14.4	17.6	17.6							
64-QAM	2/3	15.7	15.7	19.2	19.2							
64-QAM	3/4	17.3	17.3	21.5	21.5							
64-QAM	4/5	18.3	18.3	-	-							
64-QAM	5/6	18.9	18.9	-	-							
256-QAM	1/2	16.5	16.5	20.2	20.2							
256-QAM	3/5	18.9	18.9	22.6	22.6							
256-QAM	2/3	20.4	20.4	24.6	24.6							
256-QAM	3/4	22.4	22.4	27.4	27.4							
256-QAM	4/5	23.8	23.8	-	-							
256-QAM	5/6	24.6	24.6	-	-							

Table 2.5Maximum required C/N for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP4 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and carrier mode.



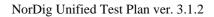
		C/N performance (dB) for PP6										
Modulation	Code rate	Profi Gaus		Profi 0 dB								
		"30 sec	BER 1E-7	"30 sec	BER 1E-7							
		error free video"	after LDPC	error free video"	after LDPC							
QPSK	1/2	2.6	2.6	4.3	4.3							
QPSK	3/5	3.8	3.8	5.9	5.9							
QPSK	2/3	4.7	4.7	7.5	7.5							
QPSK	3/4	5.7	5.7	8.9	8.9							
QPSK	4/5	6.3	6.3	-	-							
QPSK	5/6	6.8	6.8	-	-							
16-QAM	1/2	7.8	7.8	10.0	10.0							
16-QAM	3/5	9.2	9.2	11.8	11.8							
16-QAM	2/3	10.5	10.5	13.4	13.4							
16-QAM	3/4	11.6	11.6	15.4	15.4							
16-QAM	4/5	12.4	12.4	-	-							
16-QAM	5/6	12.9	12.9	-	-							
64-QAM	1/2	12.1	12.1	15.0	15.0							
64-QAM	3/5	13.9	13.9	17.1	17.1							
64-QAM	2/3	15.3	15.3	18.7	18.7							
64-QAM	3/4	16.8	16.8	21.0	21.0							
64-QAM	4/5	17.8	17.8	-	-							
64-QAM	5/6	18.4	18.4	-	-							
256-QAM	1/2	16.1	16.1	19.7	19.7							
256-QAM	3/5	18.4	18.4	22.1	22.1							
256-QAM	2/3	19.9	19.9	24.1	24.1							
256-QAM	3/4	21.9	21.9	26.8	26.8							
256-QAM	4/5	23.3	23.3	-	-							
256-QAM	5/6	24.1	24.1	-	-							

Table 2.6Maximum required C/N for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP6 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and carrier mode.



			C/N performan	ce (dB) for PP7	1	
Modulation	Code rate	Profi Gaus		Profi 0 dB		
		"30 sec error free video"	BER 1E-7 after LDPC	"30 sec error free video"	BER 1E-7 after LDPC	
QPSK	1/2	2.4	2.4	4.1	4.1	
QPSK	3/5	3.6	3.6	5.7	5.7	
QPSK	2/3	4.5	4.5	7.3	7.3	
QPSK	3/4	5.5	5.5	8.7	8.7	
QPSK	4/5	6.1	6.1	-	-	
QPSK	5/6	6.6	6.6	-	-	
16-QAM	1/2	7.6	7.6	9.9	9.9	
16-QAM	3/5	9.0	9.0	11.7	11.7	
16-QAM	2/3	10.4 10.4		13.3	13.3	
16-QAM	3/4	11.5	11.5	15.2	15.2	
16-QAM	4/5	12.3	12.3	-	-	
16-QAM	5/6	12.8	12.8	-	-	
64-QAM	1/2	12.0	12.0	14.9	14.9	
64-QAM	3/5	13.8	13.8	16.9	16.9	
64-QAM	2/3	15.1	15.1	18.6	18.6	
64-QAM	3/4	16.6	16.6	-	-	
64-QAM	4/5	17.7	17.7	-	-	
64-QAM	5/6	18.3	18.3	24.3	24.3	
256-QAM	1/2	15.9	15.9	19.5	19.5	
256-QAM	3/5	18.3	18.3	22.0	22.0	
256-QAM	2/3	19.7	19.7	23.9	23.9	
256-QAM	3/4	21.7	21.7	26.6	26.6	
256-QAM	4/5	23.2	23.2	-	-	
256-QAM	5/6	23.9	23.9	-	-	

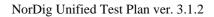
Table 2.7Maximum required C/N for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP7 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and carrier mode.





								Minimur	n input le	vel (dBm) f	for PP2							
						Profile Gauss						Profile 2: 0 dB echo						
Freque	ncy band	VHF d Band III			VHF S Band I & II		VHF S Band I & II and UHF S Band III		UHF Band IV&V		VHF Band III				UHF Band IV&V			
		1.7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	8 MHz	sional	1.7 MH	z sional	7 MHz	MHz signal 8 MHz si		signal	
		"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	
		error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	
	Code	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	
Modulation	Rate	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	
QPSK	1/2	-101.6	-101.6	-96.2	-96.2	-92.2	-92.2	-91.6	-91.6	-95.6	-95.6	-99.9	-99.9	-94.5	-94.5	-93.9	-93.9	
QPSK	3/5	-100.4	-100.4	-95.0	-95.0	-91.0	-91.0	-90.4	-90.4	-94.4	-94.4	-98.3	-98.3	-92.9	-92.9	-92.3	-92.3	
QPSK	2/3	-99.5	-99.5	-94.1	-94.1	-90.1	-90.1	-89.5	-89.5	-93.5	-93.5	-96.7	-96.7	-91.3	-91.3	-90.7	-90.7	
QPSK	3/4	-98.5	-98.5	-93.1	-93.1	-89.1	-89.1	-88.5	-88.5	-92.5	-92.5	-95.3	-95.3	-89.9	-89.9	-89.3	-89.3	
QPSK	4/5	-97.9	-97.9	-92.5	-92.5	-88.5	-88.5	-87.9	-87.9	-91.9	-91.9	-94.2	-94.2	-88.8	-88.8	-88.2	-88.2	
QPSK	5/6	-97.4	-97.4	-92.0	-92.0	-88.0	-88.0	-87.4	-87.4	-91.4	-91.4	-93.1	-93.1	-87.7	-87.7	-87.1	-87.1	
16-QAM	1/2	-96.4	-96.4	-91.0	-91.0	-87.0	-87.0	-86.4	-86.4	-90.4	-90.4	-94.2	-94.2	-88.8	-88.8	-88.2	-88.2	
16-QAM	3/5	-95.0	-95.0	-89.6	-89.6	-85.6	-85.6	-85.0	-85.0	-89.0	-89.0	-92.4	-92.4	-87.0	-87.0	-86.4	-86.4	
16-QAM	2/3	-93.7	-93.7	-88.3	-88.3	-84.3	-84.3	-83.7	-83.7	-87.7	-87.7	-90.8	-90.8	-85.4	-85.4	-84.8	-84.8	
16-QAM	3/4	-92.6	-92.6	-87.2	-87.2	-83.2	-83.2	-82.6	-82.6	-86.6	-86.6	-88.8	-88.8	-83.4	-83.4	-82.8	-82.8	
16-QAM	4/5	-91.8	-91.8	-86.4	-86.4	-82.4	-82.4	-81.8	-81.8	-85.8	-85.8	-87.3	-87.3	-81.9	-81.9	-81.3	-81.3	
16-QAM	5/6	-91.3	-91.3	-85.9	-85.9	-81.9	-81.9	-81.3	-81.3	-85.3	-85.3	-86.2	-86.2	-80.8	-80.8	-80.2	-80.2	
64-QAM	1/2	-92.1	-92.1	-86.7	-86.7	-82.7	-82.7	-82.1	-82.1	-86.1	-86.1	-89.1	-89.1	-83.7	-83.7	-83.1	-83.1	
64-QAM	3/5	-90.3	-90.3	-84.9	-84.9	-80.9	-80.9	-80.3	-80.3	-84.3	-84.3	-87.1	-87.1	-81.7	-81.7	-81.1	-81.1	
64-QAM	2/3	-88.9	-88.9	-83.5	-83.5	-79.5	-79.5	-78.9	-78.9	-82.9	-82.9	-85.4	-85.4	-80.0	-80.0	-79.4	-79.4	
64-QAM	3/4	-87.4	-87.4	-82.0	-82.0	-78.0	-78.0	-77.4	-77.4	-81.4	-81.4	-83.1	-83.1	-77.7	-77.7	-77.1	-77.1	
64-QAM	4/5	-86.4	-86.4	-81.0	-81.0	-77.0	-77.0	-76.4	-76.4	-80.4	-80.4	-81.1	-81.1	-75.7	-75.7	-75.1	-75.1	
64-QAM	5/6	-85.7	-85.7	-80.3	-80.3	-76.3	-76.3	-75.7	-75.7	-79.7	-79.7	-79.6	-79.6	-74.2	-74.2	-73.6	-73.6	
256-QAM	1/2	-88.1	-88.1	-82.7	-82.7	-78.7	-78.7	-78.1	-78.1	-82.1	-82.1	-84.5	-84.5	-79.1	-79.1	-78.5	-78.5	
256-QAM	3/5	-85.7	-85.7	-80.3	-80.3	-76.3	-76.3	-75.7	-75.7	-79.7	-79.7	-82.0	-82.0	-76.6	-76.6	-76.0	-76.0	
256-QAM	2/3	-84.3	-84.3	-78.9	-78.9	-74.9	-74.9	-74.3	-74.3	-78.3	-78.3	-80.0	-80.0	-74.6	-74.6	-74.0	-74.0	
256-QAM	3/4	-82.2	-82.2	-76.8	-76.8	-72.8	-72.8	-72.2	-72.2	-76.2	-76.2	-77.2	-77.2	-71.8	-71.8	-71.2	-71.2	
256-QAM	4/5	-80.8	-80.8	-75.4	-75.4	-71.4	-71.4	-70.8	-70.8	-74.8	-74.8	-74.3	-74.3	-68.9	-68.9	-68.3	-68.3	
256-QAM	5/6	-80.0	-80.0	-74.6	-74.6	-70.6	-70.6	-70.0	-70.0	-74.0	-74.0	-71.5	-71.5	-66.1	-66.1	-65.5	-65.5	

Table 2.8Minimum DVB-T2 signal input levels (Pmin) for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP2 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and extended carrier mode. Values are equal for normal carrier mode except for 8MHz signal BW where 0.1dB is 84ubtracted. Before 1.1.2012 the values for non-S-band channels may be increased with 1 dB, excluding 1.7MHz bandwidth columns, due to a 1 dB relaxation in noise figure.





								Minimu	vel (dBm) f	for PP4							
						Profile Gauss								Profile 0 dB ec			
Frequen	ncy band		VHF Band I			VI- S Band		VI S Band I UI S Bar	& II and IF	UF Band I			III		UI Band		
		1.7 MH	z signal	7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz signal		8 MHz	signal	1.7 MHz signal		7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal
		"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER
		error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7
	Code	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after
Modulation	Rate	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC
QPSK	1/2	-102.0	-102.0	-96.6	-96.6	-92.6	-92.6	-92.0	-92.0	-96.0	-96.0	-100.3	-100.3	-94.9	-94.9	-94.3	-94.3
QPSK	3/5	-100.8	-100.8	-95.4	-95.4	-91.4	-91.4	-90.8	-90.8	-94.8	-94.8	-98.7	-98.7	-93.3	-93.3	-92.7	-92.7
QPSK	2/3	-99.9 -99.9 -94.5 -94.5 -98.9 -98.9 -93.5 -93.5			-90.5	-90.5	-89.9	-89.9	-93.9	-93.9	-97.1	-97.1	-91.7	-91.7	-91.1	-91.1	
QPSK	3/4	-98.9 -98.9 -93.5 -93.5			-89.5	-89.5	-88.9	-88.9	-92.9	-92.9	-95.7	-95.7	-90.3	-90.3	-89.7	-89.7	
QPSK	4/5	-98.3			-88.9	-88.9	-88.3	-88.3	-92.3	-92.3	-94.6	-94.6	-89.2	-89.2	-88.6	-88.6	
QPSK	5/6	-97.8	-97.8	-92.4	-92.4	-88.4	-88.4	-87.8	-87.8	-91.8	-91.8	-93.5	-93.5	-88.1	-88.1	-87.5	-87.5
16-QAM	1/2	-96.8	-96.8	-91.4	-91.4	-87.4	-87.4	-86.8	-86.8	-90.8	-90.8	-94.6	-94.6	-89.2	-89.2	-88.6	-88.6
16-QAM	3/5	-95.4	-95.4	-90.0	-90.0	-86.0	-86.0	-85.4	-85.4	-89.4	-89.4	-92.8	-92.8	-87.4	-87.4	-86.8	-86.8
16-QAM	2/3	-94.1	-94.1	-88.7	-88.7	-84.7	-84.7	-84.1	-84.1	-88.1	-88.1	-91.2	-91.2	-85.8	-85.8	-85.2	-85.2
16-QAM	3/4	-93.0	-93.0	-87.6	-87.6	-83.6	-83.6	-83.0	-83.0	-87.0	-87.0	-89.3	-89.3	-83.9	-83.9	-83.3	-83.3
16-QAM	4/5	-92.2	-92.2	-86.8	-86.8	-82.8	-82.8	-82.2	-82.2	-86.2	-86.2	-87.7	-87.7	-82.3	-82.3	-81.7	-81.7
16-QAM	5/6	-91.7	-91.7	-86.3	-86.3	-82.3	-82.3	-81.7	-81.7	-85.7	-85.7	-86.6	-86.6	-81.2	-81.2	-80.6	-80.6
64-QAM	1/2	-92.5	-92.5	-87.1	-87.1	-83.1	-83.1	-82.5	-82.5	-86.5	-86.5	-89.6	-89.6	-84.2	-84.2	-83.6	-83.6
64-QAM	3/5	-90.7	-90.7	-85.3	-85.3	-81.3	-81.3	-80.7	-80.7	-84.7	-84.7	-87.5	-87.5	-82.1	-82.1	-81.5	-81.5
64-QAM	2/3	-89.4	-89.4	-84.0	-84.0	-80.0	-80.0	-79.4	-79.4	-83.4	-83.4	-85.9	-85.9	-80.5	-80.5	-79.9	-79.9
64-QAM	3/4	-87.8	-87.8	-82.4	-82.4	-78.4	-78.4	-77.8	-77.8	-81.8	-81.8	-83.6	-83.6	-78.2	-78.2	-77.6	-77.6
64-QAM	4/5	-86.8	-86.8	-81.4	-81.4	-77.4	-77.4	-76.8	-76.8	-80.8	-80.8	-81.6	-81.6	-76.2	-76.2	-75.6	-75.6
64-QAM	5/6	-86.2	-86.2	-80.8	-80.8	-76.8	-76.8	-76.2	-76.2	-80.2	-80.2	-80.1	-80.1	-74.7	-74.7	-74.1	-74.1
256-QAM	1/2	-88.6	-88.6	-83.2	-83.2	-79.2	-79.2	-78.6	-78.6	-82.6	-82.6	-84.9	-84.9	-79.5	-79.5	-78.9	-78.9
256-QAM	3/5	-86.2	-86.2	-80.8	-80.8	-76.8	-76.8	-76.2	-76.2	-80.2	-80.2	-82.5	-82.5	-77.1	-77.1	-76.5	-76.5
256-QAM	2/3	-84.7	-84.7	-79.3	-79.3	-75.3	-75.3	-74.7	-74.7	-78.7	-78.7	-80.5	-80.5	-75.1	-75.1	-74.5	-74.5
256-QAM	3/4	-82.7	-82.7	-77.3	-77.3	-73.3	-73.3	-72.7	-72.7	-76.7	-76.7	-77.7	-77.7	-72.3	-72.3	-71.7	-71.7
256-QAM	4/5	-81.3	-81.3	-75.9	-75.9	-71.9	-71.9	-71.3	-71.3	-75.3	-75.3	-74.9	-74.9	-69.5	-69.5	-68.9	-68.9
256-QAM	5/6	-80.5	-80.5	-75.1	-75.1	-71.1	-71.1	-70.5	-70.5	-74.5	-74.5	-72.4	-72.4	-67.0	-67.0	-66.4	-66.4

Table 2.9Minimum DVB-T2 signal input levels (Pmin) for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP4 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, FFT size and extended carrier mode. Values are equal for normal carrier mode except for 8MHz signal BW where 0.1dB is 85ubtracted. Before 1.1.2012 the values for non-S-band channels may be increased with 1 dB, excluding 1.7MHz bandwidth columns, due to a 1 dB relaxation in noise figure.



								Minimu	vel (dBm)	for PP6							
						Profile Gaussi								Profil 0 dB e			
Frequen	ncy band		VHI Band			VH S Band		VH S Band I o UH S Ban	& II and IF	UH Band I			VHI Band			UI Band	
		1.7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz signal		8 MHz	signal	1.7 MHz signal		7 MHz signal		8 MHz	signal
		"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER
		error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7
	Code	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after
Modulation	Rate	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC
QPSK	1/2	-102.5	-102.5	-97.1	-97.1	-93.1	-93.1	-92.5	-92.5	-96.5	-96.5	-100.8	-100.8	-95.4	-95.4	-94.8	-94.8
QPSK	3/5	-101.3	-101.3	-95.9	-95.9	-91.9	-91.9	-91.3	-91.3	-95.3	-95.3	-99.2	-99.2	-93.8	-93.8	-93.2	-93.2
QPSK	2/3	-100.4 -100.4 -95.0 -95.0			-91.0	-91.0	-90.4	-90.4	-94.4	-94.4	-97.6	-97.6	-92.2	-92.2	-91.6	-91.6	
QPSK	3/4	-99.4 -99.4 -94.0 -94.0			-90.0	-90.0	-89.4	-89.4	-93.4	-93.4	-96.2	-96.2	-90.8	-90.8	-90.2	-90.2	
QPSK	4/5	-98.8 -98.8 -93.4 -93.4		-89.4	-89.4	-88.8	-88.8	-92.8	-92.8	-95.1	-95.1	-89.7	-89.7	-89.1	-89.1		
QPSK	5/6	-98.3	-98.3	-92.9	-92.9	-88.9	-88.9	-88.3	-88.3	-92.3	-92.3	-94.0	-94.0	-88.6	-88.6	-88.0	-88.0
16-QAM	1/2	-97.3	-97.3	-91.9	-91.9	-87.9	-87.9	-87.3	-87.3	-91.3	-91.3	-95.1	-95.1	-89.7	-89.7	-89.1	-89.1
16-QAM	3/5	-95.9	-95.9	-90.5	-90.5	-86.5	-86.5	-85.9	-85.9	-89.9	-89.9	-93.3	-93.3	-87.9	-87.9	-87.3	-87.3
16-QAM	2/3	-94.6	-94.6	-89.2	-89.2	-85.2	-85.2	-84.6	-84.6	-88.6	-88.6	-91.7	-91.7	-86.3	-86.3	-85.7	-85.7
16-QAM	3/4	-93.5	-93.5	-88.1	-88.1	-84.1	-84.1	-83.5	-83.5	-87.5	-87.5	-89.7	-89.7	-84.3	-84.3	-83.7	-83.7
16-QAM	4/5	-92.7	-92.7	-87.3	-87.3	-83.3	-83.3	-82.7	-82.7	-86.7	-86.7	-88.2	-88.2	-82.8	-82.8	-82.2	-82.2
16-QAM	5/6	-92.2	-92.2	-86.8	-86.8	-82.8	-82.8	-82.2	-82.2	-86.2	-86.2	-87.1	-87.1	-81.7	-81.7	-81.1	-81.1
64-QAM	1/2	-93.0	-93.0	-87.6	-87.6	-83.6	-83.6	-83.0	-83.0	-87.0	-87.0	-90.1	-90.1	-84.7	-84.7	-84.1	-84.1
64-QAM	3/5	-91.2	-91.2	-85.8	-85.8	-81.8	-81.8	-81.2	-81.2	-85.2	-85.2	-88.0	-88.0	-82.6	-82.6	-82.0	-82.0
64-QAM	2/3	-89.8	-89.8	-84.4	-84.4	-80.4	-80.4	-79.8	-79.8	-83.8	-83.8	-86.4	-86.4	-81.0	-81.0	-80.4	-80.4
64-QAM	3/4	-88.3	-88.3	-82.9	-82.9	-78.9	-78.9	-78.3	-78.3	-82.3	-82.3	-84.1	-84.1	-78.7	-78.7	-78.1	-78.1
64-QAM	4/5	-87.3	-87.3	-81.9	-81.9	-77.9	-77.9	-77.3	-77.3	-81.3	-81.3	-82.1	-82.1	-76.7	-76.7	-76.1	-76.1
64-QAM	5/6	-86.7	-86.7	-81.3	-81.3	-77.3	-77.3	-76.7	-76.7	-80.7	-80.7	-80.7	-80.7	-75.3	-75.3	-74.7	-74.7
256-QAM	1/2	-89.0	-89.0	-83.6	-83.6	-79.6	-79.6	-79.0	-79.0	-83.0	-83.0	-85.4	-85.4	-80.0	-80.0	-79.4	-79.4
256-QAM	3/5	-86.7	-86.7	-81.3	-81.3	-77.3	-77.3	-76.7	-76.7	-80.7	-80.7	-83.0	-83.0	-77.6	-77.6	-77.0	-77.0
256-QAM	2/3	-85.2	-85.2	-79.8	-79.8	-75.8	-75.8	-75.2	-75.2	-79.2	-79.2	-81.0	-81.0	-75.6	-75.6	-75.0	-75.0
256-QAM	3/4	-83.2	-83.2	-77.8	-77.8	-73.8	-73.8	-73.2	-73.2	-77.2	-77.2	-78.3	-78.3	-72.9	-72.9	-72.3	-72.3
256-QAM	4/5	-81.8	-81.8	-76.4	-76.4	-72.4	-72.4	-71.8	-71.8	-75.8	-75.8	-75.6	-75.6	-70.2	-70.2	-69.6	-69.6
256-QAM	5/6	-81.0	-81.0	-75.6	-75.6	-71.6	-71.6	-71.0	-71.0	-75.0	-75.0	-73.3	-73.3	-67.9	-67.9	-67.3	-67.3

Table 2.10Minimum DVB-T2 signal input levels (Pmin) for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP6 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, FFT size and extended carrier mode. Values are equal for normal carrier mode except for 8MHz signal BW where 0.1dB is 86ubtracted. Before 1.1.2012 the values for non-S-band channels may be increased with 1 dB, excluding 1.7MHz bandwidth columns, due to a 1 dB relaxation in noise figure.



								Minimu	vel (dBm)	for PP7							
						Profile Gaussi								Profil 0 dB e			
Frequen	acy band		VHI Band			VH S Band		VH S Band I o UH S Ban	& II and F	UH Band I			VH Band			UI Band	
		1.7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	1.7 MH:	z signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal
		"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER
		error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7
	Code	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after
Modulation	Rate	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC
QPSK	1/2	-102.7	-102.7	-97.3	-97.3	-93.3	-93.3	-92.7	-92.7	-96.7	-96.7	-101.0	-101.0	-95.6	-95.6	-95.0	-95.0
QPSK	3/5	-101.5	-101.5	-96.1	-96.1	-92.1	-92.1	-91.5	-91.5	-95.5	-95.5	-99.4	-99.4	-94.0	-94.0	-93.4	-93.4
QPSK	2/3	-100.6 -100.6 -95.2 -95.2			-91.2	-91.2	-90.6	-90.6	-94.6	-94.6	-97.8	-97.8	-92.4	-92.4	-91.8	-91.8	
QPSK	3/4	-99.6 -99.6 -94.2 -94.2			-90.2	-90.2	-89.6	-89.6	-93.6	-93.6	-96.4	-96.4	-91.0	-91.0	-90.4	-90.4	
QPSK	4/5	-99.0 -99.0 -93.6 -93.6		-89.6	-89.6	-89.0	-89.0	-93.0	-93.0	-95.2	-95.2	-89.8	-89.8	-89.2	-89.2		
QPSK	5/6	-98.5	-98.5	-93.1	-93.1	-89.1	-89.1	-88.5	-88.5	-92.5	-92.5	-94.1	-94.1	-88.7	-88.7	-88.1	-88.1
16-QAM	1/2	-97.5	-97.5	-92.1	-92.1	-88.1	-88.1	-87.5	-87.5	-91.5	-91.5	-95.2	-95.2	-89.8	-89.8	-89.2	-89.2
16-QAM	3/5	-96.1	-96.1	-90.7	-90.7	-86.7	-86.7	-86.1	-86.1	-90.1	-90.1	-93.4	-93.4	-88.0	-88.0	-87.4	-87.4
16-QAM	2/3	-94.7	-94.7	-89.3	-89.3	-85.3	-85.3	-84.7	-84.7	-88.7	-88.7	-91.8	-91.8	-86.4	-86.4	-85.8	-85.8
16-QAM	3/4	-93.6	-93.6	-88.2	-88.2	-84.2	-84.2	-83.6	-83.6	-87.6	-87.6	-89.9	-89.9	-84.5	-84.5	-83.9	-83.9
16-QAM	4/5	-92.8	-92.8	-87.4	-87.4	-83.4	-83.4	-82.8	-82.8	-86.8	-86.8	-88.4	-88.4	-83.0	-83.0	-82.4	-82.4
16-QAM	5/6	-92.3	-92.3	-86.9	-86.9	-82.9	-82.9	-82.3	-82.3	-86.3	-86.3	-87.2	-87.2	-81.8	-81.8	-81.2	-81.2
64-QAM	1/2	-93.1	-93.1	-87.7	-87.7	-83.7	-83.7	-83.1	-83.1	-87.1	-87.1	-90.2	-90.2	-84.8	-84.8	-84.2	-84.2
64-QAM	3/5	-91.3	-91.3	-85.9	-85.9	-81.9	-81.9	-81.3	-81.3	-85.3	-85.3	-88.2	-88.2	-82.8	-82.8	-82.2	-82.2
64-QAM	2/3	-90.0	-90.0	-84.6	-84.6	-80.6	-80.6	-80.0	-80.0	-84.0	-84.0	-86.5	-86.5	-81.1	-81.1	-80.5	-80.5
64-QAM	3/4	-88.5	-88.5	-83.1	-83.1	-79.1	-79.1	-78.5	-78.5	-82.5	-82.5	-84.2	-84.2	-78.8	-78.8	-78.2	-78.2
64-QAM	4/5	-87.4	-87.4	-82.0	-82.0	-78.0	-78.0	-77.4	-77.4	-81.4	-81.4	-82.3	-82.3	-76.9	-76.9	-76.3	-76.3
64-QAM	5/6	-86.8	-86.8	-81.4	-81.4	-77.4	-77.4	-76.8	-76.8	-80.8	-80.8	-80.8	-80.8	-75.4	-75.4	-74.8	-74.8
256-QAM	1/2	-89.2	-89.2	-83.8	-83.8	-79.8	-79.8	-79.2	-79.2	-83.2	-83.2	-85.6	-85.6	-80.2	-80.2	-79.6	-79.6
256-QAM	3/5	-86.8	-86.8	-81.4	-81.4	-77.4	-77.4	-76.8	-76.8	-80.8	-80.8	-83.1	-83.1	-77.7	-77.7	-77.1	-77.1
256-QAM	2/3	-85.4	-85.4	-80.0	-80.0	-76.0	-76.0	-75.4	-75.4	-79.4	-79.4	-81.2	-81.2	-75.8	-75.8	-75.2	-75.2
256-QAM	3/4	-83.4	-83.4	-78.0	-78.0	-74.0	-74.0	-73.4	-73.4	-77.4	-77.4	-78.5	-78.5	-73.1	-73.1	-72.5	-72.5
256-QAM	4/5	-81.9	-81.9	-76.5	-76.5	-72.5	-72.5	-71.9	-71.9	-75.9	-75.9	-75.8	-75.8	-70.4	-70.4	-69.8	-69.8
256-QAM	5/6	-81.2			-71.8	-71.8	-71.2	-71.2	-75.2	-75.2	-73.5	-73.5	-68.1	-68.1	-67.5	-67.5	

Table 2.11Minimum DVB-T2 signal input levels (Pmin) for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP7 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, FFT size and extended carrier mode. Values are equal for normal carrier mode except for 8MHz signal BW where 0.1dB is 87ubtracted. Before 1.1.2012 the values for non-S-band channels may be increased with 1 dB, excluding 1.7MHz bandwidth columns, due to a 1 dB relaxation in noise figure.



2.3.3 Bitrates

The different DVB-T/T2 modes define different bitrates for the transport stream. The following table defines the bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s. For DVB-T2 bit rate calculation combination highest time interleaving depth and highest number of symbols per frame resulting highest bit rate is used.

		8MH	Iz, 2k / 8k		
Modulation	FEC	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=1/8	Tg=1/4
QPSK	1/2	6.032086	5.854671	5.529412	4.976471
QPSK	2/3	8.042781	7.806228	7.372549	6.635294
QPSK	3/4	9.048128	8.782007	8.294118	7.464706
QPSK	5/6	10.053476	9.757785	9.215686	8.294118
QPSK	7/8	10.556150	10.245675	9.676471	8.708824
16QAM	1/2	12.064171	11.709343	11.058824	9.952941
16QAM	2/3	16.085561	15.612457	14.745098	13.270588
16QAM	3/4	18.096257	17.564014	16.588235	14.929412
16QAM	5/6	20.106952	19.515571	18.431373	16.588235
16QAM	7/8	21.112299	20.491349	19.352941	17.417647
64QAM	1/2	18.096257	17.564014	16.588235	14.929412
64QAM	2/3	24.128342	23.418685	22.117647	19.905882
64QAM	3/4	27.144385	26.346021	24.882353	22.394118
64QAM	5/6	30.160428	29.273356	27.647059	24.882353
64QAM	7/8	31.668449	30.737024	29.029412	26.126471

Table 2.12 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 8MHz DVB-T signal bandwidth.

		7MH	Iz, 2k / 8k		
Modulation	FEC	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=1/8	Tg=1/4
QPSK	1/2	5.278075	5.122837	4.838235	4.354412
QPSK	2/3	7.037433	6.830450	6.450980	5.805882
QPSK	3/4	7.917112	7.684256	7.257353	6.531618
QPSK	5/6	8.796791	8.538062	8.063725	7.257353
QPSK	7/8	9.236631	8.964965	8.466912	7.620221
16QAM	1/2	10.556150	10.245675	9.676471	8.708824
16QAM	2/3	14.074866	13.660900	12.901961	11.611765
16QAM	3/4	15.834225	15.368512	14.514706	13.063235
16QAM	5/6	17.593583	17.076125	16.127451	14.514706
16QAM	7/8	18.473262	17.929931	16.933824	15.240441
64QAM	1/2	15.834225	15.368512	14.514706	13.063235
64QAM	2/3	21.112299	20.491349	19.352941	17.417647
64QAM	3/4	23.751337	23.052768	21.772059	19.594853
64QAM	5/6	26.390374	25.614187	24.191176	21.772059
64QAM	7/8	27.709893	26.894896	25.400735	22.860662

Table 2.13 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 7MHz DVB-T signal bandwidth.

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			8MHz, 32k exte	ended, L1-ACE	& TR PAPR		
Modulation	FEC	PP	Tg=1/128	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=19/256	Tg=1/8
256QAM	3/5	PP4	N/A	33.843523	32.849069	32.491052	N/A
rotated	3/3	PP6	N/A	34.520394	N/A	N/A	N/A
25.CO A M		PP4	N/A	37.658458	36.551906	-	N/A
256QAM rotated	2/3	PP6	N/A	38.411627	N/A	N/A	N/A
Totaled		PP7	39.8164804	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
25.CO A M		PP2	N/A	N/A	-	-	37.120437
256QAM rotated	3/4	PP4	N/A	42.364012	41.119193	-	N/A
Totaled		PP7	44.7916868	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 2.14 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 8MHz DVB-T2 signal bandwidth.

		7	MHz, 32k noi	rmal, L1-ACE &	t TR PAPR		
Modulation	FEC	PP	Tg=1/128	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=19/256	Tg=1/8
2560AM		PP2	N/A	N/A	26.870949	-	25.386712
256QAM rotated	3/5	PP4	N/A	28.975435	28.123999	-	N/A
Totaled		PP7	30.527312	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
25.COAM		PP2	N/A	N/A	29.899917	-	28.248373
256QAM rotated	2/3	PP4	N/A	32.241626	31.294213	30.953132	N/A
rotated		PP7	33.968435	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
25.COAM		PP2	N/A	N/A	33.636014	-	31.778104
256QAM rotated	3/4	PP4	N/A	36.270328	35.204533	-	N/A
rotated	σ, .	PP7	38.212908	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 2.15 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 7MHz DVB-T2 signal bandwidth.

		1.7MHz,	8k normal, L1-	ACE & TR PAF	PR									
Modulation	Modulation FEC PP Tg=1/128 Tg=1/32 Tg=1/16 Tg=1/8													
256QAM rotated	2/3	PP2	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.324006								

Table 2.16 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 1.7MHz DVB-T2 signal bandwidth.

The video and audio compression technique of the content within transport stream doesn't have any influence to RF performance test results. Therefore, following content compression with given bit rate applies for all tests excluding DVB-T2 receiver buffel model tests where requirement for lower transport stream bit rate is necessary in order to stress the receiver buffer correctly.

Normal test content conditions:

The used video is MPEG-2 or MPEG-4 AVC elementary stream in resolution 720x576. The video bitrate within transport stream is 4.0 Mbit/s.

The used audio is MPEG-1 elementary stream in stereo mode. The audio bitrate is 128kbit/s per channel.

Test tasks Task 3:41, Task 3:42, Task 3:43 and Task 3:46:

A transport stream bit rate shall be equal or below 3.3 MBit/s. Video and audio content carried within transport stream shall be selected so that transport stream bit rate condition is met.

2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN

The SFN synchronisation of the receiver depends on the echo delay and attenuation level in the SFN. The SFN synchronisation of the receiver may also depend of the state of the receiver. Therefore, it is important to evaluate if the receiver synchronises differently in the following situations:





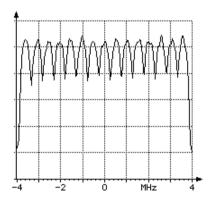
- 1. When the receiver is restarted completely (AC cord disconnected).
- 2. When the receiver is powered on in standby mode. The last good SFN synchronisation parameters can be saved to memory for faster SFN synchronisation leading that the dynamical change of the delay during the receiver is in standby mode gives bad result on power up.
- 3. During the channel search.
- 4. Connecting and disconnecting the input RF signal (closing and opening of the RF switch as in test cases). Discontinued input RF signal tests the SFN synchronisation algorithm when the receiver is forced to an unlocked state, e.g. when transmission is discontinued.
- 5. Zapping between services on different frequencies. Different frequencies have different echo delays and attenuation levels. This corresponds the real reception.
- 6. During the over-the-air software upgrade. If the demodulator is not correctly controlled during the software download, the SFN synchronisation problems can lead that the software cannot be updated.

Evaluation of the SFN synchronisation can be done e.g. when an echo delay and amplitude level combination is founded to be difficult to synchronise. In that case methods above are tested. Decide which method can be used to evaluate the SFN synchronisation algorithm of the receiver. Check also that all the other methods work. Independitly of the state of the receiver all the listed methods above shall work.

The receiver shall detect correct synchronization in SFN, maintain it and provide reception quality at required quality level independently if the received signal changes from bad conditions to good conditions or vice versa. E.g. when testing and finding the required C/N in test cases, the receiver must be able to detect correct synchronization in SFN, maintain it and provide reception quality at defined quality level when C/N value is changed from low (bad reception condition) value to higher (better reception condition) value.

2.3.5 0dB echo

The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator. In this context it means that the carriers from the direct and echo signal are cumulative. See figure below for 0dB 1.95µs echo.



2.3.6 Conditions for analogue TV

The level of the analog TV signal is defined to be the power during the sync pulse of the vision carrier. The power of the sync pulse of the vision carrier shall be measured when the video input of the analogue TV modulator is connected to 750hm load, in other words, there is no modulation in the vision carrier. 10% modulation depth is used for vision carrier.

The level of the FM sound relative to the vision carrier is -13 dB. The frequency of FM sound carrier is +5.5 MHz relative to vision carrier.

The level of the NICAM signal relative to the vision carrier is –20 dB. The frequency of the NICAM carrier is +5.85MHz relative to vision carrier.

It shall be verified that the analog TV signal doesn't have too high out-of-band emissions, which could cause interference to other frequencies.





The equipment used for generation of the analog TV shall be connected to same frequency reference signal as the digital TV equipment.

2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks

Manufacture shall ensure the functionality of the receiver in all required DVB-T2 parameter settings specified in (1). Also, manufacture shall ensure the performance as required in (1) for the subset of the DVB-T2 modes although in test cases the amount of the DVB-T2 may have been reduced in order to minimase the test time.

Summary of mandatory parameters settings for single and multiple PLP DVB-T2 modes are listed in Table 2.17 and Table 2.18 used in DVB-T2 test tasks. In every test case any deviations to the common parameters are specified.



NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.2



	NU_S1	NU_S2, NU_S3	NU_S4. NU_S5	NU_S6, NU_S7, NU_S8	NU_S9, NU_S10, NU_S11	NU_S12, NU_S13, NU_S14	NU_S15 NU_S26	NU_S27, NU_S28, NU_S29	NU_S30, NU_S31, NU_S32	NU_S33, NU_S34	NU_S35, NU_S36, NU_S37	NU_S38 N_S49
Bandwidth	1.7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz
FFT	8k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k
Carrier mode	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Extended	Extended	Extended	Extended	Extended
SISO/MISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO
Guard Interval	1/8	1/8	19/256	1/16	1/16	1/32	1/128	1/8	19/256	1/16	1/32	1/128
Version	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1
$L_{\rm f}$	49	22,44	22,42	22,44,56	22,42,56	20,42,58	20,42,60 (QPSK) 20,42,60 (16QAM) 20,40,60 (64QAM) 20,40,60 (256QAM)	22,44,60	20,42,62	42,62	20,42,62	20,42,60 (QPSK) 20,42,60 (16QAM) 20,40,60 (64QAM) 20,40,60 (256QAM)
Pilot pattern	PP2	PP2	PP4	PP2	PP4	PP4	PP7	PP2	PP4	PP4	PP4	PP7
TFS	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
FEF	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used
Auxiliary streams	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used
Cell ID	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
Network ID	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
T2 System ID	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
Subslices / T2 frame	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Frames / Superframe	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
L1 FEC type	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC
L1 repetition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
L1 extension	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
L1 modulation	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 OAM	64 OAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 OAM	64 QAM
L1_ACE_MAX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
L1 bias balancing cells	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
PAPR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR
PAPR: V _{clip}	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V



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	NU_S1	NU_S2, NU_S3	NU_S4. NU_S5	NU_S6, NU_S7, NU_S8	NU_S9, NU_S10, NU_S11	NU_S12, NU_S13, NU_S14	NU_S15 NU_S26	NU_S27, NU_S28, NU_S29	NU_S30, NU_S31, NU_S32	NU_S33, NU_S34	NU_S35, NU_S36, NU_S37	NU_S38 N_S49
PAPR: Number of iterations	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Input TS bit rate [MBit/s]	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Number of PLPs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PLP id	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
Group id	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
PLP type	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1
Constellation rotation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PLP FEC type	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC
FEC Frame length	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800
Baseband Mode	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)
ISSY	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long
In band signaling	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
Null packet deletion	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
Time interval blocks per frame	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Time interleaver length	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Frame interval	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Time interleaver type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
T2 frames / Interleaver frame	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
FEC Blocks / Interleaving Frame	36	65,132	68,132	66,133,169	68,132,176	62,132,183	16,34,48 (QPSK) 32,68,97 (16QAM) 48.97,146 (64QAM) 64,130,195 (256QAM)	67,135,185	63,135,200	135,200	64,135,200	16,34,50 (QPSK) 33,69,100 (16QAM) 49.99,150 (64QAM) 66,133,200 (256QAM)
Code rate	2/3	3/4	2/3	3/4	3/5,2/3,3/4	3/5,2/3,3/4	All	3/4	3/5	3/5, 2/3, 3/4	3/5,2/3,3/4	All
Modulation	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	25 6QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM
BUFS	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Design Delay	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

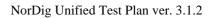




Table 2.17 DVB-T2 mode parameters in DVB-T2 Single PLP (mode A) test tasks. *) any allowed value

	NU_M1	NU_M2 (VV702-TDICC3)	NU_M3 (VV708-DJBCC2)	NU_M4 (VV710-TDICC1)
Bandwidth	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz
FFT	32k	32k	32k	32k
Carrier mode	Extended	Extended	Extended	Extended
SISO/MISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO
Guard Interval	1/16	1/128	1/128	1/128
Version	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1
Lf	28 **)	28 **)	28 **)	28 **)
Pilot pattern	PP4	PP7	PP7	PP7
TFS	No	No	No	No
FEF	Not used	Not used	Not used	Used
Auxiliary streams	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used
Cell ID	*)	*)	*)	*)
Network ID	*)	*)	*)	*)
T2 System ID	*)	*)	*)	*)
Subslices / T2 frame	135	1	108	108
Frames / Superframe	2	2	2	4
L1 FEC type	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC
L1 repetition	0	0	0	0
L1 extension	No	No	No	No
L1 Modulation	64QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
L1_ACE_MAX	0	0	0	0
L1 bias balancing cells	No	No	No	No
PAPR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR
PAPR: V _{clip}	3.1V	Infinity	Infinity	Inifinity
PAPR: Number of iterations	10	TBD	TBD	TBD

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		NU_M1			NU_M	I2 (VV702-TD	ICC3)			NU_M	13 (VV708-DJI	BCC2)]	NU_M4 (VV	710-TDICC1)		
Input TS bit rate [MBit/s]		TBD				36.234886					38.030308			5	955840/1788	301 = 33.309880	0	1
Number of PLPs		3				5					5					5		
PLP id	0	1	2	0	1	2	3	4	0	1	2	3	4	0	1	2	3	4
Constellation rotation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PLP FEC type	16k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	16k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	16k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	16k LDPC
FEC Frame length	16200	64800	64800	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Baseband Mode	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM
ISSY	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long
In band signaling	Type A & B	Type A & B	Type A & B	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A
Number of other PLPs in- band signalling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Null packet deletion	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enable d	Enabled	Enable d	Enable d
Time interval blocks per frame	TBD	TBD	TBD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Time interleaver length	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame interval	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Time interleaver type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
T2 frames / Interleaver frame	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
First frame index	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Group id	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PLP type	Common	DT 2	DT 2	DT 1	DT 1	DT 1	DT 1	Common	DT 2	DT 2	DT 2	DT 2	Common	DT2	DT2	DT2	DT2	Commo
FEC Blocks / Interleaving Frame	Non- dynamic 35	Non- dynamic 57	Non- dynamic 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 22	Dynamic max 22	17	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	35	Dynami c max 57	Dynami c max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynami c max 57	33
Total FEC blocks	TBD	TBD	TBD	85	85	85	85	17	82	82	82	82	35	81	81	81	81	33
Max cells / T2 frame	TBD	TBD	TBD	688500	688500	688500	688500	45900	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	656100	656100	656100	656100	89100
Code rate	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3
Modulation	64 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	64 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	64QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	64QA M
BUFS	483328	1613824	1613824	1613824	1613824	1613824	1613824	483328	1671168	1671168	1671168	1671168	425984	166297 6	166297 6	1662976	166297 6	434176
Design delay	989615	989615	989615	939080	939080	939080	939080	939080	935798	935798	935798	935798	935798	939195	939195	939195	939195	939195

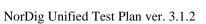
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Table 2.18 DVB-T2 mode parameters in DVB-T2 Multiple PLP (mode B) test tasks. *) any allowed value **) maximum achieved value may depend on content in PLPs







Due to the deployment situation for DVB-T2 transmissions in networks is different, several alternativities for $L_{\rm f}$ and FEC blocks / interleaving frame are given.

Normally signal bandwidth of the DVB-T2 mode is specified for the on-air signals on VHF and UHF frequencies. For off-air signals in cable networks the signal bandwidth relation to frequency band is not obvious, e.g. when reception from on-air 8MHz signal bandwidth on UHF is downcoverted to VHF off-air distribution.



2.3.8 Stream packet structure in Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) tests for DVB-T2

Test tasks Task 3:41, Task 3:42, Task 3:43 and Task 3:46 stress the receiver buffer model. TS contains a service with a real video and audio. Prerequisite is that the modulator shall support V&V packet generation architecture. Figure 2 shows Task 3:41 chapter 2 packet structure. Compilation of the TSs to PLPs and recompilation back to TSs are explained more detailed in [4]. Video and audio content carried within common PLP is used for test purposes in order to make it possible to test IRD subjectively. Most probably that is not a normal use of common PLP although common PLP allows contain video and audio content. To make sure broadcast network operator's use of common PLP, the broadcast network operator should be consulted.

Defined RBM test method can only test one PLP at a time, therefore the RBM tests have to be run with a separate stream for each PLP to be tested.

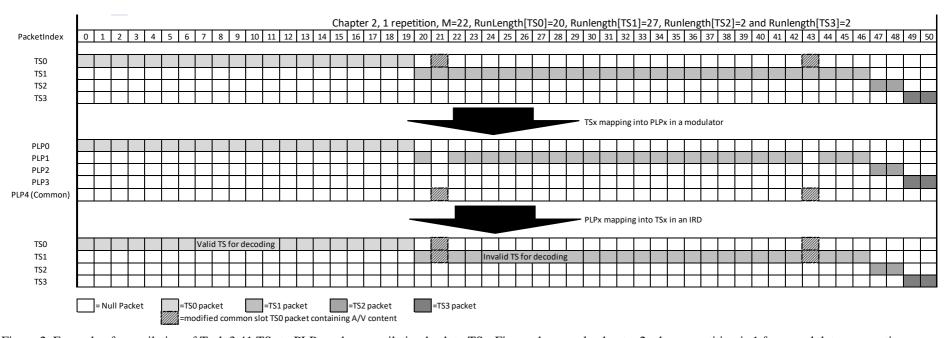


Figure 2. Example of compilation of Task 3:41 TSs to PLPs and recompilation back to TSs. Figure shows only chapter 2 where repetition is 1 for a modulator supporting V&V stream compilation and IRD demodulating the received DVB-T2 signal. The recompiled TS0 results to a valid TS for decoding.



2.3.9 Test cases

2.3.9.1 Test cases – DVB-T IRD

Test Case	Task 3:1 General					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.1					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall include at least one tuner/demodulator for reception of signals from terrestrial transmitters, broadcasting in accordance with EN 300 744 [21] (DVB-T).					
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the possibility of the reception of the signal. Equipment: An IRD. Test procedure: Make sure that the IRD has one tuner/demodulator for reception of terrestrial signals. Expected result: IRD has one tuner/demodulator for terrestrial reception.					
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					

Test Case	Task 3:2 General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.2
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to automatically scan through the whole frequency range available for each of the available Tuners/Demodulators and tune in to the correct DVB framing structure, channel coding and modulation to deliver the incoming transport stream to the next units. The tuning data shall be stored in a service list, in order to allow a quick tune in to the selected transport stream. For more detail see below.
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD is able to scan through the whole frequency range. Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.
Test result(s)	The manufacturer describes his specific setup for the test





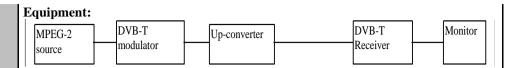
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Do Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

m	I = 1000 #
Test Case	Task 3:3 Quality reception detector
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.3
Requirement	The NorDig Unified receiver shall be equipped with a reception quality detector.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Equipment: IRD under test. Test procedure: Check that the IRD is equipped with a reception quality detector Expected result: It shall be possible to access some kind of a reception quality detector.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:4 Frequencies: Center frequencies
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.1 and 3.4.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to receive channels in VHF band III and UHF bands IV, V and should be able to receive channels in VHF S band I, VHF S band II, UHF S Band III.
	The front-end shall for the supported frequency ranges be capable of tuning to the center frequency f_c of the incoming DVB-T RF signal, see below.
	8MHz raster: $f_c = 114 \text{ MHz} + \text{N} * 8 \text{ MHz}$, where $\text{N} = 0 \dots 72$
	7MHz raster: $f_c^{=} 107.5 \text{ MHz} + \text{L} * 7 \text{ MHz}$, where L = 0 27
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reception over the supported frequency range.







Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following mode 8k 64QAM, HP Code rate=2/3, Guard interval T_U/8
- 3. Use input level of -60 dBm
- 4. Start with frequency 177,5MHz (K5)
- 5. Use the quality measurement procedures 1 (QMP1).
- 6. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 7. Repeat the test for all channels in the table 1 in the measurement record.
- 8. If the receiver supports optional frequency ranges, test all remaining channels in table 2 and 3 in the measurement record.

Expected result:

The result of the test shall be OK for all channels in table 1.

For the optionally supported frequency ranges, the tests shall be OK for the channels in the tables 2 and 3.





Test result(s)

Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	BW [MHz]	Result OK or NOK
	K5	177.5	7	0 22 02 1 1 0 22
	K6	184.5	7	
	K7	191.5	7	
VHF	K8	198.5	7	
III	K9	205.5	7	
	K10	212.5	7	
	K11	219.5	7	
	K12	226.5	7	
	K21	474	8	
	K22	482	8	
	K23	490	8	
	K24	498	8	
	K25	506	8	
	K26	514	8	
	K27	522	8	
	K28	530	8	
	K29	538	8	
	K30	546	8	
	K31	554	8	
	K32	562	8	
	K33	570	8	
UHF	K34	578	8	
IV/V	K35	586	8	
	K36	594	8	
	K37	602	8	
	K38	610	8	
	K39	618	8	
	K40	626	8	
	K41	634	8	
	K42	642	8	
	K43	650	8	
	K44	658	8	
	K45	666	8	
	K46	674	8	
	K47	682	8	
	K48	690	8	

Table 1. Mandatory center frequencies and signal bandwidths to receive





Test result(s)

Band	Channel	Frequency	BW	Result 7MHz	BW	Result 8MHz
Dana	Chamici	[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK	[MHz]	OK or NOK
	D1	114.0	7	011 01 11011	8	012 01 11011
	S2	114.5	7		8	
	S3	121.5	7		8	
	D2	122.0	7		8	
	S4	128.5	7		8	
	D3	130.0	7		8	
	S5	135.5	7		8	
	D4	138.0	7		8	
VHF	S6	142.5	7		8	
S I	D5	146.0	7		8	
	S7	149.5	7		8	
	D6	154.0	7		8	
	S8	156.5	7		8	
	D7	162.0	7		8	
	S9	163.5	7		8	
	D8	170.0	7		8	
	S10	170.5	7		8	
	K5	177.5	7		8	
	D9	178.0	7		8	
	K6	184.5	7		8	
	D10	186.0	7		8	
-	K7	191.5	7		8	
	D11	194.0	7		8	
	K8	198.5	7		8	
VHF III	D12	202.0	7		8	
	K9	205.5	7		8	
	D13	210.0	7		8	
	K10	212.5	7		8	
	D14	218.0	7		8	
	K11	219.5	7		8	
	D15	226.0	7		8	
	K12	226.5	7		8	
	S11	233.5	7		8	
	D16	234.0	7		8	
	S12	240.5	7		8	
	D17	242.0	7		8	
	S13	247.5	7		8	
	D18	250.0	7		8	
	S14	254.5	7		8	
	D19	258.0	7		8	
VITE	S15	261.5	7		8	
VHF S II	D20	266.0	7		8	
	S16	268.5	7		8	
	D21	274.0	7		8	
	S17	275.5	7		8	
	D22	282.0	7		8	
	S18	282.5	7		8	
	S19	289.5	7		8	
	D23	290.0	7		8	
	S20	296.5	7		8	
	D24	298.0	7		8	

Table 2 Optional VHF center frequencies and signal bandwidths to receive.





Test results(s)							
` '		Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	BW [MHz]	Result OK or NOK	
			S21	306.0	8		
			S22	314.0	8		
			S23	322.0	8		
			S24	330.0	8		
			S25	338.0	8		
			S26	346.0	8		
			S27	354.0	8		
			S28	362.0	8		
			S29 S30	370.0 378.0	8		
			S31	386.0	8		
			S32	394.0	8		
			S33	402.0	8		
			S34	410.0	8		
			S35	418.0	8		
			S36	426.0	8		
			S37	434.0	8		
			S38	442.0	8		
			S39	450.0	8		
			S40	458.0	8		
		UHF	S41	466.0	8		
		S III/V	K49	698	8		
		5 111 7	K50	706	8		
			K51	714	8		
			K52	722	8		
			K53	730	8		
			K54	738	8		
			K55	746	8		
			K56	754			
			K57 K58	762 770	8		
			K59	778	8		
			K60	786	8		
			K61	794.0	8		
			K62	802.0	8		
			K63	810.0	8		
			K64	818.0	8		
			K65	826.0	8		
			K66	834.0	8		
			K67	842.0	8		
			K68	850.0	8		
			K69	858.0	8		
	Table 3 Optional	UHF ce	nter frequ	encies and	signal band	width to receive.	
		_	_				
Conformity	OK Fault	Major	Minor,	define fail	reason in co	mments	
Comments	If possible descri	be if fau	lt can be f	ixed with s	oftware upd	ate: YES NO	
	Describe more sp						
	Describe more s _l	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	orto arra, o				
Durk					C:		
Date				Å	Sign		

Test Case	Task 3:5 Frequencies: Frequency offset
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to receive signals with an offset of up to 50kHz from the nominal frequency.



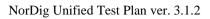
IRD variants To and capability	errestrial IF	RD					
To fir fr E	equency. quipment: S Source OVB-T nodulator 1. Set 2. Use 3. Use 4. Set sign 5. Cor 6. Tes Bef RF 7. Do 8. Cor 9. Use 10. Fill 11. Tes sigr	Fading simulator ure: up the test the follow input leve the center hal bandwid the change in the change in the change in the result if the remainal bandwid sult: I be OK for	Noise generator instruments ring mode: 8k l of -60 dBm frequency to dth 7MHz. ver and do the specified frequency to frequency to frequency to frequency the measurement of the measurem	Up converter [177.5 MHz are channel search ency offset value offset, and back to that procedure 1 ement record: by offset value asurement record.	Power meter ode rate=2 and frequench if need ratues in the connect to the receive (QMP1) OK or Ness on spectord.	he measurement r he receiver from t r.	T T _U /8 z. Use record. the received
Test result(s)	[Channel	Signal BW	Frequency	Offset	Result	
			[MHz]	[MHz] 177.5	[kHz]	OK or NOK	
		K5	7	177.5	-50 0		
		IX.J	7	177.5	+50		
	-		7	226.5	-50		
		K12	7	226.5	0		
		IX12	7	226.5	+50		
	-		8				
		V21		474.0	-50		
		K21	8	474.0	0		
			C	4740			
			8	474.0	+50		
		****	8	690.0	-50		
	_	K48					





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:6 Frequencies: Signal bandwidths					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.4					
Requirement	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.4 VHF Bands: The NorDig IRD shall for the supported frequency ranges be able to receive 7 MHz and should be able to receive 8 MHz DVB-T signals. If 8 MHz bandwidth is supported it shall automatically detect which DVB-T signal bandwidth is being used, and it shall be possible to receive the 8 MHz DVB-T signals on the 7 MHz channel frequency raster. UHF Bands: The NorDig IRD shall for the supported frequency ranges be able to receive 8 MHz DVB-T signals. (For a DVB-T signal, an 8 MHz DVB-T signal corresponds to a signal bandwidth of					
IRD variants and capability	7.61 MHz and a 7 MHz DVB-T signal corresponds to a signal bandwidth of 6.66 MHz.) Terrestrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is able to automatically detect the transmitted signal bandwidth and do the required adaptations for QEF reception. (The reception of the different signal bandwidths on supported frequency ranges are tested in previous test). Equipment: MPEG-2 Source DVB-T Monitor Receiver Monitor Receiver 1. Set up the test instruments. 2. Use the transmission frequency UHF IV/V 666 MHz (K45) and an input level of -60 dBm to the receiver. 3. Use the DVB-T mode 8k 64QAM FEC R=2/3 Δ/Tu=1/8 and signal bandwidth 8MHz. 4. Connect the receiver and perform an automatic or manual channel search. The					
	 4. Connect the receiver and perform an automatic or manual channel search. The signal bandwidth initialization shall not be required by the user. 5. Use the quality measurement procedure 1. 6. Fill the result in the measurement record: OK or NOK. 7. Change the transmission frequency to VHF III channel 198.5 MHz (K8) and signal bandwidth to 7 MHz. 8. Verify that the channel list does not have any services installed by performing initialization to factory defaults or in such way. 					





	9. Do an automatic or manual channel search. The signal bandwidth initialization					
	shall not be required by the user. 10. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).					
	11. Fill the result in the measurement record: OK or NOK .					
	11. I'm the result in the measurement record. Ox or room.					
	Expected result:					
	The test results shall be OK for all tests in the table 1 in the measurement record and					
	user does not have to initialize the signal bandwidth for the successfull channel search and QEF reception.					
	If 8MHz signal bandwidth in VHF is supported the test result shall be OK for the test in the table 2 in the measurement record. If the 8MHz signal bandwidth in VHF is not supported, this test result can be NOK.					
Test result(s)	Measuren	nent record:				
		~-				
		Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Signal bandwidth [MHz]	Result OK or NOK	
		Channel K8				
			[MHz]	[MHz]		
	Table 1 M	K8 K45	[MHz] 198.5	[MHz] 7 8		
	Table 1 M	K8 K45 Mandatory signa	[MHz] 198.5 666.0 al bandwidths to	[MHz] 7 8 receive	OK or NOK	
	Table 1 M	K8 K45	[MHz] 198.5 666.0	[MHz] 7 8		
		K8 K45 Mandatory signa Channel K8	[MHz] 198.5 666.0 al bandwidths to Frequency [MHz] 198.5	[MHz] 7 8 receive Signal bandwidth [MHz] 8	OK or NOK Result	
		K8 K45 Mandatory signa Channel K8	[MHz] 198.5 666.0 al bandwidths to Frequency [MHz]	[MHz] 7 8 receive Signal bandwidth [MHz] 8	OK or NOK Result	
Conformity		K8 K45 Mandatory signa Channel K8 Optional signal l	[MHz] 198.5 666.0 al bandwidths to Frequency [MHz] 198.5 bandwidth to red	[MHz] 7 8 receive Signal bandwidth [MHz] 8	Result OK or NOK	
Conformity Comments	Table 2 C	K8 K45 Mandatory signa Channel K8 Optional signal to the signal to t	[MHz] 198.5 666.0 al bandwidths to Frequency [MHz] 198.5 bandwidth to red Minor, definalt can be fixed	[MHz] 7 8 receive Signal bandwidth [MHz] 8 ceive. de fail reason in comme with software update:	Result OK or NOK	
	Table 2 C	K8 K45 Mandatory signa Channel K8 Optional signal to the signal to t	[MHz] 198.5 666.0 al bandwidths to Frequency [MHz] 198.5 bandwidth to rec	[MHz] 7 8 receive Signal bandwidth [MHz] 8 ceive. de fail reason in comme with software update:	Result OK or NOK	
	Table 2 C	K8 K45 Mandatory signa Channel K8 Optional signal to the signal to t	[MHz] 198.5 666.0 al bandwidths to Frequency [MHz] 198.5 bandwidth to red Minor, definalt can be fixed	[MHz] 7 8 receive Signal bandwidth [MHz] 8 ceive. de fail reason in comme with software update:	Result OK or NOK	
	Table 2 C	K8 K45 Mandatory signa Channel K8 Optional signal to the signal to t	[MHz] 198.5 666.0 al bandwidths to Frequency [MHz] 198.5 bandwidth to red Minor, definalt can be fixed	[MHz] 7 8 receive Signal bandwidth [MHz] 8 ceive. de fail reason in comme with software update:	Result OK or NOK	

Test Case	Task 3:7 Modes
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD terrestrial front end shall be capable of correctly demodulating all non-hierarchical modes specified in EN 300 744.
	The front end shall therefore be able to work with any combination of constellation (QPSK, 16-QAM or 64-QAM), code rate (1/2, 2/3, 3/4, 5/6 or 7/8), guard interval (Tu/4, Tu/8, Tu/16 or Tu/32) and transmission mode (2K or 8K).
	The IRD shall automatically detect which mode is being used.
	The NorDig IRD should be able to receiver the hierarchical modes in the DVB-T specification.





IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reception of all non-hierarchical DVB-T modes. Equipment: MPEG-2 source DVB-T Monitor Receiver Monitor Test procedure: 1. Set up the test instruments. 2. Use channel 45 and an input level of -60 dBm. 3. Start with the mode 8k QPSK FEC R=1/2 Δ/Tu=1/32 and signal bandwidth 8 MHz. 4. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1). 5. Fill the result in the measurement record: OK or NOK. 6. Perform the same test for the remaining 119 8k and 2k modes. Expected result: The test shall be OK for all modes.





8K	FEC	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=1/8	Tg=1/4
QPSK	1/2				
QPSK	2/3				
QPSK	3/4				
QPSK	5/6				
QPSK	7/8				
16QAM	1/2				
16QAM	2/3				
16QAM	3/4				
16QAM	5/6				
16QAM	7/8				
64QAM	1/2				
64QAM	2/3				
64QAM	3/4				
64QAM	5/6				
64QAM	7/8				
2K OPSK	FEC	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=1/8	Tg=1/4
QPSK	1/2				
QPSK	2/3				
QPSK	3/4				
QPSK	5/6				
QPSK	7/8				
16QAM	1/2				
16QAM	2/3				
16QAM	3/4				
16QAM	5/6				
16QAM	7/8				
64QAM	1/2				
64QAM	2/3				
64QAM	3/4				
64QAM	5/6				
	7/8				
64QAM	1/8	- L			
64QAM OK Fault M	ajor 🗌 M	inor, define			
64QAM	ajor 🗌 M				
64QAM OK Fault M	ajor Mif fault car	n be fixed wi	th software u		

Test Case	Task 3:8 Tuning/Scanning Procedure: General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.1





Requirement	The IRD shall be able to provide a scanning procedure over the whole frequency range.			
	It shall also be able to receive and react on tuning parameters found in PSI/SI (e.g. NIT information).?			
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
	To verify that IRD is able to scan throught the whole frequency range.			
	Test procedure:			
	This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyre{YES} \) NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:9 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Basic status check
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.2
Requirement	The IRD shall provide at least a basic status check function (accessible through the Navigator) that presents reception quality information for a selected service (currently viewed by the user).
	The basic status check should be presented on the OSD and shall include:
	channel id and center frequency
	signal strength indicator and reception quality indicator.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that all the specified status information is displayed.
	Equipment:





	Test procedure: 1. Use DVB-T mode 8k 64QAM R=3/4 Δ/Tu=1/4. 2. Tune the IRD to an arbitrary service. 3. Locate the status check function in the navigator and initia. 4. Check that the channel number, signal strength and the recare displayed. 5. Use gaussian channel configuration in fading simulator. 6. Try several input signal levels from such a low input level high input level by changing the attenuation in the attenuat. 7. Decide if the indicated values of the signal strength indicat. 8. After each change of input signal level check that the signal updated. 9. Configure 0dB 105μs echo in fading simulator and variate 10. Evaluate if the reception quality corresponds the real recept the C/N from a low value to a high value. After each change reception quality indicator is updated. 11. Fill in the test protocol. Expected result: All test results are OK.	(no picture att all) to a tor. tor are reasonable. al strength indicator is the C/N. ption quality by changing
Test result(s)	Measurement record	
	Requirement Navigator has status check function. The function shows the channel id andcenter frequency. The function shows signal strength indicator. Signal strength indicator is updated continuously. The function has reception quality indicator. Signal quality indicator is updated continuously.	NOK or OK
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comme	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: Describe more specific faults and/or other information	□YES□NO
Date	Sign	





Test Case	Task 3:10 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Automatic channel search for the same service bouquet
Section Requirement	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.4 The terrestrial NorDig IRD shall provide an automatic search that finds all of the multiplexes and services in the whole (supported) frequency range, see NorDig specification. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows: If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list. If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.
	The IRD shall only display a service once in the service list (i.e. avoiding duplicate of the same services), even if the same service (same triplet original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id) is received from multiple transmitters. If the same service can be received from several transmitters, the one with best reception quality shall be selected. The criteria for selection of the best received service (i.e. best reception quality) shall be based on the combination of the signal strength and signal quality according to NorDig specification.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the best service selection in automatic channel search when the content of the transport stream is the same on several transmitters. Equipment: TS Source #1 DVB-T modulator Fading Noise generator CH A Fading Noise simulator Fading Noise simulator Fading Noise simulator CH B Spectrum analyser





Channels A and B TS source #1 ONID=8945 Network ID=1000 Network Name=Net1 TSID=100 Services Name SID Logic Ch No S1 1 1 **S2** 2 2 S33 3 **S4** 4 4

There is a possibility to receive broadcasts from several transmitters simultaneously in DVB-T network. These transmitters can have exactly the same content, but are transmitted on different channels (frequencies). Therefore, it is important that the receiver can choose by an automatic channel search the services with the best reception quality.

Test to verify broadcast where equal services are broadcasted simultaneously over DVB-T and DVB-T2 networks is not required.

Reception quality can be divided into two different parameters:

- Signal strength
- Signal quality

Signal quality can be divided into two main parameters:

- Signal-to-noise ratio (C/N)
- Bit error rate before Reed Solomon (BER before RS in DVB-T system)

Channels A and B shall not be equal.

Relative signal levels can be observed on spetrum analyser.

 ΔS refers to difference in SSI according to [1] Annex D.

 ΔQ refers to difference in SQI according to [1] Annex D.

AWGN refers to Additive White Gaussian Noise.

Test points 10-13 in table 19 below require the BER in each channel to be set in a specific way. Different signal generators provide different methods to degrade the signal. For example carriers can be disabled, or I/Q quadrature error introduced to achieve a specific BER.

As a pre-requisite to perform this test, IRD shall correctly pass the following tasks:

- Task 3:13 Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)
- Task 3:14 Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)

Measurement record 2 shows the minimum tests that shall be performed. Signal levels and signal quality (i.e added AWGN or additional BER impairments) can be adjusted from the initial values shown to ensure the required ΔS and ΔQ conditions are met.

Test procedure:





	 Configure the transport stream and setup the 	instruments. Use the DVR T mode &k
	64QAM R= $2/3 \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/8$.	instruments. Use the DVB-1 mode or
	2. Set the signal level of the both carriers CH A	
	signal level shall correspond good reception	
	Perform automatic channel search. The logi shall be as follows:	ic of the automatic search function
	If any services are detected during the	automatic search the current service
	list shall be replaced by the new service	
	If no services are detected during the a	
	list shall be kept or deleted.	
	4. Check that the channel list has services confi	
	Check that the services on the channel list is Check which channel is received by trying to	
	services from received channel are frozen wh	
	the attenuations to the level before it was cha	
	6. Fill in OK or NOK in the measurement recor	
	deleted.	
	7. Fill in OK or NOK in the measurement recor	rd 2 depending if the services were
	installed from expected channel.	m the maccumement mesend 2
	8. Repeat the test for the rest of the test points i	ii the measurement record 2.
	Expected result:	
	All the test results are OK.	
T414(-)	Macananant record 1.	
Test result(s)	Measurement record 1:	
	Requirement	Result
		OK or NOK
	The logic of the automatic search	
	function shall be as follows:	
	If any services are detected during the automatic search the current	
	service list shall be replaced by the	
	new service list.	
	If no services are detected during	
	the automatic search the current	
	service list shall be kept or deleted.	
	After automatic channel search the	
	channel lists do not contain duplicated services.	
	services.	<u> </u>
	Measurement record 2 is found on next page.	
Conformity		
	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software	e update: YES NO
		e update: YES NO
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software	e update: YES NO



	Channel A	A, f = 474 MHz		Channel B, f	= 690 MHz							
Test point	Initial signal level [dBm]	Initial CNR [dB]	Additional BER Impairment	Initial signal level [dBm]	Initial CNR [dB]	Additional BER Impairment	Required AS [%]	Required AQ [%]	Receiver channel choice	Expected channel choice	Result OK/NOK	Reference conditions in flowchart [1] Annex D
1	-60	no AWGN	None	-60	no AWGN	None	<10	<10		A or B		1,2,3,5,6 or 7
2	-50	no AWGN	None	-65	no AWGN	None	>10	<20		А		1 or 8
3	-65	no AWGN	None	-50	no AWGN	None	>10	<20		В		4 or 5
4	-61	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-60	CNR@QMP2+0.5dB	None	<10	<20		А		3
5	-60	CNR@QMP2+0.5dB	None	-61	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	<10	<20		В		7
6	-61	no AWGN	None	-60	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	<10	>20		Α		2
7	-60	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-61	no AWGN	None	<10	>20		В		6
8	-50	no AWGN	None	-65	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	>10	>20		Α		1
9	-65	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-50	no AWGN	None	>10	>20		В		5
10	-50	no AWGN	A BER>B BER	-65	no AWGN	A BER>B BER	>10	<20		Α		8
11	-65	no AWGN	A BER <b ber<="" td=""><td>-50</td><td>no AWGN</td><td>A BER<b ber<="" td=""><td>>10</td><td><20</td><td>1</td><td>В</td><td></td><td>4</td></td>	-50	no AWGN	A BER <b ber<="" td=""><td>>10</td><td><20</td><td>1</td><td>В</td><td></td><td>4</td>	>10	<20	1	В		4
12	-60	no AWGN	A BER <b ber<="" td=""><td>-60</td><td>no AWGN</td><td>A BER<b ber<="" td=""><td><10</td><td>>20</td><td></td><td>Α</td><td></td><td>1 or 2</td></td>	-60	no AWGN	A BER <b ber<="" td=""><td><10</td><td>>20</td><td></td><td>Α</td><td></td><td>1 or 2</td>	<10	>20		Α		1 or 2
13	-60	no AWGN	A BER>B BER	-60	no AWGN	A BER>B BER	<10	>20		В		5 or 6

Table 19 Measurement record 2 for test Task 3:10.



Test Case	Task 3:11 Tuning/Scanning: Automat service bouquets	ic channel search for different
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.4	
Requirement	The IRD shall provide an automatic search that finds all of the multiplexes and services in the whole (supported) frequency range, see NorDig specification. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows: If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list. If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.	
	The IRD shall only display a service once in the same services), even if the same service transport_stream_id and service_id) is received service can be received from several transmishall be selected. The criteria for selection of reception quality) shall be based on the comfulative according to NorDig Specification.	(same triplet original_network_id, wed from multiple transmitters. If the same itters, the one with best reception quality f the best received service (i.e. best
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD	
Test procedure	TS Source DVB-T Con	Monitor DVB-T receiver
	Channel X	Channel Y
	TS source #1	TS source #2
	ONID=8945	ONID=8945
	Network ID= <u>1000</u>	Network ID= <u>2000</u>
	Network Name=Net1	Network Name=Net2
	TSID=100 Services	TSID=100 Services
	DEI VICES	SEI VICES





Name SID Logic Ch No	Name SID Logic Ch No
S1 1 1	S1 1 1
S2 2 2	S5 5 2
S3 3 3	S6 6 6
S4 4 4	

The TS configuration idea in this test is that on terrestrial network there is possiblity to receive several transmitters simultaneously. These transmitters can have partially same content (nationwide services) and partially different content (regionwide services).). It is the ON_id, TS_id and Service_id which define a service unique. The Network_id can be analysed to distinguish the differences in the TS. Therefore, it is important that the receiver can in automatic channel search choose the services which have the best reception quality and even find the regionwide services.

Channels x and y shall not be equal.

Test procedure:

This test procedure tests combination of the signal level and reception quality.

- 1. Configure transport streams and setup the instruments. Use DVB-T mode 8k $64OAM R=2/3 \Delta/Tu=1/8$.
- 2. Set the signal level of the carrier CH x to a signal level which is about 5dB **higher** than the signal level of the carrier CH y. Both signal levels shall correspond good reception quality (no errors in decoded video).
- 3. Add noise on carrier CH x to a level that the QMP1 is fulfilled.
- 4. Perform automatic channel search. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows:

If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list.

If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.

5. Check that channel list has services configured in transport streams.

After performing the test the channel list shall be as below:

Position	Service	Channel
1	S1	Y
2	S5/S2 *	Y/X
3	S3	X
4	S4	X
6	S6	Y
7	S2/S5 *	X/Y

*) Note that order of the services S2 and S5 on the channel list can be chosen by the manufacture. It's highly recommended that the S5 (service without visible errors) is stored in position 2 and the S2 (service with visible errors) is stored in position 7. And generally it is recommended that service detected by the receiver as "better" service is stored in that position which is signalled in Logic Channel No and the other services with same Logic Ch No stored later in the list).

Expected result:

All the tests are OK.

Test result(s) Measurement record:





	Requirement Result OK or NOK
	After automatic channel search the channel lists does not contain duplicated services.
	The channel list is as defined in test procedure.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:12 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Manual Channel Search				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.5				
Requirement	In addition to the automatic search, it shall be possible to perform a manual search where the channel id(or frequency) is entered by the end user. The IRD shall tune to this channel, search all available DVB-Tmodes, add all new services and replace existing equal services2 (same triplet original_network_id,transport_stream_id and service_id) in the service list (without considering any quality criteria).				
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the functionality of the manual channel search. Equipment: TS Source #1 DVB-T Fading Noise generator CH x Monitor TS Source #2 DVB-T modulator TS Source DVB-T modulator TS Source TS Source DVB-T modulator TS Source DVB-T receiver				



Channel X	Channel Y		
TS source #1	TS source #2		
ONID=8945	ONID=8945		
Network ID= <u>1000</u>	Network ID= <u>2000</u>		
Network Name=Net1	Network Name=Net2		
TSID=100	TSID=100		
Services	Services		
Name SID Logic Ch No	Name SID Logic Ch No		
S1 1 1	S1 1 1		
S2 2 2	S5 5 2		
S3 3 3	S6 6 6		
S4 4 4			

The TS configuration idea in this test is that on terrestrial network there is possiblity to receive several transmitters simultaneously. These transmitters can have partially same content (nationwide services) and partially different content (regionwide services). It is the ON_id, TS_id and Service_id which define a service unique. The Network_id can be analysed to distinguish the differences in the TS.Furthermore, regional services may have same LCN which results to a conflict. Finally, it is important that user can force the receive to search all services within TS by selecting the channel number and install services from that TS on channel list without any quality criteria.

Test procedure:

- 1. Configure transport streams and setup the instruments.
- 2. Check that channel list is empty. If it is not empty delete all services.
- 3. Attenuate the carrier on CH x to a signal level that it is not possible to receive.
- 4. Perform automatic channel search.
- 5. Check that the services S1, S5 and S6 on channel list are from carrier on CH y by attenuating the carrier on CH y. If the received channel is correct the services S1, S5 and S6 shall be frozen when the signal level is too low. Restore the attenuation level back to same level it was before you started to change it.
- 6. Decrease the attenuation of the carrier on CH x to a signal level that the carrier is possible to be received. Add noise on carrier CH x to a level that QMP1 is fulfilled.
- 7. Perform manual channel search. Check that the carrier, which is wanted to be searched, is given in channel number format.
- 8. Fill in the measurement record.
- 9. Check that services S1, S2, S3 and S4 on channel list are from carrier on CH x by attenuating the carrier on CH x. If the received channel is correct the services S1, S2, S3 and S4 shall be frozen when the signal level is too low. Restore the attenuation level back to same level it was before you started to change it.
- 10. Check that service S1 is not listed twice on channel list.

The channel list shall look like this after performing this procedure

Position	Service	Channel	
1	S1	X	
2	S2/S5 *	X/Y	
3	S3	X	
4	S4	X	
6	S6	Y	
7	S5/S2 *	Y/X	





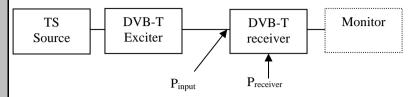
	*) Note that order of the services S2 and S5 can be chosen by the manufacture It is highly recommended thatthe services found in thelast manual channel search are stored in the service list according to their signallation. In terrestrial networks in a case where received services have equal ON_id, TS_id and LCN, but Network_id and Service_id differ most probably means regional variations of the same service. In that case it is highly recommended to move already stored service to an other position in the channel list and store the service found in the last manual				
	channel search to position signaled in the LCN.				
	Expected result: All test results shall be OK.				
	All test results shall be OK.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				
	Requirement	Result OK or NOK			
	Manual channel search can be performed successfully by				
	only entering channel number The channel list is as defined in test procedure				
	Service S1 in only listed once on the channel list				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in commo				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: Describe more specific faults and/or other information	□YES□NO			
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 3:13 Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a signal strength indicator (SSI). The value for the SSI shall be referred to the IRD RF signal input.
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to determine signal strength within a range starting from 15 dB lower than the reference signal level defined in NorDig Specification and up to 35dB above that value or maximum signal input level defined in NorDig IRD specification.
	The absolute accuracy shall be ± 5 dB at RF signal input levels -80 dBm to -60 dBm and ± 7 dB for RF signal input levels higher than -60 dBm.
	The relative accuracy should be ± 3 dB between center frequencies within one frequency band, e.g. VHF Band III or UHF Band IV/V, supported by the receiver.
	Signal strength indicator shall have a relative numerical value within a range from 0% to 100% and with a resolution of 1%.
	The signal strength indicator shall be updated regularly once per second.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



To verify the correct functionality of the signal strength indicator.

Equipment:



Gaussian channel profile used i.e. no need for fading simulator.

In this test, the signal input level P_{input level} at the RF input must be known.

The test procedure assumes that the $P_{receiver}$ is not displayed by the receiver. If the $P_{receiver}$ is displayed by the receiver this test procedure can be simplified.

Test procedure:

Verify SSI values:

- 1. Set-up the test system
- 2. Determine the attenuation of the test system so that the signal input level at the receiver input is known in the measured frequencies.
- 3. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T_U=1/8}and signal bandwidth of 8MHz.
- 4. Set the up-converter to frequency 474MHz (K21).
- 5. Set the signal level into the receiver according to measurement record 1.
- 6. Do the channel search.
- 7. Fill in the SSI value displayed by the receiver in the measurement record 1.
- 8. SSI_{min} and SSI_{max} defines the allowed range of the displayed value.
- Fill in the measurement record 1 OK or NOK depending of the displayed SSI value.
- 10. Measure rest of the frequencies and DVB-T modes.
- 11. Fill in the measurement record 1.

Verify the relative error:

1. Convert the displayed SSI values to $P_{receiver}$ [dBm] values. Select the correct formula for calculating $P_{receiver}$ according to the displayed SSI value as shown below:

$$\begin{array}{ll} P_{receiver} = (3/2) * (SSI - 90) + 20 + P_{reference} & if \ 90 \leq SSI < 100 \\ P_{receiver} = (1/4) * (SSI - 10) + P_{reference} & if \ 10 \leq SSI < 90 \\ P_{receiver} = (3/2) * SSI - 15 + P_{reference} & if \ 0 \leq SSI < 10 \\ \end{array}$$

- 2. Fill in the dBm values in the measurement record 2 for corresponding signal input level.
- 3. Calculate the average value of the $P_{receiver}$ values in three frequencies within a frequency band.
- 4. Verify the calculated $P_{receiver}$ [dBm] values are within ± 3 dB from the average value.
- 5. Fill in the measurement record 2 OK or NOK

Expected result:

All the measurements shall be OK.



8k 64QAM R2/3 CPinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -88 64QAM R2/3 CPinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 -60 -70 -80 -95 -95 -60 -70 -80 -50 -60 -70 -80 -50 -60 -70 -80 -50 -60 -70 -80 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,Prefer	SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 ence=-80dBm, f= SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0	SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 474MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5	OK or NOK OK or NOK OK or NOK	
Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -60 -70 -80 -60 -70 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer} SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 77 0	SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 -474MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
-50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -60 -70 -80 -60 -70 -80 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 77 0	100 93 70 30 5 -474MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
-60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 0 Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 0 Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -60 -70 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 77 0	93 70 30 5 474MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93		
-70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	30 7 0 8	70 30 5 -474MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93		
-80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	7 0 8	30 5 5 -474MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93		
-80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	7 0 8	30 5 5 -474MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93		
-95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	0 ence=-80dBm, f= SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 ence=-80dBm, f= SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	5 474MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93		
P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 0 P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93		
P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 0 P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80	SSI [%] G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93 70 30 5 690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93		
-40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80	G1/8 8MHz,P _{refer}	99 92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	100 100 93 70 30 5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100		
-50 -60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80		92 70 30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	100 93 70 30 5 690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
-60 -70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80		70 30 7 0 0 sence=-80dBm, f= SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	93 70 30 5 690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
-70 -80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C Pinput level [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80		30 7 0 SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	70 30 5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
-80 -95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80		7 0 ence=-80dBm, f= SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	30 5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
-95 8k 64QAM R2/3 C P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80		0 ence=-80dBm, f= SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	5 -690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
8k 64QAM R2/3 C P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80		SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	690 MHz SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
P _{input level} [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80		SSI _{min} [%] 99 92 70	SSI _{max} [%] 100 100 93	OK or NOK	
-40 -50 -60 -70 -80	SSI [%]	99 92 70	100 100 93	OK or NOK	
-50 -60 -70 -80		92 70	100 93		
-60 -70 -80		70	93		
-70 -80					
-80		30	70		
0.5		7	30		
-95		0	5		
3k 64QAM R2/3 C	G1/8 7MHz,Prefer	ence=-80dBm, f=	-177.5MHz		
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK	
-40		99	100		
-50		92	100		
-60		70	93		
-70		30	70		
-80		7	30		
-95		0	5		
8k 640AM R2/3 G1/8 7MHz P					
				OK or NOK	
-40		99	100		
		92			
	-70 -80 -95 \$ 64QAM R2/3 Q Pinput level [dBm]	-70 -80 -95 64QAM R2/3 G1/8 7MHz,Preference [dBm] -40 -50 -60 -70 -80	-70	-70 30 70 -80 7 30 -95 0 5 64QAM R2/3 G1/8 7MHz, Preference=-80dBm, f=198.5MHz Pinput level [dBm] SSI [%] SSImin [%] [4] [%] [%] -40 99 100 -50 92 100 -60 70 93 -70 30 70 -80 7 30	



8k 64QAM R2/3				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		99	100	
-50		92	100	
-60		70	93	
-70		30	70	
-80		7	30	
-95		0	5	

8k 64QAM R3/4				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	

Measurement record 2:

P _{input level} [dBm]	P _{receiver} [dBm] @474MHz	P _{receiver} [dBm] @666MHz	P _{receiver} [dBm] @690MHz	Average	OK or NOK
-40					
-50					
-60					
-70					
-80					
-95					

Pinput level [dBm]	P _{receiver} [dBm] @177.5MHz	P _{receiver} [dBm] @198.5MHz	P _{receiver} [dBm] @226.5MHz	Average	OK or NOK
-40					
-50					
-60					
-70					
-80					
-95					

Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyre{YES} \) \(\textstyre{NO} \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:14 Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.7





Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall (1) be provided with a signal quality indicator (SQI). The value for				
1	the SQI shall be referred to the IRD RF signal input.				
	The absolute accuracy of the C/N value shall be of $\pm 1 dB$ for C/N values of 17 dB to 27 dB at the IRD RF signal input.				
	The signal quality indicator shall have a relative numerical value within a range from 0% to 100% and with a resolution of 1%.				
	The integration time for the signal quality shall be over a period of 5 seconds.				
	The signal quality indicator shall be updated regularly once per second.				
IRDvariants and capability	Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the correct functionality of the signal quality indicator.				
	Equipment:				
	TS DVB-T DVB-T Monitor				
	Source Exciter receiver				
	C/N _{input} C/N _{receiver}				
	C/1 input				
	Gaussian channel profile used i.e. no need for fading simulator.				
	C/N _{input} refers to generated DVB-T signal C/N at receiver input.				
	C/N _{receiver} refers to C/N determined by the receiver under test.				
	$C/N_{rel} = C/N_{input} - C/N_{NorDigPl}$				
	C/N _{NorDigP1} refers to table 3.10 at [1].				
	First we need to define the required C/N_{input} for the QMP2. After that we know what is the expected rescale of BER before the RS decoder. The slope of the curve for BER before RS as a function of the required C/N_{input} should be equal independently of the receiver. Using that knowledge SQI_{min} and SQI_{max} can be calculated.				
	Test procedure:				
	 Set up the test instruments Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/8} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Set the up-converter to frequency 666MHz (K45). 				
	 4. Do the channel search. 5. Determine the lowest required C/N by adjusting the C/N_{input} until the quality 				
	 measurement procedure 2 error free video is fulfilled. 6. Fill in the measurement record 1 the C/N_{input} value defined as C/N_{receiver}. Later in this test procedure the value C/N_{receiver} is used for rescaling of the BER_SQI_{min} and BER_SQI_{max} values. 				





- Decrease the C/N_{input} in 1dB step starting from highest value in measurement record 2.
- 8. Fill in the displayed SQI in the measurement record 2.
- 9. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode $\{8K, 64QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$ and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 10. Do the calculations in the rest of the test procedure.

Calculation for minimum SQI value:

- 11. Calculate $C/N_{rel_error_min}$ for all C/N_{input} values using formula $C/N_{rel_error_min} = C/N_{rel} 1$
- $\begin{array}{ll} 12. \ \ \, \text{Calculate CNR_SQI}_{min} \ \, \text{for all C/N}_{input} \ \, \text{values using formula} \\ \ \ \, \text{CNR_SQI}_{min} = 0, & \text{if C/N}_{rel_error_min} < \text{-7 dB} \\ \ \ \, \text{CNR_SQI}_{min} = [(\text{C/N}_{rel_error_min} 3)/10] + 1, & \text{if -7 dB} \leq \text{C/N}_{rel_error_min} < 3 \ \, \text{dB} \\ \ \ \, \text{CNR_SQI}_{min} = 1, & \text{if C/N}_{rel_error_min} \geq 3 \ \, \text{dB} \\ \end{array}$
- 13. Calculate BER_SQI_{min} for all C/N_{input} values using formula BER_SQI_{min} =19.0 * [C/N_{rel_error_min} -(C/N_{receiver} X) + 3.6], where X = 16.2 (64QAM R2/3) X = 17.4 (64QAM R3/4)
 - $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{if resulted BER_SQI}_{min} < 20 \mbox{ then set BER_SQI}_{min} = 0 \\ \mbox{if resulted BER_SQI}_{min} > 100 \mbox{ then set BER_SQI}_{min} = 100. \end{array}$
- $\begin{array}{ll} 14. \ \ Calculate \ SQI_{min} \ using \ formula \\ SQI_{min} = CNR_SQI_{min} * \ BER_SQI_{min} \end{array}$
- 15. Fill in the SQI_{min} values in the measurement procedure 2.

Calculation for maximum SQI value:

- 16. Calculate $C/N_{rel_error_max}$ for all C/N_{input} values using formula $C/N_{rel\ error\ max} = C/N_{rel} + 1$
- $\begin{array}{ll} 17. \ \ \, \text{Calculate CNR_SQI}_{max} \ \, \text{for all C/N}_{input} \ \, \text{values using formula} \\ \ \ \, \text{CNR_SQI}_{max} = 0, & \text{if C/N}_{rel_error_max} < -7 \ dB \\ \ \ \, \text{CNR_SQI}_{max} = [(\text{C/N}_{rel_error_max} 3)/10] + 1, & \text{if -7 dB} \leq \text{C/N}_{rel_error_max} < 3 \ dB \\ \ \ \, \text{CNR_SQI}_{max} = 1, & \text{if C/N}_{rel_error_max} \geq 3 \ dB \\ \end{array}$
- 18. Calculate BER_SQI_{max} for all C/N_{input} values using formula BER_SQI_{max} =19.0 * [C/N_{rel_error_max} -(C/N_{receiver} X) + 3.6], where X = 16.2 (64QAM R2/3) X = 17.4 (64QAM R3/4)

if resulted BER_SQI_{max} < 20 then set BER_SQI_{max} = 0 if resulted BER_SQI_{max} > 100 then set BER_SQI_{max} = 100.

- 19. Calculate SQI_{max} using formula $SQI_{max} = CNR_SQI_{max} * BER_SQI_{max}$
- 20. Fill in the SQI_{max} values in the measurement procedure 2.

Expected result:

All the test result are OK.

The signal quality indicator is updated regurlaly once per second.

Test result(s) Measurement record 1:

DVB-T mode	Required C/N _{receiver} [dB] (60 sec error free video)
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8 8MHz	
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4 8MHz	

Measurement record 2:



8k 64QAI	M R2/3 G1/8	8 8MHz, C/N _N	$f_{\text{orDigPl}} = 18.7d$	В
C/N _{input}	SQI[%]	SQI _{min} [%]	SQI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK
27				
26				
25				
24				
23				
22				
21				
20				
19				
18				
17				

8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4 8MHz, C/N _{NorDigP1} = 20.2dB				
		,		
C/N _{input}	SQI[%]	SQI _{min} [%]	SQI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK
27				
26				
25				
24				
23				
22				
21				
20				
19				
18				
17				

Example for calculating SQI_{min} and SQI_{max} values for 64QAM R2/3 when C/N_{receiver} = 15.0dB at QMP2 resulting to C/N_{receiver} – X = -1.2dB where X = 16.2:

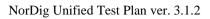
CNRreceiver @QMP2= 15 (C/Nreceiver-16.2) @QMP2= -1,2 64QAM R2/3 C/NNorDigP1= 18,7

C/N input	C/Nrel	C/N error Min	C/Nrel error Min	CNR_SQI Min	BER_SQI Min	C/N error Max	C/Nrel error Max	CNR_SQI Max	BER_SQI Max	SQI Min	SQI Max	SQI measured 64QAM R2/3	OK or NOK
15	-3,7	-1	-4,7	0,23	0	1	-2,7	0,43	40	0	18		
16	-2,7	-1	-3,7	0,33	21	1	-1,7	0,53	59	6	32		
16,2	-2,5	-1	-3,5	0,35	25	1	-1,5	0,55	63	8	35		
17	-1,7	-1	-2,7	0,43	40	1	-0,7	0,63	78	17	50		
18	-0,7	-1	-1,7	0,53	59	1	0,3	0,73	97	31	71		
19	0,3	-1	-0,7	0,63	78	1	1,3	0,83	100	49	83		
20	1,3	-1	0,3	0,73	97	1	2,3	0,93	100	70	93		
21	2,3	-1	1,3	0,83	100	1	3,3	1,00	100	83	100		
22	3,3	-1	2,3	0,93	100	1	4,3	1,00	100	93	100		
23	4,3	-1	3,3	1,00	100	1	5,3	1,00	100	100	100		
24	5,3	-1	4,3	1,00	100	1	6,3	1,00	100	100	100		
25	6,3	-1	5,3	1,00	100	1	7,3	1,00	100	100	100		
26	7,3	-1	6,3	1,00	100	1	8,3	1,00	100	100	100		
27	8,3	-1	7,3	1,00	100	1	9,3	1,00	100	100	100		

Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Date	Sign



Test Case	Task 3:15 Changes In Modulation Parameters
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.5
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD should recover from changes in modulation parameters at the end of a superframe without a break in the received DVB-T signal and output an error free TS. This should take less than one second for any change. The Nordig IRD should be able to detect a change of modulation parameters signalled in the TPS data of the DVB-T signal, in order to reduce the recovery time. The terrestrial NorDig IRD should recover from changes in modulation parameters occurring at any time followed by a break in the received DVB-T signal and output an error free TS. This should take less than four seconds for any change.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver can recover from changes in modulation parameter occurring at any time followed by a break in the received DVB-T signal and output an error free TS. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T modulator shall have a bitrate adaptation to test this test, or, alternatively the TS source shall have capability to change the output transport stream bitrate to correspond the DVB-T mode. See bitrates in chapter 2.3.3. Test procedure: 1. Set up the instruments. 2. Use frequency 666 MHz (K45). 3. Set the RF input level to receiver to –50dBm. 4. Set up DVB-T mode 8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4 and signal bandwidth 8 MHz in DVB-T modulator. 5. Verify that the switch is closed. 6. Check picture quality using the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1). 7. Open the switch to break the received RF signal 8. Change DVB-T mode to the next mode in the measurement record 9. Wait for the DVB-T modulator output to become valid and stable with this new mode (this time is modulator specific) 10. Close the switch to enable the RF signal to the receiver and record the time taken to achieve QMP1 11. Fill in the measurement record.





	12. Repeat steps 7-11 for the rest of the DVB-T modes defined in the measurement record.					
	Expected result:					
	The receiver can recover from changes in mo					
	followed by a break in the received DVB-T s					
	seconds (excluding modulator stabilization to	ime) without requiring a channel scan.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record:					
	Mode	OK or NOK				
	8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4					
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4					
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8					
	8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/8					
	8k QPSK R1/2 G1/8					
	2k QPSK R1/2 G1/16					
	2k 16QAM R2/3 G1/3	2				
Careformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fa	il massam in community				
Conformity		il reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with	• — —				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other in	Tormation				
Date		Sign				

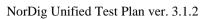
Test Case	Task 3:16 RF input connector
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have one input tuner connector, type: IEC female in accordance with IEC 61169-2, part 2 [28]. The input impedance shall be 75 ohm.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver has a correct input connector for the reception of the DVB-T signals. Equipment:
	No special equipment is required. Test procedure:
	Verify that the RF input connector is accordance the specification IEC 61169-2. (With other words the connector is similar as RF input connector used in TV sets RF input).
	Verify in the manufacturer's technical specification that the input impedance of the RF input is 75 ohm.
	Expected result:





	RF input connector is as defined in specification IEC 61169-2 and the input impedance is 750hm.
Test result(s)	The manufacturer describes his specific setup for the test
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:17 RF output connector				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.7				
Requirement	For a NorDig IRDs equipped with a RF bypass (RF in - RF out), the connector shall be of type: IEC male in accordance with IEC 61169, part 2 [28]. The frequency range for the RF bypass should be from 47MHz to 694MHz and the RF bypass gain should be from – 1 dB to +3 dB.				
	The RF signals should be bypassed from RFin to RFout independently from the status of the NorDig IRD (operational or stand by), so that connected equipment (e.g. TV set) can operate even if the NorDig IRD is in standby.				
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that the receiver has a correct output connector for the loop through of the RF signals. To test the attenuation/gain of the RF loop through for standby and oprational modes. Equipment: Signal generator STB Spectrum analyzer or power meter				
	 Connect signal generator to receiver RF input and spectrum analyser to RF output (may need DC block). Set the input level to the receiver –50dBm. Use CW. Sweep the frequency of the signal generator from 47 MHz to 869 MHz. Measure the attenuation of the loop thoough over the frequency range. Repeat the test for the standby mode. Verify that the RF output connector is accordance the specification IEC 61169-2. Expected result: RF output connector is as defined in specification IEC 61169, the attenuation of the loop through shall not be too low or high and the loopthrough works in operational and				





Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:18 Performance: BER vs C/N verification
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.2
Requirement	Verify the internal BER measurement of the NorDig IRD for objective measurements (QMP2).
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD

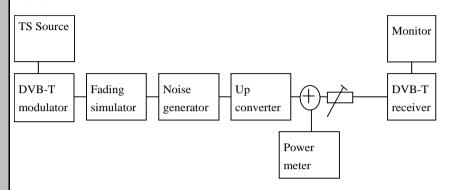


Test procedure

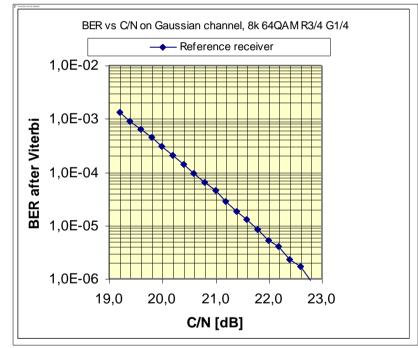
Purpose of test:

To check that the internal BER value measured by the receiver to reference BER value in a function of C/N on Gaussian channel is correct.

Equipment:



Reference BER in a function of the C/N on Gaussian channel.



Test procedure:

- 1. Setup the instruments.
- 2. Use channel 45 and DVB-T mode 8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4. Set the RF input level to -50dBm.
- 3. Use the quality measurement procedure 2.
- 4. Compare the BER measured by the receiver to reference BER in a function of the C/N measurement on Gaussian channel.
- 5. Fill in the BER value in measurement record.
- 6. Adjust the required C/N that it corresponds BER 2E-4 after viterbi.
- 7. Decrease the required C/N by 1dB. Check that it corresponds approximately BER 2E-3 after viterbi and QMP1.

Expected result:





					e the same slope as with the
	reference BER in a function				
					after Viterbi by 1dB shall
	result approximately to B	SER 2E	-3 after Viter	bi correspond	ing QMP1.
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				
	-				
		C/N	Reference	Measured BE	ER
		18.0	BER -		
	-	18.2	-		
		18.4	_		
	-	18.6	_		
		18.8	_		
		19.0	=		
		19.2	-		
		19.4	-		
		19.6	6.3E-4		
	-	20.0	3.0E-4		
	-	20.2	2.0E-4		
		20.6	9.3E-5		
	-	21.0	6.2E-5		
	-	21.6	1.3E-5 5.1E-6		
	-	22.6	3.1E-6 1.7E-6		
	L	22.0	1./E-0		
Conformity	OK Fault Major	Mir	or, define fai	l reason in co	nments
Comments	If possible describe if fau				
	Describe more specific fa				
Date				Sign	
Duit				Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:19 Performance: C/N performance on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have a QEF performance for the C/N ratios given in Table 3.10, or better performance.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the required C/N for quasi error free reception in Gaussian channel. Equipment:





	TS Source Monitor
	DVB-T Fading Noise generator
	 24. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) fulfils. 25. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record. 26. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequencies, signal bandwidths and DVB-T modes defined in the measurement record.
	Expected result: The required C/N for quasi error free reception in gaussian channel is less than specified in table 3.10.
Test result(s)	Measurement record: See tables below.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
_ ***	~-0



Measurement record:

Signal bandwidth		7 MHz				8 1	MHz		
Centerfrequency [MHz]	177.5	198.5	226.5	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	690.0
DVB-T mode / Channel Id	K5	K8	K12	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K48
8k QPSK R1/2 G1/4									
8k QPSK R2/3 G1/4									
8k QPSK R3/4 G1/4									
8k QPSK R5/6 G1/4									
8k QPSK R7/8 G1/4									
8k 16QAM R1/2 G1/4									
8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/4									
8k 16QAM R3/4 G1/4									
8k 16QAM R5/6 G1/4									
8k 16QAM R7/8 G1/4									
8k 64QAM R1/2 G1/4									
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4									
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8									
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4									
8k 64QAM R5/6 G1/4									
8k 64QAM R7/8 G1/4				_					

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

Signal bandwidth		8 MHz													
Center frequency [MHz]	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0
DVB-T mode / Channel Id	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8															
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4															

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.



Toot Care	Tack 2:20 Porformance: C/N porformance on OdP cabo abound
Test Case	Task 3:20 Performance: C/N performance on 0dB echo channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have a QEF performance for the C/N ratios given in Table 3.10, or better performance.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the required C/N for quasi error free reception in 0 dB echo channel. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T modulator Fading Noise generator Up Converter Power meter The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5 0dB echo). Test procedure for 0 dB echo channel: Check the different SFN synchronization issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN. Set up the test instruments Use the following mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \)Tu=1/8} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Set the up-converter to frequency 666MHz (K45) Set the fading simulator to 0dB echo profile. (Delay 1.95us, 0 degree phase at channel center and attenuation 0dB for the second path.) Measure the input level to the attenuator. Calculate the receiver input signal level and set it to -50dBm. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record. Verify also that the channel search founds the services at the measured C/N. Repeat the test for the mode {8K, 64QAM, R=3/4, \(\Delta \)Tu=1/4} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Repeat the test for rest of the DVB-T modes combinations with 8MHz signal bandwidth in measurement record. Set the up-converter to frequency 198.5MHz (K8). Luse the following mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \)Tu=1/8} and signal bandwidth 7MHz. Sepeat the test for rest of the DVB-T mode combinations with 7MHz signal bandwidth in measurement record.



		one by chancing the modu of the measurement equipment		e first and after that
	Expected result: The required C/N for q specified in table 3.10.	uasi error free reception in	n 0 dB echo cha	nnel is less than
Test result(s)	Measurement record:			
		8MHz signal bandwidth	at f=666MHz	1
		DVB-T mode	Required C/N (0dB 1.95µs)	
		8k QPSK R1/2 G1/4	•	
		8k QPSK R2/3 G1/4		
		8k QPSK R3/4 G1/4		
		8k 16QAM R1/2 G1/4		
		8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/4		
		8k 16QAM R3/4 G1/4		
		8k 64QAM R1/2 G1/4		
		8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8		
		8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4		
		8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4		
	Table 1. Required C/N	for 0dB 1.95µs echo in sig	gnal bandwidth	8MHz.
		7MHz signal bandwidth	at f=198.5MHz	
		DVB-T mode	Required C/N	
			(0dB 1.95µs)	
		8k QPSK R1/2 G1/4		
		8k QPSK R2/3 G1/4		
		8k QPSK R3/4 G1/4		
		8k 16QAM R1/2 G1/4		
		8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/4		
		8k 16QAM R3/4 G1/4		1
		8k 64QAM R1/2 G1/4		
		8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8		
		8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4		
		8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4		
	Table 2. Required C/N	for 0dB 1.95µs echo in sig	gnal bandwidth	7MHz.
Conformity	OK Fault Majo	r Minor, define fail rea	son in commen	ts
Comments		ault can be fixed with soft		
		faults and/or other inform		_
	-			
Date		Sig	n	
Date		Sig	ıı	

Test Case	Task 3:21 Performance: Minimum receiver signal input levels on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have at least the performance for the signal input levels for the supported frequency range and should have a performance which is one dB better than specified in Table 3.13



IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the sensitivity of the receiver on Gaussian channel over the supported frequency range. Equipment: TS Source DVB-T modulator Fading simulator Be careful in impedance matching of cables, adapters and etc. Test procedure for the sensitivity on the gaussian channel: 1. Set up the test instruments 2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \)Tu=1/8} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. 3. Set the up-converter to frequency 474MHz (K21). 4. Measure the input level to the attenuator. 5. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables. 6. Calculate the receiver input signal. 7. Do the channel search. 8. Increase the received input level from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. 9. Fill in the measured value in the measurement record. 10. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequencies, DVB-T modes and signal bandwidths on measurement record. Expected result: Sensitivity shall be equal or better for all measured frequencies (channels) and for all DVB-T modes and signal bandwidths as specified in Table 3.13.
Test result(s)	Measurement record: See following page.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Duit	5.87





Measurement records:

surcincin records.										
Signal bandwidth		7 MHz		8 MHz						
Center frequency [MHz]	177.5	198.5	226.5	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	690.0	
DVB-T mode / Channel Id	K5	K8	K12	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K48	
8k QPSK R1/2 G1/4										
8k QPSK R2/3 G1/4										
8k QPSK R3/4 G1/4										
8k QPSK R5/6 G1/4										
8k QPSK R7/8 G1/4										
8k 16QAM R1/2 G1/4										
8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/4										
8k 16QAM R3/4 G1/4										
8k 16QAM R5/6 G1/4										
8k 16QAM R7/8 G1/4										
8k 64QAM R1/2 G1/4										
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4										
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8										
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4										
8k 64QAM R5/6 G1/4										
8k 64QAM R7/8 G1/4										

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

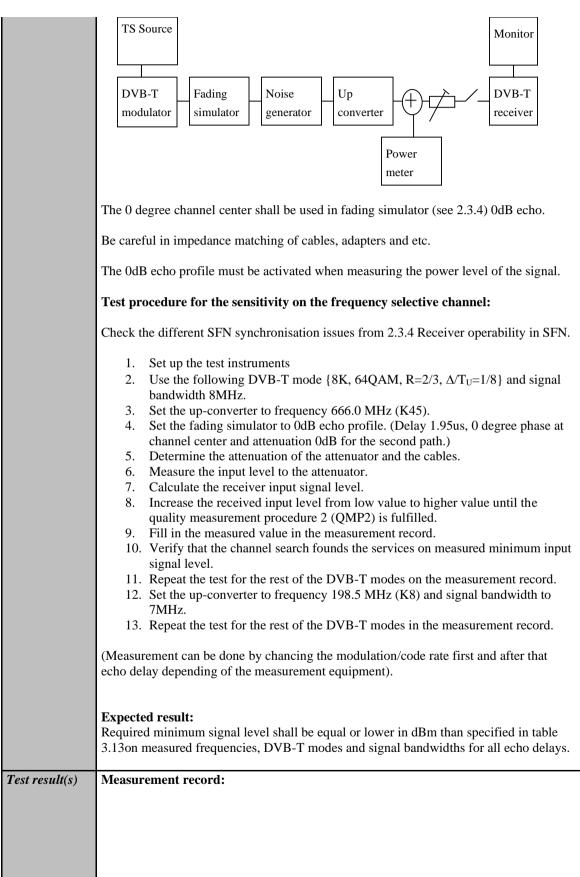
Signal bandwidth		8 MHz													
Center frequency [MHz]	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0
DVB-T mode / Channel Id	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8															
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4															

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

Test Case	Task 3:22 Performance: Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on 0dB echo channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have at least the performance for the signal input level for the supported frequency range as in Table 3.13.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the sensitivity of the receiver on frequency selective channel. Equipment:







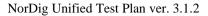


		F = 666	5.0 MH	z (K45) and si		ndwidth			
DVB-T	1.95	10µs	28µs	56µs	70µs	90µs	105µs	112.1	170µs	212µs
mode	μs							μs		
8k QPSK										
R1/2										
G1/4										
8k QPSK R2/3										
G1/4										
8k QPSK										
R3/4										
G1/4										
8k										
16QAM										
R1/2										
G1/4										
8k										
16QAM										
R2/3										
G1/4										
8k										
16QAM										
R3/4										
G1/4										
8k										
64QAM R1/2										
G1/4										
8k										
64QAM										
R2/3										
G1/4										
8k										
64QAM										
R2/3										
G1/8										
8k										
64QAM										
R3/4										
G1/4										
		E 10	0 5 3 61	I_ (IZO)	1		. 4 1.1	7 MH		
DVD T	1.05					gnai ba	ndwidth		170	242
DVB-T mode	1.95	10µs	28µs	56µs	70µs	90µs	105µs	128.1	170µs	243µs
	μs							μs		
8k QPSK R1/2										
G1/4										
8k QPSK										
R2/3										
G1/4										
8k QPSK										
R3/4										
G1/4										
-										



	8k										
	16QAM										
	R1/2										
	G1/4										
	8k										
	16QAM										
	R2/3										
	G1/4										
	8k										
	16QAM										
	R3/4										
	G1/4										
	8k										
	64QAM										
	R1/2										
	G1/4										
	8k										
	64QAM										
	R2/3										
	G1/4										
	8k										
	64QAM										
	R2/3										
	G1/8										
	8k										
	64QAM										
	R3/4										
	G1/4										
Conformity	OK Fau	lt 🗆 N	Maior [Mine	or defii	ne fail r	eason i	in comme	ente		
Comments	If possible of									NO.	
Comments	Describe m										
	Describe in	ore spe	ciric ra	arts arre	JOI OIII	ci iiiioi	mation				
Date						S	ign				

Test Case	Task 3:23 Performance: Noise figure on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have a noise figure (NF) for supported frequency ranges equal or better than the values specified in Table 3.12 of (1).
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To calculate the noise figure of the receiver for gaussian channel. Equipment: No equipment needed. Test procedure for evaluation of the noise figure:





Determine the minimum carrier levels C_{min} for the gaussian channel measured in last test Task 3:21 (Performance - Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on Gaussian channel).

Determine the required C/N_{min} for the gaussian channel measured in last test Task 3:19 (Performance - C/N performance on Gaussian channel).

Calculate the noise figure NF[dB] for the supported frequencies using the formulas

For 8MHz DVB-T signal: NF[dB] = N + 105.2dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.2dBm For 7MHz DVB-T signal: NF[dB] = N + 105.7dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.7dBm

Expected result:

The noise figure is less than or equal to table 3.12.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

Frequency	177.5	198.5	226.5			
Channel id	K5	K8	K12			
Signal bandwidth		7MHz				
Mode	NF [dB]					
8k 64QAM						
R2/3						
8k 64QAM						
R3/4						

Frequency	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	690.0
Channel id	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K48
Signal						
bandwidth						
Mode						
8k 64QAM						
R2/3						
8k 64QAM						
R3/4						

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

Frequency	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5
Channel id	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12
Signal				8MH	[z			
bandwidth								
Mode		1		NF [d	BJ			
8k 64QAM								
R2/3								
8k 64QAM								
R3/4								



	Frequency	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0	
	Channel id	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41	
	Signal				OMIT				
	bandwidth				8MHz				
	Mode				NF [dB]				
	8k 64QAM								
	R2/3								
	8k 64QAM								
	R3/4								
	Table 2. Opti	onal freq	nal frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.						
Conformity	OK Fault	Maje Maje	☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible de	scribe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO							
		e specific faults and/or other information							
		F							
Date					Sig	gn			

Total Comme	Took 2:24 Postormonos Movimum Possivar Cinnel Innut Lovels								
Test Case	Task 3:24 Performance: Maximum Receiver Signal Input Levels								
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.5								
Requirement	The receiver shall provide QEF reception for DVB-T signals up to a level of -35dBm.								
	The DVB-T signal level is valid for the modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu=1/8\}, \{8K, \Delta/T$								
	64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu =1/4}.								
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD								
and capability									
Test procedure	Purpose of test:								
	To test that the receiver is able to handle RF signals with high value.								
	Equipment:								
	Equipment.								
	MPEG-2 DVB-T Up-converter DVB-T Monitor								
	source modulator Profitched Receiver								
	Power								
	<u>meter</u>								
	Test procedure								
	Test procedure								
	1. Set up the test instruments.								
	2. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator.								
	3. Use the following mode {8K, 64-QAM, $R=2/3$, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$ }.								
	4. Set the up-converter to channel 45.5. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables.								
	6. Turn on the receiver.								
	7. Check that the picture is decoded correctly.								
	8. Calculate the receiver input signal level as a function of attenuation in								
	attenuator.								
	9. Increase the receiver input signal level. until the quality measurement								
	procedure 1 (QMP1) is fulfilled.								





	 10. Fill in the result in the measurement record. 11. Repeat the test for the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/T_U=1/4}. Expected result: The reception shall be QEF for input level higher than or equal to -35dBm for defined DVB-T modes. 							
Test result(s)	Measurement record:							
			7					
	Mode	Requirement dBm	Result					
	8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$	-35						
	8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$	-35						
	8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$	-35						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor	, define fail reason in c	omments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO							
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
	1							
Date		Sign						

Test Case	Task 3:25 Performance: Immunity to "digital" signals in Other Channels						
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.6						
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering DVB-T signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in table 3.15 while maintaining QEF reception. The requirements in this paragraph refer to the modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu=1/8\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu=1/4\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/Tu=1/4\}$						
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the QEF reception when there is interference from DVB-T signal on adjacent or other channels. Equipment: MPEG-2 Data MUX DVB-T Up-converter Receiver MPEG-2 Data MUX DVB-T Up-converter Channel B Verify that the digital TV signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the wanted digital TV signal.						



- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the channel A up-converter to 666.0MHz (K45).
- 4. Set the channel B up-converter to 674.0MHz (K46).
- 5. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T signal in channel B to -30 dBm.
- 6. Decrease the DVB-T signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is still fulfilled.
- 7. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.
- 8. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 658.0 MHz (K44), 650.0 MHz (K43), 682.0 MHz (K47).
- 9. Repeat the test according to procedure above for the image channel 1). Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T signal in channel B to -30dBm.
- 10. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$ using signal bandwidth 8MHz,
- 11. Change the signal bandwidth to 7MHz.
- 12. Set the channel A up-converter to frequency 198.5 MHz (K8).
- 13. Set the channel B up-converter to frequency 205.5 MHz (K9).
- 14. Set the receiver input level of the DVB-T signal in channel B to -30dBm.
- 15. Decrease the DVB-T signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is fulfilled.
- 16. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.
- 17. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 191.5 MHz (K7), 184.5 MHz (K6) and 212.5 MHz (K10).
- 18. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T_U=1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /T_U=1/4} using signal bandwidth 7MHz,

 $^{1)}$ Example: if intermediate frequency IF is 36.15MHz, the image channel is calculated for channel 45 as 666MHz + 2 * 36.15MHz = 738.3MHz which is close to channel 54.

Expected result:

The protection ratios shall be fulfilled for received signal at the requested quality level for specified DVB-T modes, signal bandwidths and supported frequencies.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

7 MHz signal t		al bandw	idth	
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	184.5	191.5	205.5	212.5
DVB-T mode / Channel id	K6	K7	K9	K10
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				

Table 1. Mandatory VHF Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth				
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	650.0	658.0	674.0	682.0	738.0
DVB-T mode / Channel id	K43	K44	K46	K47	K54
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$					
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$					
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$					

Table 2. Mandatory UHF Band IV/V frequencies and signal bandwidth to support



128.5 S4 and signal 8 M 122.0 D2 and signal 8 M 186.0 D10	135.5 S5 I bandwi Hz signa 130.0 D3	al bandwi 149.5 S7 dth to suj al bandwi 146.0 D5 dth to suj 210.0 D13	pport idth 154.0 D6 pport
8 M 122.0 D2 and signal 8 M 186.0 D10	S5 I bandwi Hz signa 130.0 D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	dth to sujulation of the sujul	pport idth 154.0 D6 pport dth 218.0
8 M 122.0 D2 nd signal 8 M 186.0 D10	I bandwi Hz signa 130.0 D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	dth to sus 146.0 D5 dth to sus 1 bandwi 210.0	pport idth 154.0 D6 pport dth 218.0
8 M 122.0 D2 nd signal 8 M 186.0 D10	Hz signa 130.0 D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	al bandwi 146.0 D5 dth to suj 1 bandwi 210.0	idth 154.0 D6 pport dth 218.0
8 M 122.0 D2 nd signal 8 M 186.0 D10	Hz signa 130.0 D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	al bandwi 146.0 D5 dth to suj 1 bandwi 210.0	idth 154.0 D6 pport dth 218.0
8 M 122.0 D2 nd signal 8 M 186.0 D10	Hz signa 130.0 D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	al bandwi 146.0 D5 dth to suj 1 bandwi 210.0	idth 154.0 D6 pport dth 218.0
8 M 122.0 D2 nd signal 8 M 186.0 D10	Hz signa 130.0 D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	al bandwi 146.0 D5 dth to suj 1 bandwi 210.0	idth 154.0 D6 pport dth 218.0
122.0 D2 nd signal 8 M 186.0 D10	130.0 D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	dth to sujul bandwi 210.0	154.0 D6 pport dth 218.0
122.0 D2 nd signal 8 M 186.0 D10	130.0 D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	dth to sujul bandwi 210.0	154.0 D6 pport dth 218.0
D2 and signal 8 M 186.0 D10	D3 I bandwi Hz signa 194.0	D5 dth to suj	D6 pport dth 218.0
8 M 186.0 D10	l bandwi Hz signa 194.0	dth to su l bandwi 210.0	pport dth 218.0
8 M 186.0 D10	Hz signa 194.0	1 bandwi 210.0	dth 218.0
8 M 186.0 D10	Hz signa 194.0	1 bandwi 210.0	dth 218.0
8 M 186.0 D10	Hz signa 194.0	1 bandwi 210.0	dth 218.0
8 M 186.0 D10	Hz signa 194.0	1 bandwi 210.0	dth 218.0
186.0 D10	194.0	210.0	218.0
186.0 D10	194.0	210.0	218.0
D10			
d signal	bandwie	dth to sur	pport
	Hz signa	al bandwi	idth
247.5	254.5	268.5	275.5
S13	S14	S16	S17
nd signa	al bandw	idth to su	apport
0.3.6			1.1
			282.0
אוע	19	D21	D22
nd signa	al bandw	idth to su	apport
8 M	Hz signa	l bandwi	dth
370.0			402.0
S29	S30	S32	S33
	-		
and sign	al bandy	vidth to s	support
51511	cand v	. 1411 10 5	PPOIT
eason in	comme	nts	
			NO
mation			_
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	247.5 S13 nd signa 8 M 250.0 D18 nd signa 8 M 370.0 S29 and sign	247.5 254.5 S13 S14 Ind signal bandw 8 MHz signal bandw 10 S29 S30 S29 S30 Ind signal bandw 11 Signal bandw 12 Signal bandw 13 MHz signal bandw 14 Signal bandw 15 S29 S30 Ind signal bandw 16 S29 S30 Ind signal bandw 17 S29 S30	signal bandwidth to sus a MHz signal



Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:26 Performance: Immunity to "LTE 700 MHz" signals in Other Channels			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.7.3			
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD and IRD-T2 shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering 4G (LTE) "700MHz" signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in the Table 3.17 (1) while maintaining QEF reception.			
	The power of the interfering LTE signal, both BS and UE, varies with a traffic load at traffic type. The signal power of the LTE signal is defined as the power during the ac part of the time varying LTE signal, referred to as the licensed power level (I).			
	The I/C values shall (1) be fulfilled for LTE signals with traffic loads from 0% to 100 9 (BS) and for traffic loads from low bit rate to high bit rate (UE). Low traffic loads can be the most demanding ones. The minimum I/C requirement shall be fulfilled for -25 dBm in case of UE signals and -15dBm in case of BS signals defined as licensed power of interfering signal, at the input of the IRD. The requirements in this paragraph refer, for DVB-T, to following modes {FFT size, modulation, code rate, guard interval, bandwidth}; {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/4, \) 8MHz} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/4, \) 8MHz} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/4, \) 8MHz} and and for DVB-T2 to the modes {FFT size, modulation, pilot pattern, code rate, guard interval, bandwidth} {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/16, \) 8MHz} {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 19/256, \) 8MHz} {32KN, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 19/256, \) 7MHz}			
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the QEF reception for LTE 700 MHz signal interference on adjacent or other channels.			
Equipment:				
	TS DVB-T Upconverter (wanted) ATT C LTE LTE Upconverter (interference) Channel B Spectrumanalyser Channel A ATT I Channel B			



Verify that the interfering LTE signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the wanted digital TV signal.

From IRD point of view most demanding LTE signal might be that with low traffic load.

The LTE transmission is generated by using following LTE signal characteristics: BS 0% traffic load (LTE_BS-idle_V3_synth.wv)
UE Video stream traffic (short UE-Video-Stream V2.wv)

Files in I/Q file format specified above are available on the ETSI website http://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi_en/303300_303399/303340/01.01.02_60/en_303340v01 0102p0.zip

or if not available, they can be found on the NorDig homepage.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/Tu = 1/8$, 8MHz }
- 3. Set the channel A up-converter to 690.0MHz (K48).
- 4. Set the channel B up-converter to 708.0MHz.
- 5. Set the LTE interferer to UE Video traffic mode.
- 6. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -25 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the large power fluctuations in the signal will be -42.7 dBm.)
- 7. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled.
- 8. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record.
- 9. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 718.0 MHz, 728.0 MHz.
- 10. Set the channel B up-converter to 763.0MHz.
- 11. Set the LTE interferer to BS 0% traffic load mode.
- 12. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -15 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the power fluctuations in the signal will be -23.3 dBm.)
- 13. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled.
- 14. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record.
- 15. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 773.0 MHz, 783.0 MHz.
- 16. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode $\{8K,64-QAM,R=3/4,\Delta/Tu=1/4,8MHz\}$.

Expected result:

The wanted DVB-T signal shall be QEF for the interference signal levels as specified.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

	I/C [dB]		
Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	708.0	718.0	728.0
8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8, 8MHz			
8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz			
D 11 1 TYPE Y 11 1			

Table 1. UE Video stream traffic interferer





			I/C [dB]	
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	763.0	773.0	783.0
	8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8, 8MHz			
	8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz			
	Table 2. BS 0% traffic load interferer	•		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in com	ments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software updat	e: YE	S∐NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:27 Performance: Performance in Time-Varying Channels			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.8			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to operate with all signal time variations that naturally exist in connection with fixed roof-top reception (e.g. mast sway, antenna sway) and house portable reception (e.g. people walking around the receiving antenna). None of the above mentioned performance parameters should be significantly negatively affected when such channel time variations exist.			
	The increase in required C/N for QEF reception shall be less than 3 dB for a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 20 Hz and a delay of 20 μs , corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 10 Hz (after AFC), compared to a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 1 Hz and a delay of 20 μs , corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 0.5 Hz (after AFC). The requirements in this paragraph refer to the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/8} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/4}. The increase in required C/N for QEF reception shall be less than 3 dB for a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 10 Hz and a delay of 20 μs , corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 5 Hz (after AFC), compared to a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 1 Hz and a delay of 20 μs , corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 0.5 Hz (after AFC). The requirement in this paragraph refer to the mode {8K, 64-QAM R=3/4, Δ /Tu =1/4}.			
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD			
and capability				
and capability Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reception on a channel where time variations exists.			



The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator . This is valid for 0Hz doppler shift.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following mode: $\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$.
- 3. Use channel 45.
- 4. Configure path 1 to type of static, attenuation 0dB, delay 0µs.
- 5. Configure path 2 to type of pure Doppler, attenuation 0dB, delay $20\mu s$ and frequency separation to 0Hz.
- 6. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
- 7. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 8. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record.
- 9. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequency separation values in the measurement record. Be careful of value which is configured in fading simulator. It can be speed, Doppler or frequency separation.
- 10. Fill the C/N result in the measurement record.
- 11. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$.

Expected result:

For the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T_U =1/8} and {8k, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T_U =1/4} the increase in the required C/N shall be less than 3dB for 0dB 20µs echo from frequency separation 1Hz to 20Hz.

For the mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/T_U =1/4} the increase in the required C/N shall be less than 3dB for 0dB 20 μ s echo from frequency separation 1Hz to 10Hz.

Test result(s)

Mode	0dB echo	Frequency	C/N [dB]
	delay [µs]	separation	
		[Hz]	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20μs	0Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20µs	1Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20µs	5Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20µs	10Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20μs	15Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20µs	20Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	0Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	1Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	5Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	10Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	15Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	20Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	0Hz	·
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	1Hz	·
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	5Hz	
$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	10Hz	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\bigcup YES \subsetention NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:28 Performance: Synchronisation for varying echo power levels in SFN		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.9		
Requirement	For the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu=1/8}, {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu=1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu=1/4}, the required C/N value (specified in Table 3.18) for subjective error free reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two paths with relative delay from 1.95 μ s up to 0.95 times guard interval length and the relative power levels of the two paths are dynamically varying including 0dB echo level crossing. The C/N value is defined at 0 dB level crossing.		
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronisation when the amplitude of the echo compared to the amplitude of the direct signal varies in a function of time.		
	Equipment:		
	DVB-T Fading Noise Up DVB-T		
	The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see2.3.5).		
	Test procedure for variations of the echo attenuation in a function of time:		
	Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.		
	 Set up the test instruments. Use the following mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/T_U=1/4}. Open the switch. Configure the first path signal (direct) with following parameters: 0dB attenuation and 0µs delay. Configure the second path signal (1st echo) with following parameters: 0dB attenuation and first delay value from the measurement record 		

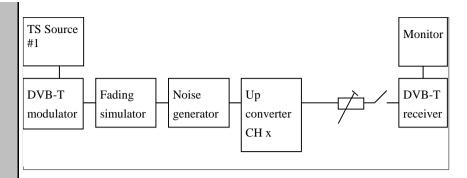




	 Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Configure the third path signal (2nd echo) with following parameters: 1dB attenuation and delay same as for the second path and 0.1Hz frequency separation. Close the switch. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. Fill in the measured required C/N value in dB in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the rest of the echo delay values in the measurement record following the procedure above. Between change of the echo delay, RF input signal to the receiver shall be disconnect. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/8} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/4}. Expected result:			
	The IRD shall maintain the SFN synchronisation when the amplitude of the echo signal varies in a function of time. The required C/N shall not exceed the specified value in table 3.18.			
Test result(s)	Measurement record:			
	F = 666.0 MHz (K45) and signal bandwidth 8 MHz.			
	Mode 10μs 56μs 105μs 112.1 μs 130 μs 170μs 212μs			
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8			
	8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4 8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4			
	0K 04QAM K2/3 01/4			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle YES \) NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:29 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN for more than one echo
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.10
Requirement	If there exists one or more FFT window positions for the time synchronisation that will give an aggregate available C/(N+I) larger than or equal to the required EPT (Effective Protection Target), the NorDig IRD shall be able to find one of these positions, independently of echo profile. The NorDig IRD shall also be able to correctly equalise the signal for echoes up to 7Tu/24 (260 μs) (Interval of correct equalisation), independently of the echo profile.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronization of the receiver when two echo signals are present. Equipment:





The 0 degree at channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5).

Test procedure:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /T_U=1/4} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Open the switch.
- 4. Conifigure one path of the channel simulator to have a 0dB attenuation, 0µs delay and 0 degree phase.
- 5. Configure the second path of the channel simulator to have relative delay difference $-100.1\mu s$ and attenuation 21dB (pre echo) and 0 degree phase.
- 6. Configure the third path of the channel simulator to have relative delay difference +100.0µs and attenuation 15 dB (post echo) and 0 degree phase.
- 7. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
- 8. Close the switch.
- 9. Increase the required C/N value from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 10. Fill in the required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 11. Measure the rest of the required C/N values starting at the bottom of the table and upward.
- 12. Fill in the results in the measurement record. During the change of the delay and the attenuation, the input RF signal to receiver shall be disconnected.
- 13. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$ }.
- 14. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$ }.

Expected result:

The IRD shall synchronize in all combinations defined in measurement record and the required C/N value shall not exceed the required C/N defined for profile 2: 0dB echo in table 3.10.



Test result(s) Measurement record:

8k 6	54QAM R=3/4	$\Delta/T_U=1/4$	8MHz			
Mai	n path	Pre	echo	Pos	t echo	C/N [dB]
Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	
0	0	0	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	18	100	
0	0	21	-100.1	21	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	18	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	21	100	
0	0	0	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	21	-100.1	15	100	

8k 6	54QAM R=2/3	$\Delta T_{\rm U} = 1/8$	8MHz			
Mai	n path	Pre	echo	Pos	t echo	C/N [dB]
Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB] Delay [us]		Att [dB]	Delay [us]	
0	0	0	-50.1	0	50	
0	0	3	-50.1	3	50	
0	0	6	-50.1	6	50	
0	0	9	-50.1	9	50	
0	0	12	-50.1	12	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	18	-50.1	18	50	
0	0	21	-50.1	21	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	0	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	3	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	6	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	9	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	12	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	18	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	21	50	





		1			1		
	0	0	0	-50.1	15	50	
	0	0	3	-50.1	15	50	
	0	0	6	-50.1	15	50	
	0	0	9	-50.1	15	50	
	0	0	12	-50.1	15	50	
	0	0	15	-50.1	15	50	
	0	0	18	-50.1	15	50	
	0	0	21	-50.1	15	50	
					1		
	8k 6	64QAM R=2/3	$\Delta/T_U=1/4$,	8MHz			
	Mai	n path	Pre	echo	Pos	t echo	C/N [dB]
	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	
	0	0	0	-100.1	0	100	
	0	0	3	-100.1	3	100	
	0	0	6	-100.1	6	100	
	0	0	9	-100.1	9	100	
	0	0	12	-100.1	12	100	
	0	0	15	-100.1	15	100	
	0	0	18	-100.1	18	100	
	0	0	21	-100.1	21	100	
	0	0	15	-100.1	0	100	
	0	0	15	-100.1	3	100	
	0	0	15	-100.1	6	100	
	0	0	15	-100.1	9	100	
	0	0	15	-100.1	12	100	
	0	0	15	-100.1	18	100	
	0	0	15	-100.1	21	100	
	0	0	0	-100.1	15	100	
	0	0	3	-100.1	15	100	
	0	0	6	-100.1	15	100	
	0	0	9	-100.1	15	100	
	0	0	12	-100.1	15	100	
	0	0	18	-100.1	15	100	
	0	0	21	-100.1	15	100	
Conformity	OK Fault	Major [comments	
Comments	If possible des Describe more					pdate: [_] Y	ES_NO
Date				1	Sign		

Test Case	Task 3:30 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN inside the guard interval
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.10



Requirement For the modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/T_u=1/8\}, \{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/T_u=1/4\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/T_u=1/4\}$, the required C/N value for profile 2 (specified in Table 3.10) for QEF reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two static paths with relative delay from 1.95 µs up to 0.95 times guard interval length, independently of the relative amplitudes and phases of the two paths. For specific echo attenuation, the required C/N shall not be more than 1 dB higher compared to the median value when calculated for the required C/N values over the echo delays from 1.95 µs up to 0.95 times guard interval length. IRD variants Terrestrial IRD and capability Test procedure **Purpose of test:** To verify the required C/N for echoes in SFN inside the guard interval. **Equipment:** TS Source Monitor DVB-T Fading Noise Up DVB-T modulator simulator generator converter receiver CH x The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5). Test procedure for required C/N in SFN for echoes inside guard interval: Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN. 1. Set up the test instruments. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz. 3. Set the up-converter to center frequency 666MHz (K45). 4. Open the switch. 5. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm for the wanted signal. Set the channel simulator relative delay difference to 1.95 us for the echo Set the channel simulator relative attenuation level to 0 dB for the echo signal. Set C/N to such a ratio that receiver is unlocked state and reception is not possible. 9. Close the switch. 10. Increase the C/N value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is 11. Fill in the required C/N value in dB in the measurement record. 12. Measure the rest of the required C/N values for the negative and positive 0dB echoes. Fill in the results in the measurement record. During the change of the delay the input RF signal shall be disconnected. 13. Test the rest of the combinations (not marked grey) of the relative delays and attenuation levels. The delay of the echo is maintained constant when the change of the attenuation from 21dB to 1dB is done. Find the required C/N value when the reception still fulfils the quality measurement procedure 2





- (QMP2). During the change of the delay and attenuation level the input RF signal shall be disconnected.
- 14. Continue test from step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 15. Continue test from step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 16. Set the up-converter to center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 17. Continue test from the step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-OAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$ } and signal bandwidth 7MHz.
- 18. Continue test from the step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$ } and signal bandwidth 7MHz.
- 19. Continue test from the step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$ } and signal bandwidth 7MHz.

Expected result:

The IRD shall synchronize in all echo attenuation and delay combinations except the longest values according to below:

8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ / T_U =1/8, 8MHZ : -110 μs and 110 μs

8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U\!\!=\!\!1/4,$ 8MHZ : -220 μs and 220 μs

8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$, 8MHZ : -220 μ s and 220 μ s

8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/8, 7MHZ : -126 μs and +126 μs

8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /T_U=1/4, 7MHZ : -252 μ s and 252 μ s

8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/4, 7MHZ : -252 μ s and 252 μ s

The required C/N value for 0dB echo shall not be higher than defined in table 3.10. The required C/N for a specific echo amplitude shall not be more than 1 dB higher compared to the median value when calculated for the required C/N values over the echo lengths from $1.95\mu s$ up to 0.95 times guard interval length.

Test result(s)

8k	64QAN	M R=3/	4 Δ/Τ υ	=1/4, 8								
d	1.95	10	28	56	90	112.1	130	150	170	190	212	220
B/												
llus												
0												
1												
2												
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												
13 14												
15												
16												
17												
18												
19												
20												
21												





dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-90	-112.1	-130	-150	-170	-190	-212	-220
/us												
0												
1												
1 2 3												
3												
4												
4 5 6												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												
13												
14												
15												
16												
17												
18												
19												
20 21												
21												

							_			
8k	64QAN	M R=2/	3 Δ/Τ τ	=1/8, 8	MHz					
dB	1.95	10	20	28	56	70	80	90	105	110
/us										
0										
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										
21										
dB	-1.95	-10	-20	-28	-56	-70	-80	-90	-105	-110
/us										
0										
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										



11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					

							_					
	64QAN	M R=2	/3 Δ/Tτ	=1/4, 8	MHz							
d	1.95	10	28	56	90	112.1	130	150	170	190	212	220
В/												
us												
0												
2												
3												
4												
5 6												
6												
7												
8												
10												
11												
12												
13												
14												
15 16												
17												
18												
19												
20												
21												
dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-90	-112.1	-130	-150	-170	-190	-212	-220
/us	1.73	10	20	30	70	112.1	130	130	170	170	212	220
0												
1												
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
9				-								
11												
12												
13												
14												
15												
16 17												
18												
19												
20												
21												



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1 2 3 4 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 12 12 12 13 14 14 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 10	
2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	
4 5 8 8 8 9	
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 4 10 -1.95 -10 -28 -64 -90 -128.1 -150 -170 -190 -2 -2 3 4 5 6 7 7	
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5 6 7	
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21	
8k 640 AM D=2/2 A/T.:=1/8 7MH-	
8k 64QAM R=2/3 \(\Delta \)/\text{T}_U=1/8, \(\text{7MHz} \) dB 1.95 10 28 64 70 80 90 121 126 	
dB 1.93 10 28 64 70 80 90 121 120	

8k	64QAN	A R=2/	3 Δ/Τυ	=1/8, 7	/MHz				
dB	1.95	10	28	64	70	80	90	121	126
/us									
0									
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
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10									



11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-64	-70	-80	-90	-121	-126
/us									
0									
1									
3									
3									
4									
5									
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11									
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13									
14									
15									
16									
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18									
19									
20									
21									

8k 64QAM R=2/3 Δ/T _U =1/4, 7MHz						1					
d	1.95	10	28	64	90	128.1	150	170	190	243	252
B/											
us											
0											
1											
3											
3											
4 5											
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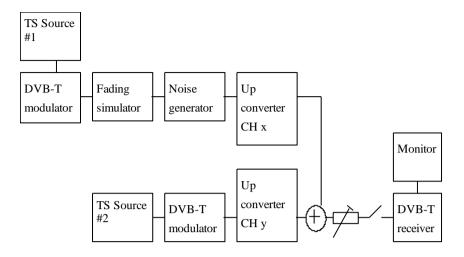




	dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-64	-90	-128.1	-150	-170	-190	-243	-252
	/us											
	0											
	2											
	3											
	4											
	5											
	6											
	7											
	8											
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	10											
	11											
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	15											
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Date								Sign				

Test Case	Task 3:31 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN outside the guard interval
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.10
Requirement	If there exists one or more FFT window positions for the time synchronisation that will give an aggregate available $C/(N+I)$ larger than or equal to the required EPT (Effective Protection Target), the terrestrial NorDig IRD shall be able to find one of these positions, independently of echo profile. The terrestrial NorDig IRD shall also be able to correctly equalise the signal (referred to as Interval of correct qualization, TF) for an echo range (i.e. distance from first to last echo) up to $7TU/24$ (i.e. for 7 MHz signal up to $298~\mu s$ and for $8~MHz$ signal up to $260~\mu s$) independently of the echo profile. For echoes outside the guard interval, for $8MHz$ DVB-T signal, QEF reception shall be possible with echo levels up the values defined in Table 3.20 .
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronisation in SFN for echoes outside guard interval. Equipment:





Test procedure for evaluation of synchronization for echoes outside the guard interval:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

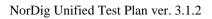
- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /T_U=1/4} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Open the switch.
- 4. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm for the wanted signal.
- 5. Set the channel simulator relative delay difference to 230us for the echo signal.
- 6. Close the switch.
- 7. Increase the echo attenuation from low value to higher value until quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2)is fulfilled.
- 8. Fill in echo attenuation result in dB in the measurement record.
- 9. Repeat the test the rest of the combinations of the relative delays and attenuation levels defined in measurement record. Open the switch before changing the delay and attenuation level.
- 10. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/8} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/4}.
- 11. Set the up-converter to center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 12. Follow the test procedure and repeat the test for the 7 MHz signal banwidth and DVB-T modes defined in the measurement record according to procedure above.

Expected result:

All the echo attenuation values shall be equal or lower compared to NorDig Unified values in tables 3.20 and 3.21.

Test result(s) Measurement record:

7 MHz signal bandwidth							
DVB-T mode	Echo delay [μs]						
	-298	-266	-256	-215	-165	-135	-128
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8							
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4							
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4							
			Ech	o dela	y [µs]		
	298	266	256	215	165	135	128
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8							
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4							
8k 64OAM R3/4 G1/4							





		8 MHz	signal	l bandy	width			
		DVB-T mode		Ech	o delay	[µs]		
			-260	-230	-200	-150	-120	
		8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8						
		8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4						
		8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4						
				Ech	o delay	[µs]		
			260	230	200	150	120	
		8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8						
		8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4						
		8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4						
Conformity	OK Fault	☐ Major ☐ Minor, def	ine fai	l reasor	n in com	ments		
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2.3.9.2 Test cases – DVB-T2

Test Case	Task 3:32 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Center frequencies						
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.2						
Requirement	The front-end shall for the supported frequency ranges be capable of tuning to the center frequency f_c of the incoming DVB-T/T2 RF signal, see below and NorDig Specification :						
	8 MHz raster: $f_c = 114$ MHz +K * 8 MHz, where K is an integer number, running from 0 to 72.						
	7 MHz raster: f_c = 107.5 MHz + L * 7 MHz, where L is an integer number, running from 0 to 27.						
	$\frac{1.7 \text{ MHz raster (DVB-T2):}}{f_c \text{shall be as specified in Annex B2.}}$						
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reception over the supported frequency range.						
	Equipment: TS source DVB-T2 exciter DVB-T2 receiver						
	 Use following DVB-T2 modes: VHF III 1.7 MHz signal bandwidth: 8k normal bandwidth, 64QAM rotated, G1/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR VHF III 7 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k normal bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, G11/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR VHF S I and S II, III and UHF S III 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, G11/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR 						





• UHF IV/V 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.
- 3. Use input level of -50 dBm
- 4. Start with frequency 177.5 MHz (K5)
- 5. Use the quality measurement procedures 1 (QMP1)
- 6. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 7. Repeat the test for all channels in the table 1 and table 2 in the measurement record.
- 8. If the receiver supports optional frequency ranges, test all remaining channels in table 3 and 4 in the measurement record.

Expected result:

The result of the test shall be OK for all channels in table 1 in test results.

Test result(s) Measurement record:

Band	Channel	Frequency	BW	Result
		[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK
	K5	177.5	7	
	K6	184.5	7	
	K7	191.5	7	
VHF	K8	198.5	7	
III	K9	205.5	7	
	K10	212.5	7	
	K11	219.5	7	
	K12	226.5	7	
	K21	474	8	
	K22	482	8	
	K23	490	8	
	K24	498	8	
	K25	506	8	
	K26	514	8	
	K27	522	8	
	K28	530	8	
	K29	538	8	
	K30	546	8	
	K31	554	8	
	K32	562	8	
	K33	570	8	
UHF	K34	578	8	
IV/V	K35	586	8	
	K36	594	8	
	K37	602	8	
	K38	610	8	
	K39	618	8	
	K40	626	8	
	K41	634	8	
	K42	642	8	
	K43	650	8	
	K44	658	8	
	K45	666	8	
	K46	674	8	
	K47	682	8	
	K48	690	8	

Table 1. Mandatory center frequencies and signal bandwidths to receive



Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	BW [MHz]	Result OK or NOK
	5A	174.928	1.7	
	5B	176.640	1.7	
	5C	178.352	1.7	
	5D	180.064	1.7	
	6A	181.936	1.7	
	6B	183.648	1.7	
	6C	185.360	1.7	
	6D	187.072	1.7	
	7A	188.928	1.7	
	7B	190.640	1.7	
	7C	192.352	1.7	
	7D	194.064	1.7	
	8A	195.936	1.7	
	8B	197.648	1.7	
	8C	199.360	1.7	
	8D	201.072	1.7	
	9A	202.928	1.7	
	9B	204.640	1.7	
VHF	9C	206.352	1.7	
III	9D	208.064	1.7	
	10A	209.936	1.7	
	10B	211.648	1.7	
	10C	213.360	1.7	
	10D	215.072	1.7	
	11A	216.928	1.7	
	11B	218.640	1.7	
	11C	220.352	1.7	
	11D	222.064	1.7	
	12A	223.936	1.7	
	12B	225.648	1.7	
	12C	227.360	1.7	
	12D	229.072	1.7	
	13A	230.784	1.7	
	13B	232.496	1.7	
	13C	234.208	1.7	
	13D	235.776	1.7	
	13E	237.488	1.7	
	13F	239.200	1.7	

Table 2. Optional center frequencies and 1.7MHz signal bandwidths to receive

Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	BW [MHz]	Result 7MHz OK or NOK	BW [MHz]	Result 8MHz OK or NOK
	D1	114.0	7	0 22 02 11022	8	022 02 0102
	S2	114.5	7		8	
	S3	121.5	7		8	
	D2	122.0	7		8	
	S4	128.5	7		8	
	D3	130.0	7		8	
	S5	135.5	7		8	
VHF	D4	138.0	7		8	
SI	S6	142.5	7		8	
51	D5	146.0	7		8	
	S7	149.5	7		8	
	D6	154.0	7		8	
	S8	156.5	7		8	
	D7	162.0	7		8	
	S9	163.5	7		8	
	D8	170.0	7		8	
	S10	170.5	7		8	
	K5	177.5	7		8	
	D9	178.0	7		8	
VHF III	K6	184.5	7		8	
	D10	186.0	7		8	-
	K7	191.5	7		8	



	D11	194.0	7	8	
	K8	198.5	7	8	
	D12	202.0	7	8	
	K9	205.5	7	8	
	D13	210.0	7	8	
	K10	212.5	7	8	
	D14	218.0	7	8	
	K11	219.5	7	8	
	D15	226.0	7	8	
	K12	226.5	7	8	
	S11	233.5	7	8	
	D16	234.0	7	8	
	S12	240.5	7	8	
	D17	242.0	7	8	
	S13	247.5	7	8	
	D18	250.0	7	8	
	S14	254.5	7	8	
	D19	258.0	7	8	
****	S15	261.5	7	8	
VHF S II	D20	266.0	7	8	
3 11	S16	268.5	7	8	
	D21	274.0	7	8	
	S17	275.5	7	8	
	D22	282.0	7	8	
	S18	282.5	7	8	
	S19	289.5	7	8	
	D23	290.0	7	8	
	S20	296.5	7	8	
	D24	298.0	7	8	

Table 3 Optional VHF center frequencies and signal bandwidths to receive.

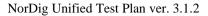
Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	BW [MHz]	Result OK or NOK
	S21	306.0	8	
	S22	314.0	8	
	S23	322.0	8	
	S24	330.0	8	
	S25	338.0	8	
	S26	346.0	8	
	S27	354.0	8	
	S28	362.0	8	
	S29	370.0	8	
	S30	378.0	8	
	S31	386.0	8	
	S32	394.0	8	
	S33	402.0	8	
	S34	410.0	8	
	S35	418.0	8	
	S36	426.0	8	
	S37	434.0	8	
UHF	S38	442.0	8	
S III/V	S39	450.0	8	
	S40	458.0	8	
	S41	466.0	8	
	K49	698	8	
	K50	706	8	
	K51	714	8	
	K52	722	8	
	K53	730	8	
	K54	738	8	
	K55	746	8	
	K56	754	8	
	K57	762	8	
	K58	770	8	
	K59	778	8	
	K60	786	8	
	K61	794.0	8	





	Table 4 Optional UHF	K62 K63 K64 K65 K66 K67 K68 K69	802.0 810.0 818.0 826.0 834.0 842.0 850.0 858.0	8 8 8 8 8 8 8	idth to raceiv		
Conformity		r Minor, d					
Comments	If possible describe if f Describe more specific	ault can be fix	ed with sof	tware upda		NO	
Date			Sig	gn			

Test Case	Task 3:33 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Frequency offset		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.3		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to receive signals with an offset of up to 50kHz from the nominal frequency.		
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD		
	Purpose of test: To verify that the reception is possible in specified frequency offset from nominal frequency. Equipment: TS source DVB-T2 exciter DVB-T2 receiver Use following DVB-T2 modes: VHF III 1.7 MHz signal bandwidth: 8k normal bandwidth, 64QAM rotated, G1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR VHF III 7 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k normal bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, G11/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR UHF IV/V 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, G11/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR		
	Test procedure: 1. Set up the test instruments 2. Set the center frequency to 177.5 MHz and frequency offset to 0 kHz. Use signal bandwidth 7MHz.		
	 Use the corresponding DVB-T2 mode from the list above. Use input level of -50 dBm Connect receiver and do the channel search if needed. Test with the specified frequency offset values in the measurement record. Before changing the frequency offset, disconnect the receiver from the received RF signal. Do the change of frequency offset, 		





- 8. Connect the received RF signal back to the receiver.
- 9. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1)
- 10. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 11. Test the remaining frequency offset values on specified center frequencies and signal bandwidths in the measurement record.

Expected result:

The test shall be OK for all frequency offset values on specified center frequencies and signal bandwidths in table 1 in test results.

Test result(s)

Channel	Signal BW [MHz]	Frequency [MHz]	Offset [kHz]	Result OK or NOK
	7	177.5	-50	
K5	7	177.5	0	
	7	177.5	+50	
	7	226.5	-50	
K12	7	226.5	0	
	7	226.5	+50	
K21	8	474.0	-50	
	8	474.0	0	
	8	474.0	+50	
K48	8	690.0	-50	
	8	690.0	0	
	8	690.0	+50	

Table 1. Mandatory center frequency offsets to receive.

Channel	Signal BW	Frequency	Offset	Result
	[MHz]	[MHz]	[kHz]	OK or NOK
	1.7	174.928	-50	
5A	1.7	174.928	0	
	1.7	174.928	+50	
	1.7	239.200	-50	
13F	1.7	239.200	0	
	1.7	239.200	+50	

Table 2. Optional center frequency offsets to receive.

Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyre{YES} \) \(\textstyre{NO} \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:34 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Signal bandwidths
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD for DVB-T2 shall support both the normal and extended carrier modes.



The NorDig IRD for DVB-T2 shall follow network parameter change from normal to extended carrier mode and vice versa automatically without any need for user action.

VHF Bands:

The NorDig IRD shall (1) for the supported frequency ranges be able to receive 7 MHz and should be able to receive 8 MHz DVB-T/T2 signals. If 8 MHz bandwidth is supported it shall automatically detect which DVB-T/T2 signal bandwidth is being used, and it shall be possible to receive the 8 MHz DVB-T/T2 signals on the 7 MHz channel frequency raster.If 1.7 MHz bandwidth is supported the NorDig IRD-T2 shall automatically detect which DVB-T/T2 signal bandwidth is being used.

UHF Bands:

The NorDig IRD shall for the supported frequency ranges be able to receive 8 MHz DVB-T/T2 signals.

IRD variants and capability

Terrestrial IRD

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the receiver is able to automatically detect the transmitted signal bandwidth and do the required adaptations for QEF reception.

Equipment:



Use following DVB-T2 modesin single PLP mode:

- VHF III 1.7 MHz signal bandwidth: 8k normal bandwidth, 64QAM rotated, G1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- VHF III 7 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k normal or extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI19/256, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- VHF III 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI19/256, PP2, R3/5, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- UHF IV/V 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k normal or extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the transmission frequency UHF IV/V 666 MHz (K45) and an input level of 50 dBm to the receiver. Select corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.
- 3. Connect the receiver and perform an automatic or manual channel search. The signal bandwidth initialization shall not be required by the user.
- 4. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 5. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 6. Change the transmission frequency to VHF III channel 198.5 MHz (K8) and signal bandwidth to 7 MHz. Select corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.
- 7. Verify that the channel list does not have any services installed by performing initialization to factory defaults or in such way.
- 8. Do an automatic or manual channel search. The signal bandwidth initialization shall not be required by the user.
- 9. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).





- 10. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 11. If receiver supports 1.7MHz signal bandwidth in VHF III, change the transmission frequency to VHF III channel 209.936 MHz (10A) and signal bandwidth to 1.7 MHz. Select corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.
- 12. Verify that the channel list does not have any services installed by performing initialization to factory defaults or in such way.
- 13. Do an automatic or manual channel search. The signal bandwidth initialization shall not be required by the user.
- 14. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 15. If receiver supports 8MHz signal bandwidth in VHF III, change the transmission frequency to VHF III channel 198.5 MHz (K8) and signal bandwidth to 8 MHz. Select corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.

Expected result:

The test results shall be OK for all tests in the table 1 and table 2 in the measurement record and user does not have to initialize the signal bandwidth for the successfull channel search and QEF reception.

If 1.7MHz signal bandwidth in VHF is supported the test result shall be OK for the test in the table 3 in the test reults.

If 8MHz signal bandwidth in VHF is supported the test result shall be OK for the test in the table 3 in the test results.

Test result(s)

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Signal bandwidth [MHz]	Result OK or NOK
K8	198.5	7	
K45	666.0	8	

Table 1 Mandatory signal bandwidths to receive for normal carrier mode.

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Signal bandwidth [MHz]	Result OK or NOK
K8	198.5	7	
K45	666.0	8	

Table 2 Mandatory signal bandwidths to receive for extended carrier mode

Channel	Frequency	Signal bandwidth	Result
	[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK
10A	209.936	1.7	

Table 3 Optional signal bandwidth to receive for normal carrier mode.

Channel	Frequency	Signal bandwidth	Result
	[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK
K8	198.5	8	

Table 4 Optional signal bandwidths to receive for extended carrier mode

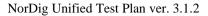
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information





Date	Sign	
Duit	~~~ ~	

Test Case	Task 3:35 DVB-T2: Modes				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3				
Requirement	The NorDig IRD-T2 shall be capable of correctly demodulating all allowed configurations, or "DVB-T2 modes", as specified in EN 302 755, with the following exceptions: • Support for 1.7 MHz bandwidth is optional				
	Support for Time Frequency Slicing (TFS) is optional.				
	Support for 10 MHz bandwidth is not required				
	Support for PLPs carrying GS/GSE is not required				
	 Support for Transmission modes 16K and 32K, when 1.7 MHz RF bandwidth is supported, is not required 				
	The existence of transmissions using configurations that the NorDig IRD-T2 is not required to support shall not cause the NorDig IRD-T2 to malfunction.				
	When TFS is supported the following shall apply: For 8MHz DVB-T2 signals with modulation parameters {32K, 256-QAM, CR=3/5, GI=1/16} on all data PLPs the NorDig IRD-T2 shall support reception of variable-bit rate PLPs in TFS with a TS peak data rate of up to 15 Mbps using up to six RF frequencies. Each TS is split into one data PLP and a common PLP.				
	The NorDig IRD shall automatically detect which mode is being used.				
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reception of subset of all possible DVB-T2 modes.				
	TFS support is not tested.				
	MISO support is not tested.				
	FEC frame length 16200 is not tested.				
	Input Mode B is not tested.				
	Normal mode (NM) is not tested.				
	Extended and normal carrier modes are tested in test Task 3:36 DVB-T2 Frequencies: Bandwidth Equipment:				
	TS source DVB-T2 DVB-T2 receiver				
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks:				





Carrier mode	Normal
Signal bandwidth	8MHz

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use channel K45 (666MHz) and an input level of -50 dBm.
- 3. Test all the DVB-T2 parameter combinations listed in tables in test results using the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 4. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.

Expected result:

The test shall be OK for all tested DVB-T2 mode parameter listed in test result tables.

Test result(s) Measurement record:

	FFT	OK or NOK
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE &	1k	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 90$	1K	
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE &	2k	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 90$	ZK	
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE &	4k	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 90$	4K	
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE &	8k	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 90$	OK	
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE &	8k ext	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 90$	ok ext	
256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE &	16k	
TR PAPR, $L_f=90$	10K	
256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE &	1.01	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 90$	16k ext	
256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE &	201	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 60$	32k	
256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE &	2014	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 60$	32k ext	

Table 1 FFT sizes

	Rotation	OK or NOK
32k, 256QAM	Rotated	
GI1/16, PP4, R2/3,		
L1-ACE & TR PAPR,	Non-rotated	
L _f =62		

Table 2 Constellation rotation

	Pilot pattern	OK or NOK
16k,256QAM rotated,GI1/4,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 90	PP1	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/8,R3/4,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 60	PP2	
16k,256QAM rotated,GI1/8,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 90	PP3	



32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/16,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 62	PP4	
16k,256QAM rotated,G1/16,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 90	PP5	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/32,R3/5,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 62	PP6	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/128,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 60	PP7	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/16,R3/4,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 62	PP8	

Table 3 Pilot patterns

				(OK or NO)K		
		L1-ACE & TR PAPR, rotated constellation						
		32K,	32K,	32K,	32K,	32K,	32K,	8K,
		PP7,		PP2,	PP2,	PP2,	PP2,	PP1
			$L_f = 60$,		$L_f = 60$		$L_f = 60$
Modulation	FEC	1/128	1/32	1/16	19/256	1/8	19/128	1/4
QPSK	1/2							
QPSK	3/5							
QPSK	2/3							
QPSK	3/4							
QPSK	4/5							
QPSK	5/6							
16-QAM	1/2							
16-QAM	3/5							
16-QAM	2/3							
16-QAM	3/4							
16-QAM	4/5							
16-QAM	5/6							
64-QAM	1/2							
64-QAM	3/5							
64-QAM	2/3							
64-QAM	3/4							
64-QAM	4/5							
64-QAM	5/6							
256-QAM	1/2							
256-QAM	3/5							
256-QAM	2/3							
256-QAM	3/4							
256-QAM	4/5							
256-QAM	5/6							

Table 4 Guard intervals, constellations and code rates for allowed combinations of FFT sizes, pilot patterns and L1-ACE & TR PAPR.

	PAPR	L1_ACE_MAX	OK or NOK
32k normal,	L1-ACE and P2-TR	0	
256QAM non-rotated	L1-ACE and ACE only	0	
GI1/8,	L1-ACE and TR only	0	
PP2, R3/4	L1-ACE, ACE and TR	0	
10/1	Not used	N/A	

Table 5 Peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR)





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 3:36 DVB-T2: MISO				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3				
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): • SISO/MISO				
IRDvariants and capability	Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver fully supports the expected advantages of MISO transmissions modes in SFN. Equipment:				
	T2MIs DVB-T2 exciter 1 DVB-T72 exciter 2 Channel A DVB-T2 receiver Noise T2MI source shall have a TS containing at least one service. Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks:				
	SISO/MISO MISO Both DVB-T2 exciters must be locked to same reference signals as well as run in the SFN mode.				
	Test procedure:				
	First verify reception in Gaussian like channel when exciters are in MISO modes with different group settings.				
	 Set up the test instruments Set the channel A to 666.0MHz (K45). Set the channel B to 666.0MHz (K45). Set the DVB-T2 exciter in channel A to MISO group 1 mode with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f= 62. 				





- 5. Set the DVB-T2 exciter in channel B to MISO group 2 mode with parameters 8MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f =62.
- 6. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T2 signal in channel A to -50 dBm. Attenuate the input signal from channel B so that it is not able to be received.
- 7. Adjust the noise power to a level corresponding 30dB signal-to-noise ratio.
- 8. Verify the service carried on channel A is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1(QMP1).
- 9. Fill in **NOK** or **OK**in measurement record.
- 10. Increase the attenuation for the channel A so that it is not any more able to be received.
- 11. Decrease the attenuation for the channel B. Adjust the receiver input level to -50dBm.
- 12. Verify the service carried on channel Bis able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 13. Fill in **NOK** or **OK**in measurement record.

Secondly verify reception in SFN like channels in MISO modes with different group settings.

- 14. Set the DVB-T2 exciter in channel A to MISO group 1 mode with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L₁= 62.
- 15. Set relative delay of the exciters to 10µs, adjust output levels to 0dB echo difference and verify the total output power level is -50dBm as well as noise power to a level corresponding 30dB signal-to-noise ratio.
- 16. Verify the service carried on channel A is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 17. Fill in **NOK** or **OK**in measurement record.
- 18. Set the relativedelay of the exciters to 170µs and output power level difference to 0dB.
- 19. Verify the service carried on channel A is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 20. Fill in **NOK** or **OK**in measurement record.

Thirdly verify reception in SFN like channels in MISO modes with equal group settings.

- 21. Set the DVB-T2 exciters in channel A and B to MISO group 2 $^{1)}$ mode with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f = 62.
- 22. Set relative delay of the exciters to 10µs, adjust output levels to 0dB echo difference and verify the total output power level is -50dBm as well as noise power to a level corresponding 30dB signal-to-noise ratio.
- 23. Verify the service carried on is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 24. Fill in **NOK** or **OK**in measurement record.
- 25. Set the relative delay of the exciters to $170\mu s$ and output power level difference to 0dB.
- 26. Verify the service carried on is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 27. Fill in **NOK** or **OK**in measurement record.

¹⁾Consider reception in SFN consisting three or more transmitters. Because of group settings in exciters, reception from exciters within same group or different groupsmay occur.

Expected result:





	The IRD is able to decode	services correctly	and all the test resul	ts are OK.	
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				
	Exciter 1	Exciter 2	Channel profile	OK or NOK	
	MISO group 1	-	Gaussian		
	-	MISO group 2	Gaussian		
	MISO group 1	MISO group 2	10μs 0dB echo		
	MISO group 1	MISO group 2	170µs 0dB echo		
	MISO group 2	MISO group 2	10μs 0dB echo		
	MISO group 2	MISO group 2	170µs 0dB echo		
Conformity	OK Fault Major	Minor, define fai	l reason in comment	ts	
Comments	If possible describe if fault	can be fixed with	software update:	YES□NO	
	Describe more specific fau	lts and/or other inf	Cormation		
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 3:37 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (multiple PLPs)				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3				
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): • Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255)				
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver supports input mode B with multiple PLPs without common PLP. Equipment: T2MI PLP1 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2				





	TS ₂ is broadcasted as PLP ₂ .				
	Both TSs carry services able to be decoded in IRD.				
	Test procedure:				
Test result(s)	Configure the system Make automatic channel search in the IRD Verify the service carried with TSs are decoded in the IRD Expected result: IRD is able to decode services carried within TS ₁ and TS ₂ correctly.				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 3:38 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (multiple PLPs and common PLP)		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3		
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255)		
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver supports input mode B with multiple PLPs and common PLP. Equipment: T2MI PLP0 PLP1 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2 PLP2		
	The PLP ₀ corresponds common PLP and carries information equipment supports. In this test the common information is EIT which content can be verified in IRD.		



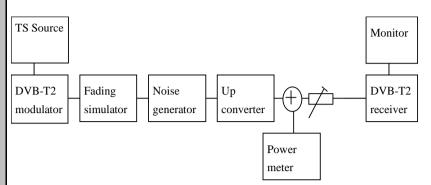


	PLP ₀ carries the PSI/SI TS ₁ is broadcasted as PLP ₁ . TS ₂ is broadcasted as PLP ₂ . Both TSs carries services and EIT able to be decoded in IRD. Test procedure: 1. Configure the system			
	 Make automatic channel search in the IRD Verify the service carried with TSs are decoded in the IRD 			
	Expected result: IRD is able to decode services carried within TS ₁ and TS ₂ correctly and present EIT information correctly.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:39 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM for TDI)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): • Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255) DVB-T2 signal introduces a receiver buffer model (RBM) which is fundamental when it comes to receive signals where carried transport stream doesn't have constant bit rate as it is case for MPLPs.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that received DVB-T2 signal can stress the receiver RBM regarding time deinterleaver buffer based on DVB V&V tests.
	Equipment:







Use Mode B (multiple PLP) and parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes for NU_M2.

T2 frames within PLP $_{id}$ =0 and 1 shall carry a valid TS. TS bit rate is restricted to maximum of 3.3 MBit/s.

The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS.

TS contains one service.

The DVB-T2 signal generation shall support DVB V&V dynamic multiple PLP models. The configuration files are available for download on NorDig homepages.

Parameter	Description	Value
M	Interval in packets between common PLP slots	22
L	Number of separate chapters	4
NumReps	Repeats of repeating unit	15, 1, 15, 1
RunLength (TS0)	Run length for TS0 in each repeating unit in a chapter	92, 20, 44, 27
RunLength (TS1)	Run length for TS1 in each repeating unit in a chapter	44, 27, 92, 20
RunLength (TS2)	Run length for TS2 in each repeating unit in a chapter	8, 2, 8, 2
RunLength (TS3)	Run length for TS3 in each repeating unit in a chapter	8, 2, 8, 2

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, Δ/T_U =1/128} and signal bandwidth 8MHz in exciter.
- 3. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference.
- 4. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
- 5. Verify valid TS is mapped into the PLP_{id}=0.
- 6. Perform channel search and make sure the receiver has deleted any possible old service on the channel list.
- 7. Verify the received signal carrying service using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2).
- 8. Repeat the test for a valid TS mapped into the PLP_{id}=1.

Expected result:





	Broadcasting of DVB-T2 signal according to signal description which stresses the RBM is demodulated correctly and service carried within TS is decoded error free.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

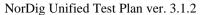
Test Case	Task 3:40 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM for DJB)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): • Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255) DVB-T2 signal introduces a receiver buffer model (RBM) which is fundamental when it comes to receive signals where carried transport stream doesn't have constant bit rate as it is case for MPLPs.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that received DVB-T2 signal can stress the receiver RBM regarding de-jitter buffer based on DVB V&V tests. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T2 modulator Fading simulator Simulator Power meter Use Mode B (multiple PLP) and parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2
	modes for NU_M3. T2 frames within PLP _{id} =0 and 2 shall carry a valid TS. TS bit rate is restricted to maximum of 3.3 MBit/s.
	The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS. TS contains one service.





	The DVB-T2 signal generation shall support DVB V&V dynamic multiple PLP models. The configuration files are available for download on NorDig homepages.		
	Parameter M L NumReps RunLength (TS0) RunLength (TS1) RunLength (TS2) RunLength (TS3)	Description Interval in packets between common PLP slots Number of separate chapters Repeats of repeating unit Run length for TS0 in each repeating unit in a chapter Run length for TS1 in each repeating unit in a chapter Run length for TS2 in each repeating unit in a chapter Run length for TS3 in each repeating unit in a chapter Run length for TS3 in each repeating unit	Value 11 8 15, 1, 15, 1, 15, 1, 15, 1, 15, 1 102, 95, 102, 95, 102, 95, 102, 95 15, 29, 15, 29, 15, 29, 15, 29 14, 15, 14, 15, 14, 15, 14, 15 14, 16, 14, 16,
	in a chapter 14, 16, 14, 16 Test procedure: 1. Set up the test instruments. 2. Heather following DVR T2 mode (22% extended 2560AM, PR7, A/T, =1/128)		
	 Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, Δ/T_U=1/128} and signal bandwidth 8MHz in exciter. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Verify valid TS is mapped into the PLP_{id}=0. Perform channel search and make sure the receiver has deleted any possible old service on the channel list. Verify the received signal carrying service using quality measurement procedure (QMP2). Repeat the test for TS mapped into the PLP_{id}=2. 		ence. leted any possible old
	Expected result: Broadcasting of DVB-T2 signal according to signal description which stresses the RBM is demodulated correctly and service carried within TS is decoded error free.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date		Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:41 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM when FEF present)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive):





Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255) DVB-T2 signal introduces a receiver buffer model (RBM) which is fundamental when it comes to receive signals where carried transport stream doesn't have constant bit rate as it is case for MPLPs and FEF. IRD variants Terrestrial IRD and capability Test procedure **Purpose of test:** To verify that received DVB-T2 signal can stress the receiver RBM regarding time deinterleaver buffer based on DVB V&V tests. **Equipment:** TS Source Monitor DVB-T2 Up DVB-T2 Fading Noise converter simulator modulator generator receiver Power meter Use Mode B (multiple PLP) and parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes for NU M4. The DVB-T2 signal shall contain a FEF with PRBS content and with a FEF interval of 4 T2 frames. The size of the PRBS FEF is 380000 samples and T2 frame size Lf=28 symbols. T2 frames within PLP_{id}=0 and 3 shall carry a valid TS. TS bit rate is restricted to maximum of 3.3MBit/s. The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS. TS contains one service. The DVB-T2 signal generation shall support DVB V&V dynamic multiple PLP models. The configuration files are available for download on NorDig homepages. Parameter Description Value M Interval in packets between common PLP 11 Number of separate chapters 10 NumReps Repeats of repeating unit 15, 1, 15, 1, 15, 1, 15, 1, 15, 1 RunLength (TS0) Run length for TS0 in each repeating unit 102, 95, 102, 95, 0, 0, 66, 3, in a chapter 102, 95

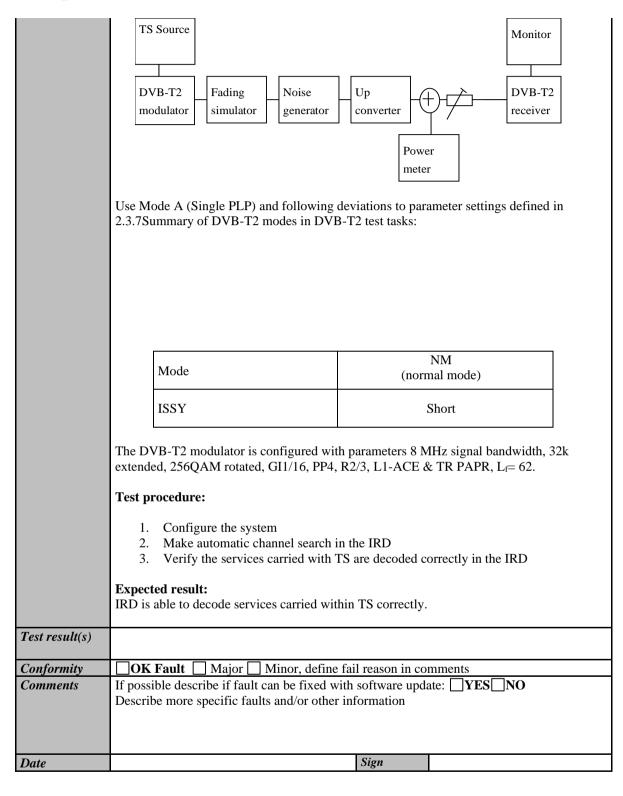




	RunLength (TS1) RunLength (TS2) RunLength (TS3)	Run length for TS1 in each repeating in a chapter Run length for TS2 in each repeating in a chapter Run length for TS3 in each repeating in a chapter	19, 13, 8, 17, 13, 11 13, 15, 13, 15, 19, 13, 8, 15, 13, 15
	 Set up the test instruments. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, Δ/T_U=1/128} and signal bandwidth 8MHz in exciter. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Verify valid TS is mapped into the PLP_{id}=0. Perform channel search and make sure the receiver has deleted any possible old service on the channel list. Verify the received signal carrying service using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). Repeat the test for a valid TS mapped into the PLP_{id}=3. Expected result: Broadcasting of DVB-T2 signal according to signal description which stresses the RBM is demodulated correctly and service carried within TS is decoded error free.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity Comments	OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: ☐YES☐NO		
	Describe more specific	c faults and/or other information	
Date		Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:42 DVB-T2: Normal mode (NM)
G .:	N. D. 11.C. 12.42
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that receiver supports normal mode (NM).
	Equipment:





Test Case	Task 3:43 DVB-T2: Input Mode A (zero power FEF present)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD
and capability	

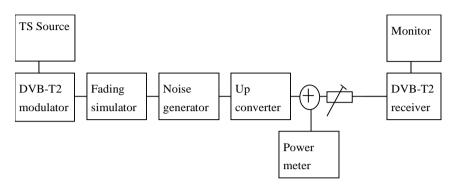


Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that broadcasting of FEF doesn't cause any harm for the receiver.

Equipment:



Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks:

ISSY	Enabled
FEF	Yes
Auxiliary streams	Not used
Frames per superframe (N _{T2})	6
FEF P1: S1 Value	2
FEF P1: S2 Value	1
T2 P1:S2 Value	1
FEF size	520000 samples
Design delay	719248 samples

The DVB-T2 signal shall contain empty FEF with a FEF interval of 6 T2 frames.

The size of the empty FEF is 520000 samples (56.875ms) and T2 frame size Lf=62symbols (236.320ms). By empty FEF means FEF without content resulting to a lower RF output power during the FEF compared to T2 frame.

T2 frames shall carry a TS. TS bitrate is maximized to the capacity the T2 frame size can deliver, with other words, the number of T2 dummy cells are minimized.

The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS.

TS contains at least one service.

Using DVB-T2 mode specified (Lf=62 symbols) below allows total bit rate of 36.55190642Mbit/s. Using FEF and T2 frame size relation above, the TS bit rate is 35.14229377 Mbit/s.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, $\Delta T_U=1/16$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz in exciter.
- 3. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference.

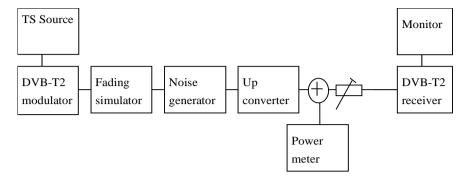




	 Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Verify the received signal carrying services using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). Disable FEF from broadcast. After possible short interruption on the received service just when FEF is disabled, the receiver shall recover by itself and continue decoding of the service. Verify the received signal carrying services using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). Enable FEF in broadcast. After possible short interruption on the received service just when FEF is enabled, the receiver shall recover by itself and continue decoding of the service. Verify the received signal carrying services using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). Expected result: Broadcasting of FEF doesn't cause any harm to receiver and services carried within TS are decoded correctly. Receiver doesn't need any actions from end user to maintain reception when FEF is disabled and enabled.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:44 DVB-T2: Input Mode A (RBM when FEF present)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): • Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255) DVB-T2 signal introduces a receiver buffer model (RBM) which is fundamental when it comes to receive signals where carried transport stream doesn't have constant bit rate as it is case when FEF is present.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that received DVB-T2 signal can stress the receiver RBM based on DVB V&V tests. Equipment:





Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes for NU_S34:

PLP Code rate	3/5
PAPR	TR & L1-ACE
PAPR V _{clip}	3.55V
L1_ACE_MAX	0.1
ISSY	Enabled
FEF	Yes
Auxiliary streams	Not used
Frames per superframe (N _{T2})	6
FEF P1: S1 Value	2
FEF P1: S2 Value	1
T2 P1:S2 Value	1
FEF size	595420 samples
Design delay	719388 samples
BUFS	2097152

The DVB-T2 signal shall contain a FEF with PRBS content and with a FEF interval of 6 T2 frames.

The size of the PRBS FEF is 595420 samples and T2 frame size Lf=62symbols.

T2 frames shall carry a TS. TS bitrate is restricted to maximum of 4.5MBit/s.

The content of the TS is maximed to TS bit rate.

TS contains at least one service.

The configuration files are available for download on NorDig homepages.

Using DVB-T2 mode specified (Lf=62symbols) below allows total bit rate of 32.849069 Mbit/s. Using FEF and T2 frame size relation above, the TS bit rate is 31.406587 Mbit/s.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ /T_U=1/16} and signal bandwidth 8MHz in exciter according to description above of the DVB-T2 signal.
- 3. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference.





	4. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
	5. Perform channel search and make sure the receiver has deleted any possible old service on the channel list.
	6. Verify the received signal carrying services using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2).
	Expected result: Broadcasting of DVB-T2 signal according to signal description which stresses the RBM is
	demodulated correctly and services carried within TS are decoded correctly.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:45 DVB-T2: Auxiliary streams
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	The NorDig terrestrial IRD is not required to demodulate or decode the content of FEF parts and auxiliary streams, but the existence of FEFs and/or auxiliary streams shall not cause receiver to malfunction.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that broadcasting of AUX doesn't cause any harm for the receiver. Equipment:
	TS Source Monitor DVB-T2 Fading Noise generator DVB-T2 receiver Power meter





	Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following devia 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2								
	Auxiliary streams	Yes							
	The DVB-T2 signal shall contain auxialiary st of Lf=62 symbols. The DVB-T2 signal with st dummy cells.	•							
	Auxialiary stream content is T2-TX-SIG according to specification ETSI TS 102 992. Tested receiver is not required to interprete content in the T2-TX-SIG. The T2-TX-SIG information is carried within 193 dummy cells out the available 221 dummy cells.								
	Configuration of T2-TX-SIG signaling is following: M=15 (maximum number of transmitters signaled) N=8 (number of cells per symbols and frame) L= 15 (repetation rate for T2 frames)								
	T2 frames shall carry a TS. TS bitrate should be size can deliver.	be maximized to the capacity the T2 frame							
	The content within TS is maximized to bit rate minimize the NULL packets in TS.	the TS can carry, with other words,							
	TS contains at least one service.								
	 Test procedure: Set up the test instruments. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32 R=2/3,Δ/T_U=1/16} and signal bandwi Use Gaussian channel without addition Set the receiver input level to -50 dBr Verify the received signal carrying set 2 (QMP2). 	idth 8MHz in exciter. onal noise or interference.							
	Expected result: Broadcasting of auxiliary stream doesn't cause within TS are decoded correctly.	e any harm to receiver and services carried							
Test result(s)									
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail	reason in comments							
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information								
Date		Sign							

Test Case	Task 3:46 DVB-T2: Reception of version 1.1.1
Section	Nordig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	Receiver shall be able to receive version v1.1.1 of the DVB-T2 system when ISSY is enabled.





IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify receiver is able to receive DVB-T2 version 1.1.1 when ISSY is enabled.							
	Equipment:							
	TS Source Monitor							
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise Up DVB-T2							
	modulator simulator generator converter receiver							
	Power meter							
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks:							
	Version 1.1.1							
	ISSY Enabled or disabled							
	The DVB-T2 modulator is configured with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 62.							
	Test procedure: 1. Tune receiver to signal with configuration according to measurement result. 2. Verify the services are decoded correctly.							
	Expected result: Receiver is able to decode services correctly for DVB-T2 system v1.1.1 when ISSY is enabled or disabled.							
Test result(s)	Measurement result:							
	Mode ISSY OK or NOK							
	32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, Disabled							
	PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 62							
	32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, Enabled PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 62							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments							
Conformity Comments	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: □YES□NO							
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Date	Sign							

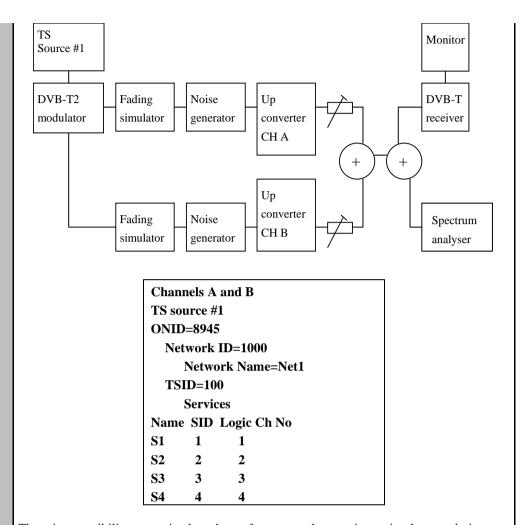




Test Case	Task 3:47 DVB-T2: Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Automatic channel search
	for the same service bouquet
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.4
Requirement	The IRD shall provide an automatic search that finds all of the multiplexes and services in the whole (supported) frequency range, see NorDig specification. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows: If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list. If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.
	The IRD shall only display a service once in the service list (i.e. avoiding duplicate of the same services), even if the same service (same triplet original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id) is received from multiple transmitters. If the same service can be received from several transmitters, the one with best reception quality shall be selected. The criteria for selection of the best received service (i.e. best reception quality) shall be based on the combination of the signal strength and signal quality according to NorDig specification.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the best service selection in automatic channel search when the content of the transport stream is the same on several transmitters.
	Equipment:







There is a possibility to receive broadcasts from several transmitters simultaneously in DVB-T2 networks. These transmitters can have exactly the same content, but are transmitted on different channels (frequencies). Therefore, it is important that the receiver can choose by an automatic channel search the services with the best reception quality.

Test to verify broadcast where equal services are broadcasted simultaneously over DVB-T and DVB-T2 networks is not required.

Reception quality can be divided into two different parameters:

- Signal strength
- Signal quality

Signal quality can be divided into two main parameters:

- Signal-to-noise ratio (C/N)
- Bit error rate before BCH (BER before BCH in DVB-T2 system)

Channels A and B shall not be equal.

Relative signal levels can be observed on spetrum analyser.

 ΔS refers to difference in SSI according to [1] Annex D.

 ΔQ refers to difference in SQI according to [1] Annex D.

AWGN refers to Additive White Gaussian Noise.



As a pre-requisite to perform this test, IRD shall correctly pass the following tasks:

- Task 3:51 Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)
- Task 3:52 Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)

Measurement record2 shows the minimum tests that shall be performed. Signal levels and signal quality (i.e added AWGN) can be adjusted from the initial values shown to ensure the required ΔS and ΔQ conditions are met.

Test procedure:

- 1. Configure the transport stream and setup the instruments. Use the DVB-T2 mode 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR.
- 2. Set the signal level of the both carriers CH A and CH B to the same level. The signal level shall correspond good reception quality (no errors in decoded video).
- 3. Perform automatic channel search. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows:

If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list.

If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.

- 4. Check that the channel list has services configured in the transport stream.
- 5. Check that the services on the channel list is listed once and not duplicated. Check which channel is received by trying to attenuate the signal level. The services from received channel are frozen when the signal level is too low. Restore the attenuations to a level before it was changed.
- Fill in OK or NOK in the measurement record depending if the services were deleted.
- 7. Fill in OK or NOK in the measurement record 2 depending if the services were installed from expected channel.

Repeat the test for the rest of the test points in the measurement record 2.

Expected result:

All the test results are OK.

Test result(s)

Measurement record 1:

Requirement	Result
	OK or NOK
The logic of the automatic search	
function shall be as follows:	
If any services are detected during	
the automatic search the current	
service list shall be replaced by the	
new service list.	
If no services are detected during the	
automatic search the current service	
list shall be kept or deleted.	
After automatic channel search the	
channel lists do not contain duplicated	
services.	

Measurement record 2 is found on next page.





NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.2

Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



	Channel A, f = 474 MHz Channel B, f = 690 MHz											
Test point	Initial signal level [dBm]	Initial CNR [dB]	Additional BER Impairment	Initial signal level [dBm]	Initial CNR [dB]	Additional BER Impairment	Required AS [%]	Required \$\Delta Q\$ [%]	Receiver channel choice	Expected channel choice	Result OK/ NOK	Reference conditions in flowchart [1] Annex D
1	-60	no AWGN	None	-60	no AWGN	None	<10	<10		A or B		1,2,3,5,6 or 7
2	-50	no AWGN	None	-65	no AWGN	None	>10	<20		Α		1 or 8
3	-65	no AWGN	None	-50	no AWGN	None	>10	<20		В		4 or 5
4	-61	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-60	CNR@QMP2+0.5d B	None	<10	<20		Α		3
5	-60	CNR@QMP2+0.5dB	None	-61	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	<10	<20		В		7
6	-61	no AWGN	None	-60	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	<10	>20		А		2
7	-60	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-61	no AWGN	None	<10	>20		В		6
8	-50	no AWGN	None	-65	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	>10	>20		А		1
9	-65	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-50	no AWGN	None	>10	>20		В		5

Table 20 Measurement record 2 for test Task 3:47.



Test Case	Task 3:48 DVB-T2: Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Basic status check						
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.2						
Requirement	The IRD shall provide at least a basic status check function (accessible through the Navigator) that presents reception quality information for a selected frequency (currently viewed by the user). The basic status check shall include: • channel id • center frequency • Signal Strength Indicator, SSI (%) • Signal Quality Indicator, SQI (%)						
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD						
and capability Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
1 car processing	To verify that specified status information is displayed correctly.						
	Equipment:						
	Test procedure: 1. Configure the test setup 2. Tune IRD to received frequency 3. Verify the basic status check functionality 4. Write in the results in the measurement record Expected result: All test results in measurement record are OK.						
Test result(s)	Measurement record						
	Requirement Navigator has status check function. The function shows the channel id and center frequency. The function shows signal strength indicator SSI in %. The function has reception quality indicator SQI in %.						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						



Date Sign)ate	Sign	
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ator (CCI)							
Task 3:49 DVB-T2: Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)							
NorDig Unified 3.4.4.6							
The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a signal strength indicator (SSI). The value for the SSI shall be referred to the IRD RF signal input.							
e NorDig IRD shall be able to determine signal strength within a range starting from dB lower than the reference signal level defined in Table 3.7 (1) and up to 35dB ove that value or maximum signal input level defined in section 3.4.10.5 (1)							
absolute accuracy shall be ± 5 dB at RF signal input levels -80 dBm to -60 dBm and B for RF signal input levels higher than -60 dBm.							
The relative accuracy should be ± 3 dB between center frequencies within one frequency band, e.g. VHF Band III or UHF Band IV/V, supported by the receiver.							
Signal strength indicator shall have a relative value within a range from 0% to 100% and with a resolution of 1%.							
second.							
Terrestrial IRD							
Purpose of test: To verify the correct functionality of the signal strength indicator.							
10 terry the correct functionality of the signal suchgui indicator.							
Equipment:							
nitor							
e known.							
The test procedure assumes that the $P_{receiver}$ is not displayed by the receiver. If the $P_{receiver}$ is displayed by the receiver this test procedure can be simplified.							
the signal input level							
nencies. 256QAM, PP4,							
easurement record 1.							





- 7. Fill in the SSI value displayed by the receiver in the measurement record
- 8. SSI_{min} and SSI_{max} defines the allowed range of the displayed value.
- 9. Fill in the measurement record 1 OK or NOK depending of the displayed SSI value.
- 10. Measure rest of the frequencies and DVB-T2 modes.
- 11. Fill in the measurement record 1.

Verify the relative error:

1. Convert the displayed SSI values to $P_{receiver}$ [dBm]. Select the correct formula for calculating $P_{receiver}$ according to the displayed SSI value as shown below:

$$\begin{split} & P_{receiver} = (3/2) * (SSI - 90) + 20 + P_{reference} & if \ 90 \le SSI < 100 \\ & P_{receiver} = (1/4) * (SSI - 10) + P_{reference} & if \ 10 \le SSI < 90 \\ & P_{receiver} = (3/2) * SSI - 15 + P_{reference} & if \ 0 \le SSI < 10 \end{split}$$

- 2. Fill in the dBm values in the measurement record 2 for corresponding signal input level.
- 3. Calculate the average value of the P_{receiver} values in three frequencies within a frequency band.
- 4. Verify the calculated $P_{receiver}$ [dBm] values are within ± 3 dB from the average value.
- 5. Fill in the measurement record 2 OK or NOK.

Expected result:

All the measurements shall be OK.

Displayed SSI shall be displayed in [%] and updated once per second.

Test result(s)

Measurement record 1:

32KE,256QAMR,				
P _{reference} =-78dBm,				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	

32KE,256QAMR				
P _{reference} =-78dBm,	f=474MHz			
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	



32KE,256QAMR Preference=-78dBm,				
Pinput level [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	

32KN,256QAMR P _{reference} =-78dBm,				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	

32KN,256QAMR P _{reference} =-78dBm,				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	

32KN,256QAMR				
Preference=-78dBm,	f=226.5MHz			
Pinput level [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	

32KE,256QAMR,				
Preference=-80dBm,	f=666MHz			
Pinput level [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
-40		99	100	
-50		92	100	
-60		70	93	
-70		30	70	
-80		7	30	
-95		0	5	



	32KE,256QAMR,PP2,R3/4,G1/8,8MHz, P _{reference} =-76dBm, f=666MHz									
		=- /6aBm, _{/el} [dBm]		SI [%]	22	I _{min} [%]	122	ax [%]	OK o	or NOK
		40		DI [70]	טט	96		00	OK	TIOK
		50				86		99		
		60				54		91		
		70				14		54		
		80				34		14		
		.95				0		2		
	Measureme	ent record 2	2:							
	P _{input level} [dBm]	P _{receiver} [6 @474M		P _{receiver} [dF @666MF		P _{receiver} [6		Aver	age	OK or NOK
	-40									
	-50									
	-60									
	-70 -80									
	-80 -95									
	75									
	Pinput level [dBm]	P _{receiv} [dBm @177.5N	1]	P _{receiver} [dBm] @198.5M		P _{receiv} [dBm	n]	Aver	age	OK or NOK
	-40									
	-50									
	-60									
	-70									
	-80 -95		_			_		_		
	-93									
Conformity	OK Fau	ılt Maj	or \square	Minor, defi	ne fa	il reason i	n comr	nents		
Comments	If possible of Describe m	describe if	fault c	an be fixed	with	software	update		S□NO)
Date						Sign				

Test Case	Task 3:50 DVB-T2: Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.7.
Requirement	The NorDig IRD for DVB-T2 shall be provided with a signal quality indicator (SQI). The value for the SQI shall be referred to a PLP in the received signal at the NorDig IRD RF signal input. The signal quality indicator shall have a relative value within a range from 0% to 100% and with a resolution of 1%. The integration time for the signal quality shall be over a period of 5 seconds. The signal quality indicator shall be updated regularly at least once per second.



	The signal quality indicator (COI) in [0/] shall be calculated for the received DLD							
	The signal quality indicator (SQI) in [%] shall be calculated for the received PLP according to the formulas defined in [1].							
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the correct functionality of the signal quality indicator.							
	TS DVB-T2 DVB-T2 Monitor Source C/N _{input} C/N _{receiver}							
	Gaussian channel profile used i.e. no need for fading simulator. C/N _{input} refers to generated DVB-T2 signal C/N at receiver input.							
	C/N _{receiver} refers to C/N determined by the receiver under test.							
	$C/N_{rel} = C/N_{input} - C/N_{NorDigP1}$							
	C/N _{NorDigP1} refers to table 3.11 at [1].							
	First we need to define the required C/N _{input} for the QMP2. After that we know what is the expected rescale of BER_SQImin and BER_SQI _{max} .							
	Test procedure:							
	 Set up the test instruments Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256QAMR, PP4, R3/5, G19/256} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Set the up-converter to frequency 666MHz (K45). Do the channel search. Determine the lowest required C/N by adjusting the C/N_{input} until the quality measurement procedure 2 error free video is fulfilled. 							
	 6. Fill in the measurement record 1 the C/N_{input} value defined as C/N_{receiver}. Later in this test procedure the value C/N_{receiver} is used for rescaling of the BER_SQI_{min} and BER_SQI_{max} values. 7. Decrease the C/N_{input} in 1dB step starting from highest value in measurement 							
	 record 2. Fill in the displayed SQI in the measurement record 2. Repeat the test for the DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256QAMR, PP4, R2/3, G1/16} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Repeat the test for the DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256QAMR, PP2, R3/4, G1/8} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Do the calculations in the rest of the test procedure. 							
	$\begin{split} SQI_{min} \ calculations: \\ 12. \ Calculate \ SQI_{min} \ for \ all \ C/N_{input} \ values \ using \ formulas \\ SQI_{min} = 0, \qquad \qquad if \ C/N_{rel} \ -1 < -3 \ dB \\ SQI_{min} = (C/N_{rel} \ -1 + 3)*BER_SQI_{min}, \ if \ -3 \ dB \leq C/N_{rel} \ -1 \leq 3 \ dB \\ SQI_{min} = 100, \qquad \qquad if \ C/N_{rel} \ -1 > 3 \ dB. \end{split}$							



SQI_{max} calculations:

13. Calculate SQI_{max} for all C/N_{input} values using formulas

 $SQI_{max} = 0$, if $C/N_{rel} + 1 < -3 dB$

 $SQI_{max} = (C/N_{rel} + 1 + 3)*BER_SQI_{max}, \ if \ -3 \ dB \leq C/N_{rel} + 1 \leq 3 \ dB$

 $SQI_{max} = 100,$ if $C/N_{rel} + 1 > 3 dB.$

Where BER_SQI_{min} is:

BER_SQImin = 0, if C/N_{rel} -1 -($C/N_{receiver}$ - X) < -2.4 dB

BER_SQImin = 100/15, if $-2.4 \text{ dB} \le \text{C/N}_{\text{rel}} - 1 - (\text{C/N}_{\text{receiver}} - \text{X}) \le -2 \text{ dB}$

BER_SQImin = 100/6, if $C/N_{rel} - 1 - (C/N_{receiver} - X) > -2 dB$.

Where BER_SQI_{max} is:

BER_SQImax = 0, if C/Nrel +1 - (C/Nreceiver - X) < -2.4 dB

BER_SQImax = 100/15, if $-2.4 \text{ dB} \le \text{C/Nrel} + 1 - (\text{C/Nreceiver} - \text{X}) \le -2 \text{ dB}$

BER_SQImax = 100/6, if C/Nrel +1 - (C/Nreceiver – X) > -2 dB.

And where X is:

X = 17.6 for 32KE, 256QAMR, PP4, R3/5, G19/256, 8MHz

X = 19.0 for 32KE, 256QAMR, PP4, R2/3, G1/16, 8MHz

X = 20.8 for 32KE, 256QAMR, PP2, R3/4, G1/8, 8MHz

Expected result:

All the test result are OK.

The signal quality indicator is updated regurlarly once per second.

Test result(s) Measurement record 1:

DVB-T2 mode	Required C/N _{receiver} [dB] (30 sec error free video)
32KE 256QAMR PP4 R3/5 G19/256 8MHz	
32KE 256QAMR PP4 R2/3 G1/16 8MHz	
32KE 256QAMR PP2 R3/4 G1/8 8MHz	

Measurement record 2:

32KE 256QAMR PP4 R3/5 G19/256 8MHz, C/N _{NorDigP1} = 19.4dB						
C/N _{input}	SQI[%]	$SQI_{min}[\%]$	SQI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK		
27						
26						
25						
24						
23						
22						
21						
20						
19						
18						
17						



32KE 256QAMR PP4 R2/3 G1/16 8MHz, C/N _{NorDigP1} = 20.8dB							
C/N _{input}	SQI[%]	SQI _{min} [%]	SQI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK			
27							
26							
25							
24							
23							
22							
21							
20							
19							
18							
17							

32KE 256Q	AMR PP2 R	3/4 G1/8 8MH	Iz, C/N _{NorDigP1}	= 22.9dB
C/N	COIII	COI [0/1	COI [0/]	OV as NOV
C/N _{input}	SQI[%]	SQI _{min} [%]	SQI _{max} [%]	OK or NOK
27				
26				
25				
24				
23				
22				
21				
20				
19				
18				
17				

Example for calculating SQI_{min} and SQI_{max} values for 256QAMR R3/5 when C/N $_{receiver}=17.7dB$ at QMP2 resulting to C/N $_{receiver}-X=0.1dB$ where X=17.6:

CNRreceiver @QMP2= 17,7 (C/Nreceiver-17.6) @QMP2= 0,1 256QAM R3/5 C/NNorDigP1= 19,4

C/N input	C/Nrel	C/N error Min	C/Nrel error Min	BER_SQI Min	C/N error Max	C/Nrel error Max	BER_SQI Max	SQI Min	SQI Max	SQI measured 256QAM R3/5	OK or NOK
15	-4,4	-1	-5,4	0,0	1	-3,4	0,0	0	0		
16	-3,4	-1	-4,4	0,0	1	-2,4	0,0	0	0		
17	-2,4	-1	-3,4	0,0	1	-1,4	16,7	0	27		
17,6	-1,8	-1	-2,8	0,0	1	-0,8	16,7	0	37		
18	-1,4	-1	-2,4	0,0	1	-0,4	16,7	0	44		
19	-0,4	-1	-1,4	16,7	1	0,6	16,7	26	60		
20	0,6	-1	-0,4	16,7	1	1,6	16,7	43	77		
21	1,6	-1	0,6	16,7	1	2,6	16,7	60	94		
22	2,6	-1	1,6	16,7	1	3,6	16,7	76	100		
23	3,6	-1	2,6	16,7	1	4,6	16,7	93	100		
24	4,6	-1	3,6	16,7	1	5,6	16,7	100	100		
25	5,6	-1	4,6	16,7	1	6,6	16,7	100	100		
26	6,6	-1	5,6	16,7	1	7,6	16,7	100	100		
27	7,6	-1	6,6	16,7	1	8,6	16,7	100	100		
											·

Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)



	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Date	Sign				
Test Case	Task 3:51 DVB-T2: Changes In Modulation Parameters				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.5				
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD-T2 shall automatically recover from changes in the following P1, L1 pre-signalling data and L1 post-signalling parameters at the end of a superframe without a break in the received DVB-T2 signal. An error-free TS shall be available within five seconds for any P1 and/or L1 pre-signalling change. An error-free TS shall be output within five seconds for any L1 post-signalling FEF change and within two seconds for any other L1 post-signalling change. The terrestrial NorDig IRD-T2 shall automatically recover from changes in the following P1, L1 pre-signalling and L1 post-signalling parameters occurring at any time followed by a break in the received signal. An error-free TS shall be output within five seconds.				
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD				
and capability Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
Test procedure	To verify that receiver can automatically recover from changes in the specified P1, L1 pre-signaling and L1 post-signaling parameter occurring at any time followed by a break in the received signal and output an error free TS. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T2 Fading Noise generator converter Power meter				
	This test includes the use of L1 post-signalling configurable signaling fields. Those fields signalize transmission parameters per PLP. Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks. This test checks receiver capability to adapt to parameter changes in broadcasted DVB-				
	T2 signal with break in the received RF signal. The receiver shall adapt to the received signal without any user action. Different DVB-T2 modulators from different vendors may have different time to broadcast valid a signal after the change of the parameter in the broadcasted signal. This time from parameter change to valid signal is excluded from the required receiver synchronization time. Therefore, the test operator needs to know this time and take it to account when calculating the receiver synchronization time.				





	Synchronisation time is not tested for rotated constellation changes, but receiver operability is tested on test Task 3:35.
	Synchronisation time is not tested for time interleaving length changes, but receiver operability is tested on test Task 3:52.
	Test procedure:
	 Setup the instruments Use frequency 666MHz (K45) Use the following DVB-T2 mode 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, G1/16, R2/3 and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Open the switch to break the received RF signal Change the following transmission parameters in turn by changing the P1, L1 pre-signaling and L1 post signalling respectively FFT size: 32K,16K,8K,4K,2K and 1K Bandwidth extension: yes, no PAPR: no, ACE, TR Guard interval: G1/32, G1/16, G1/8, G1/4, G1/128, G19/128,G19/256 Pilot Pattern: PP2, PP4,PP6,PP7 Number of data symbols: 60, 62 Code Rate: R3/5, R2/3, R3/4 Modulation: 256 QAM T2 system id change from 0 to 65535 (decimal) Cell id change from 0 to 65535 (decimal) Network id change (optional) from 0 to 65535 (decimal) T2 version change from 1.2.1 to 1.3.1 PLP_lid change from 1 to 2 for TS carrying installed service(s) on the receiver Change of FEF being disabled to enabled Changing length of the FEF, when enabled, from 0 ms to 56.875 ms (other parameters needed to be changed are specified on test Task 3:43) Wait for the DVB-T2 modulator output to become valid and stable (this time is modulators) Close the switch to enable the RF signal to the receiver and record the time taken to achieve QMP1. Verify receiver automatically adapts to new parameter settings without any user action. Expected result:
	signaling and L1 post-signaling parameter occurring at any time followed by a break in the received signal and output an error free TS within 5 seconds (excluding modulator stabilization time) without requiring a channel scan.
	The time limits in this clause exclude the time for the DVB-T2 modulator to output a stable and valid signal.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information





Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:52 DV	B-T2: Time in	nterleaving				
10st Cust	Task 3:52 DVB-T2: Time interleaving						
Section	NorDig Unified	13.4.8					
Requirement	the maximum ti	The NorDig IRD-T2 shall at least include time interleaving capability corresponding to the maximum time interleaving according to EN 302 755, i.e. $2^{19}+2^{15}$ OFDM cells for a data PLP and its common PLP together.					
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
z est procedure	To verify receiv		ving capabilit	y.			
	Equipment:						
	TS Source					N	Monitor
	DVB-T2 modulator	Fading simulator	Noise generator	Up converte	T .r		DVB-T2 eceiver
	Power meter						
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.						
	Test procedure:						
	 Set up the test system Use DVB-T2 mode 32K extended, 256QAM rotated, PP7, R3/4, G1/128, 8MHz signal bandwidth on 666MHz Configure the interleaving type and length according to measurement record in test results. 						
	Expected resul	t:					
	The IRD able to	decode service	es carried with	nin TS co	orrectly.		
Test result(s)	Measurement	record:					
	Interleaving type	Interleaving length	Number of blocks	L _f	BUFS	Design Delay	OK or NOK
	0	3	200	60	1613824	669553	
	0	1	68	22	1613824	737040	
	1	2	68	12	1613824	805229	
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Mi	nor, define fa	il resson	in comment	c	
Conjorning			mor, ucitile la	ıı ıcasull		0	





Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyre{\textsty}
Date	Sign

Tost Car	Took 2:52 DVP T2: Inn::4/0::4:: D	oto Formata			
Test Case	Task 3:53 DVB-T2: Input/Output Data Formats				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.9				
Requirement	The NorDig IRD-T2 shall be able to supp	oort TS bit rates ≤ 72 Mbit/s.			
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD				
and capability	2				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify maximum bit rate from DVB-T2 front end.				
	Equipment:				
	TS Source	Monitor			
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise simulator generator	Up DVB-T2 receiver			
	Power meter				
	Carrier mode Extended PAPR Off				
	PAPR SISO/MISO	SISO			
		64800			
	FEC Frame length	Mode A			
	Input mode TFS	No No			
	Mode	HEM (high efficiency mode)			
	FEF	Not used			
	Auxiliary streams	Not used			
	Test procedure:				
	signal bandwidth on 666MHz	256QAM rotated, PP7, R5/6, G1/128, 8MHz d length according to measurement record in			

Expected result:





	DVB-T2 front end is able to deliver transport streams up to bit rate supported by the DVB-T2 mode (approx 50Mbit/s).
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

T C	Took 2.54 DVD TO. Douberroom DED to CAL position to				
Test Case	Task 3:54 DVB-T2: Performance: BER vs C/N verification				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.2				
Requirement	Verify the internal BER measurement of the NorDig IRD for objective measurements (QMP2).				
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that the internal BER value measured by the receiver displays correct values. Equipment:				
	Test procedure: 1. Setup the instruments. 2. Use channel 45 and use Gaussian channel 3. Use DVB-T2 mode 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, R2/3, G1/16, PP4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR and signal bandwidth 8MHz. 4. Set the RF input level to -50dBm. 5. Starting from high C/N, decrease the C/N and fill in the corresponding BER				
	 after LDPC value measured by the receiver in measurement record. 6. Adjust the C/N to a value which corresponds required C/N for QMP2 "30s subjective error free video". 7. Decrease C/N by 0.3dB 8. Fill in the BER after LDPC in the measurement record. 				
	Expected result: The decrease of the required C/N for QMP2 "30s subjective error free video" or BER 1E-7 after LDPC by 0.3dB shall result approximately BER 1E-4 after LDPC.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				





	C/N Measured BER by the receiver 18.6 18.8 19.0 19.2 19.4 19.6 19.8 20.0 20.2 BER after LDPC C/N@QMP2 30s error free video"
Conformity Comments	C/N@QMP2 30s error free video" – 0.3dB OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Task 3:55 DVB-T2: Performance: C/N performance on Gaussian channel								
NorDig Unified 3.4.10.3								
The NorDig IRD shall have at least the QEF performance for the C/N ratios given in, Table 2.4 (PP2) and Table 2.7 (PP7) Maximum required C/N for profiles 1 and 2.								
Terrestrial IRD								
Purpose of test: To test the required C/N for quasi error free reception in Gaussian channel.								
TS Source DVB-T2 modulator Fading simulator Noise generator Very power meter Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in								





	Pilot pattern PP7 (7MHz and 8MHz BW) PP2 (1.7MHz BW)								
	L1 post constellation must be more robust than data PLP constellation.								
	Test procedure for Gaussian channel:								
	 Set up the test instruments Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32k extended, 256QAM rotated, R2/3, GI1/128, PP7} Set the up-converter to channel 21 Measure the input level to the attenuator. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables. Calculate the receiver input signal level and set it to -50dBm. Use the value for the required C/N specified for the DVB-T2 mode in Table 2.7. Do the channel search. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) fulfils. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequencies, signal bandwidths and DVB-T2 modes defined in the measurement record. 								
	Expected result: The required C/N for quasi error free reception in Gaussian channel is less than specified in Table 2.7. If 1.7MHz signal BW is supported, the required C/N for quasi error free reception in Gaussian channel is less than specified in Table 2.4.								
Test result(s)	Measurement record: See tables below.								
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments								
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information								
Date	Sign								



Measurement record:

FFT Signal bandwidth	3	2k norma 7 MHz	al	32k exte 8 MHz	ended				
Center frequency [MHz]	177.5	198.5	226.5	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	690.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel Id	K5	K8	K12	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K48
QPSK R1/2 G1/128									
QPSK R3/5 G1/128									
QPSK R2/3 G1/128									
QPSK R3/4 G1/128									
QPSK R4/5 G1/128									
QPSK R5/6 G1/128									
16QAM R1/2 G1/128									
16QAM R3/5 G1/128									
16QAM R2/3 G1/128									
16QAM R3/4 G1/128									
16QAM R4/5 G1/128									
16QAM R5/6 G1/128									
64QAM R1/2 G1/128									
64QAM R3/5 G1/128									
64QAM R2/3 G1/128									
64QAM R3/4 G1/128									
64QAM R4/5 G1/128									
64QAM R5/6 G1/128									
256QAM R1/2 G1/128									
256QAM R3/5 G1/128									
256QAM R2/3 G1/128									
256QAM R3/4 G1/128									
256QAM R4/5 G1/128									
256QAM R5/6 G1/128									

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

FFT	8k normal		32k normal													
Signal bandwidth	1.7 MHz		8 MHz													
Center frequency [MHz]	206.352	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel Id	9C	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41
256QAM R2/3 G1/8																
256QAM R2/3 G1/128																

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.



Test Case	Task 3:56 DVB-T2: Performance: C/N performance on 0dB echo channel								
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.3								
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have at least the QEF performance for the C/N ratios given in,								
	Table 2.4 (PP2) and Table 2.54 (PP4) Maximum required C/N for profiles 1 and 2.								
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD								
and capability									
Test procedure	Purpose of test:								
	To test the required C/N for quasi error free reception in 0 dB echo channel.								
	Equipment:								
	TS Source Monitor								
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise Up DVB-T2								
	modulator simulator generator converter receiver								
	T _D								
	Power								
	meter								
	The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.50dB echo).								
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2								
	modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.								
	Test procedure for 0 dB echo channel:								
	Check the different SFN synchronization issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN. 1. Set up the test instruments 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, R2/3,								
	G1/128} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.								
	3. Set the up-converter to frequency 666MHz (K45)								
	4. Set the fading simulator to 0dB echo profile. (Delay 1.95us, 0 degree phase at								
	channel center and attenuation 0dB for the second path.)								
	5. Measure the input level to the attenuator.6. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables.								
	7. Calculate the receiver input signal level and set it to –50dBm.								
	8. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement								
	procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.								
	9. Fill in the measured C/N value in dB in the measurement record.								
	10. Verify also that the channel search founds the services at the measured C/N.								
	11. Repeat the test for rest of the DVB-T2 modes combinations with 8MHz signal								
	bandwidth in measurement record. 12. Set the up-converter to frequency 198.5MHz (K8) and verify the input level								
	into the receiver is -50dBm.								
	13. Repeat the test for rest of the DVB-T2 mode combinations with 7MHz signal								
	bandwidth in measurement record.								
	Expected result:								



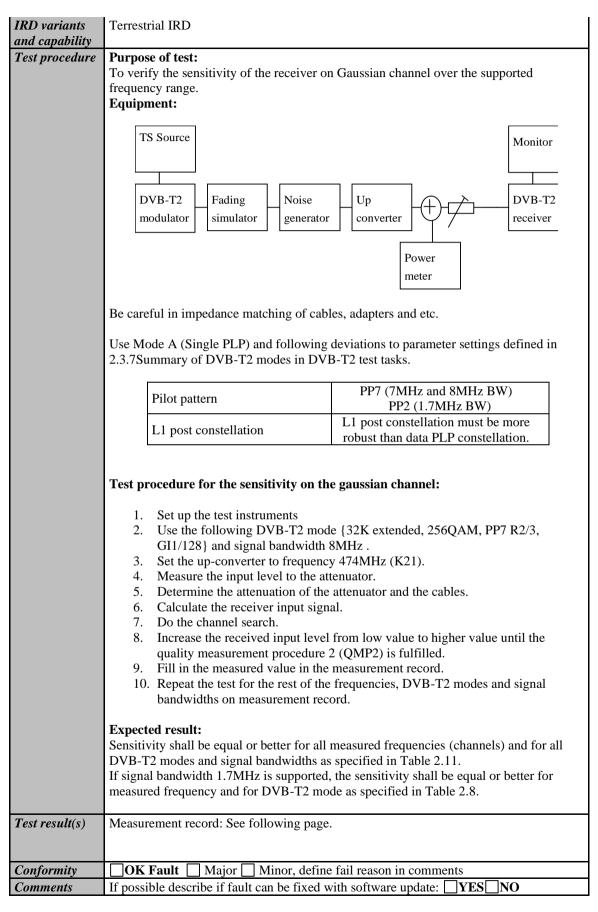


	The required C/N for quasi error free reception in 0 dB echo channel is less than specified in Table 2.4 and Table 2.54 except for DVB-T2 mode 32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/32 8MHz PP6. If 1.7MHz signal BW is supported, the required C/N for quasi error free reception in Gaussian channel is less than specified in Table 2.43.										
Test result(s)	Measurement record:										
	C/N [dB]										
		DVB-T2 mode	PP2	PP4	PP6	PP7					
		32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/8 8MHz		N/A	N/A	N/A					
		32KN 256QAMR R3/4 G1/8 7MHz N/A N/A N/A									
	32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/16 8MHz N/A N/A										
	32KN 256QAMR R3/4 G1/16 7MHz N/A N/A										
		32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/32 8MHz 1)	N/A			N/A					
		32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/128 8MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A						
		32KN 256QAMR R3/4 G1/128 7MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A						
	1)	Mandatory test for required C/N for This mode is not required in NorDig in order to compare between differen	performance nt pilot patter	e requirens.		but ad	ded here				
Conformity	OK F										
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textbf{YES} \) NO										
	Describe	e more specific faults and/or other inf									
Date			Sign								

Test Case	Task 3:57 DVB-T2: Performance: Minimum receiver signal input levels on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide QEF reception for the minimum signal levels (P_{min}) for the supported frequency range as stated below (at 290K).
	For 7 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T/T2 signal: $P_{min} = -105.7 \text{ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N}$ [dB], and
	For 8 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T/T2 signal: $P_{min} = -105.2 \text{ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N}$ [dB], and
	For 1.7 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -112.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and
	For 7 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -105.7 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and
	For 8 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -105.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and
	For 1.7 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -112.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB],
	C/N is specified in tables 2.4 and 2.7 and NF is specified in table 3.12 (1).











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	Describe more specific faults and/or other inf	Cormation	
Date		Sign	



FFT Signal bandwidth	3	2k normal 7 MHz		32k ext	ended				
Center frequency [MHz]	177.5	198.5	226.5	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	690.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel Id	K5	K8	K12	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K48
QPSK R1/2 G1/128									
QPSK R3/5 G1/128									
QPSK R2/3 G1/128									
QPSK R3/4 G1/128									
QPSK R4/5 G1/128									
QPSK R5/6 G1/128									
16QAM R1/2 G1/128									
16QAM R3/5 G1/128									
16QAM R2/3 G1/128									
16QAM R3/4 G1/128									
16QAM R4/5 G1/128									
16QAM R5/6 G1/128									
64QAM R1/2 G1/128									
64QAM R3/5 G1/128									
64QAM R2/3 G1/128									
64QAM R3/4 G1/128									
64QAM R4/5 G1/128									
64QAM R5/6 G1/128									
256QAM R1/2 G1/128									
256QAM R3/5 G1/128									
256QAM R2/3 G1/128									
256QAM R3/4 G1/128									
256QAM R4/5 G1/128									
256QAM R5/6 G1/128									

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

FFT Signal bandwidth	8k normal 1.7 MHz								k norma 8 MHz	l						
Center frequency [MHz]	206.352	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel Id	9C	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41
256QAM R2/3 G1/8																
256QAM R2/3 G1/128																

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.



Test Case	Task 3:58 DVB-T2: Performance: Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on 0dB echo channel
G (N. B. W. G. 124104
Requirement	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4 The NorDig IRD shall provide QEF reception for the minimum signal levels (P _{min}) for the supported frequency range as stated below (at 290K). For 7 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T/T2 signal: P _{min} = -105.7 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 8 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T/T2 signal: P _{min} = -105.2 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 1.7 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -112.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 7 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -105.7 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 8 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -105.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 1.7 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -112.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the sensitivity of the receiver on frequency selective channel. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T2 Fading simulator generator converter Power meter
	The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.4) 0dB echo.
	Be careful in impedance matching of cables, adapters and etc.
	The 0dB echo profile must be activated when measuring the power level of the signal.
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.
	Test procedure for the sensitivity on the frequency selective channel:
	Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.
	 Set up the test instruments Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, R2/3, GI1/128} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Set the up-converter to frequency 666.0 MHz (K45).





- 4. Set the fading simulator to 0dB echo profile. (Delay 1.95us, 0 degree phase at channel center and attenuation 0dB for the second path.)
- 5. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables.
- 6. Measure the input level to the attenuator.
- 7. Calculate the receiver input signal level.
- 8. Increase the received input level from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 9. Fill in the measured value in the measurement record.
- 10. Verify that the channel search founds the services on measured minimum input signal level.
- 11. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes with signal bandwidth of 8MHz and 7MHz on the measurement record. DVB-T2 modes with 7MHz signal bandwidth are tested on center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 12. Optionally, repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes with signal bandwidth of 1.7MHz on the measurement record. DVB-T2 mode with 1.7MHz signal bandwidth is tested on center frequency 206.352 MHz (9C).

Expected result:

Required minimum signal level shall be equal or lower in dBm than specified in Table 2.8, Table 2.9, Table 2.10 and Table 2.11 on measured frequencies, DVB-T2 modes and signal bandwidths for all echo delays.

If signal bandwidth 1.7MHz is supported, the required minimum signal level shall be equal or lower in dBm than specified in table 2.8 on measured frequency and for DVB-T2 mode.

Test result(s)

		P [dBm]										
DVB-T2 mode /												
0dB echo [μs]	10	26	112.1	133	152	212	224	253	256	289	426	486
32KE 256QAM PP7												
R2/3 G1/128 8MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP4												
R2/3 G1/16 8MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP4												
R3/5 G19/256												
8MHz												
32KN 256QAM PP4												
R2/3 G19/256												
7MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP2												
R3/4 G1/8 8MHz												
32KN 256QAM PP2												
R3/4 G1/8 7MHz												

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

		dBm	
DVB-T2 mode / OdB echo [µs]	10	263	527
8KN 256QAMR PP2 R2/3 G1/8 1.7MHz			

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information



Date	Sign	

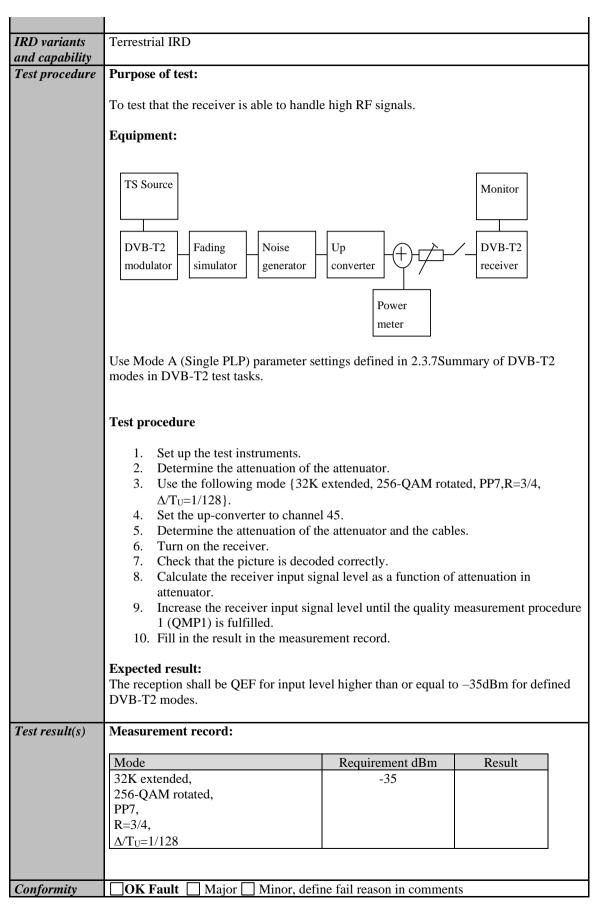
Test Case	Task 3:59 DVB-T2: Performance: Receiver noise figure on Gaussian channel										
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4										
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have a noise figure (NF) for supported frequency ranges equal or better than the values specified in Table 3.12.										
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD										
Test procedure	Purpose of test:										
	To calculate the noise figure of the receiver for gaussian channel.										
	Equipment:										
	No equipment needed.										
	Test procedure for evaluation of the receiver noise figure:										
	Determine the minimum carrier levels C_{min} for the gaussian channel measured in Task 3:58 (DVB-T2: Performance - Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on Gaussian channel).										
	Determine the required C/N_{min} for the gaussian channel measured in in Task 3:56 Task 3:57 (DVB-T2: Performance - C/N performance on Gaussian channel).										
	Calculate the noise figure NF[dB] for the supported frequencies using the formulas										
	For 8MHz extended DVB-T2 signal: NF[dB] = N + 105.1dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.1dBm										
	For 8MHz normal DVB-T2 signal: NF[dB] = N + 105.2dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.2dBm										
	For 7MHz normal DVB-T2 signal: NF[dB] = N + 105.7dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.7dBm										
	For 1.7MHz normal DVB-T2 signal: NF[dB] = N + 112.1dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.7dBm										
	Expected result: The noise figure is less than or equal to table 3.12 (1)										
Test result(s)	Measurement record:										
	Frequency 177.5 198.5 226.5										
	Channel id K5 K8 K12										
	FFTSignal bandwidth 32k normal										
	7MHz										
	Mode NF [dB]										
	256QAM R3/5										
	256QAM R2/3										



	1												
		47.4	0 50	2 0	570	0 6	10.0		0 60	0.0			
	Frequency	474.			570.		18.0	666.		0.0			
	Channel id	K21	l K.	27	K33	5 1	C 39	K45	K	48			
	FFT												
	Signal bandwidth												
	Mode			1		- 1							
	256QAM R3/5												
	256QAM												
	R2/3												
	Table 1. Mano	lotom	, fragu	anaid	o ond	ciano	1 hono	luuidth	a to a	ınnort			
	Table 1. Mail	iatory	nequ	ciicic	s and	signa	i Danc	ıwıdııı	s to st	ipport.			
	Frequency			2	06.352	2							
	Channel id				9C								
	FFT			8k	norm	al							
	Signal bandw	vidth		1.	7MH	Z							
	Mode			N	F [dB]							
	256QAM R2	/3											
			•										
	Frequency		114.0	11	4.5	170.0	17	0.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	0	226.5
	Channel id		D1	S	32	D8	S	10	K5	D9	D15	i	K12
	FFT						,	32k no	rmal				
	Signal							8M					
	bandwidth												
	Mode			1			1	NF [dB]	1			
	256QAM R2	/3											
	-	ı	222.5	1 22	4.0	2065	200	0 0	260	20.50	1660	1	
	Frequency		233.5	+		296.5	298		06.0	386.0	466.0		
	Channel id		S11	D	16	S20	D2	4 5	521	S31	S41		
	FFT					3	2k no	rmal					
	Signal						8MI	Hz					
	bandwidth Mode						NIC L	1D1					
	256QAM R2	/3		1			NF [c	ip]					
	Table 2. Option		roguen	oios :	and ci	anol k	ondw	idthe t	0 61101	aort		j	
	Table 2. Optic	mai i	requen	CIES	anu si	igiiai t	anuw	iuuis t	o sup	port.			
Conformity	OK Fault	П	1aior [ПМ	inor.	define	fail re	eason	in con	nments			
Comments	If possible des										ES N	o	
	Describe more												
		1											
Date							Si	gn					

Test Case	Task 3:60 DVB-T2: Performance: Maximum Receiver Signal Input Levels
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.5
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide QEF reception for DVB-T and DVB-T2 signals up to a level of -35dBm . The DVB-T signal input level is valid for the modes $\{8\text{K}, 64\text{-QAM}, \text{R}=2/3, \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/8\}, \{8\text{K}, 64\text{-QAM}, \text{R}=2/3, \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/4\} \text{ and } \{8\text{K}, 64\text{-QAM}, \text{R}=3/4, \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/4\}.$ The DVB-T2 signal input level is valid for the modes shown in NorDig Specification (1).









Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YESNO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:61 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "digital" signals in Other Channels								
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.6								
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering DVB-T or DVB-T2 signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in the NorDig Specification (1) while maintaining QEF reception. The requirements in this paragraph refer, for DVB-T, to the modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/8\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/4\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/4\}$ and for DVB-T2 to the modes given in NorDig Specification.								
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD								
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the QEF reception for digtal signal interference on adjacent or other channels. Equipment: Spectruma nalyser Channel A TS Source DVB-T2 Monitor (wanted) ATT C TS Source TS DVB-T/T2 Monitor (wanted) Verify that the digital signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the wanted digital TV signal. Worst case is when wanted and interference signals are DVB-T2 modulated in extended carrier mode in adjacent channels. This test can be performed using DVB-T modulated interferer, because the performance difference is expected to be neglible. When using DVB-T modulated interferer, signal bandwidth of the DVB-T modulated signal must be selected according to frequency range, except for the signal bandwidth 1.7MHz, which is not supported in the DVB-T system. Many of the European countries are going to free channel 61 and upwards to other types of services than TV. In this test a DVB-T interferer is used on channels over 60 in order to measure the interference from DVB-T system for comparison reasons.								



Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256-QAM rotated, PP4, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/16$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the channel A up-converter to 666.0MHz (K45).
- 4. Set the channel B up-converter to 674.0MHz (K46).
- 5. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T2 signal in channel B to -20 dBm.
- 6. Decrease the DVB-T2 signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is still fulfilled.
- 7. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.
- 8. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 658.0 MHz (K44), 650.0 MHz (K43), 682.0 MHz (K47).
- 9. Repeat the test according to procedure above for the image channel ¹⁾. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T2 signal in channel B to –20dBm.
- 10. Change the signal bandwidth to 7MHz.
- 11. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K normal, 256-QAM rotated, R=3/4, $PP2,\Delta/T_U=1/8$ } and signal bandwidth 7MHz.
- 12. Set the channel A up-converter to frequency 198.5 MHz (K8).
- 13. Set the channel B up-converter to frequency 205.5 MHz (K9).
- 14. Set the receiver input level of the DVB-T2 signal in channel B to -20dBm.
- 15. Decrease the DVB-T2 signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 16. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.
- 17. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 191.5 MHz (K7), 184.5 MHz (K6) and 212.5 MHz (K10).
- 18. If receiver supports optional frequency ranges and signal bandwidths, repeat the test for the optional frequencies and signal bandwidths. Set channel A to frequency X MHz and channel B to frequency X+1*bandwidth, then repeat with channel B to frequency X-1*bandwidth, then X-2*bandwidth and last X+2*bandwidth.

For 1.7MHz DVB-T2 signal use DVB-T2 mode {8K normal, 64QAM, R=2/3, PP2, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$ } corresponding signal bandwidth 1.535 MHz.

 $^{1)}$ Example: if intermediate frequency IF is 36.15MHz, the image channel is calculated for channel 45 as 666MHz + 2 * 36.15MHz = 738.3MHz which is close to channel 54.

Expected result:

The wanted DVB-T2 signal shall be QEF for the interference signal levels specified for DVB-T2 modes, signal bandwidths and supported frequencies.

Test result(s) M

Measurement record:

	7 M	IHz signa	al bandw	idth
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	184.5	191.5	205.5	212.5
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	K6	K7	K9	K10
32K normal,				
256-QAM rotated,				
PP2				
R=3/4,				
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/8$				

Table 1. Mandatory VHF Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support



	8 MHz signal bandwidth				
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	650.0	658.0	674.0	682.0	738.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	K43	K44	K46	K47	K54
32K extended,					
256-QAM rotated,					
PP4,					
R=2/3,					
$\Delta/T_U = 1/16$					

Table 2. Mandatory UHF Band IV/V frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth				
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	770.0	778.0	794.0	802.0	810.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	K58	K59	K61	K62	K63
32K extended,					
256-QAM rotated,					
PP4,					
R=2/3,					
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$					

Table 3. Optional UHF Band IV/V frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	7 MHz signal bandwidth				
Center frequency [MHz]	128.5 135.5 149.5 156				
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id S4		S5	S7	S8	
32K normal,					
256-QAM rotated,					
PP2,					
$R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/8$					

Table 4. Optional VHF S Band I frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

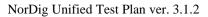
	8 MHz signal bandwidth					
Center frequency [MHz]	122.0 130.0 146.0 154.0					
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id D2 D3 D5		D6				
32K extended,						
256-QAM rotated,						
PP4,						
R=2/3,						
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$						

Table 5. Optional VHF S Band I frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth					
Center frequency [MHz]	186.0 194.0 210.0 218.0					
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	D10	D11	D13	D14		
32K extended,						
256-QAM rotated,	rotated,					
PP4						
R=2/3,						
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$						

Table 6. Optional VHF Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	7 N	7 MHz signal bandwidth				
Center frequency [MHz]	247.5	247.5 254.5 268.5 275.5				
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	S13	S13 S14 S16 S17				
32K normal,						
256-QAM rotated,						
PP2						





	R=3/4,				
	$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/8$				
	Table 7. Optional VHF S Band II frequen	cies and s	ignal bandv	vidth to su	ıpport
		0.3.6		1 111	1
			Hz signal ba		202.0
	Center frequency [MHz]	250			282.0
	DVB-T2 mode / Channel id 32K extended,	D1	8 D19	D21	D22
	256-QAM rotated,				
	PP4				
	R=2/3,				
	$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$				
	Table 8. Optional VHF S Band II frequen	cies and s	ignal bandy	width to su	ipport
	1		8		rr
			8 MHz sign	al bandwie	dth
	Center frequency [MHz]	370	.0 378.0	394.0	402.0
	DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	S29	9 S30	S32	S33
	32K extended,				
	256-QAM rotated,				
	PP4				
	R=2/3,				
	$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$				
	Table 9. Optional UHF S Band III freque	ncies and	signal band	width to s	upport
		1	.7 MHz sig	nal handu	yidth
	Center frequency [MHz]	202.928		208.064	
	DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	9A	9B	9D	10A
	8K normal,	711	,,2	,,2	1011
	256-QAM rotated,				
	PP2,				
	R=2/3,				
	$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/8$				
	Table 10. Optional VHF Band III frequen	ncies and s	ignal bandv	width to su	ıpport
G 0 1		0.11			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define				laro.
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed w		-	YES	JNO
	Describe more specific faults and/or othe	r informat	10n		
Date		Sign			
Test Case	Task 3:62 DVB-T2: Performance: In	nmunity	to "LTE 7	00 MHz"	signals in
	Other Channels				
~ .					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.7.3	1 11 6		1.6	
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD and IRD-T2 s				
	permit an interfering 4G (LTE) "700MHz				
	level ratio (I/C) as stated in the Table 3.1	/ while m	amiaming (ZEL Lecebi	uon.
	The power of the interfering LTE signal,	hoth BS a	nd UE, vari	es with a t	traffic load a
	I The power of the interfering LTL signal,	com Do a	na on, van	.co williat	marrie road a

traffic type. The signal power of the LTE signal is defined as the power during the active part of the time varying LTE signal, referred to as the licensed power level (I).



The I/C values shall (1) be fulfilled for LTE signals with traffic loads from 0% to 100 % (BS) and for traffic loads from low bit rate to high bit rate (UE). Low traffic loads can be the most demanding ones. The minimum I/C requirement shall be fulfilled for interfering licensed power level signal levels in the range of -25 dBm in case of UE signals and -15dBm in case of BS signals defined as licensed power of interfering signal, at the input of the IRD.

The requirements in this paragraph refer,

for DVB-T, to following modes {FFT size, modulation, code rate, guard interval, bandwidth};

 $\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu = 1/8, 8MHz\}$ and

 $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu = 1/4, 8MHz\}$ and

 $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/Tu = 1/4, 8MHz\}$ and

and for DVB-T2 to the modes {FFT size, modulation, pilot pattern, code rate, guard interval, bandwidth}

 $\{32KE, 256\text{-QAM R}, PP4, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu =1/16, 8MHz\}$

 $\{32KE, 256\text{-QAM R}, PP4, R=3/5, \Delta/Tu=19/256, 8MHz\}$

 $\{32KN, 256\text{-QAM R}, PP4, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu = 19/256, 7MHz\}$

IRD variants and capability

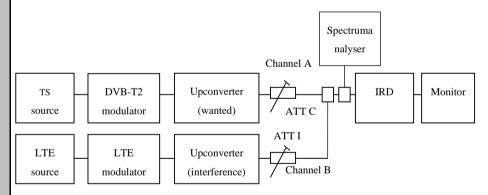
Terrestrial IRD

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the QEF reception for LTE 700 MHz signal interference on adjacent or other channels.

Equipment:



Verify that the interfering LTE signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the wanted digital TV signal.

From IRD point of view most demanding LTE signal might be that with low traffic load.

The LTE transmission is generated by using following LTE signal characteristics: BS 0% traffic load (LTE_BS-idle_V3_synth.wv)

UE Video stream traffic (short_UE-Video-Stream_V2.wv)

Files in I/Q file format specified above are available on the ETSI website http://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi_en/303300_303399/303340/01.01.02_60/en_303340v01 0102p0.zip

or if not available, they can be found on the NorDig homepage.



Use Mode A (Single PLP) and L_f parameter settings defined in Table 2.17. **Test procedure:** Set up the test instruments Use the following DVB-T2 mode $\{32KE, 256\text{-QAM R}, PP4, R=2/3, G=1/16,$ 3. Set the channel A up-converter to 690.0MHz (K48). 4. Set the channel B up-converter to 708.0MHz. 5. Set the LTE interferer to UE Video traffic mode. 6. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -25 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the large power fluctuations in the signal will be -42.7 dBm.) 7. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled. 8. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record. 9. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 718.0 MHz, 728.0 MHz. 10. Set the channel B up-converter to 763.0MHz. 11. Set the LTE interefer to BS 0% traffic load mode. 12. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -15 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the power fluctuations in the signal will be -23.3 dBm.) 13. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled. 14. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record. 15. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 773.0 MHz, 783.0 MHz. 16. Repeat the test for the DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, G=19/256, 8MHz. **Expected result:** The wanted DVB-T2 signal shall be QEF for the interference signal levels as specified. Test result(s) **Measurement record:** I/C [dB] 708.0 718.0 728.0 Interferer centre frequency [MHz] 32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, $\Delta/Tu = 1/16$, 8MHz32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, $\Delta/Tu = 19/256$, 8MHz Table 1. UE Video stream traffic interferer I/C [dB] 763.0 783.0 Interferer centre frequency [MHz] 773.0 32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, $\Delta/Tu = 1/16$, 8MHz 32KE, 256-OAM R, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/Tu =19/256, 8MHz Table 2. BS 0% traffic load interferer **Conformity** OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments **Comments** If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO





	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:63 DVB-T2: Performance: Performance in Time-Varying Channels					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.8					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to operate with all signal time variations that naturally exist in connection with fixed roof-top reception (e.g. mast sway, antenna sway) and inhouse portable reception (e.g. people walking around the receiving antenna). None of the above mentioned performance parameters should be significantly negatively affected when such channel time variations exist. The increase in required C/N for QEF reception shall be less than 3 dB for a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 20 Hz and a delay of 20 μs, corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 10 Hz (after AFC), compared to a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 1 Hz and a delay of 20 μs, corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 0.5 Hz (after AFC). The requirements in this paragraph refer for DVB-T to the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/4}. The increase in required C/N for QEF reception shall be less than 3 dB for a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 10 Hz and a delay of 20 μs, corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 5 Hz (after AFC), compared to a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 1 Hz and a delay of 20 μs, corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 0.5 Hz (after AFC). The requirement in this paragraph refer for DVB-T to the mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu =1/4} and for DVB-T2 to the modes given in the measurement record below. For 1.7 MHz these DVB-T2 modes apply as well, except that the FFT size is 8K.					
IDD .	m (11mb					
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:					
	To verify the reception on a channel where time variations exists.					
	1.7MHz BW DVB-T2 modes are optional to test.					
	Equipment:					
	TS Source Monitor					
	The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5). This is valid for 0Hz doppler shift.					



Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode: {32K extended, 256-QAM rotated, R=3/4, Δ/T_U =1/128}.
- 3. Use channel K45 (666MHz).
- 4. Configure path 1 to type of static, attenuation 0dB, delay 0µs.
- 5. Configure path 2 to type of pure Doppler, attenuation 0dB, delay 20µs and frequency separation to 0Hz.
- 6. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
- 7. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 8. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record.
- 9. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequency separation values in the measurement record. Be careful of value which is configured in fading simulator. It can be speed, Doppler or frequency separation.
- 10. Fill the C/N result in the measurement record.
- 11. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes in measurement record.

Expected result:

For the DVB-T2 modes the increase in the required C/N shall be less than 3dB for 0dB 20µs echo from frequency separation 1Hz to 10Hz.

Test result(s) Measurement record:

Mode	0dB echo delay [µs]	Frequency separation [Hz]	C/N [dB]
32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	0Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	1Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	5Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	10Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/T _U =19/256, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	0Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/T _U =19/256, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	1Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/T _U =19/256, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	5Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/T _U =19/256, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	10Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/16, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	0Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/16, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	1Hz	
32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/16, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	5Hz	

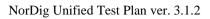


	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/16, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	10Hz	
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =19/256, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	0Hz	
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =19/256, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	1Hz	
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =19/256, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	5Hz	
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =19/256, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	10Hz	
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	0Hz	
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	1Hz	
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	5Hz	
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	10Hz	
	Table 1. Mandatory DVB-T2 modes		1	
	8K normal,256QAM, PP2, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8, 1.7MHz, 206.352MHz	20μs	0Hz	
	8K normal,256QAM, PP2, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8, 1.7MHz, 206.352MHz	20μs	1Hz	
	8K normal,256QAM, PP2, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8, 1.7MHz, 206.352MHz	20μs	5Hz	
	8K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8, 1.7MHz, 206.352MHz	20μs	10Hz	
	Table 2. Optional DVB-T2 modes			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail rea	son in comm	ents	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with softy Describe more specific faults and/or other inform.	ware update:		
Date	Sigi	n		

Test Case	Task 3:64 DVB-T2: Performance: Synchronisation for varying echo power levels in SFN
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.9
Requirement	For the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu=1/8}, {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu=1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu=1/4}, the required C/N value, specified in table 3.18 of the NorDig specification, for QEFreception shall be obtained when the channel contains two paths with relative delay from 1.95 μ s up to 0.95 times guard interval length and the relative power levels of the two paths are dynamically varying including 0dB echo level crossing. The C/N value is defined at 0 dB level crossing. For the DVB-T2 modes given in Table 3.94, the required C/N value, specified in table 3.19 of the NorDig Specification, for QEF reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two paths with relative delay from 1.95 μ s up to 0.95 times guard interval



	length and the relative power levels of the two paths are dynamically varying including 0dB echo level crossing. The C/N value is defined at 0 dB level crossing.
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD
and capability Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronisation when the amplitude of the echo compared to the amplitude of the direct signal varies in a function of time. 1.7 MHz DVB-T2 modes not tested.
	Equipment:
	TS Source DVB-T2 Fading Noise generator Power meter The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5).
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.
	Test procedure for variations of the echo attenuation in a function of time:
	Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.
	 Set up the test instruments. Use the following mode 32K extended, 256QAM, PP7 R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/128, 8 MHz. Use channel K45 (666MHz). Open the switch.
	 Configure the first path signal (direct) with following parameters: 0dB attenuation and 0μs delay. Configure the second path signal (1st echo) with following parameters: 0dB attenuation and first delay value from the measurement record. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Configure the third path signal (2nd echo) with following parameters: 1dB attenuation and delay same as for the second path and 0.1Hz frequency
	separation. 9. Close the switch. 10. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. 11. Fill in the measured required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.





	12. Repeat the following the signal to the 13. Repeat the channel K8 Expected result: The IRD shall maint varies in a function of table 3.19.	he proe rece test for (198) tain the	oceduciver sor the .5MF	re abo shall be rest or Iz) tor	ve. Bee disconfithe Determined	etwee onned OVB- VB-T	n charet. T2 mc T2 moc	nge of odes in des wi	the ed n meas th sig	cho de surem nal ba ude of	ent re ndwic	RF inpocent of the cord. It is a second of the condition	ut Use IHz. gnal
Test result(s)	Measurement recor	rd:											
							C/N	[dB]					
	DVB-T2 mode /						C/1 \	լասյ					
	0dB echo [µs]	10	26	112.1	133	152	212	224	253	256	289	426	486
	32KE 256QAM PP7												
	R2/3 G1/128 8MHz												
	32KE 256QAM PP4												
	R2/3 G1/16 8MHz												
	32KE 256QAM PP4 R3/5 G19/256												
	8MHz												
	32KN 256QAM PP4												
	R2/3 G19/256												
	7MHz												
	32KE 256QAM PP2												
	R3/4 G1/8 8MHz												
	32KN 256QAM PP2 R3/4 G1/8 7MHz												
	K3/4 O1/6 /WIIIZ												
Conformity	OK Fault Ma	ajor [Mi	nor, de	efine f	ail re	ason i	n com	ments	S			
Comments	If possible describe	if fau	lt can	be fix	ed wit	h sof	tware	updat	e: 🔲 `	YES	NO		
	Describe more speci	fic fa	ults a	nd/or o	other i	nforn	nation	•					
	_												
								ı					
Date						Sig	gn						

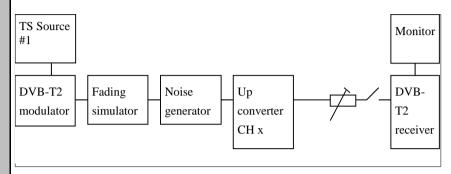
Test Case	Task 3:65 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN for more than one echo
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.10
Requirement	If there exists one or more FFT window positions for the time synchronisation that will give an aggregate available $C/(N+I)$ larger than or equal to the required EPT (Effective Protection Target), the NorDig IRD shall be able to find one of these positions, independently of echo profile. The NorDig IRD shall also be able to correctly equalise the signal for echoes up to $57/64~(\approx 89.1\%)$ of the Nyquist time (TU/Dx) for the scattered pilots (after time interpolation) for a particular FFT size, pilot pattern and RF bandwidth. (Interval of correct equalisation), independently of the echo profile.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



To verify the SFN synchronization of the receiver when two echo signals are present.

1.7 MHz DVB-T2 modes not tested.

Equipment:



The 0 degree at channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5).

Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.

1.7MHz signal BW DVB-T2 modes are tested on 206.352MHz (9C) 7MHz signal BW DVB-T2 modes are tested on 198.5MHz (K8) 8MHz signal BW DVB-T2 modes are tested on 666MHz (K45),

Test procedure:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode 32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/16 and signal bandwidth 8MHz and center frequency 666MHz (K45).
- 3. Open the switch.
- Conifigure one path of the channel simulator to have a 0dB attenuation, 0μs delay and 0 degree phase.
- 5. Configure the second path of the channel simulator to have relative delay difference –100.1µs and attenuation 21dB (pre echo) and 0 degree phase.
- 6. Configure the third path of the channel simulator to have relative delay difference +100.0µs and attenuation 15 dB (post echo) and 0 degree phase.
- 7. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
- 8. Close the switch.
- 9. Increase the required C/N value from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 10. Fill in the required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 11. Measure the rest of the required C/N values starting at the bottom of the table and upward.
- 12. Fill in the results in the measurement record. During the change of the delay and the attenuation, the input RF signal to receiver shall be disconnected.
- 13. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes.

Expected result:

The IRD shall synchronize in all combinations defined in measurement record and the required C/N value shall not exceed the required C/N defined for profile 2: 0dB echo in table 2.4 (PP2) and table 2.5 (PP4).

Test result(s)





	k extended $\Delta T_U=1/16$,					
	n path		echo	Post	t echo	C/N [dB]
Att	Delay	Att	Delay	Att	Delay	
[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	
0	0	0	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	18	100	
0	0	21	-100.1	21	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	18	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	21	100	
0	0	0	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	21	-100.1	15	100	

	k extended $3/5 \Delta/T_U=1$	9/256, 8N				
Mai	1=666 n path	6MHz Pre	echo	Pos	t echo	C/N [dB]
Att	Delay	Att	Delay	Att	Delay	C/TY[GD]
[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	
0	0	0	-120.1	0	+120.0	
0	0	3	-120.1	3	+120.0	
0	0	6	-120.1	6	+120.0	
0	0	9	-120.1	9	+120.0	
0	0	12	-120.1	12	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	15	+120.0	
0	0	18	-120.1	18	+120.0	





0	0	21	-120.1	21	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	0	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	3	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	6	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	9	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	12	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	18	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	21	+120.0	
0	0	0	-120.1	15	+120.0	
0	0	3	-120.1	15	+120.0	
0	0	6	-120.1	15	+120.0	
0	0	9	-120.1	15	+120.0	
0	0	12	-120.1	15	+120.0	
0	0	15	-120.1	15	+120.0	
0	0	18	-120.1	15	+120.0	
0	0	21	-120.1	15	+120.0	

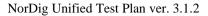
	2k normal 2	~				
	$\Delta/T_U=1/8, 7$ n path		98.5MHz echo	Peg	t echo	C/N [dD]
	T .					C/N [dB]
Att	Delay	Att	Delay	Att	Delay	
[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	
0	0	0	-243.1	0	+243.0	
0	0	3	-243.1	3	+243.0	
0	0	6	-243.1	6	+243.0	
0	0	9	-243.1	9	+243.0	
0	0	12	-243.1	12	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	18	-243.1	18	+243.0	
0	0	21	-243.1	21	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	0	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	3	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	6	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	9	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	12	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	18	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	21	+243.0	
0	0	0	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	3	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	6	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	9	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	12	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	18	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	21	-243.1	15	+243.0	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \[\textstyre{\textstyr
Date	Sign

Date		Sign							
Test Case	Task 3:66 DVB-T2: Performance: C guard interval	/(N+I) Performance in SFN inside the							
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.10								
Requirement	For the DVB-T2 modes shown in Table 3.9 (1), the required C/N value for profile 2 specified in (1)) for QEF reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two static paths with relative delay from 1.95µs up to 0.95 times guard interval length, independently of the relative amplitudes and phases of the two paths. For 1.7 MHz these DVB-T2 modes apply as well, except that the FFT size is 8K. For specific echo attenuation, the required C/N shall not be more than 1 dB higher compared to the median value when calculated for the required C/N values over the echo delays from 1.95 µs up to 0.95 times guard interval length.								
IDD : (m								
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD								
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the required C/N for echoes in S Equipment:	SFN inside the guard interval.							
	TS Source #1 DVB-T2 Fading Noise generator Common DVB-T2 parameters in this test	Up converter CH x DVB-T2 receiver							
	Constellation rotation	Yes							
	PAPR SISO/MISO	L1-ACE & TR PAPR SISO							
	FEC Frame length	64800							
	Input mode	Mode A							
	TFS	No							
	Mode	HEM (high efficiency mode)							





FEF	Not used
Auxiliary streams	Not used

The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5).

Test procedure for required C/N in SFN for echoes inside guard interval:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, $\Delta T_U=1/16$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the up-converter to center frequency 666MHz (K45).
- 4. Open the switch.
- 5. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm for the wanted signal.
- 6. Set the channel simulator relative delay difference to 1.95 us for the echo signal.
- 7. Set the channel simulator relative attenuation level to 0 dB for the echo signal.
- 8. Set C/N to such a ratio that receiver is unlocked state and reception is not possible.
- 9. Close the switch.
- 10. Increase the C/N value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 11. Fill in the required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 12. Measure the rest of the required C/N values for the negative and positive 0dB echoes. Fill in the results in the measurement record. During the change of the delay the input RF signal shall be disconnected.
- 13. Test the rest of the combinations (not marked grey) of the relative delays and attenuation levels. The delay of the echo is maintained constant when the change of the attenuation from 21dB to 1dB is done. Find the required C/N value when the reception still fulfils the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). During the change of the delay and attenuation level the input RF signal shall be disconnected.
- 14. Continue test from step 4 by repeating the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes and signal bandwidth 8MHz in measurement record.
- 15. Set the up-converter to center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 16. Continue test from step 4 by repeating the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes and signal bandwidth 7MHz in measurement record.

Expected result:

The IRD shall synchronize in all echo attenuation and delay combinations except the longest values according to below:

32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ /T_U=1/16, 8MHz: -220 μ s and 220 μ s 32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ /T_U=19/256, 8MHz: -266 μ s and 266 μ s 32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ /T_U=1/8, 8MHz: -448 μ s and 448 μ s 32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ /T_U=19/256, 7MHz: -304 μ s and +304 μ s 32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ /T_U=1/8, 7MHz: -500 μ s and +500 μ s

The required C/N value for 0dB echo shall not be higher than defined in table 2.4 (PP2) and table 2.5 (PP4).

The required C/N for a specific echo amplitude shall not be more than 1 dB higher compared to the median value when calculated for the required C/N values over the echo lengths from 1.95 μ s up to 0.95 times guard interval length.

Test result(s)





32k	1.95	ded 25	28	56	R=2/3 A	$\frac{\Delta T_{U}=1}{112.1}$	16, 8N	1Hz 150	170	190	212	220
/us	1.95	10	28	36	90	112.1	130	150	170	190	212	220
0												
1												
2												
3												
5												
6												
7												
8 9												
10												
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150	105	40	20		0.0	1121	100	1.50	150	100	212	20
dB /us	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-90	-112.1	-130	-150	-170	-190	-212	-22
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dB /us	1.95	10	25	33	50	66	133	150	170	190	253	260
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170	1.05	10	2.5	22	5 0		100	4.50	450	100	2.52	2
	-1.95	-10	-25	-33	-50	-66	-133	-150	-170	-190	-253	-266
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20 21	exten	ded 25	60AM	PP2 R	=3/4 Δ	/T _U =1/	8, 8MF	Ηz				
20 21 32k	exten	ded 25	6QAM	PP2 R	=3/4 Δ	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI	Iz	384	400	426	448
20 21 32k dB	exten 1.95	ded 25	6 QAM	PP2 R	= 3/4 Δ	/ T _U = 1 /	8, 8MI 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
20 21 32k dB /us	exten 1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 Δ	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
20 21 32k dB	extende 1.95	ded 25	6 QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MH 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
20 21 32k dB /us	exten 1.95	ded 25	6 QAM 28	PP2 R	z= 3/4 Δ	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
20 21 32k dB /us 0	exten	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1	exten 1.95	ded 25	6 QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3	exten 1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 \(\Delta\)	/ T _U = 1 /	8, 8MI 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4	exten 1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 <u>\(\Delta\)</u>	/T _U =1/	8, 8MF 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Iz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4	exten 1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 <u>\(\Delta\)</u> 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MF 224	Iz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	exten 1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 <u>\(\Delta\)</u> 70	/T _U =1/	224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	exten 1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8ME 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R 56	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32kd dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 8 9	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R 56	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MF 224	Iz 320	384	400	426	448
20 21 32kd dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	56 56	= 3/4 <u>\(\Delta\)</u> 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Iz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	56 56	= 3/4 <u>\(\Delta\)</u> 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MF 224	Iz 320	384	400	426	448
20 21 32kd dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R 56	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MF 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R 56	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MF 224	Hz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R 56	= 3/4 Δ 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Iz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	PP2 R 56	= 3/4 <u>\(\Delta\)</u> 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI 224	Iz 320	384	400	426	448
32k dB /us 0 1 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13	extending 1.95	ded 25	6QAM 28	56 56	= 3/4 <u>\(\Delta\)</u> 70	/T _U =1/	8, 8MF 224	Iz 320	384	400	426	448





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21												
dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-70	-112	-224	-320	-384	-400	-426	-448
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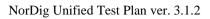
321	K norm	ial, 256	QAM,	PP4, I	R=2/3, A	$\Delta / T_{\rm U} = 1$	19/256,	7MHz	;
dB	1.95	10	28	76	128	152	256	289	304
/us									
0									
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dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-76	-128	-152	-256	-289	-304
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32H	C norm	ial, 256	QAM,	PP2, I	R = 3/4,	$\Delta/T_U=1$	1/8, 7M	Hz				
dB	1.95	10	28	56	128	170	256	320	384	416	486	500
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dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-128	-170	-256	-320	-384	416	-486	-500
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Conformity	OK Fault] Major [Mino	or, defi	ne fail	reason	in com	ments			
Comments	If possible descr Describe more s							:: ∏YI	ES N	О	
Date					6	Sign					

Date		Sign
Buit		8.8.4
Test Case	Task 3:67 DVB-T2: Performance: C guard interval	/(N+I) Performance in SFN outside the
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.10	
Requirement	give an aggregate available C/(N+I) larger Protection Target), the terrestrial NorDig positions, independently of echo profile. Correctly equalise the signal (referred to a echo range (i.e. distance from first to last time (TU/Dx) for the scattered pilots (after pilot pattern and RF bandwidth independent For echoes outside the guard interval, for be possible with echo levels up to the value.	The terrestrial NorDig IRD shall also be able to as Interval of correct qualization, TF) for an echo) up to 57/64 (≈89.1%) of the Nyquist er time interpolation) for a particular FFT size, ently of the echo profile. 8 MHz DVB-T2 signal, QEF reception shall ues defined in Table 3.22.
IRD variants	Terrestrial IRD	
and capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronisation in SFR Equipment: TS Source #1 DVB-T2 Fading Noise generator Common DVB-T2 parameters in this test	Up Converter CH x DVB-T2 receiver
	Constellation rotation	Yes
	PAPR	L1-ACE & TR PAPR
	SISO/MISO	SISO
	FEC Frame length	64800
	Input mode	Mode A





TFS	No
Mode	HEM (high efficiency mode)
FEF	Not used
Auxiliary streams	Not used

Test procedure for evaluation of synchronization for echoes outside the guard interval:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following mode {32K, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ /T_U=1/16} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Open the switch.
- 4. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm for the wanted signal.
- 5. Set the channel simulator relative delay difference to 260µs for the echo signal.
- 6. Close the switch.
- 7. Increase the echo attenuation from low value to higher value until quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 8. Fill in echo attenuation result in dB in the measurement record.
- 9. Repeat the test the rest of the combinations of the relative delays and attenuation levels defined in measurement record. Open the switch before changing the delay and attenuation level.
- 10. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes in the measurement record for the signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 11. Set the up-converter to center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 12. Follow the test procedure and repeat the test for the 7 MHz signal bandwidth and DVB-T2 modes defined in the measurement record according to procedure above.

Expected result:

All the echo attenuation values shall be equal or lower compared to NorDig Unified values in tables 3.22 and 3.23.



result(s) Measurement record:						
7 MHz signal ba	ndwid	th				
DVB-T2 mode			ho del	lav [usl	
	-298		-215			135
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI=1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/32						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/32						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/32						
		Ec	ho del	lay [μs]	
	298	266	215			135
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/32						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/32						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/32						
, , , , ,	•	l.				'
7 MHz signal ba	ndwid	th				
DVB-T2 mode			ho del	lay [μs]	
	-608	-512			- 1	266
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=3/5, GI=1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
		Ecl	ho del	lav [usl	
	608	512	400	29		266
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=3/5, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
8 MHz signal ba	ndwid	th				
DVB-T2 mode		E	cho d	lelay	[µs]	
	-260	-23	30 -2	200	-150	-120
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/16						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/32						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/32						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/32						
		E	cho d	lelay	[µs]	
	260	23	0 2	200	150	120
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/16						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/32						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/32						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/32						
ty OK Fault Major Minor, define fail rea						
If possible describe if fault can be fixed with soft		ıpdate:		ES_	JNO	
Describe more specific faults and/or other inform	nation					





NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.2

Date	Sign	



2.4 Task 4: IP-Based Front-end

- Not yet available-



2.5 Task 5: MPEG2 demultiplexer

Test Case	Task 5:1 SI utilization
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall utilize the MPEG-2 Service Information as specified in Part B.
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	
Test procedure	
	Utilization of MPEG-2 Service Information shall be tested under Task 13.

Test Case	Task 5:2 CA descriptor interpretation
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall interpret the CA descriptor as defined in ETR 289.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE
Test procedure	This test is covered with tests Task 10:1, Task 10:2, Task 13:9 and Task 13:18

Test Case	Task 5:3 Maximum transport stream data rate
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1 and 3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to decode an ISO/IEC 13818-1 stream with data rates up to that include all rates that the front-end may deliver as defined in NorDig Unified chapter 3. Note: The DVB-S/S2 satellite front-end may deliver up to 80.4 Mbps after error correction.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC, all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Purpose of the test is to verify that IRD supports maximum transport stream data rate. Equipment: DVB-S/C/T DVB
	Terrestrial front-end only: Test multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 31.67 Mbit/s and carrying one or more services with video/audio content and teletext components. Test DVB-T2 multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 44.792 Mbit/s and carrying one or more services with video/audio content and teletext components. Satellite front-end only: Test DVB-T multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 72 Mbit/s and carrying one or more services with video/audio content and teletext components.



	Test DVB-S2 multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 72 Mbit/s and carrying one or more
	services with video/audio content and teletext components.
	DAYD COAY A NIL O A A A A A
	DVB-S2X satellite front-end only:
	Test DVB-S2X multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 96 Mbit/s and carrying one or
	more services with video/audio content and teletext components.
	Cable front-ends only:
	Test multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 53,45 Mbit/s and carrying one or more
	services with video/audio content and teletext components.
	solvices with video/addio content and teletext components.
	IP-front-end only:
	TBD
	Test procedure:
	This is general requirement that will be tested in front-end tests.
	Expected result:
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\bigcup YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 5:4 Number of elementary streams
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be capable to utilise at least 32 elementary streams simultaneously, which requires 32 PID filters.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify IRD's capability to utilize at least 32 elementary streams simultaneously.
	Equipment:
	The manufacturer describes his specific set-up for the test
	Test procedure:
	Due to the complexity to test the ability to handle 32 elementary streams simultaneously, this test can be difficult to fully test.
	Instead the supplier shall ensure that this requirement is met.
	If no such statement of conformance is issued, a test containing the maximum number of components used in the broadcast network should be performed. At least following amount and types of components shall be tested within a service: • Audio MPEG1 LII





	• audio AC-3,
	• video,
	EBU teletext
	DVB subtitling
	Data, e.g. DSMCC data craousel.
	In the future up to three PID's for data applications could be included.
	Note: The number simultaneously elementary streams used in the test shall be stated in the comments below.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
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D (l c:
Date	Sign
Test Case	Task 5:5 Section filtering
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide at least 32 section filters.
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify IRD's capability to utilize at least 32 sections.
	Equipment:
	The manufacturer describes his specific set-up for the test
	Test procedure:
	The stream_type 0x05 corresponds private sections. One section is 4096 bytes. Therefore, the requirement is up 32 * 4096 bytes.
	All PSI/SI data transmitted in sections. Therefore, the requirement of amount PSI/SI sections to handle is 32 * 4096 bytes.
	Expected result:
	The supplier shall ensure that this requirement is met.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
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Sign

Date



Test Case	Task 5:6 Variable Bitrate Elementary Streams
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support variable bitrate elementary streams within a constant
	bitrate transport stream (excluding audio).
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that the IRD can decode a variable bitrate video stream (statistical
	multiplexing).
	Test Equipment:
	Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:
	rest signals are created using the test sed shown selow.
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Up Converter DVB Monitor
	source Modulator Receiver Receiver
	Test signal configuration:
	T1 - 1 'com 2' o' 2' o' 1 - 11 1
	The bitrate variation range in test streams shall be e.g.:
	- 6 – 11 Mbit/s
	- 2 – 6 Mbit/s
	- 2 – 6 Mbit/s
	- 3 – 11 Mbit/s
	Took was so draws.
	Test procedure:
	The IRD is tuned to a Transport Stream that contains variable bitrate Elementary
	Streams (statistical multiplexing of video). No noise added
	IRD input level: -60 dBm
	RGB pictures displayed on a monitor is observed.
	Expected result:
	The IRD is capable of displaying an error-free picture during 5 minutes.
	The audio and video shall be muted during acquisition.
	The audio and video shall be mated daring acquisition.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 5:7 Mixture of services types
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1





Requirement	The NorDig HDTV IRD shall support a mixture of service types within the same ISO/IEC 13818-1[42] MPEG-2 transport stream (i.e. MPEG-2 SDTV service, MPEG-4 AVC SDTV and HDTV and Radio services may be multiplexed into the same transport stream). The NorDig HEVC IRD shall in addition support ISO/IEC 23008-2[82] HEVC based service types mixed with the service types mentioned above within the same ISO/IEC 13818-1[50] MPEG-2 transport stream.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC, all IRDs
and capability Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the receiver is able to decode a mixture of SD, HD and UHD services. Equipment: Transport stream(s) containing: • Digital tv SD service (0x01) with ○ MPEG-2 720x576i 25Hz video component ○ MPEG-1 Layer II audio component • Advanced codec SD digital tv service (0x16) with ○ MPEG-4 AVC 720x576i 25Hz video component ○ MPEG-4 HE.AAC v1 audio component • Advanced codec HD digital tv service (0x19) with ○ MPEG-4 AVC 1280x720p 50Hz video component • DD E-AC-3 audio component • High efficiency codec HD digital tv service (0x1F) with ○ MPEG-H HEVC 1920x1080p 50Hz video component SDR ○ AC-4 audio component. ○ MPEG-4 HE-AAC v1 audio component • High efficiency codec UHD digital tv service (0x20) with ○ MPEG-H HEVC 3840x2160p 50Hz video component HDR ○ AC-4 audio component. ○ MPEG-1 Layer II audio component • Digital radio sound service (0x02) with ○ MPEG-1 Layer II audio component • Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A) with ○ MPEG-4 HE.AAC Level 4 audio component.
	 Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A) with DD E-AC-3 audio component.
	Test procedure: Tune to the services and verify that the service is decoded correctly. Expected result: NorDig Basic IRD doesn't install HEVC services in service list and therefore doesn't decode these HEVC services.
	NorDig HEVC IRD is able to decode all services.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments





Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 5:8 Descrambler Performance
Section	NorDig Unified 4.2
Requirement	The descrambler unit is based on the common scrambling algorithm as specified by DVB, see DVB A 011 [5]. Common Scrambling Algorithms versions 2 and 3 shall (1) be implemented in the NorDig IRD. The algorithms are available from ETSI (2). See also section 9. It shall (1) be able to descramble on transport level and on PES format. The NorDig IRD shall (1) be able to process in parallel up to at least 6 different streams (either PES or transport level) with different access conditions. Data streams without access control shall be bypassed by the descrambling unit.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	This test is tested in Task 10:

Test Case	Task 5:9 System clock recovery
	,
Section	NorDig Unified 4.3
Requirement	During the system time clock (STC) acquisition audio and video shall be muted. (The transition shall be smooth and seamless when the customer changes the channel). The decoder shall be able to: •recover the STC using PCR with maximum jitter of +/- 10 μs . •track long-term variations in the frequency of the encoder's STC. For each service, the demultiplexer shall recover the source clock by extracting the associated PCR values received within the incoming multiplex and insert them into the appropriate Phase Locked Loop.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to recover system clock with PCR jitter amplitudes of +- 10 μs. Test Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD A transport stream including services with following components: • Service 1 • MPEG4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz video PID with rapid variations of the PCR values • MPEG4 HE AAC L2 audio PID



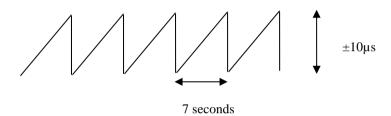




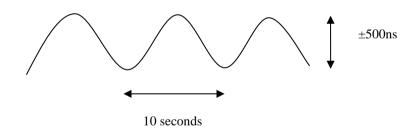
- MPEG4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz video PID with longterm variations of the PCR values
- o MPEG4 HE AAC L2 audio PID
- Service 3
 - MPEG2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz video PID with rapid variations of the PCR values
 - MPEG1 LII audio PID
- Service 4
 - MPEG2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz video PID with longterm variations of the PCR values
 - MPEG1 LII audio PID

Characteristics of the PCR variations are defined below.

Rapid variation PCR(sawtooth wave)



Long term variation PCR (constant sine wave)



Test procedure:

- 1. Set IRD input level to -60 dBm
- 2. Play out the TS
- 3. Do the channel search if required
- 4. Verify that IRD provides error free video and there is no irritating lipsync.

Expected result:

The NorDig IRD is capable of displaying an error-free picture during 5 minutes. The audio and video shall be in synchronization, with other words, there is no irritating lipsync.

Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Dobescribe more specific faults and/or other information





Date	Sign	

2.6 Task 6: Video

Test Case	Task 6:1 Video Decoder - General
Section	NorDig Unified 5.1
Requirement	The video decoder of the NorDig IRD shall comply with the DVB specification for broadcasting applications regarding "25 Hz MPEG-2 SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams "25 Hz H.264/AVC SDTV IRD and Bitstream "25 Hz H.264/AVC HDTV IRD and Bitstream ETSI TS 101 154. The video decoder of the NorDig HEVC IRD shall, in addition to above, comply with the DVB specification for broadcasting applications regarding "HEVC HDR UHDTV IRD and Bitstream" in ETSI TS 101 154. Observe that in a future revision of the NorDig Unified Requirements, requirements regarding "HEVC HDR HFR UHDTV IRD and Bitstream" will be added. The following clauses of ETSI TS 101 154 are relevant to this specification: • 5.1 "25 Hz MPEG-2 SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams" • 5.5 "Specifications Common to all H.264/AVC IRDs and Bitstreams"
	 5.6 "H.264/AVC SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams". TheNorDig_IRD shall support High Profile at Level 3.0 bitstreams. 5.7.1 "Specifications common to all H.264/AVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstreams". 5.7.2 "25 Hz H.264/AVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstream". The NorDig IRD shall support High Profile at Level 4.0 bitstreams.
	 5.14.1 "Specifications Common to all HEVC IRDs and Bitstreams". 5.14.4 "HEVC HDR UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams" (1). Support for both PQ10 and HLG10 is required for the NorDig HEVC IRD. Only support of 50 Hz and 25 Hz frame rates are required for the NorDig HEVC IRD. Support for Supplemental Enhancement Information messages carrying one or more DMI (2) formats conforming to sub-section 5.14.4.4.3.3.4 "Optional Supplemental Enhancement Information messages carrying DMI" is not required i.e. optional. Any non DMI cognisant NorDig IRD shall be able to decode and present the service, even if DMI is in the bitstream (i.e. the IRD shall not be disturbed by
IRD variants	DMI SEI messages not supported by the IRD). HEVC, all IRDs,
and capability Test procedure	This is a general requirement. It will be verified in the following tests
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 6:2 Video Decoder – Resolutions and Frame rates
Section	NorDig Unified 5.2 resolutions and 5.3 frame rates
Requirement	5.2 Supported resolutions:



The Video Decoder of the NorDig IRD shall be able to receive and decode the resolutions according to ETSI TS 101 154:

- Section 5.1 "25 Hz MPEG-2 SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.1.4 "Luminance resolution".
- Section 5.6 "H.264/AVC SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.6.2 "25 Hz H.264/AVC SDTV IRD and Bitstream", sub-section 5.6.2.3 "Luminance resolution".
- Section 5.7 "H.264/AVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.7.1.4 "Luminance resolution".

The Video Decoder of the NorDig HEVC IRD shall, inaddition to the capabilities of the NorDig IRD, be able to receive and decode the resolutions according to ETSI TS 101 154:

- Section 5.14.4 "HEVC HDR UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.14.4.3 "Luminance Resolutions".
- Section 5.14.3 "HEVC UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.14.3.2 "Luminance resolution" with the exception for non-square pixel aspect ratios.
- Section 5.14.2 "HEVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.14.2.2 "Luminance resolution" with the exception for non-square pixel aspect ratios and the exception for interlace scan.

5.3 Supported frame rates:

The Video Decoder of the NorDig IRD shall be able to receive and decode the frame rates according to ETSI TS 101 154:

- Section 5.1 "25 Hz MPEG-2 SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.1.2 "Frame rate".
- Section 5.6 "H.264/AVC SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.6.2 "25 Hz H.264/AVC SDTV IRD and Bitstream", sub-section 5.6.2.2 "Frame rate".
- Section 5.7 "H.264/AVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.7.2 "25 Hz H.264/AVC HDTV IRD and Bitstream", sub-section 5.7.2.2 "Frame rate".

The Video Decoder of the NorDig HEVC IRD shall, in addition to the capabilities of the NorDig IRD, be able to receive and decode the frame rates according to ETSI TS 101 154:

- Section 5.14.1 "Specifications Common to all HEVC IRDs and Bitstreams", subsection 5.14.1.7 "Frame rate" (1).
- Section 5.14.4 "HEVC HDR UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.14.4.5 "Frame Rates" (1).

The Video Decoder of the NorDig HEVC IRD shall also be able to receive and decode a half frame rate (50Hz) component of a dual PID 100Hz HFR bitstream, according to ETSI TS 101 154 section 5.14.5 "HEVC HDR HFR UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams and HEVC HFR UHDTV Bitstreams", subsection 5.14.5.7 "HEVC encoding structure for HFR Bitstreams using dual PID and temporal scalability".

Support for frame rates other than 25 Hz, 50 Hz and the reception and decoding of a half frame rate (50Hz) component of a dual PID 100Hz HFR bitstream, is optional in the NorDig HEVC IRD. For HEVC encoded video, only decoding of progressive scan video is mandatory.

Note 1: The specifications in section 5.14.1.7 shall apply with the restrictions in section 5.14.4.5, i.e. only progressive scan support is mandatory.

IRD Profile(s)

HEVC, all IRDs,

Test procedure

Purpose of test:



To verify that all video luminance resolutions and frame rates are displayed correctly.

Equipment:

MPEG TS Source MPEG MUX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)

Source must have TS containing all the video formats listed in test results.

Test procedure:

- 1. Play streams that contain all video formats in measurement record table below
- 2. Tune to services
- 3. Verify that the services are decoded and displayed correctly.
- 4. Testing shall be made upon all cases (rows) marked with "M" (mandatory) PLUS at least 3 other randomly non-mandatory selected cases (rows) from MPEG-2/AVC table below PLUS for HEVC IRDs at least 3 other randomly non-mandatory selected cases (rows) from HEVC table below.
- 5. Fill in test results

Expected result:

Verify that the video is decoded and displayed correctly.

Test result(s) Measurement record for all NorDig IRDs:

Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical,	Frame rate [Hz]	I/P	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical)	Bit Stream (Profile@ Level)	colour	Minimum to test (1)	OK/ NOK
352x288	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M (one of	
352x288	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	them)	
352x288	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M (one of	
352x288	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3		them)	
352x576	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
352x576	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
352x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601		
352x576	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3			
480x576	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
480x576	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
480x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601		
480x576	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3			
544x576	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M (one of	
544x576	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	them)	
544x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M (one of	
544x576	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3		them)	
720x576	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M	
720x576	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M	
720x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M	
720x576	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M	
640x720	50	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.184 7		
960x720	50	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.184 7	M	
1280x720	50	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.184 7	M	
960x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
960x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1280x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1280x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1440x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1440x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		





1920x10	080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709	M	
1920x10	080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		

I: Interlaced, P: Progressive video

Note 1: Mandatory, at least tests/rows marked with "M" has to be tested (preferably all). For test marked madatory over several rows ("M"), at least one of the tests/rows has to be tested.

Additional measurement record for NorDig HEVC IRDs:

For HEVC "Luminance resolution" with the exception for non-square pixel aspect ratios (i.e. exception for other pixel aspec ratio idc than equal to 1) and the exception for interlace scan. All HEVC streams/services shall have Frame Aspect Ratio 16:9 (with a pixel aspect ratio idc 1:1 i.e. square pixel) and progressive scan format,

Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical (2)	Fra me rate [Hz]	I/P	Bit depth	Dyna mic range (SDR, HLG, PQ)	Colour	Codec level	Minim um to test (1)	OK/ NOK
1 920x1080	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD	M	
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD	M	
960x540	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		





		1	ı			T	1	ı
960x540	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
960x540	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
960x540	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD	M	
960x540	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD	M	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						HDR		
3 840x2160	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 200x1800	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	2PID 100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	2PID 100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	2PID 100							
1 280x720	2PID 1002	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
3 200x1800	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
2 560x1440	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	171	
1 920x1080	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 600x900	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	100	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
960x540	2PID 1002	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
	PID 100					HDR HEVC UHD	3.4	
3 840x2160	2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR	M	





Date						Sign			
	Describe more								
Conformity Comments	OK Fault If possible des					reason in c		SNO	
Conformity	1 280x720								
	1 920x1080 1 600x900	100 2PID 100	P P	10bit	PQ10 PQ10	BT.2100 BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR HEVC UHD		
	2 560x1440	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	3 200x1800	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		

Test Case	Task 6:3 Video resolution scaling Up-sampling/Up-conversion
Section	NorDig Unified 5.4
Requirement	Upscaling of (sub-) resolutions of received video shall be made in accordance with ETSI TS 101 154, i.e(sub-) luminance resolutions in Reference Model Figure 5.1 within NorDig Unified IRD specification shall be up-scaled by the Decoder Format Converter into the-video raster of the Decoder Composition Output. Regarding the NorDig STB, the video raster shall either be a manually chosen raster of 1920x1080, 1280x720 or 720x576 or a raster automatically selected via EDID-information as desired by the HDMI Sink (iDTV/display).
	In addition to the raster resolutions above, the NorDig HEVC STB shall provide the raster 3840x2160. Regarding NorDig iDTVs, all resolutions of received video shall internally be scaled to the native resolution of the-display.
	When upscaling video with an encoded luminance resolution of 720x576 or 704x576 to any square pixel aspect ratio format (e.g. 1280x720, 1920x1080 or 3840x2160), only the centred 702 of the horizontal 720 / 704 pixels shall be used. Those 702 pixels correspond to the 52 microseconds of an active line, hence preserves correct geometry in the up-conversion process.
	When upscaling other 576 line-based input resolutions to any square pixel aspect (output) format (i.e. 1280x720, 1920x1080 or 3840x2160), only the centred horizontal pixels shall be used; e.g. when up-converting (received) 544x576 line resolution format to any-square pixel aspect ratio (output) format, only the centred 530 pixels of the horizontal 544 shall be used.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC, all IRDs



Test procedure

Purpose of test:

When up-converting valid input line resolution format to any 1:1 pixel aspect (output) format, only the centered horizontal pixels shall be used.

This test task 6:3 of video scaling can be made together with test task 6:2 resolution and frame rates.

Equipment:



Monitor for testing NorDig STB shall display a native 1920x1080 resolution, monitor for testing NorDig HEVC STB shall display a native 3840x2160 resolution.

Source must have TS containing all the video formats listed in test results.

Test procedure:

Following steps:

- 1. For NorDig STB/HEVC STB check that is video output raster can either be a manually chosen or a raster automatically selected via EDID-information as desired by the HDMI Sink (iDTV/display) according to NorDig requirements.
- 2. Play streams that contain all video formats in measurement record table below
- 3. Tune to services
- 4. Verify that the services are decoded and that video resolution scaling are displayed correctly
- 5. Testing shall be made upon all cases (rows) marked with "M" (mandatory) PLUS at least 3 other randomly non-mandatory selected cases (rows) from MPEG-2/AVC table below PLUS for HEVC IRDs at least 3 other randomly non-mandatory selected cases (rows) from HEVC table below.
- 6. Fill in test results

Expected result:

(step 1) The NorDig STB, the video output raster shall either be a manually chosen raster of 1920x1080, 1280x720 or 720x576 or a raster automatically selected via EDID-information as desired by the HDMI Sink (iDTV/display).

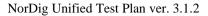
In addition to the raster resolutions above, the NorDig HEVC STB shall provide the raster 3840x2160.

(step 2-6) Upscaling of (sub-) resolutions of received video shall be up-scaled by the Decoder Format Converter into the-video raster of the Decoder Composition Output. When upscaling of input video to any square pixel aspect ratio format to the output, only the centred horizontal pixels shall be used. This means for 720x576 or 704x576 input video content only the centred 702 of the horizontal 720 / 704 pixels shall be used and for 544x576 video content, only the centred 530 pixels of the horizontal 544 shall be used. The geometry of the original picture shall be preserved.

Test result(s)

Measurement record for all NorDig IRDs:

Video	Frame	I/P	Frame	Bit Stream	colour	Minimu	
Luminance	rate		Aspect	(Profile@ Level)		m to test	OK/
Resolutions	[Hz]		Ratio			(1)	NOK
Horizontal x							
Vertical,							





			(Horizon tal :				
			Vertical)				
			,				
352x288	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
352x288	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M (one	
352x288	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	of them)	
352x288	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3			
352x576	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
352x576	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
352x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601		
352x576	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3			
480x576	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
480x576	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
480x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601		
480x576	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3			
544x576	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
544x576	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M (one	
544x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	of them)	
544x576	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3] [
720x576	25	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M	
720x576	25	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M	
720x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M	
720x576	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M	
640x720	50	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.1847		
960x720	50	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.1847	M	
1280x720	50	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.1847	M	
960x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
960x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1280x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1280x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1440x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1440x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1920x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709	M	
1920x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		

I: Interlaced, P: Progressive video

Note 1: Mandatory, at least tests/rows marked with "M" has to be tested (preferably all). For test marked madatory over several rows ("M"), at least one of the tests/rows has to be tested.

Additional measurement record for NorDig HEVC IRDs:

All HEVC streams/services shall have Frame Aspect Ratio 16:9 (with a pixel aspect

ratio idc 1:1 i.e. square pixel) and progressive scan format,

Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical (2)	Fra me rate [Hz]	I/P	Bit depth	Dyna mic range (SDR, HLG, PQ)	Colour	Codec level	Minim um to test (1)	OK/ NOK
1 920x1080	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD	M	
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		





0.00 5.40	25	ъ	101.4	CDD	DT 700	HENCHD		
960x540 1 920x1080	25 50	P P	10bit 10bit	SDR SDR	BT.709 BT.709	HEVC HD HEVC HD		
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD	M	
960x540	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
2010 2150			4.01.1	app	DE 2020			
3 840x2160 3 200x1800	25 25	P P	10bit 10bit	SDR SDR	BT.2020 BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	-
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800 2 560x1440	50 50	P P	10bit 10bit	SDR SDR	BT.2020 BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
						HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
						HDR HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 600x900	25	Р	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
1 000x300	23		10011	IILOIO	B1.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR		
960x540	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
2.9402160	50	D	1.01-:4	III C10	DT 2100	HDR HEVC UHD	M	
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
						HDR HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD	M	
		1				HDR HEVC UHD	171	
960x540	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR	M	
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	PO10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
				`		HDR HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1.600000	25	D	1.01-:4	DO10	DT 2100	HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
960x540	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
				_ `		HDR HEVC UHD	3.6	
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
				_		HDR HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		





	1 280x720	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
	960x540	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
	3 840x2160	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	3 200x1800	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	2 560x1440	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	1 920x1080	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	1 600x900	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	1 280x720	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	960x540	1002 PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	3 840x2160	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	3 200x1800	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
	2 560x1440	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	1 920x1080	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	1 600x900	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	1 280x720	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	960x540	1002 PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	3 840x2160	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR HEVC UHD	-	
	3 200x1800	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD	M	
	2 560x1440	100 2PID 100	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD	-	
	1 920x1080	2PID 100	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
	1 600x900	2PID 100	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
	1 280x720	2PID 1002	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
	960x540	PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR		
	I: Interlaced, l	P. Prog	ressive	video	1			1	
	Note2: For all				n cases (all rosses in	tahla ahowa)	it rafar	to that
	video is Progr							,, it leters	io iiai
								stad (macf	arobly all
	Note 1: Mand	-							• /
	For test marked be tested.	u mada	atory o	vei sever	ai 10WS (ivi j, at iea	isi one or th	C (CS(S/TO	ws nas to
	be tested.								
Conformity	OK Fault		jor 🗌	Minor, d	efine fail	l reason in c	comments		
Comments	If possible des	scribe i	f fault c	can be fix	ked with	software up	date: YE	SNO	
	Describe more	e specif	ic fault	s and/or	other inf	ormation			
Date						Sign			

Test Case	Task 6:4 Video Decoder - Colorimetry
Section	NorDig Unified 5.5





Requirement

The NorDig IRD Decoder Format Converter shall use the VUI (Video Usability Information) parameters (ISO/IEC 14496-10) *colour_primaries*, *transfer_characteristics* and *matrix_coeffecients* in received AVC encoded bitstreams and the Sequence Display Extension parameters (ISO/IEC 13818-2) in MPEG-2 encoded bitstreams.

In addition to the NorDig IRD requirements above, the NorDig HEVC IRD Decoder Format Converter shall use the VUI (Video Usability Information) parameters (ISO/IEC 23008-2) *colour_primaries*, *transfer_characteristics* and *matrix_coeffecients* in received HEVC encoded bitstreams.

It shall be assumed that bitstreams according to "HEVC HDR UHDTV Bitstreams using PQ10", section 5.14.4.4.3 in ETSI TS 101 154, will provide the "Mastering Display Colour Volume SEI message", section 5.14.4.4.3.3.2 in ETSI TS 101 154. Bitstreams carrying non-live programmes, may also contain the "Content Light Level Information SEI message", section 5.14.4.4.3.3.3 in ETSI TS 101 154.

Hence, it is highly recommended that the NorDig HEVC IRD Decoder Format Converter makes use of the "Mastering Display Colour Volume SEI message" when adapting to the luminance and chrominance capability of the connected display. It is in addition recommended that the NorDig HEVC IRD makes use of the "Content Light Level Information SEI message" when available in the bitstream.

5.5.1 NorDig HEVC STB colorimetry

The Decoder Composition Output in NorDig's Video Decoder Reference Model (see chapter 5.1.1) shall be advanced enough to perform all video format conversions (luminance-wise and chrominance-wise) needed to target legacy HDMI-sinks, as well as EDID-enabled adaption to the capability of the connected display, including HDR capability, described in ANSI/CTA-861-G. The complete ANSI/CTA-861-G shall be taken into account.

When connected to a Sink (iDTV/display) of any HDMI version, the HDMI 2.0b interface in-line with ANSI/CTA-861-G will give the STB's Video Format Converter necessary information regarding the desired colorimetry via EDID handshake. The EDID-information **shall** be used by the Decoder Format Converter of the NorDig HEVC STB to determine any applicable colorimetry conversion, display mapping (if supported) or DMI message pass-through (if supported).

However, legacy SDR displays will signal their supported SDR video formats in priority without specifically signalling "Desired Content Max Luminance data" (see 7.5.13 "HDR Static Metadata Data Block" in ANSI/CTA-861-G Error! Reference source not found.). Hence, the Decoder Format Converter of the NorDig HEVC STB shall output SDR video formats based on the HDR to SDR conversion methods described by the ITU, e.g. ITU-R BT.2390 Error! Reference source not found. and operational practises in HDR television production ITU-R BT.2408 Error! Reference source not found. or based on DMI (if supported).

IRD variants and capability

HEVC, all IRDs





Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to output video with colour parameters targeting an ideal display, optimised for each video format.
	Equipment:
	MPEG TS Source MPEG MUX DVB Monitor (for STB)
	Test procedure: TBD
	Expected result: The IRD is able to output video with colour parameters targeting an ideal display, optimised for each video format.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 6:5 Video Decoder - Dynamic changes in video stream
Section	NorDig Unified 5.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle dynamic changes of either the video codec or the video format that may occur dynamically within the transmitted stream. After a change of video codec, the IRD should automatically resume decoding and output of valid video within five seconds.
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle dynamic changes in transmission between different video formats and frame rates (e.g. 720p50 to 1080i25/1080p25 and 576i25 to 720p50), including changes in encoded sub resolution (e.g. 720x576 to 544x576) within one second after receiving Random Access Point. (Random Access Point equals H.264/AVC RAP for H.264/AVC and Sequence header for H.262/MPEG-2). The NorDig IRD shall adapt to changes in transmitted aspect ratio (e.g. 16:9 / 4:3) within one second after the reception. The transition shall cause minimal disturbance of the decoded service.
	For NorDig HEVC IRD supporting one or more of the DMI formats, dynamic switching should be handled as described in ETSI TS 101 154 Error! Reference source not found. sub-section 5.14.4.4.3.3.4.2 "Dynamic switching between bitstreams with and without DMI".
IRD variants and capability	HEVC, all IRDs



Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the receiver is able to handle dynamic changes in transmission between different video modes.

Equipment:



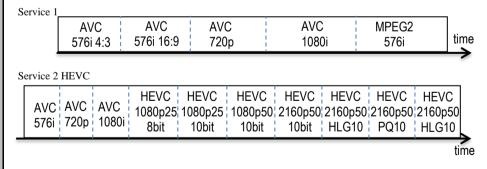
Transport stream containing services with following video content modes and transitions over time between them:

- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz, aspect ratio 4:3
- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz, aspect ratio 16:9
- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz
- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz
- MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz, (aspect ratio 16:9)
- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz
- MPEG-H HEVC HD SDR 8-bit 1080p 25Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC HD SDR 10-bit 1080p 25Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC HD SDR 10-bit 1080p 50Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC UHD SDR 10-bit 2160p 50Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC UHD HDR HLG10 10-bit 2160p 50Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC UHD HDR PQ10 10-bit 2160p 50Hz (only HEVC IRDs)

For the test of changing codec the transport stream shall include at least two services in case IRD needs change services and back to recover codec change.

Test services could typically be changing/toogling between two modes or one service that changes between all modes from top of the list down. Each mode could typically be for a period of 30sec or more. (For non-HEVC IRDs test service shall not contain HEVC content).

Examples of how test services could change over time:



This test can be done in parallel with Task 6:13 (4:3 content on 16:9 monitor).

Test procedure:

Tune to the service and verify that the transitions between encoding modes are reasonably smooth and that the decoding is resumed after a transition within

- Five seconds in case of codec change.
- One second in case of resolution change.
- One second in case of aspect ratio change (only applicable for SD content).

Fill in result to test results table below.





Test result(s)	change after chan - Change of format	should within 5sec, but signing service and back (i.e and rate within same codratio within same codec:	e. shall not red ec: within 1 s	quire rest	
esi resuii(s)	From	То	Minimum to test (1)	HEVC IRDs	OK/ NOK
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz 4:3	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz 16:9	M		
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz 16:9	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz	M		
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz 4:3			
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz	M		
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4720p 50Hz			
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz 4:3			
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz 4:3 MPEG-2 MP@ML	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4			
	576i 25Hz 4:3 MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	720p 50Hz MPEG-2 MP@ML			
	720p 50Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	576i 25Hz 4:3 MPEG-2 MP@ML	M		
	1080i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	576i 25Hz 4:3 HEVC 1080p 25Hz	M	HEVC	
	1080i25Hz / 720p50Hz HEVC 1080p 25Hz	8-bit SDR HEVC 1080p 25Hz	M	HEVC	
	8-bit SDR HEVC 1080p 25Hz	10-bit SDR HEVC 1080p 50Hz	M	HEVC	
	10-bit SDR HEVC 1080p 50Hz	10-bit SDR HEVC 2160p 50Hz	M	HEVC	
	10-bit SDR HEVC 2160p 50Hz	10-bit SDR HEVC 2160p 50Hz	M	HEVC	
	10-bit SDR HEVC 2160p 50Hz	10-bit HDR HLG10 HEVC 2160p 50Hz	M	HEVC	
	10-bit HDR HLG10 HEVC 2160p 50Hz 10-bit HDR PQ10	10-bit HDR PQ10 HEVC 2160p 50Hz 10-bit HDR HLG10	M	HEVC	
	Note 1: Mandatory, at leas For test marked madatory of be tested.	t tests/rows marked with			
onformity	OK Fault Major	Minor, define fail reason	n in comment	ts	

Sign

Date



Test Case	Task 6:6 MPEG-2 Minimum video bandwidth
Section	NorDig Unified 5.7
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide support for very low bandwidth video.
	For MPEG-2 video the NorDig IRD decoder shall be able to decode at bit rates down to 1.0 Mbps for video resolutions up to full Standard Definition resolution video (720x576).
	For AVC and HEVC it is not specified any lower bandwidth limitation within MPEG/ISO or DVB specification and it is expected that all IRDs shall be able to handle very low bandwidth as long as syntax fulfil MPEG and DVB specification. For testing it is not mandatory to test AVC or HEVC streams for very low bitrate, but it can be some interest to perform the optional test of low bitrate for AVC and HEVC to verify no issues in the IRD's video decoding implementation.
IRD Profile(s)	all IRDs,
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is able to decodevideo streams for very low bandwidth video.
	Equipment:
	MPEG MPEG DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)
	A transport stream with following video content at: • MPEG-2 MP@ML 720x576i 25Hz 1.0 Mbps (mandatory) • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1280x720p 50Hz 250 kbps (optional) • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1920x1080i 25Hz 250 kbps (optional) • MPEG-H HEVC HD SDR 10bit 1920x1080p 50Hz 250kbps (optional) • MPEG-H HEVC UHD HLG10 or PQ10 3840x2160p 50Hz 400kbps (optional) Note: Optional video content (AVC and HEVC) that is not mandatory to test and if not tested not necessary to include into transport stream. But these are recommended to help IRD manufacture ensure no issues for very low bitrate with these codecs.
	Test procedure: Tune to the service(s) and verify that the IRD decodes very low bandwith video correctly.
	If the 250kbpskbit/s (and 400kbps for HEVC UHD) bit rate is not achieved, the tested bit rate shall be noted in comments.
	Expected result: The IRD supports low bitrate video as stipulated above
Test result(s)	





Conformity	MPEG-2
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Date	Sign		
Test Case	Task 6:7 Frame cropping		
G C	N. D. H. C. 100		
Section	NorDig Unified 5.8		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support frame cropping for H.264/AVC encoded video. Frame cropping signalling is used to indicate which area of the encoded video that should be displayed.		
	For 1080 line formats, the video is encoded with 1088 lines. To indicate which area of the encoded video that should be displayed, frame cropping signalling may be used. If frame cropping information is included in the encoded video, this shall be used to decide which 8 lines should be hidden in the Decoder Composition Output. If no frame cropping signalling is available, the IRD shall crop the bottom 8 lines.		
	The NorDig HEVC IRD shall support "conformance cropping window" for H.265/HEVC encoded video according to ETSI TS 101 154 section 5.14.1 "Specifications Common to all HEVC IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-sections 5.14.1.3 "Sequence Parameter Set" and 5.14.1.5.1 "Aspect Ratio and Overscan Information".		
	(For HEVC video Video formats with vertical sizes of 1080 lines can be coded as either 1080 lines or 1088 lines with a conformance cropping window of 1080 lines. This is not issue for 2160 lines content since it is even multiple of 16).		
IRD Profile(s)	HEVC, all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver support frame cropping.		
	Equipment:		
	MPEG TS Source MVX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)		
	 A transport stream(s) containing following services: a AVC 1080i HDTV service (encoded as 1088 lines) with frame cropping signalling for 8 lines, (1080i) and a AVC 1080i HDTV service (encoded as 1088 lines) without frame cropping(1080i), a HEVC 1080p UHDTV HLG10 or PQ10 service encoded as 1088 lines with conformance cropping window of 1080 lines (HEVC IRD) and a HEVC 1080p UHDTV HLG10 or PQ10 service encoded as 1088 lines without conformance cropping window (HEVC IRD). 		





	Test procedure: 1. Play out the transport stream containing a service with frame cropping information and another service without frame cropping information. 2. Verify that the desired lines are cropped. 3. Change to service without frame cropping information. 4. Verify that the bottom 8 lines are cropped. 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports frame cropping correctly
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 6:8 Ove	rscan				
Section	NorDig Unified	15.9				
Requirement	For services carrying H.264/AVC video, the broadcaster may use the <i>overscan_info_present</i> and <i>overscan_appropriate</i> flags to indicate whether the IRD (NorDig IRD and NorDig HEVC IRD) should apply overscan (e.g. by masking with black pixels or by additional cropping plus scaling), or should display the complete broadcast video image (after appropriate Frame Cropping, see Frame Cropping). The flags will be encoded according to table below. Unless the user requests otherwise, NorDig IRDs shall interpret and follow the overscan flags according to table below. NorDig STBs shall pass the video unaltered, i. e. without overscan related reformatting to its HDMI output, setting the bits in the AVI Infoframe (see CTA 861) in accordance with table below. (Test Plan Table below is a merged table compared to IRD spec Table 5.2 and Table 5.3).			th erscan tting ance		
		Encoding		IRD	STB HDMI Output	
	overscan_info_ present_flag	Overscan_ap propriate_fla g	Usage	IRD Behaviour	<s1,s0> (in HDMI AVI Infoframe)</s1,s0>	
	0x0 or not broadcasted	n/a	No preferred display method	Implementat ion dependent	<0,0>	
	0x1	0x0	Important information in entire video-frame	Overscan not applied	<1,0>	
	0x1	0x1	Decoded picture suitable for applied overscan	Overscan applied	<0,1>	-
		applied oversc ase refer to "E	an shall not be in con BU R 095, Safe areas			



Test procedure Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver support overscan.						
To verify that the receiver support overscan. Equipment: MPEG	IRD Profile(s)					
TS containing a service with overscan signaling (overscan_info_present_flag = 1 Overscan_appropriate_flag = 1) and a service without overscan (overscan_info_present_flag = 1 Overscan_appropriate_flag = 0). Test procedure: 0. If IRD has user settings for video overscan, verify/set settings to interpret and follow the overscan flags from incoming service. 1. Play out the transport stream containing a service with overscan information and another service without overscan information. 2. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens. 2a iDTV − may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095), 2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and S0 (1) bits (test monitor may then apply overscan). 3. Change to service without overscan information. 4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV − shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) ONF Fault □ Major □ Minor, define fail reason in comments Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: □ YES □ NO	Test procedure	To verify that the receiver support overscan.				
TS containing a service with overscan signaling (overscan_info_present_flag = 1 Overscan_appropriate_flag = 1) and a service without overscan (overscan_info_present_flag = 1 Overscan_appropriate_flag = 0). Test procedure: 0. If IRD has user settings for video overscan, verify/set settings to interpret and follow the overscan flags from incoming service. 1. Play out the transport stream containing a service with overscan information and another service without overscan information. 2. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens. 2a iDTV - may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095), 2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and S0 (1) bits (test monitor may then apply overscan). 3. Change to service without overscan information. 4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV - shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) One Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO						
Overscan_appropriate_flag = 1) and a service without overscan (overscan_info_present_flag = 1 Overscan_appropriate_flag = 0). Test procedure: 0. If IRD has user settings for video overscan, verify/set settings to interpret and follow the overscan flags from incoming service. 1. Play out the transport stream containing a service with overscan information and another service without overscan information. 2. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens. 2a iDTV - may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095), 2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and S0 (1) bits (test monitor may then apply overscan). 3. Change to service without overscan information. 4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV - shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments Comments						
0. If IRD has user settings for video overscan, verify/set settings to interpret and follow the overscan flags from incoming service. 1. Play out the transport stream containing a service with overscan information and another service without overscan information. 2. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens. 2a iDTV — may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095), 2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and S0 (1) bits (test monitor may then apply overscan). 3. Change to service without overscan information. 4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV — shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		Overscan_appropriate_flag = 1) and a service without overscan				
the overscan flags from incoming service. 1. Play out the transport stream containing a service with overscan information and another service without overscan information. 2. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens. 2a iDTV – may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095), 2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and S0 (1) bits (test monitor may then apply overscan). 3. Change to service without overscan information. 4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV – shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		Test procedure:				
another service without overscan information. 2. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens. 2a iDTV – may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095), 2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and S0 (1) bits (test monitor may then apply overscan). 3. Change to service without overscan information. 4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV – shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO						
2a iDTV – may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095), 2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and S0 (1) bits (test monitor may then apply overscan). 3. Change to service without overscan information. 4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV – shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		, ,				
4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV – shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		2a iDTV – may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095), 2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and				
remain visible). 4a iDTV – shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		3. Change to service without overscan information.				
Expected result: The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		remain visible). 4a iDTV – shall not apply overscan to video, 4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and S0 (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results Expected result:				
The IRD supports overscan correctly Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO						
Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO						
Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO	Test result(s)					
	Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
	Comments					
D. d.	Det					
Date Sign	Date	Sign				

Task 6:9 Video Output and Display

Test Case





Section	NorDig Unified 5.10
Requirement	The NorDig STBs shall use the HDMI EDID information provided by the Sink (iDTV/display) to automatically determine the STB output as specified in section 5.4 and 5.5 and as an alternative enable manual setting of the STB output as specified in section 8.6. The NorDig STB shall ensure that it can always present video (where available) for all services in the installed service list, regardless of the capabilities of the connected display.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	This requirement is tested in test caseTask 9:4.

Test Case	Task 6:10 Restrictions on analogue video output		
Section	NorDig Unified 5.11		
Requirement	Down-conversion of High Definition Video for Standard Definition output.		
	If SCART, or any other analogue video output (Y, P _b , P _r , RF-PAL or CVBS) is available, decoded video with a resolution higher than Standard Definition (576i/25), shall always be down-converted to interlaced Standard Definition resolution before output via these interfaces. The down-conversion shall be implemented from any received resolution see section 5.2. When down-converting any square pixel aspect ratio format (e.g. 1280x720 to 720x576 resolution, the target shall be 702x576 pixels to be centred in the 720x576 grid with nine black pixels inserted as the start of the 720 pixel active line and nine black pixels inserted as the end of the 720 pixel active line. Down-converted HD or UHD video shall be displayed as 16:9 letterbox on 4:3 displays. 4:3 centre-cut is <i>not</i> an allowed display option, since this would limit the Action Safe Area in HD program production. The conversion should apply appropriate re-interlacing (field mode integration re-interlacing). It shall process and output 720x576i25 in 4:3 frame aspect ratio or 16:9 frame aspect ratio video with colours according to section 5.5 Colorimetry of NorDig Unified IRD specification.		
IDD Drofile(s)	Design IDD EE		
IRD Profile(s) Test procedure	Basic, IRD, FE		
Test procedure	This requirement is tested in test Task 9:8		

Test Case	Task 6:11 Displaying of 4:3 Material
Section	NorDig Unified 5.12
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have methods to display 4:3 transmitted SDTV content on a 16:9 monitor (with any resolution and colorimetry capability). The NorDig IRD shall be able to maintain full height 4:3 picture aspect ratio (pillar box) on a 16:9 display. Other display modes for 4:3 content are optional. If SCART is available, the user shall have the ability to select appropriate aspect ratio, see section 8.4 of NorDig Unified IRD specification



IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
	This test can be done in parallel with Task 9:2 and Task 6:5 (dynamic 4:3<>16:9).		
	The IRD is tuned to a transport stream containing a 4:3 aspect ratio video service. It is verified that the receiver can deliver a maintained full height 4:3 aspect ratio (Pillarbox) video signal for the 16:9 screen.		
	Expected result: Receiver can deliver a maintained full height 4:3 aspect ratio (Pillarbox) video signal for the 16:9 screen. Note: During the transition period from 4:3 to pure 16:9 transmissions, dynamical changes of the aspect ratio, e.g. 16:9 -> 4:3 -> 16:9, may occur in broadcasting. It is highly recommended that IRD can provide always correct aspect ratio.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 6:12 Rescaling for HbbTV application
Section	NorDig Unified 5.13
Requirement	A NorDig HbbTV IRD shall support rescaling as defined in HbbTV under "video scaling" minimum requirements in clause 10.2.1 of ETSI TS 102 796. These shall be supported for any of the valid incoming encoded full screen luminance resolutions (see 5.2 for full screen luminance resolution values). The video shall be scaled, preserving the aspect ratio, and when applicable converted colorimetry-wise, such that all of the decoded video is visible within the area of the AV Control object or HTML5 video object. (See HbbTV requirements in ETSI TS 102 796 Appendix E4).
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD



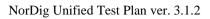
Test procedure		Ī
	This requirement is tested in test Task 16:	

Test Case	Task 6:13 Dynamic update of PMT- Component priority Video (stream type)		
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.3		
Requirement	Component priority when multiple video or audio streams are received The following applies for services that transmit in parallel more than one type of video/audio stream under the same service_id (e.g. simulcasting within the same service):		
	For video decoding, NorDig IRDs shall select the service's video component, and set the default setting in accordance with the priority list in Table 12.26.		
	For Audio decoding, NorDig IRDs shall prioritise the service's components according to chapter 6.5, Audio Prioritisation. NorDig IRDs shall ignore advanced audio streams when it does not support decoding those streams. For example, an IRD that do not include any AC-3 (downmix) decoder, (maybe only supports pass-through of AC-3 to the digital audio output), shall not choose the AC-3 audio stream as default. Instead it shall choose among the IRDs supported		
	audio stream types according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritisation. When several audio streams of the same type are received, the primary stream shall be selected in accordance with the definitions in section 6.5 (Audio Prioritisation).		
IRD variants	HEVC, all IRDs		
and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the NorDig IRD is able select video components in priority order and handle dynamic changes in service (PMT and PIDs). Video priority and dynamic changes is tested in Task 6.xx Video. Audio priority and dynamic changes is tested in Task 7.yy Audio (in addition to audio codec the audio priority depends upon type, format and language). Subtitling priority is tested in Task 8 Teletext and Subtitling.		
	Equipment:		
	MPEG Source MUX Exciter INorDig IRD		
	The idea in this test is that there is always video (and audio) available in the NorDig IRD output (STB output or iDTV's integrated display and speakers) independently which input video format(s) is(are) available in the service.		
	MPEG source must have capability to simultaneously with		
	 video component broadcast for following video formats: MPEG-2/H.262 MP@ML (SD) MPEG-4 AVC/H.264 HP@L4 (HD) MPEG-H HEVC/H.265 (FullHD or UHD) - for HEVC IRDs 		





* audio component (recommended to have audio, e.g. MPEG-1 L.II) Service1 Service2 Frequency MUX1 SID 1100 SID 1200 Can be chosen S_name Test11 S_name Test12 depending of TS_id 1 PMT PID 1100 PMT PID 1200 the distribution Network_id 1 V PID 1109 (MPEG 2 SD) ON_id 1) V PID 1209 incl PCR media V PID 1119 (AVC HD) A PID 1208 V PID 1129 (HEVC) Teletext PID 1207 DVB Subt PID 1106 A PID 1108 Logical_chan_desc 2 Logical_chan_desc 1 visible visible ¹⁾ON id (Original network id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) The service PCR is broadcasted in separate PID. **Test procedure:** 1. Control that the MUX1 have services signaled as defined in table above 2. Zap all the services and check quickly that they works. 3. Zap to service1 in MUX1 4. Drop PIDs in following order (i.e. remove PID and its signaling in PMT and stop video PID in TS): Video PID 1119 (MPEG4/AVC HD) b. Video PID 1129 (MPEG-H HEVC) 5. Add PIDs in following order (i.e. add PID and its signaling in PMT and add audio PID in TS): a. Video PID 1129 (MPEG-H HEVC) b. Video PID 1119 (MPEG4/AVC HD) 6. Verify that the service is decoded correctly by watching the video, listening the audio **Expected result:** NorDig HEVC IRD: After remove and addition of the PIDs, all the component in the service are decoded correctly. Basic (non-HEVC) IRD: stream types not supported by the receiver are not affecting the receiver operability. Test result(s) Video codecs: Video codec OK/NOK Stream_type **Priority** HEVC/H.265 up to UHD HDR 0x24 1 (highest) SFR video stream (incl first PID in dual PID HFR) (1) AVC/H264 HP@L4 / L3 HD or 0x1B 2 SD video stream MPEG-2/H264 MP@ML video 0x02(0x01)3 (lowest) stream (or MPEG1) Conformity OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: **YESNO Comments** Describe more specific faults and/or other information





Date	Sign	

2.7 Task 7: Audio

Test Case	Task 7:1 Audio User Preference Settings		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.1.1		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have User Preference Settings for audio functions as stated in section 16.2 (for example primary and secondary audio language, audio format, audio type, audio delay, etc).		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test procedure	This is general requirement that will be test in following tests.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
Test Case	Task 7:2 MPEG-1 Layer II: Requirements		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.1.1, 6.8.1		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support: • decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 101 154. The NorDig IRD should support: • decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at half-sampling rates (22.05 and 24 kHz).		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test procedure	This is general requirement that will be test in following tests.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:3 MPEG-1 Layer II: Analogue audio output
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.1.1, 6.8.1





Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received.	
	The NorDig IRD shall support: • decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 101 154.	
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	
	To verify that receiver decodes MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates and audio level can be adjusted.	
	Equipment:	
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver	
	 A transport stream with following MPEG-1 Layer II audio content: audio_mode = '0' (stereo), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz audio_mode = '1', '2' (dual channel), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz audio_mode = '3' (single channel), data rate: 96 kbit/s, sampling frequency: 48 kHz 	
	Test procedure: The IRD is tuned to a service containg all the combinations of the MPEG-1 Layer II audio parameters above.	
	The audio level is adjusted in the audio output.	
	Expected result: IRD supports MPEG-1 Layer II audio decoding and audio is available properly in analoque audio output(s).	
	The audio output level can be adjusted.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	
	1~.0	

Test Case	Task 7:4 MPEG-1 Layer II: HDMI output interface
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.1.2, 6.2.1.1





Requirement IRD variants and capability	The NorDig IRD shall be capable of providing the following formats on the HDMI output connector from an MPEG-1 Layer II bitstream (see section 16 for factory default settings): • Decoded to PCM stereo bitstream The NorDig IRD shall support: • decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 101 154. • all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
•	To verify that receiver decodes MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates to HDMI output interface and audio level can be adjusted.
	This test is mandatory for STBs and IDTVs supporting HDMI output or HDMI ARC.
	Equipment:
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver
	A transport stream with following MPEG-1 Layer II audio content: • audio_mode = '0' (stereo), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz • audio_mode = '1', '2' (dual channel), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz • audio_mode = '3' (single channel), data rate: 96 kbit/s, sampling frequency: 48 kHz
	Test procedure: The IRD is tuned to a service containg all the combinations of the MPEG-1 Layer II audio parameters above. This task can be done parallel with Task 7:2.
	The audio level is adjusted in the audio output.
	Expected result: IRD supports MPEG-1 Layer II audio decoding and audio is available properly in HDMI output in PCM stereo bit stream format independently of the user setting for stereo or multichannel.
	The audio output level can be adjusted.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



Test Case	Task 7:5 MPEG-1 Layer II: S/PDIF output interface		
Section Requirement	NorDig Unified 6.2.1.2, 6.2.1.1 The NorDig IRD including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following		
Ке дин етеш	formats on the S/PDIF connector from an MPEG-1 Layer II bitstream: • Decoded to PCM stereo bitstream The NorDig IRD shall support: • decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 101 154.		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates to S/PDIF output interface. Equipment: Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver A transport stream with following MPEG-1 Layer II audio content: • audio_mode = '0' (stereo), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz • audio_mode = '1', '2' (dual channel), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz • audio_mode = '3' (single channel), data rate: 96 kbit/s, sampling frequency: 48 kHz Test procedure: The IRD is tuned to a service containg all the combinations of the MPEG-1 Layer II audio parameters above. This task can be done parallel with Task 7:2. Expected result: IRD supports MPEG-1 Layer II audio decoding and audio is available properly in S/PDIF output in PCM stereo bit stream format independently of the user setting for stereo or multichannel.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: TYES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:6 AC-3: Requirements
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2
Requirement	NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 and AC-3 shall • decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates (not including Annex E).





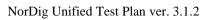
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	• (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and support all sample rates Annex E.				
	• be capable of transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3. Transcoding to AC-3 audio				
	streams shall be at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps.				
IRD variants	all IRDs				
and capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	uta different AC 2	hit mates and some	mlina matas	
	To verify that the IRD suppo	rts different AC-5	on rates and sam	pning rates.	
	Equipment:				
	Source MUX	Exciter	DVB	Audio	
		-	Receiver	decoder	
					┙
	The TS shall contain services	s, which has			
		o) audio componer	nt with relevant si	ignaling at bit rates and	1
	sampling rates:	ates 32, 44,1 and 4	I		
		4, 192, 384 and 640			
	•	el) audio compone	ent with relevant s	signaling at bit rates an	ıd
	sampling rates: O Sampling r	rates 32, 44,1 and 4	l8 kHz		
		192, 384 and 640			
	m ()				
	Test procedure:				
				er System with HDMI.	
	2. Verify that service h3. In receiver menu, se			lable.	
	4. Verify that AC-3 m			xed to PCM stereo	
	bitstream for HDMI	output and if supp	orted for HDMI		
	5. Verify the audio out6. In receiver menu, se				
				ive bitstream for HDM	Π
	output.	•	Č		
	8. Verify that service h	nas a stereo AC-3 a	audio available.		
	In receiver menu, se	elect MPEGstereo a	audio.		
	10. Verify that AC-3 ste for HDMI output an			PCM stereo bitstream	
	11. Verify the audio out				
	12. In receiver menu, se	elect multichannel	audio.		
	13. Verify that AC-3 ste	ereo is passed-thro	ugh as native bits	tream for HDMI outpu	ıt.
	Expected result:				
	IRD supports for AC-3 input	audio signal and d	lown-mix to stere	eo.	
Test result(s)					
		Bit rate	Sampling	OK or NOK	
	mono		rate		
	stereo				
	Multichannel 5.1				
	Down-mix to stereo	N/A	N/A		





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:7 AC-3: Analogue audio output	
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.1, 6.8.1	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received. If the NorDig IRD has analogue stereo output(s), it shall be capable of decoding and	
	downmixing the supported audio formats for the analogue outputs.	
	NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 shall • decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates (not including Annex E)	
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes AC-3 bitstream and audio output level can be adjusted.	
	This test in only mandatory for STB or IDTV with SCART or analogue audio output interface.	
	Equipment:	
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver	
	A transport stream containing aservice with AC-3 multichannel audio	
	Test procedure:	
	 Verify that service has a multichannel AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio audio. Verify that service containing AC-3 multichannel audio is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output. Verify it is possible to adjust audio output level. 	
	Expected result: IRD supports AC-3 audio decoding and audio is downmixed to stereo in analog audio output(s).	
	The audio output level can be adjusted.	
Test result(s)		





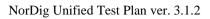
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:8 AC-3: HDMI output and HDMI ARC interface	
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.1, 6.2.2.3	
Requirement	Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented NorDig IRDs supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 shall be capable of providing the following formats from an E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstream (see chapter 16 for factory default settings): • Pass-through of native bitstream (AC-3 and E-AC-3) • E-AC-3 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 shall • decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates (not including Annex E).	
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs	
Test procedure		
	A transport stream containing aservice with AC-3 multichannel audio.	
	 Connect the IRD to an HDMI receiver, e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI. Verify that service has a multichannel AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select MPEG stereo audio. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream for HDMI output. 	



	Expected result: IRD supports AC-3 audio decoding and downmixing to PCM stereo when stereo audio is selected and the audio output level can be adjusted. IRD supports AC-3 audio pass-through native bitstream when multichannel audio is selected.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:9 AC-3: S/PDIF output interface
Section Requirement	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.1, 6.2.2.3 The NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 and including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from an E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstream: • E-AC-3 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream • Pass-through of AC-3 bitstream NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 shall • decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and (not including Annex E)
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes and passes-through AC-3 bitstream. This test is only relevant for IRD with S/PDIF output. Equipment: MPEG-2 MUX Exciter DVB receiver S/PDIF receiver
	A transport stream containing aservice with AC-3 multichannel audio. Test procedure: 1. Connect the IRD to a S/PDIF receiver e.g. Home Theater System with S/PDIF. 2. Verify that service has a multichannel AC-3 audio available. 3. In receiver menu, select stereo audio.





	4. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo			
	bitstream for S/PDIF output. 5. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted.			
	6. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio.			
	7. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream for S/PDIF			
	output.			
	Expected result:			
	IRD supports AC-3 audio decoding and downmixing to PCM stereo when stereo audio is selected.			
	IRD supports AC-3 audio pass-through native bitstream when multichannel audio is selected.			
Tost result(s)				
Test result(s)	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Conformity				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle \textstyl			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
D (l g			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:10 AC-3: Metadata
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 shall support the use of a complete set of Dolby metadata embedded in the audio stream • when decoding AC-3 or E-AC-3 bitstreams • transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3 • or creating a PCM stereo downmix from a decoded EAC-3 or AC-3 bitstream.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	TBD
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:11 E-AC-3: Requirements	
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.1	
Requirement	NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 shall: • decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates (not including Annex E) • (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and support all sample rates Annex E	





	be capable of transce to AC-3 audio stream			itstreams. Transcodii kbps.	ng
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs				
IRD variants and capability Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD support Equipment: TS Source MUX The TS shall contain services a E-AC-3 (mono, ster and sampling rates: Sampling rates: Sampling rates: Sampling rates: Sampling rates: Sampling rates of the state of the state of the state of the sampling rates. In receiver menu, see the support of the supp	Exciter s, which has reo) audio componerates 32, 44,1 and 48,4 and 640 kbit/s at a sates 32, 44,1 and 48,4 and 640 kbit/s an audio receiver, et as a multichannel is decoutput and if suppoput level can be adjulect multichannel is passuas a stereo E-AC-3 elect MPEGstereo at a stereo is decoded at dif supported for Heput level can be adjulect multichannel are stereo is decoded at dif supported for Heput level can be adjulect multichannel are stereo is decoded at diffusionel are stereo is decoded and diffusionel are stereo	ent with relevant B kHz E-AC-3 (multich sampling rates: B kHz E-AC-3 audio avudio. oded and downrorted for HDMI susted. udio. sed-through as not audio available. udio available. udio. nd downmixed to IDMI ARC. susted. udio.	Audio decoder a signaling at bit rates annel) audio componer System with HDM ailable. mixed to PCM stereo ARC. active bitstream for the pCM stereo bitstream f	nent
	Expected result: IRD supports for E-AC-3 inp	out audio signal and	down-mix to ste	ereo.	
Test result(s)	mono stereo Multichannel 5.1	Bit rate	Sampling rate	OK or NOK	
Confermi	Down-mix to stereo	N/A	N/A	ta	
Commonts		Minor, define fail re			
Comments	If possible describe if fault ca	an be fixed with sof	tware update: L]YESNO	





	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:12 E-AC-3: Analogue audio output		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.1, 6.8.1		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received.		
	If the NorDig IRD has analogue stereo output(s), it shall be capable of decoding and downmixing the supported audio formats for the analogue outputs.		
	NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 shall • (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and support all sample rates.		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes E-AC-3 bitstream and audio output level can be adjusted.		
	This test in only mandatory for STB or IDTV with SCART or analogue audio output interface.		
	Equipment:		
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver		
	A transport stream containing aservice with E-AC-3 multichannel audio.		
	Test procedure:		
	 Verify that service has a multichannel E-AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select MPEG-1 Layer II audio, (Sometimes called PCM). Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output. 		
	Expected result: IRD supports E-AC-3 audio decoding and audio is downmixed to stereo in analog audio output(s).		
	The audio output level can be adjusted.		
Test result(s)			





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

T C	Tool 7.40 5.40 0 manying days for the LIDM and the LIDM ADO and
Test Case	Task 7:13 E-AC-3: required output formats for HDMI output HDMI ARC and HDMI eARC
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.3
Requirement	Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented, NorDig IRDs supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 shall be capable of providing the following formats from an E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstream (see chapter 16 for factory default settings): • Pass-through of native bitstream (AC-3 and E-AC-3) • E-AC-3 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs with option for HDMI, or HDMI ARC, or HDMI eARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD decodes/transcodes and passes-through E-AC-3 bitstream. To verify for the decoded E-AC-3 bitstream that the audio output level can be adjusted. This test is only relevant for STB IRDs with HDMI output and iDTV IRDs with HDMI ARC and/or HDMI eARC output. Equipment: TS source MUX Exciter STB IRD Monitor HDMI receiver HDMI ARC receiver HDMI ARC receiver



	A transport stream with E-AC-3 multichannel audio.
	Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to an HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver e.g. Home Theater System with HDM (ARC, eARC) input that supports E-AC-3 decoding. Verify that service has a multichannel E-AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream* for HDMI output or transcoded to AC-3. *HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver. Expected result: IRD supports E-AC-3 audio decoding and downmixing to PCM stereo when stereo audio is selected. IRD supports AC-3 audio pass-through native bitstream for HDMI output and/or HDMI ARC or transcode it to AC-3 if receiving device does not support E-AC-3 when multichannel audio is selected.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:14 E-AC-3: S/PDIF output interface
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.1, 6.2.2.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 and including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from an E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstream: • E-AC-3 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream • Pass-through of AC-3 bitstream NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 shall • (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and support all sample rates. • be capable of transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3. Transcoding to AC-3 audio streams shall be at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes/transcodes E-AC-3 bitstream.



	This test is only relevant for IRD with S/PDIF output.
	Equipment:
	MPEG-2 source DVB receiver S/PDIF receiver
	A transport stream with E-AC-3 multichannel audio.
	Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to a S/PDIF receiver e.g. Home Theater System with S/PDIF. Verify that service has a multichannel E-AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for S/PDIF output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream for S/PDIF output.
	Expected result: IRD supports E-AC-3 audio decoding to PCM stereo bitstream when stereo audio is selected. IRD supports E-AC-3 transcode to AC-3 when multichannel audio is selected.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:15 E-AC-3: Metadata
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 shall support the use of a complete set of Dolby metadata [36] embedded in the audio stream when: • decoding AC-3 or E-AC-3 bitstreams • transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3 • or creating a PCM stereo downmix from a decoded EAC-3 or AC-3 bitstream
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD supports Dolby metadata.



	Equipment:			
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder			
	The TS shall contain a service E-AC-3, which has the following metadata included in audio component:			
	DolbyDynamicRange Control			
	 Dolby Dialogue Normalization according to ISO/IEC 14496-3: 2005 (Audio 3rd edition) 			
	Down Mix parameters			
	Test procedure:			
	 Setup the system Connect audio decoder to HDMI output. Verify that the IRD supports metadata correctly for decoding of the E-AC-3 stereo Verify that the IRD supports metadata correctly for transcoding E-AC-3 multichannel to AC-3. Verify that the IRD supports metadata correctly for creating PCM stereo downmix. 			
	Expected result: IRD shall support E-AC-3 metadata according to requirement.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyre{\textsty}			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:16 HE AAC: Requirements
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3.1
Requirement	NorDig IRDs supporting HE-AAC (and thereby also AAC-LC) shall be capable of: • decoding HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 2 at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to ETSI TS 101 154. • decoding, including downmixing HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 4 (multi-channel, up to 5.1) at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to ETSI TS 101 154, Annex C (downmix). • transcoding HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 4 (multi-channel, up to 5.1) at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to TS 101 154, Annex H to AC-3 or DTS.





Nordig IRDs shall be able to skip bitstream elements that are not recognized, i.e. unknown Fill elements and Data Stream elements. If NorDig IRD is supporting HE-AAC audio stream transcoding to AC-3 audio stream, it shall be done according to TS 102 366. Transcoding to AC-3 multichannel audio streams shall be at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps. If NorDig IRD is supporting HE-AAC audio stream transcoding to DTS audio stream, it shall be done according to TS 102 114 at a fixed bit rate of 1,536 Mbps. IRD variants all IRDs and capability Test procedure **Purpose of test:** To verify that the IRD supports HE AAC requirements. **Equipment:** MUX Exciter IRD Audio TS Source decoder The TS shall contain a service with HE AAC Level 2 @48kHz (mono, stereo) audio component with relevant signaling. a service with HE AAC Level 4 @ 48kHz (multichannel)audio component with relevant signaling. **Test procedure:** Connect the IRD to an audio receiver, e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI. Verify that service has a multichannel HE AAC audio available. In receiver menu, select MPEG stereo audio. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC. 5. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. 6. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is trascoded to DTS or AC-3 bitstream for HDMI output. 8. Verify that service has a stereo HE AAC audio available. 9. In receiver menu, select MPEGstereo audio. 10. Verify that HE AAC stereo is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC. 11. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. 12. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. 13. Verify that HE AAC stereo is transcoded to DTS or AC-3 bitstream for HDMI output. **Expected result:** IRD supports decoding of HE AAC Level 2 and 4 @ 48 kHz and transcoding of it to AC-3 or DTS and supports down-mixing. Test result(s) OK or NOK **Feature** Decoding of HE AAC L2 @48kHz





Transcoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz to DTS 1.536Mbps Down-mixing of HE AAC L4 @48kHz Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YE Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Transcoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz to DTS 1.536Mbps Down-mixing of HE AAC L4 @48kHz Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Transcoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz to DTS 1.536Mbps
Transcoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz to DTS 1.536Mbps
Transcount of the AAC E4 @40kHz to AC-3 at 040kbps
Transcoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz to AC-3 at 640kbps
Decoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz

Sign		
Task 7:17 HE AAC: Analogue audio output		
NorDig Unified 6.2.3.1, 6.8		
The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received. If the NorDig IRD has analogue stereo output(s), it shall be capable of decoding and downmixing the supported audio formats for the analogue outputs. NorDig IRDs supporting HE-AAC (and thereby also AAC-LC) shall be capable of • decoding HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 2 at sampling rates of 48 kHz according		
to ETSI TS 101 154. • decoding, including downmixing HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 4 (multichannel, up to 5.1) at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to ETSI TS 101 154, Annex C (downmix).		
all IRDs		
Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes HE AAC bitstream and the audio output level can be adjusted. This test in only mandatory for STB or IDTV with SCART or analogue audio output interface. Equipment:		
A transport stream shall contain: • a service with HE AAC Leve 12 @ 48kHz (stereo) audio component with relevant signaling. • a service with HE AAC Level 4 @ 48kHz (multichannel) audio component with relevant signaling. Test procedure:		

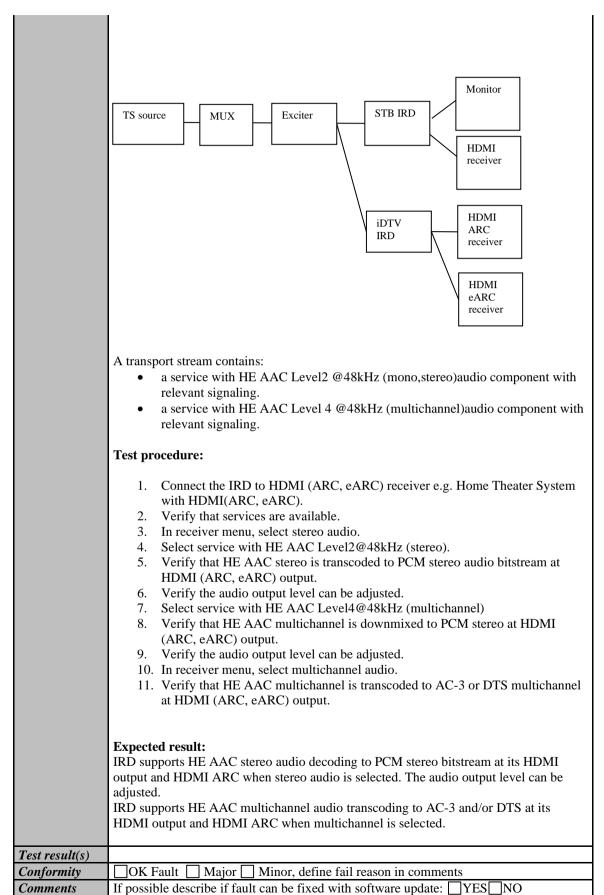




	9.	Verify that services are availaded In receiver menu, selectstered Select service with HE AAC In Verify that stereo audio is available. Verify the audio output level of Select service with HE AAC Inverify that HE AAC multichard output and HE AAC stereo is Verify the audio output level of In receiver menu, select multivate Verify that HE AAC multichard.	audio Level2 ailable can be Level4 annel is availal can be	.@48kHz (ste at analog aud adjusted. .@48kHz (mu s downmixed ble at analog a adjusted. el audio.	io output. altichannel) to stereo at analog audic audio output.	
	IRD sup can be a IRD sup	output output and HE AAC st ed result: oports HE AAC stereo audio de adjusted. oports HE AAC multichannel a s) and the audio output level car	ecoding	g to stereo aud	lio and the audio output	
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK I	Fault 🗌 Major 🗌 Minor, defi	ne fail	reason in con	nments	
Comments		ble describe if fault can be fixed e more specific faults and/or ot			ate: UYES NO	
Date				Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:18 HE AAC: required output formats for HDMI output, HDMI ARC and HDMI eARC
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3.3
Requirement	Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented, NorDig IRDs supporting HE-AAC shall be capable of providing the following formats on the HDMI output connector from a HE-AAC bitstream (see chapter 16 for factory default settings): • Transcoded to AC-3 or DTS bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs with option for HDMI, or HDMI ARC, or HDMI eARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD decodes/transcodes and passes-through HE AAC bitstream. When HE AAC bitstream is decoded and transcoded the audio output level can be adjusted. This test in only relevant for STB IRDs with HDMI output and iDTV IRDs with HDMI ARC and/or HDMI eARC output. Equipment:







	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

T C	Took 7:40 UE AAC: C/DDIE output interifers			
Test Case	Task 7:19 HE AAC: S/PDIF output interface			
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3.3			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting HE-AAC and including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from a HE-AAC bitstream: • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream • Transcoded to AC-3 or DTS bitstream			
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes/transcodes and passes-through HE AAC bitstream. This test in only relevant for IRD with S/PDIFoutput. Equipment:			
	A transport stream contains: • a service with HE AAC Level 2 @48kHz (mono,stereo)audio component with relevant signaling. • a service with HE AAC Level 4 @48kHz (multichannel)audio component with relevant signaling.			
	 Connect the IRD to S/PDIF receiver e.g. Home Theater System with S/PDIF. Verify that servicesare available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is transcoded to PCM stereo at S/PDIF output and HE AAC stereo is transcoded to PCM stereo at S/PDIF output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is transcoded to AC-3 or DTS multichannel at S/PDIF output and HE-AAC stereo is transcoded to AC-3 2.0 or PCM stereo at S/PDIF output. Expected result: IRD supports HE AAC stereo audio decoding to PCM stereo when stereo is selected at			





	IRD supports HE AAC multichannel transcode to AC-3 and/or DTS at its S/PDIF output when multichannel is selected.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:20 HE AAC: Metadata			
1est Cuse	Task 1.20 TIE AAO. Metadata			
C	N. D'. H. C. 16022			
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3.2			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting HE-AAC shall support the use of the following MPEG-4			
	AAC metadata embedded in the audio stream when decoding HE-AAC and transcoding			
	HE-AAC multi-channel to AC-3 or DTS:			
	 Program Reference Level according to ISO/IEC 14496-3 (prog_ref_level) 			
	Downmix Parameters according to "Transmission of MPEG4 Ancillary Data"			
	part of DVB specification ETSI TS 101 154 (center_mix_level,			
	surround_mix_level)			
	 Dynamic Range Control (DRC) according to ISO/IEC 14496-3 (dyn_rng_sgn, 			
	dyn_rng_ctl)			
	 Heavy Compression according to ETSI TS 101 154 Annex C.5.2.5 			
	(compression_on, compression_value)			
IRD variants	all IRDs			
and capability				



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD supports HE AAC metadata. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD The TS containing: • A service with program reference level (prog_ref_level) • A service with downmix parameters (center_mix_level, surround_mix_level)			
	 A service with dynamic range control (dyn_rng_sgn, dyn_rng_ctl) A service with heavy compression (compression_on, compression_value) 			
	 Connect the IRD under the test to an amplifier that supports the metadata decoding Play the stream and tune the IRD to the service that contains the metadata Check that the IRD transforms the HE AAC metadata in the stream to the matching Dolby metadata. Note: A Dolby Reference decoder can be used to read the Dolby metadata values (if IRD transcodes to AC-3). NOTE: For IRD's that transcode to DTS, metadata might be more difficult to verify. DTS Reference decoder can be used Expected result: IRD shall support HE AAC metadata according to requirement. 			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:21 Audio prioritizing for non-NGA streams - Audio language support
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.1, 6.5.3, 16.2.3
Requirement	The user shall be able to select storable preferences for primary and secondary audio language. If an audio-stream according to the primary audio language preference is not associated with the chosen service the NorDig IRD shall automatically choose the audio stream according to the secondary audio language preference, if present. In addition the user shall be able to manually select between all audio-streams that are associated with the active service. For prioritisation between non-NGA audio PIDs/streams (for non-NGA capable NorDig
	IRDs or NGA capable NorDig IRDs that has not prioritised NGA stream(s) according to section 6.5.2), the audio source priority shall be based on the property of the supported audio streams and for different user preference settings of audio format and audio type



	as selected by the user according with table 6.1 below. See section 16.4 for factory default user preference settings related to audio.		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test result(s)	Purpose of test: To verify the support for primary and secondary audio language. Equipment: MPEG 2-source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor Transport stream containing at least one service with two audio languages. Suitable languages are Swedish, Finnish, Norwegian, Danish, Icelandic, Sami, Irish/Gaelic and English. Test procedure: 1. Verify a service with two different audio components is broadcasted dedicated for test of Nordic languages 2. Verify the audio components are signaled correctly. 3. Verify it is possible to select and setup primary and secondary audio language in the receiver setup. 4. Verify the receiver selects the correct audio for primary language. 5. Drop the audio component selected as primary audio language in receiver. 6. Verify the receiver selects correct audio component, i.e. secondary audio language. Expected result: It shall be possible to select primary and secondary language. If the selected primary language is not broadcasted, the selected secondary audio language shall be selected automatically.		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle \textstyl		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:22 Audio Prioritising for non-NGA streams – audio format and stream type
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5, 16.2.3.
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to select audio stream according to user
	selections, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for
	each service. If manually selected audio is not able to be stored in the IRD's
	memory per service, a global setting should be made possible to set manual
	prioritisation of stream type for all services. The priority for the selected audio
	source shall be based on the user selections and audio stream shall be selected
	according to the priority list in table table 6.1 below. If the user selections are



not matching with the audio streams, the NorDig IRD shall always select one of the audio streams which closest suites with the user selections and will hereby provide audio to end-user.

In the event that the NorDig IRD finds more than one stream with same audio property parameters (type, language, format and stream type) that fully or partially matches the IRD user preference settings, of the remaining streams (which have the same audio properties), the stream with the lowest PID shall be selected.

The user shall be able to select multi-channel audio for the digital outputs, when the outputs are equipped for multichannel audio.

If multichannel mode is selected and if both multichannel and stereo streams are available for the selected language and audio type, the NorDig IRD shall use the multichannel audio stream to provide downmixed audio in analog audio output(s), if applicable, and suitable digital bitstream format in digital audio output(s) as e.g. in examples in Annex G (Example table when more than one audio codec is received).

If stereo mode is selected and if both multichannel and stereo streams are available for the selected language and audio type, the NorDig IRD shall use the stereo audio source to provide audio in analog audio output(s), if applicable, and PCM stereo in digital audio output(s) as e.g. in examples in Annex G (Guidelines for NorDig IRD audio selection: "Example table when more than one audio stream is received").

IRD variants and capability

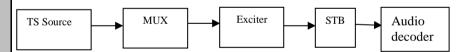
all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the audio priority selection and output audio format.

Test Equipment:



Transport stream containing services with audio components (same language and audio type) listed in table below in test results.

Suitable languages are Swedish, Finnish, Norwegian, Danish, Icelandic, Sami, Irish/Gaelic and English.

Audio type is "normal".

Audio format and stream type shall be signaled in AAC_descriptor, AC-3 descriptor or E-AC-3 descriptor according to following:

- 1) the AAC_type field in the AAC_descriptor for AAC audio,
- 2) the number of channels flags in the AC-3 descriptor and Enhanced AC-3 descriptor for AC-3 and E-AC-3.

Correct signaling is broadcasted depending of the audio format and stream type in test results table. IRD is assumed to prioritise audio format and stream type according to list above.





Test procedure:

- Setup the system
 Verify that the audio selection is done correctly according the input formats in table below in test results
- 3. Repeat test with all input format in table below
- 4. Fill in test results

Expected result:

The IRD shall select the audio format and stream type correctly.

Test result(s)

Available inputs formats (same	Output on analog interface or integrated loudspeakers		OK/NOK
language and audio type)	When Stereo is selected (default)	When Multichannel is selected	
MPEG1 layer II & AC-3	Decoded from MPEG1 LII	Downmixed from AC-3	
MPEG1 layer II & E-AC-3	Decoded from MPEG1 LII	Downmixed from E-AC-3	
HE AAC stereo & HE AAC multichannel	Decoded from HE AAC stereo	Downmixed from HE AAC multichannel	
HE AAC stereo & AC-3 multichannel	Decoded from HE AAC stereo	Downmixed from AC-3 multichannel	

Available inputs	Output on S/PDIF		OK/NOK
formats (same	When Stereo is	When Multichannel	
language and audio	selected (default)	is selected	
type)			
MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	AC-3	
AC-3	MPEG1 LII)		
MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	Transcoded to	
E-AC-3	MPEG1 LII)	AC-3 (from E-AC-3)	
HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	Transcoded to	
HE AAC	AAC stereo)	AC-3, or	
multichannel		DTS (from HE AAC	
		multichannel)	
HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	AC-3	
AC-3 multichannel	AAC stereo)		
1		1	

Available inputs	Output on HDMI		OK/NOK
formats (same	When Stereo is	When Multichannel	
language and audio	selected (default)	is selected	
type)			
MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	AC-3	
AC-3 multichannel	MPEG1 LII)		
MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	AC-3 1)	
E-AC-3	MPEG1 LII)		
multichannel			
MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	E-AC-3	
E-AC-3	MPEG1 LII)		

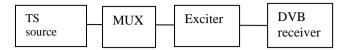




	HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	HE AAC	
	HE AAC	AAC stereo)	multichannel	
	multichannel			
	HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	Transcoded 2) to	
	HE AAC	AAC stereo)	AC-3, or	
	multichannel		DTS	
		707.5 (2)	. ~ •	
	HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	AC-3	
	AC-3 multichannel	AAC stereo)		
	1) transcoded to AC-3 in	f E-AC-3 is not support	ed by receiving device	
			supported by receiving d	evice
Conformity		Minor, define fail		
Comments			oftware update: YES	NO escribe
	more specific faults and	or other information		
D .			a.	
Date			Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:23 Audio Prioritising for non-NGA streams – audio type
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5 16.2.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to select audio stream according to user selections, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for each service. If manually selected audio is not able to be stored in the IRD's memory per service, a global setting should be made possible to set manual prioritisation of stream type for all services. The priority for the selected audio source shall be based on the user selections and audio stream shall be selected according to the priority list in table table 6.1 below. If the user selections are not matching with the audio streams, the NorDig IRD shall always select one of the audio streams which closest suites with the user selections and will hereby provide audio to end-user. In the event that the NorDig IRD finds more than one stream with same audio property parameters (type, language, format and stream type) that fully or partially matches the IRD user preference settings, of the remaining streams (which have the same audio properties), the stream with the lowest PID shall be selected.
IDD	. II MD.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify that IRD selects normal/undefined (0x00) audio component by default. Equipment:





The TS must contain two services with several audio components for the same language, audio formats and stream type but different audio types.

Suitable languages are Swedish, Finnish, Norwegian, Danish, Icelandic, Sami, Irish/Gaelic and English.

Audio type is signaled in PMT in one or all of the following descriptors:

- 1) Supplementary_audio_descriptor for any stream type.
- 2) AAC descriptor for AAC audio.
- 3) AC-3 descriptor for AC-3 audio.
- 4) Enhanced AC-3 descriptor for E-AC-3 audio.
- 5) ISO639_descriptor for any stream type.

IRD is assumed to prioritise the audio type signalization information in that order.

Audio format is stereo.

Stream type for all audio components is either MPEG-4 HE.AAC version 1 or E-AC-3 including metadata corresponding audio_type.

	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	the
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	distribution
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	media
	ISO639_language_code 2)	ISO639_language_code ²)	
	Audio_type hearing impaired	Audio_type hearing impaired	
	A PID 1107	A PID 1207	
	ISO639_language_code 2)	ISO639_language_code ²)	
	Audio_type visual impaired	Audio_type visual impaired	
	commentary	commentary	
	A PID 1106	A PID 1206	
	ISO639_language_code ²)	ISO639_language_code 2)	
	Audio_type Normal/Undef	Audio_type Normal/Undef	
	LCD 1 visible	LCD 2 visible	

- ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.
- Language must the same for all audio components and it can be one of the swe/fin/nor/ice/dan/smi/gle/iri/eng/und

Test procedure:

- 1. Verify the receiver selects audio component which has normal/undefined audio by default
- 2. Verify user is able to select different audio components.
- 3. Verify that the user is able to store selected audio component in the IRD's non-volatile memory, or can be set by changing the priority defined in list in table 6.1.
- 4. Put IRD into standby mode and unplug the power cord
- 5. Turn on the IRD
- 6. Zap to different service and verify that the IRD is selecting wanted audio.

Expected result:





	IRD selects the audio component that is signalled as Normal/Undefined (0x00) by default when several audio components with the same language code, audio format and stream type but different audio type are available within one service. The user shall also be able to select between the different audio components. The user should also be able to store the selected audio component prioristation to non-volatile memory.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:24 Audio Prioritising for non-NGA streams – audio format signaling missing		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.3		
Requirement	For the selection of audio format (mono, stereo or multichannel, see Table 6.1 and Table 6.2, the NorDig IRD shall use:		
	- the AAC_type field in the AAC_descriptor for AAC audio, - the number of channels flags in the AC-3 descriptor and Enhanced AC-3 descriptor for AC-3 and E-AC-3.		
	In any case where, for some reason, this information is not carried in the PMT for a particular audio stream, then the IRD shall prioritise based on the assumption that audio stream contains "normal" stereo content. In the event that the NorDig IRD finds more than one stream with same audio property parameters (type, language, format and stream type) that fully or partially matches the IRD user preference settings, of the remaining streams (which have the same audio properties), the stream with the lowest PID shall be selected.		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify which audio component the IRD selects when no additional audio format signalization is added to audio component. Equipment:		
	TS source DVB receiver The TS shall contain two services with two audio components. The PMTs shall contain		
	the elementary streams with appropriate stream_types.		





	All audio tracks shall be signaled with a same language and audio_type (0x0) in ISO_639_language_descriptor. No other descriptors shall be signaled for the audio streams.			
		Service1	Service2	Frequency
	MUX TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	SID 1100 S_name Test11 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108 (HE AAC L4) A PID 1107 (MPEG1 LII stereo) LCD 1 visible	SID 1200 S_name Test12 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208 (AC-3 multichannel) A PID 1207 (MPEG1 LII stereo) LCD 2 visible	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media
	ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.			
	 Test procedure: Configure the IRD to select 'normal' stereo audio. Zap through the services in the stream. Verify that the IRD selects the MPEG1-LII audio component and audio is played out correctly. Configure the IRD to select 'normal' multichannel audio. Zap through the services in the stream. Verify that the IRD selects the advanced audio component and audio is played out correctly. Expected result: IRD selects the audio component that is signalled as Normal/Undefined (0x00) by default when several audio components without signaling is available within one service 			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault	☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fa	il reason in comments	
Comments		cribe if fault can be fixed with specific faults and/or other in	software update: YES	□NO
Date			Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:25 Audio video synchronization
Section	NorDig Unified 6.7.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRDs shall not introduce more than ± 5 ms of relative delay between the audio and video components on the primary output (1) and not more than ± 25 ms between the primary video output and a secondary audio output. (2) The relative delay between the audio and video components shall be continously synchronized. If the NorDig IRD, as a part of an integrated digital TV set (iDTV) has an audio output, and/or decoded PCM digital audio output, the audio shall be in sync with the video display. Where audio leaves the IRD in an encoded form (such as in IEC61937 bitstream from S/PDIF, HDMI, HDMI ARC or HDMI eARC outputs, the IRD shall compensate for the decoding latency of the selected audio format, as specified for the relevant reference decoder for the selected format (e.g AC-3), such that the output of the reference decoder





	would be ±5 ms with respect to the decoded video. This applies for all audio systems that the IRD supports.			
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs			
Test procedure				
	Equipment:			
	Source MUX Exciter Video/audio synchronisation measurement device Reference device for video and audio inspection Video/audio synchronisation measurement device Reference device for audio listening			
	Transport stream containing: • a 'Bounce' video signal (fully black and white pictures). • The audio (sound bursts) is synchronized with the video.			
	Test procedure:			
	 If the IRD is iDTV: Subjectively verify the video content in the integrated display is in synchronization with the audio content on the integrated loudspeakers. If any doubt is arisen for the synchronisation accuracy, measure the synchronization with the dedicated measurement equipment. If the iDTV supports analog audio output or digital audio output on HDMI output, HDMI ARC or S/PDIF, connect a receiving reference device to such an output interface. Verify subjectively if the audio on the reference device is in synchronization with the video displayed on the iDTV. If any doubt is arisen for the synchronisation accuracy, measure the synchronization with the dedicated measurement equipment. If the IRD is STB:			
	 Connect a receiving reference device to primary HDMI output interface. Verify subjectively if the audio on the reference device is in synchronization with the video displayed on the reference device. 			





	3. If any doubt is arisen for the synchronisation accuracy, measure the			
	synchronization with the dedicated measurement equipment.			
	4. If the STB supports analog audio output or digital audio output on S/PDIF, connect a receiving reference device to such an output interface.			
	5. Verify subjectively if the audio on the reference device is in synchronization			
	with the video displayed on the reference device.			
	Expected result:			
	If the IRD is an iDTV			
	• the relative delay between video on integrated display and audio on integrated loudspeakers is less than ± 5 ms.			
	• the relative delay between video on integrated display and audio on the analog audio output or digital audio outputs HDMI ARC, HDMI eARC and S/PDIF is less than ± 5 ms.			
	If the IRD is an STB, • the relative delay between video and audio on HDMI output is less than ±5 ms.			
	 the relative delay between video on reference display and audio on analog audio output or digital audio output S/PDIF is less than ±5 ms. 			
	The secondary display output is not measured.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	f possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:26 Adjustement of Video/audio-delay		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.7.1		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support the possibility to adjust the audio-delay on the HDMI and S/PDIF output (if available) up to 250 ms and it should be adjustable in 5 ms steps, as the IRD may have several different user set-ups, resulting in different a/v delays; e.g. the IRD may be connected to several types of external audio-amplifiers and the IRD may be connected to several types of external screens.		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD has settings for video/audio delay. This requirement is only applicable to IRDs that are not part of an iDTV. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter STB Audio decoder		





	Test procedure:				
	 Verify the IRD has a setting to setup video/audio delay up to 250ms. Verify the setting has effect in delay between video and audio. 				
	Expected result:				
	It is possible to change static delay between video and audio decoding and it has effect.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 7:27 Audio handling when changing service or audio format		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.9		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD should gracefully handle change of service or audio format at the audio outputs without significant disturbances to the end user.		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test procedure	The NorDig IRD should gracefully handle change of service or audio format at the audioutputs without significant disturbances to the end user. all IRDs		





Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:28 Dynamic changes in audio components
Section	NorDig Unified 6.9
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle dynamic changes of audio component(s) (PID/PIDs) in a service. The IRD shall automatically identify if an audio component is added or removed between two programme events in the same service). The NorDig IRD should gracefully handle change of service or audio format at the audio outputs without significant disturbances to the end user.
	The NorDig IRD shall handle the dynamic changes after change of selected service ("zapping") or dynamic PMT update (i.e. shall not require to re-install services) and shall be able to handle the following dynamic changes without user interaction and start decoding within one second after reception of change; • change of the audio codec, (for example change from MPEG-1 Layer II into AC-3) • change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
1 est procedure	To verify the IRD is able to handle dynamic changes of audio components in transmission. - change of number of audio channels within same audio codec (eg. AC-3 2.0 to AC-3 5.1 and vice versa. - change of bitrate for an audio component (eg. MPEG1-L2 bitrate from 192 kbps to 160 kbps) - change of audio PID value (any codec) - change from dual-channel audio into stereo audio and vice versa - removal of selected audio component and using the next preferred one - addition of one audio component with higher preferred user setting - change of the audio codec (eg. from MPEG1-L2 to AC-3 - change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component
	Equipment: MPEG-2 source MUX Exciter DVB receiver MPEG-2 source must have capability to support dynamic changes in audio components





	In case of dual-channel audiothe first language_descriptor definition corresponds physical left channel and second language_descriptor definition corresponds physical right channel. Test procedure: 1. Use MPEG-2 source to generate dynamic changes in audio components as listed in test results 2. Fill in the test results. Expected result: IRD is able to handle dynamic changes in audio components.			
Test result(s)				
		OK / NOK		
	Change of number of audio channels within same audio codec (eg. AC-3 2.0 to AC-3 5.1 and vice versa.			
	Change of bitrate for an audio component (eg. MPEG1-L2 bitrate from 192 kbps to 160 kbps) Change of audio PID value (any codec)			
	Change from dual-channel audio into stereo audio and vice versa			
	Removal of selected audio component and using the next preferred one			
	Addition of one audio component with higher preferred user setting			
	Change of the audio codec (eg. from MPEG1-L2 to AC-3			
	Change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textbf{YES} \subsetention NO \)			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:29 Dynamic update of PMT- Component priority (stream type)
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.3, 6.5.2, 6.5.3
Requirement	From 12.6.3: Component priority when multiple video or audio streams are received The following applies for services that transmit in parallel more than one type of video/audio stream under the same service_id (e.g. simulcasting within the same service): For Audio decoding, NorDig IRDs shall prioritise the service's components according to chapter 6.5, Audio Prioritisation. NorDig IRDs shall ignore advanced audio streams when it does not support decoding those streams. For example, an IRD that do not include any AC-3 (downmix) decoder, (maybe only supports pass-through of AC-3 to the digital audio output), shall not choose the AC-3 audio stream as default. Instead it shall choose among the IRDs supported audio stream types according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritisation. When several audio streams of the same type are received, the primary stream shall be
	selected in accordance with the definitions in section 6.5 (Audio Prioritisation).



From 6.5.2:

NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD shall prioritise the selection of NGA/AC-4 audio PID/stream over other audio PIDs/streams using other audio codecs when:

- NGA stream signalised a language that matches IRD user preference settings for primary audio language. (See section 6.5.4.1 how IRD shall detect language for PMT signalling), or
- NGA stream does not signalise any language (in PMT), or
- No NGA stream matches the user preference settings for primary audio language and no non-NGA stream matches the IRD user preference settings for primary and secondary audio language.

Otherwise, the non-NGA audio PIDs/streams shall be selected in accordance with section 6.5.3 below.

From 6.5.3:

For prioritisation between non-NGA audio PIDs/streams (for non-NGA capable NorDig IRDs or NGA capable NorDig IRDs that has not prioritised NGA stream(s) according to section 6.5.2), the audio source priority shall be based on the property of the supported audio streams and for different user preference settings of audio format and audio type as selected by the user according with table 6.1 below.

IRD variants and capability

HEVC, all IRDs

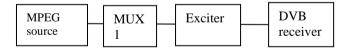
Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the NorDig IRD is able select audio components in priority order and handle dynamic changes in service (PMT and PIDs).

The idea in this test is that there is always (video and) audio available in the NorDig IRD output (STB output or iDTV's integrated display and speakers) independently which input audio format(s) is(are) available in the service.

Equipment:



The IRD shall be configured with stereo output mode and normal audio mode. The IRD shall output audio in the correct format in the physical audio output or iDTV's integrated speakers.

MPEG source must have capability to produce video simultaneously with

- * audio component broadcast for following audio formats:
 - MPEG-1 Layer II
 - MPEG-4 HE AAC
 - AC-3
 - E-AC-3
 - AC-4 (for HEVC IRDs)

Audio streams shall be stereo, normal audio and the same language.



	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	the distribution
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109 (MPEG 2 SD)	V PID 1209 incl PCR	media
_	V PID 1119 (AVC HD)	A PID 1208	
	V PID 1129 (AVC SD)	Teletext PID 1207	
		DVB Subt PID 1106	
	A PID 1108 (MPEG1 L2)	Logical_chan_desc 2	
	A PID 1118 (HE AAC)	visible	
	A PID 1128 (E-AC-3)		
	A PID 1138 (AC-3)		
	A PID 1148 (AC-4)		
	Logical_chan_desc 1		
	visible		

¹⁾ON id (Original network id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network)

The service PCR is broadcasted in separate PID.

Test procedure:

- 7. Control that the MUX1 have services signaled as defined in table above
- 8. Configure the IRD for stereo output and normal audio mode
- 9. Zap all the services and check quickly that they works.
- 10. Zap to service1 in MUX1
- 11. Drop PIDs (and update PMT accordingly) in following order:
 - a. Audio PID 1118 (HE-AAC)
 - b. Audio PID 1128 (AC-3)
 - c. Audio PID 1138 (E-AC-3)
 - d. Audio PID 1148 (AC4)
- 12. Add PIDs (and update PMT accordingly) in following order:
 - a. Audio PID 1148 (AC4)
 - b. Audio PID 1138 (E-AC3)

 - c. Audio PID 1128 (AC3)d. Audio PID 1118 (HE-AAC)
- 13. Verify that the service is decoded correctly by watching the video, listening the audio

Expected result:

NorDig HEVC IRD: After remove and addition of the PIDs, all the component in the service are decoded correctly.

Basic (non-HEVC) IRD: stream_types not supported by the receiver are not affecting the receiver operability.

Test result(s)

Audio codec priority for stereo output and normal audio mode:

Audio codec	Stream_type	Priority	OK/NOK
AC-4	0x06	1 (highest)	
Basic, MPEG-1 Layer II audio stream	0x03	2	
MPEG-4 HE.AAC (or LC.AAC) v2 audio stream	0x11	3	
E-AC-3 (Enhanced AC-3)	0x06	4	





		audio stream			
		AC-3 (AC-3) audio stream	0x06	5 (lowest)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:30 Audio descriptors			
Section	NorDig Unified 6.9			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to read the audio information contained in the DVB_SI stream_content and component_type of the component descriptor as defined in EN 300 468, see also chapter 12 and section 13.3.2. The NorDig IRD should be able to present the audio information, including the descriptors for audio description for the visually impaired and audio for the hard of hearing, contained in the component descriptor to the user for information and selection purposes.			
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs			
Test procedure	The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure and the used test setup.			
Test result(s)	The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure and the used test setup.			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:31 Supplementary audio
Section	NorDig Unified 6.11
Requirement	The Nordig IRD audio decoder shall (1) be capable of supporting 'visual impaired' Supplementary audio (SA) services, as defined in ETS TS 101 154 (however, control of pan and fade is optional).
	The NorDig IRD shall (1) support both Broadcast mixed and Receiver mixed Supplementary Audio.
	The NorDig IRD shall (1) have user selection of audio preferences for 'normal' and 'Supplementary' audio and which is a fixed setting (i.e. remain when changing service and when re-starting the IRD).
	The user preference settings for enabled/disable default Supplementary audio shall (1) be common for Broadcast mixed (2) and Receiver mixed alternatives.
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to select the correct audio type stream according
	to user preference settings, see section Error! Reference source not found.



When the user has selected Normal audio as preferred audio, the NorDig IRD shall by default select the Normal audio stream for services which have several audio streams with different audio type for selected language.

When the user has selected Supplementary Audio as preferred audio, the NorDig IRD shall by default select the supplementary audio stream for services which have several audio streams with different audio type for selected language.

The NorDig IRD with separate user preference settings for Audio Type selection of Audio Description and Spoken Subtitles (see section 16.2.3) shall select the appropriate Supplementary audio stream based on supplementary_audio_descriptor signalling. Furthermore, if the Supplementary Audio is signaled via ISO 639(1) language descriptor but no supplementary_audio_descriptor (i.e. supplementary_audio_descriptor is missing, meaning that the IRD can not distinguish if Supplementary Audio is Audio Description or Spoken Subtitles), the Supplementary Audio shall be selected if any of the user preferences settings Audio Description or Spoken Subtitles are turned on.

Note 1: ISO_639_language_descriptor audio_type 0x03 (visually impaired commentary) is used in combination with one particular language, while Normal Audio is signalled as audio_type 0x00.

IRD variants and capability

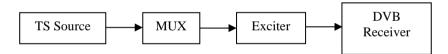
all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the IRD handles supplementary audio for narrator and spoken subtitling like of audio streams.

Equipment:



A TS containing several services with several audio components for broadcast and receiver mixing.

Supplementary_audio_descriptor is signalled for all audio components according to content definition below.

The normal and supplementary audio for receiving mixing within a service are encoded as MPEG-1 Layer II, HE-AAC and E-AC-3 depending of which audio codecs are supported by the IRD. The audio streams sampling rate must be the same and the audio streams are separated to two different PIDs.

Transmitter	Service 1	Service 2	Frequency
MUX 1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_ID 1	S_Name Test11	S_Name Test12	depending of the
Network_ID 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	distribution
ON_ID 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	media.
_	A PID	A PID 1208	
	1108ISO639_language_cod	ISO639_language_code ²)	
	e ²)	Audio_type 0x00	
	Audio_type 0x00	A PID 1207	
	A PID 1107	ISO639_descriptor:	
	ISO639_descriptor:	language_code 2)	
	language_code 2)	Audio_type 0x03	
		supplementary audio desc	





The selected language for primary language code is referred as Lang1 below. The selected language for secondary language code is referred as Lang2 below. 1. Set the primary audio selection to Lang1 and secondary to Lang2. 2. Set audio type preference to "normal" audio. 3. Tune to Service 1 and verify that audio PID 1108, Lang1 0x00 audio type is selected. 4. Tune to Service 2 and verify that audio PID 1208, Lang1 0x00 audio type is selected. 5. Set audio type preference to "supplementary audio". 6. Tune to Service 1 and verify that audio PID 1107, Lang2 0x00 audio type is selected. 7. Tune to Service 2 and verify that audio PID 1207, nar 0x03 audio type is mixed with audio PID 1208 audio and is audible. Expected result: Supplementary audio can be enabled and disabled from the menu. IRD supports both broadcast mixed and receiver mixed supplementary audio. IRD is able to select a correct audio track according to user preference setting. Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		audio_type 0x00 supplementary audio desc: "broadcast mixed" LCD 1 visible 1) ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) 2) Language must the same for all audio components and it can be one of the swe/fin/nor/ice/dan/smi/gle/iri/eng/und Test procedure:
Supplementary audio can be enabled and disabled from the menu. IRD supports both broadcast mixed and receiver mixed supplementary audio. IRD is able to select a correct audio track according to user preference setting. Test result(s) Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		 The selected language for primary language code is referred as Lang1 below. Set the primary audio selection to Lang1 and secondary to Lang2. Set audio type preference to "normal" audio. Tune to Service 1 and verify that audio PID 1108, Lang1 0x00 audio type is selected. Tune to Service 2 and verify that audio PID 1208, Lang1 0x00 audio type is selected. Set audio type preference to "supplementary audio". Tune to Service 1 and verify that audio PID 1107, Lang2 0x00 audio type is selected. Tune to Service 2 and verify that audio PID 1107, Lang2 0x00 audio type is selected. Tune to Service 2 and verify that audio PID 1207, nar 0x03 audio type is mixed
Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		Supplementary audio can be enabled and disabled from the menu. IRD supports both broadcast mixed and receiver mixed supplementary audio.
Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \[\textstyre{YES} \] NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	Test result(s)	
Describe more specific faults and/or other information	Y - Y	
Date	Comments	
2.9	Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:32 IRD Internal Reference Level
Section	NorDig Unified 6.12
Requirement	The level for reference tones for transmission will be 18 dB below clipping level, in accordance with EBU Recommendation R.68 "Alignment level in digital audio production equipment and in digital recorders" as recommended by ETSI TS 101 154.
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	
Test procedure	The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure and the used test setup.





Test result(s)	The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure and the used test setup.						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date		S	Sign				
		_					
Test Case	Task 7:33 Loudness	levels - Audio Outp	out Levels				
Section	NorDig Unified 6.13.3						
Requirement	In order to match the loudness of audio streams in a downstream AV receiver, PCM streams at a target reference level of -23 dBFS shall (1) be reduced in level by 8dB before being output on S/PDIF or HDMI to that device. PCM streams at a target reference level of -31 dBFS shall not be increased in level prior to output. If an HDMI (or HDMI eARC) receiving device indicates that it supports multichannel PCM audio, then stereo or multichannel PCM should output be at a target reference level of -31 dBFS. If an HDMI (or HDMI eARC) receiving device indicates that it only supports Basic Audio (i.e. twochannel L-PCM), then the output should be leveled to a target reference level of -23 dBFS. For analog (stereo) outputs, the target reference level should be leveled to -23 dBFS (as measured on a digital signal).						
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify IRD audio output levels are according to requirement. Test procedure: Use a test stream with audio encoded in MPEG-1 Layer II at on a beforhand measured integrated level that is approximately -23 LUFS (integrated value, measured according to EBU R 128 or other close standard such as ITU-R BS.1770).						
	Available input format Measured Output on S/PDIF (Integrated value in LUFS) When Stereo is selected (default) is selected – The Target Reference Reference Level is -23 dBFS Measured Output on S/PDIF (Integrated Value in LUFS) When Multichannel is selected – The Target Reference Level is -31 dBFS						
	MPEG1 layer II i.e. measured to be -23						

-23 LUFS

-31 LUFS

LUFS

AC-3 i.e. measured

to be -23 LUFS with dialnorm level set to = -23 dBFS





E-AC-3 i.e.	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
measured to be -23			
LUFS with			
dialnorm level set			
to = -23 dBFS			
HE AAC i.e.	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
measured to be -23			
LUFS with			
<pre>prog_ref_level</pre>			
set to $= -23 \text{ dBFS}$			

	Measured Output o value i	OK/NOK	
Available input format	When Stereo is selected (default) – The Target Reference Level is -23 dBFS	When Multichannel is selected – The Target Reference Level is -31 dBFS	
MPEG1 layer II i.e.	-23 LUFS (same as	-31 LUFS (8 dB	
measured to be -23 LUFS	input)	attenuation)	
AC-3 i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with dialnorm level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
E-AC-3 i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with dialnorm level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
HE AAC i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with prog_ref_level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	

^{*} An audio analyser with HDMI-input is not common. A HDMI-to-S/PDIF-converter might be of use or other type of equipment.

	Measured Output on S/PDIF (Integrated value in LUFS)		OK/NOK
Available input format	When Stereo is selected (default) – The Target Reference Level is -23 dBFS	When Multichannel is selected – The Target Reference Level is -31 dBFS	
MPEG1 layer II i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS	-23 LUFS (same as input)	-31 LUFS (8 dB attenuation)	





	dialnorm level set			
	to = -23 dBFS HE AAC i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with prog_ref_level set to = -23 dBFS For analog (stereo) outp measured on a digital significant supports correct load.	gnal) Make the same	tests as "Stereo" as abov	e.
	changing from "Stereo"			
Test result(s)				
Conformity		Minor, define fail r		_
Comments	If possible describe if fa Describe more specific f			□NO
Date		S	Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:34 AC-4: Requirements
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.1
Requirement	NorDig HEVC IRD supporting AC-4 shall • decode AC-4 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 103 190-2. • be capable of transcoding AC-4 bitstreams to E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstreams according to TS 102 366.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD supports decoding of AC-4 level 3 bitstreams at various configurations. This test is to be performed at the main output of the IRD. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder





	The TS shall contain three services each with one AC-4 audio stream at native frame rate and one HE-AAC stream, both streams shall be signaled as Danish. The AC-4 audio stream in the three services shall be according to: 1. AC-4 stereo 2. AC-4 multichannel 3. AC-4 immersive
	Test procedure:
	 If the main output of the IRD is HDMI, connect the IRD to an audio receiver, e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI. Verify that there are three services and that each have an HE-AAC and an AC-4 audio stream. On the receiver menu, select service 1. Verify that AC-4 stereo is decoded or transcoded at the main output of the IRD. On the receiver menu, select service 2. Verify that AC-4 multichannel is decoded or transcoded. On the receiver menu, select service 3. Verify that AC-4 immersive is decoded or transcoded. Expected result: IRD support for AC-4 input audio signal and reproduction at its main output.
Test result(s)	OK or NOK Stereo Multichannel 5.1 Immersive
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyre{\textsty}
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:35 AC-4: Analogue audio output
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.1, 6.8.1.
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received. If the NorDig IRD has analogue stereo output(s), it shall be capable of decoding and downmixing the supported audio formats for the analogue outputs. NorDig IRD's that support AC-4 shall • decode AC-4 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 103 190-2.
IRD	HEVC IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



	To verify that receiver IRD decodes AC-4 bitstream and audio output level can be adjusted.
	This test in only mandatory for STB or iDTV with SCART or analogue audio output interface.
	Equipment:
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver
	A transport stream containing a service with AC-4 multichannel audio.
	Test procedure:
	 Verify that service has a multichannel AC-4 audio available. Verify that AC-4 multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output.
	Expected result: IRD supports AC-4 audio decoding and audio is downmixed to stereo in analog audio output(s).
	The audio output level can be adjusted.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:36 AC-4: required output formats for HDMI, HDMI ARC and HDMI eARC
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.3
Requirement	Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented, NorDig HEVC IRDs shall be capable of providing the following formats on the HDMI output connector from an AC-4 bitstream (see chapter 16 for factory default settings): • AC-4 bitstream decoded (up to 5.1 channels) and re-encoded to E-AC-3 at a minimum bit rate of 640 kbps. • AC-4 bitstream decoded (up to 5.1 channels) and re-encoded to AC-3 at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps. • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD with option for HDMI, or HDMI ARC, or HDMI eARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that STB IRD decodes/transcodes AC-4 bitstreams and outputs the appropriate format via HDMI.

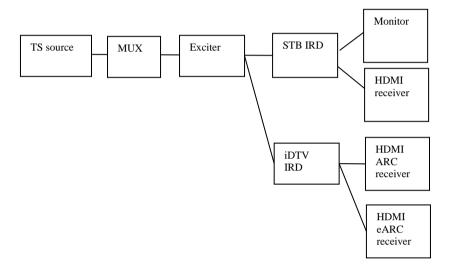


To verify that iDTV IRD decodes/transcodes AC-4 bitstreams and outputs the appropriate format via HDMI ARC and (if supported) HDMI eARC.

To verify that for AC-4 bitstreams decoded and downmixed (if >2 channels) to PCM stereo, the audio output level can be adjusted.

This test is only relevant for STB IRDs with HDMI output and iDTV IRDs with HDMI ARC and/or HDMI eARC output.

Equipment:



A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel or immersive audio.

Test procedure:

- 1. Connect the IRD to an HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver e.g. Home Theatre System with HDMI (ARC, eARC) input, that supports E-AC-3 or AC-3 decoding.
- 2. Verify that service has a multichannel or immersive AC-4 audio available.
- 3. In receiver menu, select stereo audio.
- 4. Verify that AC-4 multichannel or immersive is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI (ARC, eARC) output.
- 5. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted.
- 6. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio.
- 7. Verify that AC-4 multichannel or immersive is transcoded to E-AC-3 or AC-3 multichannel at HDMI (ARC, eARC) output depending on the capabilities of the HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver.

Expected result:

IRD supports AC-4 audio decoding and downmixing to PCM stereo when stereo audio is selected. The main audio level can be adjusted.

IRD supports AC-4 multichannel audio transcoding to E-AC-3 and AC-3 at its HDMI (ARC, eARC) output when multichannel audio is selected.

Test result(s)

	HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver	OK or NOK
Stereo	any	
Multichannel	E-AC-3	
Multichannel	AC-3	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle YES \(\textstyle NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Duit	5.8
Test Case	Task 7:37 AC-4: recommended output formats for HDMI and HDMI eARC only (optional)
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.3
Requirement	Where HDMI (or HDMI eARC) is implemented, NorDig HEVC IRDs should be capable of providing the following formats from an AC-4 bitstream: • Decoded to PCM audio bitstreams with metadata (e.g., MAT, HDMI 2.1).
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD with option for immersive output over HDMI or HDMI eARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that STB IRD decodes an immersive or multichannel AC-4 bitstream to PCM audio bitstreams with metadata for HDMI output. To verify that iDTV IRD decodes an immersive or multichannel AC-4 bitstream to PCM audio bitstreams with metadata for HDMI eARC output. This test is only relevant for STB IRDs with HDMI output and iDTV IRDs with HDMI eARC output.
	Equipment: TS source MUX Exciter STB IRD HDMI receiver iDTV IRD HDMI eARC receiver
	A transport stream with immersive or multichannel AC-4 audio. Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to an HDMI (eARC) receiver e.g. Home Theatre System with HDMI (eARC) input, that supports PCM audio bitstreams with metadata. Verify that service has immersive or multichannel AC-4 audio available. Verify that immersive and multichannel AC-4 audio is decoded to PCM with metadata for HDMI (eARC) output.
	Expected result: IRD supports decoding of multichannel or immersive AC-4 audio to PCM with metadata for HDMI (eARC) output.





Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle \textstyl
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:38 AC-4: recommended output formats for HDMI ARC (optional)
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.3
	 Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented, NorDig HEVC IRDs should be capable of providing the following formats from an AC-4 bitstream: AC-4 bitstream decoded (e.g. 5.1.2 channels) and re-encoded using E-AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 in combination with the JOC extension to E-AC-3 according to ETSI TS 103 420.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC iDTV with option for immersive output over HDMI ARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that iDTV IRD transcodes an immersive AC-4 bitstream to an E-AC-3 JOC bitstream for HDMI ARC. This test is only relevant for iDTV IRDs with HDMI ARC. Equipment: TS source MUX Exciter STB IRD HDMI receiver HDMI receiver HDMI receiver HDMI receiver HDMI ARC receiver A transport stream with immersive AC-4 audio. Test procedure: 1. Connect the IRD to an HDMI ARC, receiver e.g. Home Theatre System with HDMI ARC input, that supports E-AC-3 JOC decoding. 2. Verify that service has immersive AC-4 audio available. 3. Verify that immersive AC-4 audio is transcoded to E-AC-3 JOC for HDMI ARC output. Expected result:





	IRD supports transcoding of AC-4 immersive audio to E-AC-3 JOC for HDMI ARC output.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:39 AC-4: required output formats for S/PDIF
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting AC-4 and including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from an AC-4 bitstream: • AC-4 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD decodes/transcodes AC-4 bitstreams.
	This test is only relevant for IRD with S/PDIF output. Equipment:
	MPEG-2 source DVB receiver S/PDIF receiver
	A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel or immersive audio.
	 Connect the IRD to a S/PDIF receiver e.g. Home Theater System with S/PDIF. Verify that service has a multichannel or immersive AC-4 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that AC-4 multichannel or immersive is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for S/PDIF output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that AC-4 multichannel or immersive is transcoded to AC-3 multichannel at the S/PDIF output. Expected result: IRD supports AC-4 audio decoding to PCM stereo bitstream when stereo audio is selected.





	IRD supports AC-4 transcode to AC-3 multichannel when multichannel audio is selected.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle YES \) NO		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:40 Dialogue Enhancement			
Section	NorDig Unified 6.10			
Requirement	Next Generation Audio enable Dialogue Enhancement which gives the possibility to adjust the relative level of the dialogue, to aid speech intelligibility or to suit the preference of the user. See section 16.2.3 for the user preference settings that are related to Dialogue Enhancement.			
	In additions for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD user shall be able to select storable user preferences (stored as persistent settings) for following audio related functions (see chapter 16.4 for factory default values): •Dialogue Enhancement (on/off), see section 6.10			
	AC-4 enable Dialogue Enhancement accessibility services by offering the possibility to adjust the relative level of the dialogue.			
	In additions for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD user shall be able to select storable user preferences (stored as persistent settings) for following audio related functions (see chapter 16.4 for factory default values): • Dialogue Enhancement (on/off), see section 6.10			
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD			
Test procedur				
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder			
	The TS shall contain a service using AC-4 which include typically a noise signal with Dialogue Enhancement meta data which gain modules the noise when applied. Test procedure:			





	 Verify that service has an AC-4 audio available including dialogue enhancement meta data. In IRD menu, select Dialogue Enhancement off. Verify that AC-4 is decoded and static noise is played. In IRD menu, select Dialogue Enhancement on. Verify that AC-4 is decoded and that gain modulated noise is played.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:41 Automatic Audio PID/Stream prioritisation for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.2
Requirement	NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD shall prioritise the selection of NGA/AC-4 audio PID/stream over other audio PIDs/streams using other audio codecs when: • NGA stream signalised a language that matches IRD user preference settings for primary audio language. (See section 6.5.4.1 how IRD shall detect language for PMT signalling), or • NGA stream does not signalise any language (in PMT), or • No NGA stream matches the user preference settings for primary audio language and no non-NGA stream matches the IRD user preference settings for primary and secondary audio language. Otherwise, the non-NGA audio PIDs/streams shall be selected in accordance with section 6.5.3 below. If NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD finds more than one NGA stream that matches the primary audio language, or finds none of the NGA streams match the primary audio language the NGA stream with lowest PID shall be selected.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD selects the right PID/stream based on IRD primary language setting. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder A transport stream containing a service with multiple audio PID in different languages and audio codecs, as specified in the table below. Note that the content is that of the reference streams and might be replaced by the tester.



				1	
	PID	Codec	Language signaling	Content	
	1st audio PID	HE-AAC	Swedish	Sine tone	
	2nd audio PID	HE-AAC	Swedish Audio Description	Speech*	
	3rd audio PID	AC-4	5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD)	Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel check and speech*	
	4th audio PID	HE-AAC	English	White noise	
			in English indicating the se	,	
	 Test procedure: Setup the system as indicated in the diagram In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish Verify the IRD selects the 3rd audio PID and plays back the content corresponding to Swedish language and not the 2nd PID. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to English Verify the IRD selects the 4rd audio PID and plays back the content corresponding to English language. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary and secondary audio language to any languages other than Swedish, Finnish or English. Verify the IRD selects the 3rd audio PID and plays back the content corresponding to Finnish language. Expected result: In step 3, the IRD prioritises the NGA PID because it matches the user preference for primary audio language.				
Test result(s)					
	Primary/seconda language prefere		Decoded audio stream	OK / NOK	
	Swedish	1	NGApresentation corresponding to Swedish language		
	English	1	HE-AAC PID corresponding to English language		
	Any languages ot Swedish, Finnish English	or	NGA presentation corresponding to Finnish language		
Conformity	OK Fault N	Iajor Miı	nor, define fail reason in co	omments	
Comments	If possible describe	if fault can	be fixed with software upd nd/or other information		
	Describe more specific radius and/or other information				



Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:42 Automatic Audio PID/Stream prioritisation for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs				
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5	5.2			
Requirement	NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD shall prioritise the selection of NGA/AC-4 audio PID/stream over other audio PIDs/streams using other audio codecs when: NGA stream signalised a language that matches IRD user preference settings for primary audio language. (See section 6.5.4.1 how IRD shall detect language for PMT signalling), or NGA stream does not signalise any language (in PMT), or No NGA stream matches the user preference settings for primary audio language and no non-NGA stream matches the IRD user preference settings for primary and secondary audio language.				
	Otherwise, the non-NGA audio PIDs/streams shall be selected in accordance with section 6.5.3 below. If the NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD finds more than one NGA stream that matches the primary audio language or finds that none of the NGA streams match the primary audio language, the NGA stream with lowest PID shall be selected.				
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD selects the right PID/stream when the NGA stream does not signal any language in PMT Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder				
		s specified in the	e table below. Note that	co PID in different languages the content is that of the Content Sine tone Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive	
	No signaling in the PMT channel check and speech* * Speech content is a narration in English indicating the selected language				
			ted in the diagram	ry audio language to Swedish	





	 3. Verify the IRD selects the 2nd audio PID and plays back the content corresponding to Swedish language and not the 2nd PID. Expected result: The IRD prioritises the NGA stream when it does not signal any language in the PMT. 				
Test result(s)					
	Primary/secondary Decoded audio stream OK / NOK language preference				
	Swedish	NGA presentation corresponding to Swedish language			
~ ^ ·					
Conformity		linor, define fail reason in cor			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date		Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:43	Automatic Aud	lio Prioritisatio	n inside the NGA	Audio PID/stream
Section	NorDig Uni	fied 6.5.6			
Requirement		apable NorDig IR	•	NorDig HEVC IRD.	he NGA stream
	IRD settings →				N
		Spoken Subtitles OFF	Spoken Subtitles ON	Spoken Subtitles OFF	Spoken Subtitles ON
	IRD behavio	ur depending on above	e IRD settings and pres	selection properties	
	Priority Priority with respect to best matching preselection		ct to best matching	Priority with respect to best matching preselection	
	1	AD off and SpS off Preselection matc hing primary audio language	AD off and SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language	AD on and SpS off Preselection matchi ng primary audio language (1)	AD on and SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language
	2	AD off Preselection matching primary audio language	SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language	AD on and SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language	AD on and SpS off Preselection matchi ng primary audio language
	3	Preselection matching primary audio language	Preselection matching primary audio language	SpS off Preselection matching primary audio language	SpS on Preselection matchi ng primary audio language
	4	AD off and SpS off Preselection matc hing secondary audio language	AD off and SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language	Preselection matchi ng primary audio language	Preselection matchi ng primary audio language





5	AD off Preselection matc hing secondary audio language	SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language	AD on and SpS off Preselection matching secondary audio language settings	AD on and SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language
6	Preselection matching secondary audio language	Preselection matching secondary audio language	AD on and SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language	AD on and SpS off Preselection matching secondary audio language
7	(if no match) default Preselection	(if no match) default Preselection	SpS off Preselection matching secondary audio language	SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language
8			Preselection matching secondary audio language	Preselection matching secondary audio language
9			(if no match) default Preselection	(if no match) default Preselection

Table 2.4 Audio Priority between NGA Preselections for NGA "Accesibility Services" with Audio description on/off and Spoken Subtitles on/off. A lower number refers to higher priority.

Note 1: This selection requires the IRD to evaluate the audio preselection descriptor.

IRD variants and capability

HEVC IRD

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the IRD selects the right preselection based on IRD primary language setting.

Equipment:



A transport stream containing a service with multiple audio PID in different languages and audio codecs as specified in the table below. Note that the content is that of the reference streams and might be replaced by the tester.

PID	Codec	Language signaling	Content
1st audio PID	HE-AAC	Swedish	Sine tone
2nd audio PID	HE-AAC	Swedish Audio Description	Speech*
3rd audio PID	AC-4	5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD)	Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive channel check and speech*

^{*} Speech content is a narration in English indicating the selected language and audio type



The NGA PID contains multiple preselections in different languages, including Accessibility services.

- 1. Finnish preselection with music as content
- 2. Swedish preselection with Immersive channel check as content
- 3. Swedish (Audio Description) preselection with Immersive channel check and speech* as content
- 4. Swedish (Spoken Subtitles) preselection with Immersive channel check and speech* as content
- 5. Swedish (Audio Description and Spoken Subtitles) preselection with Immersive channel check and speech* as content
- * Speech content is a narration in English indicating the selected language and audio type

Test procedure:

- 1. Setup the system as indicated in the diagram
- 2. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish
- 3. Verify the IRD selects the second preselection and plays back the content corresponding to Swedish language.
- 4. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Icelandic and the secondary audio language to Finnish
- 5. Verify the IRD selects the third preselection and plays back the content corresponding to Finnish language.
- 6. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish and enable accessibility settings for Audio Description.
- 7. Verify the IRD selects the fourth preselection and plays back the mix corresponding to Swedish language with Audio Description
- 8. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish and enable accessibility settings for Spoken Subtitles.
- 9. Verify the IRD selects the fourth preselection and plays back the mix corresponding to Swedish language with Spoken Subtitles
- 10. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish and enable accessibility settings for both Audio Description and Spoken Subtitles.
- Verify the IRD selects the fourth preselection and plays back the mix corresponding to Swedish language with Audio Description and Spoken Subtitles

Expected result:

There are five verification steps in this procedure to verify the IRD implements audio prioritisation inside the NGA PID including language and Accessibility preferences.

Test	resu	lt(s)
------	------	-------

Primary/secondary	Accessibility	Decoded audio stream	OK / NOK
language preference	settings	content	
Primary: Swedish	AD off	NGA presentation	
•	SpS off	corresponding to	
		Swedish language	
Primary: Icelandic	AD off	NGA presentation	
Secondary: Finnish	SpS off	corresponding to Finnish	
		language	
Primary: Swedish	AD on	NGA presentation	
	SpS off	corresponding to	
		Swedish language with	
		Audio Description	





	Primary: Swedish Primary: Swedish	AD off SpS on AD on SpS on	NGA presentation corresponding to Swedish language with Spoken Subtitles NGA presentation corresponding to Swedish language with Audio Description and	
			Spoken Subtitles	
Conformity	OK Fault Major	Minor, define fa	il reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date			Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:44 Manual Audio PID/Stream selection for NorDig IRDs
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.1, 13.5.1 and 13.5.2
Section Requirement	From Section 6.5.1 In addition, the user shall be able to manually select between all audio streams and/or NGA Preselections (1) that are associated with the active service, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for each service. Note 1: NGA Preselections only applicable for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs. From Section 13.5.1 and 13.5.2 For services with multiple audio streams (PIDs), or in case of multiple NGA Preselections (1), the NorDig IRD shall be able to display information about available incoming audio streams / NGA Preselections (1), for the user to temporarily select one
	audio stream / NGA Preselection (1). The NorDig IRD shall be able to display information about different incoming subtitling pages within the selected subtitle stream/PID, for the user to be able to temporary select subtitling page or disable displaying subtitling. This task also covers Task 14:2: User Information about service components – Audio and Subtitling Note 1: Only applicable/mandatory for Nordig HEVC IRD.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD support selecting between available audio alternatives Equipment:





A transport stream containing a service with multiple audio PID in different languages and audio codecs as specified in the table below. Note that the content is that of the reference streams and might be replaced by the tester.

PID	Codec	Language signaling	Content
1st audio PID	HE-AAC	Swedish	Sine tone
2nd audio PID	HE-AAC	Swedish Audio	Speech*
		Description	
3rd audio PID	AC-4	5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD)	Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive channel check and speech*
4th audio PID	HE-AAC	English	English: White noise

^{*} Speech content is a narration in English indicating the selected language and audio type

Test procedure:

- 8. Setup the system as indicated in the diagram
- 9. Verify that the IRD supports selecting between available audio altheratives.
- 10. Verify that upon slecting a PID/Streams or NGA preselection that the expected audio comes out,
 - a. NGA Preselections only applicable for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs.

Expected result:

Non NGA capable IRD's can select and decode

- Swedish,
- Swedish Audio Description,
- English

NGA capable IRD's can select and decode

- Swedish,
- Swedish Audio Accessibility,
- Finnish
- English

Test result	(S)	١
-------------	-----	---

PID stream Selected	Decoded audio stream	OK / NOK
Swedish	NGA presentation	
	corresponding to Swedish	
	language	
English	HE-AAC PID	
	corresponding to English	
	language	
Finish	NGA presentation	
	corresponding to Finnish	
	language	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:45 Manual selection of audio preselection based on information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor				
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.1, 6.5.6 and 12.6.11				
Requirement	From Section 6.5.1 In addition, the user shall be able to manually select between all audio streams and/or NGA Preselections (1) that are associated with the active service, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for each service.				
	Note 1: NGA Preselections only applicable for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs.				
	From Section 6.5.6 For manual selection, the information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor (APD) shall be used (1). The NGA audio stream(s) may contain additional or fewer preselections than those listed in the Audio Preselection Descriptor. Note 1: Optional for NorDig HEVC IRDs launched before 1 July 2020				
	From Section 12.6.11 The NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD supporting NGA services shall support the Audio Preselection Descriptor. The Audio Preselection Descriptor may contain the following information for a list of preselections:				
	 The language of the preselection Indication if the preselection contains audio description Indication if the preselection enables dialogue enhancement Indication if the preselection contains spoken subtitles Indication if the preselection contains enables user interactivity Indication for the preselection regarding a preferred reproduction channel configuration (stereo, multichannel, immersive, headphones) 				
IRD variants	HEVC IRD				
and capability	December 18 April 19				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD correctly parses the information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor and message_descriptor.				
	Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder				
	A transport stream containing an TV service with NGA audio, and the NGA has the following structure (4 presentations in AC4 TOC but only 2 presentations in APD):				
	# Audio Preselection Descriptor Ac4_toc Content				





	1	preselection_id: 10 audio_rendering_indication: 3 audio_description: 0 spoken_subtitles: 0 dialogue_enhancement: 1 interactivity_enabled: 0 language_code_present: 1 text_label_present: 1 multi_stream_info_present: 0 future_extension: 0 ISO_639_language_code: (eng)	presentation_id: 10 content_classifier: 000b (Complete Main) language: en	Immersive channel check	
	2	Not present	presentation_id: 11 content_classifier: 000b (Complete Main) language: sv	Noise	
	3	preselection_id: 12 audio_rendering_indication: 2 audio_description: 0 spoken_subtitles: 0 dialogue_enhancement: 1 interactivity_enabled: 0 language_code_present: 1 text_label_present: 1 multi_stream_info_present: 0 future_extension: 0 ISO_639_language_code: (eng)	presentation_id: 12 content_classifier: 000b (Complete Main) language: en	Cinematic content	
	4	Not present	presentation_id: 13 content_classifier: 010b (Visually Impaired) language: en	Immersive channel check + speech (narration for Audio Description)	
	me tex me	message_descriptor in the SDT co essage_id: 0 ct: Standard essage_id: 1 ct: Artist commentary	ontains also two entries:		
	 Test Procedure: Setup the system as indicated in the diagram Verify that the IRD supports selecting between all NGA preselecting described in the audio preselection descriptor as per table above Verify that the IRD displays the preselection names defined in the message descriptor 				
	Expected result: The IRD uses the information in the Audio Preselection Descriptor (APD) to identify the available preselections for manual selection. Thus it presents 2 audio preselections with text labels from the message_descriptor.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity			fine fail reason in commer		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Do Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:46 Audio Prioritisation inside the NGA Audio PID/stream based on information from elementary stream





Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.6				
Section Requirement	Audio Prioritisation inside the NGA Audio PID/stream can be done based on the Audio Preselection Descriptor or based on the ac4_toc, as specified in ETSI TS 103 190–2 Error! Reference source not found. in the elementary stream. The information from the elementary stream (ac4_toc) shall be used for audio prioritisation inside the NGA audio PID/stream based on the user preference settings (1). For manual selection, the information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor (APD) shall be used (1). The NGA audio stream(s) may contain additional or fewer preselections than those listed in the Audio Preselection Descriptor. If the presentation corresponding to a manually selected preselection from the Audio Preselection Descriptor is not found in the bitstream, then the IRD shall fall back to preference-based presentation selection based on IRD settings and signalling in the elementary stream as specified above. In case the presentation currently playing does not have corresponding information in the Audio Preselection Descriptor (APD), the information should be extracted from the elementary stream (ac4_toc) or, if that is not feasible, a default called "currently playing" or similar could be displayed. Similarly, when a presentation present in APD but not present in the elementary stream (ac4_toc) is manually selected by the user, the NorDig HEVC IRD applies preference-based presentation selection based on the elementary stream (ac4_toc), resulting in a selection different to the user's. This selection should be reflected in the UI by extracting the information from the elementary stream (ac4_toc) or, if that is not feasible, a default called "currently playing" or similar could be displayed. Additionally, when a presentation present in APD but not present in the elementary stream (ac4_toc) is manually selected by the user, the NorDig HEVC IRD may inform the user that the selected audio presentation is not available in the current broadcast. It is expected that				
	one audio track available to all languages.				
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the audio prioritization logic uses the information in the AC-4 TOC when the audio_preselection_descriptor contains inaccurate information. Equipment:				
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder				
	Two transport streams containing the same AC-4 elementary stream but different signaling in the PMT. The list of preselections in the audio_preselection_descriptor does not match the AC-4 TOC accurately. 1. The audio_preselection_descriptor contains only a subset of the preselections in the AC-4 TOC that doesn't include presentation 11 (language 2, e.g. Swedish) 2. The audio_preselection_descriptor contains all of the preselections in the AC-4 TOC and one more that is not found in the bitstream. That is preselection_id 14: lauage 2, e.g. Swedish with Audio Description				
	AC-4 TOC: # AC-4_TOC Content				





			b (Complete Main) b (Complete Main) b (Complete Main) glish) b (Visually Impaired)	Noise Cinem Immer (narrat	atic content sive channel check + speech ion for Audio Description) ight be replaced by the tester.
	 Test procedure: Execute the following procedure for each of the two transport streams. 1. Setup the system as indicated in the diagram 2. Set Swedish as the preferred audio language and enable Audio Description 3. Play the transport stream 4. Verify that the IRD selects the second preselection (language 2, e.g. Swediand plays the corresponding content. Additionally, for the second transport stream: 5. If the IRD offers a list of available preselections including language 2, e.g. Swedish with Audio Description, verify that manually selecting it also result the playback of the second preselection (language 2, e.g. Swedish). 				
	The list of Preselect others the AC-4 TC 1.	However the IRD selects it, being the closest to the user preferences of Swedish with Audio Description (AD).			
Test result(s)			Test		OK / NOK
		oort Stream 1	APD missing preselections to stream		
		oort Stream 2	APD with extr preselections in AC-4 stream Manual select back to prefer	not present n ion falls	
	<u> </u>		I		
Conformity	□ок ғ	ault Major 1	Minor, define fai	l reason in co	mments
Comments	If possib	le describe if fault c more specific fault	an be fixed with	software upda	
Date				Sign	











2.8 Task 8: Teletext and subtitling

Recommended order of testing (a number of early tests/requirements (e.g. priority) depends upon that the IRD supports requirements in later tests (for example different subtitling formats)):

- First block:
- Task 8:1 Subtitling user preferences
- Task 8:8 EBU Teletext General (level 1.5)
- Task 8:9 EBU Teletext Additional requirements for Analogue video Interface
- Task 8:10 EBU Teletext decoding method (OSD)
- Task 8:11 EBU Teletext teletext pages
- Task 8:12 EBU Teletext teletext pages cache
- Task 8:13 EBU Teletext teletext subtitling
- Task 8:14 DVB Subtitling Subtitling and subset
- Task 8:15 TTML Subtitling
- Second block:
- Task 8:2 Subtitling Only display subtitling if match language in user preferences
- Task 8:3 Subtitling Temporary changes to subtitling settings
- Task 8:4 Subtitling Subtitling mode (Normal and Hard of hearing subtitling)
- Task 8:5 Subtitling Subtitling priority (DVB/EBU/TTML)
- Task 8:6 Teletext Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext
- Task 8:7 Subtitling Simultaneous Subtitling and HbbTV

General pre-conditions for all Teletext and subtitling tests, ensure the NorDig IRD user preference settings at start up:

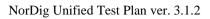
- Subtitling primary language: lang1 (for example 'Swedish')
- Subtitling secondary language: lang2
- translation dialogue/normal subtilting ON (i.e. same as factory default)and
- Hard-of-hearing subtitling OFF (i.e. same as factory default).



Test Case	Task 8:1 Subtitling - user preferences
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1 and 7.1.2
Requirement	7.1 Teletext and Subtitling General NorDig IRD shall support DVB Subtitling (ETSI EN 300 743 and EBU Teletext Subtitling (ETSI EN 300 706).
	NorDig HEVC IRDs shall also support TTML subtitling (ETSI EN 303 560), (TTML is optional for NorDig HEVC IRD released before 1 November 2019. TTML is primarily intended to be used for MPEG-H/HEVC based services).
	The user shall be able to enable and disable displaying of subtitles and to select primary and secondary subtitling language.
	The NorDig IRD shall be capable of decoding one subtitle-stream at a time; it is not expected that the IRD shall display more than one subtitle stream. In case of multiple subtitle types within the same elementary stream/PID, it is up to the broadcaster to ensure that all necessary subtitle types are included in the appropriate subtitle-streams in order to match their editorial intent (for example a hard-of-hearing stream could therefore include hard-of-hearing subtitles plus translation subtitles).
	The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall support Subtitling preferences and requirements also for broadband distributed content where applicable.
	7.1.2. Subtitling User preferences The NorDig IRD shall at least have user selection of subtitling preferences for 'translation dialogue' ('normal') and 'hard of hearing' subtitles. The NorDig HEVC IRD should also have user selection of subtitling preferences for 'non-translation dialogue' subtitles. NorDig HEVC IRDs not supporting subtitling preferences for 'non- translation dialogue' subtitles, should instead group incoming 'hard-of-hearing' and 'non-translation dialogue' subtitles into the 'hard-of-hearing' IRD setting (see table 7.3 in section 7.1.6 below). The IRD may also have user preference settings for 'content-related commentary' subtitling.
	The user preference settings for subtitling should be common for EBU Teletext subtitling, DVB Subtitling, and TTML Subtiling (NorDig HEVC), see section 16 of NorDig Unified IRD specification for factory default settings of the subtitling.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	7.1 (General) This is a general requirement which will be verified in the following test tasks in Task 8.
	7.1.2 (User preference) This is tested with Task 17: User Preferences. For Teletext and Subtitling part the NorDig IRD shall at least have user preferences settings for:
	 - Primary and secondary subtitling language settings, - Subtitling ('normal'/translation dialogue) - Subtitling hard-of-hearing (hearing impaired)



Test Case	Task 8:2 Subtitling - Only display subtitling if match language in user preferences	
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall only display subtitles, if a language of the received subtitle matches any of the NorDig IRD's user preference settings for language for subtitling. (This means that if none of the languages for the received subtitle(s) match any of the IRD's user preference settings language for subtitling, then the NorDig IRD shall not display any subtitles).	
IRD variants and capability	HEVC, all IRDs	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD only display subtitles, if a language of the received subtitle matches any of the IRD's user preference settings for language for subtitling. Equipment: MPEG TS Source MPEG MUX NorDig IRD Monitor (for STB) Test signal configuration: A transport stream is used as a test signal. Within transport stream at least a number of pairs of services are carried with subtitling components. For each pair of services one of the services shall match with the subtitling language (translation dialogue/normal) settings in IRD and the other service is not matching to any language settings. (Recommended that test services with matching subtitling language to the IRD setting also contain several subtitling languages, in order to combine test with Test Case Temporary changes to subtitling settings).	
	Service	Containing following subtitling formats
	Service1 /mode 1	EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
	Service2 /mode 2	EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 3)
	Service3 /mode 3	DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1)
	Service4 /mode 4	DVB Subitling (normal, lang 2)
	Service5 /mode 5	DVB Subitling (normal, lang 3)
	Service6 /mode 6	TTML Subtitling (normal, lang 1) (HEVC IRD only)
	Service7 /mode 7	TTML Subtitling (normal, lang 3) (HEVC IRD only)
	SubtitlingSubtitlingtranslatio	g IRD user preference settings at start up: g primary language: lang1 (for example 'Swedish') g primary language: lang2 (for example 'English') n dialogue/normal subtilting ON and ave Hard-of-hearing subtilting OFF.





	 Test procedure: Tune IRD to a service that includes sublanguage settings. Verify that the correct subtitling is seled. Tune IRD to a service that includes sublanguage settings. Verify that the NO subtitling is selected. Expected results: The IRD do not display any subtiling if the user match with the broadcasted subtitling languages. 	ected otitling service that d	DO NOT match	the
Test result(s)	Measurement record for the NorDig IRD/HE	EVC IRD:		
	Service Subtiting format	Excepted IRD behaviour	OK/NOK	
	Service with EBU Teletext subtitling with matchning language.	Display subtilting		
	Service with EBU Teletext subtitling with non -matchning language.	No display of subtitling		
	Service with DVB subtitling with matchning language.	Display subtilting		
	Service with DVB subtitling with matchning secondary language.	Display subtilting		
	Service with DVB subtitling with non -matchning language.	No display of subtitling		
	Service with TTML subtitling with matchning language (only for HEVC IRDs).	Display subtilting		
	Service with TTML subtitling with non -matchning language (only for HEVC IRDs).	No display of subtitling		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail re	eason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with so Describe more specific faults and/or other information		ÆS□NO	
Date	Si	ign		

Test Case	Task 8:3 Subtitling - Temporary changes to subtitling settings
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.4
Requirement	In case of the user has made temporary changes of the subtitling settings (i.e. without changing the NorDig IRD's user preference setting), then this change shall (at least) remain until the user change service. (Clarification, this means the IRD shall not change back temporary subtitling setting based on EIT events for the service).





IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD supports temporary chaging of the subtitling settings. Equipment: MPEG TS Source MPEG MUX MONITOR (for STB)
	Test signal configuration: A transport stream is used as a test signal. Within transport stream at least two services are carried with several subtitling components in several languages. At least in one of the services shall match with the subtitling language settings in IRD and the other service is not matching to any language settings.
	 Test procedure: Tune IRD to a service that includes subtitling service that matches the IRD language settings. Verify that the correct subtitling is selected Change the temporary subtitling setting to anoter language Verify that subtitling language is selected according the temporary settings. Wait until EIT events for the service has changed, verify that the IRD still shows subtitles. Tune IRD to a service that includes subtitling service that DO NOT match the IRD language settings. (*) Verify that the NO subtitling is selected Tune IRD to a service that includes subtitling service that matches the IRD language settings. (*) Verify that the correct subtitling is selected Switch the IRD off/on, verify that subtitle settings are the permanent settings (that temporary settings are lost). * If temporary settings are lost when changing service, temporary settings must be set again Expected results: The IRD supports temporary subtitling language settings.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 8:4 Subtitling – Subtitling mode (Normal and Hard of hearing subtitling)	
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.45	
Requirement	In case of 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitling mode is selected, then the NorDig	
	IRD shall only display 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitles (signalised in subtitling	





descriptor and/or teletext descriptor). In this 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitling mode the NorDig IRD shall not display any (hard of hearing) subtitling if the subtitling stream only includes 'hard of hearing'/'hearing impaired' pages.

In case of 'hard of hearing' subtitling mode is selected and if no 'hard of hearing'/'hearing impaired' pages are received (signalised in subtitling descriptor and/or teletext descriptor), then the NorDig IRD shall as a default use 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitling pages from the same selected language.

IRD subtitling mode	Subtitles to display for	
TTML Subtitling alternatives	normal	НоН
Translation dialogue subtitles	X	X
Non-translation dialogue subtitles		X
Hard-of-hearing (HoH) subtitles		X
Audio Description (AD) subtitles		-
Content-related commentary subtitles		-

Table Behaviour for NorDig HEVC IRDs that in user preferences only have two subtitling modes (normal and Hard-of-hearing, HoH).

IRD variants and capability

HEVC, all IRDs

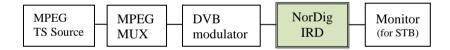
Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the IRD can handle signalisation and decoding of "hard of hearing" subtitling when they are broadcasted or not. To check that composition pages 'translation dialogue' ("normal") are chosen by default instead of "hard of hearing".

Support for ancillary pages is not tested.

Equipment:



A transport stream containing a test services with DVB and EBU Teletext composition subtitling and "hard of hearing" components.

Subtitling composition pages can be divided into two contents: 'translation dialogue' ("normal") or "hard of hearing". Composition pages shall be enabled in mode 'translation dialogue' ("normal") by default.

Subtitling ancillary pages can be broadcasted for more or less like a "raw data". Ancillary pages shall be enabled by default.



Service	Containing following subtitling formats
Service1 /mode 1	EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1 + HoH lang 1)
Service2 /mode 2	EBU Teletext subtitling (normal language 1)
Service3	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1 + HoH lang 1)
/mode 3	2. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1 + HoH lang 1)
Service4	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal lang 1)
/mode 4	2. DVB Subitling (normal lang 1)
Service5	1. DVB Subtilting (normal lang1 + HoH lang 1)
/mode 5	2. TTML Subtitling (normal lang 1 + HoH lang 1)
HEVC IRDs	
Service6	1. DVB Subtilting (normal lang1)
/mode 6	2. TTML Subtitling (normal lang 1)
Service7	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (HoH lang 1)
/mode 7	2. DVB Subitling (HoH lang 1)

Note: Service 1-7 can either be via test stream contains all services or via that one test service is re-configured (e.g. via dropping/adding subtitling PIDs in the MPEG Mux) between the tests. In this case of only one test service, then test procedure instead of zapping to next test service, shall be via first zap IRD to background service, then change test service with the MPEG Mux and last zap IRD back to test service.

Ensure the NorDig IRD user preference settings at start up:

- Subtitling primary language: lang1 (for example 'Swedish')
- Subtitling primary language: lang2
- translation dialogue/normal subtilting ON and
- Hard-of-hearing subtitling ON.

Test procedure:

- 1. Verify the "hard of hearing" subtitles are enabled in IRD settings
- 2. Start to broadcast the "hard of hearing" subtitles according to correst PSI/SI signalization.
- 3. Verify receiver is able to handle and decode the "hard of hearing" composition pages.
- 4. Stop the "hard of hearing" subtitling pages broadcasting.
- 5. Start the 'translation dialogue' ("normal") subtitling pages broadcast.
- Verify that the receiver automatically starts to decode 'translation dialogue' ("normal") subtitling pages.

Expected result:

Hard of hearing content of the DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is handled, displayed and decoded correctly.

The automatic change from 'translation dialogue' ("normal") to "hard of hearing" subtitling pages and vice versa is not requirement in NorDig Unified. However, for convenient use of the subtitling composition pages content, a receiver manufacture may choose to have this support due to that all program content is not "hard of hearing" subtitled.

Test result(s) Measurement record for the NorDig IRD/HEVC IRD:



		IRD se	etting		
	Service Subtiting	Subt	HoH subt	Excepted IRD behaviour	OK/ NOK
	Service 1 EBU Normal + HoH.	ON	ON	Display HoH subt lang1	
	Service 2 EBU only normal.	ON	ON	Display normal subt lang1	
	Service 3 EBU + DVB. Normal + HoH	ON	ON	Display HoH subt lang1	
	Service 4 EBU + DVB. Only normal	ON	ON	Display normal subt lang1	
	Service 5 DVB + TTML. Normal + HoH	ON	ON	Display HoH subt lang1	
	Service 6 DVB + TTML. Only Normal	ON	ON	Display normal subt lang1	
	Service 7 EBU + DVB. Only HoH	ON	ON	Display HoH subt lang1	
	Service 1 EBU Normal + HoH.	ON	OFF	Display normal subt lang1	
	Service 3 EBU + DVB. Normal + HoH	ON	OFF	Display normal subt lang1	
	Service 5 DVB + TTML. Normal + HoH	ON	OFF	Display normal subt lang1	
	Service 3 EBU + DVB. HoH	ON	OFF	Display normal subt lang1	
	Service 7 EBU + DVB. Only HoH	ON	OFF	No subt	
Conformity	OK Fault Major	Minor	define f	ail reason in comment	S
Comments	If possible describe if fat Describe more specific fa	ılt can be	fixed witl	h software update: 🗌	
Date				Sign	

Test Case	Task 8:5 Subtitling – Subtitling priority (TTML/DVB/EBU)
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.5
Requirement	



If more than one subtitle stream with the same language code is received, the NorDig IRD shall only display a single subtitle stream based on the priority shown in the table below.

Subtitle stream	IRD Subtitle priority (1=highest)
EBU Teletext subtitling	3
DVB Subtitles	2
TTML Subtitles (1)	1
Note 1: Only mandatory for Nordig HEVC IRD	

Table 2.3 Subtitle priority

IRD variants and capability

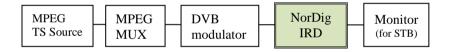
HEVC, all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that priority among subtitling streams is implemented, according to table above (i.e. TTML highest prio (if TTML is supported), then DVB Subtitliting and last EBU Teletext subtitling.

Equipment:



A transport stream containing a test service s according to table below. All subtitling streams/PIDs shall have (at least) one 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitle language that matches the IRD's primary subtilting language setting (ie same language code shall be available in the descriptors for all subtilting streams/PIDs). The actual content inside the different subtilting streams/PIDs is recommended be different in order to easy detect which stream the IRD is displaying (e.g. different positioning or different colour or different subtitle content).

Ensure the NorDig IRD user preference settings at start up:

- 1. Subtitling primary language: lang1 (for example 'Swedish')
- Subtitling primary language: lang2 (for example 'English') 2.
- translation dialogue/normal subtilting ON and
- should have Hard-of-hearing subtitling OFF.



	Containing following subtitling formats and the order MT
Service1 /mode 1	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
Service2 /mode 2	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
	2. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1)
Service3 /mode 3	1. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1)
reversed PID order	2. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
Service4 /mode 4	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
(HEVC IRDs)	2. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1)
	3. TTML Subtitling (normal, lang 1)
Service5 /mode 5	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 2)
	2. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 2)
	3. TTML Subtitling (normal, lang 2) (HEVC IRD
	only)
Background service	1. no subtitling

MPEG Mux) between the tests. In this case of only one test service, then test procedure instead of zapping to next test service, shall be via first zap IRD to background service, then change test service with the MPEG Mux and last zap IRD back to test service.

Test procedure:

- 1. Start by scan to/select the background service containing no subtitling component (no subtilting displayed).
- Zap through the five services (service modes).
- Test service.
 For each service/mode Verify that the IRD display correct/expected subtitling according to table below. Fill in the test protocol.

Expected result:

All test results are OK.

	Service	Excepted IRD behaviour	OK/ NOK
	Service1, EBU (normal lang1)	Display EBU subt lang1	
	Service2, EBU+DVB (normal lang1)	Display DVB subt lang1	
	Service3 DVB+EBU (normal lang1), reversed PID order	Display DVB subt lang1	
	Service4 EBU+DVB+TTML (normal lang1) (HEVC IRDs)	Non-HEVC IRD: DVB subt lang1 HEVC IRD: TTML subt lang1	
	Service5 EBU+DVB+TTTML (normal lang2)	Non-HEVC IRD: DVB subt lang2 HEVC IRD: TTML subt language 2	





Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other inf		ite: □YES□NO
Date		Sign	

Test Case	Task 8:6 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext				
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.7				
Requirement	For services that have both an EBU Teletext service and an HbbTV Digital Teletext application signalled and available, the NorDig HbbTV IRD shall be able to start and display the HbbTV Digital Teletext application as well as being able to start and display the EBU Teletext service (one at a time). The NorDig HbbTV shall start teletext and be able to toggle between any HbbTV Digital Teletext and any EBU Teletext service as described in clause 5.3.4 ("Starting digital teletext applications") of HbbTV specification ETSI TS 102 796.				
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRDs				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to start EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (one at the time).				
	Equipment:				
	MPEG TS Source MVX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)				
	A transport stream containing a test services with EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Telext application.				
	 Test procedure: Tune to a serve that contains both EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application. Verify that the user can toggle between EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application by pressing the "text" button in the RCU. 				
	Expected result: User can toggle between EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				



Test Case	Task 8:7 Subtitling - Simultaneous Subtitling and HbbTV			
10st Cust	rusk o.r Subtaining Simulaticous Subtaining and ribbi v			
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.8			
Requirement	A NorDig HbbTV IRD shall support simultaneous display of HbbTV application and subtitles (DVB subtitling and EBU teletext subtitling), both for broadcast and at least for MPEG2 TS delivered via broadband. The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall display the HbbTV application over the subtitles as described in clause 10.1. ("Display model") of HbbTV specification ETSI TS 102 796. This means that if the video is up or down-converted, to other than full screen video, the subtitles shall either be rescaled/repositioned appropriately or not displayed at all.			
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that DVB and EBU teletext subtitling can coexists with HbbTV applications. Equipment: MPEG			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 8:8 EBU Teletext –General (level 1.5)
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2





Requirement	During normal operation, the NorDig IRD shall be able to demultiplex in parallel the EBU Teletext service transmitted in a packetised format according ETSI EN 300 472.				
	(Test task 8:10) The NorDig IRD shall include a teletext decoder to be able to display				
	EBU Teletext using the OSD.				
	(Test task 8:13) The NorDig IRD shall be able to display EBU Teletext subtitling, both				
	'translation dialogue' ('normal') Teletext subtitling pages of type 0x02 and Teletext				
	subtitling pages for hearing impaired people of type 0x05, meeting the requirements for level 1.5 in ETSI EN 300 706, "Enhanced Teletext Specification". (Test task 8:11) The				
	Nordic characters defined in the Latin G2 supplementary set shall be supported.				
	(Test task 8:12) The NorDig IRD with OSD presentation shall be able to cache at least				
	200 decoded EBU Teletext pages in order to improve the access time for frequently used				
	pages.				
IRD variants	all IRDs				
and capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To check that enhanced teletext (Level 1.5) is decoded and displayed.				
	Equipment:				
	MPEG DVB NorDig Monitor				
	TS Source MUX modulator IRD (for STB)				
	Test signal configuration:				
	A transport stream is used as a test signal. Within transport stream at least one service is				
	carried with teletext component. Teletext pages and teletext subtitles shall be ITU-R				
	System B Teletext level 1.5 compatible.				
	Test procedure:				
	The IRD is tuned to a service that includes ITU-R System B Teletext (Level 1.5).				
	The teletext service is selected.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle \textstyl				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 8:9 EBU Teletext Additional requirements for Analogue video Interface
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD (equipped with an analogue CVBS video output) shall for the analogue outputs also support insertion of the teletext data in the VBI of theanalogue CVBS video output. In this case the teletext decoder of the TV-set might be used instead of theone in the STB. The VBI insertion shall be compliant with ETSI/ITU-R BT.653-3. The Teletext data shall be inserted in the lines 6 to 22 and lines 320 to 335.



IRD variants and capability	all IRDs with optional analogue CVBS video output				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that ITU-R System B Teletext data is inserted in the VBI of the analogue CVBS video output and/or it is decoded and displayed in the OSD. Equipment:				
	MPEG DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)				
	Test procedure: 1. The IRD is tuned to a TV service that includes ITU-R System B Teletext. 2. Verify that teletext data is inserted onto VBI lines within the range 6-22 and 320-335.				
	In case of a STB an external TV monitor with embedded teletext decoder is used to decode the Teletext service. In case of an iDTV an separate TV monitor with embedded teletext decoder can used to decode the Teletext service from the analog video output.				
	Expected results: Teletext data is inserted onto VBI lines within the range 6-22 and 320-335.				
Test result(s)	Test protocol				
	Requirement OK or NOK				
	VBI of CVBS video insertion supported for teletext pages				
	VBI of CVBS video insertion supported for teletext subtitles				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 8:10 Teletext decoding method(OSD)
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2.1
Requirement	During normal operation, the NorDig IRD shall be able to demultiplex in parallel the Teletext servicetransmitted in a packetised format according EN 300 472. The NorDig IRD shall include a teletext decoder to be able to display EBU Teletext using the OSD (On Screen Display).
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that EN 300 472 data is is decoded and displayed in the OSD.





	Equipment:				
	MPEG DVB NorDig MUX modulator	Monitor (for STB)			
	Test procedure:				
	 The IRD is tuned to a TV service that includes ITU-R System B Teletext. Verify that OSD method of decoded Teletext pages is supported, verify the teletext is correctly decoded on the OSD. 				
	Expected results: Receiver supports the teletext decoding in the OSD.				
Test result(s)	Test protocol				
	Requirement	OK or NOK			
	OSD decoding supported for teletext pages OSD decoding supported for teletext subtitles				
	ODD decoding supported for teletext subtiles				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comment				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: Describe more specific faults and/or other information	YES_NO			
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 8:11 EBU Teletext – teletext pages			
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2.1			
Requirement	The Nordic characters defined in the Latin G2 supplementary set shall be supported.			
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs			
Test procedure	To test the functionality of the teletext decoder concerning teletext pages. Equipment: MPEG TS Source MPEG MUX MPEG MUX MORDig Monitor (for STB)			
	Test signal configuration: A transport stream with at least one service is carried with a teletext component that is ITU-R System B Teletext level 1.5 compatible. The Teletext descriptor shall include references to as many different Initial Teletext pages (0x01) with different language as that are tested (all initial Teletext pages should be to different magazine+page number			





	Swedish p100, Nor the test teletext pag representative text Test procedure: Start condition: IRI is set to the first lar Check the teletext for the first lar 1. Fill in the 2. Zap to a sor 3. Verify that is pressed (Correct/e the Telete. 4. Fill in the 5. Exit/close 6. Change the test.	Start condition: IRD installed on the network (IRD's primary subtitling language setting is set to the first language that is tested). Check the teletext function on several services and make sure that it works properly. 1. Fill in the test protocol (test point 1). 2. Zap to a service with multiple initial pages in different languages. 3. Verify that the IRD opens the correct initial page is displayed when txt-button is pressed that matches IRD's current primary language setting. (Correct/expected initial teletext page shall be according to the signaling inside the Teletext descriptor). 4. Fill in the test protocol (test point 2-4). 5. Exit/close the Teletext back to normal TV viewing mode. 6. Change the IRD's primary subtitling language setting to another language to test.			
Test result(s)	Expected result: All test results are OK.				
	Test point 1 Expected result Teletext works with Test point 2-4	out any problems.		OK	or NOK
	Primary language	Expected result			OK or NOK
	swe	The initial teletext page is	displayed in sv	vedish	
		The initial teletext page is displayed in the selected language			
		The initial teletext page is selected language	displayed in th	e	
Conformity	OK Fault M	Major Minor, define fai	I reason in co	mments	3
Comments	If possible describe	e if fault can be fixed with cific faults and/or other inf	software upda		
Date			Sign		



Test Case	Task 8:12 EBU Teletext – teletext pages - cache						
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2.1						
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with OSD presentation shall be able to cache at least 200 decoded Teletext pages in order to improve the access time for frequently used pages.						
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the functionality of the teletext decoder concerning teletext page cache. Equipment:						
	MPEG TS Source MUX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)						
	TS contains a service with at least 200 EBU teletext pages.						
	Test procedure:						
	Check the teletext function on several services and estimate that teletext cache is at least 200 pages.						
	Expected result: All test results are OK.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						

Test Case	Task 8:13 Subtitling – EBU Teletext subtitling					
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1, 7.2					
Requirement	DVB Subtitling and Teletext Subtitling are mandatory in the NorDig IRDs. The user shall be able to enable and disable displaying of subtitles and to select primary and secondary subtitling language. The Nordic characters defined in the Latin G2 supplementary set shall be supported.					
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs					





Purpose of test:

To test the functionality of the teletext decoder concerning subtitling.

Equipment:



Test signal configuration:

A transport stream with at least one SD and one HD service is carried with teletext with teletext subtilting pages and content. The Teletext descriptor shall include references to as many different teletext subtilting pages (0x01) with different language as that are tested (all subtilting pages should be to different magazine+page number in order to detect that the IRD opens appropriate page for that language, for example Swedish p199, Norwegian p299, Finish p399, English p599). For each tested language the test teletext subtilling page should include character set signaling in teletext header plus representative text character content.

Test procedure:

Start condition: IRD installed on the network

- 1. Zap to a service with multiple subtitle languages. Select in the IRD's settings an available language as primary language and check that the subtitling is displayed.
- 2. Verify that the IRD selects and displays the correct subtiling page/langauge that matches the IRD's current primary subtitling language setting. (Correct/expected subtitling page shall be according to the signaling inside the Teletext descriptor). Verify that the IRD subtitling position and use correct colour according to test service and requirements. Verify that the subtitle text is in sync with the video for both SD and HD services for a longer medium long period of time, eg. 45 minutes.
- 3. Verify that the nordic characters are displayed correctly.
- 4. Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 1-3).
- 5. Enter the IRD settings for language set up and select a primary subtitling language that is not available in test services and select secondary subtitling language that is available in the test services.
- 6. Verify that the IRD now selects and displays the correct subtiling page/langauge that matches the IRD's current secondary subtilling language setting, and in sync with the video.
- 7. Verify that the nordic characters are displayed correctly.
- 8. Fill in the results in the protocol.

Repeat 1-4 for the other subtitling languages and fill in the protocol.

- 9. Long time stability test several hours for one service and one IRD setting. Set/ensure IRD primary subtitling language to match one language of the test service. Let the IRD runs for several hours (preferable more than 5hours), verify that the IRD still decodes and displays subtitling as expected and that subtitles still is in sync with video.
- 10. Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 10).

Expected result:

All test results are OK.





Test result(s)	Test protocol: Test point 2-10							
								step
	2 lang1	Set to valid language	Set to non valid language	Subtitling displayed in sync with video				
	3 lang1			Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly				
		6 second	Set to non valid	Set to valid language	Subtitling displayed in sync with video			
	7 second	language	Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly					
	2 lang2	Set to valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video				
	3 lang2			Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly				
	2 lang3	Set to non valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video				
	3 lang3			Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly				
	2 lang4	Set to valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video				
	3 lang4	language		Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly				
	9 long time	Set to valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video				
	9 long time			Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly				
Conformity Comments	OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: ☐YES☐NO							
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Date				Sign				

Test Case	Task 8:14 DVB Subtitling and – Subtitling subset						
Section	NorDig Unified 7.3.						
Requirement	7.3.1 DVB Subtitling - General The NorDig IRD shall be capable of decoding, as a minimum, a subset of the DVB subtitle services as specified in section 7.3.2 and transmitted in conformance with ETSI EN 300 743, and displayed using the OSD capabilities whilst decoding the full television service (video and audio) to which it is associated. The NorDig IRD shall be able to display both 'normal' ('translation dialogue') and 'hard-of-hearing' subtitles, according to user preference settings. Within DVB Subtitling it is possible to transmit common pages for all languages and subtitling streams inside one DVB subtitling PID, this is referred to as 'ancillary pages'. Support for ancillary pages is optional for NorDig IRD. The enabling or disabling of the subtitle ancillary pages, if available, should be user controlled, with subtitle ancillary pages enabled as default option. The selection of subtitle ancillary pages shall be independent of the enabling of subtitle composition pages. The precision of the presentation of the subtitles shall be within 2 frames.						



7.3.2 DVB Subtitling - Subtitling subset

The NorDig IRD shall at least be capable of decoding the following DVB subtitling services:

DDS:

The Display Definition Segment for a subtitle service shall be supported for services that implement DDS, as defined in EN 300 743 [13]. Absence of a DDS implies that the display segment width shall be assumed as 720 pixels and the height as 576 lines.

The NorDig IRD shall at least be capable of decoding the following DVB subtitling services:

Object types:

The handling of the object type (0x00) 'basic object, bitmap' shall be supported. The handling of the other object types (i.e. 0x01), 'basic object, character' and (0x02) 'composite object, string of characters') is optional.

Regions:

The number of regions shall be according to the ETSI 300 743 specification, however a limitation in the display area due to memory restrictions is allowed. The total number of regions to handle shall be able to cover four complete subtitle rows (per frame) where one subtitle row shall be extendable to 1906 pixels * 60 pixels. The regions shall have the possibility to cover 457440 pixels per frame.

Number of objects:

The number of objects shall be at least 128.

CLUT:

The NorDig IRD receiver shall be able to handle at least one colour look-up table (CLUT) with a minimum of 16 entries per region and the possibility to have one colour scheme applied in each of the regions.

It shall be possible to choose any 24-bit RGB colour into the 16 entries. The decoder shall be able to handle the mapping to the closest colour match if the decoder has some limitation in the colour presentation.

The use of the non_modifying_colour flag is optional.

Transparency:

The NorDig IRD receiver shall implement at least 5 levels of transparency; 0% (opaque), 30%, 50%, 70% and 100% (completely transparent). Implementation of additional intermediate levels of transparency is optional.

Where the NorDig IRD cannot complement a particular value of semitransparency it shall replace it with the nearest value of transparency it can implement.

However, if the encoded value of transparency is in the range 10%-90% it shall not be approximated as either 0% or 100% transparency.

So, 9% may be approximated as 0% but 10% shall be represented with a value in the range 10% to 90%%, such as 30%. Similarly, 91% may be approximated as 100%.

Number of streams:

NorDig IRD shall support at least one DVB-subtitling streams i.e. at least support decoding of one subtitling composition page while support of one simultaneously available ancillary page is optional.

IRD variants and capabilit

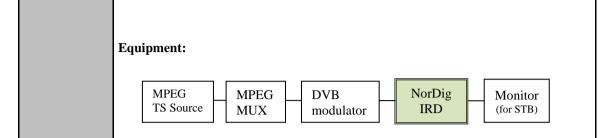
all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To check that the different DVB Subtitling services are functional.





Test signal configuration:

A transport stream with at least one SD and one HD service with DVB Subtitling is carried. DVB's Subtitling descriptor shall include references to as many different normal subtitle pages (ie translation dialogue) with different languages as that are tested (all subtitling pages should be to different subtitle streams inside the Subtitle PID, this in order to detect that the IRD opens appropriate page for that language, for example Swedish p1, Norwegian p2, Finish p3, English p5).

The DVB Subtitling stream(s) shall be according with NorDig defined subset and should be made to test subset (only bitmap mode, DDS, object types, regions, CLUT, transparency) and should be made easy to verify syncronisation between subtitling and video (for example video containing burn-in time code and subtitles content informing when relative video time code subtiles to be displayed and when they shall be removed).

For one HD service the subtilting should be made with SD resolution with DDS, to test IRD scaling up and position SD subtilting to HD video raster out). For another HD service (or test setup) the subtilting should be made with HD resolution, to test IRD handle HD subtilting to HD video raster out).

Test procedure:

Start condition: IRD installed on the network

Subtitle language tests

- Zap to a service with multiple subtitle languages. Select in the IRD's settings an available language as primary language and check that the subtitling is displayed.
- 2. Verify that the IRD selects and displays the correct subtiling page/langauge that matches the IRD's current primary subtiling language setting. (Correct/expected subtiling page shall be according to the signaling inside the Subtilling descriptor). Verify that the subtile is in sync with the video for both SD and HD services for a medium long period of time, eg. 45 minutes.
- 3. Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 1-3).
- 4. Enter the IRD settings for language set up and select a primary subtitling language that is not available in test services and select secondary subtitling language that is available in the test services.
- 5. Verify that the IRD now selects and displays the correct subtiling page/langauge that matches the IRD's current secondary subtilling language setting and in sync with the video.
- 6. Fill in the results in the protocol.

Repeat 1-3 for the other subtitling languages (minimum two languages) and fill in the protocol.

- 7. DVB Subtitling subset: DDS, object types, regions, CLUT, transparency (can be combined with test step 3, enough to test for one lagnuage). Verify that positioning the subtitling reasonable correct at video output, upscaling of subtilting is handled, handling of colours and reasonable expected for transparency.
- 8. Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 9).





	 Long time stability test several hours for one service and one IRD setting. Set/ensure IRD primary subtitling language to match one language of the test service. Let the IRD runs for several hours (preferable more than 5hours), verify that the IRD still decodes and displays subtitling as expected and that subtitles still is in sync with video. (The long time stabaility test shall be made at least one time for either TTML, DVB Subtilting or EBU Teletext subtitling). Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 10). Expected result: Subtitling is displayed as defined in requiments.							
Test result(s)	Step	Primary subtitling language	Secondary subtitling language	Expected 1	result		OK or NOK	
	2 lang1	Set to valid	Set to non	Subtitling of	displayed in syr	nc with video		
	3 lang1	- language	valid language	Subtitles di	splayed correc	tly		
	6 second		Set to valid	Subtitling displayed in sync with video				
	7 second	valid language	language	Subtitles di	ubtitles displayed correctly			
	2 lang2	language		Subtitling of	btitling displayed in sync with video			
	3 lang2			Subtitles di	Subtitles displayed correctly			
	2 lang3	Set to non valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video				
	3 lang3			Subtitles di	splayed correc	tly		
	2 lang4	Set to valid		Subtitling	ng displayed in sync with video			
	3 lang4	language		Subtitles di	splayed correc	tly		
	8 subset	Set to valid		Positioning is displayed correctly				
	8 subset	language		HD scaling is displayed correctly				
	8 subset]		Colour(s) i	Colour(s) is displayed correctly			
	8 subset			Transparan	nsparancy displayed correctly			
	10 long	Set to valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video				
	10 long			Subtitles displayed correctly				
G C								
Conformity Comments	OK Fa				l reason in co software und	mments ate: YES	NO	
		more specifi						
Date					Sign			





Test Case	Task 8:15 TTML Subtitling		
Section	NorDig Unified 7.4		
Requirement	The NorDig HEVC IRD (released after 1 November 2019) shall be capable of decoding, as a minimum, the DVB TTML subtitle service that are in conformance with ETSI EN 303 560, and displayed using the OSD capabilities whilst decoding the full television service (video and audio) to which it is associated.		
	The NorDig HEVC IRD (released after 1 November 2019) shall support the full DVB TTML specification (ETSI EN 303 560) with following exceptions: - Audio Description (and text-to-speech of subtitles) is optional - content-related-commentary is optional - font download is optional		
	The precision of the presentation of the subtitles shall be within 2 frames.		
	For IRDs supporting TTML Audio Description subtitles and converting these to text-to-speech (optional), these NorDig HEVC IRDs shall be able to display one subtitle type (e.g. translation subtitle stream) at the same time as rendering text-to-speech subtitles (see DVB TTML specification ETSI EN 303 560.		
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that the different TTML Subtitling services are functional.		
	Equipment:		
	MPEG TS Source MUX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)		
	Test signal configuration: A transport stream with at least one HEVC HD (1080p) and one UHD service with TTML Subtitling is carried. The TTML descriptor shall include references to as many different translation dialogue subtitle pages (ie subtitle_purpose 0x01 or/and 0x02) with different languages as that are tested. The TTML Subtitling stream(s) shall be according with NorDig defined subset and should be made to test subset and should be made easy to verify syncronisation between subtitling and video.		
	 Start condition: IRD installed on the network Subtitle language tests Zap to a service with multiple subtitle languages. Select in the IRD's settings an available language as primary language and check that the subtitling is displayed. Verify that the IRD selects and displays the correct subtiling page/language that matches the IRD's current primary subtitling language setting.		
	language that is not available in test services and select secondary subtitling language that is available in the test services.		





	6. I Repeat 1- protocol. 7. 7. 8. I 8. I 9. I 5. 6. 10. I	page/langaug setting and ir Fill in the res 3 for the oth TTML Subtir- correct at vid- reasonable ex Fill in the res Long time str Set/ensure IR service. Let that the IRD still is in sync- one time for Fill in the res	ge that match is sync with the sults in the primer subtitling the subtitling the subtitling fulfilm deo output, so subtitling in the properties of the sults in the properties of the IRD runs still decodes the with video either TTMI sults in the primer is the sults in the primer is the subtitle subtitle subtitution subtitue su		g language and fill in the g reasonable of colours and o setting. ge of the test 5hours), verify that subtitles hade at least
Test result(s)	Test poin	nt 1-10			
1000100000(8)	Step	Primary subtitling	Secondary subtitling	Expected result	OK or NOK
	2 lang1	language Set to valid	Set to non	Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	3 lang1	language	valid language	Subtitles displayed correctly	
	6 second	Set to non	Set to valid	Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	7 second	valid lang	language	Subtitles displayed correctly	
	2 lang2			Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	3 lang2			Subtitles displayed correctly	
	2 lang3	Set to non		Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	3 lang3	valid language		Subtitles displayed correctly	
	2 lang4	Set to valid		Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	3 lang4	language		Subtitles displayed correctly	
	8 subset	Set to valid language		Positioning is displayed correctly	
	8 subset	language		HD scaling is displayed correctly	
	8 subset			Colour(s) is displayed correctly	
	8 subset			Transparancy displayed correctly	
	10 long	Set to valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	10 long	0		Subtitles displayed correctly	
Conformity	OK Fa	ault	or Minor	, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible	e describe if	fault can be	fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq N \) or other information	Ю





NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.2

Date	Sign	

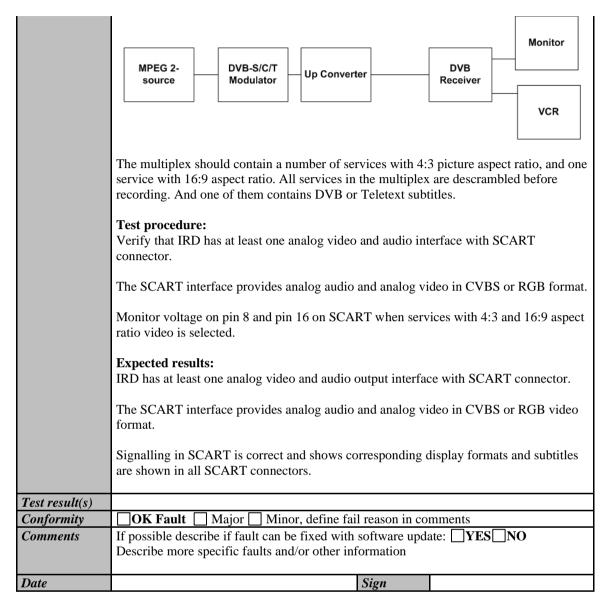


2.9 Task 9: Interfaces and Signal Levels

Test Case	Task 9:1 Two-way Interface
Section	NorDig Unified 8.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with the HbbTV capability or an IP-based front-end shall support at least one of the following interaction channel interfaces: 1. Ethernet (IEEE 802.3 [43] (100 Base-T, Auto-sense). 2. EuroDocsis in accordance with ETSI ITU-J.122 [57] (ref IRDs with a cable front-end). 3. Wireless LAN, Ethernet 802.11 n (1) [42] 4. Power line [HomePlug AV Specification, IEEE 1901.2010] 5. USB 2.0 or higher
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify functionality of interaction channel interface. Equipment: Manufacturer describes used test setup and test procedures.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9:2 SCART Interface (option)
Section	NorDig Unified 8.4.1
Requirement	The NorDig STB should have one SCART Interface in accordance with EN 50049-1 [4] and EN 50157-2-1 [6].
	This requirement became optional from 1st January 2014.
IRD variants	STB all FrontEnds
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
•	Verify that the IRD SCART interface comply with the NorDig Unified requirements.
	This test is mandatory if the IRD has SCART interface.
	Equipment:
	Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:





Test Case	Task 9:3 HDMI-(High Definition Multimedia Interface)
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.1
Requirement	The NorDig (non-HEVC) iDTV shall include at least one HDMI 1.4b [36] or later version input while a NorDig HEVC iDTV shall include at least one HDMI 2.0b [95] or later version input. The NorDig STB shall have at least one HDMI output connector. STBs not using type A connector should provide an adapter to type A. For the (non-HEVC) NorDig STB the HDMI shall be compliant with HDMI v1.4b or later [36] and for the NorDig HEVC STB be compliant with HDMI v2.0b [95] or later.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC, all IRDs
Test procedure	IRD Manufacture self-declaration, testlab verify that IRD fulfill requirements (e.g via cerfificate from manufacture).
Test result(s)	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\bigcup YES \subsetention NO \)	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information.	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 9:4 Video output format selection from HDMI interface E-EDID information
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.2
Requirement	The NorDig STB shall recognise E-EDID information provided by the HDMI receiver device (e.g. display) and subsequently follow the below requirements.
	The NorDig STB shall use 1920x1080p@50 Hz as the default output format, if supported by the display.
	The NorDig HEVC STB shall use 3840x2160p@50 Hz as the default output format, if supported by the display.
IRD variants and capability	STB
	To verify that the IRD is able to use the E-EDID information. This test is relevant for STB only. Equipment: Test procedure: Use following supported resolutions and frame rates in the HDMI analyzer for the E-EDID negotiation: 1280x720p50 1920x1080i25 1920x1080p50 3840x2160p50 (only for HEVC STB)
	 3. Verify that the Basic STB can select all display parameters except for 3840x2160p50 according to the E-EDID information. 4. Verify that the HEVC STB can select all display parameters according to the E-EDID information. Expected result:
	The IRD uses the EDID information for the video parameters.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments





Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

NorDig Unified 8.6.3 The HDMI Audio Output is specified in section 6.6 (Audio Output Format).
·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
STB
Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to use E-EDID information to select the audio format for HDMI output. This test is relevant for STB only. For other IRDs having HDMI output, this test is optional. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter STB HDMI analyzer HDMI analyzer A transport stream with AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with HE-AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with HE-AC multichannel audio. A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel audio (only for HEVC STB) A transport stream with AC-4 immersive audio (only for HEVC STB). Test procedure: Use following supported audio formats in the HDMI analyser for the E-EDID negotiation: Stereo PCM Multichannel PCM AC-3 DTS E-AC-3 MAT 1. Set test equipment 2. Power On the IRD 3. Verify that the IRD selects the correct audio format is output via HDMI, according to section 6.6, Table 6.5 and associated notes, and the audio formats described in the audio data block within the E-EDID of the HDMI analyser. Expected result: For each audio input format, the IRD uses the E-EDID audio data block information to select the correct audio format for HDMI output.





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9:6 Audio format selection from HDMI ARC CEC messages	
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.3	
Requirement	The HDMI Audio Output is specified in section 6.6 (Audio Output Formats). For IRDs integrated in IDTVs, an HDMI ARC (or eARC output) should be implemented.	
IRD variants and capability	iDTV with option for HDMI ARC	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the is able to use CEC messages to select the audio format for HDMI ARC output. This test is relevant for iDTV only. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IDTV HDMI ARC analyzer A transport stream with AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with HE-AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with HE-AAC multichannel audio. A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel audio (only for HEVC iDTV). Test procedure: Use following supported audio formats in the HDMI analyser for audio format selection using CEC messages. Stereo PCM AC-3 DTS E-AC-3 1. Set test equipment 2. Power On the IRD 3. Verify that the IRD selects the correct audio format for output via HDMI, according to section 6.6, Table 6.5 and associated notes, and the audio formats described in CEC Short Audio Descriptor messages communicated from the HDMI analyser. Expected result: For each audio input format, the IRD uses the CEC Short Audio Descriptor messages to	
	select the correct audio format for HDMI ARC output.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	





Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9:7 Audio output format selection from HDMI eARC CDS information		
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.3		
Requirement	The HDMI Audio Output is specified in section 6.6 (Audio Output Formats). For IRDs integrated in IDTVs, an HDMI ARC (or eARC output) should be implemented.		
IRD variants and capability	iDTV with option for HDMI eARC		
Test procedure	Observe that the HDMI eARC interface is optional in NorDig and running the NorDig tests related to eARC is dependent on HDMI/CTA organization finalizing and releasing the appropriate eARC tests. Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to use HDMI eARC Capability Data Structure (CDS) information to select the audio format for HDMI eARC output. This test is relevant for iDTV only. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IDTV IRD HDMI eARC analyzer A transport stream with AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with E-AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with HE-AAC multichannel audio (only for HEVC iDTV). A transport stream with AC-4 immersive audio (only for HEVC iDTV). Test procedure: Use following supported audio formats in the HDMI analyser for the CDS negotiation: Stereo PCM Multichannel PCM AC-3 DTS E-AC-3 MAT 1. Set test equipment 2. Power On the IRD 3. Verify that the IRD selects the correct audio format is output via HDMI, according to section 6.6, Table 6.5 and associated notes, and the audio formats described in the audio data block within the CDS of the HDMI analyser.		
	Expected result:		





	For each audio input format, the IRD uses the CDS audio data block information to select the correct audio format for HDMI output.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 9:8 HDMI– Original format				
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.2				
Requirement	The user shall be able to override the default output format by choosing an "Original				
Requirement	Format" option, i.e. to output the same format as received, if supported by the display. If the received format is not supported, the STB shall select the display mode providing the best possible video quality, as indicated by the E-EDID information. This is to avoid the STB output to go black, if there is a mismatch between received format and display capability.				
IRD variants and capability	HEVC STB, STB all FrontEnds				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is able to use the EDID information. This test is relevant for STB only. For other IRDs having HDMI output interface this test is optional. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD HDMI analyzer Use following resolutions and frame rates in the test stream(s): 720x576i25 1280x720p50 1920x1080i25 1920x1080p50 3840x2160p50 (only for HEVC STB) Test procedure: Play a test stream Power On the IRD Tune to the service in test stream (3840x2160p50 only used for HEVC STB) Verify that video is displayed in original format if possible for the display. Expected result: The IRD shall negotiate the display parameters according the input signal.				
Test result(s)					





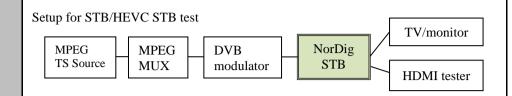
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 9:9 HDMI – Manual setting for resolution						
Section	NorDig Unified8.6.2						
Requirement	The user shall be able to override the default output format by choosing a "Fixed Format" option, i.e. to manually set, preferably with a dedicated knob on the remote control, the default output format from the NorDig STB to a fixed video format. The video format options shall include 1920x1080p@50Hz, 1280x720p@50Hz and 1920x1080i@25Hz. For the HEVC STB the video format options shall additionally include 3840x2160p@50Hz PQ10, 3840x2160p@50Hz HLG10 and 3840x2160p@50Hz						
	WCG+SDR (i.e. ITU-R BT.2020 [90]).						
IRD variants and capability	HEVC STB, STB all FrontEnds						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver has manual setting video resolution in HDMI output.						
	This test is relevant for STB only.						
	For other IRDs having HDMI output interface this test is optional.						
	Equipment:						
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD HDMI analyzer						
	Test procedure:						
	 Set the manually the display format to 1280*720p50. Verify that the video format is set. Repeat the test with 1920*1080i25 and 1920*1080p50 formats For the HEVC STB repeat the test with 3840*2160p@50Hz PQ10, 3840*2160p@50Hz HLG10 and 3840*2160p@50Hz WCG+SDR formats. Fill in the test results. 						
	Expected result: It shall be possible to set video resolution manually in HDMI output.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
	Sign						



Test Case	Task 9:10 HDMI – Signal protection for STBs (HDMI output)						
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.4						
Requirement	The NorDig IRD's HDMI interface (output or input) used to transport audio & video content shall support the High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) rev. 1.4 or higher.						
	The NorDig HEVC IRD's HDMI interface (output or input) used to transport audio & video content shall support High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) rev. 2.2 or higher.						
	NorDig HEVC STB shall only fall back to HDCP rev. 1.4 when connected to an Esink that doesn't support HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher.						
	Broadcast received services may be flagged with a need for content protection or not (CP "ON" or "OFF") via the CA-system or similar, as specified by the relevant network/CA-operator.						
	Signals that the IRD is entitled to receive shall be sent to the HDMI-sink (display) in accordance with the following conditions:						
	 A. In case the received service is flagged with no need for content protection, the signal may be sent to the sink with HDCP disabled (1). B. In case the received service is flagged with content protection required via the CA-system, the signal shall only be sent to the sink with the HDCP enabled, i.e. when the HDMI sink satisfies the HDCP requirements and HDCP protection is established on the HDMI-link. 						
	 The IRD should (2) provide an option for setting the preferred HDCP-state, ("HDCP-user setting"), that can be set between following modes: ON (where ON refers to 'always on') and OFF and/or AUTO mode, (where OFF refers to 'always off' and AUTO refers to 'automatic; on when required and off when not required'). The HDCP-user setting shall apply to all services receivable by the IRD. Changes to this setting shall survive channel change, standby and power on/off. 						
	Note 1: Disabling of HDCP is optional Note 2: This option – when available- shall be available via the IRD's menu system, unless otherwise specified by the relevant network/CA-operator.						
	NorDig Unified 16.4, Factory default value for the HDCP user preference setting (if supported) shall be 'ON or as specified by the relevant network/CA operator'.						
IRD variants and capability	HEVC STB, all STB						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: For IRDs with HDMI output(s) (typically a STB), verify that the NorDig IRD-is able set the status HDCP according the signal protection scheme.						
	This test is mandatory if the IRD has HDMI output interface.						
	Equipment:						





HDMI Tester, refers to test instrument or equal system that can verify HDMI and HDCP (version etc).

Test procedure:

- 1. Setup the equipment
- 2. Check if IRD has HDCP user preference settings and if supported then check that it is default 'ON', fill in test result (this test may tested when testing IRD's all user preference setting).
- 3. Basic (non-HEVC) STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection, verify that HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output and check HDCP rev. 1.4 or higher with a HDMI tester, fill in test result.
- 4. HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection (rev 1.4 or rev 2.2), HDMI sink (TV monitor/HDMI tester) min support HDCP rev 2.2, verify that HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output and check HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher with a HDMI tester, fill in test result.
- 5. HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection rev 1.4 (content that demands HDCP rev 1.4), change to a HDMI sink (TV monitor/HDMI tester) that only support HDCP rev 1.4, verify that HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output and check HDCP rev. is 1.4 with a HDMI tester, fill in test result.
- 6. STB/HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection rev 1.4 (content that demands HDCP rev 1.4), change to a HDMI sink (TV monitor/HDMI tester) that do not support HDCP rev 1.4 or higher, verify that service content is **not** be presented on the HDMI ouput, instead STB should display a error message.
- 7. HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection rev 2.2 (content that demands HDCP rev 2.2), change to a HDMI sink (TV monitor/HDMI tester) that only support HDCP rev 1.4, verify that service content is **not** be presented on the HDMI ouput, instead STB should display a error message.
- 8. If STB/HEVC STB has HDCP user preference settings and if supported then change settings to 'OFF' or 'AUTO' (steps 10 to 13), fill in test result (that it was possible to change mode).
- 9. STB/HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection, verify:
 - if IRD has a HDCP mode 'OFF' then HDCP shall be inactive and service content shall not be presented on the HDMI ouput, instead STB shall display a message. Change HDCP setting to 'ON' and verify that HDCP now is active and service content is presented on the HDMI output, fill in test result (change back HDCP setting to 'OFF' before next step)
 - if IRD has a HDCP mode 'AUTO' then HDCP shall be active and service content is presented on the HDMI output, fill in test result.



- 10. STB/HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that do not require content protection, verify HDCP is inactive/disabled and service content is presented in the clear on the HDMI ouput, fill in test result.
- 11. For STB/HEVC STB which has a HDCP 'AUTO', connect a signal which includes both a service that require CP and another service that do not require CP, zap between the services a couple of times, verify between each zap that HDCP is active for CP service/inactive for non-CP service and service content is presented on the HDMI ouput, verify zapping time until service is present is not too long (e.g. not more than 15-20sec), fill in test result.

- (step 2) If IRD has HDCP setting, then factory default setting shall be 'ON' (always ON), unless otherwise specified by relevant network/CA operator.
- (step 3) STB and iDTV shall support HDCP rev. 1.4 or higher.
- (step 4 and step 6) HEVC STB and iDTV shall support HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher.
- (step 5) HEVC STB shall be able fall back to HDCP rev. 1.4 when connected to an HDMI sink (TV monitor) that doesn't support HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher.
- (Step 2 to 7) For content/services that is signalized to that content protection is required, NorDig IRD/STB shall have HDCP active on HDMI output to the HDMI sink (TV monitor). If HDMI sink (TV monitor) do not support required HDCP rev. then the NorDig IRD/STB shall not output selected service and instead output "black" and preferably an error message for the viewer.
- (step 8 to 11) If the NorDig IRD/STB supports HDCP user setting 'OFF', for content/services that is signalized to that content protection is required, then NorDig IRD/STB shall not be present service content on the HDMI ouput, instead STB shall display a message that inform the end user that the HDCP user setting must be turned ON in order to view protected content.
- (step 8 to11) If the NorDig IRD/STB supports HDCP user setting 'AUTO', for content/services that is signalized to that content protection is required, then NorDig IRD/STB shall **not** be present service content on the HDMI ouput without HDCP active.
- It should be possible to set the content protection mode (HDCP e.g. ON/OFF/AUTO).

Test	t resul	t(s)
------	---------	------

10001000000	step	IRD type	Service CP signalling (1)	STB's HDCP setting (2)	Description (STB/iDTV actions)	OK or NOK or n/a
	2	All IRDs		ON / always on		
	3	(non-HEVC) Basic STB	CP Required	always on	HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output. HDCP rev.1.4 or higher.	
	4	HEVC STB	CP Required	always on	HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output. HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher.	
	5	HEVC STB	CP Required rev 1.4	always on	HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output. HDCP rev. 1.4.	





		•	•	•		
	6	All STBs	CP	ON /	HDCP inactive and service	
			Required rev	always on	content is not be presented on	
			1.4		the HDMI ouput, instead STB	
					should display a error	
					message.	
	7	HEVC STB	CP	ON /	TV service content is not be	
			Required rev	always on	F I	
			2.2		ouput, instead STB should	
					display a error message.	
					HDCP may be active (rev	
					1.4) or not during the display	
					of the message.	
	8	All STBs-	-	ON/OFF/	If STB do not have HDCP	
				AUTO	setting then result 'not	
					applicable' (n/a).	
					If STB has HDCP setting,	
					result if possible to set 'ON',	
					'OFF' and/or 'AUTO' then	
					'OK', if not possible to	
					change setting then NOK.	
	9a	All STB w	CP	OFF	HDCP inactive and service	
		HDCP	Required		content shall not be	
		setting			presented, instead display a	
		'OFF'			message.	
	9b	All STB w	CP	AUTO	HDCP active and service	
		HDCP	Required		content is presented on	
		setting			display.	
		'AUTO'				
	10a	All STB w	CP	OFF	HDCP is inactive/disabled	
		HDCP	not required		and service content is	
		setting			presented in the clear on the	
		'OFF'			HDMI ouput	
	10b	All STB w	CP	AUTO	HDCP is inactive/disabled	
		HDCP	not required		and service content is	
		setting			presented in the clear on the	
		'AUTO'			HDMI ouput	
	11	All STB w	Two or more	AUTO	HDCP active for service	
		HDCP	services, one		require CP and HDCP	
		setting,	with CP and		inactive for service that do	
		'AUTO'.	one without CP		not require CP', resonable	
					time for zapping.	
					oming service, CA-system	
			CP user preferen	ice setting, i	f supported (optional feature)	
	n/a: n	ot applicable				
~ .						
Conformity					eason in comments	
Comments					oftware update: YES NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			rmation		
Date					1*	
Date				S	lign en	

Test Case	Task 9:11Analogue video output resolution (Option)





Section	NorDig Unified 8.4.			
Requirement	Video signals output via any type of analogue interface shall be of maximum 720x576 (SDTV) resolution			
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD, all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD always outputs SD (576i) on the SCART or any other analogue video output (Y, Pb, Pr, RF-PAL or CVBS) connector. This test is relevant only for IRD with analoque video output interface. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD For Basic IRD, the TS shall contain a service which has a video component that Changes between 1280 x 720p@50Hz and 1920 x 1080i@25Hz video resolution For HEVC IRD, the TS shall contain a service which has a video component that Changes between 1920 x 1080p@50Hz and 3840 x 2160p@50Hz video resolution			
	Test procedure: 1. Set up the test environment according to above. 2. Play out the transport stream with alternating video resolutions 3. Make a channel search on the IRD 4. Verify that the SCART or any other analoque video output has always SD (576i) regardless of HDMI setting and resolution. 5. Verify that down-converted 1:1 pixel aspect ratio resolutions are displayed as 16:9 letterbox on 4:3 displays. Expected result: That the IRD only outputs SD (576i) on SCART any other analoque video output (i.e. not higher than 576i).			
TT ()				
Test result(s) Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 9:12 User Control Function Keys
Section	NorDig 8.7.1, 8.7.5, 8.7.6





Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support the following functions (these may be implemented as logical functions, as physical buttons on a remote control or a combination of the two): Power On/Off Programme Up/Down Volume Up/Down (optional for STB) Subtitles Audio Description/Spoken Subtitles Audio Program Guide Info Teletext Numerals 0-9 Menu Navigation (e.g. Arrow keys) OK or Select Colours (red, green, yellow, blue) The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall additionally support the following functions: HbbTV function activation Back Exit		
IRD variants	HbbTV IRD, all IRDs		
and capability			
Test procedure	Test procedure:		
	Check the manufacturer technical specification / compliance list or verify the user control functions.		
	Expected result: The minimum requirement is fulfilled.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
	. 5		
T . C	Total O 40 Mars Occupant Francisco Com DVD		

Test Case	Task 9:13 User Control Function for PVR	
Section	NorDig 8.7.7, 8.7.1	
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall support the following functions (these may be implemented as logical functions, as physical buttons on a remote control or a combination of the two): o List of Recordings o Record / One-Touch-Recording o Play o Fast Forward / Fast Recind and/or Skip Forward / Skip Back	
IRD Profile(s)	PVR, IRD, all FrontEnds	
Test procedure	Test procedure:	





	Check the manufacturer technical specification / compliance list or verify the user control functions. Expected result: The minimum requirement is fulfilled.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 9:14 User Control Function event mapping for NorDig HbbTV	
Section	NorDig 8.7.2.6	
Requirement	The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall generate (HbbTV) events according to Table 8.7 in response to user control functions, (e.g. when a key is pressed on the NorDig IRD remote control.	
IRD variants and capabilit	HbbTV IRD	
Test procedure	Test procedure: Check the manufacturer technical specification / compliance list or verify the user control functions. Expected result: The minimum requirement is fulfilled.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle \textstyl	
Date	Sign	



2.10 Task 10: Interfaces for Conditional Access

Test Case	Task 10:1 Use of Common Interface	
Section	NorDig Unified 0.1. 0.2	
Requirement	NorDig Unified 9.1, 9.2 The NorDig IRD shall support at least one Common Interface Plus (for CA module) for conditional access and/or it shall support at least one smart card interface for conditional access. The Common Interface shall be able to be used with modules that comply with the DVB Common Interface Plus specification (version 1.3 or later), see ref. CI Plus specification [64]; such modules are referred to as CIP-CAM. NorDig HEVC IRDs should have a CI Plus implementation that fully comply with the CI Plus ECP Specification v1.1 (2017-11) [98] available from CI Plus LLP. The Common Interface shall also be able to be used with CA-modules that comply with the DVB Common Interface specification, see EN 50221 [7]; such modules are referred to as CI-CAM.	
	Each CI-slot of the NorDig IRD shall be in compliance with the Common Interface Plus (SIP) specification [64]. Each CI-slot shall support both CIP-CAMs and CI-CAMs in accordance with with the interoperability matrix that is specified in the CI Plus specification [64], table 4.1.	
IRD variants and capability	HEVC, all IRDs	
Test procedure	The Test procedure shall (provisionally) be based on existing interface test specifications for at least the most common CAMs supporting both CI-CAM and CIP-CAM. The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure.	
Test result(s)	The test results shall show that the IRD is fully compatible with CAM, when the CAM is equipped for at least one of the CA-systems used in the Nordic area.	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 10:2 Smart Card Interface
Section	NorDig Unified 9.1, 9.3.2





Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support at least one smart card interface for conditional access. The smart card interface shall comply with ISO/IEC 7816 Part 1-3 [56]. The NorDig IRD does not need to support synchronous cards. The NorDig IRD shall implement all aspects related to asynchronous cards with the following exceptions: • support for Vpp is not required • support for AFNOR pin-out is not required • Vcc range is 5V+/- 5% • Icc max is 65 mA • The clock frequency shall be at least 5 MHz. The possibility of using the data exchange protocol T=0 shall be supported. It shall be possible to include support for the data exchange protocol T=1 through an IRD software upgrade.		
IRD variants	all IRDs		
and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify functionality of smart card interface. This test is mandatory depending of the network operator or operator requirement. Equipment: Test bed providing transport streams with CA-scrambled services. IRD under test. Test procedure: Select a CA-scrambled service and observe decoded picture/sound.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

2.11 Task 11: The System Software Update

2.11.1 SSU testing General

The NorDig IRD shall provide a software download mechanism that enables download of sytem software to replace existing software.

Delivery alternatives (optional or mandatory depending on the connectable status of the IRD) are:

- OTA (#D1 and #D2): "Over-the-Air", refers here to over the broadcast channel (via terrestrial, cable, satellite or managed IPTV interface) .
- OTA Notification (#D3): refers here to search/get notification over the broadcast channel and download from Internet and/or USB.
- OTN (#D4): "Over-the-Network", refers here to over the Internet channel (via IRD's two-way interface).
- USB (#D5): "Local", refers to download from the local interface.

During the SSU testing both upgrade and downgrade are are performed with a special mode/SW used for the downgrade process (normally not available with production software/public SSU).

Alternatively the manufacturer must deliver several physical samples that can each be upgraded once.



2.11.2 Test equipment summary

To configure the minimum test setup described in these test procedures, the test setup seen in Figure 3 can be used.

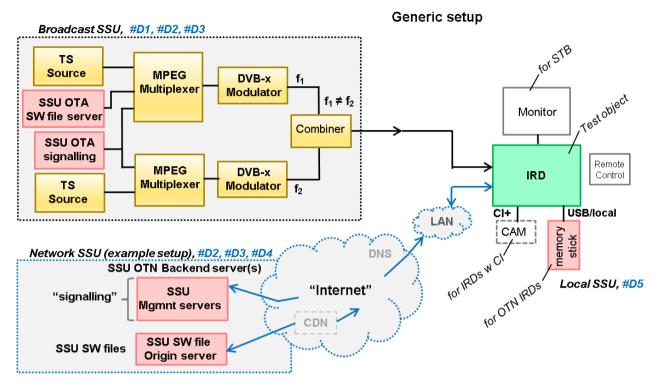


Figure 3. Generic test setup for SSU / CI+ CAM test procedures

Note! The equipment needed may vary depending on the system used and can be purchased from many vendors even in a compact all-in-one unit. However, most of the tests can done using one general test setup.

2.11.2.1 Broadcast SSU (OTA)

The OTA-SSU / CI+ CAM update service is carried within a transport stream. The TS must contain the correct type of signaling information in order for the IRD to detect the correct OTA-SSU / CI+ CAM update service. The following sections describe minimum signaling information.

The NIT must contain:

• Linkage_descriptor 0x4A to DVB SSU service using linkage_type 0x09.

Example for linkage_descriptor for IRD system download located at TSID/ONID 0x0456/0x22F1.

Descriptor_tag	0x4A
Transport_stream id	0x0456
Original_network_id	0x22F1
Service_id	0x1194
Linkage_type	0x09
OUI *)	
selector_bytes	
private_data_byte **)	

^{*)} DVB OUI or manufacturer specific OUI





**) The private_data_byte shall be used as specified in the DVB Data Download Specification; Part 1: Simple Profile. (ETSI TS 102 006 v1.3.1)

The PMT must contain:

(The descriptor shall be placed in the component loop of the PSI PMT table.)

Data_broadcast_id_descriptor

descriptor_tag	0x66
data_broadcast_id	0x000A
id_sector_bytes *)	
OUI **)	
update_type ***)	
update_versioning_flag	
update_version	
selector_bytes	
private_data_bytes	

^{*)} The id_sector_bytes shall be used as specified in the DVB Data Download Specification (ETSI TS 102 006).

^{***)} Update_type, use value below specified for simple or enhanced profiles;

proprietary update solution (not allowed).	0x0
standard update carousel (i.e. without notification table) via broadcast.	0x1
system software update carousel with notification table (UNT) both	0x2
available via broadcast.	
system software update signaled via broadcast UNT,	
update available from the return channel.	
system software update signaled via broadcast UNT,	0x04
update available from the Internet.	
Reserved for future use.	0x5 - 0xFF

The UNT must contain:

Signaling of UNT is relevant in case of the data_broadcast_id_descriptor parameter update_type is set to 0x02 in PMT.

The parameters for different descriptors in UNT are specified below:

descriptor_tag	0x4B
table_id	0x01
OUI 1)	
processing_order 2)	
common_descriptor_loop 3)	
target_descriptor_loop 4)	
operational_descriptor_loop 5)	

- 1) The OUI value in the PMT shall match the OUI value in the NIT linkage to SSU descriptor.
- 2) Depending on the SSU OTA mechanism.
- 3) common_descriptor_loop carries information which is intended for descriptors which apply to all platform/target devices listed in target_descriptor_loop and operational_descriptor_loop.
- 4) target_descriptor_loop can contain descriptor:
 - target_serial_number_descriptor
- 5) operational_descriptor_loop can contain descriptors:
 - scheduling_descriptor

^{**)} The OUI value in the PMT shall match the OUI value in the NIT linkage to SSU descriptor.





Examples for scheduling descriptor

0x01
0

- update_descriptor
- ssu_location_descriptor
- message_descriptor
- ssu_subgroup_association_descriptor
- private_data_specifier_descriptor

See more details regarding settings in DVB Data Download Specification (ETSI TS 102 006).

NorDig T2-IRD SSU OTA in DVB-T2 system

• The SSU stream is broadcast with parameter settings of PLP_ID = 1, T2_System_Id = 1 and Cell_Id = 1 in a single PLP mode.

2.11.2.2 Network SSU

The IRD manufacturer must ensure that the published OTN software contains the correct type of signaling information in order for the IRD to detect the correct SSU.

The IRD manufacturer shall ensure a software upgrade is available over the public Internet, the test is not valid if the SSU is just locally published in a lab environment.

For the OTN testing the IRD must connect to the Internet by LAN cable or via Wi-Fi through a local router or access point.

The Internet connection during testing should reflect the country settings of the IRD under test, e.g. using a VPN tunnel to simulate ip connection from the same country as the country setting of the IRD.

2.11.3 Test cases

Test Case	Task 11:1 IRD System software update using DVB SSU simple profile
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2,10.5, 12.2.6 and 16.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide a software download mechanism that enables download of system software, to add a new system software or replace an existing system software.
	The upgrade of NorDig IRD software shall be initiated by the user (by update user preference setting and/or by user interaction). The user shall be able to choose the update approach for the IRD (see 10.2.1 in IRD spec) and the user shall be able to disable any automatic update. The factory default shall be a value that disables Fully Automatic mode.
	In cases where the user is prompted to confirm an update, the user shall be able to confirm or to abort/postpone the update (for example with a Yes and No option). If the





user selects to abort/postpone an available update or by other ways cancel an available update, the NorDig IRD shall remind the user as stated in section 10.1.6 in IRD spec.

The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a mechanism ensuring that only newer software versions than the existing System Software are accepted.

If the NorDig IRD System software is corrupt (due to normal operation of the IRD or due to updating the system software), the IRD manufacturer shall provide a backup mechanism, either on local storage or via download, which can make the IRD operational again.

The NorDig IRD supporting SSU via broadcast channel shall support the DVB SSU simple profile using the signalling in NIT, BAT and PMT, in accordance with the DVB-SSU specification . The Linkage descriptor in the NIT table, for linking to the SSU service is defined in NorDig Unified IRD specification section 12.2.6.

IRD variants and capability

all IRDs using OTA SSU simple profile

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the IRD system software update process in broadcast channel using DVB SSU simple profile.

The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.

This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. **Equipment:**

Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary

For the testing three IRD SSU software is needed, "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3", ("SW v1" as starting point, "SW v2" for testing upgrading and "SW v3" for testing "non-downgrading").

IRD manufacturer shall ensure that software upgrade ("SW v1"), ("SW v2") and ("SW v3") is available for the test lab.

Two approaches for the SSU testing, either via using:

- one single IRD with possibility to upgrade and downgrade the SW by other means plus SSU sw images of "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3".
- alternative via using multiple IRDs. Two IRDs with software "SW v1" and one IRD with software "SW v3".

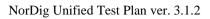
Selection of two different ONID for different networks corresponding country1 and country2 in the test procedure.

Test procedure:

- 1. Configure three outgoing download streams from the system software source. The system software PID, PMT PID and SID may not conflict with each other.
- Configure the multiplexer to transmit three outgoing system software download streams within TS on the frequency f1. The system software PID, PMT PID and SID may not conflict with each other. (Simulates three system software streams.)
- 3. Configure linkage_descriptor for the two system software download streams not to be suitable for the IRD under test. The linkage_descriptor_parameters for



- the third download stream shall be suitable for the IRD under test. The third system software download stream shall be the last in order.
- Fill in the test results which parameters are unmatching with the IRD under test.
- 5. For the frequency f2 configure linkage_descriptor to refer to the frequency f1 with suitable parameters for the over-the-air download. (Simulates frequency change).
- 6. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed.
- 7. Perform factory reset to the IRD, complete the "first time" installation and check that all the services are possible to receive.
- 8. Tune the IRD to a service on the frequency f1.
- 9. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search".
- 10. Initiate the download.
- 11. Verify that the software in the IRD is updated to "SW v2".
- 12. Fill in the test protocol.
- 13. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 14. Tune the IRD to a service on the frequency f2.
- 15. Initiate the download again.
- 16. Verify that the software in the IRD is updated to "SW v2".
- 17. Fill in the test protocol.
- 18. Upgrade IRD software to "SW v3".
- 19. Perform factory reset to IRD and check that all the services are possible to receive.
- 20. Initiate the download again. Verify that no software update occurs.
- 21. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 22. Initiate the download again.
- 23. During the update process (step 10), remove the power cable to corrupt the installation of the system software to corrupt the downloading of the system software.
- 24. Wait 10 seconds and then re-insert the power cable.
- 25. Verify that the IRD is still usable.
- 26. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.
- 27. Initiate the download again.
- 28. Plug out the antenna cable. (Simulates RF disturbances).
- 29. Plug in the antenna cable. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.
- 30. Verify which ONID values correspond country1 and country2 settings in IRD.
- 31. Make sure that the IRDs country setting is equal to country2.
- 32. Configure the TS from f1 carrying the SSU service so that the ONID is equal to country1.
- 33. Configure the TS from f2 so that the ONID is equal to country2.
- 34. Fill in the test protocol which ONID values are broadcasted in TS in f1 (country1) and f2 (country2).
- 35. Fill in the test protocol which country settings are selected in the IRD.
- 36. Control that the IRD will not download and install the SSU.
- 37. Fill in the test protocol.





	IRD performs available stream	-	m DVB SSU simple pr	ofile OTA br	oadcast
Test result(s)	Unmatched	SSU stream number #1	Unmatcheo	l parameter n	ame
		#2			
	ONID vislas	in TS in f1 (country1)	Ol	NID value	
		in TS in f2 (country2)			
	Test				OV or NOV
	Test points 9	Does IRD have a se set by default to "au	tting for automatic SS ato search"?	U search	OK or NOK
	10- 12	upgraded.	software on the freque		
	13 – 17	frequency f2, is upg	software, when initiate raded. newer versions are do		
	21 – 26	IRD starts after electronic software.	etric break using old (w		
	27 – 29	The IRD clarifies the disturbancies under It has current software.			
	30 – 37	The IRD does not d	ownload or install the ne ONID that matches		
Conformity	OK Fault		lefine fail reason in co		
Comments		cribe if fault can be fix specific faults and/or	xed with software updated other information	ate: YES _	JNO
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 11:2 IRD System software update using DVB SSU enhanced profile - scheduling
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2 and 10.5
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting SSU via broadcast channel shall provide a software download mechanism in accordance with the DVB SSU specification, the IRD shall support the SSU Simple Profile and the parts of SSU Enhanced Profile that are specified below.
	The test requirements are the same as for DVB SSU simple profile in Task 11:1 with the addition of scheduled tasks. The NorDig IRD supporting SSU download via broadcast channel shall support the DVB SSU UNT Enhanced profile using the signalling in NIT, BAT, PMT, and UNT, in

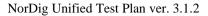


	accordance with the DVB-SSU specification. The Linkage descriptor in the NIT table, for linking to the SSU service is defined in section 12.2.6. The descriptors of the UNT Enhanced profile are specified in Section 12.7.		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs using OTA SSU enhanced profile		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process in broadcast channel using DVB SSU enhanced profile.		
	The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.		
	This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.		
	Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary		
	For the testing three IRD SSU software is needed, "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3", ("SW v1" as starting point, "SW v2" for testing upgrading and "SW v3" for testing "non-downgrading").		
	IRD manufacturer shall ensure that software upgrade ("SW v1") , ("SW v2") and ("SW v3") is available for the test lab.		
	Two approaches for the SSU testing, either via using: - one single IRD with possibility to upgrade and downgrade the SW by other means pl SSU sw images of "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3" alternative via using multiple IRDs. Two IRDs with software "SW v1" and one IRD		
	with software "SW v3".		
	Selection of two different ONID for different networks corresponding country1 and country2 in the test procedure.		
	Test procedure:		
	Refer to Task 11:1 but use DVB SSU enhanced download stream instead.		
	 Configure three outgoing download streams from the system software source. The system software PID, PMT PID and SID may not conflict with each other. Configure the multiplexer to transmit three outgoing system software download streams within TS on the frequency f1. (Simulates three system software streams.) 		
	3. Configure linkage_descriptor for the two system software download streams not to be suitable for the IRD under test. The linkage_descriptor parameters for the third download stream shall be suitable for the IRD under test. The third system software download stream shall be the last in order.		
	Fill in the test results which parameters are unmatching with the IRD under test.		
	5. Configure UNT inclusive scheduling_descriptor by creating schedule with three scheduling descriptors, one in the past and two in the future for the system download streams.		
	6. For the frequency f2 configure linkage_descriptor to refer to the frequency f1 with suitable parameters for the over-the-air download. (Simulates frequency change).		
	7. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed.		





- 8. Perform factory reset to the IRD, complete the "first time" and check that all the services are possible to receive.
- 9. Fill in the test protocol if the IRD support automatic search and it is set to "automatic search" by default.
- 10. Tune the IRD to a Tv service on f1, turn off the IRD and wait until IRD is standby.
- 11. Turn on the IRD from standby.
- 12. A message shall be displayed telling that a new software is available at the time specified in the scheduling_descriptor. The IRD shall find the nearest available scheduled time.
- 13. Verify that the "EXIT or abort" option works by verifying that no download occur at the scheduled time.
- 14. Turn off the IRD and wait until IRD is standby.
- 15. Turn on the IRD from standby.
- 16. Verify that the "Yes or OK" option works by verifying that download occur at the scheduled time.
- 17. Verify that the software in the IRD is updated to "SW v2".
- 18. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 19. Perform 11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18 but Tune the IRD to a Tv service on f2, turn off the IRD and wait until IRD is standby.
- 20. Upgrade IRD software to "SW v3" or use "IRD".
- 21. Perform factory reset to the "IRD" and check that all the services are possible to receive
- 22. Initiate the download again. Verify that no software update occurs.
- 23. Enhanced profile with software for the IRD under test, scheduled active now, with more than one schedule descriptor in UNT.
- 24. Initiate a manual download from the menu.
- 25. A message shall be displayed telling that a new software is available right now.
- 26. Verify that both OK and EXIT works.
- 27. Reset the IRD
- 28. Perform 23,24,25,26 but initiate the download via a background/standby search.
- 29. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 30. Verify which ONID values correspond country1 and country2 settings in IRD.
- 31. Make sure that the IRDs country setting is equal to country2.
- 32. Configure the TS from f1 carrying the SSU service so that the ONID is equal to country1.
- 33. Configure the TS from f2 so that the ONID is equal to country2.
- 34. Fill in the test protocol which ONID values are broadcasted in TS in f1 (country1) and f2 (country2).
- 35. Fill in the test protocol which country settings are selected in the IRD.
- 36. Initiate a download.
- 37. Control that the IRD will not download and install the SSU.
- 38. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 39. Initiate the download again.
- 40. During the update process remove the power cable to corrupt the installation of the system software to corrupt the downloading of the system software.
- 41. Wait 10 seconds and then re-insert the power cable.
- 42. Verify that the IRD is still usable.
- 43. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.





- 44. Initiate the download again.
- 45. Plug out the antenna cable. (Simulates RF disturbances).
- 46. Plug in the antenna cable.
- 47. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.
- 48. Fill in the test protocol.

IRD performs a system software update from DVB SSU enhanced profile OTA broadcast for future available stream.

Test result(s)

Unmatched parameter name

	ONID value
ONID value in TS in f1 (country1)	
ONID value in TS in f2 (country2)	

Test points		OK or NOK
9	Does the IRD have a setting for automatic SSU search and it is set to "automatic search" by default?	
11-17	Does the IRD display a pop-up message telling the closest time and date for the available OTA?	
11-17	Does the pop-up message have selection "OK to download" and "EXIT to abort"?	
11-17	Selecting EXIT doesn't upgrade the IRD at specified time and date.	
11-17	Does the IRD upgrade the future available software at available time and date when turned off and turned on ?	
18-19	Does the IRD display a pop-up message telling the closest time and date for the available OTA?	
18-19	Does the pop-up message have selection "OK to download" and "EXIT to abort"?	
18-19	Selecting EXIT doesn't upgrade the IRD at specified time and date.	
18-19	Does the IRD upgrade the future available software at available time and date when turned off and turned on?	
20-22	IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted	
23-26	Does the IRD upgrade when the new sw is available right now when searching, From menu.	
27-28	Does the IRD upgrade when the new sw is available right now when searching, standby.	



	29-37	The IRD does not download or install the SSU	
		from other ONIDs than the ONID that matches	
		the country setting in the IRD.	
	38-43	IRD starts after electric break using old (working)	
		software.	
	44-47	The IRD clarifies the RF signal reception	
		disturbancies under OTA download.	
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date		Sign	

Test Case	Task 11:3 IRD System software update using DVB SSU Notification		
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.5 and 12.7		
Requirement	For this approach the NorDig IRD shall automatically perform a regular search for a notification signal (using DVB SSU's Update_type 0x4) indicating the availability of new system software and, whenever new software is available, prompt the user with the IRD manufacturer's message associated with that The NorDig IRD shall support the SSU notifications update type 0x4 using UNT in accordance with the DVB-SSU specification.		
	Linkage descriptor in the NIT table, for linking to the SSU service is defined in section 12.2.6. The descriptors of the SSU UNT shall be as specified in Section 12.7.		
IRD variants	all IRDs using DVB SSU Notification profile		
and capability	F		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process in broadcast channel using DVB SSU Notifications. A typical use case for SSU Notification is to reach all non-connected connectable IRDs via broadcast channel with information that new SSU software is available but the new SSU software size is too large to be distributed via broadcast channel and/or requires a higher bandwidth over broadcast channel than is available. Manufacturers are recommended to: - Pre-store SSU messages in their IRDs and messages should be in all available languages that the IRD supports, - Mainly using the message_index (in the enhanced_message_descriptor, see 12.7.10) to reference which pre-stored message to be displayed for the user, - Minimize the broadcast text (in the enhanced_message_descriptor and/or message descriptor, see 12.7.10).		
	 Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary Software/configuration information to enable the SSU Notification process in the IRD. Test procedure: 1. Configure three outgoing download streams from the system software source. The system software PID, PMT PID and SID may not conflict with each other. 2. Configure the multiplexer to transmit three outgoing system software download 		





- and SID may not conflict with each other. (Simulates three system software streams.)
- 3. Configure linkage_descriptor for the two system software download streams not to be suitable for the IRD under test. The linkage_descriptor parameters for the third download stream shall be suitable for the IRD under test. The third system software download stream shall be the last in order.
- 4. For the frequency f2 configure linkage_descriptor to refer to the frequency f1 with suitable parameters for the over-the-air download. (Simulates frequency change).
- 5. Tune the IRD to a service on the frequency f1.
- 6. Perform a manual software update search.
- 7. Verify that a notification is presented
- 8. Reset the IRD to its factory default settings.
- 9. Repeat step 1-5.
- 10. Perform an automatic search from standby.
- 11. Turn on the IRD from standby.
- 12. Verify that a notification is presented
- 13. Reset the IRD to its factory default settings.
- 14. Tune the IRD to a service on the frequency f2.
- 15. Perform a manual software update search.
- 16. Verify that a notification is presented
- 17. Reset the IRD to its factory default settings.
- 18. Repeat step 1-5.
- 19. Perform an automatic search from standby.
- 20. Turn on the IRD from standby.
- 21. Verify that a notification is presented
- 22. Fill in the test results.

The IRD performs an SSU Notification update.

Test result(s)

Unmatched parameter name

	ONID value
ONID value in TS in f1 (country1)	
ONID value in TS in f2 (country2)	

	OK or NOK Test points 6-7	OK or NOK Test points 10-12	OK or NOK Test points 15-16	OK or NOK Test points 19-21
Verify that any Notification to the user				
(pop-up message) related to SSU shall				
be displayed in the same language as the				
language setting of the IRD.				
Verify the Notification informs the user				
about where the new software is				
available(Internet address) and how to				
proceed with the update process				





	Verify the user have a choice to postpone/abort/reject the system software update Notification. If the user didn't choose to abort/ reject the notification verify that the user is reminded with the notification after restart of the IRD
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 11:4 IRD System software update using over-the-network download
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2 and 10.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide a software download mechanism that enables download of system software, to add a new system software or replace an existing system software.
	The upgrade of NorDig IRD software shall be initiated by the user (by update user preference setting and/or by user interaction). The user shall be able to choose the update approach for the IRD (see 10.2.1) and the user shall be able to disable any automatic update. The factory default shall be a value that disables Fully Automatic mode.
	In cases where the user is prompted to confirm an update, the user shall be able to confirm or to abort/postpone the update (for example with a Yes and No option). If the user selects to abort/postpone an available update or by other ways cancel an available update, the NorDig IRD shall remind the user as stated in section 10.1.6 in IRD spec.
	The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a mechanism ensuring that only newer software versions than the existing System Software are accepted. A connected IRD receiving updates in this way shall still arbitrate between software versions available via the broadcast network and the IP-based broadband network to ensure that only newer versions are downloaded and installed (according with section 10.1.4.2 of IRD spec).
	If the NorDig IRD System software is corrupt (due to normal operation of the IRD or due to updating the system software), the IRD manufacturer shall provide a backup mechanism, either on local storage or via download, which can make the IRD operational again.
	The NorDig IRD shall be implemented with a protection mechanism for the existing system software. It shall ensure that the existing software will not be corrupted in case the System Software Update (SSU) is interrupted before the new system software is fully downloaded.
IRD variants and capability	All IRDs using OTN SSU profile
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



To verify the IRD system software update process using over-the-network (OTN) download profile.

The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.

Equipment:

Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary

For the testing three IRD SSU software is needed, "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3", ("SW v1" as starting point, "SW v2" for testing upgrading and "SW v3" for testing "non-downgrading").

IRD manufacturer shall ensure a software upgrade ("SW v2") is available at the internet.

Internet connection which can be enabled / disabled during the test (e.g. LAN connection through a local switch or Wi-Fi through a local access point)

Two approaches for the SSU testing, either via using:

- one single IRD with possibility to upgrade and downgrade the SW by other means plus SSU sw images of "SW v1" and "SW v3",
- alternative via using multiple IRDs. Two IRDs with software "SW v1" and one IRD with software "SW v3".

Test procedure:

- 1. Connect the IRD to live TV network.
- 2. Connect the IRD to internet.
- 3. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed.
- 4. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. During installation, enable/ensure IRD still connected to Internet.
- 5. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network).
- 6. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search".
- 7. Access the navigator. Look for a menu option for SSU over the Internet.
- 8. Enable SSU download over the Internet.
- 9. Verify that the software in the IRD is updated to "SW v2".
- 10. Fill in the test protocol.
- 11. Perform factory reset to the IRD and new installation. During installation, enable network connection on the IRD.
- 12. Enable SSU download over the Internet.
- 13. Verify that no software update occurs.
- 14. Fill in the test protocol
- 15. Install/change the IRD software to "SW v3" (OTN server still has SW v2).
- 16. Perform factory reset to the IRD and new installation. During installation, enable network connection on the IRD.
- 17. Enable SSU download over the Internet.
- 18. Verify that no software update occurs.
- 19. Fill in the test protocol
- 20. Install/change IRD software to "SW v1" (OTN server still has SW v2).
- 21. Initiate the download again using steps 7-8.
- 22. During the download (step 8), remove the power cable to corrupt the downloading of the system software.





	24. Verify 25. Fill in the IR 26. Initiat 27. Cut th point to 28. Re-en 29. Fill in the IR Expected resu	ble the network connection the test protocol. Fill in each of the control of the	e. Extended information Extended information Extended information Extended information Extended information Extended information	on in the cometc. Sabling the new on in the come	etwork access
Test result(s)					
	Test points				OK or NOK
	6	Does IRD have a setting		J search	
		set by default to "auto se			
	7-10	IRD is able to upgrade the	ne System Softwar	e over-the-	
	11 14	network.	. 1		
	11-14	IRD has a mechansim th			
		software version than the accepted (testing with sa			
	15-19	IRD has a mechansim th			
	13 17	software version than the existing System Software is			
		accepted (testing with lo			
	20-25	IRD starts after electric l			
		software.		<u> </u>	
	26-29	The IRD clarifies the net			
		OTN download. Download		d or	
		resumed after a short net	work break.		
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor, define	e fail reason in con	nments	
Comments		ribe if fault can be fixed v			NO
		pecific faults and/or othe			•
		-			
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 11:5 IRD System software update using USB update
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2 and 10.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD which is relying on OTN updates shall also provide a USB mechanism that enables the download of software to an IRD. As many devices will need to be upgraded during their certification time, that upgrade process should be used as the basis for this test rather than having a dedicated test step where special softwares are required. The actual upgrade of NorDig IRD software shall be initiated by the user, in this case after inserting a USB device into one of the IRDs USB slot.



'Manual Update' (or nearest equivalent)	
prevented. The NorDig IRD shall be implemented with a protection mechanism for the existing system software. It shall ensure that the existing software will not be corrupted in case the System Software Update (SSU) is interrupted before the new system software is fully installed. The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a mechanism ensuring that only newer software versions than the existing System Software are accepted. all IRDs using OTN and/or USB SSU profile Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process using the USB interface. The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.1 Test equipment summary For testing three IRD software versions are needed: Software "SW v1", version on USB memory stick, to test IRD does not downgrade. Software "SW v2", version on USB memory stick (special version, only for testlab usage) to allow downgrade SW version during SSU testing. Note: to perform the USB test it is not necessary for the IRD to be connected to either the Broadcast Network or the Internet. Test procedure: 1. Connect the IRD to the live TV network 2. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed 3. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. 4. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). 5. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search" 6. Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) 7. The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. 8. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select "Manual Update" (or nearest equivalent)	
system software. It shall ensure that the existing software will not be corrupted in case the System Software Update (SSU) is interrupted before the new system software is fully installed. The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a mechanism ensuring that only newer software versions than the existing System Software are accepted. IRD variants and capability Test procedure Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process using the USB interface. The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.1 Test equipment summary For testing three IRD software versions are needed: Software "SW v1", version on USB memory stick, to test IRD does not downgrade. Software "SW v3", version on USB memory stick, (special version, only for testlab usage) to allow downgrade SW version during SSU testing. Note: to perform the USB test it is not necessary for the IRD to be connected to either the Broadcast Network or the Internet. Test procedure: 1. Connect the IRD to the live TV network 2. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed 3. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. 4. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). 5. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search" 6. Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) 7. The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. 8. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select "Manual Update" (or nearest equivalent)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process using the USB interface.	
Test procedure Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process using the USB interface. The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.1 Test equipment summary For testing three IRD software versions are needed: Software "SW v1", version on USB memory stick, to test IRD does not downgrade. Software "SW v2", version on USB memory stick (special version, only for testlab usage) to allow downgrade SW version during SSU testing. Note: to perform the USB test it is not necessary for the IRD to be connected to either the Broadcast Network or the Internet. Test procedure: 1. Connect the IRD to the live TV network 2. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed 3. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. 4. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). 5. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search" 6. Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) 7. The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. 8. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select "Manual Update" (or nearest equivalent)	all IRDs using OTN and/or USB SSU profile
end user functionality. This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.1 Test equipment summary For testing three IRD software versions are needed: Software "SW v1", version on USB memory stick, to test IRD does not downgrade. Software "SW v2", version on USB memory stick, to test upgrade Software "SW v3", version on USB memory stick (special version, only for testlab usage) to allow downgrade SW version during SSU testing. Note: to perform the USB test it is not necessary for the IRD to be connected to either the Broadcast Network or the Internet. Test procedure: 1. Connect the IRD to the live TV network 2. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed 3. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. 4. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). 5. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search" 6. Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) 7. The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. 8. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select "Manual Update" (or nearest equivalent)	l •
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Software "SW v1", version on USB memory stick, to test IRD does not downgrade. Software "SW v2", version on USB memory stick, to test upgrade Software "SW v3", version on USB memory stick (special version, only for testlab usage) to allow downgrade SW version during SSU testing. Note: to perform the USB test it is not necessary for the IRD to be connected to either the Broadcast Network or the Internet. Test procedure: 1. Connect the IRD to the live TV network 2. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed 3. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. 4. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). 5. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search" 6. Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) 7. The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. 8. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select 'Manual Update' (or nearest equivalent)	
the Broadcast Network or the Internet. Test procedure: 1. Connect the IRD to the live TV network 2. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed 3. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. 4. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). 5. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search" 6. Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) 7. The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. 8. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select "Manual Update" (or nearest equivalent)	Software "SW v1", version on USB memory stick, to test IRD does not downgrade. Software "SW v2", version on USB memory stick, to test upgrade Software "SW v3", version on USB memory stick (special version, only
 Connect the IRD to the live TV network Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search" Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select 'Manual Update' (or nearest equivalent) 	
 Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search" Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select 'Manual Update' (or nearest equivalent) 	Test procedure:
recommended by the manufacturer) 7. The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. 8. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select 'Manual Update' (or nearest equivalent)	 Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set
10. Fill in the test protocol.11. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation.	recommended by the manufacturer) 7. The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. 8. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select 'Manual Update' (or nearest equivalent) 9. Verify that the software is updated to "SWv2" 10. Fill in the test protocol.





Conformity Comments		The oth	e IRD does n er sources/m	ot download anufacturers or, define fai be fixed with	il reason in co software upd	SSU from	NO	
		The oth	e IRD does n er sources/m	ot download anufacturers or, define fa	or install the	SSU from		
		The oth	e IRD does n	ot download anufacturers	or install the	SSU from		_
		sof	tware.					
				power break	using old (wo	orking)		
								4
	Test p		D correctly u	pgrades its s	oftware		OK or NOK	
Test result(s)	TD 4	• ,					OV NOV	7
	Expected IRD perf		tware update	from the US	SB source			
	_,.				rror messages			-
	26.	Verify that	t the IRD is s	till usable.	ıded informati	on in the con	nments section i	f
	25.	During the		ess (step 7 or	r 8), remove the			
	24		_		rror messages e the installati		ug stans 6 8	
		Fill in the		Fill in exter			nments section i	f
	21.	Wait 10 se		en re-insert t	the power cab	le.		
	20.				r 8), remove tl	ne power cab	le to corrupt the	:
		Now using			gain initiate th	e installation	again using	
		Note this i		ocess to be t	ised only duri		l is not	
		software v	ersion using	steps 6-8.	the IRD software to a lower vers		grade the IRD	
			test protocol.		M IDD G	4 1	1 4 100	
		Verify that	Jpdate' (or ne t no software	update occu				
	14.	Else navig		he system m		tware update	screen and sele	ct
		The IRD n		e the USB de		e IRD offers	to perform the	
						1	(in the format	



Test Case	Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality		
Castin	NonDia Unified 10.1, 10.2, 10.5, 16.4		
Section Requirement	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2, 10.5, 16.4 Any (pop-up) messaging to the user related to SSU shall be displayed in the same language as the language setting of the IRD.		
	If the system software update does not allow the normal utilization of the NorDig IRD, the user shall be warned by some means. For example, by displaying information if the display is not available according to NorDig unified IRD spec section 10.1.3.		
	If the user selects to abort/postpone an available update or by other ways cancel an available update, the NorDig IRD shall remind the user.		
	The user shall be able to choose the update approach for the IRD and the user shall be able to disable any automatic update.		
	If the IRD supports Fully Automatic mode the user must be able to disable Fully Automatic mode		
	Depending on if the Nordig IRD is connectable or Non connectable the delivery alternatives and the update approaches can vary according to Nordig Unified IRD spec Table 10.1.		
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD has settings required for SSU end user functionality.		
	This test of common requirements (independent of delivery alternative) is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:1 (OTA Simple), 11:2 (OTA enhanced), 11:3 (OTA Notification), 11:4 (OTN) and 11:5 (USB) IRD System software update.		
	Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary.		
	Software to upgrade		
	2 pcs IRDs with older software than the version to upgrade or older software to downgrade the IRD under testing.		
	Test procedure:		
	 Verify that the IRD supports one of the described upgrade delivery altenatives and approach alternatives specified in [1]. Fill in the test results. Verify that any notification to the user (pop-up message) related to SSU shall be displayed in the same language as the language setting of the IRD. Verify that the user is informed about the upgrade process if the SSU does not allow the normal utilization of the NorDig IRD. Verify the user can cancel the upgrade process Verify that if the user selects to abort/postpone an available update or by other ways cancel an available update, the NorDig IRD shall remind the user. Fill in the test results. 		
	Expected result:		
	All the test result are OK, and the available upgrade processes works as expected.		



Test result(s)	Delivery alternatives	Non connectable IRD	OK or NOK or N/A	Internet connectable IRD	e OK or NOK or N/A
	#D1	Mandatory	14/21	Mandatory to	14/12
	#D2	n/a		implement at least on	e
	#D3	Optional		of the alternatives #D	
	#D4	n/a		#D2, #D3 or #D4.	-,
	"""	Ti, d		,	
	#D5	Optional		Optional unless #D1/#D2/#D3 are not implemented, then mandatory.	t
	Approach alternatives	Non connectable IRD	OK or NOK or N/A	Internet connectable IRD	e OK or NOK or N/A
	#A1	Mandatory to		Mandatory to	
	#A2	implement at least one		implement at least or	ie
	#A3	of the alternatives		of the alternatives	
		#A1, #A2 or #A3.		#A1, #A2, #A3 or	
	#A4	Optional		#A4.	
	#A5	Optional		Optional	
	User can abort User is reminde	op-up message with langua er about upgrade process w I the ongoing upgrade proc postpone available update ed about available update e Fully automatic mode.	vhen appl		OK or NOK
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor, define f	ail reason	in comments	
Comments		be if fault can be fixed with pecific faults and/or other in	h softwar nformatic	e update: YES N)
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 11:7 Common interface plus (CI+) CAM module system software update
Section	NorDig Unified 10.5.5 and Content Security Extensions to the Common Interface. Version 1.4 (CI Plus specifikation)
Requirement	In the case of IRDs with CIP- CAM, the IRD shall also support to update the System Software on the CIP-CAM when such software is broadcast.



	The IRD shall inform the user whether there is an IRD update or CIP-CAM update.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
•	To verify the CI+ CAM module can be updated.
	Equipment:
	Test setup described in 2:11:2 Test equipment summary
	Software to upgrade
	Test procedure:
	1 Setup equipment for broadcast CI+ CAM update
	2 Tune the IRD to the multiplex which is carrying the CI+ CAM update
	3 Verify that CI+ CAM can be updated with CI+ IRD
	Expected result:
	All test results are OK.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\bigcup YES \subsetention NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

2.12 Task 12: Performance

Test Case	Task 12:1 Video performance
Section	NorDig Unified 11.2
Requirement	Measurement results which comply with NorDig Unified requirements.
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify video performance for RGB and PAL output signals. This test is mandatory if the IRD has analog video output. Test Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below: MPEG 2- source Multiplex DVB-S/C/T Modulator Modulator DVB Receiver Video analyzer



	Test signal configuration: A transport stream containing a video signal with a number of Insertion Test Signals (ITS) is used. The signals employed for this test is a TV-line with black luminance, a TV-line containing the CCIR 17 test signal and a TV-line containing (sin x)/x pulses. Another transport stream containing CCIR 331 test signal is used to check chroma/luma intermodulation. LO Phase noise not measured. Test procedure: Measurements of test signal response at RGB and PAL output
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

prDig Unified 11.3 Perify test protocol from manufacturer for compliance with NorDig Unified. The anufacturer shall also guarantee that data are typical for the IRD version in regular le. The measured audio test items shall comply with NorDig Unified requirements (Table .1) IRDs Perify test protocol from manufacturer for compliance with NorDig Unified. The IRD version in regular le. Perify performance of audio output signals by checking test protocol from anufacturer.
erify test protocol from manufacturer for compliance with NorDig Unified. The anufacturer shall also guarantee that data are typical for the IRD version in regular le. The measured audio test items shall comply with NorDig Unified requirements (Table .1) IRDs Trpose of test: Erify performance of audio output signals by checking test protocol from anufacturer.
anufacturer shall also guarantee that data are typical for the IRD version in regular le. ne measured audio test items shall comply with NorDig Unified requirements (Table .1) IRDs Irpose of test: erify performance of audio output signals by checking test protocol from anufacturer.
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arpose of test: erify performance of audio output signals by checking test protocol from anufacturer.
erify performance of audio output signals by checking test protocol from anufacturer.
limited number of measurements to verify basic audio performance. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface. It is t
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	- 40 sec audio burst (L+R), 1.0 kHz, 0.0 dBr, followed by 40 sec silence. - 1 sec audio bursts (R), 15 kHz, + 10.0 dBr. (L): silence.
	Test procedure: Audio signal measurements
	Expected results: Audio performance of the decoded digital audio signal in analog audio output comply with required NorDig Unified performance.
	Note: 0 dBr refers to a level equal to full scale – 12 dB. (Full scale is the level where clipping starts to occur). 0 dBu refers to a voltage equal to 0.7446 V _{rms} .
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Test Case	Task 12:3 Zapping time

Test Case	Task 12:3 Zapping time
Section	NorDig Unified 11.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD's zapping time for the services shall satisfy the requirements given in
	Table 11.2.
	The figures in Table 11.2 shall be met for an input signal which has:
	• video GOP length of around half a second (i.e. 12 frames for interlaced 50Hz video, 24 frames for progressive 50 Hz/fps video).
	• a repetition rate of ECM of 2 per second (for scrambled services)
	• repetition rate of PAT and PMT of 10 times per second and
	• maximum PTS-to-PCR relative delay shall be 700ms.
	The picture on the display during the zapping time shall be either frozen or black and the
	sound shall be muted until the new session has been stabilised.
	Note:
	The figures in the table are valid for two services on one multiplex as well as for two
	multiplexes and for both scrambled and unscrambled (FTA) services.
	The figures in the table are also valid for any service type (i.e. 0x01, 0x16, 0x19, 0x1F,
	0x20) as well as for any video codec (H.262/MPEG-2, H.264/AVC/MPEG-4,
	H.265/HEVC/MPEG-H).
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	an INDS
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
1est procedure	Verify zapping times
	Lapping times
	Test Equipment:
	Test bed with a transport stream with different TV services, scrambled and non
	scrambled
	IRD under test
	Test procedure:





	 A limited number of sample tests a Fill in test results 	re done to che	ck zapping times.
	Expected results: Note: The figures in table shall be met for a GOP length of around half a second (i.e. 12 frames for interlaced 50Hz video, 24 frames for progressive 50 Hz/fps video), a repetition rate of ECM of 2 per second and a repetition rate of PAT and PMT of 10 times per second. The picture on the display during the zapping time shall be either frozen or black and the sound shall be muted until the new session has been stabilised. The figures in the table are valid for any reception conditions.		
	IRD Type	Avei	rage max zapping time
	IRD with embedded CAS	2.5 s	econds
	IRD with CI and using a CAM	3.5 s	econds
Test result(s)	IRD Type	Avei	rage max zapping time/s
	IRD with embedded CAS		TI O
	IRD with CI and using a CAM		
	<u> </u>		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fa		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other in	-	ate: LYESLNO
Date		Sign	



2.13 Task 13: Service Information

2.13.1 General

These test tasks differ from the normal NorDig division of the test tasks. These test tasks are not listed in that order as the requirements appear in NorDig specification. Instead the order of the test tasks are divided in to a order how the different information data shall be able to be retrieved, handled and updated by the NorDig IRD. This division in this context is defined as following:

- → Static PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRDin the channel search or first time initialization.
- → Quasi static PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRD when it is toggled between stand-by mode and active mode or vice versa.
- → Dynamic PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRD whenever a change in the data occurs.

In order to maintain the reference to requirements, in every test task, the requirement from the specification is referenced.

Test Case	Task 13:1 SI: General
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after itreturns to active from stand-by mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that istypically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. The NorDig IRD shall at least start action for any changes in the received "dynamic" PSI and SI data,(PMT, EIT, TDT/TOT, running status and CA mode) within 1 second. (As a guideline for theimplementation, the trigger for changes in received tables can be based on comparing the 'version id' inthe tables).
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	This is general requirement that will be test in following tests.

Test Case	Task 13:2 SI: General – Undefined data structures
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1
Requirement	Descriptors or other data structures that are currently undefined or are unknown to NorDig IRD shall be skipped and shall not cause any harm. This means for example that NorDig IRD shall ignore/skip the complete text string that is using DVB character tables that the IRD does not support.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	Confirm the proper function
	Test procedure:
	It is a general requirement, which is tested, in the following tests.



Test Case	Task 13:3 SI: General – 'Actual' and 'Other' tables
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to process the PSI/SI tables, both for the 'Actual' and for 'Other' transport streams. SI tables for the 'Other' transport streams, SI_{other} , should be seen as informative and shall always be double checked with the corresponding SI tables for the 'Actual' transport stream, SI_{actual} .
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	This is a general requirement, which is tested, in the following tests.

Test Case	Task 13:4 SI: SI data available through an API (HbbTV)
Section	NorDig Unified 15.2
Requirement	The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall support all mandatory features and requirements of HbbTV v2.0.3 as specified in ETSI TS 102 796 v1.6.1 specification or later version, including the most recently published errata from the HbbTV Association.
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD
Test procedure	This means that the NorDig HbbTV IRD shall support all the DVB SI additions as defined in the HbbTV ETSI TS 102 796 specification.
	In case of NorDig Basic IRD without HbbTV: Not tested.
	In case of NorDig HbbTV IRD: This test is part of the HbbTV Test Suite. Not tested here.

Test Case	Task 13:5 SI: Text strings and field size of the SI descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.7
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support the character tables specified in Table 12.4. Respective character table in NorDig transmission is signalled by using bytes in the beginning of text field according to ETSI EN 300 468 Annex A.2 and as reproduced for convenience in Table 12.4.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Check the alphabet tables. Equipment:



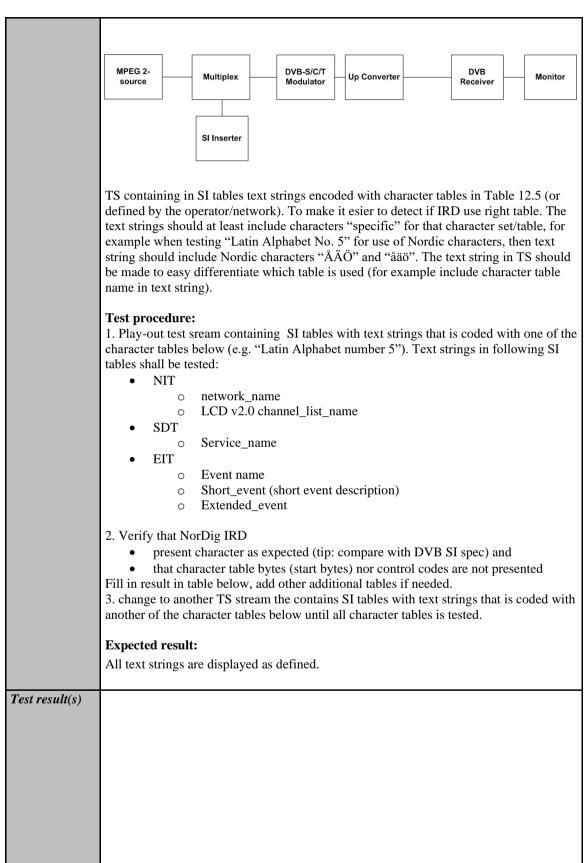




	Table description	Character code table	First byte	Second byte	Third byte	OK/ NOK/ Not tested	
	Latin Alphabet	ISO/IEC 6937+ €	N/A	N/A	N/A	tested	
	Latin Alphabet No. 5	ISO/IEC 8859-9	0x05	N/A	N/A		
	Western Europe	ISO/IEC 8859-1	0x10	0x00	0x01		
	North and North- East European	ISO/IEC 8859-4	0x10	0x00	0x04		
	Latin Alphabet No. 9	ISO/IEC 8859-15	0x10	0x00	0x0F		
	<add tables=""></add>						
	network/CA operato					y the	
Conformity		OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date			Sign				

2.13.2 Static PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 13:6 NIT_actual – frequency_list_descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.7
Requirement	12.2.1 The Network Information Table Descriptors
	NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted for NorDig terrestrial
	IRDs:
	Network_name_descriptor
	Service_list_descriptor
	Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor
	T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor
	Linkage_descriptor
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor
	Frequency_list_descriptor
	Nordig Logic_channel_descriptor version 1
	NorDig Logic_channel_descriptor version 2
	12.2.7 Frequency List Descriptor
	The Frequency List Descriptor lists frequencies where the transport stream occurs, in
	addition to the frequency given by the system delivery descriptor. (e.g. the transport
	stream is broadcast on the frequency given by the system delivery descriptor or
	broadcast on one of the frequencies given by the frequency list descriptor. This feature
	can be used in terrestrial networks where the same transport stream can be received on
	more than one frequency.)



<u> </u>							
IRD variants	Terrestrial IR	D					
and capability							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that when there is not correct center_frequency signalled in terrestrial_system_delivery_desc, but the alternative frequencies are available in Frequency_list_desc.						
		st is only for Terres	trial IRDs.				
	Equipment:						
	TS Source 1	MUX 1	Exciter 1				
		, <u> </u>	- — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	\downarrow			
	TS Source 2	MUX 2	Exciter 2	Combiner DVB			
		J [receiver			
		CI					
		SI manager system	I				
	3.57.77.4	Service1	Service2	NUT 3)			
	MUX1 TS id 1	SID 1100 S_name Test11	SID 1200 S_name Test12	NIT: 3) terrestrial_system_delivery_			
	Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	descriptor centre_frequency			
	ON_id ¹⁾ PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109		PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209	f1 MHz			
		A PID 1108 LCN 1 visible	A PID 1208 LCN 2 visible	frequency_list_descriptor centre_frequency f3 MHz			
	MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200				
	TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22				
	Network_id 2 ON id 1)	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2100	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2200				
	ON_Id /	V PID 2109	V PID 2209				
		A PID 2108 LCN 3 visible	A PID 2208 LCN 4 visible				
	1) ON id (Origi			xfe00 (operational network) and			
		e for both muxes.	be chosen in range 0x0001-0.	xicoo (operational network) and			
	³⁾ Frequencies $f1$, $f2$ and $f3$ shall be different. Test can be made either upon DVB-T or DVB-T2 signals (for DVB-T2 then use instead						
	T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor).						
	Test procedure: 1. Transmit MUX1 at frequency f1 and MUX2 at frequency f2. 2. Perform factory reset and new channel search.						
		•	MUX1 can be received con	rrectly.			
		to a service on MU					
		nge the MUX1 freq fy that the IRD is a	ble to utilize the information	on given in the NIT			
			or and receive the services				
	7. Tran	smit MUX1 at freq	uency f2 and MUX2 at fre				
			nd new channel search.	raceived correctly			
	9. veri	ry mai services on .	MUX1 and MUX2 can be	received confectly.			

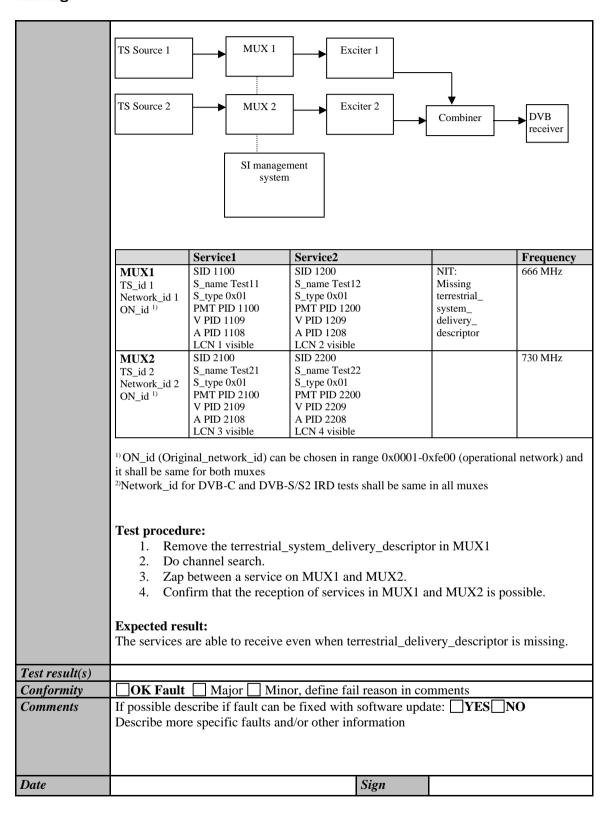




	Expected result: Terrestrial IRD is able to follow the frequency_list_descriptor and tune to the services, if there is an incorrect frequency in the terrestrial_system_delivery_descriptor. Incorrect centre frequency in frequency_list_descriptor does not cause any harm for the reception.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 13:7 NIT_actual – Missing terrestrial_system_delivery_descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.4;
Requirement	12.2.1 The Network Information Table Descriptors NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted for NorDig terrestrial IRDs:
	Network_name_descriptor Service_list_descriptor Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor Linkage_descriptor
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor Frequency_list_descriptor Nordig Logic_channel_descriptor version 1 NorDig Logic_channel_descriptor version 2
	12.2.4 Terrestrial Delivery System Descriptor NorDig IRDs should use the modulation parameters (see below) in the terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor as a recommendation when trying to tune to a multiplex. The NorDig IRD should, however, always be able to detect the modulation from the transmission itself (e.g. assisted by TPS bits). Operators can broadcast the same transport stream in the same network using different modulation parameter settings. This allows for optimization of the network coverage in frequency planning involving SFN and MFN combination networks. The modulation parameters carried in the terrestrial_network_descriptor are recommended to be the one applicable to the majority of receivers in that network.
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the functionality of the NorDig terrestrial IRD when there is no terrestrial_system_delivery_desc signaled for DVB-T signals. Note: This test is only for terrestrial IRDs.
	Equipment:





Test Case	Task 13:8 NIT_actual – Missing T2_delivery_system_descriptor					
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.5					
Requirement	12.2.1 The Network Information Table Descriptors					





NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted for NorDig terrestrial IRDs: Network_name_descriptor Service_list_descriptor Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor T2 Terrestrial delivery system descriptor Linkage_descriptor Private data specifier descriptor Frequency list descriptor Nordig Logic channel descriptor version 1 NorDig Logic channel descriptor version 2 12.2.5 T2 Delivery System Descriptor T2 delivery system descriptor is signaled in the extension descriptor. The NorDig IRD-T2 shall use the system parameters in the T2_delivery_system_descriptor to determine the mapping between original_network_id/network_id/transport_stream_id and T2_system_id/plp_id. The NorDig IRD-T2 should use the other system parameters in the T2_delivery_system_descriptor as a recommendation when trying to tune to a multiplex. The NorDig IRD-T2 should, however, always be able to detect these system parameters from the transmission itself (i.e. assisted by L1 signalling). Operators can broadcast the same transport stream in the same network using different system parameter settings, reflected in a different T2_system_id. This allows for optimization of the network coverage in frequency planning involving SFN and MFN combination networks. IRD variants Terrestrial IRD and capability Test procedure **Purpose of test:** To verify the functionality of the NorDig terrestrial IRD for the missing T2_delivery_system_descriptor signaled for DVB-T2 signals. Note: This test is only for terrestrial NorDig IRDs. **Equipment:** TS Source 1 MUX 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 receiver Combiner SI management system





		Service1	Service2			Frequency
	MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200		NIT:	666 MHz
	TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12		Missing T2_	
	Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01		delivery_	
	ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	1	system_	
	_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209		descriptor	
		A PID 1108	A PID 1208		-	
		LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible			
	MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200			730 MHz
	TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22			
	Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01			
	ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	ı		
		V PID 2109	V PID 2209			
		A PID 2108	A PID 2208			
		LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible			
Tark many like	it shall be same ²⁾ Network_id fo Test procedu 1. Rem 2. Do c 3. Zap 4. Conf Expected res	ove the T2_deliver thannel search. between a service of that the reception	S/S2 IRD tests y_system_deson MUX1 and ion of service.	shall be same scriptor in M 1 MUX2. s in MUX1 a	in all muxes UX1 nd MUX2 is pos	ssible.
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault		or, define fail			
Comments		scribe if fault can b e specific faults and			ite: YES N	О
Date				Sign		

Test Case	Task 13:9 SDT_actual CA_identifier_descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6, 12.3.2 and 12.3.3
Requirement	12.3.3 CA Identifier Descriptor This descriptor may be present in the SDT when at least one service component is scrambled. The CA_system_id is allocated by ETSI and is given by ETSI ETR 162. The descriptor may be used statically (recommended). It will in that case be set according to the services regular/normal scrambling status. Alternatively, it may be used dynamically, in accordance with the current services scrambling status. This static use enables IRDs to "grey mark" services that cannot be descrambled due to lack of the required CA-system for the relevant service(s). It allows the IRD to display services that are only temporary (event based) scrambled.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the CA identifier descriptor (CA system id). Equipment:



	MPEG 2- source	Multiplex -	DVB-S/C/T Modulator	Up Converter	DVB Receiver
		Service1	Service2	Service3	Frequency
	MUX TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	SID 1100 Service type 0x01 S_name Test11 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108 Logical_chan_desc 1	SID 1200 Service type 0x02 S_name Test12 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208 Logical_chan_desc 2	SID 1300 Service type 0x0C S_name Test13 PMT PID 1300 V PID 1309 A PID 1308 Logical_chan_desc 3	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media
		visible Encrypted	visible Clear	visible Clear	
	Test procedure: 1. Verify that CA_identifier_descriptor is signaled in SDT_actual for another CA_system_id than supported by the NorDig IRD (IRD embedded CAS or IRD with CI and a CAM). If the NorDig IRD doesn't support any CA system, the used CA system in EIT_actual p/f can have any valid CA_system_id. 2. Do the first time initialization or a channel search 3. Verify that the service1 is displayed as non-available, e.g. "grey marked".				
	Expected resort The service 1 is	ult: is displayed as non-	available by the rec	eiver.	
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault		r, define fail reason		7
Comments		scribe if fault can be e specific faults and			NO
Date			Sign		

2.13.3 Quasi static PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 13:10 Quasi static update of SDT_actual
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



	To verify the quasi-static use of the SDT_actual information.	
	Equipment:	
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor	
	Test procedure:	
	 Start with a TS containing at least 4 TV services, in the NorDig IRD perform a service installation, verify all services available in service list. Change the information in SDT; service_name (e.g. for service 1 on logical channel number 1) service_ID (e.g. for service 2 on logical channel number 2) remove one original services (e.g. service 3 on logical channel number 3) add one new service (e.g. service 4 on logical channel number 4) Check that the changes are triggered by toggling the NorDig IRD from active mode to stand-by mode and vice versa (IRD may also update during normal TV mode, for example updated to viewer when changing selected service). Additionally changed tables / descriptors write down in comments which information is changed. Expected result: Changes are triggered and made. 	
Test result(s)	Update is made:	
	From active mode to stand-by mode From stand-by mode to active mode In stand-by mode	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 13:11 Quasi-static update of SDT_actual – linkage to NorDig simulcast replacement service
Section	NorDig Unified 12.3.4
Requirement	12.1.1 The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasistatic" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio). 12.3.4



The following linkage_type value shall be interpreted by a NorDig IRD when used inside the SDT:

0x82, NorDig Simulcast replacement service, linkage from one TV based service to another TV replacement service with the same content, typical usage it to hide/not include the "old" version of the service and only list the "new" version in the IRD's service list. For example, it may be used during simulcasting of a service in both an (MPEG2/H.262) SDTV and an (AVC/H.264) HDTV version on separate service ids with same content within the same original network id, or during simulcasting an (AVC/H.264) HDTV and an (HEVC/H.265) UHDTV version with the same content. The linkage will be included in the SDT for the "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced (hidden) and pointing to the "new" replacement service. Whenever it is used, it will be used quasi-static.

For NorDig IRDs that are able to receive both the "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced (hidden) and the "new" replacement service, they shall only include the "new" replacement TV version/(service) of the two services within its TV service list. The "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced (hidden) may be omitted or hidden at the end of the list, dependant of IRD implementation. The method shall be service type independent (1).

Clarification: If no 'NorDig Simulcast replacement service' linkage is included, both services shall be included. If only the "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced (hidden) is possible to receive and decode and not the new replacing service (due to e.g. reception problems or codec/service type limitations), then then NorDig IRD shall include and display the "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced in the service list even if it carries this linkage 'NorDig simulcast replacement service'.

Note1: NorDig IRDs that are launced before 1 July 2020, are allowed to support this only for MPEG2/H.262 SDTV services that are pointing to AVC/H.264 HDTV or HEVC/H.265 replacement services.

Note: Broadcaster should not use this replacement from a higher service_type value (e.g. AVC/H.264) point to replacement service with a lower service_type value (e.g. MPEG2/H.262).

IRD variants and capability

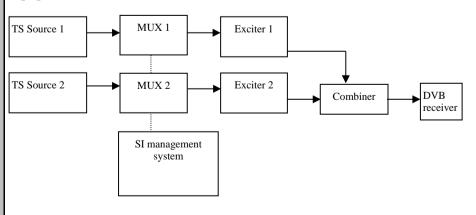
all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the support for the linkage to simulcast replacement service in SDT_actual.

Equipment:







	Service1	Service2	Service3	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	Can be chosen
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	depending of
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x19	S_type 0x1F	the distribution
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	media
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	
	LCN Ver.1: 1 visible	LCN Ver.1: 2 visible	LCN Ver.1: 3 visible	
	LCN Ver.2: 1 visible	LCN Ver.2: 2 visible	LCN Ver.2: 3 visible	
	Service4	Service5	Service6	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	Can be chosen
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	depending of
Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x19	the distribution
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	media, but
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	V PID 2309	cannot be same
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	as in MUX1
	LCN Ver.1: 4 visible	LCN Ver.1: 5 visible	LCN Ver.1: 6 visible	
	LCN Ver.2: 4 visible	LCN Ver.2: 5 visible	LCN Ver.2: 6 visible	
	CDT catuallinkage d	CDT actuallinizace d		
	SDT_actuallinkage_d	SDT_actuallinkage_d		
	esc:	esc:		
	NorDig Simulcast	NorDig Simulcast		
	replacement service	replacement service		
	pointing to service2	pointing to service3		
	on MUX1	on MUX1		

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

Note 1: NorDig Simulcast replacement service has value 0x82 in linkage descriptor.

Note 2: Service 6 in MUX2 is only for convenience that the HDTV receiver stores service 6 MUX2 in the service list.

Test procedure:

- 1. Verify that the SDT_actuallinkage_descriptor to a simulcast replacement service1 in MUX2 points to service2 in MUX1.
- 2. Verify following services are able to be received and decoded:
 - Test11, Test12 and Test22
- 3. Remove SDT_actual linkage_descriptor 0x82 from SDT_actual in MUX2
- 4. Toggle receiver to standby and power on it
- 5. Verify following services are able to be received and decoded:
 - Test11, Test12, Test21 and Test22
- 6. Add SDT_actual linkage_descriptor 0x82 to SDT_actual in MUX2
- 7. Toggle receiver to standby and power on it
- 8. Verify following services are able to be received and decoded:
 - Test11, Test12 and Test22

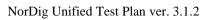
Expected result:

Verify that receiver stores only HDTV service (service2 in MUX1) instead of simulcast SDTV service (service1 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is signaled.

Verify that receiver stores only UHDTV service (service3 in MUX1) instead of simulcast HDTV service (service2 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is signaled.

Verify that receiver is able to receive and decode both HDTV service (service2 in MUX1) and simulcast SDTV service (service1 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is not signaled after updating service information quasi-statically.

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes





	Verify that receiver stores only HDTV service (service2 in MUX1) instead of simulcast SDTV service (service1 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is signaled after updating service information quasi-statically. Verify that receiver stores only UHDTV service (service3 in MUX1) instead of simulcast HDTV service (service2 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is signaled after updating service information quasi-statically.
Test result(s)	Update is made: From active mode to stand-by mode From stand-by mode to active mode In stand-by mode
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 13:12 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual – Linkage to an information service about the network
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6
Requirement	12.1.1 The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio). 12.2.6 NIT Linkage descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:
	0x01 Linkage to an information service about the network 0x02 Linkage to EPG service 0x04 Linkage to transport stream that carries EIT Schedule information for all services 0x09 Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service Linkage_type 0x01 ("Linkage to an information service about the network") is used for this purpose.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the Linkage to an information service about the network descriptor. Test procedure:
	From the receiver point of view the linkage to an information service about the network, is practically read dynamically when the user request that information. However, the information of the the linkage to an information service about the network content can

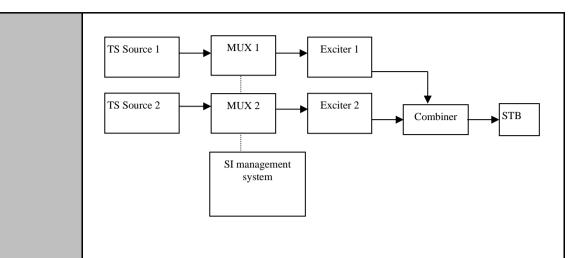




	be updated when toggling between active mode and standby mode for faster access. The NorDig specification defines the NIT_actual as quasi-static data and therefore this test is classified as quasi-static. This requirement is tested only with API.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 13:13 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual – Linkage to EPG service
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasistatic" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).
	12.2.6 NIT Linkage descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted: 0x01 Linkage to an information service about the network 0x02 Linkage to EPG service 0x04 Linkage to transport stream that carries EIT Schedule information for all services 0x09 Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service Linkage type 0x02 ("Linkage to EPG service") is used for this purpose.
	Elikage_type 0x02 (Elikage to El G service) is used for this purpose.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the Linkage to EPG service descriptor. To test the use of the linkage_descriptor 0x02 founded in NIT. Equipment:





	Service1	Service2		Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	NIT: Linkage to	Can be
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	EPG service at	chosen
Network id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	SID 2200	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	in Mux2	the
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 1	Logical_chan_desc 2		media.
	visible	visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	NIT: Linkage to	Can be
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	EPG service at	chosen
Network id 2	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	SID 2200	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	in Mux2	the
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 3	Logical_chan_desc 0		media. Not
	visible	not visible		same as for
				Exciter 1

¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

Test procedure:

From the receiver point of view, the linkage to EPG service, is practically read dynamically when the user request the EPG. However, the information of the linkage to EPG content can be updated when toggling between active mode and standby mode for faster access. The NorDig specification defines the NIT_actual as quasi-static data and therefore this test is classified as quasi-static.

- 1. Check that there is an EPG service available in the stream at SID 2200.
- 2. Press the guide button and check that EPG is started.
- 3. Change a parameter in the linkage to EPG content
- 4. Toggle between active mode and standby mode.
- 5. If it is relevant, note if the data content in the linkage is updated.

Expected result:

The EPG is started. (Not relevant for NorDig Basic)

Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyre{\textsty}

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes

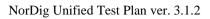




Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 13:14 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual – Linkage to TS that carriers EIT sch information for all services
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6
Requirement	12.1.1 The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasistatic" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).
	NIT Linkage descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted: 0x01 Linkage to an information service about the network 0x02 Linkage to EPG service
	0x04 Linkage to transport stream that carries EIT Schedule information for all services in the network (i.e. "barker channel" service). 0x09 Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service Linkage type 0x04 ("Transport stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") is
	used for this purpose.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	From the receiver point of view, the linkage to TS that carriers EIT sch information for all services, is practically read dynamically when the user request that information. However, the information of the the linkage to TS that carriers EIT sch information for all services content can be updated when toggling between active mode and standby mode for faster access. The NorDig specification defines the NIT_actual as quasi-static data and therefore this test is classified as quasi-static.
	This requirement is tested in Task 8:44.

Test Case	Task 13:15 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual – Linkage to System Software Download service
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasistatic" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).



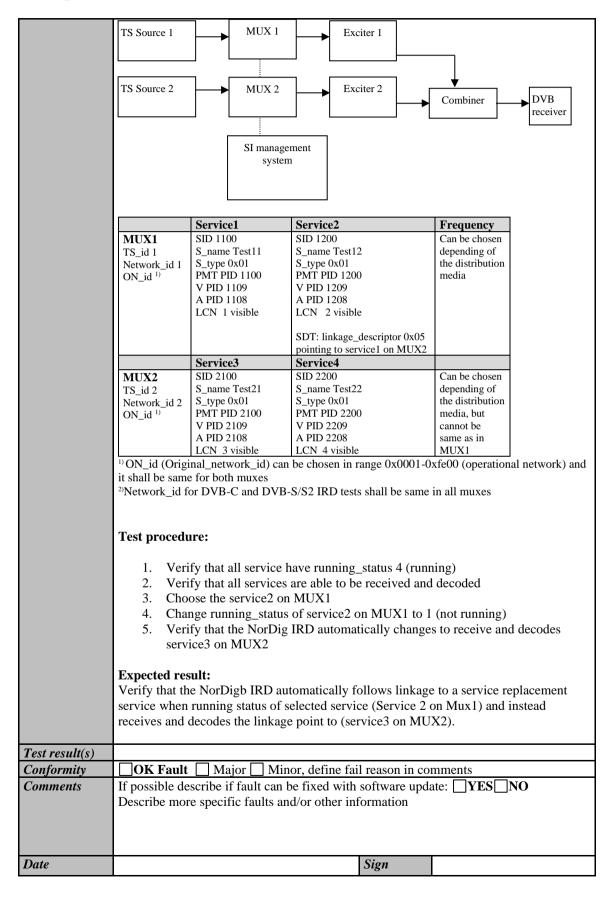


	12.2.6 NIT Linkage descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted: 0x01 Linkage to an information service about the network 0x02 Linkage to EPG service 0x04 Linkage to transport stream that carries EIT Schedule information for all services in the network (i.e. "barker channel" service). 0x09 Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service Linkage_type 0x09 ("Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service") is used for this purpose.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service Test procedure: This requirement is tested in Test Task 11.

2.13.4 Dynamic PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 13:16 Dynamic update of SDT_actual running status and linkage to a service replacement service
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 12.3.4
Requirement	SDT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:
	Linkage_descriptor
	0x05, linkage to a service replacement service. When present, the receiver shall automatically switch to the replacement service if the 'running_status' is set to "1" (not running) and if the receiver are able to receive the SDT containing the original service during the replacement, also switch back when 'running_status" is set to "4" (running).
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To check the support for the Linkage to service replacement service in SDT.
	Equipment:







Test Case		Task 13:17 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f for short_event_descriptor and extended_event_descriptor							
Section	NorE	NorDig Unified 13.3.2							
Requirement	12.4. The I table: 13.3The I withi which The I The I	12.4.1 EIT General The NorDig IRD shall support EIT present/following (p/f) for both actual and other tables (1). 13.3.1.2 Proper handling of EIT dataThe NorDig IRD shall be able to handle situations when the EIT is not present. 13.3.1.3 ESG performance The NorDig IRD shall maintain the full ESG up to date and be able to display the ESG within 10 seconds after selection, even if not all EIT sections have been received (in which case gaps may occur in timeline for some services). The ESG shall be non-discriminatory and display all services on an equal basis. The ESG shall process and display the relevant content of the following tables (including start-time, end-time/duration and content of all descriptors specified below incl 13.3.2							
	and 1 13.3. NorE	3.3.3). 2 Event Information Table (EIT) Dig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f and other tables.	•	•					
		Event descriptors	EIT p/f	This test	EIT sch	This test			
		Short_event_descriptor	M	X	M (1)				
		Extended_event_descriptor	M	X	M (1)				
		Component_descriptor	M		0				
		Content_descriptor	M		M (1)				
		Parental_rating_descriptor	M		M (1)				
		CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)	0		0				
		Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)		M (2)				
	Note Note 13.3. The I often	 Table 2.21 EIT p/f descriptors Note 1:EIT schedule is optional for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end. Note 2: NorDig PVR only. 13.3.2.1 Dynamic update of EIT data The EIT data shall be treated as dynamic information which means that the EIT data is often updated by the broadcaster several times during a day, for example The description of events may be changed/updated from when the event was first "published"/broadcasted, Some events may be re-scheduled, Past events from current day may be removed from broadcast etc. 							
	without Infor	As factory default, the NorDig IRD shall continuously monitor and update the ESG without user request to update (for example by monitoring the tables' version ids). Information in the ESG shall be updated within 10 second after reception of the update tables.							
	tables. 13.3.2.3 Time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data If services have gaps in the EIT data or if services have no or missing EIT data the ES shall not display an error message (i.e. it shall not give the impression for the user that IRD or the EIT data is faulty), instead the text information field should stay empty or display informative text (like "No event information"), see recommendation of								



informative text in Annex F. A gap in the EIT data refers here to a gap in time between one event ends (start_time + duration) to the next event starts (start_time) for a service. An example could be that when the IRD is still caching the EIT data (e.g. after startup) do not display any text information for events and services that are missing EIT data (typically due to that the IRD has yet not received that EIT data) and after a reasonable long time of caching (for example after analysing last_section_number etc) for missing EIT data then display informative text.

IRD variants and capability

all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

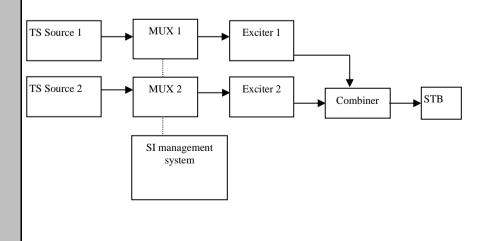
For the case with EIT present/following (p/f) in all TSs and all EIT containing cross carried EIT data (actual/other, a/o) for all services in network, verify that the NorDig IRD can:

- 1. Handle (decode and display) EIT actual p/f information (e.g. from Mux1, display info about Mux1 services)
- 2. Handle (decode and display) EIT other p/f information (e.g. from Mux1, display info about Mux2 services)
- 3. Handle dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f information in info banner/ESG.
- 4. Following EIT descriptors to be tested:
 - Short_event_descriptor
 - Extended_event_descriptor
- 5. Handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data.

NorDig IRD's **Info banner** refer to display via a Graphical User Interface (as defined by the IRD manufacturer) more basic information of the selected service, for example when user press info function/key on remote control or for a shorter time period when changing/zapping service. The info banner can typically display event name of present event or present and following event for the selected service, start time, end time, present time, relevant part of content and component information (and may also incl information relevant to viewer from PMT) etc.

NorDig IRD's **ESG/Guide** ("EPG") refers to display via a Graphical User Interface (as defined by the IRD manufacturer) program event information of ALL the services in the IRD's service list, for example when user press ESG/(EPG)/navigator function/key on remote control. The ESG typically display 8-day schedule information for the services, for example in a grid view or similar.

Equipment:







	Service1	Service2	SI	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	EIT (PID 18)	Can be
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	- present /following	chosen
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	a/o	depending of
ON id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	- (optional	the
-	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	schedule*)	distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	Logical_chan_desc 2		media.
		visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	EIT (PID 18)	Can be
TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	 present/following 	chosen
Network_id 2	PMT PID 2100	S_type 0x01	a/o	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 2109	PMT PID 2200	- (optional	the
	A PID 2108	V PID 2209	schedule*)	distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 3 visible	A PID 2208		media. Not
[]		Logical_chan_desc 4		same as for
11		visible		Exciter 1

¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

EIT abbreviations; p/f: present and following sections, a/o: actual and other sections, sch: scheduled sections.

- 1. The test setup Network shall at least consist of two or more MUXes/TSs and shall at least consist of two services per MUX.
- 2. MUX1 services' event information (EIT actual p/f) is cross-distributed to MUX2 as event information (EIT other p/f).
- 3. MUX2 services' event information (EIT actual p/f) is cross-distributed to MUX1 as event information (EIT other p/f and schedule).
- 4. (at least) One of the visible services in MUX1 shall have no EIT information and the other services (in MUX1, MUX2...) shall have EIT information.
- 5. For one of the visible services in MUX2 shall for some time periods in EIT stream be "empty" without short or extended event descriptor (ie gaps in schedule).
- 6. The EIT shall at least contain one language (may contain several languages) and at least the language that is intended to test for.
- 7. *) If EIT carries both EIT p/f and schedule then the EIT p/f text strings should differ some compared to same events in EIT schedule, to make it possible to indentify if IRD uses data from EIT p/f or EIT sch sections.

Test procedure:

- 1. Turn on NorDig IRD.
- 2. Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG. Set IRD's language to one of the languages in the EIT.
- 3. Do channel search and verify that IRD has installed in channel list all (four) services.
- 4. Choose a service in MUX1 which EIT data and access the info banner.
- 5. Check that the information on info banner is correct (EIT actual p/f).
- 6. Keep the same service, but zap using the info banner to an other services.
- 7. Check that the information on info banner is correct (EIT other p/f), service(s) without EIT data or gap between program events shall be presented without an error message.
- 8. Verify that the IRD can via info banner (or via ESG/Guide) for selected service and then for an other service display; start time, end time/duration, from short descriptor [event name, (initial) event description], from extended event descriptor [extended event description],. The the event text description from extended event description shall be displayed as a continuation from the event description from the short event descriptor.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes





	9. Change the information for a program event of a service: change start time,							
	duration.							
	10. Check that the changes are updated in info banner.							
	11. Change the information for a program event of a service: change event name,							
	and event description.							
	12. Check that the changes are updated in info banner.							
	Expected result:							
	The IRD shall display the information signalled in EIT from MUX1 and MUX2 correctly in info banner/ESG inclusive all the descriptor defined above.							
	The IRD shall not display error message for the service, which don't have EIT signaled or gap between two events, on MUX1.							
	The ESG has equal layout for all services in one service type.							
Test result(s)								
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments							
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)							
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Date	Sign							

Test Case	Tasi	Task 13:18 Dynamic update of EITdata CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)							
Section	NorI	NorDig Unified 12.4.3							
Requirement	table 13.3. NorI	NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables according to NorDig IRD specification Table 13.3 EIT descriptors. 13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT) NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f and schedule tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables.							
		Event descriptors	EIT p/f	This test	EIT sch	This test			
		Short_event_descriptor	M	test	M (1)	COST			
		Extended_event_descriptor	M		M (1)				
		Component_descriptor	M		0				
		Content_descriptor	M		M (1)				
		Parental_rating_descriptor	M		M (1)				
		CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)	0	X	0	О			
		Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)		M (2)				
IRD variants	servi ETR scrar	This descriptor is optional, however, it may be present in the EIT whenever at least one service component is scrambled. The CA_system_id is allocated by ETSI and is given by ETR 162 [16]. When used, it will be used dynamically, i.e. following the services scrambling status, mainly targeting the ESG/EPG applications. This test is optional for NorDig IRDs							
and capability	11118	ust is optional for Nordig IKDs							
Test procedure	Purr	oose of test:							



	To verify the support for the dynamic interpretation of the CA_identifier_descriptor in							
		Service1	Service2	SI	Frequency			
	MUX1 TS id 1	SID 1100 S_name Test11	SID 1200 S_name Test12	EIT (PID 18)	Can be chosen depending of			
	Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108	PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208	present/followin g a/o - schedule a/o	the distribution media			
		Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	Logical_chan_desc 2 visible	(optional)				
	EVE 4 1		EIT: CA_identifier_descriptor signaled for a CA_system_id					
	EIT_actual p/f.							
	1	This test is optional for NorDig IRDs.						
	Equipment:							
	MPEG 2- source	Multiplex	DVB-S/C/T Up Converter	DVB Receiver	Monitor			
		PC Sigen						
	it shall be same	e for both muxes	h be chosen in range 0x0001-0 -S/S2 IRD tests shall be same	-	ai network) and			
	Test procedu	ıre:						
	 Verify that CA_identifier_descriptor is signaled for a service2 next event_id in EIT_actual p/f for a CA_system_id supported by the NorDig IRD. If the NorDig IRD doesn't support any CA system, the used CA system in EIT_actual p/f can have any valid CA_system_id. Verify by accessing the ESG or EPG that the event is marked as scrambled. 							
	Expected res		ed in the ESG or EPG.					
Test result(s)								
Conformity Comments		scribe if fault can b	or, define fail reason in cor be fixed with software updated/or other information		10			
Date			Sign					
Test Case	Task 13:19 data	Dynamic update	e of EIT actual/ other of	f Multiple lang	guages in Ell			

NorDig Unified 13.3.2 and 13.3.2.2

Section



Requirement

13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT)

NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f and schedule tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables.

Event descriptors	EIT p/f	This test	EIT sch	This test
Short_event_descriptor	M	X	M (1)	О
Extended_event_descriptor	M	X	M (1)	О
Component_descriptor	M	О	О	О
Content_descriptor	M		M (1)	
Parental_rating_descriptor	M		M (1)	
CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)	О		О	
Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)		M (2)	

13.3.2.2 Multiple languages in EIT data

Some NorDig networks transmit EIT data in multiple languages; the NorDig IRD **shall** be able to display the EIT data from chosen language (according to user preferences).

IRD variants and capability

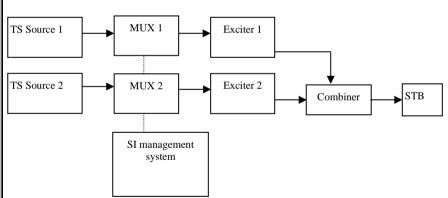
all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To check the support for handle and filter out preferred language when EIT stream contain multiple languages

Equipment:



	Service1	Service2	SI	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200		Can be
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	EIT (PID 18)	chosen
Network id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	- present/following a/o	depending of
ON id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	- schedule a/o (optional)	the
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		distribution
	Logical_chan_desc	Logical_chan_desc 2		media.
	1 visible	visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200		Can be
TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	EIT (PID 18)	chosen
Network id 2	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	- present/following a/o	depending of
ON id 1)	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	- schedule a/o (optional)	the
_	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	_	distribution
	Logical_chan_desc	Logical_chan_desc 4		media. Not
	3 visible	visible		same as for
				Exciter 1





¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

²⁾ Network id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes.

- 1. The test setup Network shall at least consist of two or more MUXes/TSs and shall at least consist of two services per MUX. MUXes/TSs shall have cross-distributed EIT.
- 2. The EIT stream test setup shall contain:
 - two or more languages for a service were at least one language match IRD selected language in user preferences for each language tests.(Should test both for 'actual' services from present TS/MUX1 and for 'other' services from other TS/MUX2)
 - one or more languages for a service were none of languages match IRD selected language in user preferences. (Here the IRD shall present event text strings from EIT data for one language even if no match, if several none-matching to select among then it is up to IRD manufacture which is chosen).

This could for example be via different services contain cases above or different EIT test streams for each case

Test procedure:

- 1. Ensure that the NorDig IRD has installed services in from all test Muxes.
- 2. Set IRD's language in user preferences to the first language to be tested.
- 3. Select one service from Mux1 that contain multiple languages in EIT, one matching IRD language setting, open info banner.
- 4. Check that the language in text strings in info banner from the EIT data matches the selected language setting of the IRD, (if supported by IRD check both event name, event description from both short and extended descriptor), note result in test result.
- 5. If IRD in info banner can present event info of services from 'other' services in other TS, "zap" inside info banner to service in 'other' TS/Mux2 (while still decoding service from Mux1).
- 6. Check that the language in text strings in info banner from the EIT data matches the selected language setting of the IRD, (if supported by IRD check both event name, event description from both short and extended descriptor), note result in test result.
- 7. Open up the ESG
- 8. Check that the language in text strings in ESG from the EIT data matches the selected language setting of the IRD for both 'actual' service (Mux1) and for 'other' service (Mux2), (check both event name, event description from both short and extended descriptor), note result in test result, note result in test result.
- 9. Continue the test to set IRD's language in user preferences to the next language to be tested, perform step 3-8 until all languages that is intended to be tested is tested.
- 10. Select one service from Muxes (or a EIT test stream) that do NOT contain sny matching languages in EIT compared to the IRD language settling, open ESG.
- 11. Check that IRD present text strings in ESG from one of the available language(s) for the service EIT data.

Expected result:

The info banner shows the information signalled in descriptors above and it is changed the information is updated.

Test result(s)			





	steps	IRD language settings	Test resu	Test result (OK/NOK/not tested)			
			Info b	anner	ES	SG	
			'actual'	'other'	'actual'	'other'	
	3-8	<language 1=""></language>					
	3-8	<language 2=""></language>					
	3-8	<language 3=""></language>					
	3-8	<language 4=""></language>					
	3-8	<language 5=""></language>					
	10-11	No matching language					
Conformity	OK Fa	ult Major Minor, define fail 1	eason in co	omments			
Comments	If possible	e describe if fault can be fixed with so	oftware upd	late: YE	ES NO		
	Describe	more specific faults and/or other infor	rmation				
Date		S	Sign				

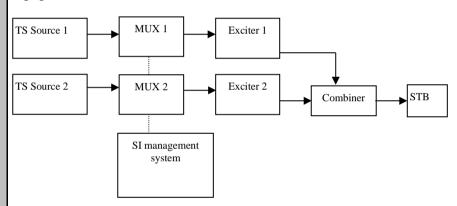
Test Case	Task 13:20 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f content descriptor and component_descriptor						nd
Test cuse							,,,
Section	NorDig Unified 12.4						
Requirement	13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT) NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f and schedule tables from both EIT_actual a EIT_other tables.					l and	
	Event d	lescriptors	EIT p/f	This test	EIT sch	This test	
	Short_event_desc	riptor	M		M (1)		
	Extended_event_	descriptor	M		M (1)		
	Component_descri	riptor	M	X	О	О	
	Content_descripto		M	X	M (1)		
	Parental_rating_d	M		M (1)			
		scriptor (optional)	0		О		
	Content_identifie	M (2)		M (2)			
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
	To check the support for the following descriptors in EIT p/f:						
	Content_descriptor						
	Component_descriptor						
	This test is a subset of the all combinations of values defined for content_descriptor / component_descriptor. The following combinations are tested:						/
	Stream_content and				Language		
	_	•					
	stream_content_ext 0x1	0x03 (MPEG2) SD video vectors	16:9, 25Hz wit	thout pan	swe/fin/nor/	/dan/ice/sami	i
	stream_content_ext			thout pan		/dan/ice/sami	



0x5	0x03 (MPEG4 AVC) SD video, 16:9, 25Hz	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x5	0x0B (MPEG4 AVC) HD video, 16:9, 25Hz	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x6	0x03 (HE-AAC) strereo normal	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x6	0x05 (HE-AAC) multichannel normal	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x6	0x44 (HE-AAC) audio description	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x9 0x0	0x04 (HEVC) UHD SDR	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x9 0x0	0x05 (HEVC UHD HDR (PQ)	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x9 0x1	0x04 (AC4) multichannel normal (HEVC IRDs)	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x9 0x1	0x08 (AC4) audio description	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami

This test is a subset of the all of values defined for content_descriptor, the test should be for all content_nibble_level_1 categories (0x0, 0x1, 0x2...0xB).

Equipment:



	Service1	Service2	SI	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200		Can be
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	EIT (PID 18)	chosen
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	- present/following a/o	depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	- schedule a/o (optional)	the
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	_	distribution
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		media.
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200		Can be
TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	EIT (PID 18)	chosen
Network id 2	S_type 0x19	S_type 0x16	- present/following a/o	depending of
ON id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	- schedule a/o (optional)	the
_	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	_	distribution
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		media. Not
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible		same as for
				Exciter 1

 $^{^{1)}}$ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

Test procedure:

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



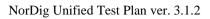


Check that these descriptors doesn't cause any harm for the receiver at content of the component descriptor is displayed correctly.						
content of the component descriptor is displayed correctly.	content of the component descriptor is displayed correctly.					
2. Change the information in content_descriptor to Movie/Drama, News/	Current					
affairs, Show/Game show, Sports, Children's/Youth programmes,	_ 1					
Music/Ballet/Dance, Arts/Culture (without music), Social/Political						
issues/Economics, Education/ Science/Factual topics and Leisure hobb	issues/Economics, Education/ Science/Factual topics and Leisure hobbies, in					
hexadecimal values $0x1 - 0xB$ respectively.						
3. Check that the changes are updated in info banner.						
Expected result:						
Content descriptor and component descriptor don't cause any harm if they are	not					
visible.						
Content_descriptor and component_descriptor are decoded correctly if they are	Content_descriptor and component_descriptor are decoded correctly if they are visible in					
info banner or/and ESG.	info banner or/and ESG.					
Test result(s)						
Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date Sign	·					

Test Case	Task 13:21 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f parental_rating_descriptor			
Section	NorDig Unified 13.3.2.4			
Requirement	13.3.2.4 Parental Control from EIT data The parental rating descriptor is used to give a rating of programme quents based on account.			
	The parental rating descriptor is used to give a rating of programme events based on age or other criteria and is used to prevent children from viewing unsuitable programme events. Parental rating may differ from one country to another, according with DVB SI Guidelines (ETSI TS 101 211). The typically case is that parental rating is dynamic and varies from one program event to another for one service.			
	The NorDig IRD shall provide a parental rating functionality that, when enabled, blanks video and mutes sound out of the IRD whenever the incoming rating value in the parental rating descriptor of the EIT data of current viewed programme event (present event) is higher than IRD's user setting. The user shall be able to enable and disable the parental functionality and when enabled to configure a minimum age/level (in years). It should make use of 4 digits pin code or similar to access and change settings (a technique that prevent easy access for a child). See section 16 for factory default user preference settings.			
	The IRD may/should in addition offer the viewer a fast way of temporary disable blanking and muting of a service with higher rating than settings via user entering pin code or similar. This temporary disable of parental rating should continue as long as IRD stays on selected service and go back to user preference settings after change of service or re-start of IRD.			
	The IRD should start/(stop) its blanking video and muting audio within 1 second after reception of selected service's present event information containing parental rating higher/(lower) than its user settings but shall at least within 10 seconds react after reception of parental rating information in the EIT data.			



	For NorDig PVR see also section 14.3.9 Full Service Recording and section 14.4.5 Full service playback.				
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that muting of audio and blanking of video works based upon value in EIT present section parental rating descriptor for selected service. Equipment: TS Source 1 MUX 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 Combiner STB				
		Commissi	Somias?		Enggyoney
	MUX1 TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	Service1 SID 1100 S_name Test11 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108 LCN 1 visible EIT for service, - initial/first (present) program event, parental rating: low (e.g. 3years), - next second event, parental rating: high (e.g. 15 years), - third program event parental rating: low (e.g. 5years)	Service2 SID 1200 S_name Test12 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208 LCN 2 visible EIT for service, present program event, parental rating: high (e.g. 15years)		Can be chosen depending of the distribution media.
		Service3	Service4		
	MUX2 TS_id 2 Network_id 2 ON_id 1)	SID 2100 S_name Test21 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2100 V PID 2109 A PID 2108 LCN 3 visible	SID 2200 S_name Test22 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2200 V PID 2209 A PID 2208 LCN 4 visible	Bouquet SI All information in EIT.	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media. Not same as for Exciter 1
	¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes ²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes				
	Test procedu		dia analah dia di N. W.		
	1. Make sure that parental control is enabled in the NorDig IRD settings and that age level/setting is set to a value in the middle of the range, in order to test				





	events with lower and higher parental rating value (e.g. 12 years). The EIT data						
	at the start of the test shall for Service1's present event (first event) have a low						
	parental rating value (lower than IRD's initial parental control setting) and next						
	program event for Service1 high parental value (higher than IRD's initial						
	parental control setting).						
	2. Verify that first present program event in EIT for Service 1 on MUX 1 has lower						
	parental_rating in EIT data than the parental_rating settings allowed in the preferences of the NorDig IRD.						
	3. Zap to Service 1 on MUX 1 and verify that video is visible and audio is audible.						
	4. Verify that next program event ("second event") for Service 1 on MUX 1 in the						
	EIT information is signalled for higher parental_rating as allowed in preferences						
	of the NorDig IRD on MUX1						
	5. Let the NorDig IRD continue decoding service1 until the EIT event information						
	is changed to next program event (ie the second program event becomes present)						
	and verify that EIT present information is updated to the next program event (i.e.						
	to a program event which has higher parental rating than IRD's parental control						
	setting).						
	6. Verify that the video is blanked and the audio is muted (the IRD may display						
	information message OSD to viewer of reason for blanking and muting).						
	7. Let the NorDig IRD continue decoding the Service1 until the EIT event						
	information is changed to next program (ie the third program event becomes						
	present), and verify that EIT present information is updated to the next program						
	event (i.e. to a program event which has the lower parental_rating as allowed in						
	the IRD's preferences).						
	8. Verify that the video is visible and audio is audible after EIT_present update.						
	9. Verify that the EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information).						
	10. Zap to Service 2 on MUX 1 (which shall have higher parental rating than IRD's initial parental control setting) and verify that the video is blanked and the audio						
	is muted. Zap back to Service 1 on MUX 1 and verify that video is visible and						
	audio is audible (which shall have lower parental rating than IRD's initial						
	parental control setting).						
	Expected result:						
	The IRD shall blank the video and mute the audio for ages that are not allowed to decode.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Data	C:						
Date	Sign						

Test Case	Task 13:22 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule in ESG using linkage 0x04 to EIT schedule (EIT in barker channel)				
Section	NorDig Unified 12.4.7, 12.2.6, 13.3.1 and 13.3.2				
Requirement	12.2.6 NIT Linkage Descriptor				
	The following linkage_type values shall be interpreted by a NorDig IRD, when used				
	inside the NIT:				
	0x01, linkage to a service that contain information about the network				
	0x02, linkage to an EPG service (Test Plan, in NorDig this refer to an API				
	based application (e.g. HbbTV) for the EPG service).				





0x04, linkage to transport stream which carries EIT schedule information for all of the services in the network (i.e. "barker channel" service). (Test Plan, this refer to when a DVB network only carries EIT pf in all MPEG TS while the EIT schedule is only carried on one of the networks MPEG TSs and the other TSs points to this TS with this linkage).

0x09, linkage to DVB System Software Update service (bootloader), see section 10.

12.4.7 Event Information Table Schedule

Upon user request for EIT schedule information, the IRD shall look for the reference using linkage descriptor mechanism in the NIT and perform a frequency re-tuning if necessary. Linkage_type 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") shall be used to refer to EIT schedule information.

13.3 Event Schedule Guide (ESG)

The Event Schedule Guide (ESG) is part of the Navigator in the IRD and presents program event information for the user about its installed services via a Graphical User Interface (GUI) as defined by the IRD manufacturer.

13.3.1 ESG Requirements

13.3.1.1 ESG and length

The NorDig IRD shall be able to display an ESG for the user with a minimum of eight days (1) of schedule data, defined as whole days from present day and ahead according to ETSI EN 300 468. The ESG shall be based on the information from the EIT tables, see section 12.4 and ETSI EN 300 468.

Comment: Eight days of schedule data for the services within one NorDig network (original network) consists of typically of up to 2-4 MB of data per language. Note 1:Support for EIT schedule is recommended (optional) for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end

13.3.1.2 Proper handling of EIT data

The NorDig IRD shall maintain proper behaviour in case of the incoming event information data for the services exceeds the available free memory for the ESG and not affect the IRD's basic service decoding and navigation.

If the NorDig IRD's memory for the ESG is exceeded, then the NorDig IRD shall prioritize the event information nearest in time and first reduce the data most far ahead in time for all service, for example via using EIT table filtering (instead of reducing service by service). (If the user has made personalized favourite service list consisting of a subset of available services, then the NorDig IRD should first priorities favourite services and then events most nearest in time).

The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle situations when the EIT is not present.

13.3.1.3 ESG performance

The NorDig IRD shall maintain the full ESG up to date and be able to display the ESG within 10 seconds after selection, even if not all EIT sections have been received (in which case gaps may occur in timeline for some services). The NorDig PVR shall be able to present the ESG regardless of recording status (i.e. while recording or timeshifting an event, it shall be possible to present the ESG).

The NorDig IRD should cache EIT data during normal service viewing to speed up time to present a full ESG after selection.

The ESG shall be non-discriminatory and display all services on an equal basis. The ESG shall process and display the relevant content of the following tables (including start-time, end-time/duration and content of all descriptors specified below incl 13.3.2 and 13.3.3).

13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT)



NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables

Event descriptors	EIT p/f	EIT sch
Short_event_descriptor	M	M (1)
Extended_event_descriptor	M	M (1)
Component_descriptor	M	О
Content_descriptor	M	M (1)
Parental_rating_descriptor	M	M (1)
CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)	О	О
Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)	M (2)

Table 2.22 EIT p/f descriptors

Note 1:EIT schedule is optional for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end. Note 2: NorDig PVR only.

13.3.2.1 Dynamic update of EIT data

The EIT data shall be treated as dynamic information which means that the EIT data is often updated by the broadcaster several times during a day, for example

- The description of events may be changed/updated from when the event was first "published"/broadcasted,
- Some events may be re-scheduled,
- Past events from current day may be removed from broadcast etc.

As factory default, the NorDig IRD shall continuously monitor and update the ESG without user request to update (for example by monitoring the tables' version ids). Information in the ESG shall be updated within 10 second after reception of the updated tables.

13.3.2.2 Multiple languages in EIT data

Some NorDig networks transmit EIT data in multiple languages; the NorDig IRD shall be able to display the EIT data from chosen language (according to user preferences).

13.3.2.3 Time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data

If services have gaps in the EIT data or if services have no or missing EIT data the ESG shall not display an error message (i.e. it shall not give the impression for the user that IRD or the EIT data is faulty), instead the text information field should stay empty or display informative text (like "*No event information*"), see recommendation of informative text in Annex F.

IRD variants and capability

all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

As an alternative to broadcast full EIT schedule in all MPEG TSs for a network, some networks broadcast the EIT on one of the networks TS ("barker channel") due to limitation of bandwidth or similar reasons. In this case, all other TS (not containing EIT schedule) will have an reference inte their NIT to this "barker TS" inside with linkage 0x04. Unless the IRD can cache the EIT schedule background without effecting/disturbing the normal TV viewing (for example for IRDs with multiple tuners), the IRD shall only tune to the barker TS when user selects the ESG function ("EPG" function).

For this case with EIT schedule in a barker channel, verify that the NorDig IRD can:

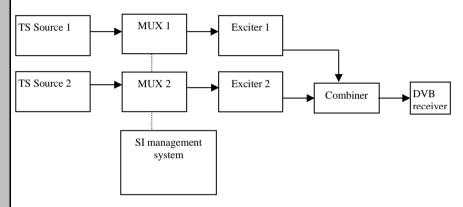
- Handle EIT actual/other schedule information in ESG using the linkage_descriptor 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") in NIT (ie tune to TS containing EIT sch from the linkage and cache EIT sch data)





- Handle the-dynamic update of EIT actual/other schedule information in ESG when using the linkage_descriptor 0x04 in NIT.
- Following EIT descriptors to be tested
 - o Short event descriptor
 - Component_descriptor
 - Extend_event_descriptor
 - o Parental_rating_descriptor
- 8 days of ESG
- that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems
- EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information
- Handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data.

Equipment:



	Service1	Service2	SI	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	NIT	Can be chosen
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	- Linkage 0x04 to Mux2	depending of
Network id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01		the
ON id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	EIT (PID 18)	distribution
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	- present/following a/o	media.
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	NIT	Can be chosen
TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22		depending of
Network id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	EIT (PID 18)	the
ON id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	- present/following a/o	distribution
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	- 8 days schedule a/o	media. Not
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		same as for
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible		Exciter 1

 $^{^{1)}}$ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

- On MUX1 in NIT_actual first loop configure linkage_type 0x04 to point to MUX2. On MUX2 configure complete transport stream/bouquet SI. In linkage_descriptor the service_id shall be 0x0000.
 EIT p/f text strings should differ some compared to same events in EIT
 - EIT p/f text strings should differ some compared to same events in EIT schedule.
- EIT schedule stream should include two or more languages for the events, where one of the languages is same as IRD selected user preference language.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



- Some events in EIT stream should be "empty" without short or extended event descriptor.

Test procedure:

- 1. Turn on NorDig IRD.
- 2. Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG. Set IRD's language to one of the languages in the EIT.
- 3. Do channel search.
- 4. Ensure that the IRD has selected service 2 from Mux1
- 5. Check in channel list that there all (four) services available.
- 6. Press the Info function, verify that the IRD present event info from EIT p/f. After this exit info function back to normal TV viewing.
- 7. Press the ESG/Guide function (IRDs with single tuners shall now tune to Mux2 to cache EIT schedule typically resulting in video and audio from service 2 disapear).
- 8. Check that the EIT information is displayed correctly as signalled for 8 days (current day + 7 full days 24 hours) in EIT schedule. Check that language in presented EIT data is as expected (according to IRD language setting).
- 9. Verify that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems with the IRD
- 10. Verify that the EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information).
- 11. Verify IRD can handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data (ie not display an error message)
- 12. Exit Guide/ESG function back to normal TV viewing, ensure that the IRD resume back to decoding service 2 in Mux1.
- 13. Ensure that EIT schedule content is change some, in order to verify that the IRD handle updates of EIT schedule (e.g. changing description text some for some events).
- 14. Press the Guide function again (IRDs with single tuners shall now tune to Mux2 to update EIT schedule typically resulting in video and audio from service 2 disapear).
- 15. Check that the EIT information is updated after some time and displayed correctly.

Expected result:

Linkage to transport stream/bouquet information is displayed correctly as signalled in EIT schedule for following descriptors:

Short_event_descriptor

Component_descriptor

Extend_event_descriptor

Parental_rating_descriptor

Test result(s)

	OK / NOK
The services and events can be presented to viewer.	
EIT information is available for all services and event	
and it is visible to viewer.	
IRD handle to tune EIT sch barker channel and cache EIT	
sch data	
EIT pf prio over EIT sch	
IRD handle update EIT sch from barker EIT sch	
EIT is presented is correct langauge	
Handle empty events	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Date	Sign
Test Case	Task 13:23 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule in ESG (cross carried EIT schedule in all TSs)
Section	NorDig Unified13.3.1 and 13.3.2
Requirement	13.3 Event Schedule Guide (ESG) The Event Schedule Guide (ESG) is part of the Navigator in the IRD and presents program event information for the user about its installed services via a Graphical User Interface (GUI) as defined by the IRD manufacturer.
	13.3.1 ESG Requirements 13.3.1.1 ESG and length The NorDig IRD shall be able to display an ESG for the user with a minimum of eight days (1) of schedule data, defined as whole days from present day and ahead according to ETSI EN 300 468. The ESG shall be based on the information from the EIT tables, see section 12.4 and ETSI EN 300 468.
	Comment: Eight days of schedule data for the services within one NorDig network (original network) consists of typically of up to 2-4 MB of data per language. Note 1:Support for EIT schedule is recommended (optional) for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end
	13.3.1.2 Proper handling of EIT data The NorDig IRD shall maintain proper behaviour in case of the incoming event information data for the services exceeds the available free memory for the ESG and not affect the IRD's basic service decoding and navigation. If the NorDig IRD's memory for the ESG is exceeded, then the NorDig IRD shall prioritize the event information nearest in time and first reduce the data most far ahead in time for all service, for example via using EIT table filtering (instead of reducing service by service). (If the user has made personalized favourite service list consisting of a subset of available services, then the NorDig IRD should first priorities favourite services and then events most nearest in time). The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle situations when the EIT is not present.
	13.3.1.3 ESG performance The NorDig IRD shall maintain the full ESG up to date and be able to display the ESG within 10 seconds after selection, even if not all EIT sections have been received (in which case gaps may occur in timeline for some services). The NorDig PVR shall be able to present the ESG regardless of recording status (i.e. while recording or timeshifting an event, it shall be possible to present the ESG). The NorDig IRD should cache EIT data during normal service viewing to speed up time to present a full ESG after selection. The ESG shall be non-discriminatory and display all services on an equal basis. The ESG shall process and display the relevant content of the following tables (including start-time, end-time/duration and content of all descriptors specified below incl 13.3.2 and 13.3.3).
	13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT)





NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables.

Event descriptors	EIT p/f	EIT sch
Short_event_descriptor	M	M (1)
Extended_event_descriptor	M	M (1)
Component_descriptor	M	О
Content_descriptor	M	M (1)
Parental_rating_descriptor	M	M (1)
CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)	О	О
Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)	M (2)

Table 2.23 EIT p/f descriptors

Note 1:EIT schedule is optional for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end. Note 2: NorDig PVR only.

13.3.2.1 Dynamic update of EIT data

The EIT data shall be treated as dynamic information which means that the EIT data is often updated by the broadcaster several times during a day, for example

- The description of events may be changed/updated from when the event was first "published"/broadcasted,
- Some events may be re-scheduled,
- Past events from current day may be removed from broadcast etc.

As factory default, the NorDig IRD shall continuously monitor and update the ESG without user request to update (for example by monitoring the tables' version ids). Information in the ESG shall be updated within 10 second after reception of the updated tables.

13.3.2.2 Multiple languages in EIT data

Some NorDig networks transmit EIT data in multiple languages; the NorDig IRD shall be able to display the EIT data from chosen language (according to user preferences).

13.3.2.3 Time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data

If services have gaps in the EIT data or if services have no or missing EIT data the ESG shall not display an error message (i.e. it shall not give the impression for the user that IRD or the EIT data is faulty), instead the text information field should stay empty or display informative text (like "*No event information*"), see recommendation of informative text in Annex F.

IRD variants and capability

all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

This is for testing the common case when network has EIT schedule cross carried (a/o) in all the networks' TSs. The EIT cycling can be fairly long, especially for the events most far ahead (day8) which can be up to 10min. The IRD can cache EIT data in background from all services. The IRD shall be triggered by this alterantive by the absence of linkage 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") in NIT (for IRDs supporting both alterantives).

For this case with EIT p/f and schedule in all TSs and all EIT containing cross carried EIT data (actual/other) for all services in network, verify that the NorDig IRD can:

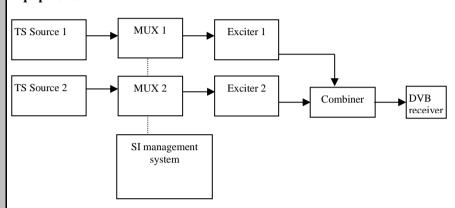
- Handle EIT actual/other schedule information
- Handle dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule information in ESG Following EIT descriptors to be tested
 - Short event descriptor
 - Component_descriptor





- Extend_event_descriptor
- (Parental_rating_descriptor)
- 8 days of ESG
- that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems
- EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information
- Handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data.

Equipment:



	Service1	Service2	SI	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200		Can be chosen
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	EIT (PID 18)	depending of
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	- present/following a/o	the distribution
ON id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	- 8days schedule a/o	media.
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	-	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200		Can be chosen
TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	EIT (PID 18)	depending of
Network id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	- present/following a/o	the distribution
ON id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	- 8 days schedule a/o	media. Not
_	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		same as for
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		Exciter 1
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible		

 $^{^{1)}}$ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

- MUX1 event information (EIT actual p/f and schedule) is cross-distributed to MUX2 as event information (EIT other p/f and schedule).
- MUX2 event information (EIT actual p/f and schedule) is cross-distributed to MUX1 as event information (EIT other p/f and schedule).
- EIT schedule with 8 or more days of event data all services (prefereable the EIT should contain more services and should include large amount of total EIT data)
- EIT p/f text strings should differ some compared to same events in EIT schedule.
- EIT schedule stream should include two or more languages for the events, where one of the languages is same as IRD selected user preference language.
- Some events in EIT stream should be "empty" without short or extended event descriptor.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes

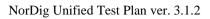


Test procedure:

- 1. Turn on NorDig IRD.
- 2. Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG. Set IRD's language to one of the languages in the EIT.
- 3. Do channel search.
- 4. Ensure that the IRD has selected service 2 from Mux1
- 5. Check in channel list or ESG that there all (four) services available.
- 6. Press the Info function, verify that the IRD present event info from EIT p/f. After this exit info function back to normal TV viewing.
- 7. Wait approx. one total cycling time for the EIT schedule data (approx. 5-10min, EIT data should typically be cached in background of TV viewing mode)
- 8. Press the Guide function (IRDs can typically maintain service 2 in background, full 8-day ESG should be presented fast).
- 9. Check that the EIT information is displayed correctly as signalled for 8 days (current day + 7 full days 24 hours) in EIT schedule. Check that language in presented EIT data is as expected (according to IRD language setting)..
- 10. Verify that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems with the IRD
- 11. Verify that the EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information).
- 12. Verify IRD can handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data (ie not display an error message)
- 13. Exit Guide/ESG function back to normal TV viewing, ensure that the IRD resume back to decoding service 2 in Mux1.
- 14. Ensure that EIT schedule content is change some, in order to verify that the IRD handle updates of EIT schedule (e.g. changing description text some for some events).
- 15. Press the Guide function again.
- Check that the EIT information is updated after some time and displayed correctly.

Expected result:

- EIT information is displayed correctly as signalled in EIT actual/other p/f and schedule for following descriptors:
 - Short_event_descriptor
 - Component_descriptor
 - Extend_event_descriptor
 - (Parental_rating_descriptor)
- 8 days of ESG. EIT sections transmission is based upon UTC time and break of day is in UTC time, meaning for example a case where the network/country has currently +1h offset to UTC, the 8 day of ESG shall be from current time and present weekday (for example Monday 1st January 15:00 local time) until full +7 UTC days (in this example Tuesday 9th January 01:00 local time, ie Monday 8th January 24:00/Tuesday 9th January 00:00 UTC time).
- that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems
- EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information
- Handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data.





Test result(s)						
		OK / NOK				
	The services and events can be presented to viewer.					
	EIT information is cross-distributed and it is visible to					
	viewer. (MUX1 EIT information can be seen when receiver					
	is tuned to a service on MUX2. Also the MUX2 EIT					
	information can be seen when receiver is tuned to a service					
	on MUX1).					
	Full 8 days of ESG (e.g. current Monday to whole next					
	coming Monday, i.e. not just 7 days like Monday to whole					
	Sunday).					
	EIT pf prio over EIT sch					
	IRD handle update EIT sch					
	EIT is presented is correct language					
	Handle empty events					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in	comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
	1					
Date	Sign					

Test Case	Task 13:24 PMT Descriptors - General	al			
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.2				
Requirement	The following descriptors are used in PMT:				
	Program map Table	IRD type	Test Task		
	teletext_descriptor		Test task 8 (subtitling)		
	Subtitling_descriptor		Test task 8 (subtitling)		
	stream_identifier_descriptor		13:24 (this)		
	video_stream_descriptor		13:24 (this)		
	CA_descriptor		13:24 (this)		
	ISO_639_language_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)		
			plus 13:24 (this)		
	AC-3_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)		
	Enhanced_AC-3_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)		
	AC-4_descriptor (4)	HEVC	Test task 8 (Audio)		
	AAC_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)		
	Supplementary_audio_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)		
	audio_preselection_descriptor (4)	HEVC	Test task 8 (Audio)		
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor				
	data_broadcast_id_descriptor (1)	SSU	Test task 11 (SSU)		
	application_signalling_descriptor (2)	HbbTV	Test task 16 (HbbTV)		
	carousel_id_descriptor (1)	SSU	Test task 11 (SSU)		
	TTML_subtitling_descriptor (4)	HEVC	Test task 8 (subtitling)		
	related_content_descriptor (3)	PVR optional			
	metadata_descriptor	PVR optional			
	Audio_stream_descriptor	optional			
	Target_background_descritor	optional			
	Video_window_descritor	optional			



	Table 12.25 PMT descriptors				
	Note 1: Use of the data_broadcast_id_descriptor and the carousel_identifier_descriptor for signalling relevant for the SSU is specified in ref ETSI TS 102 006, see also section 12.7. Note 2: Only mandatory for the NorDig HbbTV IRDs Note 3: Only mandatory for NorDig PVR IRDs. Note 4: Only mandatory for NorDig HEVC IRDs.				
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the following descriptors: Video_stream_descriptor CA_descriptor ISO_639_language_descriptor Private_data_indicator_descriptor Stream_identifier_descriptor Private_data_specifier_descriptor				
	Equipment:				
	TS Source 1	MUX 1	Exciter 1		
	TS Source 2 Exciter 2 Combiner NorDig IRD				
	SI management system				
		Service1	Service2		Frequency
	MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200		Can be chosen
	TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12		depending of
	Network_id 1 ON id 1)	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1100	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1200		the distribution media
	ll or \u	V PID 1109	V PID 1209		
		A PID 1108 LCN 1 visible	A PID 1208 LCN 2 visible		
		g : 2	G • 4		
	MUX2	Service3 SID 2100	Service4 SID 2200		Can be chosen
	TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22		depending of
	Network_id 2	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2100	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2200		the distribution media, but
	ON_id 1)	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		cannot be same
	[]	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		as in MUX1
	LCN 3 visible LCN 4 visible ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and				
	it shall be same for both muxes				
	²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes				
	Test procedure:				
	1. Control that the MUX1 has a service with descriptors signalled above				





	2. Zap to this service and check quickly that it works.
	Expected result: All components in the service are able to decode.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 13:25 Dynamic update of PMT PID values				
Section	NorDig Unified	1 12.1			
Requirement	and SI data, (PI guideline for th	MT, EIT, TDT/TO	t action for any chang Γ, running status and (the trigger for change e tables)	CA mode) within	1 second. (As a
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs				
Test procedure Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is able to maintain reception when PID dropped, added or changed. Equipment: TS Source 1 MUX 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2	when PID values Combiner	DVB receiver			
	S	Service1	Service2		Frequency
	MUX1 TS_id 1 Set on the set of th	SID 1100 S_name Test11 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1100 / PID 1109 incl PCR A PID 1108 Teletext PID 1107 DVB Subt PID 1106 .CN1visible	SID 1200 S_name Test12 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 incl PCR A PID 1208 Teletext PID 1207 DVB Subt PID 1106 LCN 2 visible		Can be chosen depending of the distribution media



	Sometimes broadcaster may drop, add or change the content of the PID (for example during regional news insertion). If this happens, the PMT is updated by changing the version_id.
	Test procedure:
	 Control that the MUX1 and MUX2 have services signaled as defined in table above Zap all the services and check quickly that they work. Drop all PIDs on Service1 on MUX1. Zap to service1 in MUX1 Add PIDs in following order: a. Video PID 1109 b. Audio PID 1108 c. Teletext PID1107 d. DVB subtitling PID 1106 Verify that the service is decoded correctly by watching the video, listening the audio and reading the teletext, teletext subtitling and DVB subtitling Change the following PID values: a. Video PID 1109 to 1103
	b. Audio PID 1108 to 1102 Expected result: After addition of the PIDs, all the component in the service are decoded correctly. Change of PID values maintains the service decoding.
Test result(s)	OV Foult Major Minor define feil ressen in comments
Conformity Comments	□OK Fault □ Major □ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: □YES□NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 13:26 Dynamic update of PMT-Component priority (stream type)
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.3
Requirement	Component priority when multiple video or audio streams are received The following applies for services that transmit in parallel more than one type of video/audio stream under the same service_id (e.g. simulcasting within the same service): For video decoding, NorDig IRDs shall select the service's video component, and set the default setting in accordance with the priority list in Table 12.26. For Audio decoding, NorDig IRDs shall prioritise the service's components according to chapter 6.5, Audio Prioritisation.
	NorDig IRDs shall ignore advanced audio streams when it does not support decoding those streams. For example, an IRD that do not include any AC-3 (downmix) decoder, (maybe only supports pass-through of AC-3 to the digital audio output), shall not choose the AC-3 audio stream as default. Instead it shall choose among the IRDs supported audio stream types according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritisation. When several audio streams of the same type are received, the primary stream shall be selected in accordance with the definitions in section 6.5 (Audio Prioritisation).

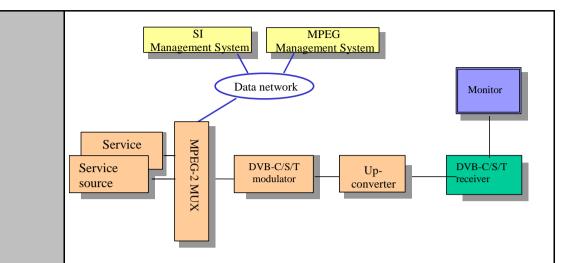




IRD variants a	all IRDs
and capability	
•	Purpose of test:
	To verify that the NorDig IRD is able select video and audio components in priority order
a	and handle dynamic changes in service (PMT and PIDs).
	Test procedure:
,	rest procedure.
7	This requirement is tested in Test Task 6 (video), Test Task 7 (Audio) and Test Task
	8 (Subtitling).
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments I	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
Ι	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 13:27 Dynamic update of TDT/TOT
1esi Cuse	Task 15.27 Dynamic apacite of 151/101
Section	NorDig Unified 12.5 and 13.3.3
Requirement	12.5 Time and Date Table and Time Offset Table The NorDig IRD shall have a real time clock and time/date (calendar) running continuously. Thetime/date (calendar) shall be updated by incoming TDT and TOT from SI. NorDig IRD shall display thecorrect time for each country based on TDT, TOT, and the country name selected by the user. 13.3.3 Time and Date Table (TDT) and Time Offset Table (TOT) The ESG shall display correct event times as conveyed by the TDT, adjusted by the offset relayed in the TOT and using the country name selected by the user.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the real time clock runs continously. Equipment:





Test procedure for continuously running clock / calendar:

- 1. Connect and start up the instruments
- 2. Make sure that the TDT (Time and Date Table) and TOT (Time Offset Table) are present in the transport stream.
- 3. Locate the time and date display.
- 4. Check if the time and date is updated and fill in the test protocol. (Date can be tested separately and filled later in the test protocol).

Expected result:

The time and date shall be displayed and updated in the navigator as time goes by.

Purpose of test:

To test that the real time clock is updated from TDT and TOT information.

Equipment:

As in previous test.

Example of the configuration of the local_time_offset descriptor in the TOT for Sweden and from summertime to wintertime change. Date of the change is 28/10/2001 and time 01:00:00 o'clock.

Descriptor tag		0x58
Descriptor length		
Country code	SWE	0x535745
Country region id	Only one time zone	00 00 00 (bin)
Reserved		0 (bin)
Local time offset polarity	the polarity is positive	0 (bin)
Local time offset	2 h in Sweden on summertime	0x0200
Time of change	28/10/2001 01:00:00	0xCBF2010000
Next time offset	01:00:00	0x0100

Test procedure Updated clock by TDT and TOT:

(Use traditional calendar to find out dates and times for the next wintertime and summertime changes.)

1. Connect and start up the instruments





- 2. Make sure that the TDT (Time and Date Table) and TOT (Time Offset Table) is present in the transport stream.
- 3. Configure the TOT without local_time_offset decriptor. Configure the TDT in the transport stream as it is specified in the test protocol.
- 4. Turn on receiver.
- 5. Wait for the change of the year.
- 6. Locate the time and date display.
- 7. Check the time and date in the navigator.
- 8. Fill in the result and NOK or OK in the test protocol.
- 9. Turn off receiver.
- 10. Configure TOT local_time_offset descriptor for the next change to wintertime/summertime. Set UTC_time in the TDT few minutes before actual change. Make sure the same UTC_time is used in TOT.
- 11. Turn on receiver.
- 12. Check the time and date in the navigator.
- 13. Fill in the test date and time, result date and time and NOK or OK in the protocol.
- 14. Turn off receiver.
- 15. Configure TOT local_time_offset descriptor for the next change to summertime/wintertime after the date used in test point 10. Set UTC_time in the TDT few minutes before that change. Make sure the same UTC_time is used in TOT.
- 16. Turn on receiver.
- 17. Check the time and date in the navigator.
- 18. Fill in the test date and time, result date and time and NOK or OK in the protocol.
- 19. Repeat test points 14 to 18 using country codes for ICE (Iceland), DNK (Denmark), FIN (Finland) and NOR (Norway).

Expected result:

All test results fulfills the expected results as defined in the specification.

Test result(s)

Test procedure for continuously running clock / calendar :

Expected result, time	Expected result, date	OK or NOK, time	OK or NOK, date
Time is changed.	Date is changed.		

Test procedure Updated clock by TDT and TOT:

Test points 1-8. (TDT test)





Test date and time	Date and time in MJD+UTC (BCD) format (required in the TDT)
2001-12-31 23:57:00	0xCC32235700

Result, time	Result, date	Expected result, time	Expected result, date	OK or NOK, time	OK or NOK, date
		The time ≈ 23:57 is presented in a comprehensive format	The date 2001- 12-31 is presented in a comprehensive format		
		The time ≈ 00:01 is presented in a comprehensive format	The date 2002- 01-01 is presented in a comprehensive format		

Test points 9-13. (TOT test)

Test, time	Test, date	Expected result, time	Expected result, date	OK or NOK, time	OK or NOK, date
		Time before change.	Date before change.		
		Time after change.	Time before change.		

Test points 14-19. (TOT test)



T	est, time	Test, date	Expected result, time	Expected result, date	Country code	OK or NOK, time	OK or NOK
			Time	Date	SWE		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	SWE		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Date	ICE		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	ICE		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Date	DNK		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	DNK		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Date	FIN		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	FIN		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Date	NOR		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	NOR		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
ormity	OK Fau	lt Major	Minor.	define fail	reason in	comments	
						odate: YES	NO
		ore specific f					
	Coorioc III	ore specific i	auto and/O	conci iiii	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

Test Case	Task 13:28 Audio Preselection Descriptor (Optional)			
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.1 and 12.6.11			
Requirement	From Section 6.5.1			
	In addition, the user shall be able to manually select between all audio streams and/or			
	NGA Preselections (1) that are associated with the active service, these settings should			
	be stored in the IRD's memory separately for each service.			
	Note 1: NGA Preselections only applicable for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs.			
	From Section 12.6.11			
	The NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD supporting NGA services should support the			
	audio_preselection_descriptor. The audio preselection descriptor may contain the			
	following information for a list of preselections:			





- The language of the preselection
- Indication if the preselection contains audio description
- Indication if the preselection enables dialogue enhancement
- Indication if the preselection contains spoken subtitles Indication if the preselection contains enables user interactivity
- Indication for the preselection regarding a preferred reproduction channel configuration (stereo, multichannel, immersive, headphones)

All NGA Preselections described in the audio_preselection_descriptor shall correspond to preselections described in the NGA audio stream.

Note that the NGA audio stream(s) may contain additional preselections that are not listed in the audio_preselection_descriptor.

The NorDig HEVC IRD supporting NGA services shall select the preferred preselection according to user preference settings, see section 6.5.6 "Audio Priotisation inside the NGA Audio PID/stream" based on the audio_preselection_descriptor or on the metadata embedded in the NGA audio stream(s).

IRD variants and capability

HEVC IRD supporting Audio Preselection Descriptor

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that IRD correctly parses the information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor

Equipment:



A transport stream containing an TV service with NGA audio, and the NGA has the following structure (4 presentations in AC4 TOC but only 2 presentations in APD):

#	Audio preselection descriptor	Ac4_toc	Content
1	preselection_id: 10 audio_rendering_indication: 3 audio_description: 0 spoken_subtitles: 0 dialogue_enhancement: 1 interactivity_enabled: 0 language_code_present: 1 text_label_present: 1 multi_stream_info_present: 0 future_extension: 0 ISO_639_language_code: (eng)	presentation_id: 10 content_classifier: 000b (Complete Main) language: en	Immersive channel check
2	Not present	presentation_id: 11 content_classifier: 000b (Complete Main) language: sv	Noise
3	preselection_id: 12 audio_rendering_indication: 2 audio_description: 0 spoken_subtitles: 0 dialogue_enhancement: 1 interactivity_enabled: 0	presentation_id: 12 content_classifier: 000b (Complete Main) language: en	Cinematic content





	language_code_present: 1 text_label_present: 1 multi_stream_info_present: 0 future_extension: 0 ISO_639_language_code: (eng)			
	4 Not present	presentation_id: 13 content_classifier: 010b (Visually Impaired) language: en	Immersive channel check + speech (narration for Audio Description)	
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date		Sign	<u> </u>	



2.14 Task 14: Navigator

2.14.1 General

These test tasks differ from the normal NorDig division of the test tasks. These test tasks are not listed in that order as the requirements appear in NorDig specification. Instead the order of the test tasks are divided in to a order how the different information data shall be able to be retrieved, handled and updated by the NorDig IRD. This division in this context is defined as following:

- → Static PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRD in the channel search or first time initialization.
- Quasi static PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRD when it is toggled between stand-by mode and active mode or vice versa.

In order to maintain the reference to requirements, in every test task, the requirement from the specification is referenced.

Test Case	Task 14:1 Navigator: General			
Section	NorDig Unified 13.1 and 16			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall implement a basic Navigator, which provides user access to system information, and allows the user to control the operation of the IRD. The Navigator is by definition part of the system software. The Navigator shall include a service list function and a basic Event Schedule Guide (ESG), see ETSI EN 300 468. The Navigator shall also initiate bootloading, as described in chapter 10. The Navigator shall support the Nordic and English languages.(The Navigator is often referred to as the IRD's Menu system for handling DVB services including the service list(s) and ESG/EPG etc).			
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the existent of the Navigator functions. The ESG is tested in test tasks 13:17 to 13:23. Initiating of bootloading/system software update in Navigator is tested in test task 11. Equipment: MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter Purpose of test: To test the existent of the Navigator is tested in test task 11. Equipment: DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter Amonitor Test procedure: 1. Start the Navigator. 2. Check that it displays the valid services and allow control of the IRD. 3. Check that a service list is presented and that EIT p/f is displayed. 4. Verify navigator supports Nordic and English languages.			



	Expected result: The Navigator is present and complies with the requirement defined above. Verify initiating of bootloading/system software update is tested in Task 11.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 14:2 User Information about service components – Audio and Subtitling				
Section	NorDig Unified 13.5.1 and 13.5.2				
Requirement	For services with multiple audio streams (PIDs), or in case of multiple NGA Preselections (1), the NorDig IRD shall be able to display information about available incoming audio streams / NGA Preselections (1), for the user to temporarily select one audio stream / NGA Preselection (1), The NorDig IRD shall be able to display information about different incoming subtitling pages within the selected subtitle stream/PID, for the user to be able to temporary select subtitling page or disable displaying subtitling.				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	all IRDs				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To verify that IRD support selecting between available audio alternatives Test procedure: The actual test is carried out as part of Task 7.				

2.14.2 Static PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 14:3 Service list - General requirement				
Section	NorDig Unified 13.2.1				
Requirement	13.2 Service List				
	13.2.1 Service List Requirements				
	13.2.1.1 Service List Requirements for IRDs, except for IP-based front-end				
	The NorDig IRD shall maintain a service list based on SI-information. The NorDig IRD				
	identifies a service uniquely through the combination of original_network_id,				
	transport_stream_id and service_id. (The broadcaster however shall make services				
	uniquely identified in the broadcast through the combination of only				
	original_network_id and service_id).				





The service list shall include the services and should also include the corresponding network names. The service list can be completely updated by the user by initiating the tuning/scanning procedure(s) for the connected tuners (see IRD specification). The corresponding part of the service list shall be updated within 1 second after reception of an updated SI table; updates should be made each time the NorDig IRD is switched from active to standby and shall be made each time the NorDig IRD is switched from standby to active. The IRD shall build up different sections inside one service list or build up several service lists, one for each different service category as the default IRD service list(s). Minimum three different sections/lists shall be supported for three different categories of service types and they are 'TV', 'Radio' and 'Data'/'other' services, (see IRD specification for service categories). Whenever two or more services within same category are allocated to the same logical_channel_number, the NorDig HD IRD shall first prioritise the advanced codec services as stated in above (see IRD specification for priority between different services within same service category). The service list shall be displayed to the user. The user shall be able to select a service from the displayed service list. The selected service shall appear immediately (see section 11.4). The IRD should provide functionality for the viewer to build up additional personal service lists with the viewer's own preferred services (like mixed service type) and own preferred order or manually re-order the default service list(s). If any network operator makes changes in his part of the service list, the NorDig should place new entries at the end of the corresponding part of the user service list. The information in the descriptors specified in IRD specification shall be displayed. The original network operator name may be omitted in case only one network is available. IRD variants all IRDs and capability Test procedure **Purpose of test:** To verify that the service list contains services and they are accessible (Dynamic parts of service list is tested in later Test Task in Task 14). **Equipment:** MPEG 2-DVB-S/C/T DVB Up Converter Monitor Modulator Receiver source **Test procedure:** Start the Navigator and go through and select all services in the list in a random pattern. **Expected result:** Verify that all services are accessible. Test result(s) **Conformity OK Fault** Major Minor, define fail reason in comments **Comments** If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information

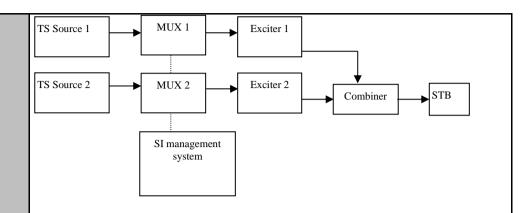




Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 14:4 Service list – service types and categories
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.4 and 12.1.5 and 13.2.1.1
Requirement	(12.1.4) The NorDig IRD shall minimum handle the service types listed in Table 12.1.
	Service types that are not supported by the NorDig IRD should be ignored. (If the (Basic) IRD do not support MPEG-H HEVC video decoder, it should not list/install within the TV service list service types for advanced codec; 0x1F and 0x20).
	(12.1.5) The services are group into three service type categories; TV (1), Radio (2) and Others/data (3) services:
	(1) TV category includes services with service type; 0x01 digital (MPEG-2) TV service, 0x16 advanced codec SD TV service 0x19 advanced codec HD TV service, 0x1F HEVC/H.265 based HD/UHDTV service and 0x20 HEVC/H.265 based UHDTV HDR service.
	(2) Radio category includes services with service type; 0x02 digital radio sound service and 0x0A advanced codec digital radio sound service. (3) Others/(data) category includes all other service types that are not included in TV (1)
	and Radio (2) categories.
	The NorDig IRD shall during installation of services create a common service list for each category (e.g. for a NorDig Basic IRD all 0x01, 0x16 and 0x19 within same TV category list and so on for the Radio and Other/data categories).
	(13.2.1.1) The IRD shall build up different sections inside one service list or build up several service lists, one for each different service category as the default IRD service list(s). Minimum three different sections/lists shall be supported for three different categories of service_types and they are 'TV', 'Radio' and 'Data'/'other' services,.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test that the different type of services are located on different lists.
	Equipment:





	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service4	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	((MPEG2) TV	(Radio service)	(Data service,	(HEVC SDR	depending of
Network_id	service)	Service type	e.g. stand-alone	service)	the distribution
1	Service type	0x02	HbbTV service)	Service type	media
ON_id 1)	0x01	S_name Test12	Service type	0x1F	
	S_name Test11	PMT PID 1200	0x0C	S_name Test14	
	PMT PID 1100		S_name Test13	PMT PID 1400	
	V PID 1109	A PID 1208	PMT PID 1300	V PID 1409	
	A PID 1108	LCD: 2 visible	V PID 1309	A PID 1408	
	LCD: 1 visible	Clear	A PID 1308	LCD: 4 visible	
	Encrypted		(D PID 1307)	Clear	
			LCD: 3 visible	(Only for	
			Clear	HEVC IRDs)	
			(Only for		
			HbbTV IRDs)		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	SID 2400	Can be chosen
TS_id 2	(AVC SDTV	(AVC HDTV	(Adv codec	(HEVC HDR	depending of
Network_id	service)	service)	Radio service)	service)	the distribution
$2^{2)}$	Service type	Service type	Service type	Service type	media
ON_id 1	0x16	0x19	0x0A	0x20	
	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	S_name Test24	
	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	PMT PID 2400	
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		V PID 2409	
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	A PID 2408	
	LCD: 4 visible	LCD: 5 visible	LCD: 6 visible	LCD: 8 visible	
	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	
				(Only for	
				HEVC IRDs)	

¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

Channel list ID is set to 1 and country_code according to country settings in the receiver.

Services 1 to 2 in MUX1 are using MPEG-2 video and MPEG1 LII audio. Service 3 (visible data service) typically for stand-alone HbbTV service (i.e. not applicatble for SSU service case), for this test it can be enough to that the content is only video and audio or only HbbTV data or both (to simplify test setup). Service 4 is using HEVC SDR video.

Services 1 to 3 in MUX2 use MPEG-4 AVC and HE-AAC or E-AC-3 audio. Service 4 is using HEVC HDR video.

Test procedure:

1. Verify that the services on MUX1 and MUX2 have service types digital television services, digital radio service and data broadcast service according to table above.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes





		if needed.

- 3. Check the service lists.
- 4. Fill in the measurement record.

Expected result:

Different types of services are available on different category lists according to requirement.

Categories are 'TV', 'Radio', and 'Data/Other' services.

Optionally SDTV receiver doesn't store HDTV services.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

In case of IRD has separate service lists for TV, Radio and Data/Others:

	Basic (non-HEVC) IRD					
Pos	'TV'	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	NOK or OK		
1	Test11					
2		Test12				
3			Test13 *			
4	Test21					
5	Test22					
6		Test23				

		HEV	/C IRD	
Pos	'TV'	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	NOK or OK
1	Test11			
2		Test12		
3			Test13 *	
4	Test14			
5	Test22			
6		Test23		
7	Test21			
8	Test24			

In case of IRD has a common service list with different sections for TV, Radio and Data/Others:

Pos	Basic IRD	Pos	HEVC IRD	NOK or OK
1	Test11 (TV)	1	Test11 (TV)	
2		2		
3		3		
4	Test21 (TV)	4	Test14 (TV)	
5	Test22 (TV)	5	Test22 (TV)	
n	Test12 (radio)	6		
n+1	Test23 (radio)	7	Test21 (TV)	
n+2	Test13 (data)	8	Test24 (TV)	
		n	Test12 (radio)	
		n+1	Test23 (radio)	
		n+2	Test13 (data) *	

^{*} Service Test13 (visible data service, e.g. stand-alone HbbTV service) only mandatory for IRDs supporting HbbTV (i.e. not applicable for SSU service case).

Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments

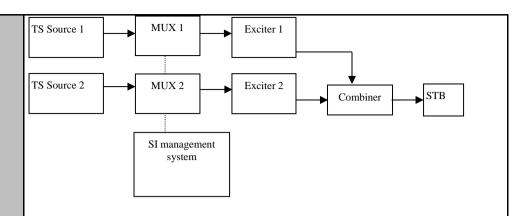




Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:5 Service list – use of NIT_other and SDT_other
Section	NorDig Unified 13.2.2 and 13.2.3
Requirement	(NorDig Unified spec 12.2.1)
	NIT descriptors
	Metadata_pointer_descriptor (only for PVRs)
	Network_name_descriptor
	Service_list_descriptor
	Satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs)
	S2_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs)
	S2X_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs supporting S2X)
	Cable_delivery_system_descriptor (cable IRDs)
	Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)
	T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)
	Linkage_descriptor
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor
	Frequency_list_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)
	default_authority_descriptor (only for PVRs)
	(NorDig) logic_channel_descriptor (Version 1)
	(NorDig) logic_channel_descriptor (Version 2)
	(13.2.2) The NorDig IRD shall make use of the descriptors listed in above in all NIT_actual (the transport stream the NorDig IRD is tuned to) and NIT_other (other transport stream) tables available in order to update the service list (system delivery data, number of transport streams, logic channel number etc). NIT descriptors: A Navigator shall never display services that the IRD is not able to receive or decode except for descrambling. (13.2.3) The IRD shall use the descriptors listed in table 13.2 from both SDT_actual and SDT_other tables to update the service list (service names etc.).
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
Test procedure	To verify that the services, which are not able to receive, but signaled in SDT_other and/or NIT_other, are not visible in service list.
	Equipment:





	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	chosen
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	the
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	Logical_chan_desc 2 visible	media.
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	Can be
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	chosen
Network_id 2	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	the
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 3 visible	Logical_chan_desc 4 visible	media. Not
			same as for
			Exciter 1

 $^{^{\}rm 1)}ON_id$ (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

Following tables are signaled in both MUX:

- SDT_actual and
- SDT_other
- NIT_actual inclusive service_list
- NIT_other inclusive service_list

With following information content:

- In MUX1, the SDT_actual corresponds the SDT_other in MUX2.
- In MUX2, the SDT_actual corresponds the SDT_other in MUX1
- In MUX1, the NIT_actual corresponds the NIT_other in MUX2
- In MUX2, the NIT_actual corresponds the NIT_other in MUX1

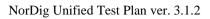
With other words, the SDT and NIT information is cross-distributed between multiplexes.

Test procedure:

The idea of the test is that for stationary reception, the services from the SDT_other and NIT_other service_list_description shall not be installed in the service list if the services can not be received.

- 1. Attenuate the output level of the exciter 1 to very low level or disconnect the output cable.
- 2. Clear all channels on service list (channel list in NorDig IRD).
- 3. Make new channel search.

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes





	 Verify that no services are installed MUX1. Fill in the measurement record in to follow the control of the exercised by the NorDig IRD. Clear all channels on service list (cl. Make new channel search. Verify that all the services carried wand MUX2 are installed in the services. 	est results. Iter1 to a output hannel list in revithin transpor	at level that is able to be eceiver). t stream from both MUX1
	10. Zap to service1 in MUX1. Expected result: Services that are not able to be received are		-
Test result(s)	Do continuous and	NOV OV	
	Requirement Services are not listed in service list (channel list) when the services are not able to be received	NOK or OK	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fa	il reason in co	mments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other in		ate: YES NO
Date		Sign	

Test Case	Task 14:6 Service list - Inconsistent of SDT_actual and NIT_actual information
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.6 and NorDig Rules Of Operation
Requirement	Optional descriptors:
	Service_list_descriptor
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	



Test procedure	Purpose of the test: To verify if the IRD updates service list quasi-static from SDT_actual instead of NIT_actual service_list_descriptor.				
	Equipment:				
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor				
	Test procedure:				
	Service_list in NIT is optional to broadcast. Therefore, it is important to verify how the IRD prioritise the information from the SDT_actual over the NIT_actual service_list in case the information is inconsistent.				
	Transport stream shall have at least one service configured. The SDT_actual signalize the service, but the service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual shall not have the service listed.				
	 Test procedure: Make first time installation of the IRD Verify the service_list_descriptor doesn't list at least one of the services carried within transport stream. With other words, there is an inconsistency between SDT_actual and service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual Verify that all the carried services within transport stream are in the service list. 				
	Expected result: Services, carried within transport stream and listed in SDT_actual, are listed in service list independently if the services are listed in service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				
·					

Test Case	Task 14:7 Service list – NIT_actual interpretation	
Section	NorDig Unified 13.2.2, 13.2.1.1	
Requirement	(NorDig Unified spec 12.2.1)	
	NIT descriptors	This test
	Metadata_pointer_descriptor (only for PVRs)	
	Network_name_descriptor	X
	Service_list_descriptor	
	Satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs)	X (sat)
	S2_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs)	X (sat)
	S2X_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs supporting S2X)	X (sat S2X)
	Cable_delivery_system_descriptor (cable IRDs)	X (cable)
	Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)	X (terr)
	T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)	X (terr)





Linkage_descriptor	
Private_data_specifier_descriptor	
Frequency_list_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)	
default_authority_descriptor (only for PVRs)	
(NorDig) logic_channel_descriptor (Version 1)	X
(NorDig) logic_channel_descriptor (Version 2)	X

(13.2.1.1 extract) The NorDig IRD shall maintain a service list based on SI-information. The NorDig IRD identifies a service uniquely through the combination of original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id.

The service list shall include the services and should also include the corresponding network names.

The information in the descriptors specified in NorDig Unified table 13.1 and table 13.2 (see table 12.7 NIT descriptors above) shall be displayed.

The original network operator name may be omitted in case only one network is available.

(13.2.2 extract) The NorDig IRD shall make use of the descriptors listed in Table 13.1 in all NIT_actual (the transport stream the NorDig IRD is tuned to) and NIT_other (other transport stream) tables available in order to update the service list (system delivery data, number of transport streams, logic channel number etc).

A Navigator shall never display services that the IRD is not able to receive or decode except for de-scrambling (i.e. a pure satellite IRD shall not display services which are described in NIT_other tables for secondary cable networks).

IRD variants and capability

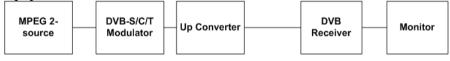
all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the information in descriptors are displayed.

Equipment:



	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of the
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	distribution media
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	
_	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	
	Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	Logical_chan_desc 2 visible	

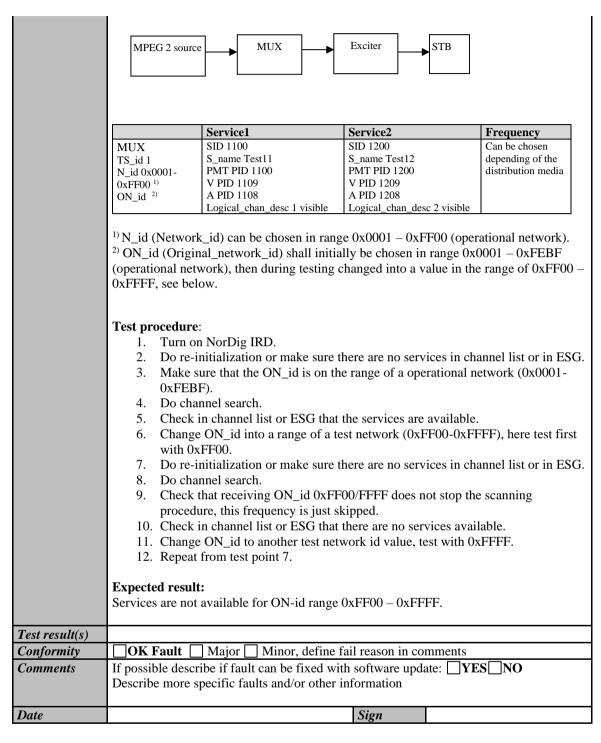
 $^{\rm 1)}$ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xFE00 (operational network). Network_name NorDigTest



	DVB and MPEG tables	NID	ONID	TSID	SID
	NIT	X	X	X	(x)
	BAT		X	X	(x)
	SDT		X	X	X
	EIT		(esg)	(esg)	(esg)
	TDT/TOT				
	PAT			D	D
	CAT				
	PMT				D
	subtable AIT				
	subtable UNT				
	X containing id used to det service_list, (x) containing id(s) inside ((esg) only informative info	descripto	ors,	ices/main	ntaining
	D used for decoded selecte				
Test result(s)	Test procedure: Start the Navigator. Check that the following inf • network name, e.g. • transmission param • service name, e.g. • service type, e.g. I Expected result: Verify that all the information	NorDigneters for Test11 a	gTest respective nd Test12 levision s	ve distrib 2 on store service	ution med on cha
Conformity	OK Fault Major	Minor o	lefine fail	reason i	n comm
Comments	If possible describe if fault of Describe more specific fault	can be fi	xed with	software	update:
Date				Sign	
	l			~ - 6	

Test Case	Task 14:8 Service list – NIT_actual test transmissions original_network_ID
Section	Nordig Unified 13.2.2
Requirement	(13.2.2 extract) A NorDig IRD shall not install, be able to reach or display services or networks with original_network_ID and/or network_ID which are marked as 'private_temporary_use' as defined in ETSI ETR 162 (i.e. an original_network_ID 0xFF00 – 0xFFFF and/or network_ID 0xFF01 – 0xFFFF).
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the reception in the test network, here testing orginal_network_id Equipment:





Test Case	Task 14:9 Service list – NIT_actual test transmission network_ID
Section	Nordig Unified 13.2.2
Requirement	(13.2.2 extract) A NorDig IRD shall not install, be able to reach or display services or networks with original_network_ID and/or network_ID which are marked as 'private_temporary_use' as defined in ETSI ETR 162 (i.e. an original_network_ID 0xFF00 – 0xFFFF and/or network_ID 0xFF01 – 0xFFFF).





IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To test the reception in the test network, here testing network_id.
	Equipment:
	TS Source MUX Exciter STB
	Service2 Service2 Frequency
	MUX SID 1100 SID 1200 Can be chosen depending of S_name Test12
	TS_id 1 S_name Test11 S_name Test12 depending of the distribution Network_id 1) PMT PID 1100 the distribution
	ON_id ² V PID 1109 V PID 1209 media.
	A PID 1108 A PID 1208 Logical_chan_desc 1 visible Logical_chan_desc 2 visible
	¹⁾ Network_id shall initially be chosen in on the range 0x0001 – 0xFDFF (operational network), then during testing changed into a value in the range of 0xFF01 – 0xFFFF, see below. ²⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen on range 0x0001-0xFEBF 0xFE00 (operational network)
	Test procedure:
	 Turn on NorDig IRD. Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG. Make sure that the network_id is on the range of a operational network (0x0001-0xFF00). Do channel search.
	5. Check in channel list or ESG that there are no services available.
	6. Change the network_id into a range of a test network (0xFF01-0xFFFF), here test first with 0xFF01.
	7. Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG.8. Do channel search.
	9. Check that receiving network_id 0xFF01/FFFF does not stop the scanning
	procedure, this frequency is just skipped. 10. Check in channel list or ESG that there are no services available.
	11. Change the network_id to another test network id value, test with 0xFFFF.
	12. Repeat from test point 7.
	Expected result: Services are not available for network_id range 0xFF01 – 0xFFFF.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
	I



Test Case	Task 14:10 Service list – Inconsistent SDT_actual/NIT_actual and SDT_other/NIT_other
Section	Nordig Unified 12.1.6, NorDig Rules Of Operation
Requirement	NorDig logicalchannel descriptor and service_list_descriptor
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of the test (addition to Task 14:06): To verify if the IRD updates service list quasi-static from SDT_actual instead of SDT_other and NIT_other service_list_descriptor. Equipment:
	TS Source 1 MUX 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 Combiner NorDig IRD
	SI management system Test procedure: NIT_other and SDT_other information may under certain condition differ from
	NIT_acutal and SDT_acutal (for example in terrestrial network could be the case when IRD receive signals from several transmitting points and when these belongs to different content regions). Therefore, it is important to verify how the IRD update and prioritise the information from the SDT_actual and NIT_actual service_list over the SDT_other and NIT_other in case the information is inconsistent.
	Transport stream MUX1 shall have at least one service configured and MUX2 shall have at least two services configured. MUX1 shall have a service that is signalised in LCD with logical channel number 1 'visible' and MUX1 shall have a lower frequency than MUX2. MUX1/MUX2 shall have cross carried NIT and SDT information about MUX2/MUX1 (i.e. NIT_other and SDT_other describing MUX2/MUX1). The MUX1 NIT_actual and SDT_actual shall be consistent with the content inside MUX1 The MUX2 SDT_actual and NIT_actual shall be consistent with the content inside MUX2. MUX1 SDT_other and NIT_other describing MUX2 from MUX1, here NIT_other service_list_descriptor and NorDig logical_channel_descriptor shall list only one of the two services in MUX2 and SDT_other shall only list only one of the two services in MUX2. I.e. the NIT/SDT_others in MUX1 pointing to MUX2 shall be inconsistent with NIT/SDT_actual in MUX2).
	Test procedure:
	 Make first time installation of the IRD, make sure that the IRD starts decoding/displaying a service from MUX1. Verify the MUX1's NIT_other and SDT_other about MUX2 miss to list one of the services of MUX2 (inside service_list_descriptor, logical_channel_descriptor and service_descriptor). With other words, there is

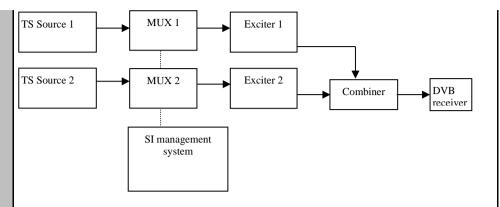




	 an inconsistency between MUX1's SDT_other and NIT_other about MUX2 and MUX2's SDT_actual and NIT_actual 3. Zap to a service in MUX2. 4. Verify that all the carried services within transport streams are in the service list.
	Expected result: Services, carried within transport stream (e.g. MUX2) and listed in SDT_actual, are listed in service list independently if the services are listed or not in SDT_other and NIT_other for the transport stream from other transport streams (e.g. MUX1).
T. (1(/)	
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:11 Service list – Handling of multiple channel lists from same networks and NorDig LCD
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.9.4
Requirement	(12.2.9.4) Handling of multiple Channel lists from same network (LCD v2 only) The Logical Channel Descriptor version 2 enables transmission within same network of
	multiple Channel lists, meaning that there might it be several channel lists available for a IRD to choose between. The NorDig IRD may treat each channel list as complete with all intended services for that network (original network id) and it is up to the broadcaster to ensure that all intended services are included in all lists.
	The NorDig IRD shall at least store the sorting from one of the available Channel lists as default, but it is recommended that theNorDig IRD store all the transmitted Channel Lists sorting that matches the IRD's country code settings (especially for IRDs that are not letting the user choose list during installation).
	When several Channel Lists are available from same network (original network id) for the IRD during first time installation (or complete re-installation), the NorDig IRD shall choose the channel list as the default one with following priority:
	1. The list with same country code as the IRD's user preference setting's country code. If several list available with same matching country code, the IRD shall choose the one with lowest list_id value OR let the viewer choose from a list, (typically using the channel_list_name)
	2.If no Channel list has a country code that matches the user preference setting's country code, theNorDig IRD shall let the viewer choose from a list (recommended) OR choose the one with lowest list_id value.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the support for the reception of multiple channel lists in one network.
	Equipment:





	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	the distribution
ON_id X 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	media
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	
	LCD v .2: 1 PRI SWE LCD v.2: 2 PRI FIN LCD v.2: 1 PRI NOR LCD v.2: 1 PRI DNK LCD v.2: 4 PRI IRL LCD v.2: 5 SEC SWE LCD v.2: 6 SEC FIN LCD v.2: 5 SEC NOR LCD v.2: 5 SEC DNK LCD v.2: 8 SEC IRL	LCD v .2: 2 PRI SWE LCD v.2: 1 PRI FIN LCD v.2: 3 PRI NOR LCD v.2: 2 PRI DNK LCD v.2: 2 PRI IRL LCD v.2: 6 SEC SWE LCD v.2: 5 SEC FIN LCD v.2: 7 SEC NOR LCD v.2: 6 SEC DNK LCD v.2: 6 SEC IRL	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	Can be chosen
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	depending of
Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	the distribution
ON_id X 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	media, but
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	cannot be
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	same as in
			MUX1
	LCD v .2: 3 PRI SWE		
	LCD v.2: 3 PRI FIN	LCD v.2: 4 PRI FIN	
	LCD v.2: 2 PRI NOR	LCD v.2: 4 PRI NOR	
	LCD v.2: 4 PRI DNK	LCD v.2: 3 PRI DNK	
	LCD v.2: 3 PRI IRL	LCD v.2: 1 PRI IRL	
	LCD v.2: 7 SEC SWE	LCD v.2: 8 SEC SWE	
	LCD v.2: 7 SEC FIN	LCD v.2: 8 SEC FIN	
	LCD v.2: 6 SEC NOR	LCD v.2: 8 SEC NOR	
	LCD v.2: 8 SEC DNK	LCD v.2: 7 SEC DNK	
	LCD v2: 7 SEC IRL	LCD v2: 5 SEC IRL	

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

For satellite networks the channel lists represented in tables below are valid due to the capability to receive services within one and same ON_id in different countries where even different country_settings in receiver are relevant. The LCN is equal in all different channel lists IDs.

For cable and terrestrial networks, a subset of channel lists is required as long as one and same ON_id is in concern. Transmissions in these networks are not normally dedicated for receivers with different country settings. Therefore, two channel list (e.g. ListDNKpri and ListDNKsec) with same country_code is enough to test requirement in this test.

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



The channel list under test shall not be signaled with channel_list_ID 1. E.g. if receiver dedicated to Swedish market is under test, ListSWEpri shall be signaled with other channel_list_ID than 1 in order to avoid malfunction in receiver where the receiver selects first list found.

MUX1:

Channel_list_ID	Channel list name	Country_code
1	ListSWEpri	SWE
2	ListFINpri	FIN
3	ListNORpri	NOR
4	ListDNKpri	DNK
5	ListIRLpri	IRL
6	ListSWEsec	SWE
7	ListFINsec	FIN
8	ListNORsec	NOR
9	ListDNKsec	DNK
10	ListIRLsec	IRL

MUX2:

Channel_list_ID	Channel list name	Country_code
1	ListSWEpri	SWE
2	ListFINpri	FIN
3	ListNORpri	NOR
4	ListDNKpri	DNK
5	ListIRLpri	IRL
6	ListSWEsec	SWE
7	ListFINsec	FIN
8	ListNORsec	NOR
9	ListDNKsec	DNK
10	ListIRLsec	IRL

Test procedure:

NorDig IRD country is equal as channel list country_code:

- 1. Perform factory reset to the IRD
- 2. Perform channel search
- 3. Verify that the all services are found
- 4. The channel list with lowest channel list ID is automaticly selected by the IRD or the user is able to select the channel list.

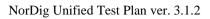
NorDig IRD country is not equal as channel list country_code:

- 5. Perforn factory reset to the IRD
- 6. Perform channel search
- 7. Verify that the all services are found

The channel list is either user selectable or automaticly selected by the IRD according to lowest channel list ID.

Expected result:

The channel list with same country code as the IRD's user preference setting's country code the IRD shall choose the one with lowest list_id value OR let the viewer choose from a list (typically using the channel_list_name).





	If no Channe code, the IRI with lowest l	Shall let the					
	Service name	Logical channel position(SWE)	Logical channel position (FIN)	Logical channel position (NOR)	Logical channel position (DNK)	Logical channel position (IRL)	Channel list
	Test11	1	2	1	1	4	Either
	Test12	2	1	3	2	2	with
	Test21	3	3	2	4	3	lowest
	Test22	4	4	4	3	1	channel list ID (primary) or user
							selected
Test result(s)			7.0	C. C.11			
Conformity	OK Fault				on in comme		
Comments	If possible do Describe mo				_	_YES[_NC)
Date				Sign			

Test Case	Task 14:12 Service list – Simultaneous transmission of LCD v1 and v2	
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.9.7	
Requirement	When broadcasting both LCD version 1 and version 2 within one Original Network ID, the NorDig IRDsupporting both descriptors shall only sort according to the version 2 (i.e. NorDig LCD version 2 hashigher priority).	
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the support for simultaneous transmission of LCD ver.1 and Ver2. Equipment: TS Source 1 MUX 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 Combiner DVB receiver	





	Service1	Service2	Service3	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	Can be
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	chosen
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	the
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	distribution
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	media
	LCN Ver.1: 1 visible		LCN Ver.1: 3 visible	
	LCN Ver.2: 2 visible	LCN Ver.2: 1 visible	LCN Ver.2: 3 visible	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200		Can be
TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22		chosen
Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01		depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200		the
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		distribution
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		media, but
	LCN Ver.1: 4 visible	LCN Ver.1: -		cannot be
	LCN Ver.2: 5 visible	LCN Ver.2: -		same as in
				MUX1
'UN_1d (Urig	sinai_network_ia/ can b	e enosen in runge oxov		
Network_id	ne for both muxes for DVB-C and DVB-S ot obvious that network CD. However, for tes	/S2 IRD tests shall be	same in all muxes adcast different LCN	in differen
t shall be sand Network_id Note: It is now version of Long Test proced	ne for both muxes for DVB-C and DVB-S ot obvious that network CD. However, for tesure:	/S2 IRD tests shall be	same in all muxes adcast different LCN	in differen
t shall be sam Network_id Note: It is no version of Lo Fest proced 1. Per	ne for both muxes for DVB-C and DVB-S ot obvious that network CD. However, for test of forn factory reset to the form factory reset to the factory reset	/S2 IRD tests shall be rk operators will bro ting purposes, differ ne receiver	same in all muxes adcast different LCN	in differen
t shall be sam Network_id Note: It is no version of Lo Fest proced 1. Per 2. Per	ne for both muxes for DVB-C and DVB-S ot obvious that networ CD. However, for tes ure: forn factory reset to the form automatic chann	/S2 IRD tests shall be rk operators will bro ting purposes, differ the receiver tiel search	same in all muxes adcast different LCN	in differen
t shall be sam Network_id Note: It is not rersion of Lo Fest proced 1. Per 2. Per 3. Ver	ne for both muxes for DVB-C and DVB-S ot obvious that network CD. However, for test of forn factory reset to the form factory reset to the factory reset	/S2 IRD tests shall be rk operators will bro ting purposes, differ me receiver all search as are found	same in all muxes adcast different LCN ent LCNs are broadc	in differen asted.

Expected result:

The channel numbers are correct.

Service in service list should be stored as listed below:

Service name	IRD supports version 2
Test12	1
Test11	2
Test13	3
Test21	5
Test22	Last in the list

Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



Test Case	Task 14:13 Service list – Simultaneous reception of multiple networks and				
	NorDig LCL)			
Section	NorDig Unifi	ed 12.2.9.8			
Requirement	The NorDig I networks (wi For multiple all services fr before sorting network and networks are The user shal the user prefer of available of NorDig IRD	RD with terrestricts the different original networks om one original networks om one original networks any additional recordered to as second be able to set wherences, e.g. matcheriginal networks ashould map/translet.	al network ids). (original network letwork (original roriginal network. The reived original letwork (s) and original network original network original network in similar mechaniate the original network in the original netw	ork that shall be the prin ig (preferred) or via user ism. In order to simplify twork id into the country	all first sort/list that LCD, k is the primary mary, either via selectable list this, the y name. This
	means that for IRD where the user has set the country setting, the primary network should automatic be the country matching the original network id (and its services shall be listed first in the NorDig IRD's service list).				
IRD variants and capability	Terrestrial IR	D			
Test procedure	Purpose of to To verify the Equipment: TS Source 1 TS Source 2	MUX 1 MUX 2 SI manage system	Exciter Exciter gement em	2 Combiner	DVB receiver
		Service1	Service2	Service3	Frequency
	MUX1 TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id X 1)	SID 1100 S_name Test11 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108	SID 1200 S_name Test12 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208	SID 1300 S_name Test13 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1300 V PID 1309 A PID 1308	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media
	MUX2 TS_id 2 Network_id 2 ON_id Y 1) 1) ON_id (Original)	LCN 2 visible SID 2100 S_name Test21 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2100 V PID 2109 A PID 2108 LCN 2 visible nal_network_id) ca	LCN 5 visible SID 2200 S_name Test22 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2200 V PID 2209 A PID 2208 LCN 4 visible In be chosen in range	LCN 6 visible SID 2300 S_name Test23 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 2300 V PID 2309 A PID 2308 LCN 7 visible	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media, but cannot be same as in MUX1 tional network).
		and Y shall be se			





Note: for services belonging to secondary ON_id: SDT_actual service order shall not be equal with LCN number order because this may result to a situation that the receiver has sorted the services according to SDT_actual service order instead of the LCN number order.

Test procedure:

- 1. Perform factory reset to the IRD
- 2. The primary network is either user selectable or automaticly based on the country settings in the IRD.
- 3. Perform channel search
- 4. Verify that the all services are found
- 5. Verify that the services are ordered firstly by the ON_id and secondly by the LCD

Expected result:

User is able to select which network is the primary network, for example via the user sets the country setting, the primary network could (should) automatic be the country matching the original network id.

The channel numbers are correct.

Service in service list should be stored as listed below:

Service name	ON_id X	ON_id Y
	as primary	as primary
Test11	2	Last in the list e.g. 8
Test12	5	Last in the list e.g. 9
Test13	6	Last in the list e.g. 10
Test21	Last in the list, e.g. 7	2
Test22	Last in the list, e.g. 8	4
Test23	Last in the list, e.g. 9	7

Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 14:14 Service list - Priority of LCN between SD and HDTV services
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.4, 12.2.9.6 and 13.2.1.1
Requirement	(12.1.4 Service Type)
	The NorDig IRD shall minimum handle the service types listed in Table 12.1. Service types that are not supported by the NorDig IRD should be ignored.
	(12.2.9.6) Conflict handling of Logical_channel_number
	If several services are allocated to the same logic_channel_number, (within the same channel list, as may be the case if several terrestrial regions can be received at the same





location or several satellite networks are received), one service shall be ordered according to the logic_channel_number and the others shall be placed last in that list.

Empty spaces in the broadcast logic channel numbering shall then not be used;instead they shall be located last, after the service with highest logic channel number of that service_type. (The broadcaster may quite consciously choose to leave empty spaces in the logic channel numbering, for future services, etc, in order to avoid a complete rearrangement of the list).

Whenever two or more services within same category are allocated to the same logical_channel_number, the NorDig IRD shall set the priority of the services as stated in Table12.1 above (see chapter 12.1.4 for priority between different services within same service category).

How to choose which service within same service type and same service priority that should be placed according to the channel list is up to the IRD manufacturer.

IRD variants and capability

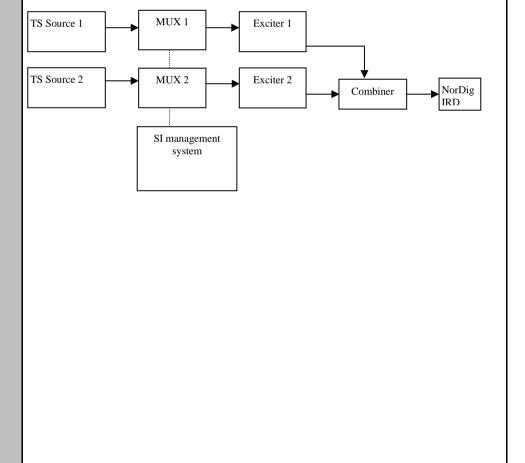
all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the support for priority of LCN between SD and HD services.

Equipment:







	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service 4
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	S_name Test14
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x02	S_type 0x1F
ON_id 1)	(MPEG2 SDTV)	(MPEG2 SDTV)	(MPEG1 Radio)	(HEVC SDR
	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	HD/UHD)
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209		PMT PID 1400
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	V PID 1409
	LCN Ver.1: 1	LCN Ver.1: 2 visible	LCN Ver.1: 3 visible	A PID 1408
	visible	LCN Ver.2: 2 visible	LCN Ver.2: 3 visible	LCN Ver1. 4 visible
	LCN Ver.2: 1			LCN Ver2. 4 visible
	visible			
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	SID 2400
TS_id 1	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	S_name Test24
Network_id 2	S_type 0x19	S_type 0x16	S_type 0x0A	S_type 0x20
ON_id 1)	(MPEG4 HDTV)	(MPEG4 SDTV)	(adv codec Radio)	(HEVC HDR
	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	HD/UHD)
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		PMT PID 2400
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	V PID 2409
	LCN Ver.1: 1	LCN Ver.1: 2 visible	LCD ver.1: 3 visible	A PID 2309
	visible	LCN Ver.2: 2 visible	LCD ver.2: 3 visible	LCN ver1. 4 visible
	LCN Ver.2: 1			LCN ver1. 4 visible
	visible			

¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

Note 1: IRD can use the service_type when sorting the service types.

Note 2: Test21 (HD) has higher priority than Test11 (SD).

Note 3: Test23 (AAC) has higher priority than Test 13 (MPEG-1).

 $1. \quad \text{Channel list ID is set to 1 with country code equal to IRD country settings}.$

The TS_id is set to 1, but the network_id differs between multiplexes. This configuration simulates terrestrial regions.

Services in MUX1 are using MPEG-2 video and MPEG-1 LII audio. Services in MUX2 are allowed only use advanced coded video and audio, with other words, MPEG-4 AVC video and HE-AAC or E-AC-3 audio.

The reception quality from both frequencies must be such a good that the terrestrial receiver doesn't do any best service selection.

Test procedure:

- 2. Perforn factory reset to the receiver
- 3. Perform channel search
- 4. Verify that the all services are found
- 5. Verify that the services are ordered according the priority

Expected result:

The channel numbers are correct.

In NorDig basic IRDs (not supporting HEVC) only MPEG2 SDTV and MPEG4/AVC based SDTV and HDTV services are listed in service list according to their categories. MPEG4/AVC based services are prioritized over MPEG2 based services in correct categories.

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes

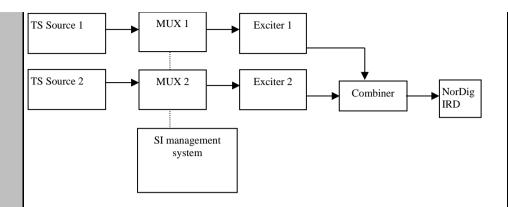




	HEVC MPEG ² services Service	Dig HEVC IRDs a based services are 4/AVC HDTV bas in correct catego is in service list sh	prioritized sed service ries. (MPE	d over MPE s are prioriti GC2) SDTV	G4/AVC based s ized over MPEG- services are liste	ervices, then 4/AVC SDTV ba	sed
Test result(s)	Measu	rement record:					
			NorDig	basic IRDs	(Non-HEVC)		
		Pos	'TV'	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	OK or NOK	
		1	Test21				
		2	Test22				
		3		Test23			
		Last in the list	Test11	Test13			
		Last in the list	Test12				
	,						1
				orDig HEV			
		Pos	'TV'	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	OK or NOK	
		1	Test21				
		2	Test22	T22			
		3	TF +2.4	Test23			
		4 Last in the list	Test24	T412			
		Last in the list	Test11 Test12	Test13			
		Last in the list	Test12				
		Last III the list	103114				l
Conformity	ОК	Fault Major [Minor,	define fail r	eason in commer	nts	
Comments		ble describe if fau be more specific fa	lt can be fi	xed with so	ftware update:		
Date				S	ign		

Test Case	Task 14:15 Service list – Component descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.3.6
Requirement	Zero or several Component descriptor(s) may be present in the SDT (according to DVB SI specification, ETSI EN300468 [13]), used in combination with the service_type in the Service descriptor to specify subtype of service, especially used for HEVC based TV services. It signalises the decoding complexity of the components for the service and Services that are not supported by the NorDig IRD should not be visible in the service list. If no Component descriptor is included in SDT for a HEVC service, the NorDig HEVC IRD shall interpret a HEVC service with service_type 0x1F as an UHD SFR compatible SDR service and a HEVC service with service_type 0x20 as an UHD SFR compatible PQ10 HDR service.
IRD Profile(s)	HEVC IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the Component descriptor. Equipment:





	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service4
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400
(1)	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x20
(-)	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	S_name Test14
	LCD: 1	LCD: 2	LCD: 3	LCD: 4
		HEVC/H.265 Main	HEVC/H.265 UHD	HEVC/H.265 UHD
	HEVC/H.265 Main	10	2160p	2160p
	Profile	Profile 1080p HD	video, 50Hz	video with PQ10
	1080p HD video, 50	video, 50	compatible	HDR
	Hz	Hz	stream_content:0x9,	stream_content:0x9,
	stream_content:0x9,	stream_content:0x9,	stream_content_ext:	stream_content_ext:
	stream_content_ext:	stream_content_ext:	0x0,	0x0,
	0x0,	0x0,	component_type:0x	component_type:0x
	component_type:0x	component_type:0x	04	05
	00	01		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200 (2)	SID 2300 (2)	SID 2400
(1)	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x20	Service type 0x20
` '	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	S_name Test24
	LCD: 5	LCD: 6	LCD: 7	LCD: 8
	HLG10 HDR	HEVC temporal	HEVC temporal	
	stream_content:0xB,	video	video	No Component
	stream_content_ext:	subset for a frame	subset for a frame	descriptor is
	0xF,	rate of	rate of	included in SDT
	component_type:0x	100 Hz (dual PID	100 Hz (dual PID	
	04	backward	backward	
		compatible HFR)	compatible HFR)	
		stream_content:0xB,	stream_content:0xB,	
		stream_content_ext:	stream_content_ext:	
		0xF,	0xF,	
		component_type:0x	component_type:0x	
		05	05	

- (1) Frequency Can be chosen depending of the distribution media
- (2) HFR HEVC temporal video subset for a frame rate of 100 Hz (dual PID backward compatible HFR), refers to one video PID with basic SFR 50Hz content and another video PID containing the extension from the basic SFR 50Hz PID up to 100Hz.

For the HFR dual PIDs (service Test22 and Test23), when only testing against NorDig HEVC IRDs (not supporting HFR) the second video PID (intended contain the extension 50Hz to 100Hz) the actual test encoding may be something else than the DVB/MPEG 50Hz-to-100Hz extensions as long as the signaling in PSI/SI (SDT and PMT) and first video PID (basic 50Hz SFR content) is according with DVB specifications. (This could be due to the complexity to generate real HFR dual PID encoding in the test setup).





	Test procedure:
	 Perform re-initialisation. Verify that the services on MUX1 and MUX2 are able to be received and decoded. Fill in the measurement record.
	Expected result: HEVC IRDs: Different types of services are available on the service list according to requirement. NorDig HEVC IRD (not supporting HFR) shall for the two dual PID HFR services (Test22 and Test23) be able to correctly select the basic 50Hz SFR videoPID, decode and display the HFR 100Hz service but in SFR 50Hz mode (ie ignore the second video PID containg the 50Hz-to-100Hz extension). Basic IRDs (non-HEVC IRDs): shall not be disturbed by HEVC service or its signaling.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

2.14.3 Quasi static PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 14:16 Quasi-static update of service list – service added
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.1 and 13.2.4
Requirement	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio). (13.2.4) The NorDig IRD shall dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables). Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs



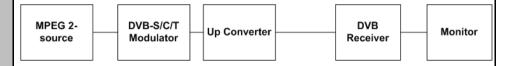


Test procedure

Purpose of the test:

To check that the IRD updates service list quasi-static when a service is added within transport stream.

Equipment:



Note: For the terrestrial networks where several transmitters can be received simultaneously, it is important to verify the parameters original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id to make a service unique. In cases where original_network_id and transport_stream_id are the same, but the services carried within transport stream differs, network_id can be interpreted to verify if the transport stream belongs to an other region.

Test procedure:

In initial phase transport stream carries at least one service. In second phase at least one new service is added inclusive the required PSI/SI signalization parameters.

- 1. Make first time installation of the IRD or verify that the IRD doesn't have the service which will be added in the service list already installed in the service list..
- 2. Check that the original service is accessed.
- Add a new service within transport stream, the added service(s) should be signalized as visible service in NIT NorDig Logical_channel_descriptor on a empty LCN (preferably one MPEG4/AVC and one HEVC based service should be added when testing HEVC IRDs)
 - a. Verify the service is added in SDT_actual, PAT and PMT.
 - b. Verify the service is added in service in NorDig Logical_channel_descriptor in NIT_actual
- 4. Verify that the IRD has added the new service(s) in service list and ESG,
- 5. if services not added then Toggle IRD from active mode to standby mode and from standby mode to active mode. Verify the added service is added to service list.

Expected result:

IRD automatically adds and updates the new service in the service list The service it is accessible.



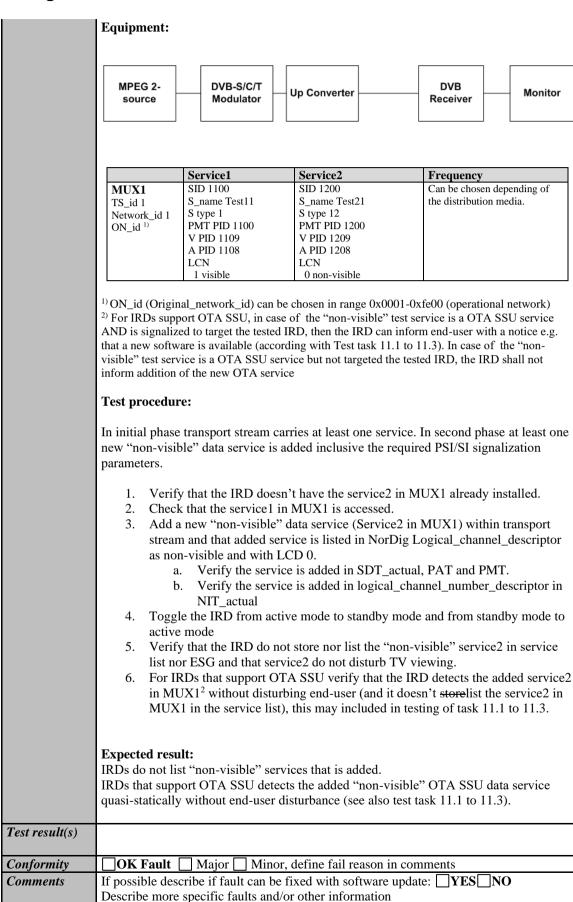


Test result(s)	If possible, mark how the service addition is done:
	User info/prompt:
	User info about change in broadcasted services, user action needed to proceed update/change service list.
	User info about change in broadcasted services, no user action needed to proceed update/change service list.
	☐ No user info about change in broadcasted services
	Update of service list:
	service(s) added during normal TV viewing mode (for example after zapping), without need for power cycle/toggle active to standby mode.
	service(s) added after power cycle (active mode to stand-by mode back to active mode)
	needs re-scan to add service(s) (FAIL)
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle YES \) NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:17 Quasi-static update of service list – non-visible data service added
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4
Requirement	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio). (13.2.4)Initiation of update in the Service List for services signaled as invisible should not require action/confirmation from user, (see section 12.2.9 NorDig private; Logic_Channel_descriptor (LCD) for invisible services).
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD does not add a "non-visible" service (Service type 0x0C, LCN: 0 non-visible, for example it could be an OTA SSU service for an IRD) in the service list quasi-statically when such a service is added within transport stream. To verify that the IRD supports OTA SSU and can detect an added OTA SSU service which is signalized as a"non-visible" data service (this may be tested together with test tasks 11.1 to 11.3).









Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:18 Quasi-static update of service list – services moved between
	different transport streams
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4
Requirement	This test is an addition to NorDig Unified Unified TestTask 8:26 and Task 8:29.
	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio). (13.2.4) The NorDig IRD shall dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables). Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).
IRD variants	all IRDs
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD updates service list quasi-static when one or several services are moved between different transport streams. Equipment:
	TS Source 1 MUX 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 Combiner STB



	Service1	Service2	Service 3	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	depending of
Network_id 1	S type 0x01	S type 0x01	S type 0x1F	the distribution
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	media.
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	
	LCN	LCN	LCN	
	1 visible	3 visible	5 visible	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	Can be chosen
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	depending of
Network_id 2	S type 0x19	S type 0x16	S type 0x20	the distribution
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	media. Not
_	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	V PID 2309	same as for
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	Exciter 1
	LCN	LCN	LCN	
	2 visible	4 visible	6 visible	

 $^{^{1)}}$ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

Test procedure:

- Verify that the private_data_specifier_descriptor and NorDig_logic_channel_descriptor are signaled in NIT_actual.
- 2. Perform a re-initialisation and a channel search.
- 3. Verify that the services from MUX 1 and MUX2 are located in service list as they are signaled.
- 4. Fill in the measurement record 1
- 5. Change following configurations:
 - 1. remove (MPEG2) service "Test11" from MUX1 and add this service to MUX2, rename it to "Test11 new"
 - 2. remove (MPEG4/AVC HD) service "Test21" from MUX2 and add this service to MUX1, rename it to "Test21 new"
 - 3. remove (HEVC) service "Test13" from MUX1 and add this service to MUX2, rename it to "Test13 new"
- 6. Toggle between active mode and standby mode.
- 7. Verify the services are stored at their logical numbers in the service list.
- 8. Fill in the measurement record 2.

When a move of service happens, its TS_id and Network_id change according to configuration in this test, the receiver shall identify the service as new and add it in the service list. When the receiver detects the service with equal LCN is removed, it shall move the service from the last positions in service list to its corresponding position signaled in LCN.

Expected result:

Services remain at their signaled logical channel positions after moving them between different transport streams.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



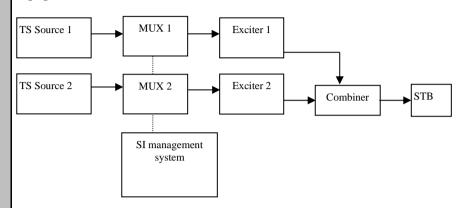
	Measuremen	nt record 1:		
	1	Basic NorDig IRD	HEVC NorDig IRD	OK or NOK
		TV/service list	TV/service list	OR of NOR
		1 Test11	1 Test11	
		2 Test21	2 Test21	
		3 Test12	3 Test12	
		4 Test22	4 Test22	
		İ	5 Test13	
		<u> </u>	6 Test23	
		Basic NorDig IRD	HEVC NorDig IRD	OK or NOK
		TV/service list	TV/service list	
		1 Test11 new	1 Test11 new	
		2 Test21 new	2 Test21 new	
		2.17		
		3 Test12	3 Test12	
		3 Test12 4 Test22	3 Test12 4 Test22	
			3 Test12	
			3 Test12 4 Test22 5 Test13 new	
Conformity	OK Fault	4 Test22	3 Test12 4 Test22 5 Test13 new 6 Test23	mments
Conformity Comments		4 Test22 Major Minor,	3 Test12 4 Test22 5 Test13 new	
	If possible de	4 Test22 Major Minor,	3 Test12 4 Test22 5 Test13 new 6 Test23 define fail reason in co	
	If possible de	4 Test22 Major Minor, escribe if fault can be f	3 Test12 4 Test22 5 Test13 new 6 Test23 define fail reason in co	

Test Case	Task 14:19 Quasi-static update of service list – service remove
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4
Requirement	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio). (13.2.4) The NorDig IRD shall dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables). Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of the test:



To check that the IRD updates service list quasi-static when a service is removed within transport stream.

Equipment:



	Service1	Service2	Service 3 for NorDig	Frequency
MUX1 TS_id 1	SID 1100 S_name Test11	SID 1200 S_name Test12	HEVC IRD SID 1200 S_name Test13	Can be chosen
Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208	S type 0x1F PMT PID 1300 V PID 1309 A PID 1308	depending of the distribution media.
MUX2 TS_id 2 Network_id 2 ON_id 1)	LCN 1 visible SID 2100 S_name Test21 S_type 0x19 PMT PID 2100 V PID 2109 A PID 2108 LCN 3 visible	LCN 2 visible SID 2200 S_name Test22 S_type 0x16 PMT PID 2200 V PID 2209 A PID 2208 LCN 4 visible	LCN 5 visible SID 2300 S_name Test23 S type 0x20 PMT PID 2300 V PID 2309 A PID 2308 LCN 6 visible	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media. Not same as for Exciter 1

 $^{^{1)}}$ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

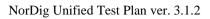
NOTE: For the terrestrial networks where several transmitters can be received simultaneously, it is important to verify the parameters original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id to make a service unique. In cases where original_network_id and transport_stream_id are the same, but the services carried within transport stream differs, network_id can be interpreted to verify if the transport stream belongs to an other region.

Test procedure:

In initial phase transport stream carries at least two services. In second phase one service is removed inclusive the required PSI/SI signalization parameters.

- 1. Make first time installation of the IRD or verify that all signaled services within transport stream are in the service list.
- 2. Remove service Test12 carried within transport stream through MUX1 and service Test23 in MUX2 (for the case HEVC IRD is tested)
 - a. Verify the services Test12 and Test23 is removed from SDT_actual, PAT and PMT in MUXes.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes





	 b. Verify the services Test12 and Test23 is removed from service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual in MUXes. 				
	c. Verify the services Test12 and Test23 is removed from SDT_other in				
	MUXes in case the SDT_other is signaled.				
	Toggle IRD from active mode to standby mode and from standby mode to active mode				
	4. Verify the service(s) removed from the service list.				
	Expected result: IRD automatically removes the service from the service list.				
	NOTE 1: If the removed service is reserved for any reason, e.g. for timer use, the IRD will have a conflict in that time when the removed service is requested. It is IRD manufacturer's responsibility to handle such a conflict.				
	NOTE 2: If the viewer is watching another service when a service is removed, displaying any notifications via OSD is not allowed to prevent disturbance to the viewer.				
	NOTE 3: If a user requests a removed service by zapping to that service, an OSD request to remove the service is allowed.				
	NOTE 4: Note that bad signal / reception problems shall not trigger a service removal.				
Test result(s)	If possible, mark how the service removal is done:				
	User info/prompt:				
	User info about change in broadcasted services, user action needed to proceed update/change service list.				
	User info about change in broadcasted services, no user action needed to proceed update/change service list.				
	☐ No user info about change in broadcasted services				
	Update of service list:				
	service(s) removed during normal TV viewing mode (for example after zapping), without need for power cycle/toggle active to standby mode.				
	service(s) removed after power cycle (active mode to stand-by mode back to active mode)				
	needs re-scan to remove a service(s) (FAIL)-				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 14:20 Quasi-static update of service list from NIT_actual for non- existing multiplexers / transport streams
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4



Requirement

(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).

(13.2.4) The NorDig IRD shall dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables).

Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).

IRD variants and capability

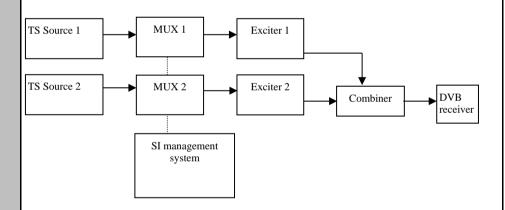
all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the IRD is able to update the service list automatically by doing it quasistatically or dynamically.

Equipment:



NOTE: Assumption in the transport stream NIT_actual is that it has not the TS_id signaled for the added multiplexer.

- Set up the system, start with only Mux1 output (with at least one service) and verify the Mux1 transport stream contains a NIT_actual with which lists only the TS1/Mux1 and its services with the logical_channel_descriptor and include relevant delivery descriptor (original_network_id in operating range and TS_id=0x1).
- 2. Do a reinstallation of the IRD
- 3. Verify IRD has all services from Mux1 in its service list (and a service from following steps is not stored in the service list.)
- 4. Turn off the IRD
- 5. Add Mux2 signal to the output (with at least one service). Mux 1 and Mux2 shall be signalized to belong to same network (same network_id). Mux1 NIT_actual shall now list both Mux1 and Mux2 in the ts_loop, in the ts loop of Mux1 it shall list the Mux1 services within logical_channel_descriptor and in





	the ts loop of Mux2 it shall list the Mux2 services within logical_channel_descriptor (i.e. in Mux1 NIT_actual add signaling about Mux2). Similar for Mux2 NIT actual its shal list both Mux1 and Mux2. 6. Turn on IRD. 7. Verify how (turn on or switch off) the IRD updates the changed data in the service list. 8. Fill in the test results how the updates are done. 9. Verify the IRD at least displays an information message to end-user stating a new scan is required or do a re-scan in the network. 10. Verify that the new service from the new multiplex is added to the service list. Expected result: IRD shall update the service list by doing a scan in case of the service is in a non-existing multiplex (not scanned before).					
Test result(s)	If possible, mark how the mux addition is triggered:					
	User info/prompt:					
	User info about change in broadcasted services, user action needed to proceed update/change service list.					
	User info about change in broadcasted services, update/change of the service list done in standby.					
	User info about change in broadcasted services, update/change of the service list done in when entering/exiting standby mode.					
	☐ No user info about change in broadcasted services (FAIL)					
	Update of service list:					
	service(s) added during normal TV viewing mode (for example after zapping), without need for power cycle/toggle active to standby mode.					
	service(s) added after power cycle (active mode to stand-by mode back to active mode)					
	re-scan trigger prompt to add muxes					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					

Test Case	Task 14:21 Quasi-static update of service list from NIT_actual for removing a multiplex
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4
Requirement	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for



service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).

(13.2.4) The NorDig IRD shall dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables).

Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).

IRD variants and capability

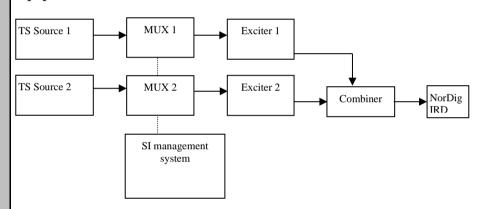
all IRDs

Test procedure

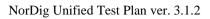
Purpose of test:

To verify that the IRD is able to update the service list automatically by doing it quasistatic.

Equipment:



- 1. Set up the system, start with Mux1 and Mux2 output (each with at least one service) and verify that both transport streams contains identical NIT_actual. I.e Mux1 NIT_actual shall list both Mux1 and Mux2 in the ts_loop, in the ts loop of Mux1 it shall list the Mux1 services within logical_channel_descriptor plus relevant delivery descriptor and in the ts loop of Mux2 it shall list the Mux2 services within logical_channel_descriptor plus relevant delivery descriptor. Same for Mux2 NIT actual, its shall list both Mux1 and Mux2. with (original_network_id in operating range, Mux1 TS_id e.g. 1 and Mux2 TS_id e.g. 2)
- 2. Do a reinstallation of the IRD
- 3. Verify which services IRD has in its service list (and a service from following steps is not stored in the service list.)
- 4. Select a channel which is located in TS Source 1.
- 5. Turn off the IRD
- Remove/stop Mux2 signal output, in the NIT_actual of Mux1 remove signalling of Mux2 including logical channel descriptor.
- 7. Turn on IRD.
- 8. Verify how (turn on or switch off) the IRD updates the changed data in the service list.
- 9. Fill in the test results how the updates are done.





	10. Verify the IRD at least displays an information message to end-user stating a new scan is required or do a re-scan in the network.
	11. Verify that services from Mux2/TS Source 2 are removed from channel list.
E	xpected result:
	RD shall update the service list by doing a re-scan.
	ote 1: ad signal or reception problems shall not trigger mux update.
Test result(s) If	possible, mark how the mux deletion is triggered:
Us	ser info/prompt:
	User info about change in broadcasted services, user action needed to proceed pdate/change service list.
	User info about change in broadcasted services, update/change of the service list one in standby.
	User info about change in broadcasted services, update/change of the service list one in when entering/exiting standby mode.
	No user info about change in broadcasted services (FAIL)
$oxed{\mathbf{U}_{\mathrm{l}}}$	pdate of service list:
	service(s) removed during normal TV viewing mode (for example after zapping), rithout need for power cycle/toggle active to standby mode.
	service(s) removed after power cycle (active mode to stand-by mode back to active node)
	re-scan trigger prompt to remove muxes
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
	spossible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO pescribe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:22 Quasi-static update of NorDig LCN v1				
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.9.2, 12.2.9.6 and 13.2.2				
Requirement	NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:				
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor (here used when private_data_specifier_value set to 0x00000029 to identify that a private descriptor within the descriptor loop with tag 0x83 is NorDig Channel Descriptor v1) NorDig channel descriptor v1 (12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-				



data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services..

(12.2.9.6) Sorting of services inside a Channel list

All "visible" services shall be displayed in the service list(s), sorted according to logic_channel_number and be addressed with a number in the service list equal to the logic_channel_number, as far as possible. The IRD may have several default service lists (or sections inside one) for the different service_types, for example one for each service_type or typically three main categories; TV, Radio and Others ("Others" is not applicable for IRDs without API). If the NorDig IRD has several service lists, the addressing of each service in each list shall match, as much as possible the logic_channel_number value (if no collision within a list).

Services shall first be ordered depending on their original_network_id, secondly to their service category, thirdly to their logic_channel_number and last on their service_type (independently of several services have collision in the logic_channel_number or if they are listed or not in the logic_channel_descriptor). I.e. first all services from one original network and within that original_network first all TV category services, after that all Radio category services and last all Other category services. After that original network any next original network that the IRD is able to receive and so on.

Services listed in the logic_channel_descriptor, shall have higher priority when ordering the services in the default service list, than services that are not listed. With other words, broadcast services may not be listed in any logic_channel_descriptor and these shall be displayed and accessible in the default service list, but be located last in the service list, in order to their service_type.

(13.2.2) The NorDig IRD shall make use of the descriptors listed in Table 13.1 in all NIT_actual (the transport stream the NorDig IRD is tuned to) and NIT_other (other transport stream) tables available in order to update the service list (system delivery data, number of transport streams, logic channel number etc).

IRD variants and capability

all IRDs

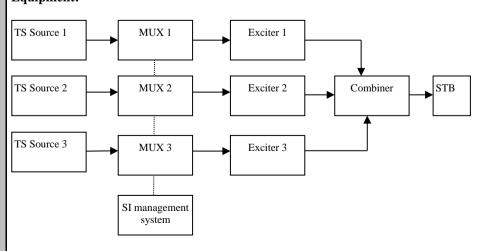
Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To check the support for the private data specifier and NorDig logic channel version 1 descriptors.

To verify that the services, which are not listed in NorDig logic_channel_descriptor are displayed last in service list for that service type.

Equipment:





	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service4	Service5 for HEVC IRDs	
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400	SID 1500	
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	S_name Test14	S_name Test15	
Network_id 1	S type 0x01 or	S type 0x0C	S type 0x02	S type 0x19	S type 0x1F	
ON_id 1)	0x16	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	PMT PID 1400	PMT PID 1500	
(3)	PMT PID 1100	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	V PID 1409	V PID 1509	
	V PID 1109	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	A PID 1408	A PID 1508	
	A PID 1108	LCN	LCN	LCN	LCN	
	LCN	0 non-visible	3 visible	0 non-visible	20 visible	
	1 visible					
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300		SID 2500	
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23		S_name Test25	
Network_id 2	S type 0x01 or	S type 0x19	S type 0x16		S type 0x20	
ON_id 1)	0x16	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300		PMT PID 2500	
(3)	PMT PID 2100	V PID 2209	V PID 2309		V PID 2509	
	V PID 2109	A PID 2208	A PID 2308		A PID 2508	
	A PID 2108	LCN	LCN		LCN	
	LCN	missing	98 visible		0 non-visible	
	3 visible		Simulcast			
			replacement			
			pointing to			
3.411373	GID 2100	GID 2200	Test25	CID 2400	GID 2500	
MUX3	SID 3100	SID 3200	SID 3300	SID 3400	SID 3500	
TS_id 3	S_name Test31	S_name Test32	S_name Test33	S_name Test34	S_name Test35	
Network_id 3	S type 0x01 PMT PID 3100	S type 0x19 PMT PID 3200	S type 0x16 PMT PID 3300	S type 0x19 PMT PID 3400	S type 0x20 PMT PID 3500	
ON_id 1)	V PID 3100	V PID 3200	V PID 3300	V PID 3400	V PID 3500	
(3)	A PID 3109	A PID 3209	A PID 3309	A PID 3409	A PID 3509	
	LCN	LCN	LCN	LCN	LCN	
	2 visible	4 visible	5 visible	10 visible	1 visible	
	2 VISIBLE	+ visible	J VISIBLE	10 visible	1 VISIDIC	

¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for all muxes

- 1. Verify that the private_data_specifier_descriptor and NorDig_channel_descriptor are signaled in NIT_actual. No Simulcast replacement signaling for Test23 (with with that until step 6 below).
- 2. If needed perform a re-initialisation and a channel search.
- 3. Verify that the services from MUX 1, MUX2 and MUX3 are located in service list as they are signaled.
- 4. Fill in the measurement record 1
- Verify for basic IRDs the service2/Test22 in MUX2 is listed last in the TV service list and for HEVC IRDs that the service1/Test11 in Mux11 is listed last
- 6. Change the content of the following logical_channel_descriptors
 - a. service2/Test12 in MUX1: from 0 to 1 (visible)
 - b. service4/Test14 in MUX1: from 0 to 4 (visible)
 - c. service1/Test21 in MUX2: from 3 to 99 (remains visible)
 - d. service2/Test32 in MUX3: from 4 to 5 (remains visible)
 - e. service3/Test33 in MUX3: from 5 to 0 (non-visible)
 - f. service4/Test34 in MUX3: from 10 to 3 (remains visible)
 - g. service5/Test25 in MUX2: from 0 to 98 (visible)
 - h. service3/Test23 in MUX2: add Simulcast replacement descry pointing to service Test25.
- 7. Toggle between active mode and standby mode.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes

³⁾ Frequency can be chosen depending of the distribution media, however Mux1, Mux2 and Mux3 shall have different frequencies.





- 8. Verify the services are stored at their logical numbers in the service list.
- 9. Fill in the measurement record 2.

Expected result:

Services are stored in correct type of service lists and in their signaled logical channel positions.

Service2 in MUX2 is listed last in the TV service list.

Test result(s)

Measurement record 1

NorDig IRDs with separate list for TV, Radio and others. (nn refers to last in list)

Basic	HEVC			OK or NOK
NorDig IRD	NorDig IRD			
TV list	TV list	Radio list	Data list	
1 Test11	1 Test35	3 Test13		
2 Test31	2 Test31			
3 Test21	3 Test21			
4 Test32	4 Test32			
5 Test33	5 Test33			
10 Test34	10 Test34			
98 Test23	20 Test15			
99 Test22	98 Test23			
	99 Test22			
	100 Test11			

NorDig IRDs with a common list for TV, Radio and others. (nn refers to last in list)

Basic	HEVC	OK or NOK
NorDig IRD	NorDig IRD	
Service list	Service list	
1 Test11	1 Test35	
2 Test31	2 Test31	
3 Test21	3 Test21	
4 Test32	4 Test32	
5 Test33	5 Test33	
10 Test34	10 Test34	
98 Test23	20 Test15	
99 Test22	98 Test23	
nn Test13	99 Test22	
	100 Test11	
	nn Test13	



	Measurement record 2					
	NorDig IRDs with separate list for TV, Radio and others. (nn refers to last in list)					
	Basic NorDig I TV list	TV list	Radio list	Data 1 Tes		OK or NOK
	1 Test11 2 Test31 3 Test34 4 Test14 5 Test32 98 Test2 99 Test2 100 Test2	* 4 Test14* 5 Test32* 20 Test15 1* 98 Test25* 22* 99 Test21*	3 Test13	1 Tes	112"	
	NorDig IRDs	100 Test22 101 Test11 with a common list for	or TV, Radio	o and others	s. (nn refe	ers to last in list)
	TOIDIS INDS					13 to last in list)
		Basic NorDig IRD Service list	HEVC NorDig IR Service list	D	r NOK	
		1 Test11 2 Test31 3 Test34* 4 Test14* 5 Test32* 98 Test23 99 Test21* 100 Test22* nn Test13 nn Test12	1 Test35 2 Test31 3 Test34* 4 Test14* 5 Test32* 20 Test15 98 Test25* 99 Test21* 100 Test22 101 Test11 nn Test13 nn Test12	* * 2		
Conformity	OK Fault		define fail re			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				ES□NO	
Date			Si	ign		

Test Case	Task 14:23 Quasi-static update of NorDig LCN v2
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.9.3, 12.2.9.6
Requirement	NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted: Private_data_specifier_descriptor (here used when private_data_specifier_value set to 0x00000029 to identify that a private descriptor within the descriptor loop with tag 0x87 is NorDig Channel Descriptor v2) NorDig logical_channel_descriptor v2



(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service ID, number of services... (12.2.9.6) Sorting of services inside a Channel list All "visible" services shall be displayed in the service list(s), sorted according to logic channel number and be addressed with a number in the service list equal to the logic channel number, as far as possible. The IRD may have several default service lists (or sections inside one) for the different service types, for example one for each service type or typically three main categories; TV, Radio and Others ("Others" is not applicable for IRDs without API). If the NorDig IRD has several service lists, the addressing of each service in each list shall match, as much as possible the logic channel number value (if no collision within a list). Services shall first be ordered depending on their original network id, secondly to their service category, thirdly to their logic_channel_number and last on their service_type (independently of several services have collision in the logic_channel_number or if they are listed or not in the logic channel descriptor). I.e. first all services from one original network and within that original_network first all TV category services, after that all Radio category services and last all Other category services. After that original network any next original network that the IRD is able to receive and so on. Services listed in the logic channel descriptor, shall have higher priority when ordering the services in the default service list, than services that are not listed. With other words, broadcast services may not be listed in any logic channel descriptor and these shall be displayed and accessible in the default service list, but be located last in the service list, in order to their service type. (13.2.2) The NorDig IRD shall make use of the descriptors listed in Table 13.1 in all NIT_actual (the transport stream the NorDig IRD is tuned to) and NIT_other (other transport stream) tables available in order to update the service list (system delivery data, number of transport streams, logic channel number etc). IRD variants all IRDs and capability Purpose of test: Test procedure To check the support for the private data specifier and NorDig logic channel version 2 descriptors. **Equipment:** MUX 1 TS Source 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 Combiner SI management

system



	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service4 for
				HEVC IRDs
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	S_name Test14
Network_id 1	S type 1	S type 0x0C	S type 2	S type 0x1F
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	PMT PID 1400
(3)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	V PID 1409
. ,	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	A PID 1408
	LCN Ver.2 1 visible	LCN Ver.2 0	LCN Ver.2 3	LCN
		non-visible	visible	20 visible
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	SID 2400
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	S_name Test24
Network_id 2	S type 1	S type 1	S type 0x19	S type 0x20
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	PMT PID 2400
(3)	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	V PID 2309	V PID 2409
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	A PID 2408
	LCN Ver.2 3 visible	LCN Ver.2	LCN Ver.2 98	LCN
		missing	visible	1 visible

ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

For satellite networks the channel lists represented in tables below are valid due to the capability to receive services within one and same ON_id in different countries where even different country_settings in receiver are relevant. The LCN is equal in all different channel lists IDs.

For cable and terrestrial networks, a subset of channel lists is required as long as one and same ON_id is in concern. Transmissions in these networks are not normally dedicated for receivers with different country settings. Therefore, one channel list is enough to test requirement in this test.

MUX1:

Channel_list_ID	Channel list name	Country_code
1	ListSWE	SWE
2	ListFIN	FIN
3	ListNOR	NOR
4	ListDNK	DNK
5	ListICE	ICE

MUX2:

Channel_list_ID	Channel list name	Country_code
1	ListSWE	SWE
2	ListFIN	FIN
3	ListNOR	NOR
4	ListDNK	DNK
5	ListICE	ICE

- Verify that the private_data_specifier_descriptor and NorDig_channel_descriptor are signaled in NIT_actual.
- 2. If needed perform a re-initialisation and a channel search.

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes

³⁾ Frequency can be chosen depending of the distribution media, however Mux1 and Mux2 shall have different frequencies.





- 3. Verify that the services from MUX 1 and MUX2 are located in service list as they are signaled.
- 4. Fill in the measurement record 1
- 5. Verify the service2/Test22 in MUX2 is listed last in the TV service list.
- 6. Change the content of the following logical_channel_descriptors
 - a. service1/Test21 in MUX2: from 3 to 99 (remains visible)
 - b. service2/Test12 in MUX1: from 0 to 1 (visible)
- 7. Toggle between active mode and standby mode.
- 8. Verify the services are stored at their logical numbers in the service list.
- 9. Fill in the measurement record 2.

Expected result:

Services are stored in correct categories of service lists, with correct channel list name, and in their signaled logical channel positions.

Service2 in MUX2 is listed last in the TV service list.

Quasi-static update of service list is performed.

Test result(s)

Measurement record 1:

Selected country settings in receiver(for information)	
Selected channel list name (for information)	

NorDig IRDs with separate list for TV, Radio and others. (nn refers to last in list, order between several nn up to IRD manufacture, but nn shall be listed before mm services)

Basic NorDig IRD TV list	HEVC NorDig IRD TV list	Radio list	Data list	OK or NOK
1 Test11 3 Test21 98 Test23 99 Test22	1 Test24 3 Test21 20 Test 14 98 Test23 nn Test22 nn Test11	3 Test13		

NorDig IRDs with a common list for TV, Radio and others. (nn refers to last in list, , order between several nn up to IRD manufacture, but nn shall be listed before mm services)

Basic	HEVC	OK or NOK
NorDig IRD	NorDig IRD	
Service list	Service list	
1 Test11	1 Test24	
3 Test21	3 Test21	
98 Test23	20 Test 14	
99 Test22	98 Test23	
nn Test13	nn Test22	
	nn Test11	
	mm Test13	



	Measurement record 2:				
	Selected country settings in receiver (for information)				
	Selected channel list name (for information)				
	NorDig IRDs with s between several nn	up to IRD manu			fore mm services)
	Basic NorDig IRD TV list	HEVC NorDig IRD	Radio list	Data list	OK or NOK
	1 Test11 98 Test23 99 Test21* 100 Test22*	TV list 1 Test24 20 Test 14 98 Test23 99 Test21* nn Test22* nn Test11	3 Test13	1 Test12*	
	NorDig IRDs with a order between sever services)	ral nn up to IRD	manufacture, bu	at nn shall be lis	
		Basic NorDig IRD Service list	HEVC NorDig IRD Service list	NOK or OK	
		1 Test11 98 Test23 99 Test21*	1 Test24 20 Test 14 98 Test23		
		nn Test13 mm Test 12*	99 Test21* nn Test22* nn Test 21 mm Test13		
		12	oo Test12*		
Conformity	OK Fault M	ajor Minor,	define fail reaso	n in comments	
Comments	If possible describe Describe more speci	if fault can be fi	xed with softwa	re update: Y l	ES□NO
Date			Sign		

2.15 Task 15: PVR Functionality

Test Case	Task 15:1 Recording File System
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2





Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall at all times keep a file system of the PVR's recordings and make them available upon request for the user to select and playback. The user shall be able to list the recordings as: • all recordings, as ordered by date&time For all recordings that have been programmed via the ESG or EPG, each recorded item in the NorDig PVR's list of recordings shall display for the user at least information about the recorded event's date of recording and event_name extracted from EIT data during the recording. If no event information is available for a specific recording then the service_name shall be used. For manual recording that span several events, it is recommended to use the service_name instead.
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD rerodings file system is according requirements
	Test procedure: This is a general requirement and will be tested in the following test tasks.

Test Case	Task 15:2 Recording capacity		
	N. D. W. G. 14400		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.2		
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to indicate its momentary available recording capacity. The basis for the indication shall be explained in the instruction manual and should be in terms of capacity (e.g. GB), percentage or time (e.g. hours).		
	The Manufacture shall clearly state the recording capacity for the NorDig PVR in marketing specification and in the instruction manual. It shall as a minimum be specified in terms of bytes (like GigaByte, GB etc).		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
•	To verify that IRD indicates the capacity of the mass storage.		
	Equipment:		
	IRD Under test		
	Test procedure:		
	1. Verify that the recording capacity is presented in the IRD menu.		
	2. Verify that the instruction manual states clearly the recording capacity.		
	Expected results:		
	The IRD and the instruction manual indicates the recording capacity.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Dobescribe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		



Test Case	Task 15:3 Deletion of the recordings		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.3		
Requirement	The user shall be able to manually delete any recorded event in the NorDig PVR by deleting one recording at the time. The NorDig PVR shall have a mode (set as factory default) where the NorDig PVR shall ask for user confirmation before deletion of recordings (i.e. the NorDig PVR may in addition have alternative mode where the NorDig PVR will delete recordings without any extra confirmation).		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver that the IRD can delete PVR content. Test Equipment: MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor Test procedure: 1. Open the Receivers PVR/PDR content menu. 2. Select one recorded program and delete it. 3. Verify that the content is removed and PVR/PDR storage is freed. 4. Verify that the IRD has a function that removes all recordings from the mass storage. Expected results: The receiver shall handle deletion of the recorded content.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 15:4 Failed and incomplete recordings
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.4
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall have a mechanism for informing the user of failed or incomplete (partial) recordings. For incomplete (partial) recordings it should inform the user how much of the booked event has not been successfully recorded.
IRD variants	PVR IRD
and capability	





Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles the failded and incomplete recordings according requirements. Equipment: IRD Under test Test procedure:	
	 Schedule a recording. Disconnect IRD from mains before the start time of the recording. Re-connect IRD to mains after the end time of the recording. Verify that the IRD indicates the recording has failed. Incomplete recordings will be tested in test cases below.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Do Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:5 File system intact after update	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.6	
Requirement	The NorDig PVR's file systems of recorded events shall be intact after • updating of the PVR IRD's System Software and/or • updating of CA system and/or • re-installation or update of installed services	
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD file system is intact after system update, CA system update and/or reistallation or update of the installed services Equipment: IRD Under test Test stream Preparation for the test: 1. Perform recordings to the IRD mass media.	
	 View some of the recordings. List the content on the mass media. 	
	 Test procedure: Perform a SW update (for example, during SSU update test tasks). Verify that all expected recordings on the IRD mass media are available after the SW update. Perform a CA system update:	





Expected result: The file system is intact after a software update. Test result(s)		5. Perform factory reset and new insta6. Verify that all expected recordings the new installation.	allation of the IRD on the IRD mass media are available after
Test point Recordings are available after SW update Recordings are available after CA system update Recordings are available after IRD reinstallation Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		•	late.
Recordings are available after SW update Recordings are available after CA system update Recordings are available after IRD reinstallation Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	Test result(s)	Measurement record	
Recordings are available after SW update Recordings are available after CA system update Recordings are available after IRD reinstallation Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		Test point	Result OK/NOK
update Recordings are available after IRD reinstallation OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Installation		,	
Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		_	
Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \[\textstyre{YES} \] NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		installation	
Describe more specific faults and/or other information	Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor,	define fail reason in comments
·	Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with	software update: YES NO
Date Sign		Describe more specific faults and/or other in	formation
	Date		Sign

	Total de Olividado de manda de contrata de	
	Task 15:6 Limitations in recorded content – no extraction	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.7	
Requirement	For protected content (unless otherwise specified by the relevant network/Operator), it	
	shall not be possible to extract or output content from the NorDig PVR in un-protected	
	format, therefore all recordings shall be stored in a protected format not easy to extract	
	by the user.	
IRD variants	PVR IRD	
and capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	
-	To verify that IRD's recorded content is not extratable to the user	
	Equipment:	
	IRD Under test	
	Test procedure:	
	 Make sure that IRD has some recorded content 	
	2. Verify that the content is not extractable in un-protected format	
	Expected results:	
	The IRD shall protect the content on mass storage.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Task 15:7 Limitations in recorded content – downscaling of the HD content to the removable media





Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.7	
Requirement	NorDig PVRs' using standardised removable media, such as DVD or Blu-ray for recording of protected content shall downscale any content with higher resolution than SD (i.e. higher than 720x576i25 or 960x540p50) to SD resolution (maximum 720x576 or 960x540) before storing it to the removable media.Content with HD resolution or higher may be recorded in its original resolution if the recording retains the original broadcast scrambling or any other local device scrambling approved by the Network/Operator.	
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	
	To verify that IRD's recorded content is downscaled to standardized removable media.	
	Equipment:	
	IRD Under test	
	This test is applicable only for NorDig PVR IRDs that are able to store the content to a standardized removable media, such as DVD or Blu-ray disc.	
	Test procedure: 1. Record HD content to a standardized media. 2. Verify that the content is recorded as downscaled to SD format.	
	2. Verify that the content is recorded as downscaled to 5D format.	
	Expected results: The IRD shall downscale the content on removable media.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:8 Disk Management
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.8
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall have appropriate disk management (including de-fragementation handling for Hard Disk Drive based PVRs) to minimise need for re-formatting disk during its lifetime.
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD has the disk management function Equipment: IRD Under test Test procedure: 1. Verify that the IRD has the disk management and de-fragmentation function Expected results: The IRD has the disk management function.





Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:0 General BVP recording _ hitrates		
	Task 15:9 General PVR recording – bitrates		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.1		
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall as a minimum support recording up to 20 Mbps per (SD/576i) service and shall as a minimum support recording up to 30 Mbps per (HD/1080i/720p) service. The NorDig HEVC PVR shall in addition as a minimum support recording up to 25 Mbps per (Full HD/1080p) service and shall as a minimum support recording up to 45 Mbps per (UHD/2160p) service.		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD meet with the general requirements Equipment: MPEG 2-source Test stream with SD service of 20 Mbps bit rate Test stream with HD service of 30 Mbps bit rate Test procedure: 1. Select a SD service with 20 Mbps bit rate. 2. Start recording for duration of one hour. 3. Select a HD service with 30 Mbps bit rate. 4. Start recording for duration of one hour. 5. Verify that the recordings are performed correctly. Expected results: The IRD is cabable of recording with the required service bitrate.	_ Monitor	
Test result(s)	Measurement record		
	Test point SD content, bitrate up to 20Mbps can be recorded and viewed HD content, bitrate up to 30Mbps can be recorded and viewed	Result OK/NOK	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in co	mments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: Describe more specific faults and/or other information	TES NO	
Date	Sign		

Task 15:10 General PVR recording – service types



Section	NorDig Unified	14.3.1 and 14.3.9	9		
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to record all supported service types (TV, radio etc) and				
Requirement			NorDig Unified 14.		1 v, radio etc) and
		(/-	
IRD variants	PVR IRD				
and capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test				
	To verify that II	RD record and pla	ays all service type	s and the compon	ents in the service
	E				
	Equipment:				
	l				
	TS Source 1	MUX 1	Exciter 1		
	l				
	TS Source 2	MUX 2	Exciter 2	(C 1)	STB
				Combiner	→ S1B
		SI manageme	ent		
		system			
	l —		I a		
	MUX1	Service1 SID 1100	Service2 SID 1200	Service3 SID 1300	Frequency Can be chosen
	TS_id 1	Service type 0x01	Service type 0x02	Service type 0x0C	depending of the
	Network_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	distribution media
	ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300 V PID 1309	
		A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	
		LCD: 1 visible Encrypted	LCD: 2 visible Clear	LCD: 3 visible Clear	
	157772	SID 2100		SID 2300	G 1 1
	MUX2 TS id 2	Service type 0x16	SID 2200 Service type 0x19	Service type 0x0A	Can be chosen depending of the
	Network_id 2 ²⁾	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	distribution media
	ON_id ¹	PMT PID 2100 V PID 2109	PMT PID 2200 V PID 2209	PMT PID 2300	
		A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	
		LCD: 4 visible	LCD: 5 visible	LCD: 6 visible	
		Clear	Clear	Clear	
					ational network) and
			it shall be same for		
	"Network_id for l	DVB-C and DVB-S	S/S2 IRD tests shall be	be same in all muxe	S
	Channel list ID	is set to 1 and co	untry_code accordi	ing to country sett	ings in the
	receiver.		-	- •	-
			EG-2 video and M		
	Services in MUX2 are allowed only use advanced coded video and audio, with other words MPEG-4 AVC video and HE-AAC or E-AC-3 audio.				
	Services may co	mam mumpie au	idio and subtitling	macks and teletext	L .
	 Test procedure	:			
		-			
	1. Perform factory reset and new installation of the IRD.				
	2. Verify	the IRD installs t	he channels to app	ropriate service li	sts.
	3. Perform	n a recording, e.g	g.5 min, on each se	rvice.	

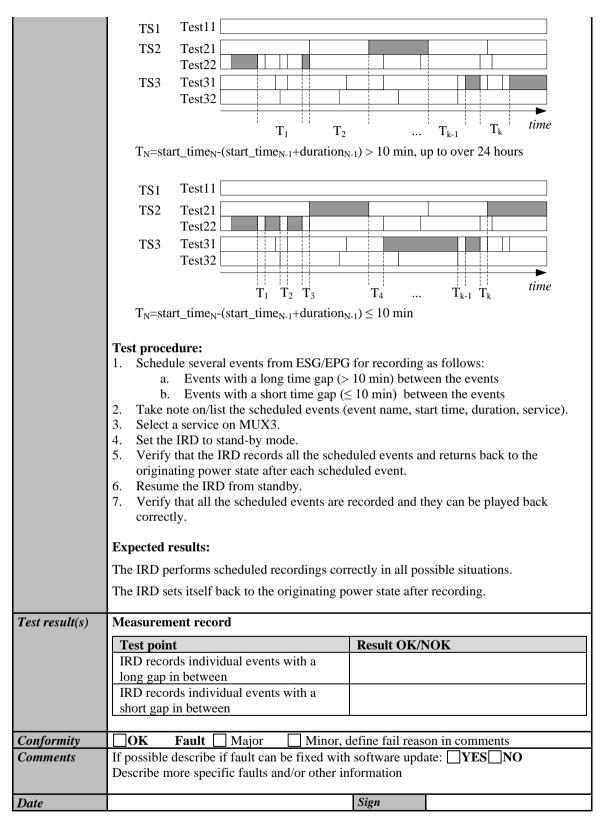




	 4. Play back the recordings. 5. Verify that the IRD plays back the recordings correctly and all components are available in the recording. Expected results: The IRD records and plays the complete service. 			
Test result(s)	Service name	Service type	Result OK/NOK	
	Test11	Digital television service (0x01)		
	Test12	Digital radio sound service (0x02)		
	Test13	Data broadcast service (0x0C)		
	Test21	H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x16)		
	Test22	H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x19)		
	Test23	Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A)		
Conformity	□OK F	'ault Major Minor, define fail reason in comn	nents	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
	Describe mor	re specific faults and/or other information		
Date		Sign		

	Task 15:11 ESG/EPG recording programming – individual events without CRID
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the user to select individual events and series to be recorded from the ESG or EPG display (based on information from EIT data).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to handle several scheduled recordings (manual and EPG scheduled) in on mode. To verify that the IRD is able to wake up from standby to perform scheduled recordings and set itself back into the originating power state after the scheduled recordings have been completed.
	Equipment:
	Live network or a test network of 3 MUX (tbd) is used for this test.
	ESG schedule events as follows:





	Task 15:12 ESG/EPG recording programming – individual event with CRID
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2





Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the user to select individual events and series to be recorded from the ESG or EPG display (based on information from EIT data).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
	D 64 4
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD enables ESG/EPG reording programming for individual event.
	Equipment:
	IRD Under test
	Stream
	Test procedure:
	1. Open the EPG and schedule a recording by selecting an event with CRID in the
	EPG.
	 Verify that the IRD records the event correctly.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	3. Playback recording initiated by EPG.
	Expected results:
	The IRD enables recording from EPG/ESG.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:13 ESG/EPG recording programming – individual event with CRID – same event recording
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2
Requirement	If the user selects an event for recording from the ESG/EPG which has the same programme CRID value as an earlier recording within the NorDig PVR list of recordings, the NorDig PVR shall inform the user at the time of booking that this new selected event might already have been recorded and offer the option for the user to record anyway or not (1). The NorDig PVR should display information about this earlier recording (like the event name, date of recording and description).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD





Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD informs user if ESG/EPG reording programming for individual event is already set for recording. Equipment: IRD Under test Stream with EIT including CRID. Two events shall have the same CRID value.
	 Test procedure: Open the EPG and schedule a recording by selecting an event with CRID in the EPG. Try schedule another later recording from the ESG/EPG by selecting an event with the same CRID in the EPG that has been already selected for recording. Verify that the IRD informs the user that the event is already set for recording.
	Expected results: The IRD inform user if the same program with same CRID is already selected for recording from the EPG/ESG.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:14 ESG/EPG recording programming – series
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.3
Requirement	All events that have the same series CRID belongs to the same Series. An individual event inside a Series is referenced here as an Episode. (For definition of CRID see section 12.4.6.2).
	The NorDig PVR shall be able to record a complete Series via the CRID. The NorDig PVR shall store and track series CRIDs that are programmed for recording for up to 91 days between occurrences in EIT schedule. To allow broadcasters to reuse a series CRID for a different editorial concept, the NorDig PVR shall discard any series CRIDs not seen in EIT for 91 days.
	The display of programmes selected for recording shall include an indication if the programme is included as a consequence of being one of a series.
	The IRD should be aware that the default authority may be changed over time (for example a service might have default authority added in SDT), the NorDig PVR should automatically update its stored default authorities (not only during installation).
	The NorDig PVR shall support recording of all episodes of a specific series via series CRID'ws in the broadcast.
	It shall be possible from ESG/EPG to program the NorDig PVR to record a series of
	events. The NorDig PVR shall indicate in the ESG/EPG that an event is part of a series (1). The NorDig PVR shall, if the user selects to record the event that belongs to a series, request the user what to record:
	1.Only the single event selected.
	2.Several or All events (episodes) of the series



IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:					
•	To verify that IRD enables ESG/EPG reording programming for series of events.					
	Equipment:					
	IRD Under test					
	Stream with EIT information including CRID.					
	Test procedure:					
	1. Open the EPG and schedule a recording by selecting a series CRID in the EPG.					
	Verify that EPG contains information that event is part of the SeriesInitiate recording					
	4. Verify that IRD is asking if one or all Episodes shall be recorded					
	5. Select all Episodes					
	6. Verify that all Episodes of the Series is recorded					
	 Playback all recordings initiated by EPG and verify that recordings are playbacked correctly 					
	 8. Open the EPG and schedule a recording by selecting a series CRID in the EPG. 9. Verify that EPG contains information that event is part of the Series 10. Initiate recording 					
11. Verify that IRD is asking if one or all Episodes shall be recorded						
	12. Select all one Episode					
13. Verify that only one Episode of the Series is recorded						
	14. Playback recording initiated by EPG and verify that recording is playbacked correctly Expected results:					
	The IRD enables series recording from EPG/ESG.					
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					

	Task 15:15 Split recordings	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.4	
Requirement	A programme may consist of multiple EIT events within the same service or over several services. For example, a film might be divided into two parts/blocks interrupted by a news programme in the middle (see Figure 14.1 A) or a longer sport event might be split into several parts/blocks over several services, (see Figure 14.1 B). Signalling carried in the SI allows the PVR to identify and record all the events containing the parts of a single programme. A "split programme" is a single piece of content which comprises of two or more EIT events having the same CRID and IMI value with the gap from the scheduled end time (start_time plus duration) to the scheduled start time of any two of those events is less than 3 hours (see section 12.4.6).	





	The NorDig PVR shall consider a split programme to be segments of a single item of content (1). When selecting a split programme for recording, the NorDig PVR shall select and record all constituent events so that the complete programme content is recorded.		
	There are cases where a NorDig PVR may during the time of programming a recording only see a single event with the booked CRID and IMI combination (for example initially only the first part/block of the split programme has so far been included in the EIT).		
	The NorDig PVR shall continue to monitor the EIT for additional events with the same CRID and IMI combination and include them to the selected recording (1). In case of overlap between the split events and if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity when back-to-back recording, then the NorDig PVR shall first finalise recording of the first part/event of the split programme (according to the events start time and duration) before starting recording the next part of the split programme, This is the same behaviour as back-to-back recordings.		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles split recordings. Equipment: IRD Under test Streams with split events of same content: Stream 1: Event splitted on the same channel with max. 3 hour gap between splitted events Stream 2: Event splitted between two channels in different multiplexes without gaps between splits Stream 3: Event splitted between two channels in different multiplexes with gaps between splits (max. 3 hour) Stream 4: Event splitted between two channels in different multiplexes with overlaps between splits Test procedure: Initiate recording of event part of a content split into several events from EPG. The IRD presents information that there are several that are part of the same content and offer to record the whole content. Repeat with all test streams Expected result: The IRD is able to initiate recording of several events that are part of the same content and it is indicated in the EPG. The IRD presents this in a user friendly way.		
Test result(s) Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Conformity Comments	OK Fault		
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:16 Split recordings- dynamic update of EIT	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.4	



Requirement	During the lifecycle of EIT schedule broadcasters may change programmes from split to single or vice versa.		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles split recordings. Equipment: IRD Under test Streams with events of same content: Stream 1: Event splitted dynamically(*) on the same channel with max. 3 hour gap between splitted events Stream 2: Event dynamically(*) splitted between two channels in different multiplexes with out gaps between splits Stream 3: Event dynamically(*) splitted between two channels in different multiplexes with gaps between splits (max. 3 hour) Stream 4: Event splitted dynamically(*) between two channels in different multiplexes with overlaps between splits Stream 5: A splitted event dynamically(*) changed to single event *Dynamically means update of the event information to correspond the change of single program to a splitted program or a splitted program to a single program Test procedure: Initiate recording of a event that is dynamically changed to splitted event or one event from EPG. Verify that the IRD records the whole event. Repeat with all test streams Expected result: The IRD is able to record dynamically changed splitted events.		
Test result(s) Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:17 Recommended events
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.5
Requirement	When the event selected has one or more recommendation(s) associated with it (signalised from original event with crid_type 0x03), the NorDig PVR should offer the option to record the recommendations (programme or series) as well as the selected programme or series. Once selected, the appropriate recommended event(s) shall also be marked as selected to be recorded on the EPG display. The recommended event(s) may also have recommendation(s) of its own. When user chooses to select to include the recommendation(s) into the recording, the NorDig PVR shall not include more than the original event's recommendation(s) (i.e. the NorDig PVR shall not follow more than the original event's initial recommendation and a recommendation should not be used to create a linked list of events to be recorded).





IRD variants	PVR IRD			
and capability				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
	To verify that IRD supports recommended events			
	Equipment:			
	IRD Under test			
	Stream with EIT information including CRID for recommendations			
	Test procedure: 1. Open EPG and schedule a event 2. Verify that IRD recommended only events that are related to the schedule event 3. Verify that it is possible to schedule recordings for recommended event Expected results: The IRD supports recommended events.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\bigcup YES \subsetention NO \)			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Task 15:18 Alternative Recording			
N. D'. H. C. 11427			
NorDig Unified 14.3.6			
When scheduled recordings overlap, the NorDig PVR shall use the alternate instance information (1), when provided, to record one or more of the programmes at their alternate times thereby minimising the conflict, subject to any device limitations (e.g. available space).			
Where a programme is repeated in its entirety a broadcaster may assign the same programme CRID to both EIT events. The NorDig PVR should detect an alternative instance of a programme (as when two events has same programme CRID) (1). This can be used to assist in resolution of booking clashes.			
Where alternate instances belong to the same series this allows the NorDig PVR to only record a single showing of each episode, usually the first.			
PVR IRD			
Purpose of test:			
To verify that IRD handles alternative instance recording.			
, c			
Equipment:			
• IRD Under test			
• Stream 1: Recorded stream with split information about alternative instance of event			
on same channel.			
• Stream 2: Recorded stream with split information about alternative instance of event			
on same channel.			
Test procedure:			
1. Playout stream 1.			
2. Schedule an event conflicting with the event with alternative instance.			





	 The IRD shall notify that there is a collision but that there is an alternative instance that can be recorded on the same service instead. Playout stream 2. Schedule an event conflicting with the event with alternative instance. The IRD shall notify that there is a collision but that there is an alternative instance that can be recorded on another service instead. Expected result: The IRD is able to use alternative information to record a programme at an alternative time in the case of conflict, including also on other TV sevices.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Dobescribe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:19 Accurate Recording – EIT information present
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.7
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall determine the timing of the recording through monitoring of the EITschedule and EIT present/following information. The NorDig PVR shall record at least for the duration where the event ID in the EIT present table matches the event ID of the event selected from the EIT schedule to a precision of 10 Seconds, unless there is a conflict with another recording event. Where the Event ID is signalled in EIT present table early (in advance of the schedule
	start_time) the NorDig PVR shall start recording. As a minimum the NorDig PVR shall handle early starts of at least 10 minutes, provided there are no other recordings in progress. The NorDig PVR shall monitor the EIT schedule and EIT present/following for updates to the start time and duration such that any event will be captured should the schedule be updated no later than 2 minutes prior to the current scheduled time of broadcast. Where the Event ID does not appear within EITp/f (in neither the present nor following tables) within the expected schedule time and duration the NorDig PVR should record according to the scheduled start time and duration. If the event id appears in the EIT following table at the scheduled start time, it means that the event is delayed and the NorDig PVR should wait with the start of the recording until the event ID appears in the EIT present table. The duration of the recording shall be changed even if the EITp/f is updated after the start time has elapsed, until the event is no longer present in the EIT present tab.
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles accurate recording based on the EIT information according to the PVR_rec minimum scenario.
	Equipment: IRD Under test Stream with EIT information that is updated accurately (EIT present table), having consequent EIT schedule and EIT p/f scenarios as follows: • EIT1: Event start_time ₁ , duration = duration ₁ .





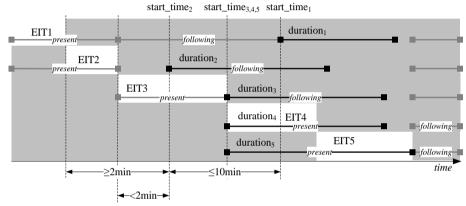
- EIT2: Event start time₂ = start time₁-10min and duration₂ \neq duration₁.
- EIT3: Event start_time₃>start_time₂, duration₃ = duration₂.
- EIT4: Event start_time4=start_time3, duration4=duration3.
- EIT5: Event start time₅=start time₄, duration₅>duration₄.

Each scenario consists of multiple EIT sections:

- Event shall be included in the EIT_schedule of EIT1.
- Event shall be included in the EIT following of EIT2 and EIT3.
- Event shall be included in the EIT_present of EIT4 and EIT5.
- Event start_time and duration shall be constant in EIT_schedule during the test.

Event event_id shall be constant during the test.

Event name or short_event_descriptor may be updated to indicate the originating EIT scenario number.



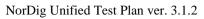
Test procedure:

- 1. Broadcast EIT schedule and EIT p/f scenario EIT1.
- 2. Schedule Event for recording from EPG/ESG.
- 3. Set IRD into the stand-by mode.
- 4. Update EIT scenario to EIT2, where Event start_time and duration are updated.
- 5. Shortly before start_time₂, update EIT scenario to EIT3, where start_time is delayed.
- 6. Update EIT scenario to EIT4 at start_time₃ so that Event is the present event.
- 7. While Event is present, update EIT scenario to EIT5, where duration is updated.
- 8. Fill in the measurement record.

Expected results:

The IRD performs accurate recording based on the EIT present information. Recording should start at start_time₄ or alternatively recording shall start at start_time₂ ± 10 s. Recording shall stop at start_time₅+duration₅ ± 10 s.

Test result(s) Measurement record **Test point** Result OK/NOK IRD prioritizes EIT_present/following over EIT_schedule IRD handles correctly an early start of a scheduled event IRD handles correctly a delayed start of a scheduled event IRD handles EIT present duration update during recording Recording begins according to EIT present ± 10 s. Recording is stopped according to EIT present \pm 10 s. Recording is not indicated as incomplete. Recording is correctly viewable ОК Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments **Conformity**





Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:20 Accurate Recording – EIT information missing		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.7		
Requirement	Where the Event ID does not appear within EITp/f (in neither the present nor following tables) within the expected schedule time and duration the NorDig PVR should record according to the scheduled start time and duration. If the event id appears in the EIT following table at the scheduled start time, it means that the event is delayed and the NorDig PVR should wait with the start of the recording until the event ID appears in the EIT present table.		
	The duration of the recording shall be changed even if the EITp/f is updated after the start time has elapsed, until the event is no longer present in the EIT present table.		
	If the NorDig PVR starts to record at the expected scheduled start time even if the event does not appear within EIT p/f, the recording shall be considered as incomplete.		
	Where there is a loss of signal or EIT present table is no longer being received, the NorDig PVR will continue to record at least until the end time of the event (defined by start_time plus duration) in the last received EITp/f. If the signal is restored the NorDig PVR will continue to record according to its normal operation.		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles accurate recording based on the EIT information		
	Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter DVB Receiver Stream with EIT information that is updated (EIT present table) Test procedure: 1. Schedule an event for recording from EPG/ESG. 2. Set IRD into the stand-by mode 3. Remove EIT information		
	 Remove EIT information Verify that IRD checks the EIT information and updates recording before scheduled recording. Verify that recording is completed as indicated at the initial time of the recording and missing EIT present information do not change the initial recording. Expected results: The IRD performs accurate recording without EIT information.		





Test result(s)	Measurement record			
Test point Result OK/NO				
	IRD checks the EIT information at least 10 min before			
	scheduled recording takes place			
	Recording begins according to EIT schedule			
	Recording is stopped according to EIT schedule			
	IRD indicates that the recording is incomplete			
	The recording is correctly viewable			
Conformity	□OK Fault □ Major □ Minor, define fail reason	in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
	•			
Date	Sign			

	Task 15:21 Accurate Recording – Loss of signal			
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.7			
Requirement	Where there is a loss of signal or EIT present table is no longer being received, the NorDig PVR will continue to record at least untl the end time of the event (defined by start_time plus duration) in the last received EITp/f. If the signal is restored the NorDig PVR will continue to record according to its normal operation.			
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles accurate recording in spite of reception problems. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter DVB Receiver			
	Test procedure: 1. Schedule the event 'Test Event' for recording from EPG 2. Set IRD into the stand-by mode 3. Disconnect IRD from the Exciter while the recording is ongoing. 4. Re-connect the IRD to the Exciter before the end time of the event. 5. Wake up the IRD from stand-by after the recording is completed. 6. Play back the recording. 7. Fill in the measurement record. Expected results: IRD is able to handle reception errors gracefully. IRD indicates the incomplete recordings.			
Test result(s)	Test point Result OK/NOK			





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:22 Accurate Recording – EIT update in stand-by				
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.7				
Requirement	In standby mode (where the NorDig PVR IRD is not decoding any transport stream) the NorDig PVR shall have the capability to power on automatically twice per day to update the EIT and scheduled recordings. There may be an option to amend the time of power on or to switch off the facility as a user option, but factory default for this shall be that it is on.				
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD check the EIT schedule information at least twice per day in stand-by mode Equipment: IRD Under test Stream with EIT information that is updated Test procedure: 1. Schedule a recording from ESG/EPG for 24 hours from current time. 2. Set IRD to stand-by mode. 3. While IRD is in stand-by mode, update the EIT Schedule information so that the start times and durations of the scheduled recording are changed. 4. After 12 hours, update the EIT Schedule information again. 5. Verify that IRD updates the EIT information at least twice a day and performs the recordings correctly according to the changed EIT information. 6. Verify that IRD has performed the recordings correctly according to the updated EIT Schedule. Expected results: The IRD IRD checks the EIT information and updates the recordingly at least twice a day.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Dobescribe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 15:23 Simultaneous recording – OTR and viewing		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.8 and 14.3.15		
Requirement	The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record one service while viewing another,		
	independently even if theservices are on different transport streams.		
IRD variants	PVR IRD		
and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		



	To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording.				
	Test Equipment: Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and HD services (TBD).				
	Test procedure: 1. Initiate OTR. 2. Zap to a service on another multiplex. 3. Watch and change the service for a few times. 4. Stop OTR. 5. Play back the recording				
	Expected results: The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record one service while viewing another, independently even if theservices are on different transport streams.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record				
Test result(s)	Test point	Result OK/NOK			
Test result(s)	Test point IRD is able to tune to another service while recording.	Result OK/NOK			
Test result(s)	Test point IRD is able to tune to another service while recording. OTR recording does not disturb viewing.	Result OK/NOK			
Test result(s)	Test point IRD is able to tune to another service while recording. OTR recording does not disturb viewing. Viewing does not disturb the recording.	Result OK/NOK			
Test result(s)	Test point IRD is able to tune to another service while recording. OTR recording does not disturb viewing.	Result OK/NOK			
` *	Test point IRD is able to tune to another service while recording. OTR recording does not disturb viewing. Viewing does not disturb the recording. Channel change does not disturb the recording.				
Test result(s) Conformity	Test point IRD is able to tune to another service while recording. OTR recording does not disturb viewing. Viewing does not disturb the recording.				
` *	Test point IRD is able to tune to another service while recording. OTR recording does not disturb viewing. Viewing does not disturb the recording. Channel change does not disturb the recording. OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in contractions.				
Conformity	Test point IRD is able to tune to another service while recording. OTR recording does not disturb viewing. Viewing does not disturb the recording. Channel change does not disturb the recording. OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in collapses of the possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YI	omments			

Task 15:24 Simultaneous recording – Scheduled recording and viewing			
NorDig Unified 14.3.8 and 14.3.16			
The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record one service while viewing another,			
independently even if theservices are on different transport streams.			
PVR IRD			
Purpose of test:			
To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording.			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Test Equipment:			
Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and HD services (TBD).			
Test procedure:			
1. Schedule a recording from EPG/ESG.			
2. Zap to a service on another multiplex.			
3. Watch and change the service for a few times until the scheduled recording is			
completed.			
4. Play back the recording.			
They buck the recording.			
Expected results:			
The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record one service while viewing another,			
independently even if theservices are on different transport streams.			
maspendina, even it alleger vises are on emission transport streams.			





Test result(s)	Measurement record					
	Test point Result O					
	IRD is able to tune to another service while sche	eduled rec	ording			
	is ongoing.					
	Scheduled recording does not disturb viewing.					
	Viewing does not disturb the recording.					
	Channel change does not disturb the recording.					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, def	fine fail rea	ason in com	ments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with softy	ware upda	te: YES	□NO		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	nation				
Date	Sign	ζn				

Test Case	Task 15:25 Simultaneous recording – OTR and time-shift			
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.8, 14.3.12, 14.3.15 and 14.4.2			
Requirement	The NorDig PVR should be able to record a background service (that is not viewed) at the same time as timeshift record the viewing service, independently if the services are on different transport streams.			
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording and timeshift. Test Equipment: Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and HD services (TBD)			
	Test procedure: 1. Initiate OTR. 2. Zap to a service on another multiplex. 3. Initiate timeshift and pause viewing for few minutes. 4. View, Fast forward, Rewind and Pause the timeshifted vid pattern. 5. Fast forward the playback the timeshifted content to real timeshift. 7. Stop othe timeshift. 7. Stop OTR. 8. Play back the recording. Expected results: The NorDig PVR is able to timeshift another service while recording.	me. Rewind and		
Test result(s)	ult(s) Measurement record Test point Result OF			
	IRD is able to timeshift another service while recording. OTR recording does not disturb timeshift functionality. Timeshift pause does not disturb the recording. Timeshift viewing does not disturb the recording. Timeshift FF/REW/PAUSE does not disturb the recording.			





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, det	fine fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with soft Describe more specific faults and/or other inform	<u> </u>
Date	Sig	gn

Test Case	Task 15:26 Simultaneous recording – Scheduled recording and time-shift				
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.8, 14.3.12, 14.3.16 and 14.4.2				
Requirement	The NorDig PVR should be able to record a background service (that is not viewed) at the same time as timeshift record the viewing service, independently if the services are on different transport streams.				
IRD variants	PVR IRD				
and capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording and timeshift.				
	Test Equipment:				
	Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and	HD services (TBD).			
	The Access of Leaves				
	Test procedure:				
	1. Schedule a recording from EPG/ESG.				
	2. Zap to a service on another multiplex.				
	3. Initiate timeshift and pause viewing for few minutes.				
	4. View, Fast forward, Rewind and Pause the timeshifted vide	eo in a random			
	pattern.				
	5. Chase playback the timeshifted content to real time. Rewind and view again.				
	5. Stop the timeshift after the scheduled recording is completed.				
	6. Play back the recording.				
	Europated regular				
	Expected results: The NorDig PVR is able to timeshift another service while recording.				
	The Nordig 1 VK is able to unleshift another service while recording	g.			
Test result(s)	Measurement record				
1 cst restiti(s)	ivicusui cinene recoru				
	Test point	Result OK/NOK			
	IRD is able to timeshift another service while recording.				
	Scheduled recording does not disturb timeshift functionality.				
	Timeshift pause does not disturb the recording.				
	Timeshift viewing does not disturb the recording.				
	Timeshift replay and trick modes do not disturb the recording.				
G 6 1					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in c				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				
Duic	Jign				

Test Case	Task 15:27 Simultaneous recording and playback	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.4	





Test procedure: 1. Initiate OTR. 2. Zap to a service on another multiplex. 3. Play back the recording initiated in test step 1. 4. View, Fast forward, Rewind and Pause the timeshifted video in a random pattern. 5. Fast forward the playback the timeshifted content to real time. Rewind and view. 6. Stop the playback. 7. Stop OTR. 8. Play back the recording. Expected results: The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record and playback simultaneously. Chase playback is possible. Test result(s) Measurement record Test point IRD is able to playback an ongoing recording. Playback does not disturb the recording functionality. Playback pause does not disturb the recording. Playback viewing does not disturb the recording. Playback viewing does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback image of the recording functionality is playback image. Playback image of the recording. Playback image of the recording of the recording. Playback image of the recording of the recording. Playback image of the recording of t	Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to record and playback simultaneously. It shall be possible to record one service from the live transmissions while playback another earlier recording. The user shall be also able to start the playback of a recording for which the recording has not yet completed ("chase playback").			
To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording and playback. Test Equipment: Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and HD services (TBD) Test procedure: 1. Initiate OTR. 2. Zap to a service on another multiplex. 3. Play back the recording initiated in test step 1. 4. View, Fast forward, Rewind and Pause the timeshifted video in a random pattern. 5. Fast forward the playback the timeshifted content to real time. Rewind and view. 6. Stop the playback. 7. Stop OTR. 8. Play back the recording. Expected results: The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record and playback simultaneously. Chase playback is possible. Test result(s) Measurement record Test point IRD is able to playback an ongoing recording. Playback does not disturb the recording. Playback viewing does not disturb the recording. Playback rF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback fF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback playback and disturb the recording. Playback fF/REW does not disturb the recording.		PVR IRD			
Test point IRD is able to playback an ongoing recording. Playback does not disturb the recording functionality. Playback pause does not disturb the recording. Playback viewing does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	Test procedure	To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording and playback. Test Equipment: Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and HD services (TBD). Test procedure: 1. Initiate OTR. 2. Zap to a service on another multiplex. 3. Play back the recording initiated in test step 1. 4. View, Fast forward, Rewind and Pause the timeshifted video in a random pattern. 5. Fast forward the playback the timeshifted content to real time. Rewind and view. 6. Stop the playback. 7. Stop OTR. 8. Play back the recording. Expected results: The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record and playback simultaneously. Chase playback			
IRD is able to playback an ongoing recording. Playback does not disturb the recording functionality. Playback pause does not disturb the recording. Playback viewing does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	Test result(s)	Measurement record			
Playback does not disturb the recording functionality. Playback pause does not disturb the recording. Playback viewing does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			Result OK/NOK		
Playback viewing does not disturb the recording. Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording. Conformity					
Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date Sign	Comments		CS_NO		
	Date	Sign			

	Task 15:28 Back-to-back recordings – Static EIT information
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.11, 14.3.16.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to record back-to-back events both on same and on different services. Back-to-back events refer to two events that immediately follow each other, i.e. the following event start_time is immediately after the previous events stop time,(start_time plus duration).



For overlapping events see NorDig Unified 14.3.16.2. If the first event has same or higher priority as the second event (see 14.3.16.2) and the first event will overrun, if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity, it shall first finalise recording of the first event (including its overrun part) before starting recording the next event.

The overrun shall be treated as the more important part of the events, see figure below. If the NorDig PVR has been set to add additional recording time ("safe margins") before and after recorded events' start and stop time, any overlapping "safe margins" between the back-to-back events shall be removed (if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity for this)

If a conflict occurs in a partially or completely overlapping recording after the time ofprogramming the NorDig PVR shall prioritize the recording with the highest priority , as illustrated in figures below. For conflict with events with same priority, the NorDig PVR shall first finalize the first recording (including any late over-run) before starting with next (See also back-to-back recording).

IRD variants and capability

PVR IRD

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

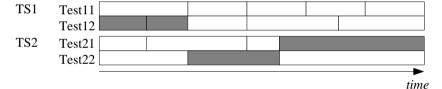
To verify that IRD handles back-to-back recording

Equipment:

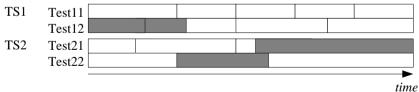
IRD Under test

Test network of at least 2 MUX, with services as follows:

- Services with EIT information that indicate programs are back-to-back
- Services with EIT information that indicate programs are overlapping



Example: For all scheduled events, $start_time_N=(start_time_{N-1}+duration_{N-1})$



 $Example: For all \ scheduled \ events, \ start_time_{N} \!\!<\!\! (start_time_{N-1} \!\!+\! duration_{N-1})$

Test procedure:

- 1. Schedule recordings from EPG that are back-to-back
- 2. Verify that the events are recorded corretly
- 3. Verify that playback of the events are correct
- 4. Schedule recordings from EPG that are overlapping
- 5. Verify that the events are recorded correctly (in conflict situation, the earlier recording has the priority)
- 6. Verify that playback of the events are correct

Expected results:

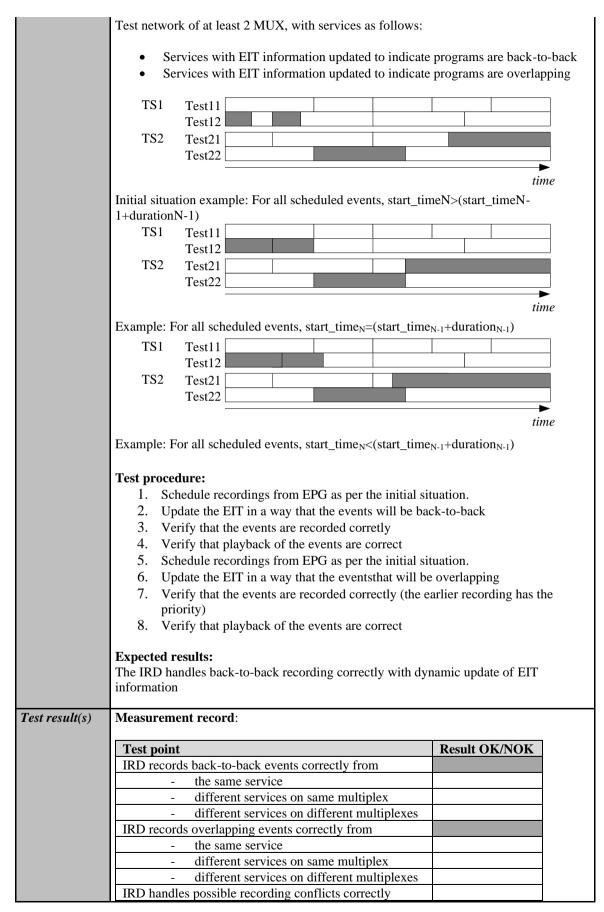




	The IRD handles back-to-back recording correctly.	
Test result(s)	Measurement record	
	Test point	Result OK/NOK
	IRD records back-to-back events correctly from	
	- the same service	
	- different services on same multiplex	
	- different services on different multiplexes	
	IRD records overlapping events correctly from	
	- the same service	
	- different services on same multiplex	
	- different services on different multiplexes	
	IRD handles possible recording conflicts correctly	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in com	ments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YE	S NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:29 Back-to-back recordings – Changes in EIT information
	Task 15:29 Back-to-back recordings - Changes III ETT Information
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.11, 14.3.16.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to record back-to-back events both on same and on different services.
	Back-to-back events refer to two events that immediately follow each other, i.e. the following event start_time is immediately after the previous events stop time,(start_time plus duration).
	For overlapping events see NorDig Unified 14.3.16.2. If the first event has same or higher priority as the second event (see 14.3.16.2) and the first event will overrun, if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity, it shall first finalise recording of the first event (including its overrun part) before starting recording the next event.
	The overrun shall be treated as the more important part of the events, see figure below. If the NorDig PVR has been set to add additional recording time ("safe margins") before and after recorded events' start and stop time, any overlapping "safe margins" between the back-to-back events shall be removed (if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity for this)
	If a conflict occurs in a partially or completely overlapping recording after the time ofprogramming the NorDig PVR shall prioritize the recording with the highest priority, as illustrated in figures below. For conflict with events with same priority, the NorDig PVR shall first finalize the first recording (including any late over-run) before starting with next. (See also back-to-back recording).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD handles back-to-back recording with dynamic update in EIT
	Equipment:
	IRD Under test









Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:30 Timeshift recording		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.12		
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to pause or timeshift live TV for at least 60 minutes. It		
	should be possible to save time-shifted even	ts into the PVI	R list of recordings.
IRD variants	PVR IRD		
and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
	To verify that IRD supports timeshift record	ing.	
	E animum and		
	Equipment: IRD Under test		
		UD comicos	containing video multiple
	 Live stream or test network with SD and audio and multiple subtitling componen 		
	audio and multiple subtiting componen	ts and teletext	
	Test procedure:		
	1. Pause the live view on a channel		
	2. Verify that the IRD is able to timeshift for at least 60 minutes.		
	3. Start the viewing of paused content.		
	4. Verify that the timeshifted content is played out correctly and all components are available.		
	avanable.		
	Expected result: The paused content can be viewed from the point where the broadcast was paused by pressing a single button and the trick modes can be used in chased playback.		
Test result(s)	Measurement record		
	Toot noint	Result OK/	NOV
	Test point Timeshift duration is at least 60 minutes	Result OK/I	NOK
	IRD is able to play back all service		
	components in time-shift		
	components in time sinte		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, o	define fail reas	on in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with	software upd	ate: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
		l «•	T
Date		Sign	

	Task 15:31 Manual recording
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.14
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the viewer to set a manual recording, without using the EPG/ESG/EIT data, by setting the service, start-time and end-time (or duration). The time and date for the user when programming shall be the local time, including any offset, at the time of recording according to the IRD's settings, and not the local time at





	the time of programming. This means that if there is a change in local time offset (e.g. change in daylight-saving time) between the time of programming and the time of recording, the time and date shall refer to the new local time at the time of recording. It should be possible to set weekly repeated manual recording (like every Monday 19:00:00 to 20:00:00 or every weekday between 12:00:00 to 12:15:00).		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	 Purpose of test: To verify that IRD Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network with SD and HD services, containing video, multiple audio and multiple subtitling components and teletext Test procedure: Schedule a recording by setting a manual timer. Playback recording initiated by the manual timer Expected result: The IRD is able to initiate recordings using manual timers. 		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:32 Manual recording – Changes in TDT/TOT
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.14
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the viewer to set a manual recording, without using the EPG/ESG/EIT data, by setting the service, start-time and end-time (or duration).
	The time and date for the user when programming shall be the local time, including any offset, at the time of recording according to the IRD's settings, and not the local time at the time of programming. This means that if there is a change in local time offset (e.g. change in daylight-saving time) between the time of programming and the time of recording, the time and date shall refer to the new local time at the time of recording.
	It should be possible to set weekly repeated manual recording (like every Monday 19:00:00 to 20:00:00 or every weekday between 12:00:00 to 12:15:00).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD





Test procedure	 Purpose of test: To verify that IRD supports daylight saving changes. Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network having a time offset chang Test procedure: Schedule a recording for an event after the time offset time_of_change field in the local_time_offset_descrip Set the IRD to standby. Wait until the time event for the time offset change had the Resume the IRD from standby. Verify that the recording start time and duration are confident to the confident time and duration are confident to the confident time and duration are confident to the confident time and duration are confident time. Verify that the recording is played back correctly. Expected result:	change indicated in the tor of TOT. s been passed.	
	The IRD is able to initiate recordings using manual timers and recording is according summer/wintertime change correctly.		
Test result(s)	Measurement record		
	Test point	Result OK/NOK	
	Scheduled recordings are planned for the local time during the recording		
	IRD is able to perform manual recordings correctly when time offset decreases IRD is able to perform manual recordings correctly		
	when time offset increases		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reas	on in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:33 One Touch Recording (OTR)
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.15
Requirement The NorDig PVR shall include a direct recording setting as a One-touch recording (OTR) function which allows the user to start a recording, while watching live one button press on the remote control.	
	This One-touch recording shall not be delayed by further requests for user interaction unless to proceed would affect a recording that is either already underway or scheduled to start before the end of the OTR recording.
	The duration of the One-touch recording operation shall be based on either a pre-set time or current viewed event.
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD supports one-touch recording.





	 Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network Test procedure: Watch a channel for a few minutes Press record button to start recording. Wait for a few minutes. Stop recording using the remote control button for 'stop'. Press again record button for OTR. Change volume, view teletext and toggle between different audio components. Set the IRD to stand-by and wake it up. Wait until the default recording duration has exceed. View the recordings. Fill in the measurement record. Expected result: The IRD is able to initiate a recording by pressing dedicated recordings. 	
Test result(s)	Measurement record Test point IRD begins the OTR immediately after user has pressed the 'Record' button unless overridden by conflict handling. OTR default duration is either a pre-set time or until the end of the event. OTR is automatically stopped after default duration has exceed. OTR is not disturbed by user actions.	Result OK/NOK
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in o	comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: Describe more specific faults and/or other information]YES NO
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:34 Automatic Conflict Handling – During programming	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.16.1	
Requirement	If a conflict is detected it shall be indicated immediately to the user, together with details of the cause, so that the user can take appropriate action.	
	When programming a recording which comes in conflict with an earlier programmed recording and when the NorDig PVR can detect an alternative instance in one or both of them, the NorDig PVR shall either automatically re-program one of the to the alternative instance or propose that viewer solve the conflict by moving one of the recordings to the alternative instance and asking for confirmation.	
IRD variants	PVR IRD	
and capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD detects conflict in during recordings programming	
	Equipment:	
	IRD Under test	





	Live signal or test streams with EIT information containing overlapping events. Conflicting events shall be tested also as signalized with alternative instances, if supported by the broadcaster.		
	Test procedure:		
	 Watch a channel for a few minutes Schedule an event 'Event1' with start_time1 and duration1 is 	for recording from	
	ESG/EPG. 3. Schedule an another event on a different channel on the sam overlap with the previous recording causing a conflict in the resources. a. Event with start_time2 = start_time1 b. Event with start_time2 < start_time1 c. Event with start_time2 > start_time1 d. Event with start_time2 < start_time1 and start_time1 e. Event with start_time2 > start_time1 and start_time1 start_time1+duration1 e. Event with start_time2 > start_time1 and start_time1 start_time1+duration1 4. Repeat the test with events on a different multiplex 5. Fill in the measurement record.	e IRD recording e2+duration2 >	
	Expected results:		
	The IRD detects conflict during programming of the recordings		
Test result(s)	Measurement record		
	Test point	Status OK/NOK	
	IRD indicates overlapping scheduled recordings on same		
	multiplex immediately when the conflict is detected		
	IRD indicates overlapping scheduled recordings on different		
	multiplexes immediately when the conflict is detected IRD proposes to adjust the overlapping recordings or		
	proposes automatically a new instance of the same event		
	Conflict indication includes details of the cause.		
		<u>. </u>	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in	comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Task 15:35 Automatic Conflict Handling – After progra	mming	



_		
Requirement	If the NorDig PVR has a number of active programmed series re occurs a request of more simultaneous recordings than the NorD handling, the NorDig PVR shall be able to handle this without us time of actual recording, i.e. the IRD may inform of the conflict automatically solve the conflict at the time of actual recording if manually change the conflict handling. Any information on OSD about conflict shall not be included in have a time-out if no user reaction. All requests for user confirm during the time of programming or during the setting of user pre The conflict(s) shall be solved with higher priority recordings has recordings with a lower priority. It is up to the NorDig PVR man PVR's priority list, however it may typically be as prioritised in of recording with same priority level shall also be automatically them shall be recorded), but it is up to the NorDig PVR manufact mechanism. The NorDig PVR should offer for the user the ability priority in the user preferences.	ig PVR is capable of ser confirmation at the via the OSD but shall the user does not recording and shall ation shall be done ferences. Iving preference before sufacture to define the Table 14.1. Conflict(s) solved (at least one of sture to define a
IRD variants	PVR IRD	
and capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD detects conflict in during recording Equipment: IRD Under test Live signal or test streams with EIT information updated to have overlapping events. Conflicting events shall be tested also as signalized with alternative instances, if supported by the broadcaster. Test procedure: 1. Watch a channel for a few minutes. 2. Schedule an event 'Event' with start_time and duration for recording from ESG/EPG. 3. Start OTR on a different channel on the same multiplex that will overlap with the previous recording causing a conflict in the IRD recording resources. a. OTR is started before start_time b. OTR is started after start_time 4. Repeat the test with events on different multiplexes. 5. Fill in the measurement record. Expected results:	
	The IRD detects conflict during recording and resolves the confl	et automaticany
Test result(s)	Measurement record	
	Test point	Status OK/NOK
	IRD indicates if recording is overlapping with scheduled	
	recordings on the same multiplex IRD indicates if recording is overlapping with scheduled	
	recordings on different multiplexes	
	OSD about conflict has a time-out and IRD adjusts the	
	overlapping recordings or re-programs automatically a new	
	instance of the same event unless overridden by user actions.	
	Automatic conflict handling does not disturb the recording with higher priority.	





Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:36 Maximum length of recordings		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.17		
Requirement	If the is a failure within the transmission of the EIT and other transmission errors, the NorDig PVR shall stop recording 4 hours after scheduled duration of the event has passed (even if the event still appears in EIT present table).		
	For events that have a duration that is longer than 8 hours, the NorDig PVR may stop recording after 8 hours.		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure			
	Equipment: IRD Under test Stream or life network with EIT information		
	Took man and during		
	 Test procedure: Schedule an event for recording that has duration of more than 8 hours. Verify that IRD has recorded the event for at least 8 hours 		
	3. Schdule an event (less than 4 hours) and take a note of the ending time of the event.4. Remove EIT information.		
	5. Verify that IRD stops recording 4 hours after the original end time of the event.		
	6. Schdule an event (more than 4 hours) and take a note of the ending time of the event.		
	7. Remove EIT information.8. Verify that IRD stops recording 4 hours after the original end time or 8 hours after from the beginning of the recording.		
	Expected results: The IRD handles max. length of recordings.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Do Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sion		

	Task 15:37 Recording of parallel broadcast
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.19





Requirement	Some services and events are parallel broadcasted in multiple versions. In this context a parallel broadcast of same programme event is identified that all service's events have the same programme_CRID. Examples of parallel broadcasts are services with same national content but with different regional content and services with same content but with different resolution e.g. SD and HD simulcast broadcast services. The NorDig IRD that has been programmed to record an event with a specific programme_crid or series_crid which a programme_crid is part of, shall only record one instance of the event from one of the services when the event is parallel broadcasted over several services at the same time.		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
	To verify that IRD handles recordings with parallel broadcasts.		
	Equipment:		
	IRD Under test		
	Live stream or test network with EIT information.		
	The network shall have simultaneous parallel broadcasts of events with equal programme_crid.		
	Test procedure:		
	 Schedule an event with multiple parallel broadcasts for recording. Verify that IRD records only one of the event instances. Expected results: The IRD handles recordings with parallel broadcasts.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\bigcup YES \subsetention NO \)		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:38 Playback - General
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.1
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to playback recordings of all supported service types (TV, radio etc) and all belonging components/PIDs (as described in 14.4.5). Only the service related interactive applications from the current viewed service (live or playback) are required to be active, this means that during playback all interactive applications from the live service in the background may be terminated.
IRD variants	PVR IRD
and capability	





Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD is able to play back the recordings it has performed with all belonging components/PIDs. Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network. Test procedure: The requirement in this test will be verified in the following test tasks. Expected results: IRD is successfully able to play back the recordings.	
Tost wasult(s)		
Test result(s)	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Conformity		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:39 Replay/Playback – trick modes in playback
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.2
Requirement	 The NorDig PVR shall support the following trick modes during playback of recorded events (incl timeshift) for all supported video formats/codecs: Play (playback at normal speed) Pause Stop (stop may be combined with pause, but must enable an easy way to stop playback and return to list of recordings and live viewing mode) Fast forward and shall support fast forward at minimum 3 different speeds, (like x3, x6, x15 and x30). Fast reverse and should support fast reverse at minimum 3 different speeds, (like x3, x6, x15 and x30).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD





Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles correctly different trick modes in playback. Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network. Test procedure: 1. Play back recordings with different kinds of video, audio and subtitling components. 2. Pause and resume the playback. Repeat for several times with various durations, from few seconds up to several minutes. 3. Fast forward the recording. Toggle between different FF speeds. Resume playback from each available FF speed. 4. Rewind the recording. Toggle between different REW speeds, if available. Resume playbackfrom each available REW speed. 5. Stop the playback. 6. Fill in the measurement record. Expected results: The IRD handles different trick modes. Playback is not disturbed by usage of the trick		
Test result(s)	modes. Measurement record		
100010000000000000000000000000000000000			
	Test point	Result OK/NOK	
	IRD has Pause mode in playback and it works correctly. IRD has 3 or more different FF speeds.		
	IRD has REW functionality (with 1 or more speeds)		
	The master randomands (what I of more specials)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason	on in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software updated Describe more specific faults and/or other information	te: YES NO	
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:40 Replay/Playback – trick modes in timeshift
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall support the following trick modes during playback of recorded events (incl timeshift) for all supported video formats/codecs: Play (playback at normal speed) Pause Stop (stop may be combined with pause, but must enable an easy way to stop playback and return to list of recordings and live viewing mode) Fast forward and shall support fast forward at minimum 3 different speeds, (like x3, x6, x15 and x30). Fast reverse and should support fast reverse at minimum 3 different speeds, (like x3, x6, x15 and x30).
IRD variants	PVR IRD
and capability	





Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles correctly different trick modes in timeshift. Equipment: IRD Under test	
	Live stream or test network.	
 Test procedure: Timeshift services with different kinds of video, audio and subtitling components. Pause and resume the timeshift. Repeat for several times with various durations, from few seconds up to several minutes. Fast forward the timeshift. Toggle between different FF speeds. Resultimeshift viewing from each available FF speed. Fast forward until timeshift reaches the real time. Rewind the timeshift. Toggle between different REW speeds, if availance Resume playback from each available REW speed. Stop the timeshift. Fill in the measurement record. Expected results: The IRD handles different trick modes. Playback is not disturbed by usage of timodes. 		
Test result(s)	Measurement record	
	Test point	Result OK/NOK
	IRD supports 3 or more different FF speeds in timeshift. IRD supports REW functionality (with 1 or more speeds) in timeshift Chase fast forward works correctly	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason	on in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:41 Relative synchronisation
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.3
Requirement	The NorDig PVRs shall not introduce more relative delay (reduced "lipsync") during playback between the audio, video and other PES packetised components (like subtitling) compared to decoding of live content, measured 5s or later after start of normal playback. After using trick mode the relative delay shall meet the requirements within 5s after resuming back to normal playback speed.
IRD variants	PVR IRD
and capability	





Test procedure Purpose of test: To verify that IRD sustains the 'lipsyne' during playback and time-shift. Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network. Test procedure: The requirement in this test can be verified in parallel with the other 15:xx tas Subtitling synchronization is tested in tasks 15:49 and 15:50. 1. Play back recordings with different video, audio and subtitling component 2. Compare the relative delay of video and audio in playback with the live content. 3. Compare the relative delay of video and audio in timeshift with the live content. 4. Fill in the measurement record. Expected results: The IRD recovers the 'lipsyne' during normal playback mode and time-shift after 5	S.		
Test result(s) Measurement record			
Test point Result OK/NOK	Result OK/NOK		
Video and audio components are played back in sync compared with the live content.			
Video and audio components are played back in			
timeshift in sync compared with the live content.			
Syncrhonization of videoand audio components is			
settled after changing from a trick mode to normal playback speed within 5 seconds.			
pady back speed within 5 seconds.			
Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
Describe more specific faults and/or other information			

Test Case	Task 15:42 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT audio language
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing. During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4).



HOIDIB								
	For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).							
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI tables.							
	Test Equipm				7			
	MPEG 2- source		-S/C/T ulator	Up Converter		Rece		Monitor
	MUX1 TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	A PID 1108	100 (MPEG2 SI (MPEG1L2) (MPEG1L2)	S_type PMT P V PID A PID or HE-	00 e Test12 0x16 or 0x19 ID 1200 1209 (MPEC 1208 (AC-3/ AAC) 1207 (AC-33 AAC)	G4 AVC) E-AC-3	Bouquet All informati in EIT.	chosen
	DON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes Services may contain other components, e.g. teletext, subtitling and multiple additional audio tracks. PMT of the test services shall be updated during the test so that audio components are added and removed in various combinations, e.g. by the following pattern:						iple additional	
	A PID a	Lang1				Lang1		
	A PID b		Lang2		Lang2			
	PMT ver	n n-	+1		· ·•		n+k	time
	 Set the user preference for primary audio language to Lang1. Set the user preference for secondary audio language to other than Lang1 or Lang2. Start recording. Select an another service. Update the PMT table of the service and add/remove audio component(s). Stop the recording. Set the user preference for primary audio language to other than Lang1 or Lang2 and secondary audio language to Lang2. Play back the recording. Fill in the measurement record. Expected results:							





	The receiver shall handle updates in PMT and record/playback according to the signaling. All decodable components in PMT have been recorded. User preference for primary/secondary audio language works correctly in playback.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				
	Test point	Result OK/NOK			
	IRD records all decodable audio components in the service				
	User preference for primary/secondary audio language works correctly in playback.				
	Audio track is selected for playback dynamically by the PMT				
	PMT update and consequent audio track selection do not				
	disturb the playback of other components.				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason i	n comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:]YESNO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 15:43 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT audio format
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing. During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI tables. Test Equipment:





	MPEG 2- source	DVB-S Modul		u	Jp Converter		DVB Receiver		Monitor								
	MPEG-2 source must have capability to support dynamic changes in audio components within service(s). In case of dual-channel audio the first language_descriptor definition corresponds physical left channel and second language_descriptor definition corresponds physical right channel.																
	This test task components.	can be perfo	ormed i	in p	arallel with	Task 7:28	Dynamic ch	ange	s in audio								
	Test procedu	re:															
	 Start recording. Use MPEG-2 source to generate dynamic changes in audio components as listed in test results Play back the recording. Fill in the test results. 																
	Expected result: IRD is able to handle dynamic changes in audio components in playback.																
Test result(s)	Measurement record:																
									Test point OK or NOK								
	Test point							0	K or NOK								
	Change of n					me audio	codec (eg.	0	K or NOK								
	Change of no AC-3 2.0 to	AC-3 5.1 an	d vice	vei	rsa.			0	K or NOK								
	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b	AC-3 5.1 an itrate for an	d vice audio	vei	rsa.			0	K or NOK								
	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b from 192 kb	AC-3 5.1 and trate for an ps to 160 kb	d vice audio o ps)	vei con	rsa. nponent (eg.			O	K or NOK								
	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b from 192 kb Change of a Change from	AC-3 5.1 an itrate for an ps to 160 kb udio PID val n dual-chann	ad vice audio o ps) lue (an nel aud	ven com	rsa. nponent (eg. odec) nto stereo a	MPEG1-I	_2 bitrate	0	K or NOK								
	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b from 192 kb Change of a Change from Removal of	AC-3 5.1 an itrate for an ps to 160 kb udio PID val n dual-chann	ad vice audio o ps) lue (an nel aud	ven com	rsa. nponent (eg. odec) nto stereo a	MPEG1-I	_2 bitrate	0	K or NOK								
	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b from 192 kb Change of a Change from	AC-3 5.1 and itrate for an ps to 160 kb udio PID valudio PID valudio elected aud	ad vice audio o ps) lue (an lel audio com	ven con iy co io i	nponent (eg. odec) nto stereo an nent and usi	MPEG1-I udio and vi	.2 bitrate ce versa t preferred	0	K or NOK								
	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b from 192 kb Change of av Change from Removal of one Addition of Change of th	AC-3 5.1 and itrate for an ps to 160 kb udio PID valor dual-channos elected audone audio cone audio code audio code	ad vice audio o ps) lue (an hel aud iio com ompone ec (eg.	y conio i	nponent (eg. odec) nto stereo at nent and usi with higher om MPEG1-	MPEG1-I udio and vi ng the nex preferred t L2 to AC-	.2 bitrate ce versa t preferred user setting	0	K or NOK								
	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b from 192 kb Change of a Change from Removal of one Addition of	AC-3 5.1 and itrate for an ps to 160 kb udio PID valor dual-channos elected audone audio cone audio code audio code	ad vice audio o ps) lue (an hel aud iio com ompone ec (eg.	y conio i	nponent (eg. odec) nto stereo at nent and usi with higher om MPEG1-	MPEG1-I udio and vi ng the nex preferred t L2 to AC-	.2 bitrate ce versa t preferred user setting	0	K or NOK								
Conformity	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b from 192 kb Change of at Change from Removal of one Addition of Change of th Change of IS	AC-3 5.1 an itrate for an ps to 160 kb udio PID val dual-chann selected audone audio code audio code SO 639-2 lar	ad vice audio o ps) lue (an hel aud iio com ompone ec (eg.	y conio i	nponent (eg. odec) nto stereo an nent and usi with higher om MPEG1- r an audio co	MPEG1-I udio and vi ng the nex preferred to L2 to AC- omponent	ce versa t preferred user setting										
Conformity Comments	Change of n AC-3 2.0 to Change of b from 192 kb Change of av Change from Removal of one Addition of Change of th	AC-3 5.1 an itrate for an ps to 160 kb udio PID val dual-chann selected audone audio code audio code audio code (SO 639-2 lar Major scribe if faul	ad vice audio c ps) lue (an lue audio com ompone ec (eg. nguage	y com y com io i inport ent from fro	nponent (eg. odec) nto stereo annent and usi with higher om MPEG1- r an audio co Minor, de ixed with so	MPEG1-I udio and vi ng the next preferred to L2 to AC- component efine fail re ftware upd	ce versa t preferred user setting ason in com	ment	S								

Test Case	Task 15:44 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT audio type
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9).



The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.

During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4).

For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1).

For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).

IRD variants and capability

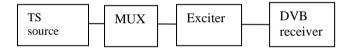
PVR IRD

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that IRD records all audio tracks. To verify that IRD selects normal/undefined (0x00) audio component by default in playback.

Equipment:



The TS must contain two services with several audio components for the same language, audio formats and stream type but different audio types.

Suitable languages are Swedish, Finnish, Norwegian, Danish, Icelandic, Sami, Irish/Gaelic and English.

Audio type is signaled in PMT in one or all of the following descriptors:

- 1) Supplementary_audio_descriptor for any stream type.
- 2) AAC_descriptor for AAC audio.
- 3) AC-3 descriptor for AC-3 audio.
- 4) Enhanced AC-3 descriptor for E-AC-3 audio.
- 5) ISO639_descriptor for any stream type.

IRD is assumed to prioritise the audio type signalization information in that order.

Audio format is stereo.

Stream type for all audio components is either MPEG-4 HE-AAC version 1 or E-AC-3 including metadata corresponding audio_type.





	I							
		Service1	Service2	Frequency				
	MUX	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen				
	TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of				
	Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	the				
	ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	distribution				
		A PID 1108	A PID 1208	media				
		ISO639_language_code ²)	ISO639_language_code ²					
		Audio_type hearing impaired	Audio_type hearing imp	aired				
		A PID 1107 ISO639_language_code ²)	A PID 1207 ISO639_language_code ²	2)				
		Audio_type visual impaired	Audio_type visual impair					
		commentary	commentary	100				
		A PID 1106	A PID 1206					
		ISO639_language_code 2)	ISO639_language_code 2	2)				
		Audio_type Normal/Undef	Audio_type Normal/Und	ef				
		LCD 1 visible	LCD 2 visible					
		_id (Original_network_id) can be chos	en in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (o	perational network) and it				
		l be same for both muxes.						
		guage must the same for all audio com /fin/nor/ice/dan/smi/gle/iri/eng/und	ponents and it can be one of t	he				
	Swe	/mi/nor/ice/dan/smi/gie/m/eng/dnd						
	Test proced	lure:						
	1. Sta	rt recording.						
	2. Ve:	rify the receiver selects audio of	component which has no	ormal/undefined audio				
		default	1					
		rify user is able to select differ	ent audio components					
		y back the recording.	ent audio components					
		•						
	5. Fill	I in the measurement record.						
	Expected re	esult:						
	IRD selects the audio component that is signalled as Normal/Undefined (0x00) by default when several audio components with the same language code, audio format and stream type but different audio type are available within one service.							
	The user sha	all be able to select between the	e different audio compo	nents during playback.				
Test result(s)	Measureme	ent record:						
	Test point			Result OK/NOK				
		s normal/undefined audio com	nonent by default in	2100010 011/11011				
		5 Horman andermed audio Com	ponent by default in					
	playback	, , , , , ,	1 . 11 1 1					
		All audio components are recorded and selectable during						
	playback							
Conformity	OK Faul	t Major Mino	or, define fail reason in	comments				
Comments		lescribe if fault can be fixed wi						
Comments		ore specific faults and/or other						
Date			Sign					

Test Case	Task 15:45 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT subtitling language
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available),



switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9).

The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.

During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4).

For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1).

For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).

IRD variants and capability

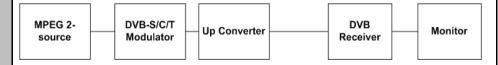
PVR IRD

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI tables.

Test Equipment:



MUX1	Service1	Service2	Bouquet SI	Can be
TS_id 1	SID 1100	SID 1200	All	chosen
Network_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	information	depending of
ON_id 1)	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x16 or 0x19	in EIT.	the
	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200		distribution
	V PID 1109 (MPEG2 SD)	V PID 1209 (MPEG4 AVC)		media.
	A PID 1108 (MPEG1L2)	A PID 1208		
	S PID 1107 (DVB subtitling)	S PID 1107 (DVB		
	S PID 1106 (DVB subtitling)	subtitling)		
	LCN 1 visible	S PID 1106 (DVB		
		subtitling)		
		LCN 2 visible		
MUX2	Service3	Service4		Can be
TS_id 2	SID 2100	SID 2200		chosen
Network_id 1	S_name Test21	S_name Test22		depending of
ON_id 1)	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x16 or 0x19		the
	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200		distribution
	V PID 1109 (MPEG2 SD)	V PID 1209 (MPEG4 AVC)		media.
	A PID 1108 (MPEG1L2)	A PID 1208		
	S PID 1107 (TTX with multi-	S PID 1107 (TTX with		
	lingual subtitling)	multi-lingual subtitling)		
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible		

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

Services may contain other components, e.g. teletext, subtitling and multiple additional audio tracks.

PMT of the test services shall be updated during the test so that subtitling components are added and removed in various combinations, e.g. by the following pattern:



	S PID a	Lang1				Lang1					
	S PID b		Lang2		Lang2						
	PMT ver	n n-	-1 .			1	1+k time	•			
	Test procedu										
	1. Set the user preference for primary subtitling language to Lang1.										
	2. Set to Lang		terence for	secondary	subtitling	language	to other than	Langl or			
		recording.									
		ct an anothe									
		ate the PMT the recordi		he service	and add/rer	nove sub	titling compo	onent(s).			
				primary si	ıbtitling laı	าguage to	other than L	ang1 or			
	Lang	2 and seco	ndary subt	itling langu	age to Lan	g2.		6			
		back the re									
	9. Fill 1	n the meas	urement re	cord.							
	Expected res	ults:									
	The receiver s	shall handle	updates in	n PMT and	record/plag	yback acc	cording to the	e			
	signaling. All							lariba alr			
	User preferen	ce for prim	ary/second	iary subtitii	ing languag	ge works (correctly in p	паураск.			
Test result(s)	Measuremen	t record:		Measurement record:							
	Test point						Result OK/	NOK			
	Test point IRD records	all decoda	ble subtitli	ng compon	ents in the		Result OK/I	NOK			
	IRD records service						Result OK/I	NOK			
	IRD records service User prefere	nce for pri	nary/secor				Result OK/N	NOK			
	IRD records service User prefere works correc	nce for prin	nary/secor	ndary subti	tling langua	age	Result OK/	NOK			
	IRD records service User prefere	nce for prin	nary/secor	ndary subti	tling langua	age	Result OK/I	NOK			
	IRD records service User prefere works correct Subtitling tra PMT PMT update	nce for princetly in playlack is selec	mary/secor back. ted for pla	ndary subting yback dyna	tling langua	age the	Result OK/I	NOK			
	IRD records service User prefere works correct Subtitling transfer	nce for princetly in playlack is selec	mary/secor back. ted for pla	ndary subting yback dyna	tling langua	age the	Result OK/I	NOK			
Conformity	IRD records service User prefere works correct Subtitling trapMT PMT update disturb the p	nce for prince the prince to the prince the	mary/secor back. ted for pla	yback dyna tling track ponents.	tling langua nmically by selection d	age the o not		NOK			
Conformity Comments	IRD records service User prefere works correct Subtitling tra PMT PMT update	nce for prince the pri	mary/secor back. ted for pla quent subti other com	ndary subting track ponents.	tling languanmically by selection d	the o not reason in	comments	NOK			
	IRD records service User prefere works correct Subtitling trapMT PMT update disturb the p	nce for prince the pri	mary/secorback. ted for plaguent subtite other com	yback dynattling track ponents. Minor, dixed with s	amically by selection define fail resoftware up	the o not reason in	comments	NOK			
	IRD records service User prefere works correct Subtitling trapMT PMT updated disturb the pure of the possible design of the possible design of the possible design of the pure of the possible design of the possible design of the possible design of the pure of	nce for prince the pri	mary/secorback. ted for plaguent subtite other com	yback dyna tling track ponents. Minor, of ixed with s r other info	amically by selection define fail resoftware up	the o not reason in	comments	NOK			

Test Case	Task 15:46 Full service playback – Subtitling for the hard-of-hearing
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.



During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4).

For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1).

For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).

IRD variants and capability

PVR IRD

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the IRD can handle signalisation and decoding of "hard of hearing" subtitling when they are broadcasted.or not during playback.

To check that composition pages "normal" are chosen by default instead of "hard of hearing" in playback.

Support for ancillary pages is not tested.

Equipment:



A transport stream containing test services with DVB and EBU Teletext composition subtitling and "hard of hearing" components.

PMT of the test services shall be updated during the test so that subtitling components are added and removed in various combinations, e.g. by the following pattern:



Subtitling composition pages can be divided into two contents: "normal" or "hard of hearing". Composition pages shall be enabled in mode "normal" by default. Subtitling ancillary pages can be broadcasted for more or less like a "raw data". Ancillary pages shall be enabled by default.

Test procedure:

- 1. Start recording.
- 2. Update the PMT table of the recorded service and add/remove normal and hard-of-hearing subtitling component(s).
- 3. Stop the recording.
- 4. Enable 'hard-of-hearing' subtitling in the user preferences.
- 5. Play back the recording.
- 6. Fill in the measurement record.

Expected result:

Hard of hearing content of the DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is recorded, handled, displayed and decoded correctly in playback.





Test result(s)	Measurement record:								
	Test point	Result OK/NOK							
	IRD records all decodable subtitling components in the service								
	Subtitling track is selected for playback dynamically according								
	to the PMT								
	Hard-of-hearing subtitles are displayed automatically only if								
	selected as the user preference								
	PMT update and consequent subtitling track selection do not								
	disturb the playback of other components								
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in c	comments							
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq Y \)	ES NO							
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information								
Date	Sign								

Test Case	Task 15:47 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT subtitling type
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing. During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD prioritizes DVB subtitling over TTX subtitling in playback. Equipment: MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter Receiver Monitor





	A transport stream containing test services with DVB and EBU Teletext composition subtitling. PMT of a test service shall be updated during the test so that subtitling components are								
	PMT of a test added and rer								ents are
	S PID a	DVB sub	itling			DVB			
	S PID b		Teletext		Teletext	subtitling			
	PMT ver	———i n n⊣	-1			1	n+k	→ time	
Test result(s)	2. Upd: Tele 3. Stop 4. Start 5. Obse 6. Play	trecording. ate the PMT text subtitli the recordi another receive back the recein the measu	ng compo ng. cording. cordings. urement re	nent(s).					
Test resuti(s)		it record:					-	1. 0.77	DIOTE
	Test point IRD records	all decodal	hle suhtitli	ng compo	nents in the	service	Resu	It OK	/NOK
	Subtitling tr								
	to the PMT DVB subtitl	es are nrior	itized ove	r FRII Tele	etext subtit	les in			
	playback	es are prior	nnzea ove	LDC TC	ctext subtre	ics iii			
	Teletext sub		VB subtit	les are not	displayed				
	simultaneou	sly.							
		_							
Conformity	OK Fault				define fail				
Comments	If possible de Describe mor					odate: U	YES[_	NO	
Date					Sign				

Test Case	Task 15:48 Full service playback – Subtitling synchronization
G v	N. D. W.G. 14445
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or



change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing. During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback). IRD variants PVR IRD and capability Test procedure **Purpose of test:** To verify that the PVR sustains the subtitling synchronization in playback handle and that synchronization remains after trickmodes (pause, fast fwd/rwd). **Equipment:** MPEG 2-DVB-S/C/T DVB Monitor Up Converter source Modulator Receiver A transport stream containing test services with DVB and EBU Teletext composition subtitling and for HEVC PVRs a transport stream that also incudes a test HEVC HD/UHD service with TTML subtitling. **Test procedure:** For non-HEVC PVR test against two MPEG2 or AVC services (one containing DVB subtilting and one containing EBU Teletext subtilling). For HEVC PVRs test in addition also agains one HEVC service (containing TTML subtitling). 1. Make a number of recordings (at least one recording per Subtilting format: EBU Teletext, DVB Subtitling and TTML). 2. Record the content for at least 30 minutes. 3. Stop the recording. 4. Play back the recording. 5. Observe the relative synchronization of subtitling. 6. Fill in the measurement record. 7. Perform a sequence of trick modes like: Pause playback, start/resume again, fast forward 2-5min of the recoding, start/resume, pause again and start/resume regular playback. (During pause the subtitles shall be paused or skipped). After the whole sequence of tricks modes, observe the relative synchronization 8. of subtitling. 9. Fill in the measurement record. For each recording repeat steps 4 to 9.

DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is recorded, handled, displayed and decoded correctly

Expected result:

in playback.





Test result(s)	Measurement record:									
	Test point			Result OK/NOK						
	6. DVB subtitling on a SD MPEG2/AVC service		ıyed							
	synchronized in playback compared to the live s									
	6. DVB subtitling on a HD AVC service is displ	•								
	synchronized in playback compared to the live s									
	9. After trickmode DVB subtitling on a SD/HD displayed synchronized in playback compared to		vice is							
	stream.	to the five								
	6. EBU teletext subtitling on a SD MPEG2/AVG		is							
	displayed synchronized in playback compared to	to the live								
	stream	ap.								
	9. After trickmode EBU teletext subtitling on a MPEC2/AVC service is displayed symphosized		a ala							
	MPEG2/AVC service is displayed synchronized compared to the live stream	a in piayba	ack							
	6. TTML teletext subtitling on a HEVC service									
	synchronized in playback compared to the live s									
	9. After trickmode TTML teletext subtitling on									
	service is displayed synchronized in playback collive stream.									
	iive sticaiii.									
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, defi	ine fail rea	ason in o	comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with soft		ite: 🔲 Y	∕ES□NO						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other inform	nation								
Date	Sig	gn								

Test Case	Task 15:49 Full service playback – Subtitling synchronization in time-shift
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing. During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).





IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD sustains the subtitling synchronization in time-shift.			
	Equipment: MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter Rece		Monitor	
	A transport stream containing test services with DVB and EBU Teletext composition subtitling.			
	Test procedure: 1. Enable timeshift. 2. View the service delayed. 3. Observe the relative synchronization of subtitling for at least 15 minutes. 4. Fill in the measurement record.			
	Expected result: DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is recorded, handled, displayed in timeshift.	and decode	ed correctly	
Test result(s)	Measurement record:			
	Test point DVB subtitling on a SD service is displayed synchronized in	Result O	K/NOK	
	timeshift mode compared to the live stream DVB subtitling on a HD service is displayed synchronized in timeshift mode compared to the live stream			
	EBU teletext subtitling on a SD service is displayed synchronized in timeshift mode compared to the live stream EBU teletext subtitling on a HD service is displayed			
	synchronized in timeshift mode compared to the live stream			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: Describe more specific faults and/or other information	ζES⊡NO		
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 15:50 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT video and audio PIDs
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.



During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4).

For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1).

For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).

IRD variants and capability

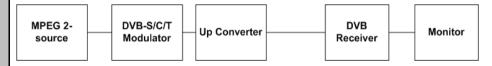
PVR IRD

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the IRD handles dynamic PMT updates in playback.

Test equipment:



	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01, 0x16 or	S_type 0x01, 0x16 or 0x19	the distribution
ON_id 1)	0x19	PMT PID 1200	media
_	PMT PID 1100	V PID 1209 incl PCR	
	V PID 1109 incl PCR	A PID 1208	
	A PID 1108	Teletext PID 1207	
	Teletext PID 1107	DVB Subt PID 1106	
	DVB Subt PID 1106	LCN 2 visible	
	LCN1visible		

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network)

Sometimes broadcaster may drop, add or change the content of the PID. If this happens, the PMT is updated by changing the version_id.

This task can be performed in parallel with Task 13:25 Dynamic update of PMT PID values.

Test procedure:

- 1. Drop all PIDs on Service1 on MUX1.
- 2. Select Service1.
- 3. Start recording.
- 4. Add PIDs in following order:
 - a. Video PID 1109
 - b. Audio PID 1108
 - c. Teletext PID1107
 - d. DVB subtitling PID 1106
- 5. Verify that the service is decoded correctly by watching the video, listening the audio and reading the teletext, teletext subtitling and DVB subtitling
- 6. Change the following PID values:
 - a. Video PID 1109 to 1103
 - b. Audio PID 1108 to 1102
- 7. Stop recording.
- 8. Play back the recording.





	9. Fill in the measurement record.		
	Expected result: After addition or change of the PIDs, all the component in the service are recorded and played back correctly.		
Test result(s)	Change of PID values maintains the service decoding. Measurement record:		
100010000000000000000000000000000000000			
	Test point	Result OK/NOK	
	IRD handles PMT updates and records all components in PMT		
	IRD handles PID changes during the recording		
Conformity	☐ OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason	on in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update	:: \Box YES \Box NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 15:51 Full service playback – Dynamic update of video aspect ratio		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5		
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing. During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).		
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI tables. Test Equipment:		
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor		





	Test strem or live signal where aspect ratio changes dynami • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz • MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz Test procedure: 1. Start recording. 2. Update the aspect ratio of the video stream. 3. Stop recording 4. Play back the recording. 5. Verify that the IRD reacts to the aspect ratio change 6. Fill in the measurement record. Expected results: The receiver shall handle updates in PMT and record/playbasignaling.	e correctly
Test result(s)	Test Point	Result OK/NOK
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i25 16:9 to 4:3	Result OK/NOK
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i25 4:3 to 16:9	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p50 16:9 to 4:3	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p50 4:3 to 16:9	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i25 16:9 to 4:3	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i25 4:3 to 16:9	
	MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i25 16:9 to 4:3	
	MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i25 4:3 to 16:9	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reas	on in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update Describe more specific faults and/or other information	e: YES NO
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 15:52 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT CA status
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing. During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4).



	For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating		
	descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the		
	recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from DMT on the elementary streams.		
	For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams		
	(like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live		
	viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header		
	information shall be stored and processed during playback).		
IRD variants	PVR IRD		
and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
	To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI		
	tables.		
	Test Equipment:		
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T DVB DVB		
	source DVB-5/C/1 Up Converter DVB Monitor		
	Live stream or test network with a service that changes from free to scrambled.		
	m 1		
	Test procedure:		
	1. Tune to an unencrypted service that changes from free to scrambled.		
	Insert to the IRD a smartcard (and CAM if applicable) with subscription to the service.		
	3. Start recording over the CA status change.		
	4. Verify that IRD continues recording regardless of the CA status change.		
	4. Verify that IRD continues recording regardless of the CA status change.5. Play back the service with proper CA card.		
	6. Verify that the IRD is able to play back the recording.		
	J. J. M. J.		
	Expected results:		
	The receiver shall handle updates in PMT and record/playback according to the		
	signaling.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle \textstyl		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Data	C:au		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 15:53 Dynamic changes in video stream in playback
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).



IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is abl different video modes while receiver. Equipment:		es in transmission between
	Source MUX	Exciter DV rece	Monitor eiver
	This task can be performed in pa		•
	Transport stream containing ser between them: • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L. • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L. • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L. • MPEG-2 MP@ML 576	3 576i 25Hz 4 720p 50Hz 4 1080i 25Hz	content and transitions
	Test procedure:		
	 Start recording. Perform the required via 3. Stop recording. Verify that changes bet 5. Fill in the measuremen Expected result: The IRD is able to handle video	ween modes are happening t record.	
Test result(s)	Measurement record:		
	From	То	OK/NOK
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz MPEG-2 MP@ML	
Conformity		or, define fail reason in con	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can l	oe fixed with software upda	ate: YESNO





	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:54 Parental lock during playback	
	rush rere i uremur reen uurmig prujisuen	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5	
Requirement	During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).	
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD reacts to dynamic changes in EIT parental rating value also for the recordings. Equipment: This task can be performed in parallel with Task 13:21 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f parental_rating_descriptor Test procedure: 1. Choose an arbitrary parental rating value N. 2. Set the parental lock value as "disabled" or over N. 3. Initiate an OTR over consecutive events having the parental ratings as follows: No rating Rating No rating Rating Value M < N No rating 4. Stop the recording. 5. Change the IRD parental lock value between M and N. 6. Play back the recording.	
	7. Stop the playback.8. Disable the parental lock .9. Play back the recording again.	
	 10. Set the parental lock value below M. 11. Repeat the steps 2 – 9 Expected results: 	





	The IRD stores the EIT parental_rating_descriptor value and re the playback.	acts accordingly during
Test result(s)	Measurement record	
	Test point	Result OK/NOK
	IRD invokes parental lock for a recording that has higher	
	rating in parental_rating_descriptor than the current user	
	preference. Parental lock is not displayed if user preference is higher	
	than the highest rating value in the recording.	
	Parental lock is not displayed if user preference is disabled.	
	EIT Parental rating is interpreted dynamically (optional)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in	comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: [□YES □NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:55 Maintaining scheduled recordings after network update
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the user to select individual events and series to be recordedfrom the ESG or EPG display (based on information from EIT data).
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that network changes do not affect the recording schedule.
	Equipment: This task can be performed in parallel with Task 14:18 Quasi-static update of service list – services moved between different transport streams
	Test procedure:
	1. Set up the Task 14:18 initial situation.
	 Schedule a recording for service 'Test12' after the time event when the IRD quasi-statically reacts to the network changes.
	(Example: If the IRD reacts to the network changes always at 03:00, schedule the recording to happen after that time)
	3. Perform the network change according to Task 14:18.
	4. Make sure that automatic service list update is initiated.
	5. Set the IRD to standby.
	6. Verify that the IRD performs the recording correctly as scheduled in step 2.
	Expected results: Scheduled recordings are not affected by network changes.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments





Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other in		ate: YESNO
Date		Sign	

	Task 15:56 User actions disturbing the recording	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2	
Requirement	During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound deparental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDC interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall per viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elem information shall be stored and processed during playback).	lepending on the event's P) on its digital output parental rating g at the start of the ne elementary streams form the same as live
IRD variants and capability	PVR IRD	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the PVR IRD is able to handle reception errors at Equipment: Test network Test procedure: 1. Initiate a recording. 2. Set the IRD to standby for a short time, e.g. 1 minute. 3. Wake up the IRD. 4. Set the IRD to standby for a longer period of time, e.g. 5. Wake up the IRD. 6. Shut down and re-start the HDMI sink (Not applicable 7. Stop the recording. 8. Initiate a new recording. 9. Power cycle the IRD. 10. Stop the recording, if it is still active. 11. Fill in the measurement record. Expected results: IRD is able to handle the disturbances in the operational environment.	g. 30 minutes. e for iDTVs).
Test result(s)	Measurement record	
	Test point IRD continues an ongoing recording in stand-by mode HDCP connection status does not disturb the recording. IRD returns back to the originating power state after a power cycle. IRD indicates the recording is incomplete.	Result OK/NOK
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason i	n comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:	YES NO





NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.2

	Describe more specific faults and/or other inf	Formation
Date		Sign





2.16 Task 16: IRD System Software and API

2.16.1 Introduction

This section specifies the test plans related to the NorDig HbbTV IRD and Nordig HEVC iDTV configurations. Nordig Basic TV IRD System software tests are defined elsewhere in this document..

Verified passing of the latest HbbTV official test suite [3] is a mandatory requirement for all NorDig HbbTV IRD. The implementation of the HbbTV in the NorDig HbbTV IRD shall be verified by the manufacturer, i.e. the verification testing is based on self-testing by the manufacturer unless otherwise specified by the relevant network/Operator.

NorDig broadcast member may request to get a copy of the manufacture's HbbTV Verification Test report with test results, before approving a NorDig HbbTV IRD on the market.

Informative: The official HbbTV Test suite of the HbbTV Association (http://hbbtv.org) consists of a huge number of test cases, some of which the HbbTV Association has defined as mandatory and some as optional. The optional cases can be referred to as "additional test material". Some of these optional test cases have been contributed by NorDig and some by other testing regimes.

NorDig mandates that NorDig HbbTV IRDs shall pass:

- all test cases that are included in the latest HbbTV test suite and which HbbTV organisation has defined as mandatory
 - If the NorDig IRD supports features that are defined as optional features in HbbTV, the corresponding HbbTV tests are mandatory (e.g. HbbTV AC-4 tests are mandatory on NorDig HbbTV HEVC IRDs.)
- a number of additional test cases that are included in the latest HbbTV standard test suite but which HbbTV Association has defined as -not mandatory (i.e. additional test material). These test cases are included in the list of Test Cases below. (Please Note that these test cases might be not mandatory in the standard HbbTV Test Suite and in other markets)
- a number of NorDig defined HbbTV test cases which are only included in this NorDig Test Plan.

NorDig mandates that Nordig HbbTV IRDs and HEVC iDTVs, i.e. devices supporting HbbTV standard version 2.0.1 or 2.0.2 (determined by the information included in the IRD's user agent as reported by the browser) shall pass

- all test cases in the official HbbTV DASH-DRM Reference application
 [https://refapp.hbbtv.org/production] relevant to the DRM schemes the IRD supports (Playready / Marlin / Clearkey) and/or the operator requires
 - Test cases include out-of-band subtitles, in-band subtitles, in-band events, advert insertion, multi-audio DASH and Live DASH.
- all test cases in the official HbbTV Test Suite related to out-of-band subtitles, in-band subtitles and advert insertion. Detailed test list is included in chapter 2.6.12

The current HbbTV Test Suite is available from HbbTV association and it provides a set of test material to test HbbTV device implementations. It is suitable for manufacturers of devices, including hardware and software components implementing the HbbTV specification. For information on how to obtain the HbbTV Test Suite, device manufacturer should refer to http://hbbtv.org/resource-library/#testing-information-and-support.

NorDig has contributed into HbbTV organisation with all our NorDig-developed test cases (including test material) and these are available from the HbbTV organisation's Test Repository as "additional test material". It is recommended to use this alternative. For any party who is unable to access the HbbTV Test Repository to obtain the Nordig HbbTV Test Materials, these can be obtained via the Nordig website (http://www.nordig.org) as well, free of charge, but subject to accepting the Nordig Test Suite Licence Agreement (available from the Nordig website). The approved Nordig HbbTV Test Suite is identical on both sources.

Running the test cases requires access to the HbbTV Minimum Test Harness, a commercial harness.





Please note that currently the Minimum Test Harness is able to run only the tests that are approved to the official HbbTV Test Suite. CI+ test cases are also mandatory to pass as they are approved to the official HbbTV Test Suite. To run the CI+ tests, a test CAM which is compatible with the test harness will be needed. This is likely to either be available through the provider of your commercial test harness, or in the case of the Minimum Test Harness from Eurofins Digital Testing. Please contact DigitalTestingSupport@eurofins.com for assistance in running the CI+ tests in the Minimum Test Harness. The Nordig HbbTV Test Suite includes the materials for tasks 16:1 to 16:59.

National testing regimes, operators and broadcasters define the final requirements for any regional certification process, and these might include additional test suites and test cases (for example DRM tests). Additional test materials are available from the latest release of the HbbTV Test Suite or from the entity organizing the testing regime. The chapter and table 2.16.2. define the test tasks that are by default mandatory to pass the Nordig Test Suite part of any national regime.

Development of the Nordig Test cases is a continuous process and can be tracked in HbbTV Redmine system under the «Nordig API» -group. Redmine system can be reached from https://hbbtv.org/redmine/projects/nordig-api-group.

Detailed test task procedures are not repeated here – they can be accessed by refering to the xml test description files and they are visible in the RUT and PC computer screen running the test harness while executing the tests.

2.16.2 List of test cases

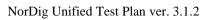
All NorDig HbbTV IRDs shall in addition to the HbbTV's mandatory test cases also pass following listed test cases defined within the HbbTV test suite and in the current chapter below:

NorDig Test Task
Test Task
2.16 Task 16: IRD System software and API
Task 16:1 org.nordig_00000010 Current time, TDT/TOT available, NTP available
Task 16:2 org.nordig_00000020 Current time, no TDT/TOT tables, NTP available
Task 16:3 org.nordig_00000030 Current time, no TDT/TOT tables, no NTP, but SNTP is available
Task 16:4 org.nordig_00000100 parental control, blocking application
Task 16:5 org.nordig_00000300 EBU teletext, no HbbTV teletext
Task 16:6 org.nordig_00000310 HbbTV teletext, no EBU teletext
Task 16:7 org.nordig_00000320 EBU teletext and HbbTV teletext
Task 16:8 org.nordig_00000330 EBU Teletext, HbbTV teletext signalled but not available
Task 16:9 org.nordig_00000340 No EBU Teletext, no HbbTV teletext
Task 16:10 org.nordig_00000350 No EBU teletext, HbbTV teletext signalled but not available
Task 16:11 org.nordig_00000400 EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object, no scaling
Task 16:12 org.nordig_00000410 EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object scaled down
Task 16:13 org.nordig_00000420 EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object scaled up
Task 16:14 org.nordig_00000430 DSM-CC stream events and DVB subtitles
Task 16:15 org.nordig_00000440 DSM-CC stream events and EBU subtitles
Task 16:16 org.nordig_00000500 Broadcast video scaling, 1 x 1
Task 16:17 org.nordig_00000510 Broadband TS video scaling, 1 x 1
Task 16:18 org.nordig_00000520 Broadband MP4 video scaling, 1 x 1
Task 16:19 org.nordig_0000600 EIT P/F, characters
Task 16:20 org.nordig_00000610 EIT MetadataSearch, characters
Task 16:21 org.nordig_00001010 Exit button on broadcast independent application: restore broadcast
video
Task 16:22 org.nordig_00001020 Exit button: restore broadcast video from PIP mode
Task 16:23 org.nordig_00001050 Setting of preferredUILanguage
Task 16:24 org.nordig_00001060 Updating preferredUILanguage after language change in Navigator
Task 16:25 org.nordig_00001070 Switch subtitles: DVB to EBU teletext
Task 16:26 org.nordig_00001080 Switch subtitles: EBU teletext to DVB





NorDig Test Task
Test Task
Task 16:27 org.nordig_00001081 Switch subtitles over broadband TS: EBU teletext to DVB
Task 16:28 org.nordig_00001082 Switch subtitles over broadband TS: DVB teletext to EBU
Task 16:29 org.nordig_00001100 Disabling subtitles
Task 16:30 org.nordig_00001101 Disabling subtitles over broadband TS
Task 16:31 org.nordig_00001200 DVB subtitles - V/B Object not bound to current channel
Task 16:32 org.nordig_00001210 DVB subtitles - V/B Object bound to current channel
Task 16:33 org.nordig_00001220 EBU Teletext subtitles: Video/Broadcast Object not bound to current
channel
Task 16:34 org.nordig_00001230 EBU Teletext subtitles: Video/Broadcast Object bound to current
channel
Task 16:35 org.nordig_00001240 DVB subtitles placed behind application, V/B Object not bound to
current channel
Task 16:36 org.nordig_00001250 DVB subtitles placed behind application, V/B Object bound to
current channel
Task 16:37 org.nordig_00001260 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B Object not bound to
current channel
Task 16:38 org.nordig_00001270 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B Object bound to
current channel
Task 16:39 org.nordig_00001280 DVB subtitles, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)
Task 16:40 org.nordig_00001290 DVB subtitles, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)
Task 16:41 org.nordig_00001390 DVB subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4
1 Task 10.41 org.nordig_00001500 DVB subtitles bennit application, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4
Tool: 16:42 and nording 00001210 DVD subtitles habind application V/D shipet scaled up (2 x 2)
Task 16:42 org.nordig_00001310 DVB subtitles behind application V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)
Task 16:43 org.nordig_00001320 EBU Teletext subtitles, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)
Task 16:44 org.nordig_00001330 EBU Teletext subtitles, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)
Task 16:45 org.nordig_00001340 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled down (
1/4 x 1/4)
Task 16:46 org.nordig_00001341 EBU Teletext subtitles over broadband TS behind application, A/V
object scaled down (1/4x1/4) Tools 16/47, any position 00001250 EBLI Tolescent subtishes behind application. V/D abject scaled any (2 miles)
Task 16:47 org.nordig_00001350 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled up (2 x
Tools 16:49 and and in 00001400 DVP subtitles A Waltington and and in a
Task 16:48 org.nordig_00001400 DVB subtitles, A/V object - no scaling
Task 16:49 org.nordig_00001410 DVB subtitles, A/V object scaled down
Task 16:50 org.nordig_00001420 DVB subtitles, A/V object scaled up (2 x 2)
Task 16:51 HbbTV global setting
Task 16:52 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0040 Broadband DVB subtitles in a TS are displayed
Task 16:53 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0050 Broadband Teletext subtitles in a TS are displayed
Task 16:54 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0060 Broadband Subtitles Below Application Graphics
Task 16:55 fr.hdforum_00151240 EXIT function is provided by receiver
Task 16:56 fr.hdforum_00151250 Termination of autostart application using EXIT function
Task 16:57 fr.hdforum_00151260Termination of non-autostart broadcast-related application using EXIT
function
Task 16:58 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0070 Auto-start applications enabled by default
Task 16:59 fr.hdforum_00151000 Application launching with network connection available
Task 16:60 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (8:6)
Task 16:61 Subtitling - coexistent with HbbTV applications (8:7)
Task 16:62 Remote Control Key event mapping for NorDig HbbTV (9:11)
Task 16:63 org.hbbtv_SUB0110EBUTTD: out-of-band with non-live DASH.
Task 16:64 org.hbbtv_SUB0130EBUTTD: Select out-of-band ST with HTML5
Task 16:65 org.hbbtv_SUB0150EBUTTD: Select in-band DASH ST with HTML5
Task 16:66 org.hbbtv_SUB0140EBUTTD: Unselect out-of-band ST with HTML5
Task 16:67 org.hbbtv_SUB0160EBUTTD: Unselect in-band DASH ST with HTML5





NorDig Test Task
Test Task
Task 16:68 org.hbbtv_SUB0620EBUTTD: Enable subtitles via UI for DASH stream presented by
HTML5 media object
Task 16:69 org.hbbtv_DASH-EVENT0160DASH - Events - Mapping of InbandEventStreams to
TextTrack objects
Task 16:70 org.hbbtv_DASH-EVENT0210DASH - Events - TextTrack cues contents for
InbandEventStreams
Task 16:71 org.hbbtv_ADINS005HTML5 pre-roll advert insertion, DASH E-AC-3/HEVC and MP4
HE-AAC/AVC_HD_25
Task 16:72 org.hbbtv_ADINS003HTML5 mid-roll advert insertion, DASH E-AC-3/AVC_HD_25 and
MP4 HE-AAC/AVC_SD_25
Task 16:73 org.hbbtv_ADINS003HTML5 mid-roll advert insertion, DASH E-AC-3/AVC_HD_25 and
MP4 HE-AAC/AVC_SD_25
Task 16:74 org.hbbtv_ADINS014HTML5 pre-roll advert insertion, DASH HEAAC/AVC_HD_25 and
MP4 HEAAC/AVC_HD_25
Task 16:75 org.hbbtv_SUB0190EBUTTD: Select out-of-band ST with AV Control object

2.16.3 Test cases

Test Case	Task 16:1 – 16:50	
Section	Multiple (see test case descriptions)	
Requirement	Multiple (see test case descriptions)	
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: See the test case description from the Test Harness / Helper app UI Equipment: HbbTV Test Harness Test procedure: Run the test using the Test Harness or helper app. Follow the on-screen instructions. Expected result: PASS.	
Test result(s)	Test Harness returns PASS [OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.	
Conformity	OK [PASS] Fault [NOT OK]	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 16:51 HbbTV Global setting
Section	Nordig Unified 15.2
Requirement	The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall have HbbTV feature as enabled by default (see Section 16.3). It shall have a menu option to allow user to enable / disable the HbbTV feature as a whole and it should have a menu option to allow user to enable / disable the HbbTV feature service by service.





IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify that the IRD has an option to turn HbbTV on and off globally. Equipment: IRD under test. Stream with a HbbTV application signalled. Test procedure: 1. Turn HbbTV setting OFF 2. Check that HbbTV application is not launched. 3. Turn HbbTV setting ON 4. Check that HbbTV application is launched. Expected result: PASS.
Test result(s)	[OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 16:52 – 16:59 (es.TDThibrida and fr.HDForum tests)		
Section	Multiple (see test case descriptions)		
Requirement	Multiple (see test case descriptions)		
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: See the test case description from the Test Harness. Equipment: HbbTV Test Harness. Test procedure: Run the test using the Test Harness. Follow the on-screen instructions. Expected result: PASS.		
Test result(s)	Test Harness returns PASS [OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.		
Conformity	☐ OK [PASS] ☐ Fault [NOT OK]		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		



Test Case	Task 16:60 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (8:6)	
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.7	
Requirement	For services that have both an EBU Teletext service and an HbbTV Digital Teletext application signaled and available, the NorDig HbbTV shall be able to start and display the HbbTV Digital Teletext application as well as being able to start and display the EBU Teletext service (one at a time). The NorDig HbbTV shall start teletext and be able to toggle between any HbbTV Digital Teletext and any EBU Teletext service as described in clause 5.3.4 ("Starting digital teletext applications") of HbbTV specification ETSI TS 102 796.	
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to start EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (one at the time). A transport stream containing a test services with EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Telext application is required. Test procedure: 1. Tune to a serve that contains both EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application. 2. Verify that the user can toggle between EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application by pressing the "text" button in the RCU. Expected result: User can toggle between EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application.	
Test result(s)	[OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 16:61 Subtitling - coexistent with HbbTV applications (8:7)		
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.8		
Requirement	A NorDig HbbTV shall support simultaneous display of HbbTV application and subtitles (DVB subtitling and EBU teletext subtitling), both for broadcast and at least for MPEG2 TS delivered via broadband. The NorDig HbbTV shall display the HbbTV application over the subtitles as described in clause 10.1. ("Display model") of HbbTV specification ETSI TS 102 796. This means that if the video is up or down-converted, to other than full screen video, the subtitles shall either be rescaled/repositioned appropriately or not displayed at all.		
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that DVB and EBU teletext subtitling can coexists with HbbTV applications.		

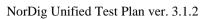




	A transport stream containing a test service with DVB and EBU teletext composition			
	subtitling component and at least one signaled service bound HbbTV application at the			
	same channel.			
	Test procedure:			
	1. set the IRD to the autostart mode for the HbbTV services and eansure that			
	subtitles are enabled			
	2. search channels			
	3. zap to a channel that contains the HbbTV service and subtitles			
	4. verify that when the HbbTV application is not using the same graphics plane or			
	area of the plane as the subtitles, the subtitles are visible			
	Expected result:			
	The subtitles are visible with a HbbTV application, when they are not sharing the same			
	area of the graphics plane.			
T	IOVI FAIL IF: 14 14 14 1-			
Test result(s)	[OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 16:62 Remote Control Key event mapping for NorDig HbbTV (9:11)		
Section	NorDig 8.7.10		
Requirement	The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall generate (HbbTV) events according to Table 8.7 when a key is pressed on the NorDig IRD remote control.		
IRD variants and capability	HbbTV IRD		
Test procedure	Test procedure: Check the manufacturer technical specification / compliance list or verify the remote control functions. Expected result: The minimum hardware requirement is fulfilled.		
Test result(s)	[OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 16:63 – 16:75
Section	Multiple (see test case descriptions)
Requirement	Multiple (see test case descriptions)





IRD variants	HbbTV IRD
and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	See the test case description from the Test Harness.
	Equipment: HbbTV Test Harness
	Test procedure: Run the test using the Test Harness or helper app. Follow the on-screen instructions.
	Expected result: PASS
Test result(s)	Test Harness returns PASS [OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.
Conformity	☐ OK [PASS] ☐ Fault [NOT OK]
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



2.17 Task 17: User Preferences

Test Case	Task 17:1 Stored preferences			
Section	NorDig Unified 16.1 and 16.2			
Requirement	The user shall be able to store preference settings in persistent memory. All user preference settings listed below shall remain when changing service and when re-starting the IRD. The following user preferences shall be implemented in the NorDig IRD, unless it is stated below as optional (should) requirement. (See section 16.4 for factory default values).			
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify stored user preferences Equipment: MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor			
	I Up Converter — — Monitor I I			
Test result(s) Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			





Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 17:2 Deletion of service lists			
Section	NorDig Unified 16.3			
Requirement	The IRD shall provide a function to remove all service lists (default and user defined) and should not affecting other parameters (e.g. user preferences).			
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify deletion of the service lists			
	Equipment: MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T DVB DVB			
	source Multiplex Modulator Up Converter Receiver Monitor			
	 Verify if the receiver supports a mechanism to only remove service lists. Verify that the service list(s) exists Remove service list(s) Verify remove of the service list(s) 			
	Expected result: Service lists are removed.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 17:3 Reset to factory mode
Section	NorDig Unified 16.4
Requirement	The IRD shall provide a function to reset all parameters to factory mode, thus removing all service lists, user preferences, etc. After reset, the IRD shall enter installation state.
IRD variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reset function. Equipment:





Test procedure:

- 1. Locate the reset to factory mode function in the IRD and initiate it.
- 2. Check that the service list and user preferences have been deleted.
- 3. Enter the navigator and check that the factory mode meets the requirements.
- 4. Fill in the test protocol.

Expected result:

The IRD has the user preference settings according the requirements.

Test result(s) Test protocol

Factory default settings for IRDs (where supported)	Setting	NOK or OK
RF input DC power supply source		
for satellite front-end:	On	
RF input DC power supply source		
for terrestrial front-end:	off (1)	
RF-output preset channel:	Channel 43 (PAL-G) (2)	
RF bypass gain	Disabled	
Menu language:	equal to country settings	
Audio type (Normal, Audio		
Description, Spoken Subtitling or all	No	
Supplementary Audio) (4)	Normal (3)	
Primary audio language:	equal to country settings	
Dialogue Enhancement	Off	
Audio format setting:	Stereo	
Subtitling (normal):	On	
Primary subtitling language:	as country settings	
Subtitling; hard of hearing/hearing impaired:	Off	
HbbTV Interactivity	On	
HDMI Audio output	Automatic, using E- EDID information	
HDMI ARC Audio output	Automatic, using CEC Short Audio Descriptor message	
HDMI eARC Audio output	Automatic, using eARC Capability Data Structure information	
HDMI Video output	Automatic using E-EDID information	
HDCP	ON or as specified by the relevant network/ CA operator see section 8.6.4 (5)	





	PVR recording priority, SD vs HD Talking menus (Text-to-Speech), optional Note 1: In the first time installation and r DC power supply shall be switched off. I if the DC power supply is turned on in the installation after resetting to factory setting procedure. Note 2: Applicable for IRDs with RF PAI Note 3: Mode 'Normal' refers to Audio the an IRD implementing audio type with two plus Spoken Subtitling), this mode 'Normand Spoken Subtitling off. Note 4: Supplementary Audio (SA) refer and Spoken Subtitling and (SS). Note 5: The IRD should provide an option "ON" or "OFF", see section 8.6.4. Note 6: Settings for SSU (System Softwat combined setting or several settings for combined setting	It is recommended that the receiver ask the first time installation and in the large, to speed up the initialisation L modulator the case of the receiver settings (Audio Description and refers to that Audio Description off the shere to both Audio Description (AD) and to manually set the HDCP default to the receiver parts. The settings required as supported (see 10.2) but could, for
Conformity Comments	OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: ☐ YES ☐ NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date		Sign