

For information only

NorDig Test Plan spec. v. 3.1.1 markup version

This document illustrates difference between NorDig Test Plan ver. 2.6.0 and ver. 3.1.1

Yellow highlight marking marks changes in text compared to NorDig Test Plan ver. 2.6.0

NorDig Unified Test Plan for Integrated Receiver Decoders

for use in cable, satellite, terrestrial and managed IPTV based networks

Version 3.1.1

Date: 03.09.2019





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Part I – Introduction



1 Document History

Version	Date	Comments
Ver 1.0	11.2004	This is the first approved version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification
Ver. 1.0.3	03.2007	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 1.0.3
Ver 2.0	06.2008	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.0. It also reflects that the NorDig logo is no more offered.
Ver. 2.2.1	01.2012	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.2.1.
Ver. 2.2.2	11.2012	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test specification. This release updated some DVB-S, DVB-T/T2 and PVR test cases. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.2.1.
Ver 2.4	10.2013	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.4.
		 Main changes in this release are: Change of document name from "test specification" to "test plan" LTE interferer for DVB-T and DVB-T2 Test cases for RBM in case of reception of DVB-T2 signals. Tests are based on DVB V&V work and harmonized with Ebook and Dbook. Change of DVB-T2 version from 1.1.1 to 1.2.1 Reception of DVB-T2 v1.1.1 signals
		 Video, Audio and Subtitling test case updates due removing M2 and M4 requirements. MHP related test cases removed
Ver 2.5.0	01.2016	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.5.1.
		 Main changes in this release are: Test case and chapter numbering changed Test cases for DVB-T and T2 SSI updated Test cases for DVB-C updated Test cases for PVR updated Test cases for Audio and Video updated
Ver 2.6.0	10.2017	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 2.6.0.
		 Main changes in this release are: Test cases for DVB-T/T2 for Analog interference removed Test cases for DVB-T/T2 for LTE inteference 800 MHz updated and for LTE 700 MHz added



		 Test cases for IRD System Software and API added Test cases for DVB-T/T2 channel search updated Test cases for DVB-SSU updated Some test cases for PVR functionality updated
Ver. 3.1.1	03.09.2019	This is the updated version of the complete NorDig Unified Test plan. This release is compliant with the NorDig Unified specification ver. 3.1.1. The NorDig Test Plan ver. 3.1.1 is a major revison to be compliant to
		NorDig Unified IRD specification ver. 3.1.1, where the main changes are inclusion of HEVC video, NGA AC-4 audio and IRD system software update.



2 References

This test specification is related to the following documents:

[1] NorDig Unified Requirements for Integrated Receiver Decoders, Version 3.1.1, September 2019

October 2018.

NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.1, diff. ver. 2.6.0 with markups

- [2] NorDig Rules of Operation for NorDig Unified receiver networks, ver. 2.5 October 2016.
- [3] HbbTV Test Suite, the most recent released version published by HbbTV applicable to IRD implementing. The most recent released version published by HbbTV refers here to the latest version that was available up to 9 month before the IRD is released/launched, in order to give manufacture time for their QA verification and test process. (Note, HbbTV organisation normally only keep latest version available and at time of writing the latest version is 9.2.0)
- [4] The DVB-T2 Reference Streams, DVB-T2 Verification & Validation Working Group, ver 1.1 (11th August, 2011).

3 Background

The NorDig group represents broadcasters and network operators in the Nordic countries and Ireland. The members have agreed on common minimum decoder specifications and a migration plan towards the use of decoders that satisfy these requirements. For further info about NorDig, please see www.nordig.org.

The various members of NorDig are independent of each other, but intend to transmit to IRDs that satisfy the specified common minimum requirements. The various networks may in addition specify network specific requirements.

Common test specifications are established in order to ensure that decoders comply with the common minimum requirements. Additional test specifications may apply for individual networks, especially networks with access-controlled transmissions.

The NorDig specifications are contained in the NorDig Unified specification [1] which covers and includes the following profiles; NorDig Basic and NorDig HbbTV. Figure 1 illustrate the relationships between the various NorDig profiles - variants and capability.



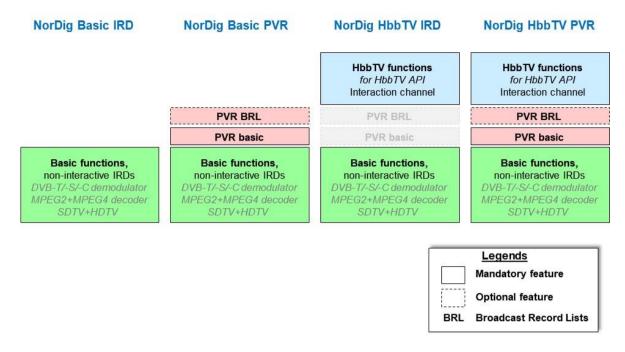


Figure 1 The NorDig profiles and the main building blocks.

4 NorDig compliance testing

The NorDig Verification Test is open for all IRD manufacturers that want to claim that they have IRD products that comply with the NorDig IRD requirements. The IRD manufacturer can claim compliance with one or more NorDig profile(s), provided that

- (i) the IRD product complies with the NorDig profile(s)[1] referred to and,
- (ii) the IRD product passes the tests specified in this document.

The NorDig Verification Test shall ensure compliance with the NorDig requirements and NorDig transmissions, and comes in addition to the regular factory testing for general quality and functionality control.

In addition to the common NorDig requirements, the IRD-product has to comply with additional requirements and pass additional tests in case it is intended for use in a network that provides access controlled services. The additional requirements and tests will be available from the relevant Network Custodian.

The IRD Manufacturer shall furtherermore contact the relevant Network Custiodian(s) in case the IRD product shall be verified for networks with access controlled services. The relevant Network Custodian(s) will provide Network specific requirements (additional to the specified Unified NorDig Requirements) and the corresponding test specifications. Suchfurther handling has to be agreed between the IRD Manufacturer and the relevant Network Custodian (Annex A).

5 Test specifications for NorDig compliance

The NorDig Unified test plan consists of test cases and the defined test procedures in each test case are only illustrations of the test setup and the manufacturer can use different setup to run the test cases. If other, than illustrated, test setup is used the manufactures shall describe used test setup in the test report. The defined test sets may not cover all NorDig Unified Requirements [1].

If any requirement in this test specification is in contradictory with the requirement in the specification [1], the requirement in specification [1] is the valid one.



6 Testing and test report for NorDig compliance

A Test Report should be made available to show compliance with the common NorDig requirements. Each individual test case should be performed; test results and conformity should be reported and signed.

In each test task a IRD profile is given. This means for which type of receiver the test task is relevant to perform. Following table specifies the abbreviations.

IRD profile	Test task is dedicated for type receiver IRD
IRD	IRD (Integrated Receiver Decoder) is either IDTV or STB. IRD is used for
	requirements that are applicable for all types of IRDs (STB, iDTV, basic, HEVC,
	PVR, HbbTV IRDs) <in basic="" for="" this="" used="" v2.6="" was="" word=""></in>
iDTV	IRD type is either IDTV, CarTV/in-vehicle-TV or PCTV
STB	IRD is a STB type without display and output the decoded selected service to an
Basic	external display via a video and audio interface (e.g. HDMI).
	IRD implements NorDig Basic or NorDig Hybrid profile without any optional
	capabilities (i.e. without HEVC, HbbTV or PVR capability)
HEVC	IRD implements NorDig HEVC capability (i.e. HEVC, NGA and TTML)
Hybrid H bbTV	IRD implements NorDig-Hybrid profile HbbTV capability (observe, HbbTV
	mandatory for NorDig HEVC iDTVs).
PVR	IRD implements NorDig PVR functionality capability
all FE all IRDs	IRD implement at least one of the following front-ends: terrestrial, cable, satellite
	or DVB-S2X satellite DVB-T,DVB-T2,DVB-C,DVB-S or DVB-S2 (i.e. test
	applicatble for all kind of FrontEnds).
Cable DVB-C	IRD with cable DVB-C tuner supporting DVB-C
Satellite DVB-S	IRD with satellite DVB-S tuner supporting DVB-S and DVB-S2
DVB- S2 <mark>X</mark>	IRD with satellite DVB-S2 tuner supporting the optional DVB-S2X
Terrestrial	IRD with terrestrial DVB T tuner supporting DVB-T and DVB-T2
DVB-T	
DVB-T2	IRD with DVB-T2 tuner
IPTV	IP based front-end (for managed IPTV networks)

Wording used in IRD profiles / variant and capability for each test task:

Variants:

- IRD, STB, iDTV (where IRD is STB and iDTV)

- all IRDs, Terrestrial, Cable, Satellite, IPTV.

Capability:

- HEVC, PVR, HbbTV, S2X

Example for audio test Tasks:

- all IRDs
- HEVC IRD
- iDTV, HEVC iDTV, STB and HEVC STB
- iDTV, HEVC iDTV, STB or HEVC STB (so if a test is only for HEVC STB then HEVC STB, if the test is for both STB types then just STB and inside test write which parts is only applicable for HEVC STB).

Wording "variatiant and profile" Test tasks:

Example 1, (video): all IRDs

Example 2, (satellite): satellite IRD

Example 3, (video AVC+HEVC): all IRDs (then inside test cases mark if certain steps is applicable for e.g. HEVC)

Example 4, (video only HEVC): HEVC IRD

Example 5, (IRD where options other than NorDig capabilities, e.g. eARC): IRD with the option eARC



IRD variants and capability: all IRDs iDTV **STB** Terrestrial IRD Cable IRD Satellite IRD IPTV IRD HbbTV IRD PVR IRD supporting the optional S2X **IDTV** with option for HDMI ARC iDTV with option for HDMI eARC all IRDs with optional analogue CVBS video output all IRDs using OTA SSU simple profile all IRDs using OTA SSU enhanced profile all IRDs using DVB SSU Notfication profile all IRDs using OTN SSU profile all IRDs using OTN and/or USB SSU profile

HEVC IRD supporting Audio Preselection Descriptor

Example of changed wording from NorDig Test Plan v2.6 to NorDig Test Plan v3.1:
Task 1:1: IRD Profile(s) variants and capability: Basic, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD

In case that the test result indicates a non-compliance (with the specified requirement) the level of the non-compliance shall be evaluated and indicated by ticking the corresponding "box" in the conformity field. If such non-compliance can be removed by an upgrade of the IRD software, this shall be indicated by ticking the correct commentary field for the individual test. The manufacturer should describe the non-compliance and plans to correct it in the "Comments" row.

The Information specified for the "Test item" should be provided, see section 6.1.

6.1 Test item

The information of the Test Item shall be inserted to the following table. The tests shall be performed with the same IRD model (HW/SW) in all test cases.

Table 6.1 Test Item

Test Item		
Manufacturer:		
Model:		
S/N(s):		
SW version:		
HW version:		
Front-End:		
Demux:		
Processor:		
Memory size:		



NorDig IRD Profile(s):	
Other relevant information:	

Following information shall be entered to Table 6.1:

Manufacturer: The name of the manufacturer of the tested IRD

Model: The model (to be deployed to NorDig market) of the tested IRD S/N(s): The serial numbers of all IRDs which are used in the tests

SW version:The SW version of the tested IRD modelHW version:The HW version of the tested IRD modelFront-End:The front-end type and model of the tested IRDDemux:The Demux type and model of the tested IRDProcessor:The Processor type and model of the tested IRD

Memory size:The memory size of the tested IRDNorDig ProfileThe NorDig profile of the tested IRD

Other relevant The other relevant information that the IRD manufacturer feels important

information:

6.2 List of Abbreviations

0b values written in binary (ie with base 2)

0x values written in hexadecimal (ie with base 16)

AAC Advanced Audio Codec

AAC-LC Advanced Audio Codec Low Complexity

AC-3 Audio Codec 3

ACE Active Constellation Extension
AFC Automatic Frequency Control
AFD Active Format Descriptor

AFNOR Association Française de Normalisation API Application Programming Interface

ARC Audio Return Channel (regarding HDMI interface)

AV Audio (and) Video

BAT Bouquet Association Table
BCD Binary Coded Decimal

BDR Broadcast Discovery Record (part of SD&S)

BER Bit Error Ratio
BOOTP Bootstrap Protocol
bslbf bit string, left bit first
C/N Carrier to Noise ratio
CA Conditional Access

CAM Conditional Access Module
CAT Conditional Access Table
CATV Community Antenna Television

CEA Consumer Electronics Association (North American Association)

CENELEC Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique

CI Common Interface

CID Content Identifier descriptor
CIF Common Intermediate Format

CIP- CAM CA-module that complies with the Common Interface Plus specification

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check
CRID Content Reference Identifier
CSO Composite Second Order
CTB Composite Triple Beat

CVBS Composite Video Baseband Signal



D/A Digital-to-Analogue converter
DAD Default Authority Descriptor
DAVIC Digital Audio-Visual Council

dB decibel

dBFS dB (relative to) Full Scale
DDS Display definition segment
DDWG Digital Display Working Group

DECT Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications

DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

DSB Double SideBand

DSM-CC Digital Storage Media Command and Control

DTS Digital Theater System (audio codec)

DVB Digital Video Broadcasting

DVB-C Digital Video Broadcasting – Cable

DVB-CAM CA-module that complies with the DVB Common Interface specification

DVB-data Digital Video Broadcasting – Data Broadcasting

DVB-S Digital Video Broadcasting – Satellite

DVB-T DVB-Terrestrial

E-AC-3 Enhanced Audio Codec 3

E-EDID Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (regarding HDMI interface)

EBU European Broadcasting Union

ECCA European Cable Communications Association ECL EuroCableLabs, technical cell of ECCA

EICTA European Information & Communications Technology Industry Association

EIT Event Information Table

EITp/f Event Information Table, present/following tables

EITsch Event Information Table, schedule tables

EITp Event Information Table, present table/section of EITp/f
EITf Event Information Table, following table/section of EITp/f

EPT Effective Protection Target

EPG Electronic Program Guide (based on API)
ESG Event Schedule Guide (without any API)

FEF Future Extension Frame
FFT Fast Fourier Transform
GAP Generic Access Protocol
GOP Group Of Pictures

GPRS General Packet Radio System

GS Generic Stream
GSM Group Special Mobile

HbbTV Hybrid Broadcast Broadband TV

HDCP High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection HDMI High-Definition Multimedia Interface

HDMI ARC HDMI Audio Return Channel HDTV High Definition Television

HE-AAC High Efficiency Advanced Audio Codec

HTTP HyperText Transfer Protocol

iDTV integrated Digital TV (IRD with display)
IEC International Electrotechnical Commission
IEEE Institute for Electrical and Electronic Engineers

IEFT Internet Engineering Task Force
IGMP Internet Group Management Protocol

INA Interactive Network Adapter



IP Internet Protocol

IRD Integrated Receiver Decoder IMI Instant Metadata Identifier

ISO International Organisation for Standardisation

JTC Joint Technical Committee
LCD Logical Channel Descriptor
LCN Logical Channel Number

LU Loudness Units

LUFS Loudness Units (relative to) Full Scale

L-PCM Linear Pulse Code Modulation
 MAC Medium Access Control
 MPEG Moving Pictures Expert Group
 MPTS Multi Programme Transport Stream

MTU Maximum Transfer Unit NEM Network Element Management

NIC Network Interface Card
NIT Network Information Table
NT Network Termination in general

NVOD Near Video On Demand **OSD** On Screen Display PAL Phase Alternating Line Peak-toAverage-Power Ratio **PAPR** PAT Program Association Table **PCM** Pulse Code Modulation **PLP** Physical Layer Pipe Packet Identifier PID Program Map Table **PMT**

PSI Program Specific Information
PSTN Public Switched Telephone Network

PCR Programme Clock Reference

PVR Personal Video Recorder, (same as PDR, Personal Digital Recorder or DVR)

QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
QCIF Quarter Common Intermediate Format

QEF Quasi Error Free QoS Quality of Service

QPSK Quaternary Phase Shift Keying

RF Radio Frequency
RFC Request For Comments
RMS Root Mean Square
RoO Rules of Operation

rpchof remainder polynomial coefficients, highest order first

RS Reed-Solomon
RST Running Status Table

RTCP Real-Time Transport Control Protocol

RTP Real-Time Transport Protocol RTSP Real Time Streaming Protocol

S/PDIF Sony Philips Digital Interface (for digital audio)

SAP Session Announcement Protocol

SBR Spectral Band Replication (regarding HE-AAC audio)

SCART Syndicat des Constructeurs d'Appareils Radiorécepteurs et Téléviseurs

(video/audio interface)

SD&S Service Discovery and Selection



SDT Service Description Table
SDTV Standard Definition Television
SFN Single Frequency Network

SI Service Information

SMATV Satellite Master Antenna Television SNTP Simple Network Time Protocol SPTS Single Programme Transport Stream

ST Stuffing Table

STB Set-top box (IRD without display)

SW Software

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

TDT Time and Date Table
TFS Time Frequency Slicing

TFTP Tunnelling File Transfer Protocol

TOT Time Offset Table

TPS Transmission Parameter Signalling

TRS Tip Ring Sleeve
TR Tone Reservation
TS Transport Stream

TV Television TVA TV Anytime

UHF Ultra-High Frequency

uimsbf unsigned integer most significant bit first

UTC Universal Time, Co-ordinated VCR Video Cassette Recorder VHF Very-High Frequency VHS Video Home System

VoIP Voice over IP

VPN Virtual Private Network
VSB Vestigial SideBand
xDSL x Digital Subscriber Line
XML Extensible Markup Language



Part II - Test Cases



1 Introduction - Test Cases

The NorDig plan specifications Test Cases are grouped into a set of test tasks, covering related tests:

Task 1: Satellite tuner and demodulator

Task 2: Cable Tuner and Demodulator

Task 3: Terrestrial Tuner and Demodulator

Task 4: IP-Based Front-end

Task 5: MPEG2 demultiplexer

Task 6: Video

Task 7: Audio

Task 8: Teletext and subtitling

Task 9: Interfaces and Signal Levels

Task 10: Interfaces for Conditional Access

Task 11: The System Software Update

Task 12: Performance

Task 13: Service Information

Task 15: PVR Functionality

Task 16: IRD System Software and API

Task 17: User Preferences

Each of the main tasks defined above include a number of sub-tasks.

Table 1 maps the NorDig requirements [1] into the corresponding test tasks and shows the relevance per sub-task for the various NorDig profiles ("shall" indicates a mandatory requirement and a mandatory test).



Table 1A. Task A: Front ends

NorDig Test Task	_				hilliter	Nor	Dig IRD "Pro	file"		Ener (E	ad verient				
	Ty	ype		Сара	biliity	1		l DV	DV	FrontEr	nd variants	DV	terr	₽V	₽¥
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	B-S	<u>B-</u> S2	S2X	cable	B- C	estr ial	B- T	B- T2
2.1 Task 1: Satellite tuner and demodulator															
Task 1:1 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Sh all	Sh all	Shall	-	-	-	_	_
Task 1:2 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Sh all	Sh	Shall			_	<u>.</u>	-
Task 1:3 Quality reception	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Sh	all Sh	Shall				-	
detector Task 1:4 Symbol and FEC-rate	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	all Sh	all Sh	Shall			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
(DVB-S2) Task 1:5 Input Frequency	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	all Sh	all Sh	Shall		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Range/Tuning range Task 1:6 Tuning/ Scanning	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	all Sh	all Sh	Shall		-	-		
Procedures (with NIT) Task 1:7 Tuning/ Scanning								all Sh	all Sh		-	-			-
Procedures (without NIT) Task 1:8 Control signals	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	all Sh	all Sh	Shall	-	<u> </u>	!	-	-
Task 1:9 Demodulation (DVB-S2)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	all Sh	all	Shall	-	<u> </u>	-	-	=
•	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	all	Sh all	Shall	-	-	-	-	=
Task 1:10 RF Input Connector and Output Connector (option)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Sh all	Sh all	<u>Shall</u>	-	-	-	-	-
Task 1:11 Input Signal Level	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Sh all	Sh all	<u>Shall</u>	-	-	-	-	ŀ
Task 1:12 Power Supply and Control Signal (to RF unit)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Sh all	Sh all	Shall	-		-	-	-
Task 1:13 Power Supply and Control Signal (to single-channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Sh all	Sh	Shall	-		-		<u>.</u>
RF unit) Task 1:14 Performance: Digital	Shall	Ch - "	Ch - "	Ch - "		Ch - II	Ch - II	all Sh	all Sh	Ck - "	-		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>
interference 2.2 Task 2: Cable Tuner and	Snaii	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	all all	all	Shall	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-
Demodulator Task 2:1 General							_	_	_	_		Sh	_	_	_
Task 2:2 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	=	-	Shall	all Sh	-	-	-
	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	=	-	Shall	all	-	-	-
Task 2:3 Quality reception detector	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
Task 2:4 RF Characteristics: Input frequency range and input level, Digital channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ė	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
Task 2:5 RF Characteristics: Symbol rate and modulation	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	-	-	-	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
Task 2:6 RF Characteristics: Input impedance	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-		-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	_
Task 2:7 RF bypass	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
Task 2:8 Tuning/Scanning procedure (Automatic scan based on NIT)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
Task 2:9 Tuning/Scanning procedure (Manual scan)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	i	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	E
Task 2:10 Tuning/Scanning procedure (Original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id triplet support)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	ı	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	Sh all	-	<u>-</u>	
Task 2:11 Tuning/Scanning procedure - Network default values	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
Task 2:12 Tuning/Scanning procedure - Factory default values	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	i	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
Task 2:13 Total input power	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-			-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
Task 2:14 RF Performance - C/N for Reference BER	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-		<u> </u>	-	Shall	Sh	-		Ħ
Task 2:15 RF Performace - C/N	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Shall	all Sh	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Task 2:16 Performance Data:	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Shall	all Sh	<u> </u>	H	
Noise figure Task 2:17 RF Performance - Image	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	:		<u> </u>		Shall	all Sh	<u> </u>		
Channel Task 2:18 RF Performance -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	_		Shall	all Sh			
Digital Adjacent Channel Task 2:19 RF Performance -				_=			-	 	=	-		all Sh		-	
Analog Adjacent Channel Task 2:20 LO leakage	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-		=		Shall	all Sh		H	H
Task 2:21 Spurious emission	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	 	=	-	Shall	all Sh	-		-
·	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	<u> </u>	=	-	Shall	all	-		
Task 2:22 Radiation	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	Sh all	-	-	-
2.3 Task 3: Terrestrial Tuner and Demodulator															
Task 3:1 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	-	-	Ē	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all



NorDig Test Task						Nor	Dig IRD "Pro	file"							
	T	ype		Capa	biliity			DV	DV B-	FrontE	nd variants	DV	terr	₽¥	Ð₩
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	B-S	B- S2	S2X	cable	<mark>в</mark> -С	estr ial	B- T	<mark>⊪ ∏</mark>
Task 3:2 General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ē	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	<mark>상</mark> 급
Task 3:3 Quality reception detector	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall Shall	Shall	-	-	Ē	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:4 Frequencies: Center frequencies	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:5 Frequencies: Frequency offset	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	E	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:6 Frequencies: Signal bandwidths	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	_	<u>-</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:7 Modes	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ŀ	-	Shall	_	Sha II	Sh all	<mark>상</mark> all
Task 3:8 Tuning/Scanning Procedure: General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	<mark>ਨੇ</mark> ਗ਼ੋ
Task 3:9 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Basic status check	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ē	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:10 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Automatic channel search for the same service bouquet	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ė	•	Shall	ł	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:11 Tuning/Scanning: Automatic channel search for different service bouquets	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:12 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Manual Channel Search	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-		-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:13 Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ė	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:14 Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>=</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	<mark>ਨੀ</mark> ਜ਼ੋ
Task 3:15 Changes In Modulation Parameters	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ē	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:16 RF input connector	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	_	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:17 RF output connector	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:18 Performance: BER vs C/N verification	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:19 Performance: C/N performance on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ŀ	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:20 Performance: C/N performance on 0dB echo channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	•	<u>:</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:21 Performance: Minimum receiver signal input levels on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	ŧ	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:22 Performance: Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on 0dB echo channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:23 Performance: Noise figure on Gaussian channel	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:24 Performance: Maximum Receiver Signal Input Levels	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>=</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:25 Performance: Immunity to "digital" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ŀ	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	ଧ ଶ
Task 3:26 Performance: Immunity to "LTE 700 MHz" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:27 Performance: Immunity to "LTE 800 MHz" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:28 Performance: Performance in Time-Varying Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ė	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:29 Performance: Synchronisation for varying echo power levels in SFN	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:30 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN for more than one echo Task 3:31 Performance: C/(N+I)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Performance in SFN inside the guard interval	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:32 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN outside the guard interval Task 3:33 DVB-T2: Frequencies:	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Center frequencies	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:34 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Frequency offset	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:35 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Signal bandwidths	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	-	-	Ŀ	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:36 DVB-T2: Modes	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ē	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:37 DVB-T2: MISO	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ē	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all



NorDig Test Task						Nor	Dig IRD "Pro	file"							
	T	уре		Сара	biliity	1			l _{DV}	FrontE	nd variants			DV	DV
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DV B-S	B- S2	S2X	cable	B- C	terr estr ial	<mark>∄</mark> ∰ ∓	<mark>라</mark> 라 12
Task 3:38 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (multiple PLPs)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall		-		-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:39 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (multiple PLPs and common PLP)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:40 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM for TDI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:41 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM for DJB)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:42 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM when FEF present)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:43 DVB-T2: Normal mode (NM)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:44 DVB-T2: Input Mode A (zero power FEF present)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ŀ	-	<u>Shall</u>	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:45 DVB-T2: Input Mode A (RBM when FEF present)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:46 DVB-T2: Auxialiary streams	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:47 DVB-T2: Reception of version 1.1.1	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:48 DVB-T2: Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Automatic channel search for the same service bouquet	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	•	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:49 DVB-T2: Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Basic status check	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	Ŀ	-	Shall	-	Sha II	<mark>ਲ</mark> ਜ਼	Sh all
Task 3:50 DVB-T2: Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	=	-	Shall	-	Sha II	<mark>샹</mark> 쿦	<mark>샹</mark> 쿦
Task 3:51 DVB-T2: Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	<mark>상</mark> 급	<mark>상</mark> 룹
Task 3:52 DVB-T2: Changes In Modulation Parameters	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	·	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:53 DVB-T2: Time interleaving	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	·	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:54 DVB-T2: Input/Output Data Formats	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:55 DVB-T2: Performance: BER vs C/N verification	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:56 DVB-T2: Performance: C/N performance on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	•	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:57 DVB-T2: Performance: C/N performance on 0dB echo channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	ŀ	-	Ŀ	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:58 DVB-T2: Performance: Minimum receiver signal input levels on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	·	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:59 DVB-T2: Performance: Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on 0dB echo channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	ŀ	-	Ŀ	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:60 DVB-T2: Performance: Receiver noise figure on Gaussian channel	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	·	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:61 DVB-T2: Performance: Maximum Receiver Signal Input Levels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	ŀ	-	-	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:62 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "digital" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	•	-	Ŀ	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:63 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "LTE 700 MHz" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	ଧ ଗ୍ର	Sh all
Task 3:64 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "LTE 800 MHz" signals in Other Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:65 DVB-T2: Performance: Performance in Time-Varying Channels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:66 DVB-T2: Performance: Synchronisation for varying echo power levels in SFN	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	E	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:67 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN for more than one echo	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:68 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN inside the guard interval	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	•	-	Ē	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
Task 3:69 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN outside the guard interval	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	į.	-	E	-	Shall	-	Sha II	Sh all	Sh all
2.4 Task 4: IP-Based Front-end	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	 			-



Table 1B. Hardware, Audio/Video and Subtitling Issues

Table 1B. Hardwa								orDig IRI) Profile						
Test Task	STB	pe iDTV	Basi	Capabiliit HEVC	y HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB-	DVB-	Fro S2X	ontEnd va	riants	terrestrial	DV	DVB-
	0.5		C		110011	. •	outcinto	S	S2	OLX.	e	c	terrestrial	B-T	T2
2.5 Task 5: MPEG2 demultiplexer															
Task 5:1 SI utilization	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal L	Shall
Task 5:2 CA descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shal	<u>Shall</u>
interpretation Task 5:3 Maximum	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
transport stream data rate Task 5:4 Number of	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	H Shal	Shall
elementary streams Task 5:5 Section filtering	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	I	Shall	Shall		l Shal	Shall
						- 1				Shal I			Shall	Į.	
Task 5:6 Variable Bitrate Elementary Streams	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 5:7 Mixture of SD and HD services	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall
Task 5:8 Descrambler Performance	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Task 5:9 System clock	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
recovery 2.6 Task 6: Video										ı				 	
Task 6:1 Video Decoder - General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	<u>Shall</u>
Task 6:2 Video Decoder -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shal</mark>	Shall
Resolutions and Frame rates						I				ļ.				ŧ	
Task 6:3 Up-sampling/Up- conversion	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	<u>Shall</u>
Task 6:4 Video Decoder - Colorimetry	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 6:5 Video Decoder -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Dynamic changes in video stream						l				!				ŧ.	
Task 6:6 Video Decoder - AVC still picture	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 6:7 Minimum video	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
bandwidth Task 6:8 Frame cropping	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Task 6:9 Overscan	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Task 6:10 High Definition	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	! Shal	Shall
Video Output and Display Task 6:11 Down-conversion	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	H Shal	Shall
of High Definition Video for	Silali	Strail	Silali	Silali	Strail	I	Stiali	Snan	Snan	I	Stiali	OHall	Silali	l I	Snan
Standard Definition output Task 6:12 16:9 displayed on	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
4:3 monitors Task 6:13 Displaying 4:3	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	I Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	H Shal	Shall
Material on 16:9 Monitors				Crian		- 1								1	
Task 6:14 Rescaling for HbbTV application	Shall	Shall	-		Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shal I	<u>Shall</u>
2.7 Task 7: Audio Task 7:1 Audio User	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Preference Settings	Shall		Shall			Shal		Shall	Shall			Shall		1	
Task 7:2 MPEG-1 Layer II: Requirements		Shall		Shall	Shall	- 1	Shall			Shal I	Shall		Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:3 MPEG-1 Layer II: Analogue audio output	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:4 MPEG-1 Layer II: HDMI output interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	<u>Shall</u>
Task 7:5 MPEG-1 Layer II:	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
S/PDIF output interface Task 7:6 AC-3:	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u> </u> Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Requirements Task 7:7 AC-3: Analogue	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
audio output Task 7:8 AC-3: HDMI output	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal		Shall	Shall			Shall		<u> </u>	Shall
and HDMI ARC interface						- 1	Shall			Shal I	Shall		Shall	Shal I	
Task 7:9 AC-3: S/PDIF output interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:10 AC-3: Metadata	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:11 E-AC-3:	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	<u>Shall</u>
Requirements Task 7:12 E-AC-3: Analogue	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
audio output Task 7:13 E-AC-3: HDMI	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
output and HDMI ARC			J J			1				Ī				1	
Task 7:14 E-AC-3: S/PDIF	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
output interface Task 7:15 E-AC3: Metadata	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Task 7:16 HE AAC:	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	H Shal	Shall
Requirements	Gridii	Grian	Jilali	Orlan	Oriali	I	Oriali	Oriali	Onan	Orlai	Oriali	oriali	Orlan	H	onan



NorDig Test Task							N	orDig IRI	D Profile						
Test Task	STB	/pe iDTV	Basi	Capabiliit	y HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB-	DVB-	Fro S2X	ontEnd va	riants	terrestrial	DV.	DVB-
			С					S	S2		e	C		B-T	T2
Task 7:17 HE AAC: Analogue audio output	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:18 HE AAC: HDMI output and HDMI ARC interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:19 HE AAC: S/PDIF output interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shal	<u>Shall</u>
Task 7:20 HE AAC:	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Metadata Task 7:21 Audio prioritizing	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
- Audio language support Task 7:22 Audio Prioritising	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	I Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall
- audio format and stream type						I								ļ	
Task 7:23 Audio Prioritising - audio type	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:24 Audio Prioritising - audio format signaling missing	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:25 Audio video	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
synchronization Task 7:26 Adjustement of	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Video/audio-delay Task 7:27 Audio handling	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	I Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	H Shal	Shall
when changing service or audio format						I				-				ļ	
Task 7:28 Dynamic changes in audio components	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 7:29 Audio descriptors	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shal I	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shall	Shal I	<mark>Shall</mark>
Task 7:30 Clean audio	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shal	<u>Shall</u>
Task 7:31 Supplementary	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
audio Task 7:32 IRD Internal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	I Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Reference Level Task 7:33 Loudness levels	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
2.8 Task 8: Teletext and														•	
Subtitling Task 8:1 Subtitling - user	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Task 8:2 Subtitling - Only display subtitling if match language in user	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shall	Shal I	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 8:3 Subtitling - Temporary changes to subtitling settings	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall Shall
Task 8:4 Subtitling - Subtitling mode (Normal and Hard of hearing subtitling)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 8:5 Subtitling - DVB Subtitling and subtitling priority (DVB/EBU)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 8:6 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
and HbbTV Digital Teletext Task 8:7 Subtitling - coexistent with HbbTV	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
applications Task 8:8 Teletext - EBU Teletext level 1.5	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Task 8:9 Teletext -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
decoding method(VBI) Task 8:10 Teletext decoding	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
method(OSD) Task 8:11 Teletext - teletext	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	I Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
Pages Task 8:12 Teletext - teletext	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
pages - cache Task 8:13 Subtitling -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
teletext subtitling Task 8:14 Subtitling - DVB	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	I Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall
Subtitling 2.9 Task 9: Interfaces and	- Crian	<u>S. Tan</u>	Ç.iuii	- Jan	S.Idii		<u>S.Idii</u>	<u> </u>	<u>S.iuii</u>	J. IGN	C.iuii	<u>S.idii</u>	S.IGH	1	Chan
Signal Levels Task 9:1 Two-way Interface	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shal	Shall
Task 9:2 SCART Interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shal</mark>	Shall
Task 9:3 HDMI interface -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	I Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall
HD Ready Task 9:4 HDMI interface -	Shall	+-	Shall	Shall	Shall	l Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall		Shall	Shall	Shall	H Shal	Shall
EDID information Task 9:5 HDMI interface -	Shall		Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	Shall	Shall	I Shal	Shall
Original format	Shaii		Silali	Silali	Silali	Jilai	Snan	Oriali	Oriali	Jilai	Snan	OHAII	Silan	onai 	onan



NorDig Test Task							N	orDig IRI) Profile						
	Ty	ре		Capabiliit	у					Fro	ontEnd va	riants			
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basi c	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	S S	DVB- S2	S2X	cabl e	DVB-	terrestrial	DV B-T	DVB- T2
Task 9:6 HDMI - Manual setting for resolution	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 9:7 HDMI - Signal protection	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 9:8 Analogue video interface(Option)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 9:9 Remote Control Function Keys	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 9:10 Remote Control Function Keys for PVR	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 9:11 Remote Control Key event mapping for NorDig HbbTV	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall
2.10 Task 10: Interfaces for Conditional Access															
Task 10:1 Use of Common Interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 10:2 Smart Card Interface	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
2.11 Task 11: The System Software Update															
Task 11:1 IRD System software update using DVB SSU simple profile	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall
Task 11:2 IRD System software update using DVB SSU enhanced profile - scheduling	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 11:3 SSU end user functionality	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 11:4 Common interface plus (CI+) CAM module system software update	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
2.12 Task 12: Performance															
Task 12:1 Video performance	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 12:2 Audio performance	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal I	Shall
Task 12:3 Zapping time	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shal	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shal	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shal I	Shall

Table 1C. System Software issues

NorDig Test Task							No	rDig IRD I	Profile						
	Tv	pe		Capa	biliity						FrontEnd	variants			
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB- S	DVB- S2	S2X	cable	DVB-	terres trial	DVB- T	DVB- T2
2.13 Task 13: Service Information															
Task 13:1 SI: General	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:2 SI: General - Undefined data structures	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:3 SI: General - 'Actual' and 'Other' tables	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	<mark>Shall</mark>
Task 13:4 SI: SI data available through an API	Shall	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	-	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall
Task 13:5 SI: Text strings and field size of the SI descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:6 NIT_actual - frequency_list_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:7 NIT_actual - Missing terrestrial_system_delive ry_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:8 NIT_actual - Missing T2_delivery_system_des criptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:9 SDT_actual service_descriptor and CA_identifier_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:10 Quasi static update of SDT_actual	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall
Task 13:11 Quasi-static update of SDT_actual - linkage to NorDig simulcast replacement service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:12 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual - Linkage to an information service about the network	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall



NorDig Test Task							No	rDig IRD I	Profile						
		ре			biliity	D)/D					FrontEnd			l ava	
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB- S	DVB- S2	S2X	cable	DVB- C	terres trial	DVB-	DVB- T2
Task 13:13 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual - Linkage to EPG service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:14 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual - Linkage to TS that carriers EIT sch information for all services	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:15 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual - Linkage to System Software Download service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:16 Dynamic update of SDT_actual running status and linkage to a service replacement service	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:17 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:18 Dynamic update of EIT_actual p/f CA_identifier_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:19 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f short_event_descriptor, extended_event_descript or and	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall
content_descriptor Task 13:20 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f content descriptor and component_descriptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:21 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f parental_rating_descripto	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:22 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule in ESG using linkage	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:23 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule in ESG	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:24 PMT Descriptors - General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:25 PMT Descriptors - teletext pages, teletext subtitling and DVB subtitling	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
Task 13:26 Dynamic update of PMT PID values	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:27 Dynamic update of PMT-Component priority (stream type)	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:28 Dynamic update of PMT - Content_Protection_desc riptor	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 13:29 Dynamic update of TDT/TOT 2.14 Task 14: Navigator	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:1 Navigator: General	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:2 Service list - General requirement	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:3 Service list - service types and	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
categories Task 14:4 Service list - use of NIT_other and SDT_other	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
Task 14:5 Service list - Inconsistent of SDT_actual and NIT_actual information	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:6 Service list - NIT_actual interpretation	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
Task 14:7 Service list - NIT_actual original_network_ID	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
Task 14:8 Service list - NIT actual network ID	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall



NorDig Test Task							No	rDig IRD I	Profile						
Test Task	STB	pe iDTV	Basic	Capa HEVC	biliity HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB-	DVB-	S2X	FrontEnd cable	variants	terres	DVB-	DVB-
								S	S2			C	trial	Ŧ	T2
Task 14:9 Service list - Inconsistent SDT_actual/NIT_actual and SDT_other/NIT_other	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:10 Service list - Handling of multiple channel lists from same networks and NorDig LCD	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:11 Service list - Simultaneous transmission of LCD v1 and v2	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:12 Service list - Simultaneous reception of multiple networks and NorDig LCD	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:13 Service list - Priority of LCN between SD and HDTV services	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:14 Quasi-static update of service list - service addition	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:15 Quasi-static update of service list - non-visible data service addition	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:16 Quasi-static update of service list - services moved between different transport streams	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:17 Quasi-static update of service list - service remove	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:18 Quasi-static update of service list from NIT_actual for non-existing multiplexers	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:19 Quasi-static update of service list from NIT_actual for removing a multiplex	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:20 Quasi-static update of NorDig LCN v1	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 14:21 Quasi-static update of NorDig LCN v2 2.15 Task 15: PVR Functionality	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:1 Recording File System	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall
Task 15:2 Recording	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Capacity Task 15:3 Deletion of the recordings	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:4 Failed and incomplete recordings	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5 File system intact after update	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:6 Limitations in recorded content - no extraction	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:7 Limitations in recorded content - downscaling of the HD content to the removable media	Shall	Shall	•	•	•	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:8 Disk Management	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:9 General PVR recording - bitrates	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall
Task 15:10 General PVR recording - service types	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>
Task 15:11 ESG/EPG recording programming - individual events without CRID	Shall	Shall	•	•	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:12 ESG/EPG recording programming - individual event with CRID	Shall	Shall	•	•	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:13 ESG/EPG recording programming - individual event with CRID - same event recording	Shall	Shall	-	•	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:14 ESG/EPG recording programming - series	Shall	Shall	<u>-</u>	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall



NorDig Test Task							No	rDig IRD	Profile						
<u>-</u>		pe	Dor's		abiliity	D)/D				004	FrontEnd			DVD	DVC
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB- S	DVB- S2	S2X	cable	DVB- C	terres trial	DVB- T	DVB- T2
Task 15:15 Split recordings	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:16 Split recordings- dynamic update of EIT	Shall	Shall	-	-	<mark>-</mark>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:17	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>
Recommended events Task 15:18 Alternative	Shall	Shall	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Recording Task 15:19 Accurate	Shall	Shall	 -	 -	 -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Recording - EIT information present Task 15:20 Accurate	Shall	Shall	-	-		Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Recording - EIT information missing	Silali	Silali	-	-	-	Silali	Silali	onan	onan	Silali	Stiali	Shall	Ollali	onan	Snan
Task 15:21 Accurate Recording - Loss of signal	Shall	Shall	•	•	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:22 Accurate Recording - EIT update in stand-by	Shall	Shall	-	•	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:23 Simultaneous recording - OTR and viewing	Shall	Shall	-	<u> </u>	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:24 Simultaneous recording - Scheduled recording and viewing	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>
Task 15:25 Simultaneous recording - OTR and time-shift	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:26 Simultaneous recording - Scheduled recording and time-shift	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:27 Simultaneous recording and playback	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:28 Back-to-back recordings - Static EIT information	Shall	Shall	<u>-</u>	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:29 Back-to-back recordings - Changes in EIT information	Shall	Shall	-	<u>-</u>	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>
Task 15:30 Timeshift	Shall	Shall	-	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
recording Task 15:31 Manual	Shall	Shall	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
recording Task 15:32 Manual recording - Changes in	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
TDT/TOT Task 15:33 One Touch Recording (OTR)	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall
Task 15:34 Automatic Conflict Handling - During programming	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>
Task 15:35 Automatic Conflict Handling - After programming	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:36 Maximum	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:37 Recording of	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
parallel broadcast Task 15:38 Playback -	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
General Task 15:39 Replay/Playback - trick	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>
modes in playback Task 15:40 Replay/Playback - trick modes in timeshift	Shall	Shall	-		Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:41 Relative	Shall	Shall	-	•	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
synchronisation Task 15:42 Full service	Shall	Shall		 -	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
playback - Dynamic update of PMT audio language				-											
Task 15:43 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT audio format	Shall	Shall	-	<u>-</u>	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:44 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT audio type	Shall	Shall	-	ŀ	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:45 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT subtitling language	Shall	Shall		-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:46 Full service playback - Subtitling for the hard-of-hearing	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall



NorDig Test Task							No	rDig IRD I	Profile						
		ре			biliity						FrontEnd				
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB- S	DVB- S2	S2X	cable	DVB- C	terres trial	DVB- T	DVB- T2
Task 15:47 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT subtitling type	Shall	Shall	-	•	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:48 Full service playback - Subtitling syncrhonization	Shall	Shall	<u>-</u>	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:49 Full service playback – Subtitling synchronization in time-shift	Shall	Shall	-		Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:4950 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT video and audio PIDs	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5051 Full service playback - Dynamic update of video aspect ratio	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5452 Full service playback - Dynamic update of PMT CA status	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>
Task 15:5253 Dynamic changes in video stream in playback	Shall	Shall	-	-	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 15:5354 Parental lock during playback	Shall Shall	Shall Shall	-	•	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall Shall	Shall
Task 15:5455 Maintaining scheduled recordings after network update			•	•			Shall		Shall		Shall	Shall	Shall		Shall
Task 15:5556 User actions disturbing the recording	Shall	Shall	<u>-</u>	•	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
2.16 Task 16: IRD System Software and API Task 16:1			-	_				_	_	_	<u> </u>	-		_	<u> </u>
org.nordig_00000010 Current time, TDT/TOT available, NTP available	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	•	+	+	-	•	•	•	•	•
Task 16:2 org.nordig_00000020 Current time, no TDT/TOT tables, NTP available	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	•	-	+	•	-	•	-	-	-
Task 16:3 org.nordig_00000030 Current time, no TDT/TOT tables, no NTP, but SNTP is available	-	-	-	ŀ	Shall	-	ŀ	-	-	•	ŀ		ŀ		<u>.</u>
Task 16:4 org.nordig_00000100 parental control, blocking application	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	-	•	•	•	•	ŧ	•	ŀ	·
Task 16:5 org.nordig_00000300 EBU teletext, no HbbTV teletext	-	-	-	ı	Shall	,	-	+	-	•		•		•	-
Task 16:6 org.nordig_00000310 HbbTV teletext, no EBU teletext	-	-	-	1	Shall	-				•					
Task 16:7 org.nordig_00000320 EBU teletext and HbbTV teletext	-	-	-	1	Shall	i	-	-	-	-		-		-	-
Task 16:8 org.nordig_00000330 EBU Teletext, HbbTV teletext signalled but not available	-	-	-		Shall	1		-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:9 org.nordig_00000340 No EBU Teletext, no HbbTV teletext	-	-	-	•	Shall	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	ŀ
Task 16:10 org.nordig_00000350 No EBU teletext, HbbTV teletext signalled but not available	-	-	-	ŀ	Shall	•	•	-	•	•	ŀ	•	•	-	•
Task 16:11 org.nordig_00000400 EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object, no scaling	-	-	-		Shall	-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Task 16:12 org.nordig_00000410 EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object scaled down	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-		<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>	Ē



NorDig Test Task	NorDig IRD Profile														
		ре			biliity				FrontEnd variants						
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB- S	DVB- S2	S2X	cable	DVB- C	terres trial	DVB- T	DVB- T2
Task 16:13 org.nordig_00000420	-	-	-			-		Ī	-	-			Lilui		
EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object				<u>.</u>	Shall		-				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
scaled up															
Task 16:14 org.nordig_00000430	-	-	-	-	<u>Shall</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	<mark>-</mark>	-
DSM-CC stream events															
and DVB subtitles Task 16:15	-	-	_	-	Shall	-			<u> </u>		 -	 	 -	<u>.</u>	
org.nordig_00000440		-		_	Onan		_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	_
DSM-CC stream events and EBU subtitles															
Task 16:16	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>Shall</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	-
org.nordig_00000500 Broadcast video scaling,															
1 x 1															
Task 16:17 org.nordig_00000510	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-	<mark>-</mark>	-
Broadband TS video															
scaling, 1 x 1 Task 16:18	_	<u> </u>	_		Shall	-		-	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	 -	<u>.</u>	
org.nordig_00000520		_		_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Broadband MP4 video scaling, 1 x 1															
Task 16:19	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00000600 EIT P/F, characters															
Task 16:20 org.nordig_00000610 EIT	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
MetadataSearch,															
characters Task 16:21	-		_	<u>-</u>	Shall	-		<u> </u>			-	-	<u> </u>		-
org.nordig_00001010 Exit	_	-	-	-	Shaii	-	<u> </u>	=	-	-	-	-		-	-
button on broadcast independent application:															
restore broadcast video															
Task 16:22 org.nordig_00001020 Exit	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	<u>.</u>	-
button: restore broadcast															
video from PIP mode Task 16:23	<u> </u>	-	_	<u>-</u>	Shall			<u> </u>	 		<u>-</u>	 	 -	 	
org.nordig_00001050		-		-	Onan		_ 	-	-	-	-	_	-		-
Setting of preferredUILanguage															
Task 16:24	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001060 Updating															
preferredUILanguage															
after language change in Navigator															
Task 16:25	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001070 Switch subtitles: DVB to															
EBU teletext					O						_				
Task 16:26 org.nordig_00001080	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	_	=	-	-	-	-	-
Switch subtitles: EBU															
teletext to DVB Task 16:27	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001081 Switch subtitles over															
broadband TS: EBU															
teletext to DVB Task 16:28	-	<u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>	Shall	-	 -	-	 	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 -		<u>-</u>
org.nordig_00001082				•			_	_		•	•	·		-]
Switch subtitles over broadband TS: DVB															
teletext to EBU Task 16:29	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	-	Chall		 				 		 		
org.nordig_00001100	-	-] -	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	<mark>-</mark>	-	-
Disabling subtitles Task 16:30	_		_	<u>-</u>	Shall	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		 -	 -	 -		 -
org.nordig_00001101	-	•]	•	Oriali			•	'	•	•]	•	<u> </u>	•
Disabling subtitles over broadband TS															
Task 16:31	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ŀ	-	-	-	-	-
org.nordig_00001200 DVB subtitles - V/B															
Object not bound to															
current channel Task 16:32	-	<u>.</u>	-		Shall	-	 -	-	 -		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 -		
org.nordig_00001210				•			_	_		•	•	·		-]
DVB subtitles - V/B Object bound to current															
channel															



NorDig Test Task	_				- t- 11114-		No	rDig IRD I	Profile	ravious						
Type Test Task STB iDTV			Basic	Capa HEVC	abiliity HbbTV	PVR	satellite DVB- DVB-			FrontEnd variants S2X cable DVB- terres E					DVB- DVB-	
	OID	ID I V	Dasic	IILVO		1 410	Satemic	S	S2	UZA	Cable	E	trial	Ŧ	T2	
Task 16:33 org.nordig_00001220 EBU Teletext subtitles: Video/Broadcast Object not bound to current channel	-		-	•	Shall	-		•	•	•	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u> </u>		
Task 16:34 org.nordig_00001230 EBU Teletext subtitles: Video/Broadcast Object bound to current channel	-	•	-	-	Shall	-	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:35 org.nordig_00001240 DVB subtitles placed behind application, V/B Object not bound to current channel	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	
Task 16:36 org.nordig_00001250 DVB subtitles placed behind application, V/B Object bound to current channel	-	•	-	•	Shall	-		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Task 16:37 org.nordig_00001260 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B Object not bound to current channel	-	•	-	•	Shall	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Task 16:38 org.nordig_00001270 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B Object bound to current channel	-	<u> </u>	-	•	<u>Shall</u>	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	
Task 16:39 org.nordig_00001280 DVB subtitles, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:40 org.nordig_00001290 DVB subtitles, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)	-		-	•	Shall	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Task 16:41 org.nordig_00001300 DVB subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)	-	•	-	•	Shall	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Task 16:42 org.nordig_00001310 DVB subtitles behind application V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)	-	·	-	•	Shall	-	-	•	<u>-</u>	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Task 16:43 org.nordig_00001320 EBU Teletext subtitles, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)	-	•	-	•	<u>Shall</u>	-	-	-	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	
Task 16:44 org.nordig_00001330 EBU Teletext subtitles, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)	-			-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:45 org.nordig_00001340 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)	-	•	-	-	<u>Shall</u>	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:46 org.nordig_00001341 EBU Teletext subtitles over broadband TS behind application, A/V object scaled down (1/4x1/4)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	
Task 16:47 org.nordig_00001350 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	•	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:48 org.nordig_00001400 DVB subtitles, A/V object - no scaling	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:49 org.nordig_00001410 DVB subtitles, A/V object scaled down	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	



NorDig Test Task					NorDig IRD Profile										
		ре	Capabiliity								FrontEnd variants				
Test Task	STB	iDTV	Basic	HEVC	HbbTV	PVR	satellite	DVB- S	DVB- S2	S2X	cable	DVB- C	terres trial	DVB- T	DVB- T2
Task 16:50 org.nordig_00001420 DVB subtitles, A/V object scaled up (2 x 2)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:51 HbbTV global setting	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	Shall	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
Task 16:52 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0040 Broadband DVB subtitles in a TS are displayed	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
Task 16:53 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0050 Broadband Teletext subtitles in a TS are displayed	-	<u>-</u>	-	•	<u>Shall</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	•	-	-	-	-
Task 16:54 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0060 Broadband Subtitles Below Application Graphics	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>		-		-	-
Task 16:55 fr.hdforum_00151240 EXIT function is provided by receiver	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:56 fr.hdforum_00151250 Termination of autostart application using EXIT function	-	-	-	•	Shall	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Task 16:57 fr.hdforum_00151260Ter mination of non-autostart broadcast-related application using EXIT function	-	-	-	•	Shall	-		-	•	-	-	-	-	-	
Task 16:58 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0070 Auto-start applications enabled by default	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Task 16:59 fr.hdforum_00151000 Application launching with network connection available	-	-	-		Shall	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Task 16:60 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (8:6)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Task 16:61 Subtitling - coexistent with HbbTV applications (8:7)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Task 16:62 Remote Control Key event mapping for NorDig Hybrid (9:11)	-	-	-	-	Shall	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.17 Task 17: User Preferences	Ot "	Ot "	Oh "	OL "	OL "	Oh "	Ot "	OL "	OL "	OL "	Ot "	Ot "	OL "	OL "	OL "
Task 17:1 Stored preferences	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 17:2 Deletion of service lists	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall
Task 17:3 Reset to factory mode	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	Shall	<mark>Shall</mark>	Shall	Shall	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	<u>Shall</u>	Shall	Shall



2 Test Plan for NorDig - Test Cases

2.1 Task 1: Satellite tuner and demodulator

2.1.1 QEF Quality Measurement Methods

If the received signal is above C/N and C/I threshold, the Forward Error Correction (FEC) technique adopted in the System is designed to provide a "Quasi Error Free" (QEF) quality target. The QEF means less than one uncorrected error-event per transmission hour, corresponding to Bit Error Ratio (BER) = 10^{-10} to 10^{-11} at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer.

If the received signal is above the C/N+I threshold, the Forward Error Correction (FEC) technique adopted in the System is designed to provide a "Quasi Error Free" (QEF) quality target. The definition of QEF adopted for DVB-S2 is "less than one uncorrected error-event per transmission hour at the level of a 5 Mbit/s single TV service decoder", approximately corresponding to a Transport Stream Packet Error Ratio PER< 10-7 before demultiplexer.

In practice, it takes long time to measure such a low PER at TS data level. Therefore, the reception quality can be evaluated either indirectly by

- measuring the BER after Viterbi in DVB-S system, or BER after LDPC in DVB-S2 system
- subjectively inspecting the video screen for a certain period of time and looking for errors in the decoded video.

Direct measurements on the TS data packets are the preferred measurement method, but if this is not possible or acceptable for some reason, the indirect measurements can be used. The indirect measurement methods, which can be used, are objective BER measurements described above or subjective quality measurement.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-S system, the BER of $2*10^{-4}$ after Viterbi decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels. But for channels interfered by impulse like interference i.e. PAL signals or internal interference, the average BER of $2*10^{-4}$ after Viterbi decoder is not valid due to the fact that the RS decoder is not able to correct the burst of errorneous bytes caused by impulse like interference. Therefore, for impulse like interfered channels, the quality measurements shall be done by using the BER of 10^{-11} measurement method at the TS level at MPEG-2 demultiplexer input or by using the subjective measurement method.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-S2 system the BER of 10⁻⁷ after LDPC decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels.

Direct objective quality measurement procedure in DVB-S and DVB-S2 systems

The measurement is performed doing measurements at the transport stream data level. The measurement configuration parameters are chosen like that there is less than one uncorrected error event per hour. This requirement corresponds to BER value 10^{-10} - 10^{-11} at the TS data level at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In addition to the BER measurement, the reception quality shall be verified subjectively.

The performance in every test case can be evaluated by using the direct quality measurement procedure.

$\underline{Indirect\ subjective\ quality\ measurement\ procedure\ 1\ (QMP1)\ in\ DVB-S\ and\ DVB-S2\ systems}$

The subjective measurement is performed during **15 seconds**. During this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **15 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is reached at least **15 seconds**.



Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-S system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 1. the embedded BER after Viterbi measurement provided by the receiver ,or
- 2. watching the decoded video for **60 seconds**.

If the BER after Viterbi measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after Viterbi decoder value $2*10^4$. The integrated BER after Viterbi measurement value $2*10^4$ shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding. In case of higher BER after Viterbi value than $2*10^4$, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after Viterbi which is lower than or equal to $2*10^4$, Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until a BER after Viterbi value lower than or equal to $2*10^4$ is achieved.

If the **60 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **60 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **60 seconds**.

Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-S2 system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 1. the embedded BER after LDPC measurement provided by the receiver, or
- 2. watching the decoded video for **30 seconds**.

If the BER after LDPC measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after LDPC decoder value 10^{-7} . In case of higher BER after LDPC value than 10^{-7} , the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after LDPC which is lower than or equal to 10^{-7} , Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until the BER after LDPC value lower than or equal to 10^{-7} is achieved. That reception shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding.

If the **30 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **30 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **30 seconds**.

Due to the nature of the DVB-S2 system forward error correction schemes the difference for the 30 seconds error free video and BER 10⁻⁷ after LDPC is very low. For practical testing the performance values are equal for both quality levels.

The corresponding measurement values for profile and DVB-S / DVB-S2 mode shall be achieved from tables below.

		C/N (E _s /N ₀) per	rformance (dB)
Modulation	Code Rate	DVB-S	DVB-S2
QPSK	1/4	<mark>n/a</mark>	-1.4
QPSK	1/3	<mark>n/a</mark>	-0.2
QPSK	2/5	<mark>n/a</mark>	0.7



QPSK 3/5 n/a 3.2 QPSK 2/3 5.6 4.1 QPSK 3/4 6.7 5.0 QPSK 4/5 n/a 5.7 QPSK 5/6 7.7 6.2 QPSK 7/8 8.4 n/a QPSK 8/9 n/a 7.2 QPSK 9/10 n/a 7.4 8PSK 3/5 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7				
QPSK 2/3 5.6 4.1 QPSK 3/4 6.7 5.0 QPSK 4/5 n/a 5.7 QPSK 5/6 7.7 6.2 QPSK 7/8 8.4 n/a QPSK 8/9 n/a 7.2 QPSK 9/10 n/a 7.4 8PSK 3/5 n/a 6.5 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	1/2	3.8	2.0
QPSK 3/4 6.7 5.0 QPSK 4/5 n/a 5.7 QPSK 5/6 7.7 6.2 QPSK 7/8 8.4 n/a QPSK 8/9 n/a 7.2 QPSK 9/10 n/a 7.4 8PSK 3/5 n/a 6.5 8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	3/5	n/a	3.2
QPSK 4/5 n/a 5.7 QPSK 5/6 7.7 6.2 QPSK 7/8 8.4 n/a QPSK 8/9 n/a 7.2 QPSK 9/10 n/a 7.4 8PSK 3/5 n/a 6.5 8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	2/3	5.6	<mark>4.1</mark>
QPSK 5/6 7.7 6.2 QPSK 7/8 8.4 n/a QPSK 8/9 n/a 7.2 QPSK 9/10 n/a 7.4 8PSK 3/5 n/a 6.5 8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	3/4	6.7	5.0
QPSK 7/8 8.4 n/a QPSK 8/9 n/a 7.2 QPSK 9/10 n/a 7.4 8PSK 3/5 n/a 6.5 8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	4/5	n/a	5.7
QPSK 8/9 n/a 7.2 QPSK 9/10 n/a 7.4 8PSK 3/5 n/a 6.5 8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	5/6	7.7	6.2
QPSK 9/10 n/a 7.4 8PSK 3/5 n/a 6.5 8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	7/8	<mark>8.4</mark>	n/a
8PSK 3/5 n/a 6.5 8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	8/9	n/a	7.2
8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	QPSK	9/10	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>7.4</mark>
8PSK 2/3 n/a 7.6 8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7				
8PSK 3/4 n/a 8.9 8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	<mark>8PSK</mark>	3/5	n/a	6.5
8PSK 5/6 n/a 10.4 8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	<mark>8PSK</mark>	2/3	n/a	7.6
8PSK 8/9 n/a 11.7	<mark>8PSK</mark>	3/4	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>8.9</mark>
	<mark>8PSK</mark>	5/6	n/a	10.4
	<mark>8PSK</mark>	8/9	n/a	11.7
8PSK 9/10 n/a 12.0				





		C/N (Es/No) perfor	mance (dB)
Modulation	Code Rate	DVB-S	DVB-S2	DVB-S2X (3)
QPSK	1/4	<mark>n/a</mark>	-1.4 (2)	
QPSK	13/45	<mark>n/a</mark>	n/a	1.0
QPSK	1/3	<mark>n/a</mark>	-0.2 (2)	
QPSK	2/5	<mark>n/a</mark>	0.7(2)	
QPSK	<mark>9/20</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	1.22
QPSK	1/2	<mark>3.8</mark>	2.0	
QPSK	11/20	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>2.45</mark>
QPSK	<mark>3/5</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	3.2	
QPSK	<mark>2/3</mark>	<mark>5.6</mark>	<mark>4.1</mark>	
QPSK	<mark>3/4</mark>	<mark>6.7</mark>	<mark>5.0</mark>	
QPSK	<mark>4/5</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>5.7</mark>	
QPSK	<mark>5/6</mark>	<mark>7.7</mark>	6.2	
QPSK	<mark>7/8</mark>	<mark>8.4</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	
QPSK	<mark>8/9</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>7.2</mark>	
QPSK	<mark>9/10</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>7.4</mark>	
8APSK-L	<mark>5/9</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>5.73</mark>
8APSK-L	<mark>26/45</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>6.13</mark>
8PSK	3/5	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>6.5</mark>	
8PSK	23/36	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>7.12</mark>
8PSK	2/3	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>7.6</mark>	
8PSK	<mark>25/36</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>8.02</mark>
8PSK	13/18	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>8.49</mark>
<mark>8PSK</mark>	<mark>3/4</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>8.9</mark>	
<mark>8PSK</mark>	<mark>5/6</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	10.4	
<mark>8PSK</mark>	<mark>8/9</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	11.7	
8PSK	<mark>9/10</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	12.0	
16APSK-L	1/2	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>7.47</mark>
16APSK-L	<mark>8/15</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>8.05</mark>
16APSK-L	<mark>5/9</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>8.34</mark>
16APSK	<mark>26/45</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>9.01</mark>
16APSK	3/5	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	9.3
16APSK-L	3/5	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>8.91</mark>
16APSK	28/45	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>9.6</mark>
16APSK	23/36	n/a	n/a	9.88
16APSK-L	2/3	n/a	n/a	9.93
16APSK	25/36	n/a	n/a	10.77
16APSK	13/18	n/a	n/a	11.21
16APSK	7/9	n/a	n/a	12.15
16APSK	77/90	n/a	n/a	13.49
32APSK-L	2/3	n/a	n/a	12.6
32APSK	32/45	n/a	n/a	13.25
32APSK	11/15	n/a	n/a	13.67
32APSK	<mark>7/9</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	<mark>n/a</mark>	14.55

Table 2.1 Maximum C/N (E_s/N_0) for QEF reception (1).

Note 1:C/N measured for a bandwidth that equals the symbol rate.

Quasi-Error-Free (QEF) means less than one uncorrected error event per hour, corresponding to (MPEG TS Packet Error Rate) PER= 10-7 or BER = 10-10 to 10-11 at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer.



Note 2: For DVB-S2 Modes with QPSK and code rates 1/4, 1/3 and 2/5, the C/N (Es/No) values are optional (recommended) for satellite NorDig IRDs to support.

Note 3: DVB-S2X C/N (Es/No) performance only applies to satellite NorDig HEVC IRDs that supports DVB-S2X.

2.1.2 Test cases

Test Case	Task 1:1 General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall include at least one tuner/demodulator unit for reception of signals from a satelliteRF-outdoor unit.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 satellite IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD contains at least one Tuner/demodulator Equipment: IRD Under test Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 1:2 General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to automatically scan through the whole frequency range available for each of the available Tuners/Demodulators and tune in to the correct DVB framing structure, channel coding and modulation to deliver the incoming transport stream to the next units. The tuning data shall be stored in a service list, in order to allow a quick tune in to the selected transport stream.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2-satellite IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD is able to scan throught the whole frequency range. Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.
Test result(s)	The manufacturer describes his specific setup for the test
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments



Date

NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.1, diff. ver. 2.6.0 with markups

Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
Test Case	Task 1:3 Quality reception detector		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.3		
Requirement	The NorDig Unified receiver shall be equipped with a reception quality detector.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB S, DVB S2 satellite IRD		
Test procedure	Equipment: Test signal are created using the test bed shown below: MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter Receiver Monitor Test procedure: Check that the IRD is equipped with a reception quality detector Expected result: It shall be possible to access some kind of a reception quality detector		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle YES \) NO		

Test Case	Task 1:4 Symbol and FEC-rate (DVB-S2)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.2
Requirement	The IRD accepts symbol rates between 7.5-45 10-30 Mbaud for DVB-S carriers. For DVB-S2 and DVB-S2X QPSK carriers the IRD accepts symbol rates between 7.5-45 Mbaud For DVB-S2 and DVB-S2X 8PSK carriers the IRD accepts symbol rates between 5-30 Mbaud For DVB-S2X 8APSK, 16APSK and 32APSK carriers the IRD accepts symbol rates between 5-34 Mbaud
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD, S2X
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:

Sign

Describe more specific faults and/or other information

	To verify that the IR 10 30 Mbaud	D accepts a transp	oort stream with a syn	nbol rate in the required range
	Equipment: Test signals are crea	ted using the test l	ped shown below:	
	MPEG 2- source	DVB-S Modulator	Up Converter	DVB Receiver Monitor
	Test procedure:		1500	MIL DVD G ODGV
	7.5Mbaud a 2. Power on II 3. Make a cha decodes pic 4. Use quality	at level -45dBm. RD. annel search at war cture without any var measurement pro	nted signal and verify visible degradation. cedure 2 (QMP2).	MHz, DVB-S QPSK, that IRD locks to carrier and es in the measurement record.
	Expected result: IRD locks to carrier	and decodes pictu	re without any visible	e degradation.
Test result(s)	Measurement record	l		
	Result OK/NOK:			
	DVB-S QPSK carr	ier		
	FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
		7.5 Mbaud	45 Mbaud	
	1/2	110 112 110 11		
	3/4			
	3/4			
	5/6			
	7/8			
	DVB-S2 QPSK car			
	FEC rate	Symbol rate 7.5 Mbaud	Symbol rate 45 Mbaud	
	1/4			
	1/3			
	2/5			
	1/2			
	3/5			
	2/3			
	3/4 4/5			
	5/6			
	8/9			
	9/10			
		<u> </u>	l	
	DVB-S2 8PSK car	rier (Pilots on, Ro	ll-off=0.25)	
	FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
		5 Mbaud	30 Mbaud	
	3/5			





2/3			
3/4			
5/6			
8/9			
9/10			
DUD GAN ODGI	' (D'1 - D 1)	1 (0 0 1)	\neg
FEC rate	arrier (Pilots on, Rol Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
rec rate	7.5 Mbaud	45 Mbaud	
13/45	7.5 Wiodud	15 Wibuda	
9/20			
11/20			
	L carrier (Pilots on,		
FEC rate	Symbol rate 5 Mbaud	Symbol rate 34 Mbaud	
5/9	3 Ividadu	54 Modud	
26/45			_
20/.0	1	1	
DVB-S2X 8PSK ca	arrier (Pilots on, Roll	-off=0.1)	
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
	5 Mbaud	30 Mbaud	
23/36			
25/36 13/18			_
13/10			
DVB-S2X 16APSI	K-L carrier (Pilots on	Roll-off=0.1)	
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
	5 Mbaud	34 Mbaud	
<u>1/2</u>			
8/15			
5/9			
3/5 2/3			
<u> 213</u>			
DVB-S2X 16APSI	Carrier (Pilots on, R	toll-off=0.1)	
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
	5 Mbaud	34 Mbaud	
26/45			
3/5			
28/45 23/36			
25/36 25/36			
13/18			
7/9			
<mark>77/90</mark>			
-			
	K-L carrier (Pilots on		_
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate 34 Mbaud	
2/3	5 Mbaud	54 Midaud	_
<u>41 J</u>	1		
DVB-S2X 32APSk	Carrier (Pilots on, R	toll-off=0.1)	
FEC rate	Symbol rate	Symbol rate	
	5 Mbaud	34 Mbaud	



	32/45		
	11/15		
	7/9		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textbf{YES} \) NO		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
Duit	Sign .		
Test Case	Task 1:5 Input Frequency Range/Tuning range		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.3		
Requirement	IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.		
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD		
variants and			
<u>capability</u>			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
	To verify that IRD accepts an input signal in the range 950 – 2150 MHz		
	Equipment:		
	Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:		
	MPEG 2- DVB-S Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor		
	Test procedure:		
	Configure wanted signal to center frequency 10715 MHz, DVB-S QPSK,		
	FEC=7/8, 30Mbaud at level -45dBm.		
	2. Power on IRD.		
	3. Configure Universal LNBF in the IRD settings (f(LO)=9750/10600).		
	4. Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier and		
	decodes picture without any visible degradation.		
	5. Use quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2).		
	5. Ose quanty measurement procedure 2 (Q1/11/2).		

Expected result: IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.



	IF frequency	LO frequency	Centre	Polarisation	Result
	[MHz]	[MHz]	frequency	(H/V)	OK/NOK
			[MHz]	(11/ V)	OR/NOR
	965	9750	10715	Н	
	965	9750	10715	V	
	1949	9750	11699	Н	
	1949	9750	11699	V	
	1100	10600	11700	Н	
	1100	10600	11700	V	
	2135	10600	12735	Н	
	2135	10600	12735	V	
Conformity	OK Fault		define fail reaso		
Comments				are update: YES	S∐NO
	Describe more s	pecific faults and/o	or other informat	cion	

Test Case	Task 1:6 Tuning/ Scanning Procedures (with NIT)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall either use the NIT information or the scanning procedure for retrieving the services available on the network.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB S, DVB S2 Satellite IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD use tuning data given in NIT. Equipment: IRD under test, with service list deleted and using the test bed shown below: MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter Receiver Monitor Test procedure: Start automatic tuning and installation of services, using Network Information Tables (NIT), and check found and installed channels. Expected result: All signalled channels are found and installed.
Test result(s)	OV Forth Meion Minor define feil moon in comments
Conformity Comments	☐ OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: ☐ YES ☐ NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information



Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 1:7 Tuning/ Scanning Procedures (without NIT)					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.6					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall either use the NIT information or the scanning procedure for					
	retrieving the services available on the network.					
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD					
variants and						
capability						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:					
	To verify that the IRD searches for - and installs services - without 'a priori' NIT					
	information.					
	Equipment: IRD under test, with service list deleted and using the test bed shown below:					
	TKD under test, with service list defeted and using the test bed shown below.					
	MPEG 2- DVB-S Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor					
	source Modulator Receiver Receiver					
	Test procedure:					
	Start automatic tuning and installation of services, without Network Information Tables					
	(NIT), and check found and installed channels.					
	Francostad manula.					
	Expected result: All signalled channels are found and installed.					
Test result(s)	An signatica chainless are found and instanca.					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
	Describe more specific fauts and of other information					
Date	Sign					

Test Case	Task 1:8 Control signals
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.5
Requirement	The Tuner/Demodulator shall be able to select between at least two RF units, upper and lower band aswell as polarisation within each unit in accordance with EN 61319-1 [13], level 1 (the "DiSEqC" specification, level 1.0).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to select between two RF-units. Equipment: DTH antenna with dual-feed Universal LNBs, pointed at i.e. '1 degree W' and '5 degree E' or test signals are created using the test bed shown below:

	MPEG-2 Source #1 DVB-S Modulator DVB-S Modulator DVB-S Modulator DVB-S Modulator DVB-S Modulator DVB-S Modulator Ch y A DiseqC-switch is used to select between the LNBs. Test procedure: Check that tuning to carriers in both '1 degree W' and '5 degree E' (or test bed signals) is possible by DiseqC command. Expected result: All signalled channels are are installed and IRD decodes picture and sound without any		
Test result(s)	visible degradation.		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 1:9 Demodulation (DVB-S2)			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.4			
Requirement	Demodulation, descrambling and error correction shall be performed for all symbol rates given above and for all error correction rates and filter roll-off rates as specified for DVB-S, see in ETSI EN 300 421 [11] for DVB-S2, see ETSI EN 302 307 [20] and for DVB-S2X, see ETSI EN 302 307-2 [81] and the satellite_delivery_system_descriptor, see Table 13.1.			
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD, S2X			
variants and capability				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the basic performance of the IRD. Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below: MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter Receiver Monitor Test procedure: 1. Configure wanted signal to center frequency 1500 MHz, DVB-S QPSK, FEC=1/2, 10Mbaud at level -40dBm. 2. Power on IRD.			



- 3. Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.
- 4. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the QMP2 criteria fulfills.
- 5. Fill in the C/N value to the measurement record table.
- 6. Repeat the test for all modulation, FEC and symbol rate combinations in the measurement record tables.

Note: C/N measured for a bandwidth that equals the symbol rate $(E_s/N_0=C/N)$.

Expected result:

IRD decodes picture and sound without any visible degradation.

IRD meets the requirements of Nordig Unified 3.1 section 3.2.4 and IRD Es/No performance meets the requirements of Nordig Unified 3.1 section 3.2.8.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

DVB-S QPSK, Roll-off=0.35:

FEC	P _{in} =- <mark>46</mark> 0dBm SR= <mark>31</mark> 0Mbaud Measured C/N	P _{in} = 25dBm SR=10Mbaud Measured C/N	P _{in} = 60dBm SR=30Mbaud Measured C/N	P _{ir} = 25dBm SR=30Mbaud Measured C/N
1/2	1/10484104 0/11	1110000100 0/11	1,1040,010,00	1/10/00/10/07/1/
2/3				
3/4				
5/6				
7/8				

DVB-S2 QPSK, Roll-off=0.25, Pilots=Enabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} =-60dBm SR=10Mbaud	P _{in} =-25dBm SR=10Mbaud	P _{in} =-60dBm SR=30Mbaud	P _{in} =-25dBm SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N	Measured C/N	Measured C/N	Measured C/N
1/4				
1/3				
2/5				
1/2				
3/5				
2/3				
<mark>3/4</mark>				
<mark>4/5</mark>				
5/6		·		
<mark>8/9</mark>		·		
9/10		·		

DVB-S2 QPSK, Roll-off=0.25, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800

FEC	P _{in} = <mark>-640dBm</mark>	P _{in} = 25dBm	P _{in} = 60dBm	P _{in} = 25dBm
	SR= <mark>13</mark> 0Mbaud	SR=10Mbaud	SR=30Mbaud	SR=30Mbaud
	Measured C/N	Measured C/N	Measured C/N	Measured C/N
1/4				
1/3				
2/5				
1/2				
3/5				
2/3				
3/4				





Nordig					
	4/5				
	5/6				
	8/9				
	9/10				
		•			
	DVB-S2		.25 <mark>, Pilots=Enabled</mark>		
	FEC	P _{in} =-60dBm SR=10Mbaud	P_{in}=-25dBm SR=10Mbaud	P _{in} =-60dBm SR=30Mbaud	P _{in} =-25dBm SR=30Mbaud
	3/5	Measured C/N	Measured C/N	Measured C/N	Measured C/N
	2/3 3/4				
	5/6 8/9				
	9/10				
				l, FECframe=64800	
	FEC	P _{in} =-640dBm SR=430Mbaud Measured C/N	P _{in} =-25dBm SR=10Mbaud Measured C/N	P _{in} =-60dBm SR=30Mbaud Measured C/N	P _{in} =-25dBm SR=30Mbaud Measured C/N
	3/5				
	2/3				
	3/4				
	5/6	ļ			
	8/9				
	9/10				
	DVR S	X OPSK Poll off-	-0.250 1 Pilote-Die	sabled, FECframe=6	54800
	FEC	P_{in} =-40dBm	- 0.23 0.1, FIIOIS=DIS	sauleu, FECTAIIIe=0) + 000
		SR=30Mbaud Measured C/N			
	13/45	Measured C/N			
	9/20				
	11/20				
			off=0.250.1, Pilots=	Disabled, FECfram	e = 64800
	FEC	P _{in} =-40dBm			
		SR=30Mbaud			
	5/9	Measured C/N	-		
	26/45		\dashv		
	20/43				
	DVB-S2	2X 8PSK, Roll-off=	0.25 0.1, Pilots=Dis	abled, FECframe=6	<mark>4800</mark>
	FEC	$P_{in}=-40dBm$			
		SR=30Mbaud			
		Measured C/N			
	<mark>23/36</mark>				
	25/36				
	13/18				
	DVB-S2	2X 16APSK-L. Rol	l-off= 0.25 0.1. Pilots	s=Disabled, FECfra	me=64800
	FEC	P_{in} =-40dBm			
		SR=30Mbaud			
		Measured C/N			
	1/2				
	<mark>8/15</mark>				





	5/9	
	3/5	
	2/3	
		_
	DVB-S2X 16APSK, Roll-	off=0.250.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800
	FEC P _{in} =-40dBm	
	SR=30Mbaud	
	Measured C/N	
	<mark>26/45</mark>	
	<mark>3/5</mark>	
	28/45	
	<mark>23/36</mark>	
	<mark>25/36</mark>	
	13/18	
	<mark>7/9</mark>	
	<mark>77/90</mark>	
		ll-off= 0.25 0.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800
	FEC P _{in} =-40dBm	
	SR=30Mbaud	
	Measured C/N	
	2/3	
		off=0.250.1, Pilots=Disabled, FECframe=64800
	FEC P _{in} =-40dBm	
	SR=30Mbaud	
	Measured C/N	
	32/45 11/15	
	7/9	
	<mark>1/9</mark>	
Conformity	OK Fault Major	Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments		t can be fixed with software update: YES NO
Comments		ilts and/or other information
	2 collide more specific fut	and or one monimum
Date		Sign
		· ×

Test Case	Task 1:10 RF Input Connector and Output Connector (option)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.7.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall include one input connector, type: IEC 61169-24, F-type, female, 75 ohms. The NorDig IRD should include one output connector, type: IEC 61169-24, F-type, female, 75 ohms. The RF output shall be available independently from the operational status of the IRD (operational or stand by), so that there is no restriction for the operation of the connected equipment. The control of the RF unit has to be solved for the case with one or more additional IRDs.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD



•	Equipment:				
 Test procedure: Verify that the RF input and output connectors are accordance the specification IEC 61169-24, F-type, female. Verify in the manufacturer's technical specification that the input impedance of the RF input is 75 ohm and the return loss is typically 10dB, worst case 8dB. 					
•	Expected result: RF input connector is as defined in specification IEC 61169-24 and the input impedance is 75ohm.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date Sign					

Test Case	Task 1:11 Input Signal Level					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.7.2					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall accept input signals with a level in the range -25 to -65 dBm.					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB S, DVB S2 Satellite IRD, S2X					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver can receive input signals with a level in the range -25 to -650 dBm. Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:					
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor					
	Test procedure:					
	 Configure wanted signal to IF frequency 965 MHz, DVB-S QPSK, FEC=7/8, 30Mbaud at level -650dBm. 					
	2. Power on IRD.					
	3. Make a channel search at wanted signal.4. Verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible					
	degradation (meets QMP2).					
	5. Increase the wanted signal level to -25dBm.					
	 Verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation (meets QMP2). 					

	Repeat the test for the centre frequencies and modes in the measurement record.					
	Expected result: IRD decodes pict		ithout any visible d	egradation.		
Test result(s)	Measurement rec	ord:				
	DVB-S QPSK FI	FC-7/8 SR-30M	evm/e			
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal	٦		
	[MHz]	level [dBm]	level [dBm]			
	965					
	2135					
	DAID GO ODGIV I	EEG 0/10 CD 20	M / D 11 CC	0.25 Pil . O		
	IF frequency	Min signal	Msym/s, Roll-off: Max signal	0.25, Pilots On		
	[MHz]	level	level			
		[dBm]	[dBm]			
	965	Ľ., J				
	2135					
			Msym/s, Roll-off:	0.25, Pilots Off		
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal			
	[MHz]	level [dBm]	level [dBm]			
	965	լահույ	լահույ	1		
	2135					
		1	•	_		
	DVB-S 8PSK FE		Isym/s, Roll-off: 0	.25, Pilots On		
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal			
	[MHz]	level	level			
	0.65	[dBm]	[dBm]	4		
	965			_		
	2133			_		
	DVB-S2 8PSK F	DVB-S ² 8PSK FEC=9/10 SR=30Msym/s, Roll-off: 0.25, Pilots Off				
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal			
	[MHz]	level	level			
		[dBm]	[dBm]			
	965			4		
	2135			Ь		
	DVB-S2X 16APS	SK FEC=77/90 S	R=34Msvm/s. Rol	l-off: 0.250.1, Pilots On		
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal			
	[MHz]	level	level			
	-	[dBm]	[dBm]			
	967					
	2133			J		
	DVR-S2Y 16AD	SK FEC-77/00 S	R-3/Meym/c Pol	1-off: 0.250.1, Pilots Off		
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal	1 on. 0.23 0.1, 1 hots On		
	[MHz]	level	level			
		[dBm]	[dBm]			



	<mark>967</mark>			
	2133			
	DVB-S2X 32APS	SK FEC=7/9 SR=3	<mark>34Msym/s, Roll-o</mark> 1	f: 0.25 0.1, Pilots On
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal	
	[MHz]	<u>level</u>	<mark>level</mark>	
		[dBm]	[dBm]	
	<mark>967</mark>			
	2133			
	DVB-S2X 32APS			f: 0.25 0.1, Pilots Off
	IF frequency	Min signal	Max signal	
	[MHz]	<mark>level</mark>	<mark>level</mark>	
		[dBm]	[dBm]	
	<mark>967</mark>			
	2133			
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor,	define fail reason	in comments
Comments	If possible describ	e if fault can be f	ixed with software	update: YES NO
	Describe more sp	ecific faults and/o	r other information	1
Date			Sign	

Test Case	Task 1:12 Power Supply and Control Signal (to RF unit)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.7.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide power supply and control signals to the external RF-unit as specified below: • voltage:13.5/18.5 V+/- 5% • current:at least 400 mA • control tone:amplitude: 0.65 V +/- 0.25V frequency: 22 kHz duty cycle: 50% +/- 10% (see also ref EN 61319-1 (DiSEqC).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that power supply and control signals to the external RF-unit are as specified.								
	Equipment:								
	DVB Receiver			Osc	illoscope				
	Test proc Measure v		rrent and o	control to	one from ex	xternal RF ı	ınit conne	ector.	
Test result(s)	3. F 4. Expected	DVB-S QF (LO)=975 Measure th a. Ll b. Do c. Co d. Co e. Co f. Co fill in the r Repeat the	PSK f=107 0/10600M e followin NB supply C current control tone control tone control tone measurement test for oth	50MHz, Hz g charac DC volt e frequen e peak-to e duty cye e rise and ent record	FEC=7/8, teristics at age cy -peak volta- cle fall times ineter comb	horizontal p	polarization of RF input	on, using t	record.
	f(RF) [MHz] 10750 10750	Polaris ation (H/V)	LNB supply voltage V _{DC}	I _{DC}	f _{CTRL}	V _{PP,CTR} L	D _{CTRL}	t _R	t _F
	12600	Н							
	12600	V							
Conformity		OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments							
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Describe more specific faults and/or other information								
Date					Sig	n			

Test Case	Task 1:13 Power Supply and Control Signal (to single-channel RF unit)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.5, NorDig Unified 3.2.7.3
Requirement	The Tuner/Demodulator shall be able to select transport stream in accordance with EN 50494 Satellite [10] ("Signal distribution over a single coaxial cable in single dwelling installations

IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that power supply and control signals to the external RF-unit are as specified.
	Equipment:
	DVB Receiver Oscilloscope
	Test procedure:
	TBD
	Expected result: TBD
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 1:14 Performance: Digital interference
Section	NorDig Unified 3.2.8
Requirement	IRD decodes picture and sound without any visible degradation.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-S, DVB-S2 Satellite IRD, S2X
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the performance of the IRD in a multi-carrier environment. Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below: MPEG-2 Source #1 DVB-S Modulator Up Converter Ch x Honitor Test procedure: UACI/LACI: Symbol rate and power equal to wanted carrier. Frequency separation from wanted carrier: +/- 1.25(1+α)SR where α = Roll Off factor (α = 0.25 for DVB-S carriers and α = 0.2 for DVB-S2 and DVB-S2X carriers in this test), SR = Symbol Rate.



Verify that IRD can receive input signals with a level in the range -25 to -650 dBm

- 1. Configure wanted signal to IF frequency 1500 MHz, DVB-S QPSK, FEC=7/8, 10Mbaud at level -650dBm and interferer signal on f(IF)+1.25SR = 1512,5 MHz with power level and transmission parameters equal to the wanted signal.
- 2. Power on IRD.
- 3. Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.
- 4. Apply Gaussian noise over the wanted signal so that reception is not possible.
- 5. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the reception quality meets OMP2.
- 6. Fill in the result in the measurement record.

Repeat the test for the centre frequencies and modes in the measurement record.

Expected result:

IRD decodes picture and sound without any visible degradation. The minimum Es/No meets the requirement in NorDig Unified specification [1] with 0.45dB allowance.

Test result(s)

Measurement record

DVB-S QPSK FEC=7/8, Roll-off=0.35, Channel spacing = 1.25xSR

Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)
	interferer	wanted	level [dB]
[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]	
10	1512,5	1500	
10	1487,5	1475	
30	1537,5	1501.5 1500	
30	1462,5	1426.5 1425	

DVB-S2 QPSK FEC=9/10, Roll-off=0.25, Channel spacing = 1.20xSR, Pilots ON

Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)
	interferer	wanted	level [dB]
[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]	
10	1512	1500	
10	1488	1476	
30	1536	1500	
30	1464	1428	

DVB-S2 8PSK FEC=9/10, Roll-off=0.25, Channel spacing = 1.20xSR, Pilots ON

Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)
	interferer	wanted	level [dB]
[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]	
10	1512	1500	
10	1488	1476	
30	1536	1500	
30	1464	1428	

Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)
	interferer	wanted	level [dB]
[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]	
10	1512	1500	
10	1488	1476	



	30	1536	1500]		
	30	1464	1428		1		
	DVB-S2X 16AP	DVB-S2X 16APSK FEC=77/90, Roll-off=0.1, Channel spacing = 1.20xSR, Pilots ON					
	Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)			
		interferer	<mark>wanted</mark>	level [dB]			
	[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]				
	10	1512	1500				
	10	1488	<mark>1476</mark>				
	<mark>30</mark>	<mark>1536</mark>	1500				
	30	<mark>1464</mark>	1428				
					_		
	DVB-S2X 32AP	SK FEC=7/9, Rol	l-off=0.1, Channe	l spacing = 1.20xS	R, Pilots ON		
	Symbol Rate	IF frequency	IF frequency	Es/No (C/N)			
		interferer	<mark>wanted</mark>	level [dB]			
	[Mbaud]	[MHz]	[MHz]				
	10	1512	1500				
	10	1488	<mark>1476</mark>				
	<mark>30</mark>	<mark>1536</mark>	1500				
	<mark>30</mark>	<mark>1464</mark>	1428				
Conformity	OK Fault	Major 🗌 Minor,	define fail reason	in comments			
Comments				e update: YES	NO		
	Describe more sp	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date			Sign				



2.2 Task 2: Cable Tuner and Demodulator

2.2.1 QEF Quality Measurement Methods

The quality limit in this specification is defined as Quasi Error Free (QEF) reception, where QEF means less than one uncorrected error event per hour. The definition of QEF corresponds to BER of 10⁻¹¹ in the TS data at input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In practice, it takes long time to measure such a low BER at TS data level. Therefore, the reception quality can be evaluated either indirectly by

- measuring the BER after Viterbi in DVB-C system, or
- subjectively inspecting the video screen for a certain period of time and looking for errors in the decoded video.

Direct measurements on the TS data packets are the preferred measurement method, but if this is not possible or acceptable for some reason, the indirect measurements can be used. The indirect measurement methods, which can be used, are objective BER measurements described above or subjective quality measurement.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-C system, the BER of 2*10⁻⁴ after Viterbi decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels. But for channels interfered by impulse like interference i.e. PAL signals or internal interference, the average BER of 2*10⁻⁴ after Viterbi decoder is not valid due to the fact that the RS decoder is not able to correct the burst of errorneous bytes caused by impulse like interference. Therefore, for impulse like interfered channels, the quality measurements shall be done by using the BER of 10⁻¹¹ measurement method at the TS level at MPEG-2 demultiplexer input or by using the subjective measurement method.

In the indirect subjective measurement method the certain period of time of error free video decoding is considered to corresponds to a good reception quality. The specified video test sequence can be any containing movement everywhere, in order to minimise the number of errors not being observed due to error concealment techniques in the receiver. Such a relevant video sequences are e.g. 'Mobile and calendar' and 'Zoneplate'.

The result of the indirect quality measurements may differ. Therefore, the method that shall be used is specified in every test case. However, the reception quality shall be verified by using the subjective measurement method for every test case. The measurement methods (procedures) are defined below.

Direct objective quality measurement procedure in DVB-C systems

The measurement is performed doing measurements at the transport stream data level. The measurement configuration parameters are chosen like that there is less than one uncorrected error event per hour. This requirement corresponds to BER value 10^{-11} at the TS data level at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In addition to the BER measurement, the reception quality shall be verified subjectively.

The performance in every test case can be evaluated by using the direct quality measurement procedure.

<u>Indirect subjective quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1) in DVB-C systems</u>

The subjective measurement is performed during **15 seconds**. During this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **15 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is reached at least **15 seconds**.



Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-C system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 3. the embedded BER after Viterbi measurement provided by the receiver, or
- 4. watching the decoded video for **60 seconds**.

If the BER after Viterbi measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after Viterbi decoder value $2*10^4$. The integrated BER after Viterbi measurement value $2*10^4$ shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding. In case of higher BER after Viterbi value than $2*10^4$, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after Viterbi which is lower than or equal to $2*10^4$, Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until a BER after Viterbi value lower than or equal to $2*10^4$ is achieved.

If the **60 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **60 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **60 seconds**.

2.2.2 Test cases

Test Case	Task 2:1 General			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.1			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall contain at least one Tuner/Demodulator for cable DVB/MPEG 2 signals.			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD contains at least one Tuner/demodulator Equipment: IRD Under test. Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 2:2 General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.2



Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to automatically scan through the whole frequency range available for each of the available Tuners/Demodulators and tune in to the correct DVB framing structure, channel coding and modulation to deliver the incoming transport stream to the next units. The tuning data shall be stored in a service list, in order to allow a quick tune in to the selected transport stream. For more detail see below.			
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD			
variants and				
capability				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
	To verify that IRD is able to scan throught the whole frequency range.			
	Test procedure:			
	This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.			
Test result(s)	The manufacturer describes his specific setup for the test			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 2:3 Quality reception detector		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.3		
Requirement	The NorDig Unified receiver shall be equipped with a reception quality detector.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD		
capability			
Test procedure	Test procedure:		
1 con processing	Check that the IRD is equipped with a reception quality detector		
	Expected result:		
	It shall be possible to access some kind of a reception quality detector		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 2:4 RF Characteristics: Input frequency range and input level, Digital channels
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.2
Requirement	The IRD shall have RF characteristics equal to or better than specified below: Input Frequency range: Digital signals 110 - 862 MHz



IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Ca	<mark>ble IRD</mark>						
variants and								
capability Test procedure	Equipment:							
Test procedure	Equipment.							
	Digital	Multiplexer	D:	cital TV		_ [IRD	
	Video	humpiexer	tes	gital TV	<u> </u>	Ź ─	Under tes	,
	generator			nsmitter	1	′	——————————————————————————————————————	
	generator							
	Test procedure:							
	6. Configure war	ited signal to d	enter fr	equency 11	4 MHz	16 OAN	4 SR 6.95	2
	Msymb/s at lev		circo ii	equency 11	1 141112	, 10 Q111	1, 510 0.75	_
	7. Power on IRD							
	8. Make a channe		nted sig	nal and ve	rify that	IRD loc	ks to carrie	r and
	decodes pictur							
	Use quality me							
	Repeat the test	_	levels,	center freq	uencies	and DVE	3-C modes	in
	the measureme	ent record.						
	Expected result:		1.1			1		
T = = 4 = = = = 14(=)	IRD locks to carrier and	i decodes picti	are with	out any vis	able deg	gradation		
Test result(s)	Measurement record							
	ivieasurement record							
	Result OK/NOK:							
	Frequency 114 MHz 858 MHz							
	Modulation /	60	47	77	60	47	77	
	Signal Level [dBµV]							
	16 QAM							
	128 QAM							
	256 QAM							
	Modulation /	60	43	73	60	43	73	
	Signal Level [dBµV]							
	64 QAM							
C C		. DM: 1	C' C . '1	1				
Conformity Comments	OK Fault Major If possible describe if fa			l reason in		YES	NO	
Comments	Describe more specific				puate: [1 ES[NU	
	Describe more specific	rauns and/of (MICI IIII	ormation				
Date				Sign				

Test Case	Task 2:5 RF Characteristics: Symbol rate and modulation
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.2
Requirement	The IRD shall have RF characteristics equal to or better than specified below: Symbolrate: Digital signals 4 Msymbols/s to 7 Msymbols/s. The rates are set in steps of 1 ksymbols/s. Modulation: Digital signals 16-QAM, 64-QAM, 128-QAM and 256-QAM
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD



Test procedure	Equipment: Digital Video Generator TV test transmitter for cable Digital Multiplexor Digital Test procedure: 1. Configure wanted signal to center frequence	er Under test	
	 Msymb/s at level 60 dBμV. 2. Power on IRD. 3. Make a channel search at wanted signal and decodes picture without any visible degrada 4. Use quality measurement procedure 2 (QM 5. Repeat the test for the DVB-C modes in the Expected result: IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any 	e measurement record.	
Test result(s)	rate is settable in 1 ksymbols/s steps. Measurement record Status OK/NOK:		
	Modulation / Symbol 4.000 4.100 Rate [Msymb/s] 16 QAM 64 QAM 128 QAM 256 QAM	7.000	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with softwar Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 2:6 RF Characteristics: Input impedance
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.2
Requirement	The IRD shall have RF characteristics equal to or better than specified below: Input connector: IEC 61169-2, female, 75 Ohms
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD
Test procedure	The manufacturer verifies that the input impedance is 75 Ohms.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments



Conformity

NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.1, diff. ver. 2.6.0 with markups

Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Do Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
	1 - 6		
	Task 2:7 RF bypass		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.3		
Requirement	The RF signals should be bypassed from RF _{in} to RF _{out} independently from the status of the NorDig IRD (operational or stand by), so that connected equipment can operate even if the NorDig IRD is in standby. The frequency range for the RF bypass shall be from 47 MHz to 862 MHz. The NorDig IRD, when equipped with RF bypass, should include user setting to disable or enable the RF bypass gain in stand-by mode. When the RF bypass gain is disabled, the maximum RF bypass gain should -4dB and when the RF bypass gain is enabled, the RF bypass gain should be from -1 dB to +3 dB. The degradation of the signals caused by the RF bypass compared to the input signal shall be less than 1 dB in the case of signal-to-noise ratio. The degradation of the signals caused by the RF bypass compared to the input signal shall be less than:		
	o 1 dB in case of signal to noise ratio		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB C Cable IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRDs RF bypass is according the specification.		
	Equipment: IRD Under test Measurement equipment		
	Test procedure: 1. Generate one digital channel (64 QAM, 6,952 MS/s, 015 roll-off) at 114 MHz with three different input levels, 60 dBμV, 43 dBμV and 73 dBμV.		
	2. Verify that the RF_{out} signal level is less than 1dB below and less than 3dB above the signal level at the RF_{in}		
	 Generate one digital channel (64 QAM, 6,952 MS/s, 015 roll-off) at 858 MHz. Make the test for three different input levels, 60 dBμV, 43 dBμV and 73 dBμV. 		
	4. Verify that the RF_{out} signal level is less than 1dB below and less than 3dB above the signal level at the RF_{in}		
	Expected results: The IRDs RF output is according the requirements.		
Test result(s)	1		

Fault Major

Minor, define fail reason in comments

OK



Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

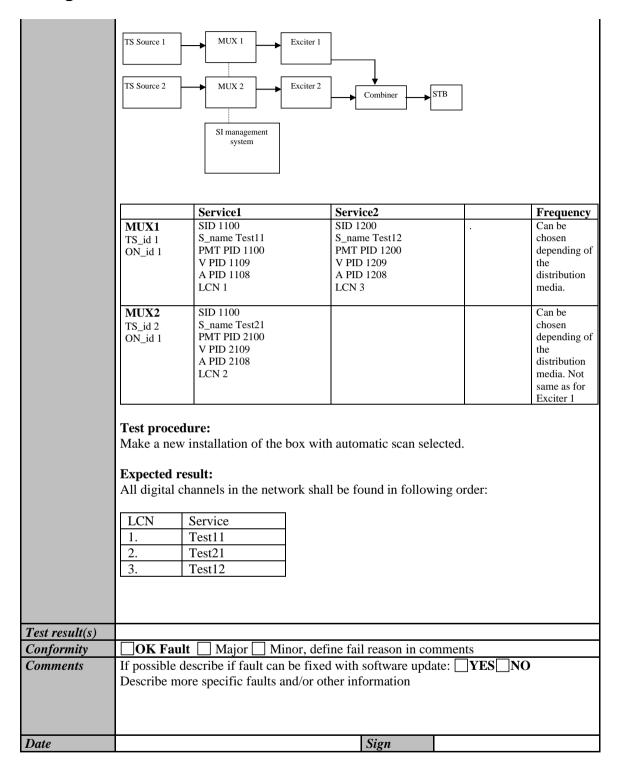
Test Case	Task 2:8 Tuning/Scanning procedure (Automatic scan based on NIT)					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4					
Requirement	The NIT scanning shall be able to find all the available channels on the network. During the first boot sequence or any time the IRD is re-installed, it will begin scanning for the Network Information Table using the following parameters: Center frequencies: 114 MHz onwards in 8MHz steps until 858 MHz. Modulations: 64 QAM, 128 QAM and 256 QAM Symbol rates: 6.952 MSymbols/s (first attempt). If this rate does not result in reception,					
	the following rates should be attempted: 6.950, 6.900, 6.875, 6.125 and 6.000 Msymbols/s.					
	Modulation mode: 16 QAM, 64QAM, 128QAM and 256QAM, where 128QAM and 16 QAM should be attempted last.					
	The scanning shall stop as soon as a valid Network Information Table (NIT_actual) is found. After that the NIT scanning procedure will continue according to information acquired from NIT.					
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD					
variants and						
capability						
Test procedure	Equipment:					
1 est procedure	Use the CATV network.					
	The NIT shall describe all the digital channels.					
	Test procedure:					
	 Generate a cable TV signal with following parameters: a) MUX1: Frequency 842 MHz, 256 QAM, Symbol Rate 6.000 MSymbols/s 					
	b) MUX 2: Frequency 858 MHz, 64 QAM, Symbol Rate 6.952 MSymbols/s					
	2. Make a new installation of the IDD					
	2. Make a new installation of the IRD.					
	3. Verify that the channel search is implemented according specification and finds all channels.					
	Expected result:					
	All digital channels in the network shall be found and the search is implemented					
	according specification.					
Test result(s)						
	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Conformity Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
	*					



Date	Si	ign

Test Case	Task 2:9 Tuning/Scanning procedure (Manual scan)						
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4						
Requirement	The receiver shall also offer manual scanning feature, where different scanning parameters may be used.						
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD						
Test procedure	Equipment: Use the ordinary CATV network. Test procedure: Make a new installation of the IRD by using manual scanning. Install a couple of multiplexes one by one using manual scanning Expected result: All digital channels in the selected multiplexes are added to the channel list.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						

Test Case	Task 2:10 Tuning/Scanning procedure (Original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id triplet support)				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4				
Requirement	In the case where two transmitters transmit unique services which share the same service_id but the triplet on_id/ts_id/s_id is different. Then these services must be recognized as separate services and shall be added to the channel list accordingly.				
IRD Profile(s)	Basie, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD				
variants and					
capability					
Test procedure	Equipment:				



	Task 2:11 Tuning/Scanning procedure – Network default values				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4				
Requirement	It shall be possible to set and store specific <i>network default values</i> for search of digital carriers, as required for the targeted network(s). The values shall be set either manually via the user interface, or as part of the stored default values in the NorDig IRD.				



	The <i>network default</i> values shall for each stored network id include: o Network id					
	 ⇒ Frequency (ies) and modulation mode(s) for carriers that carry service information about actual and other transport streams., see section 13.2.2 (NorDig Unified) ○ Symbol rate(s) for the specified carrier(s). 					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:					
	To verify that IRD supports network default values					
	Equipment:					
	Digital Multiplexer Digital TV test Under test transmitter					
	Test procedure: Verify that the network defauld values can be set and are used to make the NIT based scan Expected results: The IRD has the network default values and they are used for NIT based scanning.					
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					

	Task 2:12 Tuning/Scanning procedure – Factory default values					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.4					
Requirement	In case there are no stored data for the selected network, the stored factory default values shall be used for the initial search (Step 1 above). In case these default values do not result in reception of a carrier, a full search, covering all frequencies, modulation modes and symbol rates shall be performed (Step 2). The NorDig IRD shall as a minimum store a factory default value set, with the following data: Carrier frequencies: 114MHz + n x 8MHz, where n is an integer in the range 0 to 93, see Table 3.3. Modulation mode: 16 QAM, 64QAM, 128QAM and 256QAM, where 128QAM and 16 QAM should be attempted last. Symbol rate: 6.952 MSymbols/s (first attempt). If this rate does not result in reception, the following rates should be attempted: 6.950, 6.900, 6.875, 6.125					

IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
	To verify that IRD supports factory default values						
	Equipment:						
	Digital Multiplexer Digital TV ☐ IRD						
	Video test Under test						
	generator transmitter						
	Test procedure: Varify that the featury defauld values are stored and are used to make the NIT based.						
	Verify that the factory defauld values are stored and are used to make the NIT based scan						
	Expected results: The IRD has the factory default values and they are used for NIT based scanning.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						

	Task 2:13 Total input power					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.2.1					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall operate with input network and channel RF characteristics as specified in Table 3.3 Total Input Power (80-862 MHz): Digital & analogue<93 dBµV at 75 Ohms					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD can operate with required total input power Equipment: IRD Under test and test signal generator environment Digital Video generator(s) Test procedure: 1. Configure wanted signal to center frequency 666 MHz, 256 QAM, SR 6.952 Msymb/s at level 77 dBμV					



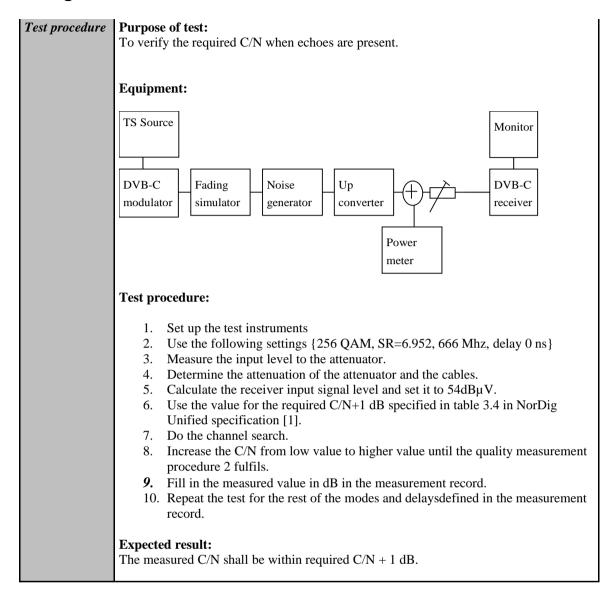
	 Configure interference signal to center frequencies n-1 (658MHz) and n+1 (674 MHz), 256QAM, SR 6.952 Msymb/sat level 77 dBμV Configure interference signal to center frequencies n-2(650MHz) and n+2(682MHz), 256QAM, SR 6.952 Msymb/sat level 82 dBμV Power on IRD Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier, finds all channels and decodes picture without any visible degradation. Use quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). Expected results: The IRDlocks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation with required total power				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

	Task 2:14 RF Performance - C/N for Reference BER				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.3				
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall operate with input network and channel RF characteristics as				
	specified in Table 3.4 in NorDig IRD Unified specification. [1]				
variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To check that the internal BER value measured by the receiver to reference BER value in a function of C/N on Gaussian channel is correct.				
	Equipment:				
	TS Source Monitor DVB-C Fading Noise generator DVB-C receiver Power meter				
	 Test procedure: Setup the instruments. Use frequency 666 MHz and mode 256QAM, SR 6.952 Msymb/s. Set the RF input level to 47dBμV. 				
	3. Use the quality measurement procedure 2.4. Adjust the required C/N that it corresponds BER 2E-4 after Viterbi.				



	 5. Repeat test with all values in the measurement record table below. For modulations 128QAM, 64QAM and 16QAM use SR 6.952 Msymb/s. Expected result: The resulted C/N shall be lower than the required C/N for quality level BER 2E-4 after Viterbi in all tests in measurement record. 				
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				
	QAM:	Level/ dBµV	Required C/N (Es/No):	Result C/N	
		54	32.0 dB		
	256	77	32.0 dB		
		47	35.0 dB		
		53	35.0 dB		
	128	47	29.0 dB		
	64	43	26.0 dB		
	16	47	20.0 dB		
Conformity	ОК	Fault [Major Minor	, define fail reason i	n comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date				Sign	

	Task 2:15 RF Performace - C/N with echo			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.4			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in Table 3.43, plus an allowance of 1 dB when an echo is applied in accordance to the template in Figure 3.1.			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD			



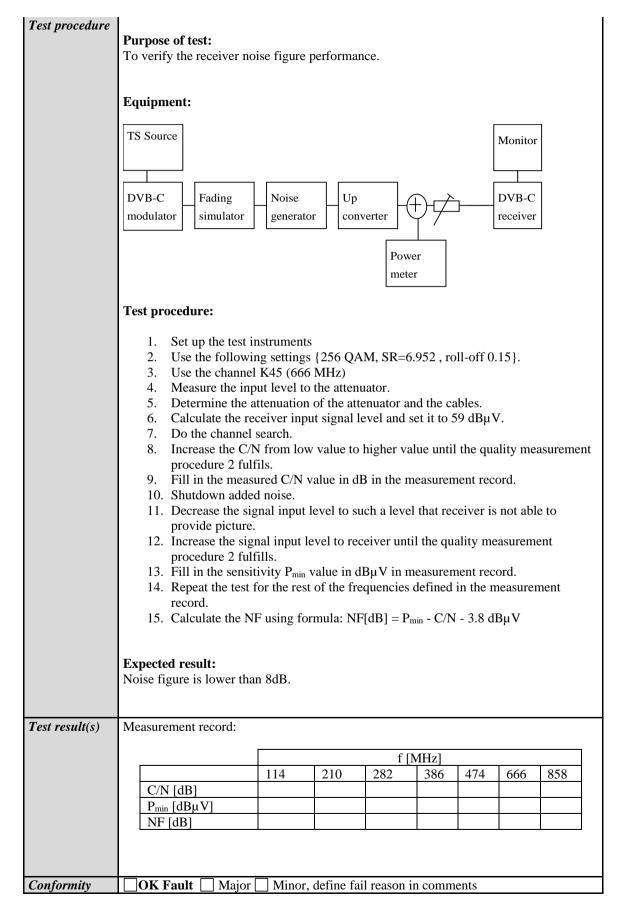


Test result(s)							
	Echo / Mode	e. Level	16-QAM	64-QAM			
	Att. [dB]	Delay [ns]	47 dBμV	43 dBµV			
	6.0	0	•	•			
	6.6	40					
	7.7	50					
	13.4	100					
	19.0	150					
	24.7	200					
	30.3	250					
	33.7	280					
	36.0	300					
	36.0	350					
	Echo / Mode	e I evel	128-QAM	\neg			
	Att. [dB]	Delay [ns]	47 dBμV				
	9.0	0	., 02µ,				
	9.6	40					
	10.7	50					
	16.4	100 150					
	22.0						
	27.7	200					
	33.3	250					
	39.0	280					
		300 350					
	Echo / Mode	e I evel	256-QAM				
	Att. [dB]	Delay [ns]	47 dBμV	54 dBµV			
	12.0	0	., 02µ,	0 . dDp			
	12.6	40					
	13.7	50					
	19.4	100					
	25.0	150					
	30.7	200					
	36.3	5.3 250					
	39.7	280					
	42.0	300					
	42.0	350					
Conformity	OK F	ault Major	Minor, de	efine fail reason i	n comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO						
			and/or other info				
Date			ı	Sign			
				9			

Test Case	Task 2:16 Performance Data: Noise figure		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.1		
Requirement	The performance data below shall be satisfied: Noise figure: less than 8 dB.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD		









If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Sign
<u> </u>
Task 2:17 RF Performance - Image Channel
NorDig Unified 3.3.5.5
The cable NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3 with an analogue or
digital signal at +10dBc in any portion of the RF band other than the adjacent channels.
Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD
Purpose of test: To verify that IRD can operate with required image channels Equipment: IRD Under test and test signal generator environment Digital Video generator(s) Test procedure: IRD Under test and test signal generator environment Under test transmitter(s)
 Configure wanted signal to center frequency 666 MHz, 256 QAM, SR 6.952 at level 47 dBμV Configure interference signal to center frequencyn-9 (594 MHz), 256 QAM, SR 6.952 Msym/s at level 57 dBμV Power on IRD Make a channel search at wanted signal and verify that IRD locks to carrier, finds all channels and decodes picture without any visible degradation. Apply Gaussian noise to the wanted signal. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) fulfills. Fill in the measured C/N value in dB in the measurement record. Repeat the test procedure for all DVB-C modes in the measurement recordfor both interference signal frequencies (n-9 and n+9). Expected results: The IRD locks to carrier and decodes picture without any visible degradation.

Test result(s) Measurement record:

Image channel (n-9): 594 MHz

mage chamier (if	7.07.11112			
Wanted signal	Image channel	16 QAM	128 QAM	256 QAM
[dBµV]	(n-9) [dBµV]			
47	47			
77	77			

The measured C/N shall be within required C/N + allowances.



	I	I			
	47	57			
	72	82			
	-	1		_	
	Wanted signal	Image channel	64 QAM		
	[dBµV]	(n-9) [dBµV]			
	43	43			
	73	73			
	43	53			
	72	82			
		-		_	
	Image channel (n+	-9): 738 MHz			
	Wanted signal	Image channel	16 QAM	128 QAM	256 QAM
	[dBµV]	(n+9) [dBµV]			
	47	47			
	77	77			
	47	57			
	72	82			
		•	•		•
	Wanted signal	Image channel	64 QAM		
	[dBµV]	(n+9) [dBμV]			
	43	43			
	73	73			
	43	53			
	72	82			
			1		
Conformity	OK Fault	Major I	Minor, define	fail reason ir	comments
Comments	If possible describ				
	Describe more spe				
Date			Sign		
				•	

	Task 2:18 RF Performance – Digital Adjacent Channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.6 and 3.3.5.7
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3 with a) Digital signals at 0dBc in the adjacent channels. b) Analogue signals at +10dB in the adjacent channels The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3, plus an allowance of 0.2 dB with digital signals at +10dBc in adjacent channels.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD can operate with required adjacent channels Equipment: IRD Under test and test signal generator environment



	Digital Video generator(s)	Multiplexer(s)	Digital TV test transmitter(s)		RD nder test
	Msym/s 2. Configure (658 M 3. Power of 4. Make a finds all 5. Apply of 6. Increase procedure 7. Fill in the 8. Repeat record. Expected result: The IRD locks to	gure wanted signal to s at level 47 dBµV ure interference signa (Hz), 256 QAM, SR on IRD a channel search at wal channels and decode (Gaussian noise to the ethe C/N from low ure 2 (QMP2) fulfills the measured C/N vathe test for the DVB (ss:	value to higher value	es n+1 (674 MHz el 47 dBµV. ify that IRD locks by visible degradation until the quality resurement record. levels in the meaning visible degradation visible degradation.	to carrier, tion measurement
Test result(s)	Wanted signal [dBµV]	channels (n-1,	16 QAM 128 Q	QAM 256 QAM	
	47 77 47 72	n+1) [dBμV] 47 77 57 82			
	Wanted signal [dBµV]	Adjacent channels (n-1, n+1) [dBµV]	64 QAM		
	43 73 43 72	73 53 82			
Conformity	OK Faul	lt Major 1	Minor, define fail rea	son in comments	
Comments	If possible descri		ked with software upo		0
Date			Sign		

	Task 2:19 RF Performance – Analog Adjacent Channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.5.6 and 3.3.5.7



Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3 with c) Digital signals at 0dBc in the adjacent channels. d) Analogue signals at +10dB in the adjacent channels		
	The NorDig IRD shall perform as specified in section 3.3.5.3, plus an allowance of 0.2 dB with digital signals at +10dBc in adjacent channels.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD can operate with required adjacent channels		
	ATT C Spectrum analysator		
	TS source DVB-C (wanted) DVB-C receiver Monitor		
	PAL and audio source NICAM modulator NICAM modulator		
	Test procedure:		
	 Set up the test instruments Use the following PAL signal: Colour bar 75% Insert 12 lines of Teletext. Modulate the FM sound carrier with 1kHz ton to deviation of 50 kHz. Verify that the signal levels of the DVB-C signal and the analogue signal are correct e.g. by using the spectrum analyser. Adjust the level of the FM carrier to -13 dB relative to the vision carrier Adjust the level from NICAM modulator to -20 dB relative to the vision carrier. Use the following DVB-C mode: { 256 QAM, SR=6.952 @ 77 dBμV}. Set the upconverter (wanted) for DVB-C carrier to 666.0MHz Set the upconverters (interference) for analog TV carrier to frequency n-1 (658MHz) and n+1 (674 MHz) Set the receiver input levels for the analog TV signals to 77 dBμV. Apply Gaussian noise to the wanted signal. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) fulfills. Fill in the measured C/N value in dB in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the DVB-C modes and signal levels in the measurement record. 		
	Expected result: The measured C/N shall be within required C/N + allowances.		



Test result(s)	Wanted signal	Adjacent	16 QAM	128 QAM	256 QAM	
	[dBµV]	channels (n-1,				
		$n+1)$ [dB μ V]				
	47	47				
	77	77				
	47	57				
	72	82				
				_		
	Wanted signal	Adjacent	64 QAM			
	[dBµV]	channels (n-1,				
		$n+1)$ [dB μ V]				
	43	43				
	73	73				
	43	53				
	72	82				
				_		
Conformity	OK Fault	☐ Major ☐ N	Inor, define	fail reason in	comments	
Comments	If possible describ	e if fault can be fix	ed with softv	vare update: [_YES _NO	
	Describe more spe	cific faults and/or	other informa	ation		
Date			Sign	ı		

-	
	Task 2:20 LO leakage
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.6.1
Requirement	The LO leakage conducted emission (including LO and spurious) from the NorDig IRD, measured at the antenna input connector shall be $\leq 46 dB\mu V$ over the range 65 to $862 MHz$
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD fulfils the LO leakage requirements Equipment: IRD Under test and spectrum analyzer Test procedure: 1. Verify that LO leakage is within requirements Expected results: The IRD fulfils the LO leakage requirements,
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Task 2:21 Spurious emission



Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.6.2
Requirement	The spurious emission from the NorDig IRD to the network, as measured at the antenna input connector, shall be less than 34 dB μV over the range 5MHz to 65MHz and less than 30 dB μV over 65 to 862 MHz. Generally, spurious emission should not affect the sensitivity of the receiver.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB Cable IRD
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
1 csi procedure	To verify that IRD fulfils the sperious emission requirements
	,
	Equipment:
	IRD Under test and spectrum analyzer
	Test procedure: 1. Verify that spurious emission is within requirementsor verify the values from manufactures statement.
	Expected results:
	The IRD fulfils the speurious emission requirements,
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 2:22 Radiation
Section	NorDig Unified 3.3.6.3
Requirement	The radiation from the NorDig IRD shall comply with EN 55013
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-C Cable IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD fulfils the radiation requirements
	Equipment:
	IRD Under test
	Test procedure:
	Statement from the manufacture shall be included.
	Expected results:
	The IRD fulfils the radiation requirements,
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
	<u> </u>

Date

2.3 Task 3: Terrestrial Tuner and Demodulator

2.3.1 Test equipment summary

To configure the minimum test setups described in these test procedures the following functionalities are needed:

Video and audio source (MPEG-2)
Re-multiplexers
Broadband Fading simulator
Noise generator
DVB-T/T2 Exciter (DVB-T/T2 modulator and up-converter)
Analog TV RF Exciter with PAL, NICAM and teletext generator.

DVB-T or DVB-T2 receiver with RF input Transport stream analyzers Power meter with thermo coupled 50ohm and 75ohm power sensor Video monitor

Note! The needed instruments may vary depending on the used system and can be purchased from many vendors in a compact all-in-one units. Different test setups are defined in every test case. However, most of the tests can done using one general test setup.

2.3.2 QEF Quality Measurement Methods

The quality limit in this specification is defined as Quasi Error Free (QEF) reception, where QEF means less than one uncorrected error event per hour. The definition of QEF corresponds to BER of 10^{-11} in the TS data at input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In practice, it takes long time to measure such a low BER at TS data level. Therefore, the reception quality can be evaluated either indirectly by

- measuring the BER after Viterbi in DVB-T system, or measuring the BER after LDPC in DVB-T2 system, or
- subjectively inspecting the video screen for a certain period of time and looking for errors in the decoded video.

Direct measurements on the TS data packets are the preferred measurement method, but if this is not possible or acceptable for some reason, the indirect measurements can be used. The indirect measurement methods, which can be used, are objective BER measurements described above or subjective quality measurement.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-T system, the BER of 2*10⁻⁴ after Viterbi decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels. But for channels interfered by impulse like interference i.e. PAL signals or internal interference, the average BER of 2*10⁻⁴ after Viterbi decoder is not valid due to the fact that the RS decoder is not able to correct the burst of errorneous bytes caused by impulse like interference. Therefore, for impulse like interfered channels, the quality measurements shall be done by using the BER of 10⁻¹¹ measurement method at the TS level at MPEG-2 demultiplexer input or by using the subjective measurement method.

In the indirect objective method in the DVB-T2 system the BER of 10⁻⁷ after LDPC decoder is considered to correspond to an approximation of QEF reception quality for Gaussian type of channels.

In the indirect subjective measurement method the certain period of time of error free video decoding is considered to corresponds to a good reception quality. The specified video test sequence can be any containing



movement everywhere, in order to minimise the number of errors not being observed due to error concealment techniques in the receiver. Such a relevant video sequences are e.g. 'Mobile and calendar' and 'Zoneplate'.

The result of the indirect quality measurements may differ. Therefore, the method that shall be used is specified in every test case. However, the reception quality shall be verified by using the subjective measurement method for every test case. The measurement methods (procedures) are defined below.

Direct objective quality measurement procedure in DVB-T and DVB-T2 systems

The measurement is performed doing measurements at the transport stream data level. The measurement configuration parameters are chosen like that there is less than one uncorrected error event per hour. This requirement corresponds to BER value 10^{-11} at the TS data level at the input of the MPEG-2 demultiplexer. In addition to the BER measurement, the reception quality shall be verified subjectively.

The performance in every test case can be evaluated by using the direct quality measurement procedure.

Indirect subjective quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1) in DVB-T and DVB-T2 systems

The subjective measurement is performed during **15 seconds**. During this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **15 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is reached at least **15 seconds**.

Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-T system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 5. the embedded BER after Viterbi measurement provided by the receiver, or
- 6. watching the decoded video for **60 seconds**.

If the BER after Viterbi measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after Viterbi decoder value $2*10^4$. The integrated BER after Viterbi measurement value $2*10^4$ shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding. In case of higher BER after Viterbi value than $2*10^4$, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after Viterbi which is lower than or equal to $2*10^4$, Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until a BER after Viterbi value lower than or equal to $2*10^4$ is achieved.

If the **60 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **60 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **60 seconds**.

The corresponding measurement value for profile and DVB-T mode shall be achieved from tables below.



Modulation	Code rate		ile 1 : ssian	_	ile 2 : 8 echo
		"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi
QPSK	1/2	3.8	5.1	7.7	8.8
QPSK	2/3	5.6	6.9	11.9	13.7
QPSK	3/4	6.6	7.9	14.1	17.4
QPSK	5/6	7.6	8.9	-	-
QPSK	7/8	8.4	9.7	-	-
16-QAM	1/2	9.5	10.8	12.0	13.3
16-QAM	2/3	11.8	13.1	16.3	17.9
16-QAM	3/4	13.3	14.6	19.0	22.1
16-QAM	5/6	14.3	15.6	-	-
16-QAM	7/8	14.7	16.0	-	-
64-QAM	1/2	15.2	16.5	17.7	19.0
64-QAM	2/3	17.4	18.7	21.8	23.2
64-QAM	3/4	18.9	20.2	24.8	27.6
64-QAM	5/6	20.3	21.6	-	-
64-QAM	7/8	21.2	22.5	=	-

Table 2.2 Maximum required C/N for "60 seconds error free video" and BER 2E-4 after Viterbi (with 1/4 guard interval and FFT size 8K) for profiles 1 and 2.



						M	inimum inp	out level (dB	m)						
						ïle 1: ssian				Profile 2: 0 dB echo					
Free	quency band	VH Band		VHF S Band I & II		S Band I o	VHF S Band I & II and UHF S Band III		UHF Band IV&V		HF d III	_	HF IV&V		
		7 MHz signal		7 MHz s	signal	8 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MH	z signal		
Modulation	Code Rate	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi	"60 sec error free video"	BER 2E-4 after Viterbi"		
QPSK	1/2	-94.9	-93.6	-91.9	-90.6	-91.4	-90.1	-94.4	-93.1	-91.1	-89.9	-90.6	-89.4		
QPSK	2/3	-93.1	-91.8	-90.1	-88.8	-89.6	-88.3	-92.6	-91.3	-86.8	-85.0	-86.3	-84.5		
QPSK	3/4	-92.1	-90.8	-89.1	-87.8	-88.6	-87.3	-91.6	-90.3	-84.6	-81.3	-84.1	-80.8		
QPSK	5/6	-91.1	-89.8	-88.1	-86.8	-87.6	-86.3	-90.6	-89.3	-	-	-	-		
QPSK	7/8	-90.3	-89.0	-87.3	-86.0	-86.8	-85.5	-89.8	-88.5	-	-	-	-		
16-QAM	1/2	-89.2	-87.9	-86.2	-84.9	-85.7	-84.4	-88.7	-87.4	-86.6	-85.4	-86.1	-84.9		
16-QAM	2/3	-86.9	-85.6	-83.9	-82.6	-83.4	-82.1	-86.4	-85.1	-82.4	-80.8	-81.9	-80.3		
16-QAM	3/4	-85.4	-84.1	-82.4	-81.1	-81.9	-80.6	-84.9	-83.6	-79.7	-76.6	-79.2	-76.1		
16-QAM	5/6	-84.4	-83.1	-81.4	-80.1	-80.9	-79.6	-83.9	-82.6	-	-	-	-		
16-QAM	7/8	-84.0	-82.7	-81.0	-79.7	-80.5	-79.2	-83.5	-82.2	-	-	-	-		
64-QAM	1/2	-83.5	-82.2	-80.5	-79.2	-80.0	-78.7	-83.0	-81.7	-80.9	-79.7	-80.4	-79.2		
64-QAM	2/3	-81.3	-80.0	-78.3	-77.0	-77.8	-76.5	-80.8	-79.5	-76.9	-75.5	-76.4	-75.0		
64-QAM	3/4	-79.8	-78.5	-76.8	-75.5	-76.3	-75.0	-79.3	-78.0	-73.9	-71.1	-73.4	-70.6		
64-QAM	5/6	-78.4	-77.1	-75.4	-74.1	-74.9	-73.6	-77.9	-76.6	-	-	-	-		
64-QAM	7/8	-77.5	-76.2	-74.5	-73.2	-74.0	-72.7	-77.0	-75.7	-	-	-	-		

Table 2.3 Minimum signal input levels (Pmin) for "60 seconds error free video" and BER 2E-4 after Viterbi (with ¼ guard interval and FFT size 8K) for profiles 1 and 2.



Indirect objective or subjective quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) in DVB-T2 system

The measurement can be performed either by using

- 3. the embedded BER after LDPC measurement provided by the receiver, or
- 4. watching the decoded video for **30 seconds**.

If the BER after LDPC measurement is chosen, the value for the approximation of the QEF reception is considered to correspond to the integrated BER after LDPC decoder value 10^{-7} . In case of higher BER after LDPC value than 10^{-7} , the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to a BER after LDPC which is lower than or equal to 10^{-7} , Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until the BER after LDPC value lower than or equal to 10^{-7} is achieved. That reception shall be verified that it corresponds an **error free video** decoding.

If the **30 seconds** error free decoded video is chosen, during this time the decoded video shall be error free. In a case of an error in decoded video, the change to the measurement configuration parameters shall be done. The change of the measurement configuration parameters shall result to an error free decoding of the video where the minimum time between consecutive subjective errors is **30 seconds**. Otherwise, the change of the measurement configuration parameters is repeated until an error free decoding of video is achieved at least **30 seconds**.

Due to the nature of the DVB-T2 system forward error correction schemes the difference for the 30 seconds error free video and BER 10⁻⁷ after LDPC is very low. For practical testing the performance values are equal for both quality levels.

The corresponding measurement value for profile and DVB-T2 mode shall be achieved from tables below.



		C/N performance (dB) for PP2										
Modulation	Code rate		rofile 1 :	Profi 0 dB								
		"30 sec error free video"	BER 1E-7 after LDPC	"30 sec error free video"	BER 1E-7 after LDPC							
QPSK	1/2	3.5	3.5	5.2	5.2							
QPSK	3/5	4.7	4.7	6.8	6.8							
QPSK	2/3	5.6	5.6	8.4	8.4							
QPSK	3/4	6.6	6.6	9.8	9.8							
QPSK	4/5	7.2	7.2	-	-							
QPSK	5/6	7.7	7.7	-	-							
16-QAM	1/2	8.7	8.7	10.9	10.9							
16-QAM	3/5	10.1	10.1	12.7	12.7							
16-QAM	2/3	11.4	11.4	14.3	14.3							
16-QAM	3/4	12.5	12.5	16.3	16.3							
16-QAM	4/5	13.3	13.3	-	-							
16-QAM	5/6	13.8	13.8	-	-							
64-QAM	1/2	13.0	13.0	16.0	16.0							
64-QAM	3/5	14.8	14.8	18.0	18.0							
64-QAM	2/3	16.2	16.2	19.7	19.7							
64-QAM	3/4	17.7	17.7	22.0	22.0							
64-QAM	4/5	18.7	18.7	-	-							
64-QAM	5/6	19.4	19.4	-	-							
256-QAM	1/2	17.0	17.0	20.6	20.6							
256-QAM	3/5	19.4	19.4	23.1	23.1							
256-QAM	2/3	20.8	20.8	25.1	25.1							
256-QAM	3/4	22.9	22.9	27.9	27.9							
256-QAM	4/5	24.3	24.3	-	-							
256-QAM	5/6	25.1	25.1	-	-							

Table 2.4Maximum required C/N for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP2 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and carrier mode.



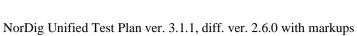
		C/N performa	nce (dB) for PF	24	
Modulation	Code rate	Prof	ile 1 :	Profi	ile 2 :
			ssian		echo
		"30 sec	BER 1E-7	"30 sec	BER 1E-7
		error free	after LDPC	error free	after LDPC
		video"		video"	
QPSK	1/2	3.1	3.1	4.8	4.8
QPSK	3/5	4.3	4.3	6.4	6.4
QPSK	2/3	5.2	5.2	8.0	8.0
QPSK	3/4	6.2	6.2	9.4	9.4
QPSK	4/5	6.8	6.8	-	-
QPSK	5/6	7.3	7.3	-	-
16-QAM	1/2	8.3	8.3	10.5	10.5
16-QAM	3/5	9.7	9.7	12.3	12.3
16-QAM	2/3	11.0	11.0	13.9	13.9
16-QAM	3/4	12.1	12.1	15.8	15.8
16-QAM	4/5	12.9	12.9	-	-
16-QAM	5/6	13.4	13.4	-	-
64-QAM	1/2	12.6	12.6	15.5	15.5
64-QAM	3/5	14.4	14.4	17.6	17.6
64-QAM	2/3	15.7	15.7	19.2	19.2
64-QAM	3/4	17.3	17.3	21.5	21.5
64-QAM	4/5	18.3	18.3	-	-
64-QAM	5/6	18.9	18.9	-	-
256-QAM	1/2	16.5	16.5	20.2	20.2
256-QAM	3/5	18.9	18.9	22.6	22.6
256-QAM	2/3	20.4	20.4	24.6	24.6
256-QAM	3/4	22.4	22.4	27.4	27.4
256-QAM	4/5	23.8	23.8	-	-
256-QAM	5/6	24.6	24.6	-	-

Table 2.5Maximum required C/N for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP4 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and carrier mode.



		C/N performance (dB) for PP6										
Modulation	Code rate	Prof	ile 1 :	Profi	le 2 :							
			ssian	0 dB								
		"30 sec	BER 1E-7	"30 sec	BER 1E-7							
		error free	after LDPC	error free	after LDPC							
		video"	2.5	video"								
QPSK	1/2	2.6	2.6	4.3	4.3							
QPSK	3/5	3.8	3.8	5.9	5.9							
QPSK	2/3	4.7	4.7	7.5	7.5							
QPSK	3/4	5.7	5.7	8.9	8.9							
QPSK	4/5	6.3	6.3	-	-							
QPSK	5/6	6.8	6.8	-	-							
16-QAM	1/2	7.8	7.8	10.0	10.0							
16-QAM	3/5	9.2	9.2	11.8	11.8							
16-QAM	2/3	10.5	10.5	13.4	13.4							
16-QAM	3/4	11.6	11.6	15.4	15.4							
16-QAM	4/5	12.4	12.4	-	-							
16-QAM	5/6	12.9	12.9	-	-							
64-QAM	1/2	12.1	12.1	15.0	15.0							
64-QAM	3/5	13.9	13.9	17.1	17.1							
64-QAM	2/3	15.3	15.3	18.7	18.7							
64-QAM	3/4	16.8	16.8	21.0	21.0							
64-QAM	4/5	17.8	17.8	-	-							
64-QAM	5/6	18.4	18.4	-	-							
256-QAM	1/2	16.1	16.1	19.7	19.7							
256-QAM	3/5	18.4	18.4	22.1	22.1							
256-QAM	2/3	19.9	19.9	24.1	24.1							
256-QAM	3/4	21.9	21.9	26.8	26.8							
256-QAM	4/5	23.3	23.3	-	-							
256-QAM	5/6	24.1	24.1	-	-							

Table 2.6Maximum required C/N for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP6 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and carrier mode.



NorDig

		C/N performance (dB) for PP7										
Modulation	Code rate	Prof	ile 1 :	Profi	le 2 :							
			ssian	0 dB								
		"30 sec	BER 1E-7	"30 sec	BER 1E-7							
		error free	after LDPC	error free	after LDPC							
		video"	2.4	video"								
QPSK	1/2	2.4	2.4	4.1	4.1							
QPSK	3/5	3.6	3.6	5.7	5.7							
QPSK	2/3	4.5	4.5	7.3	7.3							
QPSK	3/4	5.5	5.5	8.7	8.7							
QPSK	4/5	6.1	6.1	-	-							
QPSK	5/6	6.6	6.6	-	-							
16-QAM	1/2	7.6	7.6	9.9	9.9							
16-QAM	3/5	9.0	9.0	11.7	11.7							
16-QAM	2/3	10.4	10.4	13.3	13.3							
16-QAM	3/4	11.5	11.5	15.2	15.2							
16-QAM	4/5	12.3	12.3	-	-							
16-QAM	5/6	12.8	12.8	-	-							
64-QAM	1/2	12.0	12.0	14.9	14.9							
64-QAM	3/5	13.8	13.8	16.9	16.9							
64-QAM	2/3	15.1	15.1	18.6	18.6							
64-QAM	3/4	16.6	16.6	-	-							
64-QAM	4/5	17.7	17.7	-	-							
64-QAM	5/6	18.3	18.3	24.3	24.3							
256-QAM	1/2	15.9	15.9	19.5	19.5							
256-QAM	3/5	18.3	18.3	22.0	22.0							
256-QAM	2/3	19.7	19.7	23.9	23.9							
256-QAM	3/4	21.7	21.7	26.6	26.6							
256-QAM	4/5	23.2	23.2	-								
256-QAM	5/6	23.9	23.9	-	=							

Table 2.7Maximum required C/N for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP7 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and carrier mode.



								Minimur	n input le	vel (dBm) f	for PP2						
						Profile Gauss								Prof 0 dB			
Freque	ncy band		VHF Band			VH S Band		VH S Band I UH S Ban	& II and IF	UH Band I			VHF Band III B		*		HF IV&V
		1.7 MHz	signal	7 MHz signal		7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	1.7 MH	z signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	z signal
		"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER
		error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7
	Code	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after
Modulation	Rate	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC
QPSK	1/2	-101.6	-101.6	-96.2	-96.2	-92.2	-92.2	-91.6	-91.6	-95.6	-95.6	-99.9	-99.9	-94.5	-94.5	-93.9	-93.9
QPSK	3/5	-100.4	-100.4	-95.0	-95.0	-91.0	-91.0	-90.4	-90.4	-94.4	-94.4	-98.3	-98.3	-92.9	-92.9	-92.3	-92.3
QPSK	2/3	-99.5	-99.5	-94.1	-94.1	-90.1	-90.1	-89.5	-89.5	-93.5	-93.5	-96.7	-96.7	-91.3	-91.3	-90.7	-90.7
QPSK	3/4	-98.5	-98.5	-93.1	-93.1	-89.1	-89.1	-88.5	-88.5	-92.5	-92.5	-95.3	-95.3	-89.9	-89.9	-89.3	-89.3
QPSK	4/5	-97.9	-97.9	-92.5	-92.5	-88.5	-88.5	-87.9	-87.9	-91.9	-91.9	-94.2	-94.2	-88.8	-88.8	-88.2	-88.2
QPSK	5/6	-97.4	-97.4	-92.0	-92.0	-88.0	-88.0	-87.4	-87.4	-91.4	-91.4	-93.1	-93.1	-87.7	-87.7	-87.1	-87.1
16-QAM	1/2	-96.4	-96.4	-91.0	-91.0	-87.0	-87.0	-86.4	-86.4	-90.4	-90.4	-94.2	-94.2	-88.8	-88.8	-88.2	-88.2
16-QAM	3/5	-95.0	-95.0	-89.6	-89.6	-85.6	-85.6	-85.0	-85.0	-89.0	-89.0	-92.4	-92.4	-87.0	-87.0	-86.4	-86.4
16-QAM	2/3	-93.7	-93.7	-88.3	-88.3	-84.3	-84.3	-83.7	-83.7	-87.7	-87.7	-90.8	-90.8	-85.4	-85.4	-84.8	-84.8
16-QAM	3/4	-92.6	-92.6	-87.2	-87.2	-83.2	-83.2	-82.6	-82.6	-86.6	-86.6	-88.8	-88.8	-83.4	-83.4	-82.8	-82.8
16-QAM	4/5	-91.8	-91.8	-86.4	-86.4	-82.4	-82.4	-81.8	-81.8	-85.8	-85.8	-87.3	-87.3	-81.9	-81.9	-81.3	-81.3
16-QAM	5/6	-91.3	-91.3	-85.9	-85.9	-81.9	-81.9	-81.3	-81.3	-85.3	-85.3	-86.2	-86.2	-80.8	-80.8	-80.2	-80.2
64-QAM	1/2	-92.1	-92.1	-86.7	-86.7	-82.7	-82.7	-82.1	-82.1	-86.1	-86.1	-89.1	-89.1	-83.7	-83.7	-83.1	-83.1
64-QAM	3/5	-90.3	-90.3	-84.9	-84.9	-80.9	-80.9	-80.3	-80.3	-84.3	-84.3	-87.1	-87.1	-81.7	-81.7	-81.1	-81.1
64-QAM	2/3	-88.9	-88.9	-83.5	-83.5	-79.5	-79.5	-78.9	-78.9	-82.9	-82.9	-85.4	-85.4	-80.0	-80.0	-79.4	-79.4
64-QAM	3/4	-87.4	-87.4	-82.0	-82.0	-78.0	-78.0	-77.4	-77.4	-81.4	-81.4	-83.1	-83.1	-77.7	-77.7	-77.1	-77.1
64-QAM	4/5	-86.4	-86.4	-81.0	-81.0	-77.0	-77.0	-76.4	-76.4	-80.4	-80.4	-81.1	-81.1	-75.7	-75.7	-75.1	-75.1
64-QAM	5/6	-85.7	-85.7	-80.3	-80.3	-76.3	-76.3	-75.7	-75.7	-79.7	-79.7	-79.6	-79.6	-74.2	-74.2	-73.6	-73.6
256-QAM	1/2	-88.1	-88.1	-82.7	-82.7	-78.7	-78.7	-78.1	-78.1	-82.1	-82.1	-84.5	-84.5	-79.1	-79.1	-78.5	-78.5
256-QAM	3/5	-85.7	-85.7	-80.3	-80.3	-76.3	-76.3	-75.7	-75.7	-79.7	-79.7	-82.0	-82.0	-76.6	-76.6	-76.0	-76.0
256-QAM	2/3	-84.3	-84.3	-78.9	-78.9	-74.9	-74.9	-74.3	-74.3	-78.3	-78.3	-80.0	-80.0	-74.6	-74.6	-74.0	-74.0
256-QAM	3/4	-82.2	-82.2	-76.8	-76.8	-72.8	-72.8	-72.2	-72.2	-76.2	-76.2	-77.2	-77.2	-71.8	-71.8	-71.2	-71.2
256-QAM	4/5	-80.8	-80.8	-75.4	-75.4	-71.4	-71.4	-70.8	-70.8	-74.8	-74.8	-74.3	-74.3	-68.9	-68.9	-68.3	-68.3
256-QAM	5/6	-80.0	-80.0	-74.6	-74.6	-70.6	-70.6	-70.0	-70.0	-74.0	-74.0	-71.5	-71.5	-66.1	-66.1	-65.5	-65.5

Table 2.8Minimum DVB-T2 signal input levels (Pmin) for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP2 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, signal bandwidth, FFT size and extended carrier mode. Values are equal for normal carrier mode except for 8MHz signal BW where 0.1dB is 89ubtracted. Before 1.1.2012 the values for non-S-band channels may be increased with 1 dB, excluding 1.7MHz bandwidth columns, due to a 1 dB relaxation in noise figure.



								Minimu	n input lev	el (dBm) f	or PP4						
						Profil Gauss								Profile 0 dB ec			
Freque	ncy band		VHF Band 1			VI S Band		VI S Band I UI S Ban	& II and IF	UF Band I			VHF Band			UHF Band IV&V	
		1.7 MH	z sional	7 MHz	sional	7 MHz	sional	8 MHz	sional	8 MHz signal		1.7 MH:	z sional	7 MHz signal		8 MHz	r sional
		"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER
		error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7
	Code	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after
Modulation	Rate	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC
QPSK	1/2	-102.0	-102.0	-96.6	-96.6	-92.6	-92.6	-92.0	-92.0	-96.0	-96.0	-100.3	-100.3	-94.9	-94.9	-94.3	-94.3
QPSK	3/5	-100.8	-100.8	-95.4	-95.4	-91.4	-91.4	-90.8	-90.8	-94.8	-94.8	-98.7	-98.7	-93.3	-93.3	-92.7	-92.7
QPSK	2/3	-99.9	-99.9	-94.5	-94.5	-90.5	-90.5	-89.9	-89.9	-93.9	-93.9	-97.1	-97.1	-91.7	-91.7	-91.1	-91.1
QPSK	3/4	-98.9	-98.9	-93.5	-93.5	-89.5	-89.5	-88.9	-88.9	-92.9	-92.9	-95.7	-95.7	-90.3	-90.3	-89.7	-89.7
QPSK	4/5	-98.3	-98.3	-92.9	-92.9	-88.9	-88.9	-88.3	-88.3	-92.3	-92.3	-94.6	-94.6	-89.2	-89.2	-88.6	-88.6
QPSK	5/6	-97.8	-97.8	-92.4	-92.4	-88.4	-88.4	-87.8	-87.8	-91.8	-91.8	-93.5	-93.5	-88.1	-88.1	-87.5	-87.5
16-QAM	1/2	-96.8	-96.8	-91.4	-91.4	-87.4	-87.4	-86.8	-86.8	-90.8	-90.8	-94.6	-94.6	-89.2	-89.2	-88.6	-88.6
16-QAM	3/5	-95.4	-95.4	-90.0	-90.0	-86.0	-86.0	-85.4	-85.4	-89.4	-89.4	-92.8	-92.8	-87.4	-87.4	-86.8	-86.8
16-QAM	2/3	-94.1	-94.1	-88.7	-88.7	-84.7	-84.7	-84.1	-84.1	-88.1	-88.1	-91.2	-91.2	-85.8	-85.8	-85.2	-85.2
16-QAM	3/4	-93.0	-93.0	-87.6	-87.6	-83.6	-83.6	-83.0	-83.0	-87.0	-87.0	-89.3	-89.3	-83.9	-83.9	-83.3	-83.3
16-QAM	4/5	-92.2	-92.2	-86.8	-86.8	-82.8	-82.8	-82.2	-82.2	-86.2	-86.2	-87.7	-87.7	-82.3	-82.3	-81.7	-81.7
16-QAM	5/6	-91.7	-91.7	-86.3	-86.3	-82.3	-82.3	-81.7	-81.7	-85.7	-85.7	-86.6	-86.6	-81.2	-81.2	-80.6	-80.6
64-QAM	1/2	-92.5	-92.5	-87.1	-87.1	-83.1	-83.1	-82.5	-82.5	-86.5	-86.5	-89.6	-89.6	-84.2	-84.2	-83.6	-83.6
64-QAM	3/5	-90.7	-90.7	-85.3	-85.3	-81.3	-81.3	-80.7	-80.7	-84.7	-84.7	-87.5	-87.5	-82.1	-82.1	-81.5	-81.5
64-QAM	2/3	-89.4	-89.4	-84.0	-84.0	-80.0	-80.0	-79.4	-79.4	-83.4	-83.4	-85.9	-85.9	-80.5	-80.5	-79.9	-79.9
64-QAM	3/4	-87.8	-87.8	-82.4	-82.4	-78.4	-78.4	-77.8	-77.8	-81.8	-81.8	-83.6	-83.6	-78.2	-78.2	-77.6	-77.6
64-QAM	4/5	-86.8	-86.8	-81.4	-81.4	-77.4	-77.4	-76.8	-76.8	-80.8	-80.8	-81.6	-81.6	-76.2	-76.2	-75.6	-75.6
64-QAM	5/6	-86.2	-86.2	-80.8	-80.8	-76.8	-76.8	-76.2	-76.2	-80.2	-80.2	-80.1	-80.1	-74.7	-74.7	-74.1	-74.1
256-QAM	1/2	-88.6	-88.6	-83.2	-83.2	-79.2	-79.2	-78.6	-78.6	-82.6	-82.6	-84.9	-84.9	-74.7	-74.7	-74.1	-74.1
256-QAM	3/5	-86.2	-86.2	-80.8	-80.8	-76.8	-76.8	-76.2	-76.2	-80.2	-80.2	-82.5	-82.5	-77.1	-77.1	-76.5	-76.5
256-QAM	2/3	-84.7	-84.7	-79.3	-79.3	-75.3	-75.3	-74.7	-74.7	-78.7	-78.7	-80.5	-80.5	-77.1	-75.1	-74.5	-74.5
256-QAM	3/4	-82.7	-82.7	-77.3	-77.3	-73.3	-73.3	-72.7	-72.7	-76.7	-76.7	-77.7	-77.7	-72.3	-72.3	-71.7	-71.7
256-QAM	4/5	-81.3	-81.3	-75.9	-75.9	-71.9	-71.9	-71.3	-71.3	-75.3	-75.3	-74.9	-74.9	-69.5	-69.5	-68.9	-68.9
256-QAM	5/6	-80.5	-80.5	-75.1	-75.1	-71.1	-71.1	-70.5	-70.5	-74.5	-74.5	-72.4	-72.4	-67.0	-67.0	-66.4	-66.4

Table 2.9Minimum DVB-T2 signal input levels (Pmin) for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP4 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, FFT size and extended carrier mode. Values are equal for normal carrier mode except for 8MHz signal BW where 0.1dB is 90ubtracted. Before 1.1.2012 the values for non-S-band channels may be increased with 1 dB, excluding 1.7MHz bandwidth columns, due to a 1 dB relaxation in noise figure.



		Minimum input level (dBm) for PP6															
						Profile Gaussi								Profil 0 dB e			
Freque	ncy band		VHI Band			VH S Band		VH S Band I UH S Ban	& II and IF	UH Band I			VHI Band			UHF Band IV&V	
		1.7 MHz	z signal	7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	1.7 MH	z signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	z signal
		"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER
		error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7
	Code	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after
Modulation	Rate	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC
QPSK	1/2	-102.5	-102.5	-97.1	-97.1	-93.1	-93.1	-92.5	-92.5	-96.5	-96.5	-100.8	-100.8	-95.4	-95.4	-94.8	-94.8
QPSK	3/5	-101.3	-101.3	-95.9	-95.9	-91.9	-91.9	-91.3	-91.3	-95.3	-95.3	-99.2	-99.2	-93.8	-93.8	-93.2	-93.2
QPSK	2/3	-100.4	-100.4	-95.0	-95.0	-91.0	-91.0	-90.4	-90.4	-94.4	-94.4	-97.6	-97.6	-92.2	-92.2	-91.6	-91.6
QPSK	3/4	-99.4	-99.4	-94.0	-94.0	-90.0	-90.0	-89.4	-89.4	-93.4	-93.4	-96.2	-96.2	-90.8	-90.8	-90.2	-90.2
QPSK	4/5	-98.8	-98.8	-93.4	-93.4	-89.4	-89.4	-88.8	-88.8	-92.8	-92.8	-95.1	-95.1	-89.7	-89.7	-89.1	-89.1
QPSK	5/6	-98.3	-98.3	-92.9	-92.9	-88.9	-88.9	-88.3	-88.3	-92.3	-92.3	-94.0	-94.0	-88.6	-88.6	-88.0	-88.0
16-QAM	1/2	-97.3	-97.3	-91.9	-91.9	-87.9	-87.9	-87.3	-87.3	-91.3	-91.3	-95.1	-95.1	-89.7	-89.7	-89.1	-89.1
16-QAM	3/5	-95.9	-95.9	-90.5	-90.5	-86.5	-86.5	-85.9	-85.9	-89.9	-89.9	-93.3	-93.3	-87.9	-87.9	-87.3	-87.3
16-QAM	2/3	-94.6	-94.6	-89.2	-89.2	-85.2	-85.2	-84.6	-84.6	-88.6	-88.6	-91.7	-91.7	-86.3	-86.3	-85.7	-85.7
16-QAM	3/4	-93.5	-93.5	-88.1	-88.1	-84.1	-84.1	-83.5	-83.5	-87.5	-87.5	-89.7	-89.7	-84.3	-84.3	-83.7	-83.7
16-QAM	4/5	-92.7	-92.7	-87.3	-87.3	-83.3	-83.3	-82.7	-82.7	-86.7	-86.7	-88.2	-88.2	-82.8	-82.8	-82.2	-82.2
16-QAM	5/6	-92.2	-92.2	-86.8	-86.8	-82.8	-82.8	-82.2	-82.2	-86.2	-86.2	-87.1	-87.1	-81.7	-81.7	-81.1	-81.1
64-QAM	1/2	-93.0	-93.0	-87.6	-87.6	-83.6	-83.6	-83.0	-83.0	-87.0	-87.0	-90.1	-90.1	-84.7	-84.7	-84.1	-84.1
64-QAM	3/5	-91.2	-91.2	-85.8	-85.8	-81.8	-81.8	-81.2	-81.2	-85.2	-85.2	-88.0	-88.0	-82.6	-82.6	-82.0	-82.0
64-QAM	2/3	-89.8	-89.8	-84.4	-84.4	-80.4	-80.4	-79.8	-79.8	-83.8	-83.8	-86.4	-86.4	-81.0	-81.0	-80.4	-80.4
64-QAM	3/4	-88.3	-88.3	-82.9	-82.9	-78.9	-78.9	-78.3	-78.3	-82.3	-82.3	-84.1	-84.1	-78.7	-78.7	-78.1	-78.1
64-QAM	4/5	-87.3	-87.3	-81.9	-81.9	-77.9	-77.9	-77.3	-77.3	-81.3	-81.3	-82.1	-82.1	-76.7	-76.7	-76.1	-76.1
64-QAM	5/6	-86.7	-86.7	-81.3	-81.3	-77.3	-77.3	-76.7	-76.7	-80.7	-80.7	-80.7	-80.7	-75.3	-75.3	-74.7	-74.7
256-QAM	1/2	-89.0	-89.0	-83.6	-83.6	-77.5	-79.6	-70.7	-79.0	-83.0	-83.0	-85.4	-85.4	-80.0	-80.0	-74.7	-74.7
256-QAM	3/5	-86.7	-86.7	-81.3	-81.3	-77.3	-77.3	-76.7	-76.7	-80.7	-80.7	-83.0	-83.0	-77.6	-77.6	-77.0	-77.0
256-QAM	2/3	-85.2	-85.2	-79.8	-79.8	-75.8	-75.8	-75.2	-75.2	-79.2	-79.2	-81.0	-81.0	-75.6	-75.6	-75.0	-75.0
256-QAM	3/4	-83.2	-83.2	-77.8	-77.8	-73.8	-73.8	-73.2	-73.2	-77.2	-77.2	-78.3	-78.3	-72.9	-72.9	-72.3	-72.3
256-QAM	4/5	-81.8	-81.8	-76.4	-76.4	-72.4	-72.4	-71.8	-71.8	-75.8	-75.8	-75.6	-75.6	-70.2	-70.2	-69.6	-69.6
256-QAM	5/6	-81.0	-81.0	-75.6	-75.6	-71.6	-71.6	-71.0	-71.0	-75.0	-75.0	-73.3	-73.3	-67.9	-67.9	-67.3	-67.3

Table 2.10Minimum DVB-T2 signal input levels (Pmin) for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP6 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, FFT size and extended carrier mode. Values are equal for normal carrier mode except for 8MHz signal BW where 0.1dB is 91ubtracted. Before 1.1.2012 the values for non-S-band channels may be increased with 1 dB, excluding 1.7MHz bandwidth columns, due to a 1 dB relaxation in noise figure.



								Minimu	m input le	vel (dBm)	for PP7						
						Profile Gauss			_					Profil 0 dB (
Freque	ncy band		VHI Band			VH S Band		VH S Band I UH S Ban	& II and IF	_	UHF Band IV&V		VHI Band			_	HF IV&V
		1.7 MHz	z signal	7 MHz	signal	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	8 MHz	signal	1.7 MH	z sional	7 MHz	signal	8 MHz	z signal
		"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER	"30 sec	BER
		error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7	error	1E-7
	Code	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after	free	after
Modulation	Rate	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC	video"	LDPC
QPSK	1/2	-102.7	-102.7	-97.3	-97.3	-93.3	-93.3	-92.7	-92.7	-96.7	-96.7	-101.0	-101.0	-95.6	-95.6	-95.0	-95.0
QPSK	3/5	-101.5	-101.5	-96.1	-96.1	-92.1	-92.1	-91.5	-91.5	-95.5	-95.5	-99.4	-99.4	-94.0	-94.0	-93.4	-93.4
QPSK	2/3	-100.6	-100.6	-95.2	-95.2	-91.2	-91.2	-90.6	-90.6	-94.6	-94.6	-97.8	-97.8	-92.4	-92.4	-91.8	-91.8
QPSK	3/4	-99.6	-99.6	-94.2	-94.2	-90.2	-90.2	-89.6	-89.6	-93.6	-93.6	-96.4	-96.4	-91.0	-91.0	-90.4	-90.4
QPSK	4/5	-99.0	-99.0	-93.6	-93.6	-89.6	-89.6	-89.0	-89.0	-93.0	-93.0	-95.2	-95.2	-89.8	-89.8	-89.2	-89.2
QPSK	5/6	-98.5	-98.5	-93.1	-93.1	-89.1	-89.1	-88.5	-88.5	-92.5	-92.5	-94.1	-94.1	-88.7	-88.7	-88.1	-88.1
16-QAM	1/2	-97.5	-97.5	-92.1	-92.1	-88.1	-88.1	-87.5	-87.5	-91.5	-91.5	-95.2	-95.2	-89.8	-89.8	-89.2	-89.2
16-QAM	3/5	-96.1	-96.1	-90.7	-90.7	-86.7	-86.7	-86.1	-86.1	-90.1	-90.1	-93.4	-93.4	-88.0	-88.0	-87.4	-87.4
16-QAM	2/3	-94.7	-94.7	-89.3	-89.3	-85.3	-85.3	-84.7	-84.7	-88.7	-88.7	-91.8	-91.8	-86.4	-86.4	-85.8	-85.8
16-QAM	3/4	-93.6	-93.6	-88.2	-88.2	-84.2	-84.2	-83.6	-83.6	-87.6	-87.6	-89.9	-89.9	-84.5	-84.5	-83.9	-83.9
16-QAM	4/5	-92.8	-92.8	-87.4	-87.4	-83.4	-83.4	-82.8	-82.8	-86.8	-86.8	-88.4	-88.4	-83.0	-83.0	-82.4	-82.4
16-QAM	5/6	-92.3	-92.3	-86.9	-86.9	-82.9	-82.9	-82.3	-82.3	-86.3	-86.3	-87.2	-87.2	-81.8	-81.8	-81.2	-81.2
64-QAM	1/2	-93.1	-93.1	-87.7	-87.7	-83.7	-83.7	-83.1	-83.1	-87.1	-87.1	-90.2	-90.2	-84.8	-84.8	-84.2	-84.2
64-QAM	3/5	-91.3	-91.3	-85.9	-85.9	-81.9	-81.9	-81.3	-81.3	-85.3	-85.3	-88.2	-88.2	-82.8	-82.8	-82.2	-82.2
64-QAM	2/3	-90.0	-90.0	-84.6	-84.6	-80.6	-80.6	-80.0	-80.0	-84.0	-84.0	-86.5	-86.5	-81.1	-81.1	-80.5	-80.5
64-QAM	3/4	-88.5	-88.5	-83.1	-83.1	-79.1	-79.1	-78.5	-78.5	-82.5	-82.5	-84.2	-84.2	-78.8	-78.8	-78.2	-78.2
64-QAM	4/5	-87.4	-87.4	-82.0	-82.0	-78.0	-78.0	-77.4	-77.4	-81.4	-81.4	-82.3	-82.3	-76.9	-76.9	-76.3	-76.3
64-QAM	5/6	-86.8	-86.8	-81.4	-81.4	-77.4	-77.4	-76.8	-76.8	-80.8	-80.8	-80.8	-80.8	-75.4	-75.4	-74.8	-74.8
256-QAM	1/2	-89.2	-89.2	-83.8	-83.8	-79.8	-79.8	-79.2	-79.2	-83.2	-83.2	-85.6	-85.6	-80.2	-80.2	-79.6	-79.6
256-QAM	3/5	-86.8	-86.8	-81.4	-81.4	-77.4	-77.4	-76.8	-76.8	-80.8	-80.8	-83.1	-83.1	-77.7	-77.7	-77.1	-77.1
256-QAM	2/3	-85.4	-85.4	-80.0	-80.0	-76.0	-76.0	-75.4	-75.4	-79.4	-79.4	-81.2	-81.2	-75.8	-75.8	-75.2	-75.2
256-QAM	3/4	-83.4	-83.4	-78.0	-78.0	-74.0	-74.0	-73.4	-73.4	-77.4	-77.4	-78.5	-78.5	-73.1	-73.1	-72.5	-72.5
256-QAM	4/5	-81.9	-81.9	-76.5	-76.5	-72.5	-72.5	-71.9	-71.9	-75.9	-75.9	-75.8	-75.8	-70.4	-70.4	-69.8	-69.8
256-QAM	5/6	-81.2	-81.2	-75.8	-75.8	-71.8	-71.8	-71.2	-71.2	-75.2	-75.2	-73.5	-73.5	-68.1	-68.1	-67.5	-67.5

Table 2.11Minimum DVB-T2 signal input levels (Pmin) for "30 seconds error free video" and BER 1E-7 after LDPC for PP7 and for any allowed combination of guard interval, FFT size and extended carrier mode. Values are equal for normal carrier mode except for 8MHz signal BW where 0.1dB is 92ubtracted. Before 1.1.2012 the values for non-S-band channels may be increased with 1 dB, excluding 1.7MHz bandwidth columns, due to a 1 dB relaxation in noise figure.



2.3.3 Bitrates

The different DVB-T/T2 modes define different bitrates for the transport stream. The following table defines the bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s. For DVB-T2 bit rate calculation combination highest time interleaving depth and highest number of symbols per frame resulting highest bit rate is used.

8MHz, 2k / 8k											
Modulation	FEC	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=1/8	Tg=1/4						
QPSK	1/2	6.032086	5.854671	5.529412	4.976471						
QPSK	2/3	8.042781	7.806228	7.372549	6.635294						
QPSK	3/4	9.048128	8.782007	8.294118	7.464706						
QPSK	5/6	10.053476	9.757785	9.215686	8.294118						
QPSK	7/8	10.556150	10.245675	9.676471	8.708824						
16QAM	1/2	12.064171	11.709343	11.058824	9.952941						
16QAM	2/3	16.085561	15.612457	14.745098	13.270588						
16QAM	3/4	18.096257	17.564014	16.588235	14.929412						
16QAM	5/6	20.106952	19.515571	18.431373	16.588235						
16QAM	7/8	21.112299	20.491349	19.352941	17.417647						
64QAM	1/2	18.096257	17.564014	16.588235	14.929412						
64QAM	2/3	24.128342	23.418685	22.117647	19.905882						
64QAM	3/4	27.144385	26.346021	24.882353	22.394118						
64QAM	5/6	30.160428	29.273356	27.647059	24.882353						
64QAM	7/8	31.668449	30.737024	29.029412	26.126471						

Table 2.12 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 8MHz DVB-T signal bandwidth.

		7MH	Iz, 2k / 8k		
Modulation	FEC	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=1/8	Tg=1/4
QPSK	1/2	5.278075	5.122837	4.838235	4.354412
QPSK	2/3	7.037433	6.830450	6.450980	5.805882
QPSK	3/4	7.917112	7.684256	7.257353	6.531618
QPSK	5/6	8.796791	8.538062	8.063725	7.257353
QPSK	7/8	9.236631	8.964965	8.466912	7.620221
16QAM	1/2	10.556150	10.245675	9.676471	8.708824
16QAM	2/3	14.074866	13.660900	12.901961	11.611765
16QAM	3/4	15.834225	15.368512	14.514706	13.063235
16QAM	5/6	17.593583	17.076125	16.127451	14.514706
16QAM	7/8	18.473262	17.929931	16.933824	15.240441
64QAM	1/2	15.834225	15.368512	14.514706	13.063235
64QAM	2/3	21.112299	20.491349	19.352941	17.417647
64QAM	3/4	23.751337	23.052768	21.772059	19.594853
64QAM	5/6	26.390374	25.614187	24.191176	21.772059
64QAM	7/8	27.709893	26.894896	25.400735	22.860662

Table 2.13 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 7MHz DVB-T signal bandwidth.

6



			8MHz, 32k exte	ended, L1-ACE	& TR PAPR		
Modulation	FEC	PP	Tg=1/128	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=19/256	Tg=1/8
256QAM	3/5	PP4	N/A	33.843523	32.849069	32.491052	N/A
rotated	3/3	PP6	N/A	34.520394	N/A	N/A	N/A
2560 AM	2/3	PP4	N/A	37.658458	36.551906	-	N/A
256QAM rotated		PP6	N/A	38.411627	N/A	N/A	N/A
Totaled		PP7	39.8164804	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2560 AM		PP2	N/A	N/A	-	-	37.120437
256QAM rotated	3/4	PP4	N/A	42.364012	41.119193	=	N/A
Totaled		PP7	44.7916868	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Table 2.14 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 8MHz DVB-T2 signal bandwidth.

		7	MHz, 32k noi	rmal, L1-ACE &	t TR PAPR		
Modulation	FEC	PP	Tg=1/128	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=19/256	Tg=1/8
2560AM		PP2	N/A	N/A	26.870949	-	25.386712
256QAM rotated	3/5	PP4	N/A	28.975435	28.123999	-	N/A
rotated		PP7	30.527312	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
25.CO A M		PP2	N/A	N/A	29.899917	-	28.248373
256QAM rotated	2/3	PP4	N/A	32.241626	31.294213	30.953132	N/A
Totaled		PP7	33.968435	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
25.CO A M		PP2	N/A	N/A	33.636014	-	31.778104
256QAM rotated	3/4	PP4	N/A	36.270328	35.204533	-	N/A
		PP7	38.212908	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 2.15 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 7MHz DVB-T2 signal bandwidth.

1.7MHz, 8k normal, L1-ACE & TR PAPR									
Modulation	FEC	EC PP Tg=1/128 Tg=1/32 Tg=1/16 Tg=1/8							
256QAM rotated	2/3	PP2	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.324006			

Table 2.16 Bitrates for the transport stream in Mbit/s for 1.7MHz DVB-T2 signal bandwidth.

The video and audio compression technique of the content within transport stream doesn't have any influence to RF performance test results. Therefore, following content compression with given bit rate applies for all tests excluding DVB-T2 receiver buffel model tests where requirement for lower transport stream bit rate is necessary in order to stress the receiver buffer correctly.

Normal test content conditions:

The used video is MPEG-2 elementary stream in resolution 720x576. The video bitrate within transport stream is 4.0 Mbit/s.

The used audio is MPEG-1 elementary stream in stereo mode. The audio bitrate is 128kbit/s per channel.

Test tasks Task 3:41, Task 3:42, Task 3:43 and Task 3:46:

A transport stream bit rate shall be equal or below 3.3 MBit/s. Video and audio content carried within transport stream shall be selected so that transport stream bit rate condition is met.

2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN

The SFN synchronisation of the receiver depends on the echo delay and attenuation level in the SFN. The SFN synchronisation of the receiver may also depend of the state of the receiver. Therefore, it is important to evaluate if the receiver synchronises differently in the following situations:



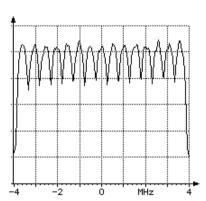
- 1. When the receiver is restarted completely (AC cord disconnected).
- 2. When the receiver is powered on in standby mode. The last good SFN synchronisation parameters can be saved to memory for faster SFN synchronisation leading that the dynamical change of the delay during the receiver is in standby mode gives bad result on power up.
- 3. During the channel search.
- 4. Connecting and disconnecting the input RF signal (closing and opening of the RF switch as in test cases). Discontinued input RF signal tests the SFN synchronisation algorithm when the receiver is forced to an unlocked state, e.g. when transmission is discontinued.
- 5. Zapping between services on different frequencies. Different frequencies have different echo delays and attenuation levels. This corresponds the real reception.
- 6. During the over-the-air software upgrade. If the demodulator is not correctly controlled during the software download, the SFN synchronisation problems can lead that the software cannot be updated.

Evaluation of the SFN synchronisation can be done e.g. when an echo delay and amplitude level combination is founded to be difficult to synchronise. In that case methods above are tested. Decide which method can be used to evaluate the SFN synchronisation algorithm of the receiver. Check also that all the other methods work. Independitly of the state of the receiver all the listed methods above shall work.

The receiver shall detect correct synchronization in SFN, maintain it and provide reception quality at required quality level independently if the received signal changes from bad conditions to good conditions or vice versa. E.g. when testing and finding the required C/N in test cases, the receiver must be able to detect correct synchronization in SFN, maintain it and provide reception quality at defined quality level when C/N value is changed from low (bad reception condition) value to higher (better reception condition) value.

2.3.5 0dB echo

The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator. In this context it means that the carriers from the direct and echo signal are cumulative. See figure below for 0dB 1.95µs echo.



2.3.6 Conditions for analogue TV

The level of the analog TV signal is defined to be the power during the sync pulse of the vision carrier. The power of the sync pulse of the vision carrier shall be measured when the video input of the analogue TV modulator is connected to 75ohm load, in other words, there is no modulation in the vision carrier. 10% modulation depth is used for vision carrier.

The level of the FM sound relative to the vision carrier is -13 dB.The frequency of FM sound carrier is +5.5 MHz relative to vision carrier.

The level of the NICAM signal relative to the vision carrier is –20 dB. The frequency of the NICAM carrier is +5.85MHz relative to vision carrier.

It shall be verified that the analog TV signal doesn't have too high out-of-band emissions, which could cause interference to other frequencies.

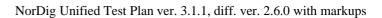


The equipment used for generation of the analog TV shall be connected to same frequency reference signal as the digital TV equipment.

2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks

Manufacture shall ensure the functionality of the receiver in all required DVB-T2 parameter settings specified in (1). Also, manufacture shall ensure the performance as required in (1) for the subset of the DVB-T2 modes although in test cases the amount of the DVB-T2 may have been reduced in order to minimase the test time.

Summary of mandatory parameters settings for single and multiple PLP DVB-T2 modes are listed in Table 2.176 and Table 2.187 used in DVB-T2 test tasks. In every test case any deviations to the common parameters are specified.





	NU_S1	NU_S2, NU_S3	NU_S4. NU_S5	NU_S6, NU_S7, NU_S8	NU_S9, NU_S10, NU_S11	NU_S12, NU_S13, NU_S14	NU_S15 NU_S26	NU_S27, NU_S28, NU_S29	NU_S30, NU_S31, NU_S32	NU_S33, NU_S34	NU_S35, NU_S36, NU_S37	NU_S38 N_S49
Bandwidth	1.7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	7MHz	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz
FFT	8k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k	32k
Carrier mode	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Extended	Extended	Extended	Extended	Extended
SISO/MISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO
Guard Interval	1/8	1/8	19/256	1/16	1/16	1/32	1/128	1/8	19/256	1/16	1/32	1/128
Version	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1
L_{f}	49	22,44	22,42	22,44,56	22,42,56	20,42,58	20,42,60 (QPSK) 20,42,60 (16QAM) 20.40,60 (64QAM) 20,40,60 (256QAM)	22,44,60	20,42,62	42,62	20,42,62	20,42,60 (QPSK) 20,42,60 (16QAM) 20,40,60 (64QAM) 20,40,60 (256QAM)
Pilot pattern	PP2	PP2	PP4	PP2	PP4	PP4	PP7	PP2	PP4	PP4	PP4	PP7
TFS	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
FEF	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used
Auxiliary streams	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used
Cell ID	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
Network ID	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
T2 System ID	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
Subslices / T2 frame	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Frames / Superframe	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
L1 FEC type	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC
L1 repetition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
L1 extension	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
L1 modulation	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 OAM	64 OAM	64 QAM
L1_ACE_MAX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
L1 bias balancing cells	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
PAPR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR
PAPR: V _{clip}	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V	3.1V



	NU_S1	NU_S2, NU_S3	NU_S4. NU_S5	NU_S6, NU_S7, NU_S8	NU_S9, NU_S10, NU_S11	NU_S12, NU_S13, NU_S14	NU_S15 NU_S26	NU_S27, NU_S28, NU_S29	NU_S30, NU_S31, NU_S32	NU_S33, NU_S34	NU_S35, NU_S36, NU_S37	NU_S38 N_S49
PAPR: Number of iterations	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Input TS bit rate [MBit/s]	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Number of PLPs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PLP id	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
Group id	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)
PLP type	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1	Data type 1
Constellation rotation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PLP FEC type	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC
FEC Frame length	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800	64800
Baseband Mode	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)	High efficiency mode (HEM)
ISSY	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long
In band signaling	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
Null packet deletion	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
Time interval blocks per frame	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Time interleaver length	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Frame interval	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Time interleaver type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
T2 frames / Interleaver frame	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
FEC Blocks / Interleaving Frame	36	65,132	68,132	66,133,169	68,132,176	62,132,183	16,34,48 (QPSK) 32,68,97 (16QAM) 48.97,146 (64QAM) 64,130,195 (256QAM)	67,135,185	63,135,200	135,200	64,135,200	16,34,50 (QPSK) 33,69,100 (16QAM) 49.99,150 (64QAM) 66,133,200 (256QAM)
Code rate	2/3	3/4	2/3	3/4	3/5,2/3,3/4	3/5,2/3,3/4	All	3/4	3/5	3/5, 2/3, 3/4	3/5,2/3,3/4	All
Modulation	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	25 6QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM
BUFS	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Design Delay	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD



Table 2.17 DVB-T2 mode parameters in DVB-T2 Single PLP (mode A) test tasks. *) any allowed value

	NU_M1	NU_M2 (VV702-TDICC3)	NU_M3 (VV708-DJBCC2)	NU_M4 (VV710-TDICC1)
Bandwidth	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz	8MHz
FFT	32k	32k	32k	32k
Carrier mode	Extended	Extended	Extended	Extended
SISO/MISO	SISO	SISO	SISO	SISO
Guard Interval	1/16	1/128	1/128	1/128
Version	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1
$L_{\rm f}$	28 **)	28 **)	28 **)	28 **)
Pilot pattern	PP4	PP7	PP7	PP7
TFS	No	No	No	No
FEF	Not used	Not used	Not used	Used
Auxiliary streams	Not used	Not used	Not used	Not used
Cell ID	*)	*)	*)	*)
Network ID	*)	*)	*)	*)
T2 System ID	*)	*)	*)	*)
Subslices / T2 frame	135	1	108	108
Frames / Superframe	2	2	2	4
L1 FEC type	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC	16k LDPC
L1 repetition	0	0	0	0
L1 extension	No	No	No	No
L1 Modulation	64QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
L1_ACE_MAX	0	0	0	0
L1 bias balancing cells	No	No	No	No
PAPR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR	L1-ACE & TR
PAPR: V _{clip}	3.1V	Infinity	Infinity	Inifinity



		NU_M1			NU_M	12 (VV702-TD	ICC3)			NU_M	13 (VV708-DJE	SCC2)			NU_M	4 (VV710-TD	ICC1)		
PAPR: Number of iterations		10				TBD			_		TBD					TBD			
Input TS bit rate [MBit/s]		TBD				36.234886					38.030308				5955840	/178801 = 33	.309880		
Number of PLPs		3				5				5					5				
PLP id	0	1	2	0	1	2	3	4	0	1	2	3	4	0	1	2	3	4	
Constellation rotation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
PLP FEC type	16k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	16k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	16k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	64k LDPC	16k LDPC	
FEC Frame length	16200	64800	64800	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	
Baseband Mode	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	HEM	
ISSY	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	Long	
In band signaling	Type A &	Type A &	Type A & B	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	Type A	
Number of other PLPs in- band signalling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Null packet deletion	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	
Time interval blocks per frame	TBD	TBD	TBD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Time interleaver length	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Frame interval	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Time interleaver type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
T2 frames / Interleaver frame	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
First frame index	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Group id	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
PLP type	Common	DT 2	DT 2	DT 1	DT 1	DT 1	DT 1	Common	DT 2	DT 2	DT 2	DT 2	Common	DT2	DT2	DT2	DT2	Common	
FEC Blocks / Interleaving Frame	Non- dynamic 35	Non- dynamic 57	Non- dynamic 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 22	Dynamic max 22	17	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	35	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	Dynamic max 57	33	
Total FEC blocks	TBD	TBD	TBD	85	85	85	85	17	82	82	82	82	35	81	81	81	81	33	
Max cells / T2 frame	TBD	TBD	TBD	688500	688500	688500	688500	45900	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	656100	656100	656100	656100	89100	
Code rate	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	2/3	
Modulation	64 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	64 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	64QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	64QAM	
BUFS	483328	1613824	1613824	1613824	1613824	1613824	1613824	483328	1671168	1671168	1671168	1671168	425984	1662976	1662976	1662976	1662976	434176	



		NU_M1 NU_M2 (VV702-TDICC3)					NU_M3 (VV708-DJBCC2)				NU_M4 (VV710-TDICC1)							
Design delay	989615	989615	989615	939080	939080	939080	939080	939080	935798	935798	935798	935798	935798	939195	939195	939195	939195	939195

Table 2.18 DVB-T2 mode parameters in DVB-T2 Multiple PLP (mode B) test tasks. *) any allowed value **) maximum achieved value may depend on content in PLPs



Due to the deployment situation for DVB-T2 transmissions in networks is different, several alternativities for $L_{\rm f}$ and FEC blocks / interleaving frame are given.

Normally signal bandwidth of the DVB-T2 mode is specified for the on-air signals on VHF and UHF frequencies. For off-air signals in cable networks the signal bandwidth relation to frequency band is not obvious, e.g. when reception from on-air 8MHz signal bandwidth on UHF is downcoverted to VHF off-air distribution.



2.3.8 Stream packet structure in Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) tests for DVB-T2

Test tasks Task 3:41, Task 3:42, Task 3:43 and Task 3:46 stress the receiver buffer model. TS contains a service with a real video and audio. Prerequisite is that the modulator shall support V&V packet generation architecture. Figure 2 shows Task 3:41 chapter 2 packet structure. Compilation of the TSs to PLPs and recompilation back to TSs are explained more detailed in [4]. Video and audio content carried within common PLP is used for test purposes in order to make it possible to test IRD subjectively. Most probably that is not a normal use of common PLP although common PLP allows contain video and audio content. To make sure broadcast network operator's use of common PLP, the broadcast network operator should be consulted.

Defined RBM test method can only test one PLP at a time, therefore the RBM tests have to be run with a separate stream for each PLP to be tested.

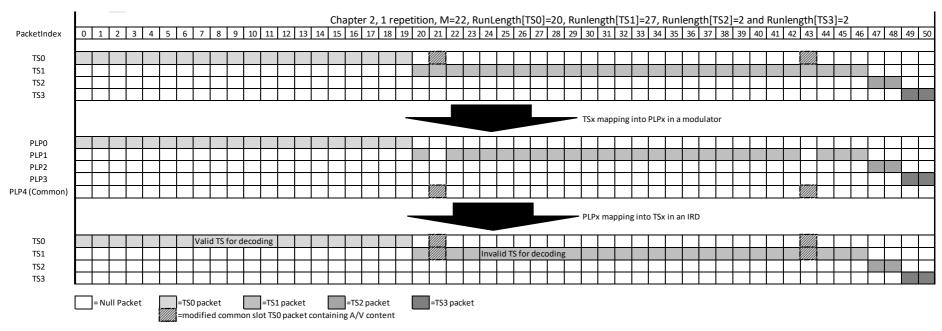


Figure 2. Example of compilation of Task 3:41 TSs to PLPs and recompilation back to TSs. Figure shows only chapter 2 where repetition is 1 for a modulator supporting V&V stream compilation and IRD demodulating the received DVB-T2 signal. The recompiled TS0 results to a valid TS for decoding.



2.3.9 Test cases

2.3.9.1 Test cases – DVB-T IRD

Test Case	Task 3:1 General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall include at least one tuner/demodulator for reception of signals from terrestrial transmitters, broadcasting in accordance with EN 300 744 [21] (DVB-
	T).
variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify the possibility of the reception of the DVB T signal.
	Equipment:
	An IRD.
	Test procedure:
	Make sure that the IRD has one tuner/demodulator for reception of terrestrial signals.
	Expected result:
	IRD has one tuner/demodulator for terrestrial reception.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:2 General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.2
IRD Profile(s)	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
variants and capability	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to automatically scan through the whole frequency range available for each of the available Tuners/Demodulators and tune in to the correct DVB framing structure, channel coding and modulation to deliver the incoming transport stream to the next units. The tuning data shall be stored in a service list, in order to allow a quick tune in to the selected transport stream. For more detail see below.
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD is able to scan through the whole frequency range.
	Test procedure: This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.



Test result(s)	The manufacturer describes his specific setup for the test
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:3 Quality reception detector				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.1.3				
Requirement	The NorDig Unified receiver shall be equipped with a reception quality detector.				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Equipment:				
	IRD under test.				
	Test procedure:				
	Check that the IRD is equipped with a reception quality detector				
	Expected result:				
	It shall be possible to access some kind of a reception quality detector.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 3:4 Frequencies: Center frequencies
Test Case	Task 3.4 Frequencies. Center frequencies
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.1 and 3.4.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to receive channels in VHF band III and UHF bands IV,
_	V and should be able to receive channels in VHF S band I, VHF S band II, UHF S Band
	III.
	The front-end shall for the supported frequency ranges be capable of tuning to the center
	frequency f_{ij} of the incoming DVB-T RF signal, see below.
	requestey y con the meetining B v B 1 1th signal, see selow.
	8MHz raster: $f_c = 114$ MHz +K * 8 MHz, where K = 0 $\frac{9384}{1}$
	7MHz raster: $f = 107.5 \text{ MHz} + L * 7 \text{ MHz}$, where L = 0 27
	c
IDD D C'1.	D. '. IDD DUD TIT
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



To verify the reception over the supported frequency range. **Equipment:** DVB-T DVB-T Monitor MPEG-2 Up-converter modulator Receiver source **Test procedure:** 1. Set up the test instruments 2. Use the following mode 8k 64QAM, HP Code rate=2/3, Guard interval T_U/8 3. Use input level of -60 dBm 4. Start with frequency 177,5MHz (K5) 5. Use the quality measurement procedures 1 (QMP1). 6. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**. 7. Repeat the test for all channels in the table 1 in the measurement record. 8. If the receiver supports optional frequency ranges, test all remaining channels in table 2 and 3 in the measurement record.

Expected result:

The result of the test shall be OK for all channels in table 1.

For the optionally supported frequency ranges, the tests shall be OK for the channels in the tables 2 and 3.





Test	result	(s)

Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	BW [MHz]	Result OK or NOK
	K5	177.5	7	0
VHF III	K6	184.5	7	
	K7	191.5	7	
	K8	198.5	7	
	K9	205.5	7	
	K10	212.5	7	
	K11	219.5	7	
	K12	226.5	7	
	K21	474	8	
	K22	482	8	
	K23	490	8	
	K24	498	8	
	K25	506	8	
	K26	514	8	
	K27	522	8	
	K28	530	8	
	K29	538	8	
	K30	546	8	
	K31 K32	554 562	8	
	K32 K33	570	8	
	K34	578	8	
	K35	586	8	
	K36	594	8	
	K37	602	8	
	K38	610	8	
	K39	618	8	
	K40	626	8	
	K41	634	8	
	K42	642	8	
	K43	650	8	
UHF	K44	658	8	
IV/V	K45	666	8	
1 7 / 7	K46	674	8	
	K47	682	8	
	K48	690	8	
	K49	698	8	
	K50	706	8	
	K51	714	8	
	K52	722	8	
	K53 K54	730	8	
	K55	738 746	8	
	K56 K57	754 762	8	
	K58	770	8	
	K59	778	8	
	K60	786	8	
	K61	794	<u>8</u>	
	K62	802	8	
	K63	810	8	
	K64	<mark>818</mark>	<mark>&</mark>	
	<mark>K65</mark>	<mark>826</mark>	<u>&</u>	
	K66	<mark>834</mark>	8	
	K67	842	8	
	K68	<mark>850</mark>	<mark>&</mark>	
	K69	858	8	

Table 1. Mandatory center frequencies and signal bandwidths to receive



Test	result	(2)

D1 S2 S3	114.0 114.5	7		OK or NOK
S3			8	
		7	8	
	121.5	7	8	
D2	122.0	7	8	
S4	128.5	7	8	
D3	130.0	7	8	
S5	135.5	7	8	
D4	138.0	7	8	
VHF S6 S6	142.5	7	8	
D5	146.0	7	8	
S7	149.5	7	8	
D6	154.0	7	8	
S8	156.5	7	8	
D7	162.0	7	8	
S9	163.5	7	8	
D8	170.0	7	8	
S10	170.5	7	8	
K5	177.5	7	8	
D9	178.0	7	8	
K6	184.5	7	8	
D10	186.0	7	8	
K7	191.5	7	8	
D11	194.0	7	8	
K8	198.5	7	8	
VHF III D12	202.0	7	8	
K9	205.5	7	8	
D13	210.0	7	8	
K10	212.5	7	8	
D14	218.0	7	8	
K11	219.5	7	8	
D15	226.0	7	8	
K12	226.5	7	8	
S11	233.5	7	8	
D16	234.0	7	8	
S12	240.5	7	8	
D17	242.0	7	8	
S13	247.5	7	8	
D18	250.0	7	8	
S14	254.5	7	8	
D19	258.0	7	8	
NIII S15	261.5	7	8	
VHF S II D20	266.0	7	8	
S II S16	268.5	7	8	
D21	274.0	7	8	
S17	275.5	7	8	
D22	282.0	7	8	
S18	282.5	7	8	
S19	289.5	7	8	
D23	290.0	7	8	
S20	296.5	7	8	
D24	298.0	7	8	

Table 2 Optional VHF center frequencies and signal bandwidths to receive.



Test results(s)	[Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	BW [MHz]	Result OK or NOK
			S21	306.0	8	
			S22	314.0	8	
			S23	322.0	8	
			S24	330.0	8	
			S25	338.0	8	
			S26	346.0	8	
			S27	354.0	8	
			S28	362.0	8	
			S29	370.0	8	
		LILLE	S30	378.0	8	
		UHF S III/ <mark>V</mark>	S31	386.0	8	
		S III/V	S32	394.0	8	
			S33	402.0	8	
			S34	410.0	8	
			S35	418.0	8	
			S36	426.0	8	
			S37	434.0	8	
			S38	442.0	8	
			S39	450.0	8	
			S40	458.0	8	
	l L		S41	466.0	8	
	Table 3 Optional	UHF ce	nter frequ	encies and s	signal band	lwidth to rece
onformity	OK Fault	Major [Minor,	define fail 1	reason in c	omments
nments	If possible describ	e if faul	lt can be f	ixed with so	oftware up	date: $\square Y\overline{ES}$
	Describe more sp					
	ĺ					
Date				9	Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:5 Frequencies: Frequency offset
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to receive signals with an offset of up to 50kHz from the nominal frequency.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the reception is possible in specified frequency offset from nominal frequency. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T Fading Noise generator DVB-T receiver Power meter



	 Test procedure: Set up the test instruments Use the following mode: 8k, 64QAM, Code rate=2/3, Guard interval T_U/8 Use input level of -60 dBm Set the center frequency to 177.5 MHz and frequency offset to 0 kHz. Use signal bandwidth 7MHz. Connect receiver and do the channel search if needed. Test with the specified frequency offset values in the measurement record. Before changing the frequency offset, disconnect the receiver from the received RF signal. Do the change of frequency offset, Connect the received RF signal back to the receiver. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1) Fill the result in the measurement record: OK or NOK. Test the remaining frequency offset values on specified center frequencies and signal bandwidths in the measurement record. Expected result: The test shall be OK for all frequency offset values on specified center frequencies and						
Test magnit(s)	signal band		1				
Test result(s)		Channel	Signal BW [MHz]	Frequency [MHz]	Offset [kHz]	Result OK or NOK	
			7	177.5	-50		
		K5	7	177.5	0		
			7	177.5	+50		
			7	226.5	-50		
		K12	7	226.5	0		
			7	226.5	+50		
			8	474.0	-50		
		K21	8	474.0	0		
			8	474.0	+50		
			8	<mark>786858.0</mark>	-50		
		K <mark>69</mark> 60	8	<mark>786858.0</mark>	0		
			8	<mark>786858.0</mark>	+50		
Conformity	OK Fau	lt Majo	r Minor. d	efine fail reas	son in con	nments	
Comments							
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Data				C:			
Date				Sign	,		

Test Case	Task 3:6 Frequencies: Signal bandwidths
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.4
Requirement	VHF Bands:
	The NorDig IRD shall for the supported frequency ranges be able to receive 7 MHz and
	should be able to receive 8 MHz DVB-T signals. If 8 MHz bandwidth is supported it
	shall automatically detect which DVB-T signal bandwidth is being used, and it shall be
	possible to receive the 8 MHz DVB-T signals on the 7 MHz channel frequency raster.



IDD D. Cl.(1)	UHF Bands: The NorDig IRD shall for the supported frequency ranges be able to receive 8 MHz DVB-T signals. (For a DVB-T signal, an 8 MHz DVB-T signal corresponds to a signal bandwidth of 7.61 MHz and a 7 MHz DVB-T signal corresponds to a signal bandwidth of 6.66 MHz.)						
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, 1K	D, DVB-T Teri	estriai IKD				
Test procedure	Test prod Test prod 1. 2. 3. 4. 6. 5. 6. 7. 6. 10. 11. 11. Expected The test ruser does and QEF If 8MHz the table	that the receive hand do the receive hand later. Set up the test in the Use the transmint of -60 dBm to the Use the DVB-T8MHz. Connect the receive hand wide the quality will be result in the control of the properties of the receive hand will be control of the result in th	nstruments. ssion frequency he receiver. mode 8k 64QA eiver and perforth initialization measurement parthe measurement schannel list doe factory defaults c or manual chauired by the use measurement parthe measurement in the measurement parthe measurement in the measurement parthe measurement in the measurement parthe measurement parthe measurement in the measurement parthe measurement parthe measurement parthe measurement.	TUHF IV/V 666 MHz of the man automatic or man shall not be required by rocedure 1. The record: OK or NOF oncy to VHF III channels and have any services or in such way, nnel search. The signa	frequency range DVB-T Receiver (K45) and an input/8 and signal bands and channel searcy the user. K. El 198.5 MHz (Kinstalled by performance of the content of the conte	Monitor ut level ndwidth rch. The 8) and forming alization d and search ne test in	
Test result(s)	Measurer	ment record:					
		Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Signal bandwidth [MHz]	Result OK or NOK		
		K8	198.5	7			



		77.45	6660			٦		
	Toble 1 N	K45 Mandatory signa	666.0	8		_		
	Table 1 N	vialidatory signa	ai Danuwiums u	receive				
		Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Signal bandwid [MHz]	th Result OK or NOK			
		K8	198.5	8				
	Table 2 C	Optional signal l	bandwidth to re	ceive.		_		
Conformity	OK F	ault Major	Minor, defin	ne fail reason in cor	nments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO\) Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Date				Sign				
Test Case	Tack 2	7 Modes						
Test Case	Task 3:	/ Wodes						
Section	NorDig U	Unified 3.4.3						
Requirement	The NorI	Dig IRD terrestr			rrectly demodulatin	ıg all non-		
	hierarchie	cal modes speci	fied in EN 300	744.				
	The front	end shall there	fore he able to	work with any com	bination of constella	ation		
					or 7/8), guard interv			
	Tu/8, Tu/	'16 or Tu/32) an	nd transmission	mode (2K or 8K).				
	The IRD	shall automatic	ally detect which	ch mode is being us	ed.			
	The NorDig IRD should be able to receiver the hierarchical modes in the DVP. T							
	The NorDig IRD should be able to receiver the hierarchical modes in the DVB-T specification.							
	-							
variants and capability	Basic, IR	D, DVB-T Teri	restrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose							
	To verify	the reception of	of all non-hierar	chical DVB-T mod	es.			
	Equipme	ent•						
	MPEG-2	DIM T	IIn co	onverter	DVB-T	Monitor		
	source	modulate		miverter	Receiver	-		
	Ⅱ┕─							
	Test pro	cedure:						
	1.	Set up the test i	nstruments.					
	2.	Use channel 45	and an input le	vel of -60 dBm.				
			node 8k QPSK 1	FEC R= $1/2 \Delta/Tu=1$	/32 and signal band	width 8		
		MHz. Use the quality	measurement n	rocedure 1 (QMP1))			
				ent record: OK or N				
				emaining 119 8k an				
	E]						
	Expected The test s	shall be OK for	all modes.					



Test result(s)	Measurement record:						
	8K	FEC	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=1/8	Tg=1/4	
	QPSK	1/2	-8 1,02	-6 1,10	-8 1,3	3	
	QPSK	2/3		1			
	QPSK	3/4					
	QPSK	5/6					
	QPSK	7/8					
	16QAM	1/2					
	16QAM	2/3					
	16QAM	3/4					
	16QAM	5/6					
	16QAM	7/8					
	64QAM	1/2					
	64QAM	2/3					
	64QAM	3/4					
	64QAM	5/6					
	64QAM	7/8					
	[av	T	T=	I=	T= 40	I	
	2K	FEC	Tg=1/32	Tg=1/16	Tg=1/8	Tg=1/4	
	QPSK	1/2					
	QPSK	2/3		-			
	QPSK	3/4	-				
	QPSK	5/6		-			
	QPSK	7/8					
	16QAM	1/2		-			
	16QAM	2/3		-			
	16QAM	3/4		-			
	16QAM	5/6		-			
	16QAM	7/8					
	64QAM			+			
	64QAM	2/3	_	+			
	64QAM	³ / ₄ 5/6					
	64QAM 64QAM	7/8					
Conformity	_ `		inon dofino:	foil magaan in	aammant	,	
Conformity Comments			inor, define				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
	Describe more specif	ic rauns	and/or other	imormation			
Date				Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:8 Tuning/Scanning Procedure: General
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.1
Requirement	The IRD shall be able to provide a scanning procedure over the whole frequency range. It shall also be able to receive and react on tuning parameters found in PSI/SI (e.g. NIT information).?



IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
variants and	
capability	
<i>m</i> . 1	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD is able to scan throught the whole frequency range.
	Test procedure:
	This is common requirement and will be verified in the following tests.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\textstyle YES \) NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
	•
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:9 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Basic status check						
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.2						
Requirement	The IRD shall provide at least a basic status check function (accessible through the Navigator) that presents reception quality information for a selected service (currently viewed by the user). The basic status check should be presented on the OSD and shall include: channel id and center frequency signal strength indicator and reception quality indicator						
IRD Profile(s)	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD						
variants and capability							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that all the specified status information is displayed. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T Fading Noise generator Converter Power meter						
	Test procedure:						



Test result(s)	 Use DVB-T mode 8k 64QAM R=3/4 Δ/Tu=1/4. Tune the IRD to an arbitrary service. Locate the status check function in the navigator and initiate it. Check that the channel number, signal strength and the reception are displayed. Use gaussian channel configuration in fading simulator. Try several input signal levels from such a low input level (no phigh input level by changing the attenuation in the attenuator. Decide if the indicated values of the signal strength indicator are After each change of input signal level check that the signal strength updated. Configure 0dB 105μs echo in fading simulator and variate the Configure 10dB 105μs echo in fading simulator 10dB 105μs echo in fading simulator 10dB 105μs echo in fading simulator 10dB 10dB 10dB 10dB 10dB 10dB 10dB 10dB	picture att all) to a reasonable. ength indicator is C/N. quality by changing					
	Requirement Novigetor has status sheel function	NOK or OK					
	Navigator has status check function. The function shows the channel id andcenter frequency.						
	The function shows the chamber it and enter frequency. The function shows signal strength indicator.						
	Signal strength indicator is updated continuously.						
	The function has reception quality indicator.						
	Signal quality indicator is updated continuously.						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: Yl Describe more specific faults and/or other information	ES∐NO					
Dec							
Date	Sign						

Test Case	Task 3:10 Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Automatic channel search for the same service bouquet
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.4
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD shall provide an automatic search that finds all of the multiplexes and services in the whole (supported) frequency range, see NorDig specification. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows: If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list. If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.



	The IRD shall only display a service once in the service list (i.e. avoiding duplicate of the same services), even if the same service (same triplet original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id) is received from multiple transmitters. If the same service can be received from several transmitters, the one with best reception quality shall be selected. The criteria for selection of the best received service (i.e. best reception quality) shall be based on the combination of the signal strength and signal quality according to NorDig specification.
IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the best service selection in automatic channel search when the content of the transport stream is the same on several transmitters.
	Equipment:
	TS Source #1 DVB-T modulator Fading Simulator Simul
	CH A + +
	Fading Noise converter CH B Spectrum analyser
	Channels A and B
	TS source #1
	ONID=8945 Network ID=1000
	Network Name=Net1
	TSID=100 Services
	Name SID Logic Ch No S1 1 1
	$\begin{bmatrix} S1 & 1 & 1 \\ S2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
	S3 3 3 S4 4 4
	There is a possibility to receive broadcasts from several transmitters simultaneously in DVB-T network. These transmitters can have exactly the same content, but are transmitted on different channels (frequencies). Therefore, it is important that the receiver can choose by an automatic channel search the services with the best reception quality.



Test to verify broadcast where equal services are broadcasted simultaneously over DVB-T and DVB-T2 networks is not required.

Reception quality can be divided into two different parameters:

- Signal strength
- Signal quality

Signal quality can be divided into two main parameters:

- Signal-to-noise ratio (C/N)
- Bit error rate before Reed Solomon (BER before RS in DVB-T system)

Channels A and B shall not be equal.

Relative signal levels can be observed on spetrum analyser.

ΔS refers to difference in SSI according to [1] Annex D.

 ΔQ refers to difference in SQI according to [1] Annex D.

AWGN refers to Additive White Gaussian Noise.

Test points 10-13 in table 1920 below require the BER in each channel to be set in a specific way. Different signal generators provide different methods to degrade the signal. For example carriers can be disabled, or I/Q quadrature error introduced to achieve a specific BER.

As a pre-requisite to perform this test, IRD shall correctly pass the following tasks:

- Task 3:13 Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)
- Task 3:14 Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)

Measurement record 2 shows the minimum tests that shall be performed. Signal levels and signal quality (i.e added AWGN or additional BER impairments) can be adjusted from the initial values shown to ensure the required ΔS and ΔQ conditions are met.

Test procedure:

- 1. Configure the transport stream and setup the instruments. Use the DVB-T mode 8k $64QAM R=2/3 \Delta/Tu=1/8$.
- 2. Set the signal level of the both carriers CH A and CH B to the same level. The signal level shall correspond good reception quality (no errors in decoded video).
- 3. Perform automatic channel search. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows:

If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list.

If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.

- 4. Check that the channel list has services configured in the transport stream.
- 5. Check that the services on the channel list is listed once and not duplicated. Check which channel is received by trying to attenuate the signal level. The services from received channel are frozen when the signal level is too low. Restore the attenuations to the level before it was changed.
- Fill in OK or NOK in the measurement record 1 depending if the services were deleted.
- 7. Fill in OK or NOK in the measurement record 2 depending if the services were installed from expected channel.



	8. Repeat the test for the rest of the	test points in the	measuremen	t record 2.	
	Expected result: All the test results are OK.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record 1:				
	Requirement	Result OK or NOK			
	The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows: If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list. If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted. After automatic channel search the channel lists do not contain duplicated services. Measurement record 2 is found on next pa	ge.			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define	fail reason in co	mments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other		ate: YES	NO	
Date		Sign			



	Channel	A, f = 474 MHz		Channel B, f	= 690 MHz							
Test point	Initial signal level [dBm]	Initial CNR [dB]	Additional BER Impairment	Initial signal level [dBm]	Initial CNR [dB]	Additional BER Impairment	Required AS [%]	Required AQ [%]	Receiver channel choice	Expected channel choice	Result OK/NOK	Reference conditions in flowchart [1] Annex D
1	-60	no AWGN	None	-60	no AWGN	None	<10	<10		A or B		1,2,3,5,6 or 7
2	-50	no AWGN	None	-65	no AWGN	None	>10	<20		А		1 or 8
3	-65	no AWGN	None	-50	no AWGN	None	>10	<20		В		4 or 5
4	-61	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-60	CNR@QMP2+0.5dB	None	<10	<20		Α		3
5	-60	CNR@QMP2+0.5dB	None	-61	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	<10	<20		В		7
6	-61	no AWGN	None	-60	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	<10	>20		А		2
7	-60	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-61	no AWGN	None	<10	>20		В		6
8	-50	no AWGN	None	-65	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	>10	>20		Α		1
9	-65	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-50	no AWGN	None	>10	>20		В		5
10	-50	no AWGN	A BER>B BER	-65	no AWGN	A BER>B BER	>10	<20		Α		8
11	-65	no AWGN	A BER <b ber<="" td=""><td>-50</td><td>no AWGN</td><td>A BER<b ber<="" td=""><td>>10</td><td><20</td><td></td><td>В</td><td></td><td>4</td></td>	-50	no AWGN	A BER <b ber<="" td=""><td>>10</td><td><20</td><td></td><td>В</td><td></td><td>4</td>	>10	<20		В		4
12	-60	no AWGN	A BER <b ber<="" td=""><td>-60</td><td>no AWGN</td><td>A BER<b ber<="" td=""><td><10</td><td>>20</td><td></td><td>Α</td><td></td><td>1 or 2</td></td>	-60	no AWGN	A BER <b ber<="" td=""><td><10</td><td>>20</td><td></td><td>Α</td><td></td><td>1 or 2</td>	<10	>20		Α		1 or 2
13	-60	no AWGN	A BER>B BER	-60	no AWGN	A BER>B BER	<10	>20		В		5 or 6

Table 19 Measurement record 2 for test Task 3:10.



Test Case	Task 3:11 Tuning/Scanning: Automat service bouquets	ic channel search for different			
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.4				
Requirement	The IRD shall provide an automatic search that finds all of the multiplexes and services in the whole (supported) frequency range, see NorDig specification. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows: If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list. If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.				
	The IRD shall only display a service once in the service list (i.e. avoiding duplicate of the same services), even if the same service (same triplet original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id) is received from multiple transmitters. If the same service can be received from several transmitters, the one with best reception quality shall be selected. The criteria for selection of the best received service (i.e. best reception quality) shall be based on the combination of the signal strength and signal quality according to NorDig Specification.				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	TS Source DVB-T	Monitor DVB-T receiver H x			
	Channel X	Channel Y			
	TS source #1	TS source #2			
	ONID=8945	ONID=8945			
	Network ID= <u>1000</u>	Network ID= <u>2000</u>			
	Network Name=Net1	Network Name=Net2			
	TSID=100	TSID=100			

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Services	Services
Name SID Logic Ch No	Name SID Logic Ch No
S1 1 1	S1 1 1
S2 2 2	S5 5 2
S3 3 3	S6 6 6
S4 4 4	

The TS configuration idea in this test is that on terrestrial network there is possiblity to receive several transmitters simultaneously. These transmitters can have partially same content (nationwide services) and partially different content (regionwide services).). It is the ON_id, TS_id and Service_id which define a service unique. The Network_id can be analysed to distinguish the differenciens in the TS. Therefore, it is important that the receiver can in automatic channel search choose the services which have the best reception quality and even find the regionwide services.

Channels x and y shall not be equal.

Test procedure:

This test procedure tests combination of the signal level and reception quality.

- 1. Configure transport streams and setup the instruments. Use DVB-T mode 8k $64QAM R=2/3 \Delta/Tu=1/8$.
- 2. Set the signal level of the carrier CH x to a signal level which is about 5dB **higher** than the signal level of the carrier CH y. Both signal levels shall correspond good reception quality (no errors in decoded video).
- 3. Add noise on carrier CH x to a level that the QMP1 is fulfilled.
- 4. Perform automatic channel search. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows:

If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list.

If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.

5. Check that channel list has services configured in transport streams.

After performing the test the channel list shall be as below:

Position	Service	Channel
1	S1	Y
2	S5/S2 *	Y/X
3	S3	X
4	S4	X
6	S6	Y
7	S2/S5 *	X/Y

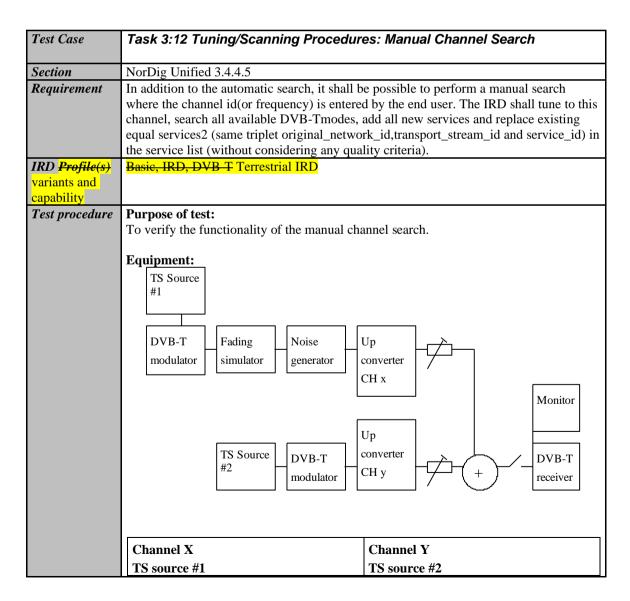
*) Note that order of the services S2 and S5 on the channel list can be chosen by the manufacture. It's highly recommended that the S5 (service without visible errors) is stored in position 2 and the S2 (service with visible errors) is stored in position 7. And generally it is recommended that service detected by the receiver as "better" service is stored in that position which is signalled in Logic Channel No and the other services with same Logic Ch No stored later in the list).

Expected result:

All the tests are OK.



Test result(s)	Measurement record:			
	Requirement	Result OK or NOK		
	After automatic channel search the channel lists does not contain duplicated services. The channel list is as defined in test procedure.			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason	in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			



ONID=8945	ONID=8945		
Network ID= <u>1000</u>	Network ID= <u>2000</u>		
Network Name=Net1	Network Name=Net2		
TSID=100	TSID=100		
Services	Services		
Name SID Logic Ch No	Name SID Logic Ch No		
S1 1 1	S1 1 1		
S2 2 2	S5 5 2		
S3 3 3	S6 6 6		
S4 4 4			

The TS configuration idea in this test is that on terrestrial network there is possiblity to receive several transmitters simultaneously. These transmitters can have partially same content (nationwide services) and partially different content (regionwide services). It is the ON_id, TS_id and Service_id which define a service unique. The Network_id can be analysed to distinguish the differenciens in the TS.Furthermore, regional services may have same LCN which results to a conflict. Finally, it is important that user can force the receive to search all services within TS by selecting the channel number and install services from that TS on channel list without any quality criteria.

Test procedure:

- 1. Configure transport streams and setup the instruments.
- 2. Check that channel list is empty. If it is not empty delete all services.
- 3. Attenuate the carrier on CH x to a signal level that it is not possible to receive.
- 4. Perform automatic channel search.
- 5. Check that the services S1, S5 and S6 on channel list are from carrier on CH y by attenuating the carrier on CH y. If the received channel is correct the services S1, S5 and S6 shall be frozen when the signal level is too low. Restore the attenuation level back to same level it was before you started to change it.
- 6. Decrease the attenuation of the carrier on CH x to a signal level that the carrier is possible to be received. Add noise on carrier CH x to a level that QMP1 is fulfilled.
- 7. Perform manual channel search. Check that the carrier, which is wanted to be searched, is given in channel number format.
- 8. Fill in the measurement record.
- 9. Check that services S1, S2, S3 and S4 on channel list are from carrier on CH x by attenuating the carrier on CH x. If the received channel is correct the services S1, S2, S3 and S4 shall be frozen when the signal level is too low. Restore the attenuation level back to same level it was before you started to change it.
- 10. Check that service S1 is not listed twice on channel list.

The channel list shall look like this after performing this procedure:

Position	Service	Channel
1	S1	X
2	S2/S5 *	X/Y
3	S3	X
4	S4	X
6	S6	Y
7	S5/S2 *	Y/X

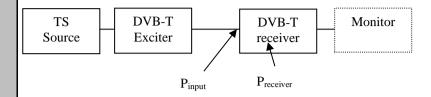
^{*)} Note that order of the services S2 and S5 can be chosen by the manufacture.. It is highly recommended that the services found in the last manual channel search are stored in the service list according to their signallation.



Tark was keep	In terrestrial networks in a case where received services have equal ON_id, TS_id and LCN, but Network_id and Service_id differ most probably means regional variations of the same service. In that case it is highly recommended to move already stored service to an other position in the channel list and store the service found in the last manual channel search to position signaled in the LCN. Expected result: All test results shall be OK. Measurement record:				
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				
	Requirement	Result OK or NOK			
	Manual channel search can be performed successfully by				
	only entering channel number				
	The channel list is as defined in test procedure				
	Service S1 in only listed once on the channel list				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comm	ents			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:	YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				
_ ~		=			

Test Case	Task 3:13 Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a signal strength indicator (SSI). The value for the SSI shall be referred to the IRD RF signal input.
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to determine signal strength within a range starting from 15 dB lower than the reference signal level defined in NorDig Specification and up to 35dB above that value or maximum signal input level defined in NorDig IRD sspecification.
	The absolute accuracy shall be ±5 dB at RF signal input levels -80 dBm to -60 dBm and ±7 dB for RF signal input levels higher than -60 dBm.
	The relative accuracy should be ± 3 dB between center frequencies within one frequency band, e.g. VHF Band III or UHF Band IV/V, supported by the receiver.
	Signal strength indicator shall have a relative numerical value within a range from 0% to 100% and with a resolution of 1%.
	The signal strength indicator shall be updated regularly once per second.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the correct functionality of the signal strength indicator.
	Equipment:





Gaussian channel profile used i.e. no need for fading simulator.

In this test, the signal input level P_{input level} at the RF input must be known.

The test procedure assumes that the $P_{receiver}$ is not displayed by the receiver. If the $P_{receiver}$ is displayed by the receiver this test procedure can be simplified.

Test procedure:

Verify SSI values:

- 1. Set-up the test system
- 2. Determine the attenuation of the test system so that the signal input level at the receiver input is known in the measured frequencies.
- 3. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T_U=1/8}and signal bandwidth of 8MHz.
- 4. Set the up-converter to frequency 474MHz (K21).
- 5. Set the signal level into the receiver according to measurement record 1.
- 6. Do the channel search.
- 7. Fill in the SSI value displayed by the receiver in the measurement record 1.
- 8. SSI_{min} and SSI_{max} defines the allowed range of the displayed value.
- 9. Fill in the measurement record 1 OK or NOK depending of the displayed SSI value.
- 10. Measure rest of the frequencies and DVB-T modes.
- 11. Fill in the measurement record 1.

Verify the relative error:

1. Convert the displayed SSI values to $P_{receiver}$ [dBm] values. Select the correct formula for calculating $P_{receiver}$ according to the displayed SSI value as shown below:

```
\begin{array}{ll} P_{receiver} = (3/2) * (SSI - 90) + 20 + P_{reference} & if \ 90 \leq SSI < 100 \\ P_{receiver} = (1/4) * (SSI - 10) + P_{reference} & if \ 10 \leq SSI < 90 \\ P_{receiver} = (3/2) * SSI - 15 + P_{reference} & if \ 0 \leq SSI < 10 \end{array}
```

- 2. Fill in the dBm values in the measurement record 2 for corresponding signal input level.
- 3. Calculate the average value of the P_{receiver} values in three frequencies within a frequency band.
- 4. Verify the calculated $P_{receiver}$ [dBm] values are within ± 3 dB from the average value.
- 5. Fill in the measurement record 2 OK or NOK

Expected result:

All the measurements shall be OK.

The signal strength indicator value is updated regurlaly once per second.



I Col I Coult of	Test	result	(s)
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Measurement record 1:

8k 64QAM R2/3				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK
-40		99	100	
-50		92	100	
-60		70	93	
-70		30	70	
-80		7	30	
-95		0	5	

8k 64QAM R2/3				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK
-40		99	100	
-50		92	100	
-60		70	93	
-70		30	70	
-80		7	30	
-95		0	5	

8k 64QAM R2/3				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK
-40		99	100	
-50		92	100	
-60		70	93	
-70		30	70	
-80		7	30	
-95		0	5	

8k 64QAM R2/3				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK
-40		99	100	
-50		92	100	
-60		70	93	
-70		30	70	
-80		7	30	
-95		0	5	

8k 64QAM R2/3				
Pinput level	SSI [%]	SSImin	SSImax	NOK or OK
[dBm]		[%]	[%]	
-40		99	100	
-50		92	100	
-60		70	93	
-70		30	70	
-80		7	30	
-95		0	5	

8k 64QAM R2/3				
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK
-40		99	100	
-50		92	100	



		-60		70	93		
		-70		30	70		
		-80		7	30		
		-95		0	5		
						1	
	8k 640	QAM R3/4 G1/4	8MHz,P _{referen}	nce=-78dBm, f=	=666MHz		
	P _{input le}	evel [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%	o] NOI	C or OK
		-40		97	100		
		-50		91	100		
		-60		62	92		
		-70		22	62		
		-80		5	22		
		-95		0	3		
	P _{input level} [dBm]	P _{receiver} [dBm] @474MHz	P _{receiver} [dF @666MF			verage	NOK or OK
	40						OK
	-40 -50						
	-60	+	+				
	-70						
	-80						
	-95						
	L -93						
	I D	Preceiver	Preceiver	P _{recei}		verage	NOK or
	Pinput level [dBm]	[dBm] @177.5MHz	[dBm] @198.5Ml				OK
	[dBm]	[dBm]					OK
	[dBm] -40 -50	[dBm]					OK
	-40 -50 -60	[dBm]					OK
	-40 -50 -60 -70	[dBm]					OK
	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80	[dBm]					OK
	-40 -50 -60 -70	[dBm]					OK
	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80	[dBm]					OK
	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95	[dBm] @177.5MHz	@198.5Ml	Hz @226.5	MHz		OK
	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95	[dBm] @177.5MHz	@198.5Ml	e fail reason in	MHz	ma Duc	
	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95	[dBm] @177.5MHz lt	Minor, define	e fail reason in with software u	MHz	TES NO	
onformity omments	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95	[dBm] @177.5MHz	Minor, define	e fail reason in with software u	MHz	TES NO	
	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95	[dBm] @177.5MHz lt	Minor, define	e fail reason in with software u	MHz	TES NO	
	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95	[dBm] @177.5MHz lt	Minor, define	e fail reason in with software u	MHz	TES□NO	
	-40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -95	[dBm] @177.5MHz lt	Minor, define	e fail reason in with software u	MHz	ES_NO	

Test Case	Task 3:14 Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.7
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall (1) be provided with a signal quality indicator (SQI). The value for the SQI shall be referred to the IRD RF signal input. The absolute accuracy of the C/N value shall be of $\pm 1 \mathrm{dB}$ for C/N values of 17 dB to 27 dB at the IRD RF signal input.



	The signal quality indicator shall have a relative numerical value within a range from 0%							
	to 100% and with a resolution of 1%.							
	The integration time for the signal quality shall be over a period of 5 seconds.							
	The signal quality indicator shall be updated regularly once per second.							
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the correct functionality of the signal quality indicator.							
	Equipment:							
	TS DVB-T DVB-T Monitor receiver							
	C/N _{input} C/N _{receiver}							
	Gaussian channel profile used i.e. no need for fading simulator.							
	C/N _{input} refers to generated DVB-T signal C/N at receiver input.							
	C/N _{receiver} refers to C/N determined by the receiver under test.							
	$C/N_{rel} = C/N_{input} - C/N_{NorDigPl}$							
	C/N _{NorDigP1} refers to table 3.10 at [1].							
	First we need to define the required C/N _{input} for the QMP2. After that we know what is the expected rescale of BER before the RS decoder. The slope of the curve for BER before R as a function of the required C/N _{input} should be equal independently of the receiver. Using that knowledge SQI _{min} and SQI _{max} can be calculated.							
	Test procedure:							
	1. Set up the test instruments							
	2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.							
	3. Set the up-converter to frequency 666MHz (K45).							
	 4. Do the channel search. 5. Determine the lowest required C/N by adjusting the C/N_{input} until the quality 							
	measurement procedure 2 error free video is fulfilled.							
	6. Fill in the measurement record 1 the C/N _{input} value defined as C/N _{receiver} . Later in this test procedure the value C/N _{receiver} is used for rescaling of the BER_SQI _{min}							
	and BER_SQI _{max} values.							
	7. Decrease the C/N _{input} in 1dB step starting from highest value in measurement record 2.							
	8. Fill in the displayed SQI in the measurement record 2.							
	9. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64QAM, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/4} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.							
	10. Do the calculations in the rest of the test procedure.							





Calculation for minimum SQI value: 11. Calculate C/N_{rel_error_min} for all C/N_{input} values using formula $C/N_{rel_error_min} = C/N_{rel} - 1$ 12. Calculate CNR_SQI_{min} for all C/N_{input} values using formula $CNR_SQI_{min} = 0$, $if \; C/N_{rel_error_min} < \text{--}7 \; dB$ $CNR_SQI_{min} = [(C/N_{rel_error_min} - 3)/10] + 1, \text{ if -7 dB} \leq C/N_{rel_error_min} < 3 \text{ dB}$ CNR $SQI_{min} = 1$, if $C/N_{rel\ error\ min} \ge 3\ dB$ 13. Calculate BER_SQI_{min} for all C/N_{input} values using formula BER $SQI_{min} = 19.0 * [C/N_{rel error min} - (C/N_{receiver} - X) + 3.6],$ where X = 16.2 (64QAM R2/3) X = 17.4 (640AM R3/4)if resulted BER $SQI_{min} < 20$ then set BER $SQI_{min} = 0$ if resulted BER_SQI_{min} > 100 then set BER_SQI_{min} = 100. 14. Calculate SQI_{min} using formula $SQI_{min} = CNR_SQI_{min} * BER_SQI_{min}$ 15. Fill in the SQI_{min} values in the measurement procedure 2. Calculation for maximum SQI value: 16. Calculate C/N_{rel error max} for all C/N_{input} values using formula $C/N_{rel_error_max} = C/N_{rel} + 1$ 17. Calculate CNR_SQI_{max} for all C/N_{input} values using formula $CNR_SQI_{max} = 0$, if $C/N_{rel_error_max} < -7 dB$ $CNR_SQI_{max} = [(C/N_{rel_error_max} - 3)/10] + 1, \ if \ -7 \ dB \le C/N_{rel_error_max} < 3 \ dB$ CNR $SQI_{max} = 1$, if $C/N_{rel_error_max} \ge 3 dB$ 18. Calculate BER_SQI_{max} for all C/N_{input} values using formula BER_SQI_{max} =19.0 * $[C/N_{rel_error_max} - (C/N_{receiver} - X) + 3.6],$ where X = 16.2 (64QAM R2/3) X = 17.4 (64QAM R3/4)if resulted BER_SQI_{max} < 20 then set BER_SQI_{max} = 0if resulted BER $SQI_{max} > 100$ then set BER $SQI_{max} = 100$. 19. Calculate SQI_{max} using formula $SQI_{max} = CNR_SQI_{max} * BER_SQI_{max}$ 20. Fill in the SQI_{max} values in the measurement procedure 2. **Expected result:** All the test result are OK. The signal quality indicator is updated regurlaly once per second. Test result(s) Measurement record 1: DVB-T mode Required C/N_{receiver} [dB] (60 sec error free video) 8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8 8MHz 8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4 8MHz Measurement record 2: 8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8 8MHz, C/N_{NorDigP1} = 18.7dB C/N_{input} SQI[%] $SQI_{min}[\%]$ $SQI_{max}[\%]$ NOK or OK



				27										
				26	+	-								
				25										
				24										
				23										
				22										
				21										
				20										
				19										
				18										
				17										
				1,										
			8k (64QA	M R3/4	4 G1/4 8	BMHz,	C/N _{No}	$_{rDigP1} =$	20.2dB	}			
			C/I	N _{input}	SOI	[[%]	SQI_{min}	[%]	SQIm	ax[%]	N(OK (or OK	
				27			111111	L J	- C III	ux[··]				
				26										
				25 25										
				<u>23 </u>										
					1									
				23	-									
				22										
				21										
				20										
				19										
				18										
				17										
	15.0d	lB at	QMP		lting to	I _{min} and o C/N _{reco}							en C/N _{rec}	reiver =
	64	QAM R2	/3 C/NN	orDigP1=	18,7									
	C/N input	C/Nrel	C/N error Min	C/Nrel error Min	CNR_SQI Min	BER_SQI Min	C/N error Max	C/Nrel error Max	CNR_SQI Max	BER_SQI Max	SQI Min	SQI Max	SQI measured 64QAM	OK or NOK
	15	-3,7	-1	-4,7	0,23	0	1	-2,7	0,43	40	0	18	R2/3	
	16 16,2	-2,7 -2,5	-1 -1	-3,7 -3,5	0,33 0,35	21 25	1	-1,7 -1,5	0,53 0,55	59 63	6 8	32 35		
	17 18	-1,7 -0,7	-1 -1	-2,7 -1,7	0,43 0,53	40 59	1 1	-0,7 0,3	0,63 0,73	78 97	17 31	50 71		
	19	0,3	-1	-0,7	0,63	78	1	1,3	0,83	100	49	83		
	20 21	1,3 2,3	-1 -1	0,3 1,3	0,73 0,83	97 100	1	2,3 3,3	0,93 1,00	100 100	70 83	93 100		
	22	3,3 4,3	-1 -1	2,3	0,93 1,00	100	1 1	4,3 5,3	1,00	100	93 100	100		
	24	5,3 6,3	-1 -1	4,3 5,3	1,00	100 100	1	6,3 7,3	1,00	100	100	100		
	26	7,3	-1	6,3	1,00	100	1	8,3	1,00	100	100	100		
C C '4	27	8,3	-1 14 [7,3	1,00	100	1 6 (9,3	1,00	100	100	100		
Conformity		K Fa		Maj		Minor, o						70	Tare.	
Comments						can be fi s and/or				pdate: [Y J	LS _]NO	
Date								Sig	n					
Date								Dig						

Test Case	Task 3:15 Changes In Modulation Parameters



Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.5
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD should recover from changes in modulation parameters at the end of a superframe without a break in the received DVB-T signal and output an error free TS. This should take less than one second for any change. The Nordig IRD should be able to detect a change of modulation parameters signalled in the TPS data of the DVB-T signal, in order to reduce the recovery time. The terrestrial NorDig IRD should recover from changes in modulation parameters occurring at any time followed by a break in the received DVB-T signal and output an error free TS. This should take less than four seconds for any change.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver can recover from changes in modulation parameter occurring at any time followed by a break in the received DVB-T signal and output an error free TS. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T modulator shall have a bitrate adaptation to test this test, or, alternatively the TS source shall have capability to change the output transport stream bitrate to correspond the DVB-T mode. See bitrates in chapter 2.3.3. Test procedure: 1. Set up the instruments. 2. Use frequency 666 MHz (K45). 3. Set the RF input level to receiver to –50dBm. 4. Set up DVB-T mode 8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4 and signal bandwidth 8 MHz in DVB-T modulator. 5. Verify that the switch is closed. 6. Check picture quality using the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1). 7. Open the switch to break the received RF signal 8. Change DVB-T mode to the next mode in the measurement record 9. Wait for the DVB-T modulator output to become valid and stable with this new mode (this time is modulator specific) 10. Close the switch to enable the RF signal to the receiver and record the time taken to achieve QMP1 11. Fill in the measurement record. 12. Repeat steps 7-11 for the rest of the DVB-T modes defined in the measurement record.



	Expected result: The receiver can recover from changes in modulation parameter occurring at any time followed by a break in the received DVB-T signal and output an error free TS within 4 seconds (excluding modulator stabilization time) without requiring a channel scan.							
Test result(s)	Measurement record:							
	Mode	NOK or OK						
	8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4							
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4							
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8							
	8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/8							
	8k QPSK R1/2 G1/8							
	2k QPSK R1/2 G1/16							
	2k 16QAM R2/3 G1/32							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail r	reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with so Describe more specific faults and/or other infor							
Date	S	Sign						

Test Case	Task 3:16 RF input connector
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have one input tuner connector, type: IEC female in accordance with IEC 61169-2, part 2 [28]. The input impedance shall be 75 ohm.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver has a correct input connector for the reception of the DVB-T signals. Equipment:
	No special equipment is required.
	Test procedure:
	Verify that the RF input connector is accordance the specification IEC 61169-2. (With other words the connector is similar as RF input connector used in TV sets RF input).
	Verify in the manufacturer's technical specification that the input impedance of the RF input is 75 ohm.
	Expected result:



	RF input connector is as defined in specificat is 750hm.	ion IEC 6116	9-2 and the input impedance
Test result(s)	The manufacturer describes his specific setup	o for the test	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fai	l reason in co	mments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other inf	-	ate: YES NO
Date		Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:17 RF output connector								
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.7								
Requirement	For a NorDig IRDs equipped with a RF bypass (RF in - RF out), the connector shall be of type: IEC male in accordance with IEC 61169, part 2 [28]. The frequency range for the RF bypass should be from 47 MHz to 862 MHz and the RF bypass gain should be from -1 dB to +3 dB.								
	The RF signals should be bypassed from RFin to RFout independently from the status of the NorDig IRD (operational or stand by), so that connected equipment (e.g. TV set) can operate even if the NorDig IRD is in standby.								
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD								
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that the receiver has a correct output connector for the loop through of the RF signals. To test the attenuation/gain of the RF loop through for standby and oprational modes. Equipment: Signal generator STB Spectrum analyzer or power meter 1. Connect signal generator to receiver RF input and spectrum analyser to RF output (may need DC block). 2. Set the input level to the receiver –50dBm. Use CW. 3. Sweep the frequency of the signal generator from 47 MHz to 869 MHz. 4. Measure the attenuation of the loop thoough over the frequency range. 5. Repeat the test for the standby mode. Verify that the RF output connector is accordance the specification IEC 61169-2. Expected result: RF output connector is as defined in specification IEC 61169, the attenuation of the loop through shall not be too low or high and the loopthrough works in operational and standby mode.								



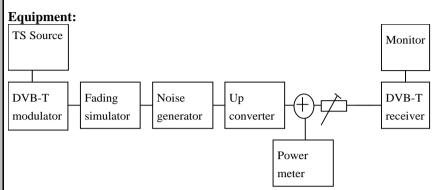
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:18 Performance: BER vs C/N verification
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.2
Requirement	Verify the internal BER measurement of the NorDig IRD for objective measurements (QMP ³²).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD

Test procedure

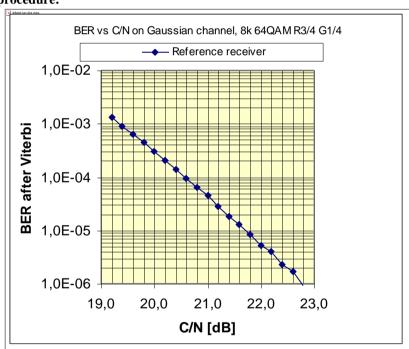
Purpose of test:

To check that the internal BER value measured by the receiver to reference BER value in a function of C/N on Gaussian channel is correct.



Reference BER in a function of the C/N on Gaussian channel.

Test procedure:



- 1. Setup the instruments.
- 2. Use channel 45 and DVB-T mode 8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4. Set the RF input level to -50dBm.
- 3. Use the quality measurement procedure 2.
- 4. Compare the BER measured by the receiver to reference BER in a function of the C/N measurement on Gaussian channel.
- 5. Fill in the BER value in measurement record.
- 6. Adjust the required C/N that it corresponds BER 2E-4 after viterbi.
- 7. Decrease the required C/N by 1dB. Check that it corresponds approximately BER 2E-3 after viterbi and QMP1.

Expected result:

The measured BER in a function of required C/N shall have the same slope as with the reference BER in a function of required C/N.



	The decrease of the required C/N corresponding BER 2E-4 after Viterbi by 1dB shall result approximately to BER 2E-3 after Viterbi corresponding QMP1.					
	result approximately to B	SER 2E	2-3 after Vite	rbi correspond	ing QMP1.	
Test result(s)	Measurement record:					
		C/N	Reference BER	Measured BE	ER	
		18.0	-			
		18.2	_			
		18.4	-			
		18.6	-			
		18.8	-			
		19.0	-			
		19.2	-			
		19.4	-			
		19.6	6.3E-4			
		20.0	3.0E-4			
		20.2	2.0E-4			
		20.6	9.3E-5			
		21.0	6.2E-5			
		21.6	1.3E-5			
		22.0	5.1E-6			
	L	22.6	1.7E-6			
Conformity	OK Fault Major	Mir	nor, define fa	il reason in coi	nments	
Comments	If possible describe if fau					
	Describe more specific fa					
	_					
Date				Sign		
				-	 	

Test Case	Task 3:19 Performance: C/N performance on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have a QEF performance for the C/N ratios given in Table 3.109, or better performance.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the required C/N for quasi error free reception in Gaussian channel. Equipment:



	TS Source Monitor
	DVB-T Fading Noise Up converter DVB-T receiver
	Power meter
	Test procedure for Gaussian channel:
	 16. Set up the test instruments 17. Use the following mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/8} 18. Set the up-converter to channel 21 19. Measure the input level to the attenuator. 20. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables. 21. Calculate the receiver input signal level and set it to -50dBm. 22. Use the value for the required C/N specified for the DVB-T mode in table 3.109. 23. Do the channel search. 24. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) fulfils. 25. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record. 26. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequencies, signal bandwidths and DVB-T modes defined in the measurement record. Expected result: The required C/N for quasi error free reception in gaussian channel is less than specified in table 3.109.
Test result(s)	Measurement record: See tables below.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



Measurement record:

Signal bandwidth		7 MHz		8 MHz								
Centerfrequency [MHz]	177.5	198.5	226.5	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	714.0	762.0	<mark>78681</mark>	<mark>858.0</mark>
											0 .0	
DVB-T mode / Channel Id	K5	K8	K12	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K51	K57	K6 <mark>03</mark>	K69
8k QPSK R1/2 G1/4												
8k QPSK R2/3 G1/4												
8k QPSK R3/4 G1/4												
8k QPSK R5/6 G1/4												
8k QPSK R7/8 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R1/2 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R3/4 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R5/6 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R7/8 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R1/2 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8												
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R5/6 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R7/8 G1/4												

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

Signal bandwidth								8 MHz							
Center frequency [MHz]	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0
DVB-T mode / Channel Id	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8															
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4															

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.



Test Case	Task 3:20 Performance: C/N performance on 0dB echo channel									
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.3									
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have a QEF performance for the C/N ratios given in Table 3.109, or better performance.									
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD									
Test procedure	Purpose of test:									
P	To test the required C/N for quasi error free reception in 0 dB echo channel.									
	Equipment:									
	TS Source Monitor									
	DVB-T Fading Noise Up Converter Converter receiver									
	Power meter									
	The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5 0dB echo).									
	Test procedure for 0 dB echo channel:									
	Check the different SFN synchronization issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.									
	 Set up the test instruments Use the following mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/8} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. 									
	 3. Set the up-converter to frequency 666MHz (K45) 4. Set the fading simulator to 0dB echo profile. (Delay 1.95us, 0 degree phase at channel center and attenuation 0dB for the second path.) 									
	5. Measure the input level to the attenuator.									
	 6. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables. 7. Calculate the receiver input signal level and set it to -50dBm. 									
	8. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement									
	procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. 9. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record.									
	10. Verify also that the channel search founds the services at the measured C/N.									
	11. Repeat the test for the mode {8K, 64QAM, R=3/4, Δ /T _U =1/4} and signal									
	bandwidth 8MHz. 12. Repeat the test for rest of the DVB-T modes combinations with 8MHz signal									
	bandwidth in measurement record.									
	13. Set the up-converter to frequency 198.5MHz (K8).									
	14. Use the following mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8} and signal bandwidth 7MHz.									
	15. Repeat the test for rest of the DVB-T mode combinations with 7MHz signal bandwidth in measurement record.									



	(Measurement can be done by chancing the modulation/code rate first and after that									
	echo delay depending of the measurement equip	ment).								
	Expected result:	n O dD asks sharmed in less than								
	The required C/N for quasi error free reception in 0 dB echo channel is less than									
Tost magnitus	specified in table 3.109 Measurement record:									
Test result(s)	Measurement record:									
	8MHz signal bandwidt	h at f-666MHz								
	DVB-T mode	Required C/N								
	DVD 1 mode	(0dB 1.95µs)								
	8k QPSK R1/2 G1/4	(σαΒ 11,75μο)								
	8k QPSK R2/3 G1/4									
	8k QPSK R3/4 G1/4									
	8k 16QAM R1/2 G1/4									
	8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/4									
	8k 16QAM R3/4 G1/4									
	8k 64QAM R1/2 G1/4									
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8									
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4									
	8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4									
	Table 1. Required C/N for 0dB 1.95µs echo in signal bandwidth 8MHz.									
	7MHz signal bandwidth									
	DVB-T mode	Required C/N								
		(0dB 1.95μs)								
	8k QPSK R1/2 G1/4									
	8k QPSK R2/3 G1/4									
	8k QPSK R3/4 G1/4									
	8k 16QAM R1/2 G1/4									
	8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/4									
	8k 16QAM R3/4 G1/4									
	8k 64QAM R1/2 G1/4									
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8									
	8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4									
	8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4	Constituted Class 7NATA								
	Table 2. Required C/N for 0dB 1.95µs echo in si	ignal bandwidth /MHZ.								
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail re	ason in comments								
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with sof									
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other inform	<u> </u>								
	more specific runtis und, or other filler									
Date	Sig	gn								

Test Case	Task 3:21 Performance: Minimum receiver signal input levels on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have at least the performance for the signal input levels for the supported frequency range and should have a performance which is one dB better than specified in Table 3.13



Variants and	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD							
Capability Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the sensitivity of the receiver on Gaussian channel over the supported frequency range. Equipment: TS Source DVB-T Fading Noise Up DVB-T modulator simulator generator converter Power meter Be careful in impedance matching of cables, adapters and etc. Test procedure for the sensitivity on the gaussian channel:							
	 Set up the test instruments Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/8} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Set the up-converter to frequency 474MHz (K21). Measure the input level to the attenuator. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables. Calculate the receiver input signal. Do the channel search. Increase the received input level from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. Fill in the measured value in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequencies, DVB-T modes and signal bandwidths on measurement record. Expected result: Sensitivity shall be equal or better for all measured frequencies (channels) and for all DVB-T modes and signal bandwidths as specified in Table 3.13.							
Test result(s)	Measurement record: See following page.							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments							
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \[YES \] NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Data	Ciau							
Date	Sign							



Measurement records:

Signal bandwidth		7 MHz		8 MHz								
Center frequency [MHz]	177.5	198.5	226.5	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	714.0	762.0	786 81	<mark>858.0</mark>
											0 .0	
DVB-T mode / Channel Id	K5	K8	K12	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K51	K57	K6 <mark>0</mark> 3	K69
8k QPSK R1/2 G1/4												
8k QPSK R2/3 G1/4												
8k QPSK R3/4 G1/4												
8k QPSK R5/6 G1/4												
8k QPSK R7/8 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R1/2 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R2/3 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R3/4 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R5/6 G1/4												
8k 16QAM R7/8 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R1/2 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8												
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R5/6 G1/4												
8k 64QAM R7/8 G1/4												

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

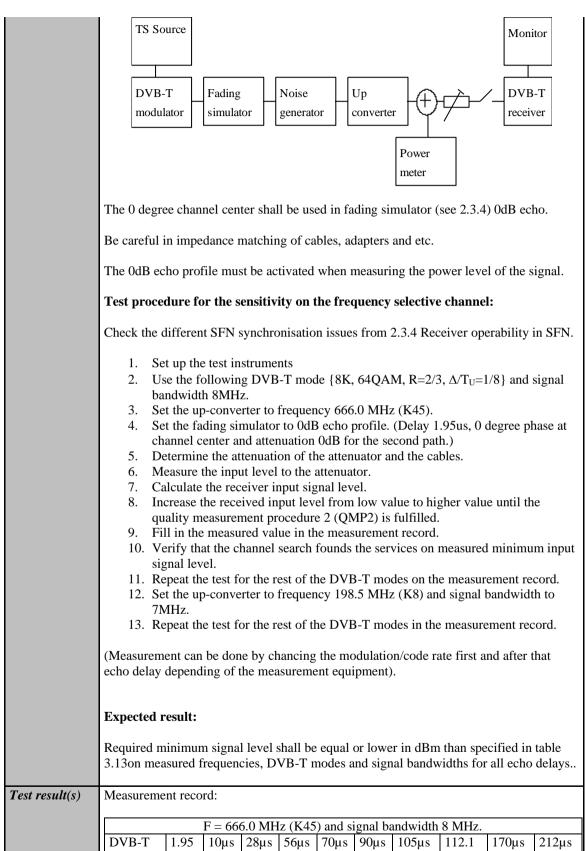
Signal bandwidth	8 MHz														
Center frequency [MHz]	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0
DVB-T mode / Channel Id	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41
8k 64QAM R2/3 G1/8															
8k 64QAM R3/4 G1/4															

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

Test Case	Task 3:22 Performance: Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on 0dB echo channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have at least the performance for the signal input level for the supported frequency range and should have a performance which is 1dB better than specified as in Table 3.13.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the sensitivity of the receiver on frequency selective channel. Equipment:

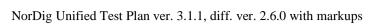


us



mode

μs





8k QPSK										
R1/2										
G1/4										
8k QPSK										
R2/3										
G1/4										
8k QPSK										
R3/4										
G1/4										
8k										
16QAM										
R1/2										
G1/4										
8k										
16QAM										
R2/3										
G1/4										
8k										
16QAM										
R3/4										
G1/4										
8k										
64QAM										
R1/2										
G1/4										
8k										
64QAM R2/3										
G1/4 8k										
64QAM										
R2/3										
G1/8 8k										
64QAM										
R3/4										
G1/4										
		E 10	0 5 3 57	T (TZO)	1	1 1	1 . 1.1 .	7 1 47 7		
DUD T	1.07						ndwidth		170	242
DVB-T	1.95	10µs	28µs	56µs	70µs	90µs	105µs	128.1	170µs	243µs
mode	μs							μs		
8k QPSK										
R1/2										
G1/4										
8k QPSK										
R2/3										
G1/4										
8k QPSK										
R3/4										
G1/4										
8k										
16QAM										
R1/2										
G1/4										
-										



	8k										
	16QAM										
	R2/3										
	G1/4										
	8k										
	16QAM										
	R3/4 G1/4										
	8k										
	64QAM										
	R1/2										
	G1/4										
	8k										
	64QAM										
	R2/3										
	G1/4										
	8k										
	64QAM										
	R2/3										
	G1/8										
	8k										
	64QAM R3/4										
	G1/4										
	01/ 1										
Conformity	OK Fau		Major [n comme			
Comments	If possible								YES	NO	
	Describe m	ore spe	cific fa	ults and	l/or oth	er info	rmation	1			
Date						5	Sign				
						1~	9				j

Test Case	Task 3:23 Performance: Noise figure on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have a noise figure (NF) for supported frequency ranges equal or
	better than the values specified in Table 3.12 of (1).
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To calculate the noise figure of the receiver for gaussian channel.
	Equipment:
	No equipment needed.
	Test procedure for evaluation of the noise figure:
	Determine the minimum carrier levels C _{min} for the gaussian channel measured in last
	test Task 3:21 (Performance - Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on Gaussian channel).



	Determine the required C/N_{min} for the gaussian channel measured in last test Task (Performance - C/N performance on Gaussian channel).									k 3:19
	Calculate the	noise fig	gure NF[dB] for	the suppo	rted freq	uencies	using th	e formu	las
	For 8MHz D'									
	Expected res	sult:								
	The noise fig	ure is les	s than o	r equal to	o table 3.	12 1 .				
Test result(s)	Measurement	record:								
	Frequency	177.5	198.5	226.5	1					
	Channel id	K5	K8	K12						
	Signal		7MHz	•						
	bandwidth				-					
	Mode 8k 64QAM		NF [dB] 		_					
	R2/3									
	8k 64QAM									
	R3/4]					
	Frequency	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	714.0	762.0	786 81 0 .0	858.0
	Channel id	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K51	K57	K6 <mark>03</mark>	K69
	Signal					8MHz				
	bandwidth									
	Mode 8k 64QAM				<u> </u>	VF [dB]		I		
	R2/3									
	8k 64QAM									
	R3/4									
	Table 1. Man	datory fi	requenci	es and si	gnal band	lwidths t	o suppo	rt.		
	Frequency	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5]
	Channel id	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	
	Signal				8MI	Ηz				
	bandwidth Mode				NF [
	8k 64QAM				NF [np]				
	R2/3									
	8k 64QAM									
	R3/4									
	Frequency	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0	1	
	Channel id	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41		
	Signal				8MHz					
	bandwidth								-	
	Mode 8k 64QAM				NF [dB]					
	R2/3									
	8k 64QAM									
	R3/4	1 C		1*	.1 h · · · · 1	: 44				
	Table 2. Opti	onal frec	uencies	and sign	al bandw	idths to	support.			



Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Test Case	Task 3:24 Performance: Maximum Receiver Signal Input Levels
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.5 and 3.4.10.6
Requirement	The receiver shall provide QEF reception for DVB-T signals up to a level of –35dBm.
	The maximum analogue TV signal level is restricted to -20 dBm defined as the r.m.s- (root mean square) value of the vision carrier at peaks of the modulated envelope.
	(1900) Healt square) value of the vision earlier at peaks of the modulated envelope.
	The DVB-T signal level is valid for the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu=1/8}, {8K,
	64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu =1/4}.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To test that the receiver is able to handle RF signals with high value.
	Equipment:
	DVB-T IVA SORVERTOR DVB-T Monitor
	MPEG-2 Op-converter Op-converter
	Power
	meter
	Test procedure
	1. Cot we the test instruments
	 Set up the test instruments. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator.
	 Use the following mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/8}.
	4. Set the up-converter to channel 45.
	5. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables.
	6. Turn on the receiver.

7. Check that the picture is decoded correctly.

procedure 1 (QMP1) is fulfilled.

10. Fill in the result in the measurement record.

QAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$ }.

attenuator.

8. Calculate the receiver input signal level as a function of attenuation in

9. Increase the receiver input signal level. until the quality measurement

11. Repeat the test for the modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-}$



	Expected result: The reception shall be QEF for input level higher than or equal to -35dBm for defined DVB-T modes.						
Test result(s)	Measurement record:						
	Mode	Requirement dBm	Result				
	8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$	-35					
	8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$	-35					
	8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$	-35					
Conformity		, define fail reason in cor					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be Describe more specific faults and/o		nte:YESNO				
Date		Sign					

Test Case	Task 3:25 Performance: Immunity to "digital" signals in Other Channels						
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.6 7.1						
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering DVB-T signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in table 3.156 while maintaining QEF reception.						
	The requirements in this paragraph refer to the modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu=1/8\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu=1/4\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/Tu=1/4\}$						
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the QEF reception when there is interference from DVB-T signal on adjacent or other channels.						
	Equipment:						
	MPEG-2 Source Data MUX DVB-T Monitor Receiver Monitor						
	MPEG-2 Data MUX DVB-T Up-converter modulator Channel B						





Verify that the digital TV signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the wanted digital TV signal.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the channel A up-converter to 666.0MHz (K45).
- Set the channel B up-converter to 674.0MHz (K46).
- 5. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T signal in channel B to -30 dBm.
- 6. Decrease the DVB-T signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 (OMP2) is still fulfilled.
- 7. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.
- 8. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 658.0 MHz (K44), 650.0 MHz (K43), 682.0 MHz (K47).
- 9. Repeat the test according to procedure above for the image channel¹⁾. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T signal in channel B to -30dBm.
- 10. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$ using signal bandwidth 8MHz,
- 11. Change the signal bandwidth to 7MHz.
- 12. Set the channel A up-converter to frequency 198.5 MHz (K8).
- 13. Set the channel B up-converter to frequency 205.5 MHz (K9).
- 14. Set the receiver input level of the DVB-T signal in channel B to -30dBm.
- 15. Decrease the DVB-T signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is fulfilled.
- 16. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.
- 17. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 191.5 MHz (K7), 184.5 MHz (K6) and 212.5 MHz (K10).
- 18. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$ and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$ } using signal bandwidth 7MHz,

Expected result:

The protection ratios shall be fulfilled for received signal at the requested quality level for specified DVB-T modes, signal bandwidths and supported frequencies.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

	7 MHz signal bandwidth				
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	184.5	191.5	205.5	212.5	
DVB-T mode / Channel id	K6	K7	K9	K10	
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$					
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$					
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$					

Table 1. Mandatory VHF Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

¹⁾ Example: if intermediate frequency IF is 36.15MHz, the image channel is calculated for channel 45 as 666MHz + 2 * 36.15MHz = 738.3MHz which is close to channel 54.



	8 MHz signal bandwidth					
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	650.0	658.0	674.0	682.0	738.0	
DVB-T mode / Channel id	K43	K44	K46	K47	K54	
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$						
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$						
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$						

Table 2. Mandatory UHF Band IV/V frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	7 MHz signal bandwidth			
Center frequency [MHz]	128.5	135.5	149.5	156.5
DVB-T mode / Channel id	S4	S5	S7	S8
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				

Table 3. Optional VHF S Band I frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth			
Center frequency [MHz]	122.0	130.0	146.0	154.0
DVB-T mode / Channel id	D2	D3	D5	D6
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				

Table 4. Optional VHF S Band I frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth				
Center frequency [MHz]	186.0	194.0	210.0	218.0	
DVB-T mode / Channel id	D10	D11	D13	D14	
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$					
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$					
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/4$					

Table 5. Optional VHF Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	7 MHz signal bandwidth				
Center frequency [MHz]	247.5	254.5	268.5	275.5	
DVB-T mode / Channel id	S13	S14	S16	S17	
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$					
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$					
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$					

Table 6. Optional VHF S Band II frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth			
Center frequency [MHz]	250.0	258.0	274.0	282.0
DVB-T mode / Channel id	D18	D19	D21	D22
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				

Table 7. Optional VHF S Band II frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

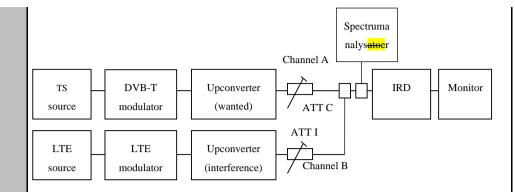
	8 MHz signal bandwidth		dth	
Center frequency [MHz]	370.0	378.0	394.0	402.0
DVB-T mode / Channel id	S29	S30	S32	S33
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$				
8K, 64-QAM, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				
8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$				



	Table 8. Optional UHF S Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
	V		
Test Case	Task 3:26 Performance: Immunity to "LTE 700 MHz" signals in Other Channels		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.7. <mark>23</mark>		
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD and IRD-T2 shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering 4G (LTE) "700MHz" signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in the Table 3. I7xx (1) while maintaining QEF reception. The power of the interfering LTE signal, both BS and UE, varies with a traffic load and traffic type. The signal power of the LTE signal is defined as the power during the active part of the time varying LTE signal, referred to as the licensed power level (I). The I/C values shall (1) be fulfilled for LTE signals with traffic loads from 0% to 100 % (BS) and for traffic loads from low bit rate to high bit rate (UE). Low traffic loads can be the most demanding ones. The minimum I/C requirement shall be fulfilled for -25 dBm in case of UE signals and -15dBm in case of BS signals defined as licensed power of interfering signal, at the input of the IRD. The requirements in this paragraph refer, for DVB-T, to following modes {FFT size, modulation, code rate, guard interval, bandwidth}; {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8, 8MHz} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz} and and for DVB-T2 to the modes {FFT size, modulation, pilot pattern, code rate, guard interval, bandwidth} {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/16, 8MHz} {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/Tu =19/256, 8MHz} {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/Tu =19/256, 7MHz} and		
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD		
variants and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the QEF reception for LTE 700 MHz signal interference on adjacent or other channels.		

Equipment:





Verify that the interfering LTE signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the wanted digital TV signal.

From IRD point of view most demanding LTE signal might be that with low traffic load.

The LTE transmission is generated by using following LTE signal characteristics: BS 0% traffic load (LTE_BS-idle_V3_synth.wv)
UE Video stream traffic (short_UE-Video-Stream_V2.wv)

Files in I/Q file format specified above are available on the ETSI website http://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi_en/303300_303399/303340/01.01.02_60/en_303340v010102p0.zip

or if not available, they can be found on the NorDig homepage.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following DVB-T mode $\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu = 1/8, 8MHz\}$
- 3. Set the channel A up-converter to 690.0MHz (K48).
- 4. Set the channel B up-converter to 708.0MHz.
- 5. Set the LTE interferfer to UE Video traffic mode.
- 6. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -25 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the large power fluctuations in the signal will be -42.7 dBm.)
- 7. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled.
- 8. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record.
- 9. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 718.0 MHz, 728.0 MHz.
- 10. Set the channel B up-converter to 763.0MHz.
- 11. Set the LTE interferfer to BS 0% traffic load mode.
- 12. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -15 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the power fluctuations in the signal will be -23.3 dBm.)
- 13. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled.
- 14. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record.
- 15. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 773.0 MHz, 783.0 MHz.



	16. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode $\{8K,64-QAM,R=3/4,\Delta/Tu=1/4,8MHz\}$.			
	Expected result:			
	The wanted DVB-T signal shall be QEF for the interference	signal le	vels as sp	pecified.
Test result(s)	Measurement record:			
			I/C [dB]	
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	708.0	718.0	728.0
	8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8, 8MHz			
	8K, 64-QAM, R= $3/4$, $\Delta/Tu = 1/4$, 8MHz			
	Table 1. UE Video stream traffic interferer			
			I/C [ID]	
	Interference of the Control of the C	762.0	I/C [dB]	
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	763.0	773.0	783.0
	8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8, 8MHz			
	8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz Table 2. BS 0% traffic load interferer			
	Table 2. BS 0% traffic foad interferer			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in com	ments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			
Duit	Sign .			

Test Case	Task 3:27 Performance: Immunity to "LTE 800 MHz" signals in Other Channels		
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.7. <mark>24</mark>		
Requirement	The DVB-T and DVB-T2 IRD shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering LTE signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in the table 3.16 below while maintaining QEF reception.		
	The power of the LTE signal, both BS and UE, varies with a traffic load. The signal power of the LTE signal is defined as the power during the active part of the time varying LTE signal. The I/C values shall be fulfilled for traffic loads 0% to 100 % (BS) and for traffic loads from low bit rate to high bit rate (UE). Low traffic loads can be the most demanding ones. The minimum I/C requirement shall be fulfilled for -15dBm defined as licensed power of interfering signal, at the input of the IRD.		
	The requirements in this paragraph refer, for DVB-T, to the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/8, 8MHz} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/4, 8MHz} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu =1/4, 8MHz} and for DVB-T2 to the modes {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/16, 8MHz} {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, Δ /Tu =19/256, 8MHz} {32KN, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =19/256, 7MHz} and		
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD		



variants and	
capability	Drawn and of toots
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the QEF reception for LTE signal interference on adjacent or other channels.
	Equipment:
	Equipment.
	Spectruma
	Channel A
	TS DVB-T Upconverter IRD Monitor
	source modulator (wanted) / ATT C
	ATT I
	LTE LTE Upconverter
	source modulator (interference) / Channel B
	Verify that the interfering LTE signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have
	too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the
	wanted digital TV signal.
	From IRD point of view most demanding LTE signal might be that with low traffic load.
	The LTE transmission is generated by using following LTE signal characteristics: LTE_BS-idle_V2.wv (BS 0% traffic load)
	LTE_UE_1Mbs_V2.wv (UE 1 MBit/s traffic load)
	Files in I/Q file format are available on NorDig homepage.
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) and L_f parameter settings defined by Teracom for the modes.
	Test procedure:
	1. Set up the test instruments
	2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8, 8MHz}
	3. Set the channel A up-converter to 786.0MHz (K60).
	4. Set the channel B up-converter to 796.0MHz.
	 5. Set the LTE interferfer to BS 0% traffic load mode. 6. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -15 dBm licensed
	power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient
	averaging to remove the power fluctuations in the signal will be -23.3 dBm.).
	7. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality
	measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled.
	8. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record.
	9. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 806.0
	MHz, 816.0 MHz.
	10. Set the channel B up-converter to 837.0MHz.
	11. Set the LTE interefer to UE 1 MBit/s traffic load mode.
	12. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -15 dBm licensed
	power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient
	averaging to remove the power fluctuations in the signal will be -24.7 dBm.) 13. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality
	measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled.
	•



	 14. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record. 15. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 847.0 MHz, 857.0 MHz. 16. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz}. 17. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz}. Expected result: The wanted DVB-T signal shall be QEF for the interference signal levels as specified. 			
Test result(s)	Measurement record:			
			I/C [dB]	
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	796.0	806.0	816.0
	8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8, 8MHz	770.0	000.0	010.0
	8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz			
	8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz			
	Table 1. BS 0% interferer	•		
			I/C [dB]	
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	837.0	847.0	857.0
	8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/8, 8MHz			
	8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz			
	8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu =1/4, 8MHz			
	Table 2. UE 1 Mbit/s interferer			
Comformitu	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in com	manta		
Conformity Comments	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in com If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update		SUNO	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
	Describe more specific radio and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:28 Performance: Performance in Time-Varying Channels
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10. <mark>98</mark>
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to operate with all signal time variations that naturally exist in connection with fixed roof-top reception (e.g. mast sway, antenna sway) and inhouse portable reception (e.g. people walking around the receiving antenna). None of the above mentioned performance parameters should be significantly negatively affected when such channel time variations exist.
The increase in required C/N for QEF reception shall be less than 3 dB for with frequency separation equal to 20 Hz and a delay of 20 μ s, correspond Doppler shift of +/- 10 Hz (after AFC), compared to a 0 dB echo with free separation equal to 1 Hz and a delay of 20 μ s, corresponding to a Doppler 0.5 Hz (after AFC). The requirements in this paragraph refer to the modes QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/8} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/4}.	
	The increase in required C/N for QEF reception shall be less than 3 dB for a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 10 Hz and a delay of 20 µs, corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 5 Hz (after AFC), compared to a 0 dB echo with frequency



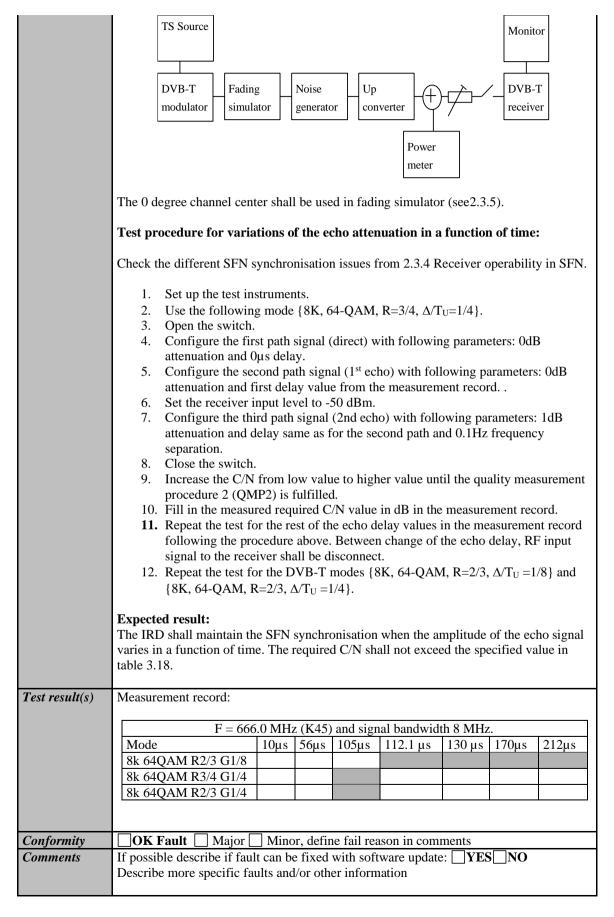
	separation equal to 1 Hz and a delay of 20 μs , corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 0.5 Hz (after AFC). The requirement in this paragraph refer to the mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu =1/4}.				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reception on a channel where time variations exists.				
	Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T modulator Fading simulator Power meter Power meter				
	The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator . This is valid for 0Hz doppler shift.				
	Test procedure:				
	 Set up the test instruments. Use the following mode: {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/8}. Use channel 45. Configure path 1 to type of static, attenuation 0dB, delay 0μs. Configure path 2 to type of pure Doppler, attenuation 0dB, delay 20μs and frequency separation to 0Hz. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequency separation values in the measurement record. Be careful of value which is configured in fading simulator. It can be speed, Doppler or frequency separation. Fill the C/N result in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/T_U =1/4}. 				
	Expected result: For the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T _U =1/8} and {8k, 64QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T _U =1/4} the increase in the required C/N shall be less than 3dB for 0dB 20 μ s echo from frequency separation 1Hz to 20Hz. For the mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /T _U =1/4} the increase in the required C/N shall be less than 3dB for 0dB 20 μ s echo from frequency separation 1Hz to 10Hz.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record: Mode OdB echo delay [μs] Frequency separation [Hz]				



	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20µs	0Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20μs	1Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20μs	5Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20µs	10Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20µs	15Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/8\}$	20µs	20Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	0Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	1Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	5Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	10Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	15Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	20Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	0Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	1Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	5Hz	
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/4\}$	20µs	10Hz	
G 6 '4		C: C :1	•	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\begin{align*} \text{YES} \emptyset{\text{NO}} \\ \text{Describe more specific faults and/or other information} \)			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date		Sign		

Test Case	Task 3:29 Performance: Synchronisation for varying echo power levels in SFN
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10. 409
Requirement	For the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu=1/8}, {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu=1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu=1/4}, the required C/N value (specified in Table 3.18) for subjective error free reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two paths with relative delay from 1.95 μ s up to 0.95 times guard interval length and the relative power levels of the two paths are dynamically varying including 0dB echo level crossing. The C/N value is defined at 0 dB level crossing.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronisation when the amplitude of the echo compared to the amplitude of the direct signal varies in a function of time. Equipment:







Date	Sign	

Test Case	Tack 2:20 Porformance: C//Null Porformance in SEN for more than one											
1 est Case	Task 3:30 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN for more than one echo											
	echo											
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.140											
Requirement	If there exists one or more FFT window positions for the time synchronisation that will											
Requirement	give an aggregate available C/(N+I) larger than or equal to the required EPT (Effective											
	Protection Target), the NorDig IRD shall be able to find one of these positions,											
	independently of echo profile. The NorDig IRD shall also be able to correctly equalise											
	the signal for echoes up to $7TU/24$ (260 μ s) (Interval of correct equalisation),											
	independently of the echo profile.											
	independently of the cello profile.											
	1) EPT = Effective Protection Target											
	EFT - Effective Protection Farget											
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD											
variants and												
<u>capability</u>												
Test procedure	Purpose of test:											
	To verify the SFN synchronization of the receiver when two echo signals are present.											
	Equipment:											
	TS Source											
	#1											
	DVB-T Fading Noise Up											
_	modulator simulator generator converter											
	CH x											
	Monitor											
	<u></u>											
	Up											
_	TS Source DVB-T converter DVB-T											
	modulator CH y receiver											
	TS Source Monitor											
	15 Source Monitor											
	DVB-T Fading Noise Up											
	modulator simulator generator converter receiver											
	CH x											
	1											



The 0 degree at channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see2.3.5).

Test procedure:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /T_U=1/4} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Open the switch.
- 4. Conifigure one path of the channel simulator to have a 0dB attenuation, 0μs delay and 0 degree phase.
- 5. Configure the second path of the channel simulator to have relative delay difference –100.1µs and attenuation 21dB (pre echo) and 0 degree phase.
- 6. Configure the third path of the channel simulator to have relative delay difference +100.0µs and attenuation 15 dB (post echo) and 0 degree phase.
- 7. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
- 8. Close the switch.
- 9. Increase the required C/N value from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 10. Fill in the required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 11. Measure the rest of the required C/N values starting at the bottom of the table and upward.
- 12. Fill in the results in the measurement record. During the change of the delay and the attenuation, the input RF signal to receiver shall be disconnected.
- 13. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$ }.
- 14. Repeat the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T_U =1/4}.

Expected result:

The IRD shall synchronize in all combinations defined in measurement record and the required C/N value shall not exceed the required C/N defined for profile 2: 0dB echo in table 3.109.

Test result(s) Measurement record:

8k 6	54QAM R=3/4	$\Delta/T_U=1/4$,	8MHz			
Mai	n path	Pre	echo	Pos	t echo	C/N [dB]
Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	
0	0	0	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	18	100	
0	0	21	-100.1	21	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	18	100	



0	0	15	-100.1	21	100	
0	0	0	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	21	-100.1	15	100	

8k 6	54QAM R=2/3	$\Delta/T_U=1/8$	8MHz			
	n path		echo	Pos	t echo	C/N [dB]
Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	
0	0	0	-50.1	0	50	
0	0	3	-50.1	3	50	
0	0	6	-50.1	6	50	
0	0	9	-50.1	9	50	
0	0	12	-50.1	12	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	18	-50.1	18	50	
0	0	21	-50.1	21	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	0	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	3	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	6	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	9	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	12	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	18	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	21	50	
0	0	0	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	3	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	6	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	9	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	12	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	15	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	18	-50.1	15	50	
0	0	21	-50.1	15	50	

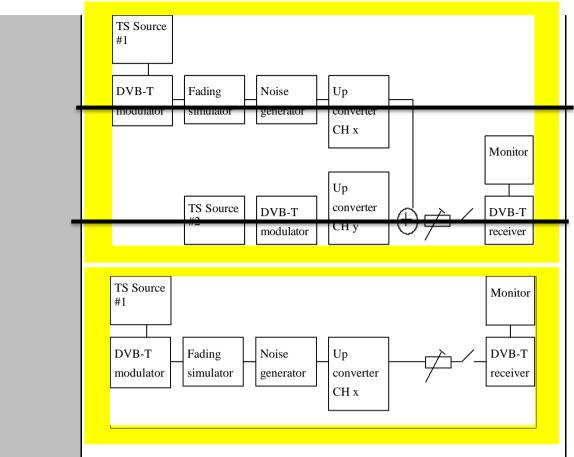
8k 6	54QAM R=2/3	$3 \Delta/T_U=1/4$	8MHz			
Mai	n path	Pre	echo	Pos	t echo	C/N [dB]
Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	Att [dB]	Delay [us]	
0	0	0	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	18	100	



		0	0	21	-100.1	21	100		
		0	0	15	-100.1	0	100		
		0	0	15	-100.1	3	100		
		0	0	15	-100.1	6	100		
		0	0	15	-100.1	9	100		
		0	0	15	-100.1	12	100		
		0	0	15	-100.1	18	100		
		0	0	15	-100.1	21	100		
		0	0	0	-100.1	15	100		
		0	0	3	-100.1	15	100		
		0	0	6	-100.1	15	100		
		0	0	9	-100.1	15	100		
		0	0	12	-100.1	15	100		
		0	0	18	-100.1	15	100		
		0	0	21	-100.1	15	100		
Conformity	$\Box 0$	K Fault	Major [Minor.	define fail	reason in	comments		
Comments			cribe if fau						
Comments			specific fa				paute1	Louino	
	Desc	TIUC IIIOI	specific 1a	iuits and/C	of Other line	nnanon			
							_		
Date						Sign			
•			•						

Test Case	Task 3:31 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN inside the guard interval
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.1011
Requirement	For the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu=1/8}, {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu=1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu=1/4}, the required C/N value for profile 2 (specified in Table 3.10) for QEF reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two static paths with relative delay from 1.95 μ s up to 0.95 times guard interval length, independently of the relative amplitudes and phases of the two paths. For specific echo attenuation, the required C/N shall not be more than 1 dB higher compared to the median value when calculated for the required C/N values over the echo delays from 1.95 μ s up to 0.95 times guard interval length.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the required C/N for echoes in SFN inside the guard interval. Equipment:





The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5).

Test procedure for required C/N in SFN for echoes inside guard interval:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /T_U=1/4} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the up-converter to center frequency 666MHz (K45).
- 4. Open the switch.
- 5. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm for the wanted signal.
- 6. Set the channel simulator relative delay difference to 1.95 us for the echo signal.
- 7. Set the channel simulator relative attenuation level to 0 dB for the echo signal.
- 8. Set C/N to such a ratio that receiver is unlocked state and reception is not possible.
- 9. Close the switch.
- 10. Increase the C/N value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 11. Fill in the required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 12. Measure the rest of the required C/N values for the negative and positive 0dB echoes. Fill in the results in the measurement record. During the change of the delay the input RF signal shall be disconnected.
- 13. Test the rest of the combinations (not marked grey) of the relative delays and attenuation levels. The delay of the echo is maintained constant when the change of the attenuation from 21dB to 1dB is done. Find the required C/N



value when the reception still fulfils the quality measurement procedure 2
(QMP2). During the change of the delay and attenuation level the input RF
signal shall be disconnected.

- 14. Continue test from step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/8$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 15. Continue test from step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 16. Set the up-converter to center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 17. Continue test from the step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$ } and signal bandwidth 7MHz.
- 18. Continue test from the step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$ } and signal bandwidth 7MHz.
- 19. Continue test from the step 4 by repeating the test for the DVB-T mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U = 1/4$ } and signal bandwidth 7MHz.

Expected result:

The IRD shall synchronize in all echo attenuation and delay combinations except the longest values according to below:

8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/8, 8MHZ : -110 μs and 110 μs

8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$, 8MHZ: -220 μ s and 220 μ s

8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/4$, 8MHZ: -220µs and 220µs

8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$, 7MHZ: -126 μ s and +126 μ s

8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U=1/4$, 7MHZ: $-252\mu s$ and $252\mu s$

8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =1/4, 7MHZ : -252 μ s and 252 μ s

The required C/N value for 0dB echo shall not be higher than defined in table 3.109. The required C/N for a specific echo amplitude shall not be more than 1 dB higher compared to the median value when calculated for the required C/N values over the echo lengths from $1.95\mu s$ up to 0.95 times guard interval length.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

8k	64QA	M R=3	3/4 ∆ /T	$_{\rm U}$ =1/4,	8MHz							
d	1.95	10	28	56	90	112.1	130	150	170	190	212	2
Β/												
us												
0												
1												
2												
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
9												L
10												
11												
12												
13												
14 15												
16												H
17												
18												
19												
20												



21												
dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-90	-112.1	-130	-150	-170	-190	-212	-220
/us												
0												
1												
2												
1 2 3 4												
5 6 7 8												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												
13 14												
15												
16												
17												
18												
19												
20												
21												

							-			
8k	64QAN	M R=2/	3 Δ/Τ τ	=1/8, 8	MHz					
dB	1.95	10	20	28	56	70	80	90	105	110
/us										
0										
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										
21										
dB	-1.95	-10	-20	-28	-56	-70	-80	-90	-105	-110
/us										
0										
1										
3										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
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9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
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15					
16					
17					
18					
19		, The state of the			
20					
21					

d	1.95	10	28	Tu=1/4,	90	112.1	130	150	170	190	212	220
u B/	1.70	10	20			112.1	150	100	1,0	170	212	
us				_		+			+			
0												
1												
2									-			
3 4									_		_	
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18												
19												
20												
21												
lΒ	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-90	-112.1	-130	-150	-170	-190	-212	-220
us						-				-		
)												
1												
2 3									-			
5 4												
5												
5												
7				_			-				_	
8												
9							<u> </u>					
10												
11												
12												
13												
14												
14												

16											
17 18											
19											
20											
21									1		1
8k 64	QAM	R=3	/4 <u>∆</u> /T₁	_U =1/4, '	7MHz]				
dB/	1.95	10	28	64	90	128.1	150	170	190	243	252
us											
0											
3											
5											
6											
7											
9											
10											
11											
12 13											
14											
15											
16 17											
18											
19 20		-									
21											
	105	10	20			120.1	1.50	150	100	2.12	2.52
dB/u s	-1.95	-10	-28	-64	-90	-128.1	-150	-170	-190	-243	-252
0											
2											
3											
4											
5											
7											
9											
10											
11											
12											
14											
15 16											
10											
17											
17 18											
18 19											
18											
18 19 20 21											
18 19 20 21 8k 6 4				U=1/8, '			00	101	126		
18 19 20 21 8k 6 4		I R=2	/3 Δ/T ₁	u= 1/8 , '	7MHz 70	80	90	121	126		
18 19 20 21 8 k 6 4 dB 1						80	90	121	126		
18 19 20 21 8k 6 4 dB /us						80	90	121	126		



		1				1		1	
4									
5									
6									
7									
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10									
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15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-64	-70	-80	-90	-121	-126
/us									
0									
1									
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							1				
8k	64QA I	M R=2	<u>′3 Δ/Τι</u>	j= 1/4, 7	MHz						
d	1.95	10	28	64	90	128.1	150	170	190	243	252
B/											
us											
0											
1											
2											
3											
4											
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	17											
	18											
	19											
	20											
	21											
										100		
		-1.95	-10	-28	-64	-90	-128.1	-150	-170	-190	-243	-252
	/us											
	1											
	2											
	3											
	4											
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	6											
	7											
	8											
	9											
	10											
	11											
	12											
	13 14											
	15											
	16											
	17											
	18											
	19											
	20											
	21											
Conformity		K Fau	ılt 🔲 🛚	Major [Min	or, defi	ne fail	reason i	n comi	nents		
Comments	If po	ssible	describ	e if fau	ılt can b	e fixed	l with se	oftware	update	: YI	ESN	O
								rmation		_		
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Date								Sign				

Test Case	Task 3:32 Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN outside the guard interval
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.1 <mark>40</mark>
Requirement	If there exists one or more FFT window positions for the time synchronisation that will give an aggregate available C/(N+I) larger than or equal to the required EPT (Effective Protection Target), the terrestrial NorDig IRD shall be able to find one of these positions, independently of echo profile. The terrestrial NorDig IRD shall also be able to correctly equalise the signal (referred to as Interval of correct qualization, TF) for an echo range (i.e. distance from first to last echo) up to 7TU/24 (i.e. for 7 MHz signal up to 298 μs and for 8 MHz signal up to 260 μs) independently of the echo profile. For echoes outside the guard interval, for 8MHz DVB-T signal, QEF reception shall be possible with echo levels up the values defined in Table 3.202 0 For echoes outside the guard interval, for 7MHz DVB-T signal, QEF reception shall be possible with echo levels up the values defined in Table 3.213.

IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD								
<u>capability</u>									
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronisation in SFN for echoes outside guard interval.								
	Equipment:								
	TS Source								
	DVB-T Fading Noise Up								
	modulator simulator generator converter								
	CH x								
	Monitor								
	Up								
	TS Source DVB-T converter DVB-T								
	#2 CH y CH y receiver								
	Test procedure for evaluation of synchronization for echoes outside the guard interval: Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.								
	1. Set up the test instruments.								
	2. Use the following mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/4} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.								
	3. Open the switch.								
	 4. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm for the wanted signal. 5. Set the channel simulator relative delay difference to 230us for the echo signal. 								
	6. Close the switch.								
	 Increase the echo attenuation from low value to higher value until quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2)is fulfilled. 								
	8. Fill in echo attenuation result in dB in the measurement record.								
	9. Repeat the test the rest of the combinations of the relative delays and attenuation levels defined in measurement record. Open the switch before								
	changing the delay and attenuation level.								
	10. Repeat the test for the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T _U =1/8} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /T _U =1/4}.								
	11. Set the up-converter to center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).								
	12. Follow the test procedure and repeat the test for the 7 MHz signal banwidth and DVB-T modes defined in the measurement record according to procedure								
	above.								
	Expected result:								
	All the echo attenuation values shall be equal or lower compared to NorDig Unified values in tables 3.20 and 3.21.								
Test result(s)	Measurement record:								
1 est resuti(s)									
	7 MHz signal bandwidth DVB-T mode Echo delay [µs]								
	-298 -266 -256 -215 -165 -135 -128								



	8k 64	4QAM R2/3 G1/8								
	8k 64	4QAM R2/3 G1/4								
	8k 64	4QAM R3/4 G1/4								
				Echo delay [μs]						
			298	266	256	215	165	135	128	
	8k 64	4QAM R2/3 G1/8								
	8k 64	4QAM R2/3 G1/4								
	8k 64	4QAM R3/4 G1/4								
							-		_	
		8	MHz	signal	bandw	idth				
		DVB-T mode			Ech	o dela	y [µs]			
				-260	-230	-200	-150	-120		
		8k 64QAM R2/3								
		8k 64QAM R2/3								
		8k 64QAM R3/4	G1/4							
					Ech	o dela	y [µs]			
				260	230	200	150	120		
		8k 64QAM R2/3								
		8k 64QAM R2/3								
		8k 64QAM R3/4	G1/4							
Conformity	OK Fault				reason					
Comments		scribe if fault can be					te: 🔲 Y		10	
	Describe more	e specific faults and	l/or otl	her inf	ormatio	n				
Date				- 1	C:					
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2.3.9.2 Test cases – DVB-T2

Test Case	Task 3:33 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Center frequencies
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.2
Requirement	The front-end shall for the supported frequency ranges be capable of tuning to the center frequency f_c of the incoming DVB-T/T2 RF signal, see below and NorDig Specification: 8 MHz raster: f_c = 114 MHz +K * 8 MHz, where K is an integer number, running from 0 to 9384. 7 MHz raster: f_c = 107.5 MHz + L * 7 MHz, where L is an integer number, running from 0 to 27. 1.7 MHz raster (DVB-T2): f_c shall be as specified in Annex B2.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify the reception over the supported frequency range.

Equipment:



Use following DVB-T2 modes:

- VHF III 1.7 MHz signal bandwidth: 8k normal bandwidth, 64QAM rotated, G1/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- VHF III 7 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k normal bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- VHF S I and S II, III and UHF S III 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- UHF IV/V 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.
- 3. Use input level of -50 dBm
- 4. Start with frequency 177.5 MHz (K5)
- 5. Use the quality measurement procedures 1 (QMP1)
- 6. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 7. Repeat the test for all channels in the table 1 and table 2 in the measurement record.
- 8. If the receiver supports optional frequency ranges, test all remaining channels in table 3 and 4 in the measurement record.

Expected result:

The result of the test shall be OK for all channels in table 1 in test results.

Test result(s)

Band	Channel	Frequency	BW	Result
		[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK
	K5	177.5	7	
	K6	184.5	7	
	K7	191.5	7	
VHF	K8	198.5	7	
III	K9	205.5	7	
	K10	212.5	7	
	K11	219.5	7	
	K12	226.5	7	
	K21	474	8	
	K22	482	8	
	K23	490	8	
	K24	498	8	
	K25	506	8	
	K26	514	8	
	K27	522	8	
UHF	K28	530	8	
IV/V	K29	538	8	
	K30	546	8	
	K31	554	8	
	K32	562	8	
	K33	570	8	
	K34	578	8	
	K35	586	8	
	K36	594	8	



NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.1, diff. ver. 2.6.0 with markup	NorDig Unified	Test Plan ver. 3	3.1.1. diff. ver.	. 2.6.0 with markups
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K37	602	8	
K38	610	8	
K39	618	8	
K40	626	8	
K41	634	8	
K42	642	8	
K43	650	8	
K44	658	8	
K45	666	8	
K46	674	8	
K47	682	8	
K48	690	8	
K49	698	8	
K50	706	8	
K51	714	8	
K52	722	8	
K53	730	8	
K54	738	8	
K55	746	8	
K56	754	8	
K57	762	8	
K58	770	8	
K59	778	8	
K60	786	8	
K61	794	8	
K62	802	<mark>%</mark>	
K63	810	8	
K64	818	8	
K65	826	<mark>&</mark>	
K66	<mark>834</mark>	8	
K67	842	8	
K68	850	8	
K69	<mark>858</mark>	8	

Table 1. Mandatory center frequencies and signal bandwidths to receive

Band	Channel	Frequency	BW	Result
		[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK
	5A	174.928	1.7	
	5B	176.640	1.7	
	5C	178.352	1.7	
	5D	180.064	1.7	
	6A	181.936	1.7	
	6B	183.648	1.7	
	6C	185.360	1.7	
	6D	187.072	1.7	
	7A	188.928	1.7	
	7B	190.640	1.7	
	7C	192.352	1.7	
	7D	194.064	1.7	
	8A	195.936	1.7	
	8B	197.648	1.7	
VHF	8C	199.360	1.7	
III	8D	201.072	1.7	
	9A	202.928	1.7	
	9B	204.640	1.7	
	9C	206.352	1.7	
	9D	208.064	1.7	
	10A	209.936	1.7	
	10B	211.648	1.7	
	10C	213.360	1.7	
	10D	215.072	1.7	
	11A	216.928	1.7	
	11B	218.640	1.7	
	11C	220.352	1.7	
	11D	222.064	1.7	
	12A	223.936	1.7	
	12B	225.648	1.7	

12C	227.360	1.7	
12D	229.072	1.7	
13A	230.784	1.7	
13B	232.496	1.7	
13C	234.208	1.7	
13D	235.776	1.7	
13E	237.488	1.7	
13F	239.200	1.7	

Table 2. Optional center frequencies and 1.7MHz signal bandwidths to receive

Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	BW [MHz]	Result 7MHz OK or NOK	BW [MHz]	Result 8MHz OK or NOK
	D1	114.0	7		8	
	S2	114.5	7		8	
VIIIE	S3	121.5	7		8	
	D2	122.0	7		8	
	S4	128.5	7		8	
	D3	130.0	7		8	
	S5	135.5	7		8	
	D4	138.0	7		8	
VHF S I	S6	142.5	7		8	
31	D5	146.0	7		8	
	S7	149.5	7		8	
	D6	154.0	7		8	
	S8	156.5	7		8	
	D7	162.0	7		8	
	S9	163.5	7		8	
	D8	170.0	7		8	
	S10	170.5	7		8	
	K5	177.5	7		8	
	D9	178.0	7		8	
	K6	184.5	7		8	
	D10	186.0	7		8	
	K7	191.5	7		8	
	D11	194.0	7		8	
	K8	198.5	7		8	
VHF III	D12	202.0	7		8	
	K9	205.5	7		8	
	D13	210.0	7		8	
	K10	212.5	7		8	
	D14	218.0	7		8	
	K11	219.5	7		8	
	D15	226.0	7		8	
	K12	226.5	7		8	
	S11	233.5	7		8	
	D16	234.0	7		8	
	S12	240.5	7		8	
	D17	242.0	7		8	
	S13	247.5	7		8	
	D18	250.0	7		8	
	S14	254.5	7		8	
	D19	258.0	7		8	
VIIIE	S15	261.5	7		8	
VHF S II	D20	266.0	7		8	
3 11	S16	268.5	7		8	
	D21	274.0	7		8	
	S17	275.5	7		8	
	D22	282.0	7		8	
	S18	282.5	7		8	
	S19	289.5	7		8	
	D23	290.0	7		8	
	S20	296.5	7		8	
	D24	298.0	7		8	

Table 3 Optional VHF center frequencies and signal bandwidths to receive.



		\$21 \$22 \$23 \$24 \$25 \$26 \$27 \$28 \$29 \$30 \$31 \$32	[MHz] 306.0 314.0 322.0 330.0 338.0 346.0 354.0 362.0 370.0 378.0 386.0	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	OK or NOK
		\$22 \$23 \$24 \$25 \$26 \$27 \$28 \$29 \$30 \$31	314.0 322.0 330.0 338.0 346.0 354.0 362.0 370.0 378.0 386.0	8 8 8 8 8 8	
		\$23 \$24 \$25 \$26 \$27 \$28 \$29 \$30 \$31	322.0 330.0 338.0 346.0 354.0 362.0 370.0 378.0 386.0	8 8 8 8 8 8	
		\$24 \$25 \$26 \$27 \$28 \$29 \$30 \$31	338.0 346.0 354.0 362.0 370.0 378.0 386.0	8 8 8 8	
		\$25 \$26 \$27 \$28 \$29 \$30 \$31	338.0 346.0 354.0 362.0 370.0 378.0 386.0	8 8 8 8	
		\$27 \$28 \$29 \$30 \$31 \$32	346.0 354.0 362.0 370.0 378.0 386.0	8 8 8	
		\$27 \$28 \$29 \$30 \$31 \$32	354.0 362.0 370.0 378.0 386.0	8 8 8	
		\$28 \$29 \$30 \$31 \$32	362.0 370.0 378.0 386.0	8 8	
		\$29 \$30 \$31 \$32	370.0 378.0 386.0		
		S30 S31 S32	378.0 386.0		
		S31 S32	386.0		J
		S32		8	
			394.0	8	
		S33	402.0	8	
		S34	410.0	8	
	UHF	S35	418.0	8	
	S III <mark>/V</mark>	S36	426.0	8	
		S37	434.0	8	
		S38	442.0	8	
		S39	450.0	8	
		S40	458.0	8	
				8	
		K62		8	
		K63	810.0	8	
		K64	818.0	8	
		K65	826.0	8	
				8	
		K67		8	
		K68		8	
		K69	858.0	8	
Γable 4 Optional U	JHF cent	ter frequer	ncies and si	ignal bandw	idth to receive.
OK Fault N	Major [Minor, d	efine fail re	eason in con	nments
					icIESI
Describe more spe	cific fau	its and/or	otner infori	mation	
			Si	ign	
	OK Fault	OK Fault Major fossible describe if fault	S41 K61 K62 K63 K64 K65 K66 K67 K68 K69 Fable 4 Optional UHF center frequer OK Fault Major Minor, d If possible describe if fault can be fix	S41 466.0 K61 794.0 K62 802.0 K63 810.0 K64 818.0 K65 826.0 K66 834.0 K67 842.0 K68 850.0 K69 858.0 Table 4 Optional UHF center frequencies and some superior of the second s	S41 466.0 8 K61 794.0 8 K62 802.0 8 K63 810.0 8 K64 818.0 8 K65 826.0 8 K66 834.0 8 K67 842.0 8 K68 850.0 8 K69 858.0 8 Table 4 Optional UHF center frequencies and signal bandw

Test Case	Task 3:34 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Frequency offset
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to receive signals with an offset of up to 50kHz from the nominal frequency.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that the reception is possible in specified frequency offset from nominal
	frequency.
	Equipment:



Use following DVB-T2 modes:

- VHF III 1.7 MHz signal bandwidth: 8k normal bandwidth, 64QAM rotated, G1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- VHF III 7 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k normal bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- UHF IV/V 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Set the center frequency to 177.5 MHz and frequency offset to 0 kHz. Use signal bandwidth 7MHz.
- 3. Use the corresponding DVB-T2 mode from the list above.
- 4. Use input level of -50 dBm
- 5. Connect receiver and do the channel search if needed.
- 6. Test with the specified frequency offset values in the measurement record. Before changing the frequency offset, disconnect the receiver from the received RF signal.
- 7. Do the change of frequency offset,
- 8. Connect the received RF signal back to the receiver.
- 9. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1)
- 10. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 11. Test the remaining frequency offset values on specified center frequencies and signal bandwidths in the measurement record.

Expected result:

The test shall be OK for all frequency offset values on specified center frequencies and signal bandwidths in table 1 in test results.

Test result(s)

Channel	Signal BW	Frequency	Offset	Result
	[MHz]	[MHz]	[kHz]	OK or NOK
	7	177.5	-50	
K5	7	177.5	0	
	7	177.5	+50	
	7	226.5	-50	
K12	7	226.5	0	
	7	226.5	+50	
	8	474.0	-50	
K21	8	474.0	0	
	8	474.0	+50	
	8	<mark>786858.0</mark>	-50	
K <mark>6069</mark>	8	<mark>786858.0</mark>	0	
	8	<mark>786858.0</mark>	+50	

Table 1. Mandatory center frequency offsets to receive.

Channel	Signal BW	Frequency	Offset	Result
	[MHz]	[MHz]	[kHz]	OK or NOK
	1.7	174.928	-50	
5A	1.7	174.928	0	
	1.7	174.928	+50	
	1.7	239.200	-50	



		13F	1.7	239.200	0		
			1.7	239.200	+50		
	Table 2. Optional center frequency offsets to receive.						
Conformity	UOK Fault	Major	Minor, det	fine fail reaso	n in com	iments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date				Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:35 DVB-T2: Frequencies: Signal bandwidths					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.2.4					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD for DVB-T2 shall support both the normal and extended carrier modes.					
	The NorDig IRD for DVB-T2 shall follow network parameter change from normal to extended carrier mode and vice versa automatically without any need for user action.					
	VHF Bands: The NorDig IRD shall (1) for the supported frequency ranges be able to receive MHz and should be able to receive 8 MHz DVB-T/T2 signals. If 8 MHz bandwidth is supported it shall automatically detect which DVB-T/T2 signal bandwidth is being used, and it shall be possible to receive the 8 MHz DVB-T/T signals on the 7 MHz channel frequency raster. If 1.7 MHz bandwidth is supported the NorDig IRD-T2 shall automatically detect which DVB-T/T2 signal bandwidth is being used.					
	UHF Bands: The NorDig IRD shall for the supported frequency ranges be able to receive 8 MHz DVB-T/T2 signals.					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is able to automatically detect the transmitted signal bandwidth and do the required adaptations for QEF reception.					
	Equipment: TS source DVB-T2 exciter DVB-T2 receiver Use following DVB-T2 modesin single PLP mode:					
	VHF III 1.7 MHz signal bandwidth: 8k normal bandwidth, 64QAM rotated, G1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR					

- VHF III 7 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k normal or extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI19/256, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- VHF III 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI19/256, PP2, R3/5, L1-ACE & TR PAPR
- UHF IV/V 8 MHz signal bandwidth: 32k normal or extended bandwidth, 256OAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the transmission frequency UHF IV/V 666 MHz (K45) and an input level of 50 dBm to the receiver. Select corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.
- 3. Connect the receiver and perform an automatic or manual channel search. The signal bandwidth initialization shall not be required by the user.
- 4. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 5. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 6. Change the transmission frequency to VHF III channel 198.5 MHz (K8) and signal bandwidth to 7 MHz. Select corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.
- 7. Verify that the channel list does not have any services installed by performing initialization to factory defaults or in such way.
- 8. Do an automatic or manual channel search. The signal bandwidth initialization shall not be required by the user.
- 9. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 10. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.
- 11. If receiver supports 1.7MHz signal bandwidth in VHF III, change the transmission frequency to VHF III channel 209.936 MHz (10A) and signal bandwidth to 1.7 MHz. Select corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.
- 12. Verify that the channel list does not have any services installed by performing initialization to factory defaults or in such way.
- 13. Do an automatic or manual channel search. The signal bandwidth initialization shall not be required by the user.
- 14. Use the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 15. If receiver supports 8MHz signal bandwidth in VHF III, change the transmission frequency to VHF III channel 198.5 MHz (K8) and signal bandwidth to 8 MHz. Select corresponding DVB-T2 mode from list above.

Expected result:

The test results shall be OK for all tests in the table 1 and table 2 in the measurement record and user does not have to initialize the signal bandwidth for the successfull channel search and QEF reception.

If 1.7MHz signal bandwidth in VHF is supported the test result shall be OK for the test in the table 3 in the test reults.

If 8MHz signal bandwidth in VHF is supported the test result shall be OK for the test in the table 3 in the test results.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Signal bandwidth [MHz]	Result OK or NOK
K8	198.5	7	
K45	666.0	8	

Table 1 Mandatory signal bandwidths to receive for normal carrier mode.

Channel	Frequency	Signal bandwidth	Result
	[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK



		K8	198.5	7				
		K45	666.0	8				
	Table 2 Ma	andatory signal	bandwidths to 1	eceive for extended ca	rrier mode			
		Channel	Frequency	Signal bandwidth	Result			
		Chamici	[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK			
		10.4			OK 01 NOK			
	Table 3 Optional signal bandwidth to receive for normal carrier mode.							
	Table 3 Op	buonai signai ba	andwidth to rece	erve for normal carrier	mode.			
		Champal	E	Cional handenidah	Dagusl4	l		
		Channel	Frequency	Signal bandwidth	Result			
		170	[MHz]	[MHz]	OK or NOK			
		K8	198.5	8		I		
	Table 4 Op	otional signal ba	andwidths to rec	eive for extended carri	er mode			
Conformity	OK Fau			fail reason in commer				
Comments				vith software update:	JYES ∐NO			
	Describe m	nore specific far	ults and/or other	rinformation				
Date				Sign				
Test Case	Task 3:36	6 DVB-T2: Mo	odes					
Section	NorDig Ur	nified 3.4.3						
Requirement			be capable of c	orrectly demodulating	all allowed confi	gurations		
Trequest enterts				302 755, with the follow		garacions,		
			//Hz bandwidth		wing exceptions.			
		apport for 1.7 iv	iiiz banawiam	is optional				
	• St	upport for Time	Frequency Slice	eing (TFS) is optional.				
	• Si	upport for 10 M	IHz bandwidth i	s not required				
				CE is not as assisted				
	• 30	upport for PLPs	s carrying GS/G	SE is not required				
	• S1	upport for Trans	smission modes	16K and 32K, when 1	7 MHz RF band	width is		
		apported, is not		Torraine 32rr, when r	., will it cana	***************************************		
		.pported, is not	required					
	The exister	nce of transmiss	sions using conf	igurations that the Nor	Dig IRD-T2 is no	ot required		
	to support	shall not cause	the NorDig IRI	O-T2 to malfunction.				
	When TFS	is supported th	e following sha	ll apply: For 8MHz DV	VB-T2 signals wi	th		
	modulation	n parameters {3	2K, 256-QAM,	$CR=3/5$, $GI=1/16$ } on	all data PLPs the	NorDig		
	IRD-T2 sh	all support rece	ption of variabl	e-bit rate PLPs in TFS	with a TS peak d	lata rate of		
	up to 15 M	bps using up to	six RF frequen	cies. Each TS is split in	nto one data PLP	and a		
	common P	LP.	_	-				
	The NorDi	g IRD shall aut	omatically dete	ct which mode is being	g used.			
IRD Profile(s)		, DVB T Terre						
variants and								
capability								
Test procedure	Purpose of	f test:						
	Purpose of test:							

To verify the reception of subset of all possible DVB-T2 modes.



TFS support is not tested.

MISO support is not tested.

FEC frame length 16200 is not tested.

Input Mode B is not tested.

Normal mode (NM) is not tested.

Extended and normal carrier modes are tested in test Task 3:36 DVB-T2 Frequencies: Bandwidth

Equipment:



Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks:

Carrier mode	Normal
Signal bandwidth	8MHz

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use channel K45 (666MHz) and an input level of -50 dBm.
- 3. Test all the DVB-T2 parameter combinations listed in tables in test results using the quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).

4. Fill the result in the measurement record: **OK** or **NOK**.

Expected result:

The test shall be OK for all tested DVB-T2 mode parameter listed in test result tables.

Test result(s) Measurement record:

	FFT	NOK or OK
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f = 90	1k	
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f = 90	2k	
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f = 90	4k	
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f = 90	8k	
64QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 90	8k ext	
256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 90	16k	
256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f = 90	16k ext	
256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 60	32k	



256QAM rotated, GI1/8, PP2, R3/4, L1-ACE &	32k ext	
TR PAPR, $L_f = 60$	32K EXT	

Table 1 FFT sizes

	Rotation	NOK or OK
32k, 256QAM	Rotated	
GI1/16,		
PP4, R2/3,		
L1-ACE & TR PAPR,	Non-rotated	
$L_f=62$		

Table 2 Constellation rotation

	Pilot pattern	NOK or OK
16k,256QAM rotated,GI1/4,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 90	PP1	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/8,R3/4,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 60	PP2	
16k,256QAM rotated,GI1/8,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 90	PP3	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/16,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L= 62	PP4	
16k,256QAM rotated,G1/16,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 90	PP5	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/32,R3/5,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L= 62	PP6	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/128,R2/3,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L= 60	PP7	
32k,256QAM rotated,GI1/16,R3/4,L1-ACE & TR PAPR,L _f = 62	PP8	

Table 3 Pilot patterns

		NOK o	NOK or OK					
			L1-ACE & TR PAPR, rotated constellation					
		32K, PP7,	32K,	32K, PP2,	32K, PP2,	32K, PP2,	32K, PP2,	8K, PP1
		$L_f = 60$	$L_f = 60$	$L_f = 60$	$L_f = 60$	$L_f = 60$	$L_f = 60$	$L_f = 60$
Modulation	FEC	1/128	1/32	1/16	19/256	1/8	19/128	1/4
QPSK	1/2							
QPSK	3/5							
QPSK	2/3							
QPSK	3/4							
QPSK	4/5							
QPSK	5/6							
16-QAM	1/2							
16-QAM	3/5							
16-QAM	2/3							
16-QAM	3/4							
16-QAM	4/5							
16-QAM	5/6							
64-QAM	1/2							
64-QAM	3/5							
64-QAM	2/3							



	64-QAM	3/4									
	64-QAM	4/5									
	64-QAM	5/6									
	256-QAM	1/2									
	256-QAM	3/5									
	256-QAM	2/3									
	256-QAM	3/4									
	256-QAM	4/5									
	256-QAM	5/6									
	Table 4 Guard int	ervals, co	nstellat	ions and	code rate	s fo	r allow	ed com	binati	ons of FFT	-
	sizes, pilot pattern	ns and L1	-ACE &	t TR PA	PR.						
											_
			PAI	PR			L1_A	CE_M	AX	NOK or OK	
	32k normal,		L1-	ACE and	P2-TR			0			
	256QAM non-	rotated	L1-	ACE and	ACE onl	y		0			
	GI1/8,		L1-2	ACE and	TR only		0				
	PP2,		L1-ACE, ACE and TR				0				_
	R3/4			used			N/A		_	-	
	Table 5 Peak-to-a	verage no			D)			14/11			
	Table 5 Teak-to-a	verage pe	wei ia	.10 (1 A1	K)						
Conformity	OK Fault	Major	Minor	, define	fail reason	in (comme	ents			
Comments	If possible describ								NC)	
	Describe more sp										
					~ !						
Date					Sign						
T . C	T/ 0.07.0\/D	TO 1/1/0									
Test Case	Task 3:37 DVB-T2: MISO										
C4:	NauDia Haifia 4.2	1.2									
Section	NorDig Unified 3		- : C: 4:	41		"Dĭ	/D T2	1 - 22	: 1	1 (41	1:-4
Requirement	Within the NorDi is not exhaustive)		cincat	ion the c	oncept of	יע	В-1 2	mode"	inciuo	les e.g. (the	nst
	SISO/M										
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB		trial ID	D							
variants and	Dasie, IKD, DVB	T Terres	urar IIV	v							
capability											
- apaoiiity											

To verify that the receiver fully supports the expected advantages of MISO transmissions

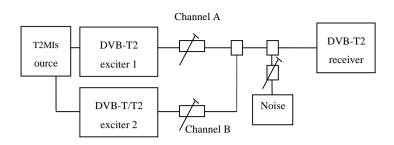
Purpose of test:

modes in SFN.

Equipment:

Test procedure





T2MI source shall have a TS containing at least one service.

Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks:

SISO/MISO	MISO
2120/MI20	MISO

Both DVB-T2 exciters must be locked to same reference signals as well as run in the SFN mode.

Test procedure:

First verify reception in Gaussian like channel when exciters are in MISO modes with different group settings.

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Set the channel A to 666.0MHz (K45).
- 3. Set the channel B to 666.0MHz (K45).
- 4. Set the DVB-T2 exciter in channel A to MISO group 1 mode with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f = 62.
- 5. Set the DVB-T2 exciter in channel B to MISO group 2 mode with parameters 8MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f =62.
- 6. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T2 signal in channel A to -50 dBm. Attenuate the input signal from channel B so that it is not able to be received.
- 7. Adjust the noise power to a level corresponding 30dB signal-to-noise ratio.
- 8. Verify the service carried on channel A is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1(QMP1).
- 9. Fill in **NOK** or **OK**in measurement record.
- 10. Increase the attenuation for the channel A so that it is not any more able to be received.
- Decrease the attenuation for the channel B. Adjust the receiver input level to -50dBm.
- 12. Verify the service carried on channel Bis able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1).
- 13. Fill in **NOK** or **OK**in measurement record.

Secondly verify reception in SFN like channels in MISO modes with different group settings.

14. Set the DVB-T2 exciter in channel A to MISO group 1 mode with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L₁= 62.



	 difference and verify the total output power level is -50dBm as well as noise power to a level corresponding 30dB signal-to-noise ratio. 16. Verify the service carried on channel A is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1). 17. Fill in NOK or OKin measurement record. 18. Set the relativedelay of the exciters to 170μs and output power level difference to 0dB. 19. Verify the service carried on channel A is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1). 20. Fill in NOK or OKin measurement record. Thirdly verify reception in SFN like channels in MISO modes with equal group settings. 21. Set the DVB-T2 exciters in channel A and B to MISO group 2 ¹⁾mode with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP2, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L_f= 62. 22. Set relative delay of the exciters to 10μs, adjust output levels to 0dB echo difference and verify the total output power level is -50dBm as well as noise power to a level corresponding 30dB signal-to-noise ratio. 23. Verify the service carried on is able to be received and decoded correctly using quality measurement procedure 1 (QMP1). 24. Fill in NOK or OKin measurement record. 25. Set the relative delay of the exciters to 170μs and output power level difference to 						
	27.	quality measurem Fill in NOK or O	e carried on is able ent procedure 1 (K in measurement N consisting three	MP1). record.			-
	Consider reception in SFN consisting three or more transmitters. Because of group settings in exciters, reception from exciters within same group or different groupsmay occur. Expected result: The IRD is able to decode services correctly and all the test results are OK.						
Test result(s)	Measure	ment record					
		Exciter 1 MISO group 1	Exciter 2	Channe profile Gaussian		NOK or OK	
		-	MISO group 2	Gaussian			
		MISO group 1 MISO group 1	MISO group 2 MISO group 2	10μs 0dB ed 170μs 0dB			-
		MISO group 2	MISO group 2	10μs 0dB e			=
		MISO group 2	MISO group 2	170µs 0dB			
Conformity	□ок і	Foult Major	Minor define fe	1 rooson in co	mmonto	,	
Conformity Comments			Minor, define fai can be fixed with				
Comments			lts and/or other inf			-20_110	
Date				Sign			



Test Case	Task 3:38 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (multiple PLPs)					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3					
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list					
	is not exhaustive):					
	 Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255) 					
Variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:					
	To verify that receiver supports input mode B with multiple PLPs without common PLP.					
	Equipment:					
	T2MI					
	PLP_1 TS_1 PLP_2 PLP_2					
	TS_2 $T2GW$					
	132 Exciter					
	Use Mode B (Multiple PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2					
	modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.					
	The DVB-T2 exciter is configured with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, $L_{\rm f}$ = 62.					
	In figure above a T2GW is producing the T2MI signal with multiple PLPs. Another equipment can be used as well supporting multiple PLPs.					
	TS ₁ is broadcasted as PLP ₁ . TS ₂ is broadcasted as PLP ₂ .					
	Both TSs carry services able to be decoded in IRD.					
	Test procedure:					
	 Configure the system Make automatic channel search in the IRD Verify the service carried with TSs are decoded in the IRD 					
	Expected result:					
	IRD is able to decode services carried within TS ₁ and TS ₂ correctly.					
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information					



Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:39 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (multiple PLPs and common PLP)							
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3							
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255)							
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver supports input mode B with multiple PLPs and common PLP. Equipment:							
	T2MI PLP0 PLP1 PLP2 TS2 T2GW PLP2 DVB-T2 exciter IRD Use Mode B (Multiple PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks. The DVB-T2 exciter is configured with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 62. In figure above a T2GW is producing the T2MI signal with multiple PLPs. Another							
	equipment can be used as well supporting multiple PLPs. The PLP ₀ corresponds common PLP and carries information equipment supports. In this test the common information is EIT which content can be verified in IRD. PLP ₀ carries the PSI/SI TS ₁ is broadcasted as PLP ₁ . TS ₂ is broadcasted as PLP ₂ .							
	Both TSs carries services and EIT able to be decoded in IRD.							
	Test procedure:							
	 Configure the system Make automatic channel search in the IRD Verify the service carried with TSs are decoded in the IRD 							
	Expected result: IRD is able to decode services carried within TS ₁ and TS ₂ correctly and present EIT information correctly.							
Test result(s)								



Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						
Duie	<i>Sign</i>						
Test Case	Task 3:40 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM for TDI)						
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3						
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): • Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255) DVB-T2 signal introduces a receiver buffer model (RBM) which is fundamental when it comes to receive signals where carried transport stream doesn't have constant bit rate as it is case for MPLPs.						
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD						
variants and	Basic, IRD, DVB I Terrestrial IRD						
capability							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that received DVB-T2 signal can stress the receiver RBM regarding time deinterleaver buffer based on DVB V&V tests. Equipment:						
	TS Source DVB-T2 Fading Noise generator Up converter Power meter Monitor DVB-T2 receiver						
	Use Mode B (multiple PLP) and parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes for NU_M2. T2 frames within PLP _{id} =0 and 1 shall carry a valid TS. TS bit rate is restricted to maximum						
	of 3.3 MBit/s. The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS. TS contains one service.						
	The DVB-T2 signal generation shall support DVB V&V dynamic multiple PLP models. The configuration files are available for download on NorDig homepages.						

Parameter

Description

Value



	M L NumReps RunLength (TS0) RunLength (TS1) RunLength (TS2) RunLength (TS3)	Interval in packets between common PLP slots Number of separate chapters Repeats of repeating unit Run length for TS0 in each repeating unit in a chapter Run length for TS1 in each repeating unit in a chapter Run length for TS2 in each repeating unit in a chapter Run length for TS3 in each repeating unit in a chapter	22 4 15, 1, 15, 1 92, 20, 44, 27 44, 27, 92, 20 8, 2, 8, 2 8, 2, 8, 2				
	Test procedure:						
	 Set up the test instruments. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, Δ/T_U=1/128} and signal bandwidth 8MHz in exciter. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Verify valid TS is mapped into the PLP_{id}=0. Perform channel search and make sure the receiver has deleted any possible old service on the channel list. Verify the received signal carrying service using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). Repeat the test for a valid TS mapped into the PLP_{id}=1. 						
	Expected result: Broadcasting of DVB-T2 signal according to signal description which stresses the RBM is demodulated correctly and service carried within TS is decoded error free.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Maj	or Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date		Sign					

Test Case	Task 3:41 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM for DJB)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): • Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255)
	DVB-T2 signal introduces a receiver buffer model (RBM) which is fundamental when it comes to receive signals where carried transport stream doesn't have constant bit rate as it is case for MPLPs.



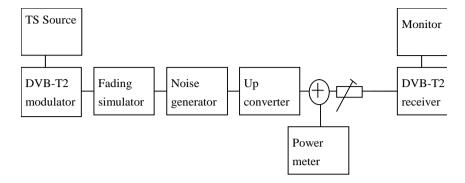
IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD				
capability capability capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that received DVB-T2 signal can stress the receiver RBM regarding debuffer based on DVB V&V tests.				
	Equipment:				
	TS Source DVB-T2 Fading Simulator S				
	The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS.				
	TS contains one service.				
	The DVB-T2 signal generation shall support DVB V&V dynamic multiple PLP models. The configuration files are available for download on NorDig homepages.				
	Parameter M L NumReps	Description Interval in packets between common PLP slots Number of separate chapters Repeats of repeating unit	Value 11 8 15, 1, 15, 1, 15, 1, 15, 1,		
	RunLength (TS0)	Run length for TS0 in each repeating unit in a chapter	15, 1 102, 95, 102, 95, 102, 95,		
	RunLength (TS1)	Run length for TS1 in each repeating unit in a chapter	102, 95 15, 29, 15, 29, 15, 29, 15, 29		
	RunLength (TS2)	Run length for TS2 in each repeating unit in a chapter	14, 15, 14, 15, 14, 15, 14, 15		
	RunLength (TS3)	Run length for TS3 in each repeating unit in a chapter	14, 16, 14, 16, 14, 16, 14, 16		
	Test procedure:				
	2. Use the follow	st instruments. wing DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAN ndwidth 8MHz in exciter.	M, PP7, $\Delta/T_U=1/128$ }		



	3. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference.			
	4. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.			
	5. Verify valid TS is mapped into the PLP _{id} =0.			
	6. Perform channel search and make sure the receiver has deleted any possible old service on the channel list.			
	7. Verify the received signal carrying service using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2).			
	8. Repeat the test for TS mapped into the PLP _{id} =2.			
	Expected result:			
	Broadcasting of DVB-T2 signal according to signal description which stresses the RBM is demodulated correctly and service carried within TS is decoded error free.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:42 DVB-T2: Input Mode B (RBM when FEF present)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list is not exhaustive): • Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255) DVB-T2 signal introduces a receiver buffer model (RBM) which is fundamental when it comes to receive signals where carried transport stream doesn't have constant bit rate as it is case for MPLPs and FEF.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that received DVB-T2 signal can stress the receiver RBM regarding time deinterleaver buffer based on DVB V&V tests. Equipment:





Use Mode B (multiple PLP) and parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes for NU_M4 .

The DVB-T2 signal shall contain a FEF with PRBS content and with a FEF interval of 4 T2 frames.

The size of the PRBS FEF is 380000 samples and T2 frame size Lf=28 symbols.

T2 frames within $PLP_{id}=0$ and 3 shall carry a valid TS. TS bit rate is restricted to maximum of 3.3MBit/s.

The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS.

TS contains one service.

The DVB-T2 signal generation shall support DVB V&V dynamic multiple PLP models. The configuration files are available for download on NorDig homepages.

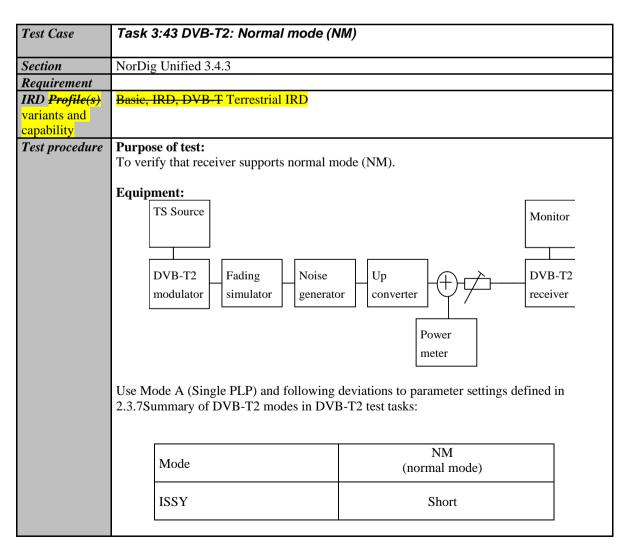
Parameter	Description	Value
M	Interval in packets between common PLP slots	11
L	Number of separate chapters	10
NumReps	Repeats of repeating unit	15, 1, 15, 1,
		15, 1, 15, 1,
		15, 1
RunLength (TS0)	Run length for TS0 in each repeating unit	102, 95, 102,
	in a chapter	95, 0, 0, 66, 3,
		102, 95
RunLength (TS1)	Run length for TS1 in each repeating unit	13, 11, 13, 11,
	in a chapter	19, 13, 8, 17,
		13, 11
RunLength (TS2)	Run length for TS2 in each repeating unit	13, 15, 13, 15,
	in a chapter	19, 13, 8, 15,
		13, 15
RunLength (TS3)	Run length for TS3 in each repeating unit	13, 14, 13, 14,
	in a chapter	18, 11, 7, 3,
		13, 14

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, $\Delta/T_U=1/128$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz in exciter.
- 3. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference.



	4. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
	5. Verify valid TS is mapped into the PLP _{id} =0.
	6. Perform channel search and make sure the receiver has deleted any possible old service on the channel list.
	7. Verify the received signal carrying service using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2).
	8. Repeat the test for a valid TS mapped into the PLP _{id} =3.
	Expected result:
	Broadcasting of DVB-T2 signal according to signal description which stresses the RBM is demodulated correctly and service carried within TS is decoded error free.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign





	The DVB-T2 modulator is configured with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 62. Test procedure:			
Total manufacture	Configure the system Make automatic channel search in the IRD Verify the services carried with TS are decoded correctly in the IRD Expected result: IRD is able to decode services carried within TS correctly.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:44 DVB-T2: Input Mode A (zero power FEF present)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
•	To verify that broadcasting of FEF doesn't cause any harm for the receiver.
	Equipment:
	TS Source DVB-T2 Fading Simulator Noise Generator Power Monitor DVB-T2 receiver Power Monitor DVB-T2 receiver Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks:
	ISSY Enabled
	FEF Yes
	Auxiliary streams Not used
	Frames per superframe (N _{T2}) 6
	FEF P1: S1 Value 2



	FEF P1: S2 Value	1			
	T2 P1:S2 Value	1			
	FEF size	520000 samples			
	Design delay	719248 samples			
	The DVB-T2 signal shall contain empty I	FEF with a FEF interval of 6 T2 frames.			
	The size of the empty FEF is 520000 sam (236.320ms). By empty FEF means FEF power during the FEF compared to T2 fra	without content resulting to a lower RF of			
	T2 frames shall carry a TS. TS bitrate is n deliver, with other words, the number of T	1 1	ize can		
	The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS.				
	TS contains at least one service.				
	Using DVB-T2 mode specified (Lf=62 sy 36.55190642Mbit/s. Using FEF and T2 fr 35.14229377 Mbit/s.		S		
	Test procedure:				
	 \(\Delta/T_U=1/16 \)\) and signal bandwidt 3. Use Gaussian channel without at 4. Set the receiver input level to -50 5. Verify the received signal carrying 2 (QMP2). 6. Disable FEF from broadcast. 7. After possible short interruption the receiver shall recover by itse 8. Verify the received signal carrying 2 (QMP2). 9. Enable FEF in broadcast. 10. After possible short interruption the receiver shall recover by itse 	lditional noise or interference.	rocedure disabled, rocedure enabled,		
	Expected result:				
	Broadcasting of FEF doesn't cause any hadecoded correctly.	arm to receiver and services carried with	in TS are		
	Receiver doesn't need any actions from endisabled and enabled.	nd user to maintain reception when FEF	is		
Test result(s)					
Conformity		fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed w				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other	information			



Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:45 DVB-T2: Input Mode A (R	RBM when FEF present)				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3					
Requirement	Within the NorDig IRD specification the concept of "DVB-T2 mode" includes e.g. (the list					
•	is not exhaustive):					
	• Input Mode A (single PLP) or Input Mode B (Multiple PLPs – Common PLP, Type 1 and 2 up to the maximum allowed figure 255)					
	DVB-T2 signal introduces a receiver buffer model (RBM) which is fundamental when it					
	comes to receive signals where carried transport stream doesn't have constant bit rate as it is case when FEF is present.					
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD					
variants and capability	240X, 112, 2 · 2 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 ·					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that received DVB-T2 signal catests.	n stress the receiver RBM based on DVB V&V				
	Equipment:					
	TS Source	Monitor				
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise Up DVB-T2					
	modulator simulator generato					
	Power					
		meter				
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7					
	Summary of DVB-T2 modes for NU_S34					
	PLP Code rate	3/5				
	PAPR	TR & L1-ACE				
	PAPR V _{clip}	3.55V				
	L1_ACE_MAX	0.1 Enabled				
	ISSY FEF	Yes				
	Auxiliary streams	Not used				
	Frames per superframe (N _{T2})	6				
	FEF P1: S1 Value	2				
	FEF P1: S2 Value	1				
	T2 P1:S2 Value	1				
	FEF size	595420 samples				



		Design delay	71938	88 samples	
		BUFS	20	097152	
	The DV frames.	/B-T2 signal shall contain a FEF w	vith PRBS conter	nt and with a FEF interv	al of 6 T2
	The siz	e of the PRBS FEF is 595420 samp	ples and T2 fram	e size Lf=62symbols.	
	T2 fran	nes shall carry a TS. TS bitrate is re	estricted to maxin	mum of 4.5MBit/s.	
	The con	ntent of the TS is maximed to TS b	it rate.		
	TS contains at least one service.				
	The con	nfiguration files are available for de	ownload on Norl	Dig homepages.	
		OVB-T2 mode specified (Lf=62syr Using FEF and T2 frame size related			
	Test pi	ocedure:			
	3. 4.	Set up the test instruments. Use the following DVB-T2 mode Δ/T_U =1/16} and signal bandwidt of the DVB-T2 signal. Use Gaussian channel without ac Set the receiver input level to -50 Perform channel search and mak service on the channel list. Verify the received signal carryin 2 (QMP2).	h 8MHz in excited the sum of the	er according to descripting interference. er has deleted any possil	on above
	Expect	ed result:			
		asting of DVB-T2 signal according alated correctly and services carried			RBM is
Test result(s)					
Conformity	ОК	Fault Major Minor, define	fail reason in co	mments	
Comments		ble describe if fault can be fixed we more specific faults and/or other		ate: YES NO	
Date			Sign		
				-	

Test Case	Task 3:46 DVB-T2: Auxiliary streams
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.3
Requirement	The NorDig terrestrial IRD is not required to demodulate or decode the content of FEF parts and auxiliary streams, but the existence of FEFs and/or auxiliary streams shall not cause receiver to malfunction.
IRD Profile(s)	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD



variants and capability						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that broadcasting of AUX doesn't cause any harm for the receiver.					
	Equipment:					
	TS Source Monitor					
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise Up DVB-T2 modulator simulator generator converter					
	Power meter					
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks:					
	Auxiliary streams Yes					
	The DVB-T2 signal shall contain auxialiary stream in T2 dummy cells with T2 frame size of Lf=62 symbols. The DVB-T2 signal with specified mode parameters contains 221 dummy cells.					
	Auxialiary stream content is T2-TX-SIG according to specification ETSI TS 102 992. Tested receiver is not required to interprete content in the T2-TX-SIG. The T2-TX-SIG information is carried within 193 dummy cells out the available 221 dummy cells.					
	Configuration of T2-TX-SIG signaling is following: M=15 (maximum number of transmitters signaled) N=8 (number of cells per symbols and frame) L= 15 (repetation rate for T2 frames)					
	T2 frames shall carry a TS. TS bitrate should be maximized to the capacity the T2 frame size can deliver.					
	The content within TS is maximized to bit rate the TS can carry, with other words, minimize the NULL packets in TS.					
TS contains at least one service.						
	 Test procedure: Set up the test instruments. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3,Δ/T_U=1/16} and signal bandwidth 8MHz in exciter. Use Gaussian channel without additional noise or interference. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Verify the received signal carrying services using quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). 					
	Expected result:					

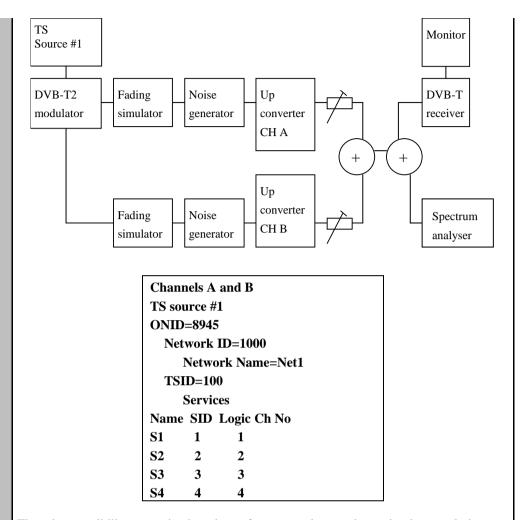


	Broadcasting of auxiliary stream doesn't cause any harm to receiver and services carried within TS are decoded correctly.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity		fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						
Test Case	Task 3:47 DVB-T2: Reception of ve	rsion 1.1.1					
Section	Nordig Unified 3.4.3						
Requirement	Receiver shall be able to receive version enabled.	v1.1.1 of the DVB-T2 system when ISSY is					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
	To verify receiver is able to receive DVB	-T2 version 1.1.1 when ISSY is enabled.					
	Equipment:						
	TS Source	Monitor					
		Wollton					
		<u> </u>					
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise	Up DVB-T2					
	modulator simulator generate						
		Power					
		meter					
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2	deviations to parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 test tasks:					
	Version 1.1.1						
	ISSY Enabled or disabled						
	The DVB-T2 modulator is configured with parameters 8 MHz signal bandwidth, 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, $L_{\rm f}$ = 62.						
	Test procedure:						
	Tune receiver to signal with con	figuration according to measurement result.					
	2. Verify the services are decoded	correctly.					
	Expected result:						



	Receiver is able to decode services correctly for DVB-T2 system v1.1.1 when ISSY is enabled or disabled.					
Test result(s)	Measurement result:					
	Mode	ISSY	NOK or OK	1		
	32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16,	Disabled	110110101	•		
	PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 62	21346164				
	32k extended, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16,	Enabled		1		
	PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR, L _f = 62					
				•		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason	on in comme	ents			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with softw					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other informat					
	•					
Date	Sign					
Test Case	Task 3:48 DVB-T2: Tuning/Scanning Proce	dures: Aut	omatic channel se	arch		
	for the same service bouquet					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.4					
Requirement	The IRD shall provide an automatic search tha	t finds all of	the multiplexes and s	services		
	in the whole (supported) frequency range, see	NorDig spec	rification. The logic o	f the		
	automatic search function shall be as follows:					
	If any services are detected during the au	tomatic sear	ch the current service	list		
	shall be replaced by the new service list.	.•		• .		
	If no services are detected during the auto	omatic searc	h the current service l	ist		
	shall be kept or deleted.					
	The IRD shall only display a service once in the ser	rvica list (i s	avoiding duplicate o	of the		
	same services), even if the same service (same triple			n the		
	transport_stream_id and service_id) is received fro			ne		
	service can be received from several transmitters, the					
	be selected. The criteria for selection of the best received service (i.e. best reception					
	quality) shall be based on the combination of the si	gnal strengt	n and signal quality			
	according to NorDig specification.					
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD					
variants and						
capability						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:					
	To verify the best service selection in automatic ch		when the content of	the		
	transport stream is the same on several transmitters	5.				
	Equipment:					





There is a possibility to receive broadcasts from several transmitters simultaneously in DVB-T2 networks. These transmitters can have exactly the same content, but are transmitted on different channels (frequencies). Therefore, it is important that the receiver can choose by an automatic channel search the services with the best reception quality.

Test to verify broadcast where equal services are broadcasted simultaneously over DVB-T and DVB-T2 networks is not required.

Reception quality can be divided into two different parameters:

- Signal strength
- Signal quality

Signal quality can be divided into two main parameters:

- Signal-to-noise ratio (C/N)
- Bit error rate before BCH (BER before BCH in DVB-T2 system)

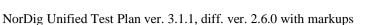
Channels A and B shall not be equal.

Relative signal levels can be observed on spetrum analyser.

 ΔS refers to difference in SSI according to [1] Annex D.

 ΔQ refers to difference in SQI according to [1] Annex D.

AWGN refers to Additive White Gaussian Noise.





As a pre-requisite to perform this test, IRD shall correctly pass the following tasks:

- Task 3:51 Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)
- Task 3:52 Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)

Measurement record2 shows the minimum tests that shall be performed. Signal levels and signal quality (i.e added AWGN) can be adjusted from the initial values shown to ensure the required ΔS and ΔQ conditions are met.

Test procedure:

- Configure the transport stream and setup the instruments. Use the DVB-T2 mode 32k extended bandwidth, 256QAM rotated, GI1/16, PP4, R2/3, L1-ACE & TR PAPR.
- 2. Set the signal level of the both carriers CH A and CH B to the same level. The signal level shall correspond good reception quality (no errors in decoded video).
- 3. Perform automatic channel search. The logic of the automatic search function shall be as follows:

If any services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be replaced by the new service list.

If no services are detected during the automatic search the current service list shall be kept or deleted.

- 4. Check that the channel list has services configured in the transport stream.
- 5. Check that the services on the channel list is listed once and not duplicated. Check which channel is received by trying to attenuate the signal level. The services from received channel are frozen when the signal level is too low. Restore the attenuations to a level before it was changed.
- 6. Fill in OK or NOK in the measurement record depending if the services were deleted.
- 7. Fill in OK or NOK in the measurement record 2 depending if the services were installed from expected channel.

Repeat the test for the rest of the test points in the measurement record 2.

Expected result:

All the test results are OK.

Test result(s)

Measurement record 1:

Result
OK or NOK
uring
ent
by the
ring the
service
e
cated
uring ent by the ring the service



	Measurement record 2 is found on next page.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



	Channe	el A, f = 474 MHz	Channel B, f = 690 MHz									
Test point	Initial signal level [dBm]	Initial CNR [dB]	Additional BER Impairment	Initial signal level [dBm]	Initial CNR [dB]	Additional BER Impairment	Required AS [%]	Required	Receiver channel choice	Expected channel choice	Result OK/ NOK	Reference conditions in flowchart [1] Annex D
1	-60	no AWGN	None	-60	no AWGN	None	<10	<10		A or B		1,2,3,5,6 or 7
2	-50	no AWGN	None	-65	no AWGN	None	>10	<20		Α		1 or 8
3	-65	no AWGN	None	-50	no AWGN	None	>10	<20		В		4 or 5
4	-61	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-60	CNR@QMP2+0.5d B	None	<10	<20		А		3
5	-60	CNR@QMP2+0.5dB	None	-61	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	<10	<20		В		7
6	-61	no AWGN	None	-60	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	<10	>20		Α		2
7	-60	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-61	no AWGN	None	<10	>20		В		6
8	-50	no AWGN	None	-65	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	>10	>20		Α		1
9	-65	CNR@QMP2+1dB	None	-50	no AWGN	None	>10	>20		В		5

Table 20 Measurement record 2 for test Task 3:48.



Test Case	Task 3:49 DVB-T2: Tuning/Scanning Procedures: Basic status check					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.2					
Requirement	The IRD shall provide at least a basic status check function (accessible through the Navigator) that presents reception quality information for a selected frequency (currently viewed by the user). The basic status check shall include: • channel id • center frequency • Signal Strength Indicator, SSI (%) • Signal Quality Indicator, SQI (%)					
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD					
variants and capability						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that specified status information is displayed correctly.					
	Equipment:					
	Test procedure: 1. Configure the test setup 2. Tune IRD to received frequency 3. Verify the basic status check functionality 4. Write in the results in the measurement record Expected result: All test results in measurement record are OK.	Monitor DVB-T2 receiver				
Test result(s)	Measurement record	NOK or OK				
	Requirement NoK or OK Navigator has status check function. The function shows the channel id and center frequency. The function shows signal strength indicator SSI in %. The function has reception quality indicator SQI in %.					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments		ES∐NO				



Test Case	Task 3:50 DVB-T2: Verification of Signal Strength Indicator (SSI)					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.6					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a signal strength indicator (SSI). The value for the SSI shall be referred to the IRD RF signal input.					
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to determine signal strength within a range starting from 15 dB lower than the reference signal level defined in Table 3.7 (1) and up to 35dB above that value or maximum signal input level defined in section 3.4.10.5 (1)					
	The absolute accuracy shall be ± 5 dB at RF signal input levels -80 dBm to -60 dBm and ± 7 dB for RF signal input levels higher than -60 dBm.					
	The relative accuracy should be ± 3 dB between center frequencies within one frequency band, e.g. VHF Band III or UHF Band IV/V, supported by the receiver.					
	Signal strength indicator shall have a relative value within a range from 0% to 100% and with a resolution of 1%.					
	The signal strength indicator shall be updated regularly once per second.					
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD					
variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB F Terrestrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the correct functionality of the signal strength indicator.					
	Equipment:					
	TS DVB-T2 DVB-T2 Monitor receiver					
	$P_{ ext{input level}}$ $P_{ ext{receiver}}$					
	Gaussian channel profile used i.e. no need for fading simulator.					
	In this test, the signal input level P _{input level} at the RF input must be known.					
	The test procedure assumes that the $P_{receiver}$ is not displayed by the receiver. If the $P_{receiver}$ is displayed by the receiver this test procedure can be simplified.					
	Test procedure:					
	Verify the SSI value:					
	1. Set-up the test system					
	2. Determine the attenuation of the test system so that the signal input level at the receiver input is known in the measured frequencies.					
	 3. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3,Δ/T_U=1/16} and signal bandwidth of 8MHz. 					
	4. Set the up-converter to frequency 474MHz (K21).					
	5. Set the signal level into the receiver according to measurement record 1.					

6.	 .1	1 1	1
		channel	

- Do the channel search.Fill in the SSI value displayed by the receiver in the measurement record
- 8. SSI_{min} and SSI_{max} defines the allowed range of the displayed value.
- 9. Fill in the measurement record 1 OK or NOK depending of the displayed SSI value.
- 10. Measure rest of the frequencies and DVB-T2 modes.
- 11. Fill in the measurement record 1.

Verify the relative error:

1. Convert the displayed SSI values to $P_{receiver}$ [dBm]. Select the correct formula for calculating $P_{receiver}$ according to the displayed SSI value as shown below:

$$\begin{split} & P_{receiver} = (3/2) * (SSI - 90) + 20 + P_{reference} & if \ 90 \le SSI < 100 \\ & P_{receiver} = (1/4) * (SSI - 10) + P_{reference} & if \ 10 \le SSI < 90 \\ & P_{receiver} = (3/2) * SSI - 15 + P_{reference} & if \ 0 \le SSI < 10 \end{split}$$

- 2. Fill in the dBm values in the measurement record 2 for corresponding signal input level.
- 3. Calculate the average value of the $P_{receiver}$ values in three frequencies within a frequency band.
- 4. Verify the calculated $P_{receiver}$ [dBm] values are within ± 3 dB from the average value.
- 5. Fill in the measurement record 2 OK or NOK.

Expected result:

All the measurements shall be OK.

Displayed SSI shall be displayed in [%] and updated once per second.

Test result(s)

Measurement record 1:

32KE,256QAMR				
P _{reference} =-78dBm,	f=666MHz			
P _{input level} [dBm]	SSI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK		
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	

32KE,256QAMR								
P _{reference} =-78dBm,	P _{reference} =-78dBm, f=474MHz							
P _{input level} [dBm]								
-40								
-50		91	100					
-60		62	92					
-70		22	62					
-80		5	22					
-95		0	3					

32KE,256QAMR,PP4,R2/3,G1/16,8MHz,	
P _{reference} =-78dBm, f=786MHz	





NorDig Unified Test P.	lan ver. 3.1.1, diff. ver. 2.6.0 with markups
------------------------	---

Pinput level [dBm]	SSI [%]	SSI _{min} [%]	SSI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK
-40		97	100	
-50		91	100	
-60		62	92	
-70		22	62	
-80		5	22	
-95		0	3	

32KN,256QAMR							
Preference=-78dBm,	f=177.5MHz						
Pinput level [dBm]	Pinput level [dBm] SSI [%] SSI _{min} [%] SSI _{max} [%]						
-40		97	100				
-50		91	100				
-60		62	92				
-70		22	62				
-80		5	22				
-95		0	3				

32KN,256QAMR								
P _{reference} =-78dBm,	f=198.5MHz							
P _{input level} [dBm]	P _{input level} [dBm] SSI [%] SSI _{min} [%] SSI _{max} [%]							
-40		97	100					
-50		91	100					
-60		62	92					
-70		22	62					
-80		5	22					
-95		0	3					

32KN,256QAMR							
P _{reference} =-78dBm,	1=226.5MHz						
P _{input level} [dBm]	P _{input level} [dBm] SSI [%] SSI _{min} [%] SSI _{max} [%]						
-40		97	100				
-50		91	100				
-60		62	92				
-70		22	62				
-80		5	22				
-95		0	3				

32KE,256QAMR, Preference=-80dBm,								
P _{input level} [dBm]								
-40		99	100					
-50		92	100					
-60		70	93					
-70		30	70					
-80		5 7	<mark>308</mark>					
-95		0	5					

32KE,256QAMR							
Preference=-76dBm,	f=666MHz						
Pinput level [dBm]	Pinput level [dBm] SSI [%] SSImin [%] SSImax [%]						
-40	-40 96 100						
-50		86	100 99				
-60		54	93 91				
-70		14	70 54				

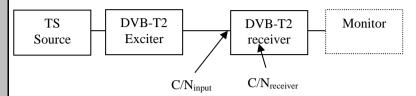


	-	80			3 <mark>4</mark>	38		
	_!	95			0	5 .	2	
	Measureme	nt record 2	2:					
	D	D r	10. 1	D 11D 1	I D .	10 1		NOK
	P _{input level} [dBm]	P _{receiver} [c		P _{receiver} [dBm] @666MHz				ge NOK or
	[uDiii]	@4/4IV	11 1Z	@ 000WITZ	@/80MITZ			OK
	-40							
	-50							
	-60							
	-70							
	-80							
	-95							
				ı	1	1		
	Pinput level	Preceiv		$P_{receiver}$	$P_{receiver}$		Averag	
	[dBm]	[dBm @177.51		[dBm] @198.5MHz	[dBn @226.5			or OK
	-40	@177.51	VIIIZ	@198.JWI1Z	@220.3	WILIZ		OK
	-50							
	-60							
	-70							
	-80							
	-95							
Conformity	OK Fau]		Minor, define fa				
Comments				can be fixed with			∐YES	∐NO
	Describe m	ore specifi	c fault	s and/or other in	nformation	1		
Date					Sign			
24.0					Sign			

Test Case	Task 3:51 DVB-T2: Verification of Signal Quality Indicator (SQI)
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.4.7. <mark>2</mark>
Requirement	The NorDig IRD for DVB-T2 shall be provided with a signal quality indicator (SQI). The value for the SQI shall be referred to a PLP in the received signal at the NorDig IRD RF signal input. The signal quality indicator shall have a relative value within a range from 0% to 100% and with a resolution of 1%.
	The integration time for the signal quality shall be over a period of 5 seconds. The signal quality indicator shall be updated regularly at least once per second. The signal quality indicator (SQI) in [%] shall be calculated for the received PLP according to the formulas defined in [1].
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify the correct functionality of the signal quality indicator.



Equipment:



Gaussian channel profile used i.e. no need for fading simulator.

C/N_{input} refers to generated DVB-T2 signal C/N at receiver input.

C/N_{receiver} refers to C/N determined by the receiver under test.

$$C/N_{rel} = C/N_{input} - C/N_{NorDigPl}$$

 $C/N_{NorDigP1}$ refers to table 3.11 at [1].

First we need to define the required C/N_{input} for the QMP2. After that we know what is the expected rescale of BER_SQImin and BER_SQI_{max}.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256QAMR, PP4, R3/5, G19/256} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the up-converter to frequency 666MHz (K45).
- 4. Do the channel search.
- 5. Determine the lowest required C/N by adjusting the C/N_{input} until the quality measurement procedure 2 error free video is fulfilled.
- 6. Fill in the measurement record 1 the C/N_{input} value defined as $C/N_{receiver}$. Later in this test procedure the value $C/N_{receiver}$ is used for rescaling of the BER_SQI_{min} and BER_SQI_{max} values.
- 7. Decrease the C/N_{input} in 1dB step starting from highest value in measurement record 2.
- 8. Fill in the displayed SQI in the measurement record 2.
- 9. Repeat the test for the DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256QAMR, PP4, R2/3, G1/16} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 10. Repeat the test for the DVB-T2 mode $\{32KE, 256QAMR, PP2, R3/4, G1/8\}$ and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 11. Do the calculations in the rest of the test procedure.

SQI_{min} calculations:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{12. Calculate SQI}_{\text{min}} \text{ for all C/N}_{\text{input}} \text{ values using formulas} \\ \text{SQI}_{\text{min}} = 0, & \text{if C/N}_{\text{rel}} \text{ -1 < -3 dB} \\ \text{SQI}_{\text{min}} = (\text{C/N}_{\text{rel}} \text{ -1 + 3}) * \text{BER_SQI}_{\text{min}}, & \text{if -3 dB} \leq \text{C/N}_{\text{rel}} \text{ -1 } \leq 3 \text{ dB} \\ \text{SQI}_{\text{min}} = 100, & \text{if C/N}_{\text{rel}} \text{ -1 > 3 dB}. \end{array}$

SQI_{max} calculations:

13. Calculate SQI $_{max}$ for all C/N $_{input}$ values using formulas SQI $_{max}=0,$ if C/N $_{rel}$ +1 < -3 dB



		$SQI_{max} = (C/N)$ $SQI_{max} = 100$,	rel +1 + 3)*I	BER_SQI _{max} , i	$ \text{if } -3 \text{ dB} \le C/N \\ \text{if } C/N_{\text{rel}} + 1 \end{aligned} $				
		Where BER_S BER_SQImin BER_SQImin BER_SQImin	= 0, = 100/15,	if $-2.4 \text{ dB} \le C$	$C/N_{ m receiver} - X$ $C/N_{ m rel} - 1 - (C/N$ $(C/N_{ m receiver} - X)$	$V_{\text{receiver}} - X \le -2$	dB		
		Where BER_S BER_SQImax BER_SQImax BER_SQImax	= 0, = 100/15,	if $-2.4 \text{ dB} \le C$		-X) < -2.4 dB Nreceiver $-X$) \leq -X) > -2 dB.	≤ -2 dB		
		X = 19.0 for 3	ad where X is: = 17.6 for 32KE, 256QAMR, PP4, R3/5, G19/256, 8MHz = 19.0 for 32KE, 256QAMR, PP4, R2/3, G1/16, 8MHz = 20.8 for 32KE, 256QAMR, PP2, R3/4, G1/8, 8MHz						
	Expecte	ed result:							
			st result are OK. Il quality indicator is updated regurlarly once per second.						
Test result(s)	Measure	ement record 1:							
	 	OVB-T2 mode			Paguira	d C/N _{receiver} [dB]	\neg		
		7 V D-12 IIIOGC				error free video)			
		2KE 256QAMI			[z				
		2KE 256QAMI 2KE 256QAMI							
	Measure	ement record 2:			·				
		32KE 256QA	MR PP4 R3	3/5 G19/256 8N	ИНz, C/N _{NorDig}	_{P1} = 19.4dB			
		C/N _{input}	SQI[%]	SQI _{min} [%]	SQI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK			
		27							
		26 25							
		24							
		23							
		22 21							
		20							
		19 18							
		17							
				•					
		32KE 256QA	MR PP4 R2	2/3 G1/16 8MH	Iz, C/N _{NorDigP1}	= 20.8dB			
		C/N _{input}	SQI[%]	SQI _{min} [%]	SQI _{max} [%]	NOK or OK			



			27									
			26									
			25									
			24					_		_		
										_		_
			23									_
			22									
			21									
			20									
			19									
			18					_				
			17					+		_		-
			1 /									
		32	2KE 250	50AM	IR PP2	R3/4 G	1/8 8M	IHz, C/N	NorDig1	$_{\rm P1} = 22.$.9dB	
									TTOIL			-
			C/NI	1 6	10110/1	COL	F0/ 1	COL	Γ0/	1 N/	NZ OZ	
		-	C/N _{input}	- 2	SQI[%]	SQI	min[%]	5QI _r	max[%]] N(OK or OK	_
			27									
			26									
			25									
			24									
			23					_				
			22					+		_		-
								+		_		_
			21									_
			20									
			19									
			18									
			17									
	Exami	nle fo	r calcul	atino S	SOIi. a	nd SOL	"" vali	ues for 2	56O <i>A</i>	MR R	3/5 when	7/Nragainar
								= 0.1dB v				C/1 (leceivei
	- 17.7	ab a	t QIVII 2	resurt	ing to C	/ 1 \receive	r 21 –	· 0.10D V	VIICIC	21 – 17	.0.	
			CN	Rreceive	r @QMP2=	17.7						
			(C/Nrecei	ver-17.6) @QMP2=	0,1						
			256QAM F	R3/5 C/NI	NorDigP1=	19,4						
				C/Nrel			C/Nrel				SQI	
	C/N input	C/Nrel	C/N error Min	error		C/N error	error	BER_SQI	SQI Min	SQI Max	measured 256QAM	OK or NOK
	input		141111	Min	Min	Max	Max	Max	MIII	Max	R3/5	
	15	-4,4	-1	-5,4	0,0	1	-3,4	0,0	0	0		
	16 17	-3,4 -2,4	-1 -1	-4,4 -3,4	0,0	1	-2,4 -1,4	0,0 16,7	0	0 27		
	17,6	-1,8	-1	-2,8	0,0	1	-0,8	16,7	0	37		
	18 19	-1,4 -0,4	-1 -1	-2,4 -1,4	0,0 16,7	1	-0,4 0,6	16,7 16,7	0 26	44 60		
	20	0,6	-1	-0,4	16,7	1	1,6	16,7	43	77		
	21 22	1,6 2,6	-1 -1	0,6 1,6	16,7 16,7	1	2,6 3,6	16,7 16,7	60 76	94 100		
	23	3,6	-1	2,6	16,7	1	4,6	16,7	93	100		
	24 25	4,6 5,6	-1 -1	3,6 4,6	16,7 16,7	1	5,6 6,6	16,7 16,7	100 100	100 100		
	26	6,6	-1	5,6	16,7	1	7,6	16,7	100	100		
Conformit	27	7,6	-1 14 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	6,6	16,7		8,6	16,7	100	100	<u> </u>	
Conformity		Fau		<u> Iajor L</u>				reason in			na 🗆	
Comments								oftware u	ıpdate	:: ∐ Y I	ES NO	
	Descri	be m	ore spec	cific fa	ults and	d/or othe	er info	rmation				
D .								7.				
Date								Sign				





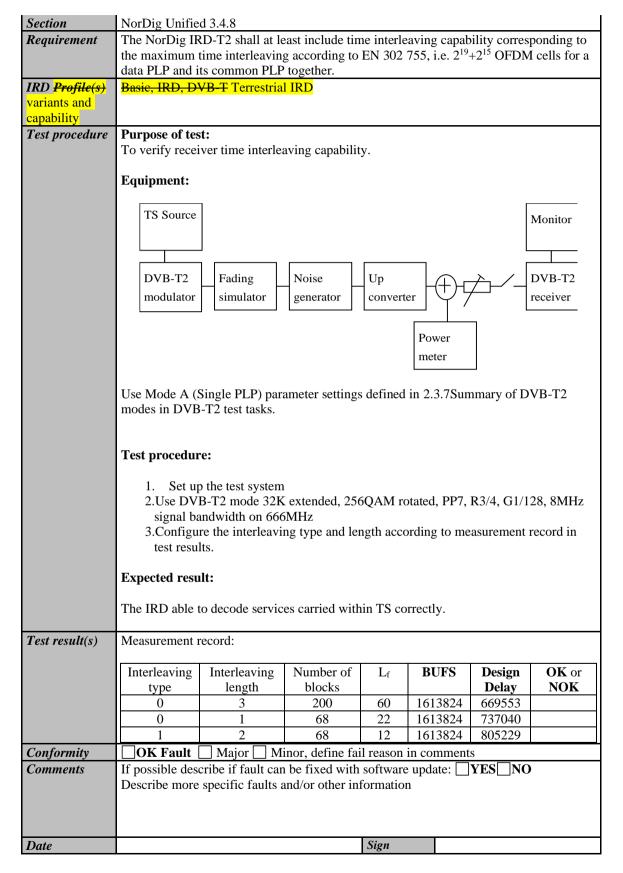
Test Case	Task 3:52 DVB-T2: Changes In Modulation Parameters					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.5					
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD-T2 shall automatically recover from changes in the following P1, L1 pre-signalling data and L1 post-signalling parameters at the end of a superframe without a break in the received DVB-T2 signal. An error-free TS shall be available within five seconds for any P1 and/or L1 pre-signalling change. An error-free TS shall be output within five seconds for any L1 post-signalling FEF change andwithin two seconds for any other L1 post-signalling change. The terrestrial NorDig IRD-T2 shall automatically recover from changes in the following P1, L1 pre-signalling and L1 post-signalling parameters occurring at any time followed by a break in the received signal. An error-free TS shall be output within five seconds.					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver can automatically recover from changes in the specified P1, L1 pre-signaling and L1 post-signaling parameter occurring at any time followed by a break in the received signal and output an error free TS. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T2 modulator Fading Noise generator Up converter Power meter This test includes the use of L1 post-signalling configurable signaling fields. Those fields signalize transmission parameters per PLP. Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks. This test checks receiver capability to adapt to parameter changes in broadcasted DVB-T2 signal with break in the received RF signal. The receiver shall adapt to the received signal without any user action. Different DVB-T2 modulators from different vendors may have different time to broadcast valid a signal after the change of the parameter in the broadcasted signal. This time from parameter change to valid signal is excluded from the required receiver synchronization time. Therefore, the test operator needs to know this time and take it to account when calculating the receiver synchronization time. Synchronisation time is not tested for rotated constellation changes, but receiver operability is tested on test Task 3:36.					
	Synchronisation time is not tested for time interleaving length changes, but receiver operability is tested on test Task 3:53.					



	Test procedure:
	 Setup the instruments Use frequency 666MHz (K45) Use the following DVB-T2 mode 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, G1/16, R2/3 and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Open the switch to break the received RF signal Change the following transmission parameters in turn by changing the P1, L1 pre-signaling and L1 post signalling respectively FFT size: 32K,16K,8K,4K,2K and 1K Bandwidth extension: yes, no PAPR: no, ACE, TR Guard interval: G1/32, G1/16, G1/8, G1/4, G1/128, G19/128,G19/256 Pilot Pattern: PP2, PP4,PP6,PP7 Number of data symbols: 60, 62 Code Rate: R3/5, R2/3, R3/4 Modulation: 256 QAM T2 system id change from 0 to 65535 (decimal) Cell id change from 0 to 65535 (decimal) Network id change (optional) from 0 to 65535 (decimal) T2 version change from 1.2.1 to 1.3.1 PLP_id change from 1 to 2 for TS carrying installed service(s) on the receiver Change of FEF being disabled to enabled Changing length of the FEF, when enabled, from 0 ms to 56.875 ms (other parameters needed to be changed are specified on test Task 3:44) Wait for the DVB-T2 modulator output to become valid and stable (this time is modulator specific – a minimum of 15 seconds is recommended for some modulators) Close the switch to enable the RF signal to the receiver and record the time taken to achieve QMP1. Verify receiver automatically adapts to new parameter settings without any user
	action. Expected result:
	The receiver can automatically recover from changes in the specified P1, L1 presignaling and L1 post-signaling parameter occurring at any time followed by a break in the received signal and output an error free TS within 5 seconds (excluding modulator stabilization time) without requiring a channel scan. The time limits in this clause exclude the time for the DVB-T2 modulator to output a stable and valid signal.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 3:53 DVB-T2: Time interleaving









Test Case	Task 3:54 DVB-T2: Input/Output Data Formats				
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.9				
Requirement	The NorDig IRD-T2 shall be able to supp	ort TS bit rates ≤ 72 Mbit/s.			
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD				
variants and capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify maximum bit rate from DVB-T2 front end.				
	Equipment:				
	TS Source	Monitor			
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise Up DVB-T2				
	modulator simulator generator	converter			
		Power meter			
	Carrier mode	Extended			
	PAPR	Off			
	SISO/MISO	SISO			
	FEC Frame length	64800			
	Input mode	Mode A			
	TFS	No HEM			
	Mode	(high efficiency mode)			
	FEF	Not used			
	Auxiliary streams	Not used			
	Test procedure:				
	 Set up the test system Use DVB-T2 mode 32K extended, 256QAM rotated, PP7, R5/6, G1/128, 8MHz signal bandwidth on 666MHz Configure the interleaving type and length according to measurement record in test results. 				
	Expected result:				
	DVB-T2 front end is able to deliver trans DVB-T2 mode (approx 50Mbit/s).	port streams up to bit rate supported by the			
Test result(s)					
Conformity		e fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				



Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 3:55 DVB-T2: Performance: BER vs C/N verification					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.2					
Requirement	Verify the internal BER measurement of the NorDig IRD for objective measurements (QMP ³²).					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that the internal BER value measured by the receiver displays correct values.					
	Equipment:					
	TS Source Monitor					
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise generator Up converter P					
	Power meter					
	Test procedure:					
	 Setup the instruments. Use channel 45 and use Gaussian channel Use DVB-T2 mode 32k extended, 256QAM rotated, R2/3, G1/16, PP4, L1-ACE & TR PAPR and signal bandwidth 8MHz. Set the RF input level to -50dBm. Starting from high C/N, decrease the C/N and fill in the corresponding BER after LDPC value measured by the receiver in measurement record. Adjust the C/N to a value which corresponds required C/N for QMP2 "30s subjective error free video". Decrease C/N by 0.3dB Fill in the BER after LDPC in the measurement record. 					
	Expected result:					
	The decrease of the required C/N for QMP2 "30s subjective error free video" or BER 1E-7 after LDPC by 0.3dB shall result approximately BER 1E-4 after LDPC.					
Test result(s)	Measurement record:					
	C/N Measured BER by the receiver					
	18.8					
	19.0					
	by the receiver 18.6 18.8					



	19.4 19.6 19.8 20.0 20.2	
	C/N@QMP2 30s error free video"	BER after LDPC
	C/N@QMP2 30s error free video" – 0.3dB	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail re	eason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with soft Describe more specific faults and/or other information.	
Date	Si	ign

Test Case	Task 3:56 DVB-T2: Performance: C	N performance on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.3	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have at least the Q	EF performance for the C/N ratios given in, Iaximum required C/N for profiles 1 and 2.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the required C/N for quasi error fr	ee reception in Gaussian channel.
	Equipment:	
	TS Source DVB-T2 Fading Noise	Monitor Up DVB-T2
	modulator simulator generator	Power meter receiver
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) and following 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVI	deviations to parameter settings defined in 3-T2 test tasks:
	Pilot pattern	PP7 (7MHz and 8MHz BW) PP2 (1.7MHz BW)



		L1 post constellation	more robust	ellation must be than data PLP llation.	
	Test p	rocedure for Gaussian channel:			
		GI1/128, PP7 } Set the up-converter to channel 2 Measure the input level to the att Determine the attenuation of the Calculate the receiver input sign Use the value for the required Calculate. 2.73. Do the channel search.	tenuator. attenuator and the allevel and set it. The specified for the to higher value usin the measurement frequencies, sign	ne cables. to -50dBm. he DVB-T2 mode i until the quality me ent record.	in Table easurement
	Expect	ted result:			
	specific If 1.7M	quired C/N for quasi error free rece ed in Table 2. <mark>76.</mark> IHz signal BW is supported, the re an channel is less than specified in	quired C/N for q		
Test result(s)	Measur	rement record: See tables below.			
Conformity	ОК	Fault Major Minor, define	fail reason in co	mments	
Comments		ible describe if fault can be fixed we be more specific faults and/or other	information .	ate: YES NO	
Date			Sign		



Measurement record:

o <u>rd:</u>													
	FFT	3	2k norma	al				32	2k extend	ed			
	Signal bandwidth		7 MHz						8 MHz				
	Center frequency [MHz]	177.5	198.5	226.5	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	714.0	762.0	786 81 0 .0	<mark>858.0</mark>
	DVB-T2 mode / Channel Id	K5	K8	K12	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K51	K57	K6 <mark>03</mark>	K69
	QPSK R1/2 G1/128												
	QPSK R3/5 G1/128												
	QPSK R2/3 G1/128												
	QPSK R3/4 G1/128												
	QPSK R4/5 G1/128												
	QPSK R5/6 G1/128												
	16QAM R1/2 G1/128												
	16QAM R3/5 G1/128												
	16QAM R2/3 G1/128												
	16QAM R3/4 G1/128												
	16QAM R4/5 G1/128												
	16QAM R5/6 G1/128												
	64QAM R1/2 G1/128												
	64QAM R3/5 G1/128												
	64QAM R2/3 G1/128												
	64QAM R3/4 G1/128												
	64QAM R4/5 G1/128												
	64QAM R5/6 G1/128												
	256QAM R1/2 G1/128												
	256QAM R3/5 G1/128												
	256QAM R2/3 G1/128												
	256QAM R3/4 G1/128												
	256QAM R4/5 G1/128												
	256QAM R5/6 G1/128												

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

FFT Signal bandwidth	8k normal 1.7 MHz		32k normal 8 MHz													
Center frequency [MHz]	206.352	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel Id	9C	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41
256QAM R2/3 G1/8																
256QAM R2/3 G1/128																

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.



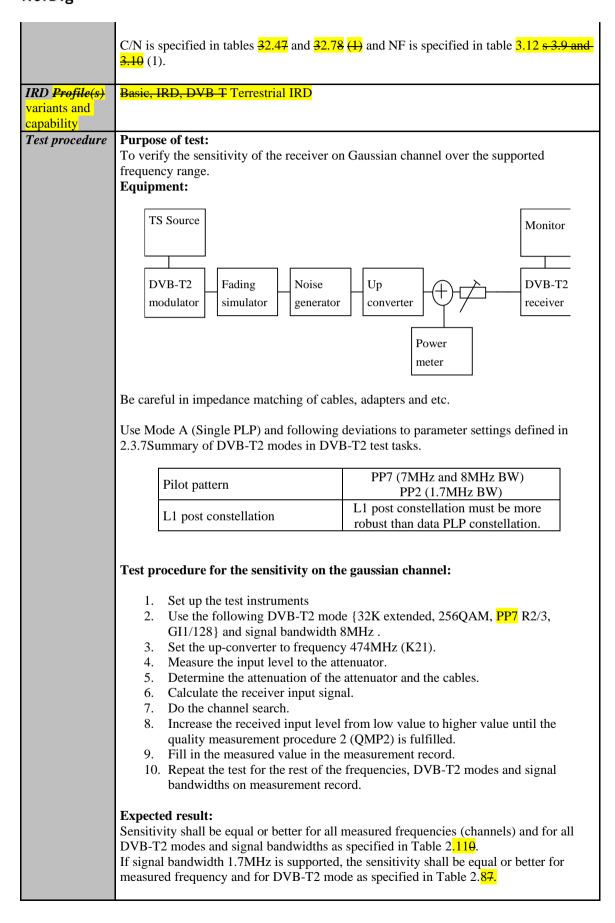
T C	Tools 2.57 DVD TO: Double was a CAN position and a CAN position and a										
Test Case	Task 3:57 DVB-T2: Performance: C/N performance on 0dB echo channel										
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.3										
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have at least the QEF performance for the C/N ratios given in, Table 2.43 (PP2) and Table 2.54 (PP4) Maximum required C/N for profiles 1 and 2.										
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD										
variants and capability											
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the required C/N for quasi error free reception in 0 dB echo channel.										
	Equipment:										
	TS Source Monitor										
	DVB-T2 Fading Noise Up DVB-T2 receiver										
	Power meter										
	The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.50dB echo).										
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.										
	Test procedure for 0 dB echo channel:										
	Check the different SFN synchronization issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.										
	 Set up the test instruments Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, R2/3, G1/128} and signal bandwidth 8MHz. 										
	 3. Set the up-converter to frequency 666MHz (K45) 4. Set the fading simulator to 0dB echo profile. (Delay 1.95us, 0 degree phase at 										
	 channel center and attenuation 0dB for the second path.) Measure the input level to the attenuator. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables. 										
	 7. Calculate the receiver input signal level and set it to -50dBm. 8. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement 										
	procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. 9. Fill in the measured C/N value in dB in the measurement record. 10. Verify also that the channel search founds the services at the measured C/N. 11. Repeat the test for rest of the DVB-T2 modes combinations with 8MHz signal										
	 bandwidth in measurement record. Set the up-converter to frequency 198.5MHz (K8) and verify the input level into the receiver is -50dBm. 										
	13. Repeat the test for rest of the DVB-T2 mode combinations with 7MHz signal bandwidth in measurement record.										



	Expected result: The required C/N for quasi error free reception in 0 dB echo channel is less than specified in Table 2.43 and Table 2.54 except for DVB-T2 mode 32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/32 8MHz PP6. If 1.7MHz signal BW is supported, the required C/N for quasi error free reception in Gaussian channel is less than specified in Table 2.43. Measurement record:												
Test result(s)	Measurement record:												
			C/N	[dB]]							
	DVB-T2 mode	PP2	PP4	PP6	PP7								
	32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/8 8MHz		N/A	N/A	N/A								
	32KN 256QAMR R3/4 G1/8 7MHz		N/A	N/A	N/A								
	32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/16 8MHz			N/A	N/A								
	32KN 256QAMR R3/4 G1/16 7MHz			N/A	N/A								
	32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/32 8MHz ¹⁾	N/A			N/A								
	32KE 256QAMR R3/4 G1/128 8MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A									
	32KN 256QAMR R3/4 G1/128 7MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A									
	Table 1. Mandatory test for required C/N for 0dB 1 1) This mode is not required in NorDig perform in order to compare between different pilot.	ormance ot pattern	require		but ad	ded here							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason												
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with softward Describe more specific faults and/or other information.		ate: [_]	YES	NO								
Date	Sign												

Test Case	Task 3:58 DVB-T2: Performance: Minimum receiver signal input levels on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide QEF reception for the minimum signal levels (P_{min}) for the supported frequency range as stated below (at 290K).
	For 7 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T/T2 signal: $P_{min} = -105.7 \text{ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and}$
	For 8 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T/T2 signal: P _{min} = -105.2 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and
	For 1.7 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -112.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and
	For 7 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -105.7 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and
	For 8 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -105.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and
	For 1.7 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: Pmin = -112.1 dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB],







Test result(s)	Measurement record: See following page.								
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments								
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other inf		ate: \[\textstyre{\tex						
Date		Sign							



Measurement record:

FFT Signal bandwidth	3	2k normal 7 MHz					3	2k exten 8 MHz				
Center frequency [MHz]	177.5	198.5	226.5	474.0	522.0	570.0	618.0	666.0	714.0	762.0	786 81 0.0	<mark>858.0</mark>
DVB-T2 mode / Channel Id	K5	K8	K12	K21	K27	K33	K39	K45	K51	K57	K6 <mark>03</mark>	K69
QPSK R1/2 G1/128												
QPSK R3/5 G1/128												
QPSK R2/3 G1/128												
QPSK R3/4 G1/128												
QPSK R4/5 G1/128												
QPSK R5/6 G1/128												
16QAM R1/2 G1/128												
16QAM R3/5 G1/128												
16QAM R2/3 G1/128												
16QAM R3/4 G1/128												
16QAM R4/5 G1/128												
16QAM R5/6 G1/128												
64QAM R1/2 G1/128												
64QAM R3/5 G1/128												
64QAM R2/3 G1/128												
64QAM R3/4 G1/128												
64QAM R4/5 G1/128												
64QAM R5/6 G1/128												
256QAM R1/2 G1/128												
256QAM R3/5 G1/128												
256QAM R2/3 G1/128												
256QAM R3/4 G1/128												
256QAM R4/5 G1/128												
256QAM R5/6 G1/128												

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

FFT Signal bandwidth	8k normal 1.7 MHz		32k normal 8 MHz													
Center frequency [MHz]	206.352	114.0	114.5	170.0	170.5	177.5	178.0	226.0	226.5	233.5	234.0	296.5	298.0	306.0	386.0	466.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel Id	9C	D1	S2	D8	S10	K5	D9	D15	K12	S11	D16	S20	D24	S21	S31	S41
256QAM R2/3 G1/8																
256QAM R2/3 G1/128																

Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.



Test Case	Task 3:59 DVB-T2: Performance: Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on 0dB echo channel							
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4							
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide QEF reception for the minimum signal levels (P_{min}) for the supported frequency range as stated below (at 290K). For 7 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T/T2 signal: $P_{min} = -105.7$ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 8 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T/T2 signal: $P_{min} = -105.2$ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 1.7 MHz Normal Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: $P_{min} = -112.1$ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 7 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: $P_{min} = -105.7$ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 8 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: $P_{min} = -105.1$ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and For 1.7 MHz Extended Bandwidth DVB-T2 signal: $P_{min} = -105.1$ dBm+NF [dB]+ C/N [dB], and							
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD							
Test procedure	Purpose of test:							
P	To verify the sensitivity of the receiver on frequency selective channel.							
	Equipment:							
	TS Source DVB-T2 Fading Noise generator The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.4) 0dB echo. Be careful in impedance matching of cables, adapters and etc. The 0dB echo profile must be activated when measuring the power level of the signal.							
	Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.							
	Test procedure for the sensitivity on the frequency selective channel:							
	Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.							
	1. Set up the test instruments							

- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP7, R2/3, GI1/128} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the up-converter to frequency 666.0 MHz (K45).
- 4. Set the fading simulator to 0dB echo profile. (Delay 1.95us, 0 degree phase at channel center and attenuation 0dB for the second path.)
- 5. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator and the cables.
- 6. Measure the input level to the attenuator.
- 7. Calculate the receiver input signal level.
- 8. Increase the received input level from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 9. Fill in the measured value in the measurement record.
- 10. Verify that the channel search founds the services on measured minimum input signal level.
- 11. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes with signal bandwidth of 8MHz and 7MHz on the measurement record. DVB-T2 modes with 7MHz signal bandwidth are tested on center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 12. Optionally, repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes with signal bandwidth of 1.7MHz on the measurement record. DVB-T2 mode with 1.7MHz signal bandwidth is tested on center frequency 206.352 MHz (9C).

Expected result:

Required minimum signal level shall be equal or lower in dBm than specified in Table 2.87, Table 2.98, Table 2.109 and Table 2.110 on measured frequencies, DVB-T2 modes and signal bandwidths for all echo delays.

If signal bandwidth 1.7MHz is supported, the required minimum signal level shall be equal or lower in dBm than specified in table 2.86 on measured frequency and for DVB-T2 mode.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

	P [dBm]											
DVB-T2 mode /												
0dB echo [μs]	10	26	112.1	133	152	212	224	253	256	289	426	486
32KE 256QAM PP7												
R2/3 G1/128 8MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP4												
R2/3 G1/16 8MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP4												
R3/5 G19/256												
8MHz												
32KN 256QAM PP4												
R2/3 G19/256												
7MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP2												
R3/4 G1/8 8MHz												
32KN 256QAM PP2												
R3/4 G1/8 7MHz												

Table 1. Mandatory frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.

	dBm						
DVB-T2 mode / 0dB echo [µs]	10	263	527				
8KN 256QAMR PP2 R2/3 G1/8 1.7MHz							



	Table 2. Optional frequencies and signal bandwidths to support.							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments							
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\bigcup YES \subsetention NO\) Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Date	Sign							

Test Case	Task 3:60 DVB-T2: Performance: Receiver noise figure on Gaussian channel
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have a noise figure (NF) for supported frequency ranges equal or better than the values specified in Table 3.12.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To calculate the noise figure of the receiver for gaussian channel.
	Equipment:
	No equipment needed.
	Test procedure for evaluation of the receiver noise figure:
	Determine the minimum carrier levels C _{min} for the gaussian channel measured in Task 3:58 Task 3:59 (DVB-T2: Performance - Minimum IRD Signal Input Levels on Gaussian channel).
	Determine the required C/N _{min} for the gaussian channel measured in in Task 3:56 Task 3:57 (DVB-T2: Performance - C/N performance on Gaussian channel).
	Calculate the noise figure NF[dB] for the supported frequencies using the formulas
	For 8MHz extended DVB-T2 signal: NF[dB] = N + 105.1dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.1dBm
	For 8MHz normal DVB-T2 signal: NF[dB] = N + 105.2dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.2dBm
	For 7MHz normal DVB-T2 signal: NF[dB] = N + 105.7dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.7dBm
	For 1.7MHz normal DVB-T2 signal: NF[dB] = N + 112.1dBm = C_{min} - C/N_{min} + 105.7dBm
	Expected result:
	The noise figure is less than or equal to table 3.12 (1)



Test result(s)	Measurement	record	:								_				
	Frequency			177	.5	1	98.5			.5					
				K5	5				K12	2					
	FFTSignal b	andwid	th												
						N	F [d	B]	1						
	256QAM R2	2/3													
	Channel id K5 K8 K1 FFTSignal bandwidth 32k normal 7MHz 32k normal 7MHz Mode NF [dB] 256QAM R3/5 256QAM R2/3 Frequency 474.0 522.0 570.0 618.0 666.0 Channel id K21 K27 K33 K39 K45 FFT Signal bandwidth 8MHz NF [dB] 32k extend 8MHz Mode NF [dB] 256QAM NF [dB] R3/5 256QAM NF [dB] R2/3 NF [dB] 256QAM R2/3 NF [dB] NF [dB] 256QAM R2/3 NF [dB] NF [dB] <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>1</th><th>1</th><th></th></td<>									1	1				
	Frequency	474.0	52	22.0	570	0.0	618	0.0	666.0	714	1.0	762.0		1 85	<mark>8.0</mark>
	Channel id	K21	K	(27	K3	33	К3	9	K45	K5	51	K57	K6 <mark>0</mark>	K K	<mark>69</mark>
	FFT							221	1.	.1					
	Frequency														
	Frequency														
	Mode							N	F [dB]						
	256QAM														
	_														
	Table 1. Man	datory	frequ	aenci	es an	id sig	nal t	oand	widths t	o su	ppor	t.			
	P				0 < 0		_								
				2		52	_							9.0 SSS.0 K69	
				01											
		deb													
		0/2		IN	r լս	DJ									
	230QAM K2	2/3													
	Frequency	1	14.0) 11	4.5	170.	.0	170	0.5 17	77.5	178	3.0 2	226.0	226.	5
				_											
												_			
								3							
									8MHz						
	Mode								NF [dE	3]					
	256QAM R2	2/3													
	Frequency	2	233.5	23	4.0	296.	.5	298.0	306.	.0	386.0	466	5.0		
			S11	D	16	S20)	D24	S21	L	S31	S4	1		
							321	c nor	mal						
					1.7MHz NF [dB] 114.5 170.0 170.5 177.5 178.0 226.0 226.5 S2 D8 S10 K5 D9 D15 K12 32k normal 8MHz NF [dB] 234.0 296.5 298.0 306.0 386.0 466.0 D16 S20 D24 S21 S31 S41 32k normal 8MHz NF [dB]										
		1/2				l	N	F [d	Bl						
					1		1 1	. 1 .	1/1		4				
	Table 2. Opti	onai ire	equei	ncies	ana	signa	ı bar	1awı	atns to	supp	ort.				
Conformity	OK Fault	Ma	ijor [M	inor	, defii	ne fa	il rea	ason in	com	ment	S			
Comments													NO		
												_	_		
		-													
Date								Sig	n						



Test Case	Task 3:61 DVB-T2: Performance: Maximum Receiver Signal Input Levels
Requirement	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.5 and 3.4.10.6 The NorDig IRD shall provide QEF reception for DVB-T and DVB-T2 signals up to a level of –35dBm. The maximum analogue TV signal input level is restricted to –20 dBm defined as the r.m.s (root mean square) value of the vision carrier at peaks of the modulated envelope. The DVB-T signal input level is valid for the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/4 \)}, {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/4 \)} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/4 \)}. The DVB-T2 signal input level is valid for the modes shown in NorDig Specification (1).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test that the receiver is able to handle high RF signals. Equipment: TS Source Monitor DVB-T2 modulator Fading simulator Power meter Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks. Test procedure 1. Set up the test instruments. 2. Determine the attenuation of the attenuator. 3. Use the following mode {32K extended, 256-QAM rotated, PP7,R=3/4,



	The reception shall be QEF for input level higher than or equal to -35dBm for defined DVB-T2 modes.							
Test result(s)	Measurement record:							
	Mode	Requirement dBm	Result					
	32K extended, 256-QAM rotated, PP7, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/128	-35						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor,	define fail reason in comment	S					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be f Describe more specific faults and/o	<u> </u>	YES NO					
Date		Sign						

Test Case	Task 3:62 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "digital" signals in Other Channels							
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10. 7.1 6							
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering DVB-T or DVB-T2 signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in the NorDig Specification (1) while maintaining QEF reception. The requirements in this paragraph refer, for DVB-T, to the modes $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/8\}$ and $\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=3/4, \Delta/\text{Tu}=1/8\}$							
	Δ /Tu =1/4} and for DVB-T2 to the modes given in NorDig Specification.							
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD							
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the QEF reception for digtal signal interference on adjacent or other channels. Equipment: TS DVB-T2 Upconverter (wanted) ATT C Preceiver TS DVB-T/T2 Upconverter (interference) Channel B							



Verify that the digital signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the wanted digital TV signal.

Worst case is when wanted and interference signals are DVB-T2 modulated in extended carrier mode in adjacent channels. This test can be performed using DVB-T modulated interferer, because the performance difference is expected to be neglible. When using DVB-T modulated interferer, signal bandwidth of the DVB-T modulated signal must be selected according to frequency range, except for the signal bandwidth 1.7MHz, which is not supported in the DVB-T system.

Many of the European countries are going to free channel 61 and upwards to other types of services than TV. In this test a DVB-T interferer is used on channels over 60 in order to measure the interference from DVB-T system for comparison reasons.

Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.

Test procedure:

- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256-QAM rotated, PP4, $R=\frac{3/42/3}{3}$, $\Delta/T_U=1/16$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the channel A up-converter to 666.0MHz (K45).
- 4. Set the channel B up-converter to 674.0MHz (K46).
- 5. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T2 signal in channel B to -20 dBm.
- 6. Decrease the DVB-T2 signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 (OMP2) is still fulfilled.
- Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.
- 8. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 658.0 MHz (K44), 650.0 MHz (K43), 682.0 MHz (K47).
- 9. Repeat the test according to procedure above for the image channel¹⁾. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T2 signal in channel B to –20dBm.
- 10. Set the channel A up-converter to 786.0MHz (K60).
- 11. Set the channel B up-converter to 794.0MHz (K61).
- 12. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T2 signal in channel B to -20 dBm.
- 13. Decrease the DVB-T2 signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is still fulfilled.
- 14. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.
- 15. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 770.0 MHz (K58), 778.0 MHz (K59), 802.0 MHz (K62).
- 16. Repeat the test according to procedure above for the image channel $^{1)}$. Set the receiver input level for the DVB-T2 signal in channel B to -20 dBm.
- 17. Change the signal bandwidth to 7MHz.
- 18. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K normal, 256-QAM rotated, R=3/4, PP2, Δ/T_U =1/8} and signal bandwidth 7MHz.
- 19. Set the channel A up-converter to frequency 198.5 MHz (K8).
- 20. Set the channel B up-converter to frequency 205.5 MHz (K9).
- 21. Set the receiver input level of the DVB-T2 signal in channel B to -20dBm.
- 22. Decrease the DVB-T2 signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 23. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B signals in dB in measurement record.

24. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 191.5 MHz (K7), 184.5 MHz (K6) and 212.5 MHz (K10). If receiver supports optional frequency ranges and signal bandwidths, repeat the test for the optional frequencies and signal bandwidths.

For 1.7MHz DVB-T2 signal use DVB-T2 mode {8K normal, 64QAM, R=2/3, PP2, Δ/T_U =1/8} corresponding signal bandwidth 1.535 MHz.

 $^{1)}$ Example: if intermediate frequency IF is 36.15MHz, the image channel is calculated for channel 45 as 666MHz + 2 * 36.15MHz = 738.3MHz which is close to channel 54.

Expected result:

The wanted DVB-T2 signal shall be QEF for the interference signal levels specified for DVB-T2 modes, signal bandwidths and supported frequencies.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

	7 MHz signal bandwidth					
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	184.5	191.5	205.5	212.5		
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	K6	K7	K9	K10		
32K normal,						
256-QAM rotated,						
PP2						
R=3/4,						
$\Delta/T_{\mathrm{U}} = 1/8$						

Table 1. Mandatory VHF Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth						
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	650.0	658.0	674.0	682.0	738.0		
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	K43	K44	K46	K47	K54		
32K extended,							
256-QAM rotated,							
PP4,							
R=2/3,							
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$							

Table 2. Mandatory UHF Band IV/V frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth				
Interferer center frequency [MHz]	770.0	778.0	794.0	802.0	810.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	K58	K59	K61	K62	K63
32K extended,					
256-QAM rotated,					
PP4,					
R=2/3,					
$\Delta/T_U = 1/16$					

Table 3. Mandatory UHF Band IV/V frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	7 MHz signal bandwidth			idth
Center frequency [MHz]	128.5	135.5	149.5	156.5
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	S4	S5	S7	S8
32K normal,				
256-QAM rotated,				
PP2,				
$R=3/4, \Delta/T_U=1/8$				

Table 4. Optional VHF S Band I frequencies and signal bandwidth to support



	8 MHz signal bandwidth				
Center frequency [MHz]	122.0 130.0 146.0 154				
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	D2	D3	D5	D6	
32K extended,					
256-QAM rotated,	6-QAM rotated,				
PP4,					
R=2/3,					
$\Delta/T_U = 1/16$					

Table 5. Optional VHF S Band I frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth			dth
Center frequency [MHz]	186.0	194.0	210.0	218.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	D10	D11	D13	D14
32K extended,				
256-QAM rotated,				
PP4				
R=2/3,				
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$				

Table 6. Optional VHF Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	7 MHz signal bandwidth			idth
Center frequency [MHz]	247.5	254.5	268.5	275.5
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	S13	S14	S16	S17
32K normal,				
256-QAM rotated,				
PP2				
R=3/4,				
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/8$				

Table 7. Optional VHF S Band II frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth			dth
Center frequency [MHz]	250.0	258.0	274.0	282.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	D18	D19	D21	D22
32K extended,				
256-QAM rotated,				
PP4				
R=2/3,				
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$				

Table 8. Optional VHF S Band II frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

	8 MHz signal bandwidth			dth
Center frequency [MHz]	370.0	378.0	394.0	402.0
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	S29	S30	S32	S33
32K extended,				
256-QAM rotated,				
PP4				
R=2/3,				
$\Delta/T_{\rm U} = 1/16$				

Table 9. Optional UHF S Band III frequencies and signal bandwidth to support

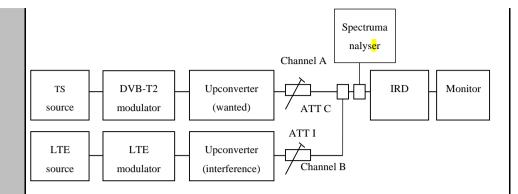
	1.7 MHz signal bandwidth			
Center frequency [MHz]	202.928	204.640	208.064	209.936
DVB-T2 mode / Channel id	9A	9B	9D	10A
8K normal,				
256-QAM rotated,				



Conformity Comments	□OK Fault □ Major □ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: □YES□NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					
Test Case	Task 3:63 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "LTE 700 MHz" signals in Other Channels					

Test Case	Task 3:63 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "LTE 700 MHz" signals in Other Channels
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.7.32
Requirement	The terrestrial NorDig IRD and IRD-T2 shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering 4G (LTE) "700MHz" signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in the Table 3.178 [11] while maintaining QEF reception.
	The power of the interfering LTE signal, both BS and UE, varies with a traffic load and traffic type. The signal power of the LTE signal is defined as the power during the active part of the time varying LTE signal, referred to as the licensed power level (I).
	The I/C values shall (1) be fulfilled for LTE signals with traffic loads from 0% to 100 % (BS) and for traffic loads from low bit rate to high bit rate (UE). Low traffic loads can be the most demanding ones. The minimum I/C requirement shall be fulfilled for interfering licensed power level signal levels in the range of -25 dBm in case of UE signals and -15dBm in case of BS signals defined as licensed power of interfering signal, at the input of the IRD.
	The requirements in this paragraph refer, for DVB-T, to following modes {FFT size, modulation, code rate, guard interval, bandwidth};
	$\{8K, 64\text{-QAM}, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu = 1/8, 8MHz\}$ and
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu = 1/4, 8MHz\}$ and
	$\{8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \Delta/Tu = 1/4, 8MHz\}$ and
	and for DVB-T2 to the modes {FFT size, modulation, pilot pattern, code rate, guard interval, bandwidth}
	$\{32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, \Delta/Tu = 1/16, 8MHz\}$
	$\{32KE, 256\text{-QAM R}, PP4, R=3/5, \Delta/Tu=19/256, 8MHz\}$
	{32KN, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =19/256, 7MHz}
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the QEF reception for LTE 700 MHz signal interference on adjacent or other channels.
	Equipment:





Verify that the interfering LTE signal on the adjacent or the other channels don't have too high shoulders, which could cause out-of-band emissions in the reception of the wanted digital TV signal.

From IRD point of view most demanding LTE signal might be that with low traffic load.

The LTE transmission is generated by using following LTE signal characteristics: BS 0% traffic load (LTE_BS-idle_V3_synth.wv)
UE Video stream traffic (short_UE-Video-Stream_V2.wv)

Files in I/Q file format specified above are available on the ETSI website http://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi_en/303300_303399/303340/01.01.02_60/en_303340v01 0102p0.zip

or if not available, they can be found on the NorDig homepage.

Use Mode A (Single PLP) and L_f parameter settings defined in Table 2.17.

Test procedure:

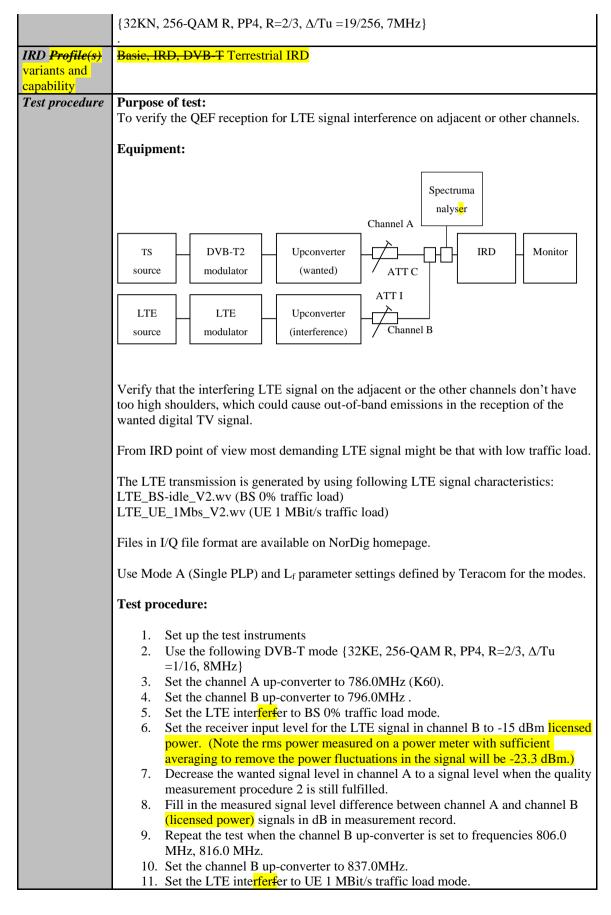
- 1. Set up the test instruments
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, G =1/16, 8MHz}
- 3. Set the channel A up-converter to 690.0MHz (K48).
- 4. Set the channel B up-converter to 708.0MHz.
- Set the LTE interferfer to UE Video traffic mode.
- 6. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -25 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the large power fluctuations in the signal will be -42.7 dBm.)
- 7. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled.
- 8. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record.
- 9. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 718.0 MHz, 728.0 MHz.
- 10. Set the channel B up-converter to 763.0MHz.
- 11. Set the LTE interefer to BS 0% traffic load mode.
- 12. Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -15 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the power fluctuations in the signal will be -23.3 dBm.)
- 13. Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled.



	 14. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record. 15. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 773.0 MHz, 783.0 MHz. 16. Repeat the test for the DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, G=19/256, 8MHz}. Expected result: The wanted DVB-T2 signal shall be QEF for the interference signal levels as specified. 					
Test result(s)	Measurement record:					
		r				
			I/C [dB]			
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	708.0	718.0	728.0		
	32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/16, 8MHz					
	32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, \(\Delta/\text{Tu} = \text{19/256, 8MHz} \)					
	Table 1. UE Video stream traffic interferer					
			I/C [dB]		l	
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	763.0	773.0	783.0	l	
	32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/16, 8MHz					
	32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/Tu =19/256, 8MHz					
	Table 2. BS 0% traffic load interferer					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in com		a 🗆			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					

Test Case	Task 3:64 DVB-T2: Performance: Immunity to "LTE 800 MHz" signals in Other Channels
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.7. <mark>+2</mark>
Requirement	The DVB-T and DVB-T2 IRD shall, for the supported frequency ranges, permit an interfering LTE signal with a minimum interference to signal level ratio (I/C) as stated in the table 3.16 below while maintaining QEF reception.
	The power of the LTE signal, both BS and UE, varies with a traffic load. The signal power of the LTE signal is defined as the power during the active part of the time varying LTE signal. The I/C values shall be fulfilled for traffic loads 0% to 100 % (BS) and for traffic loads from low bit rate to high bit rate (UE). Low traffic loads can be the most demanding ones. The minimum I/C requirement shall be fulfilled for -15dBm defined as licensed power of interfering signal, at the input of the IRD.
	The requirements in this paragraph refer, for DVB-T, to the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/8, \) 8MHz} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/4, \) 8MHz} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/4, \) 8MHz} and for DVB-T2 to the modes {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 1/16, \) 8MHz} {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, \(\Delta \text{Tu} = 19/256, \) 8MHz}







Test result(s)	 Set the receiver input level for the LTE signal in channel B to -15 dBm licensed power. (Note the rms power measured on a power meter with sufficient averaging to remove the power fluctuations in the signal will be -24.7 dBm.) Decrease the wanted signal level in channel A to a signal level when the quality measurement procedure 2 is still fulfilled. Fill in the measured signal level difference between channel A and channel B (licensed power) signals in dB in measurement record. Repeat the test when the channel B up-converter is set to frequencies 847.0 MHz, 857.0 MHz. Repeat the test for the DVB-T2 mode {32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/Tu =19/256, 8MHz}. Expected result: The wanted DVB-T2 signal shall be QEF for the interference signal levels as specified. Measurement record: 							
			I/C [dB]					
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	796.0	806.0	816.0				
	32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/Tu =1/16, 8MHz							
	32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/Tu =19/256, 8MHz							
	Table 1. BS 0% interferer							
			I/C [dB]					
	Interferer centre frequency [MHz]	837.0	847.0	857.0				
	32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R= $2/3$, $\Delta/Tu = 1/16$, 8MHz							
	32KE, 256-QAM R, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/Tu =19/256, 8MHz							
	Table 2. UE 1 Mbit/s interferer							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments							
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO							
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Date	Sign							

Test Case	Task 3:65 DVB-T2: Performance: Performance in Time-Varying Channels
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10. <mark>98</mark>
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to operate with all signal time variations that naturally exist in connection with fixed roof-top reception (e.g. mast sway, antenna sway) and inhouse portable reception (e.g. people walking around the receiving antenna). None of the above mentioned performance parameters should be significantly negatively affected when such channel time variations exist.
	The increase in required C/N for QEF reception shall be less than 3 dB for a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 20 Hz and a delay of 20 μs , corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 10 Hz (after AFC), compared to a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 1 Hz and a delay of 20 μs , corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 0.5 Hz (after AFC). The requirements in this paragraph refer for DVB-T to the modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/8} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ /Tu =1/4}.
	The increase in required C/N for QEF reception shall be less than 3 dB for a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 10 Hz and a delay of 20 µs, corresponding to a



	Doppler shift of +/- 5 Hz (after AFC), compared to a 0 dB echo with frequency separation equal to 1 Hz and a delay of 20 μ s, corresponding to a Doppler shift of +/- 0.5 Hz (after AFC). The requirement in this paragraph refer for DVB-T to the mode {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ /Tu =1/4} and for DVB-T2 to the modes given in the measurement record below $\frac{\text{(4)}}{\text{(4)}}$. For 1.7 MHz these DVB-T2 modes apply as well, except that the FFT size is 8K						
<pre>IRD Profile(s) variants and capability</pre>	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reception on a channel where time variations exists.						
	1.7MHz BW DVB-T2 modes are optional to test.						
	Equipment: TS Source DVB-T modulator Fading Simulator Simulator Power meter The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5). This is valid for 0Hz doppler shift. Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.						
	 Set up the test instruments. Use the following DVB-T2 mode: {32K extended, 256-QAM rotated, R=3/4, Δ/T_U=1/128}. Use channel K45 (666MHz). Configure path 1 to type of static, attenuation 0dB, delay 0μs. Configure path 2 to type of pure Doppler, attenuation 0dB, delay 20μs and frequency separation to 0Hz. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled. Fill in the measured value in dB in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the rest of the frequency separation values in the measurement record. Be careful of value which is configured in fading simulator. It can be speed, Doppler or frequency separation. Fill the C/N result in the measurement record. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes in measurement record. 						



	For the DVB-T2 modes the increase in the requ 20µs echo from frequency separation 1Hz to 10		be less than 3	3dB for 0dB						
Test result(s)	Measurement record:									
	Mode	0dB echo delay [μs]	Frequency separation [Hz]	C/N [dB]						
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	0Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	1Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	5Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	10Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/T _U =19/256, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	0Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/T _U =19/256, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	1Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/T _U =19/256, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	5Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ/T _U =19/256, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	10Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/16, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	0Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/16, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	1Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/16, 8MHz, 666MHz	20μs	5Hz							
	32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/16, 8MHz, 666MHz	20µs	10Hz							
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =19/256, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20µs	0Hz							
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =19/256, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	1Hz							
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =19/256, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20µs	5Hz							
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =19/256, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20µs	10Hz							
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	0Hz							
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	1Hz							
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20μs	5Hz							
	32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T _U =1/8, 7MHz, 198.5MHz	20µs	10Hz							
	Table 1. Mandatory DVB-T2 modes									



	8K normal,256QAM, PP2, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8, 1.7MHz, 206.352MHz	20µs	0Hz					
	8K normal,256QAM, PP2, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8, 1.7MHz, 206.352MHz	20µs	1Hz					
	8K normal,256QAM, PP2, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8, 1.7MHz, 206.352MHz	20µs	5Hz					
	8K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=2/3, Δ/T _U =1/8, 1.7MHz, 206.352MHz	20µs	10Hz					
	Table 2. Optional DVB-T2 modes							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments							
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Date	Sig	gn						

Test Case	Task 3:66 DVB-T2: Performance: Synchronisation for varying echo power levels in SFN					
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.940					
Requirement	For the DVB-T modes {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu=1/8}, {8K, 64-QAM, R=2/3, Δ/Tu=1/4} and {8K, 64-QAM, R=3/4, Δ/Tu=1/4}, the required C/N value, specified in table 3.18 of the NorDig specification, for QEFreception shall be obtained when the channel contains two paths with relative delay from 1.95 μs up to 0.95 times guard interval length and the relative power levels of the two paths are dynamically varying including 0dB echo level crossing. The C/N value is defined at 0 dB level crossing. For the DVB-T2 modes given in Table 3.94, the required C/N value, specified in table 3.19 of the NorDig Specification, for QEF reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two paths with relative delay from 1.95 μs up to 0.95 times guard interval length and the relative power levels of the two paths are dynamically varying including 0dB echo level crossing. The C/N value is defined at 0 dB level crossing.					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronisation when the amplitude of the echo compared to the					
	amplitude of the direct signal varies in a function of time. 1.7 MHz DVB-T2 modes not tested. Equipment:					
	TS Source Monitor					



The 0 degree channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5).

Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7 Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.

Test procedure for variations of the echo attenuation in a function of time:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following mode 32K extended, 256QAM, PP7 R=2/3, Δ /T_U=1/128, 8 MHz.
- 3. Use channel K45 (666MHz).
- 4. Open the switch.
- 5. Configure the first path signal (direct) with following parameters: 0dB attenuation and 0μs delay.
- 6. Configure the second path signal (1st echo) with following parameters: 0dB attenuation and first delay value from the measurement record.
- 7. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
- 8. Configure the third path signal (2nd echo) with following parameters: 1dB attenuation and delay same as for the second path and 0.1Hz frequency separation.
- 9. Close the switch.
- 10. Increase the C/N from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 11. Fill in the measured required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 12. Repeat the test for the rest of the echo delay values in the measurement record following the procedure above. Between change of the echo delay, RF input signal to the receiver shall be disconnect.
- 13. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes in measurement record. Use channel K8 (198.5MHz) tor the DVB-T2 modes with signal bandwidth 7MHz.

Expected result:

The IRD shall maintain the SFN synchronisation when the amplitude of the echo signal varies in a function of time. The required C/N shall not exceed the specified value in table 3.19.

Test result(s)

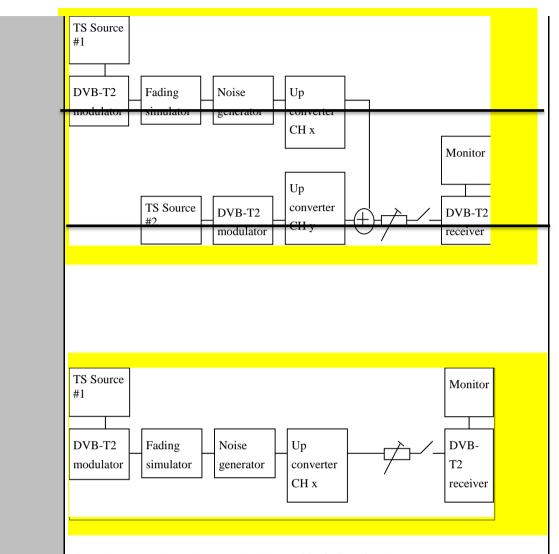
Measurement record:

		C/N [dB]										
DVB-T2 mode /												
0dB echo [µs]	10	26	112.1	133	152	212	224	253	256	289	426	486
32KE 256QAM PP7												
R2/3 G1/128 8MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP4												
R2/3 G1/16 8MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP4												
R3/5 G19/256												
8MHz												
32KN 256QAM PP4												
R2/3 G19/256												
7MHz												
32KE 256QAM PP2												
R3/4 G1/8 8MHz												



	32KN 256QAM PP2 R3/4 G1/8 7MHz
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Dute	Sign.
Test Case	Task 3:67 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN for more than one echo
	one echo
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.104
Requirement	For the DVB-T2 modes shown in (1), the required C/N value for profile 2 (specified in (1)) for QEF reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two static paths with relative delay from 1.95μs up to 0.95 times guard interval length, independently of the relative amplitudes and phases of the two paths. For 1.7 MHz these DVB T2 modes apply as well, except that the FFT size is 8K If there exists one or more FFT window positions for the time synchronisation that will give an aggregate available C/(N+I) larger than or equal to the required EPT (Effective Protection Target), the NorDig IRD shall be able to find one of these positions, independently of echo profile. The NorDig IRD shall also be able to correctly equalise the signal for echoes up to 57/64 (≈89.1%) of the Nyquist time (TU/Dx) for the scattered pilots (after time interpolation) for a particular FFT size, pilot pattern and RF bandwidth. (Interval of correct equalisation), independently of the echo profile. For a specific echo attenuation the required C/N shall have approximately the same-value, independent of the actual delay length. The deviation in required C/N from the median value shall be less than 1 dB, for any echo length from 1.95 μs up to 0.95 times
IRD Profile(s)	guard interval length. Basic, IRD, DVB T Terrestrial IRD
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify the SFN synchronization of the receiver when two echo signals are present.
	1.7 MHz DVB-T2 modes not tested.
	Equipment:





The 0 degree at channel center shall be used in fading simulator (see 2.3.5).

Use Mode A (Single PLP) parameter settings defined in 2.3.7Summary of DVB-T2 modes in DVB-T2 test tasks.

1.7MHz signal BW DVB-T2 modes are tested on 206.352MHz (9C) 7MHz signal BW DVB-T2 modes are tested on 198.5MHz (K8) 8MHz signal BW DVB-T2 modes are tested on 666MHz (K45),

Test procedure:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode 32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U\!\!=\!\!1/16$ and signal bandwidth 8MHz and center frequency 666MHz (K45).
- 3. Open the switch.
- 4. Conifigure one path of the channel simulator to have a 0dB attenuation, 0µs delay and 0 degree phase.



5.	Configure the second path of the channel simulator to have relative delay
	difference –100.1µs and attenuation 21dB (pre echo) and 0 degree phase.

- 6. Configure the third path of the channel simulator to have relative delay difference +100.0µs and attenuation 15 dB (post echo) and 0 degree phase.
- 7. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm.
- 8. Close the switch.
- 9. Increase the required C/N value from low value to higher value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 10. Fill in the required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 11. Measure the rest of the required C/N values starting at the bottom of the table and upward.
- 12. Fill in the results in the measurement record. During the change of the delay and the attenuation, the input RF signal to receiver shall be disconnected.
- 13. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes.

Expected result:

The IRD shall synchronize in all combinations defined in measurement record and the required C/N value shall not exceed the required C/N defined for profile 2: 0dB echo in table 2.4 (PP2) and table 2.5 (PP4).

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

321	k extended	256QAM	PP4			
R=2/3 A	$\Delta / T_{\rm U} = 1/16$,	8MHz, f=				
Mai	n path	Pre	echo	Post	echo	C/N [dB]
Att	Delay	Att	Delay	Att	Delay	
[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	
0	0	0	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	18	100	
0	0	21	-100.1	21	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	0	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	3	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	6	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	9	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	12	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	18	100	
0	0	15	-100.1	21	100	
0	0	0	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	3	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	6	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	9	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	12	-100.1	15	100	
0	0	18	-100.1	15	100	

	0	0	21	-100.1	15	100	
ı					1		
	321	k extended	256QAM				
	R=	$3/5 \Delta/T_U=1$	9/256, 8N	ИHz,			
		f=666	6MHz				
	Mai	n path	Pre	echo	Post	echo	C/N [dB]
	Att	Delay	Att	Delay	Att	Delay	
	[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	
	0	0	0	-120.1	0	+120.0	
	0	0	3	-120.1	3	+120.0	
	0	0	6	-120.1	6	+120.0	
	0	0	9	-120.1	9	+120.0	
	0	0	12	-120.1	12	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	15	+120.0	
	0	0	18	-120.1	18	+120.0	
	0	0	21	-120.1	21	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	0	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	3	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	6	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	9	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	12	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	18	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	21	+120.0	
	0	0	0	-120.1	15	+120.0	
	0	0	3	-120.1	15	+120.0	
	0	0	6	-120.1	15	+120.0	
	0	0	9	-120.1	15	+120.0	
	0	0	12	-120.1	15	+120.0	
	0	0	15	-120.1	15	+120.0	
	0	0	18	-120.1	15	+120.0	

32	2k normal 2	56QAM 1				
R=2/3 A	$\Lambda/T_{\rm U}=1/8, 7$	MHz, f=1				
Mai	n path	Pre	echo	Post	echo	C/N [dB]
Att	Delay	Att	Delay	Att	Delay	
[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	[dB]	[us]	
0	0	0	-243.1	0	+243.0	
0	0	3	-243.1	3	+243.0	
0	0	6	-243.1	6	+243.0	
0	0	9	-243.1	9	+243.0	
0	0	12	-243.1	12	+243.0	
0	0	15	-243.1	15	+243.0	
0	0	18	-243.1	18	+243.0	
0	0	21	-243.1	21	+243.0	

-120.1

15

+120.0

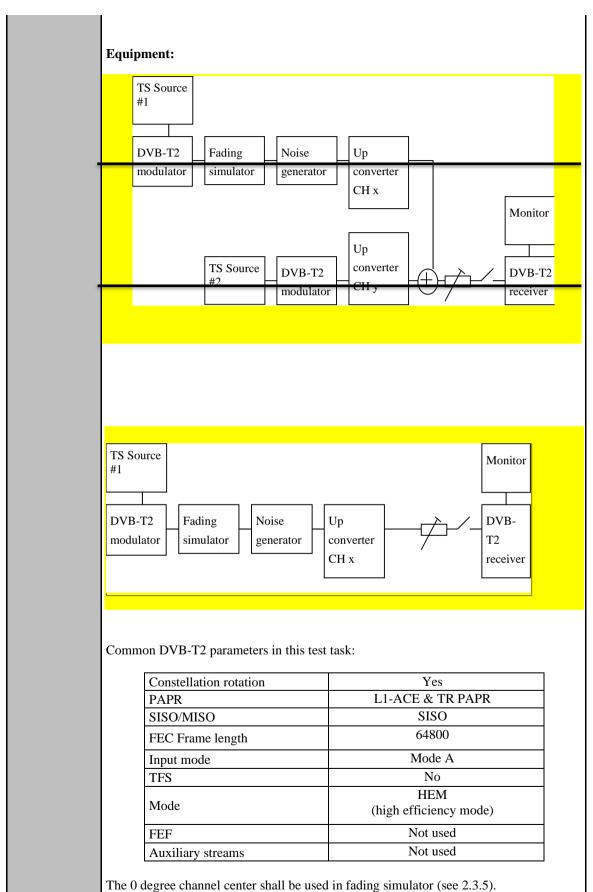
21



	ı F		1		1			7 1
		0	0	15	-243.1	0	+243.0	
		0	0	15	-243.1	3	+243.0	
		0	0	15	-243.1	6	+243.0	
		0	0	15	-243.1	9	+243.0	
		0	0	15	-243.1	12	+243.0	
		0	0	15	-243.1	18	+243.0	
		0	0	15	-243.1	21	+243.0	
		0	0	0	-243.1	15	+243.0	
		0	0	3	-243.1	15	+243.0	
		0	0	6	-243.1	15	+243.0	
		0	0	9	-243.1	15	+243.0	
		0	0	12	-243.1	15	+243.0	
		0	0	15	-243.1	15	+243.0	
		0	0	18	-243.1	15	+243.0	
		0	0	21	-243.1	15	+243.0	
Conformity		K Fault	Major [Minor.	define fail	reason in	comments	
Comments					fixed with s			
	Desci	ribe more	specific fa	ults and/o	or other info	ormation		
Date					T.	Sign		
	-						•	

Test Case	Task 3:68 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN inside the guard interval
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.140
Requirement	For the DVB-T2 modes shown in Table 3.9 (1), the required C/N value for profile 2 (specified in (1)) for QEF reception shall be obtained when the channel contains two static paths with relative delay from 1.95µs up to 0.95 times guard interval length, independently of the relative amplitudes and phases of the two paths. For 1.7 MHz these DVB-T2 modes apply as well, except that the FFT size is 8K For specific echo attenuation, the required C/N shall not be more than 1 dB higher compared to the median value when calculated for the required C/N values over the
	echo delays from 1.95 μs up to 0.95 times guard interval length.
<i>IRD</i> Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the required C/N for echoes in SFN inside the guard interval.







Test procedure for required C/N in SFN for echoes inside guard interval:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- 1. Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following DVB-T2 mode {32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, $\Delta/T_U=1/16$ } and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 3. Set the up-converter to center frequency 666MHz (K45).
- 4. Open the switch.
- 5. Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm for the wanted signal.
- 6. Set the channel simulator relative delay difference to 1.95 us for the echo
- 7. Set the channel simulator relative attenuation level to 0 dB for the echo signal.
- 8. Set C/N to such a ratio that receiver is unlocked state and reception is not possible.
- 9. Close the switch.
- 10. Increase the C/N value until the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 11. Fill in the required C/N value in dB in the measurement record.
- 12. Measure the rest of the required C/N values for the negative and positive 0dB echoes. Fill in the results in the measurement record. During the change of the delay the input RF signal shall be disconnected.
- 13. Test the rest of the combinations (not marked grey) of the relative delays and attenuation levels. The delay of the echo is maintained constant when the change of the attenuation from 21dB to 1dB is done. Find the required C/N value when the reception still fulfils the quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2). During the change of the delay and attenuation level the input RF signal shall be disconnected.
- 14. Continue test from step 4 by repeating the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes and signal bandwidth 8MHz in measurement record.
- 15. Set the up-converter to center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 16. Continue test from step 4 by repeating the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes and signal bandwidth 7MHz in measurement record.

Expected result:

The IRD shall synchronize in all echo attenuation and delay combinations except the longest values according to below:

32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T_U=1/16, 8MHz: -220μs and 220μs 32K extended, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ /T_U =19/256, 8MHz: -266 μ s and 266 μ s

32K extended, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, Δ/T_U =1/8, 8MHz: -448µs and 448µs

32K normal, 256QAM, PP4, R=2/3, Δ/T_U =19/256, 7MHz: -304μs and +304μs

32K normal, 256QAM, PP2, R=3/4, $\Delta/T_U = 1/8$, 7MHz: -500 μ s and +500 μ s

The required C/N value for 0dB echo shall not be higher than defined in table 2.4 (PP2) and table 2.5 (PP4).

The required C/N for a specific echo amplitude shall not be more than 1 dB higher compared to the median value when calculated for the required C/N values over the echo lengths from 1.95µs up to 0.95 times guard interval length.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

	32k	exten	ded 25	6QAM	PP4 R	=2/3 Δ	$T_{U}=1/2$	16, 8M	Hz				
	dB /us	1.95	10	28	56	90	112.1	130	150	170	190	212	220
П	0												



1													
2													
3													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
1	0												
	2												
1	3												
1	4												
	5												
	6												
1	7 8												
1	9												
2	0												
2	1												
,	В -	1.95	-10	-28	-56	-90	-112.1	120	-150	-170	-190	-212	-220
	ıs -	1.93	-10	-20	-30	-90	-112.1	-130	-130	-170	-190	-212	-220
0													
1													
3													
4													
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8 9													
	0												
1													
	2												
1	3 4												
	5												
1	6												
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1	9												
	1												
أ ا		ı	I								1		
3	32k e	extend	led 256	6QAM	PP4 R	=3/5 Δ	/T _U =19	0/256, 8	BMHz				
d	B 1	1.95	10	25	33	50	66	133	150	170	190	253	266
	ıs												
0													
1 2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
8													
9													
	0												
	1												
	2												



13												
14												
15												
16												
17												
18												
19												
20												
21												
dB	-1.95	-10	-25	-33	-50	-66	-133	-150	-170	-190	-253	-266
/us	1.75	10	23	33	30	00	133	130	170	170	233	200
0												
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32 k	x exten	ded 25	6QAM	PP2 R	=3/4 Δ	/T _U =1/	8, 8MI	Hz				
dB	1.95	10	28	56	70	112	224	320	384	400	426	448
/us												
0												
1												
2												
3												
4												
5												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												
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20												
21												



dB /us	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-70	-112	-224	-320	-384	-400	-426	-448
0												
1												
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11 12												
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221	7 0	.al 25	COAM	DD4 1	D 2/2	A //T	10/25/	7N/II.	_	1		
dB	1.95	10 10	28	, PP4, 1	128	152	256	289	304	1		
/us	1.75	10	20	1,0	120	132	230	207	304			
0												
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21			1			+		+		4		
dB	-1.95	-10	-28	-76	-128	-152	-256	-289	-304	1		
/us												
0												
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6 7												
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10												



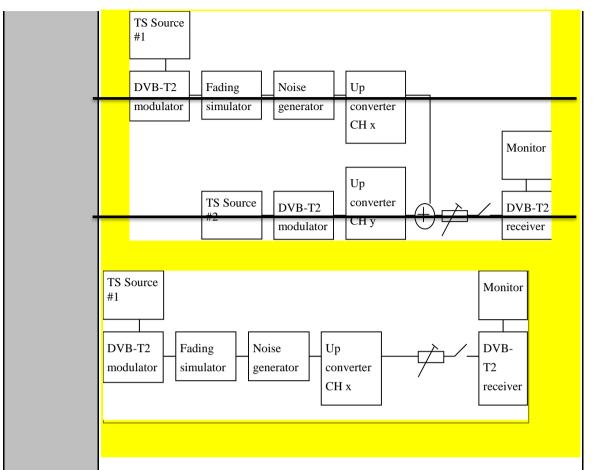
11					
12					
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19					
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21					

dΒ	1.95	10	28	PP2, 1	128	170	256	320	384	416	486	500
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8												
9												
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21				-	-							
lB	-1.95	-10	-28	-56	-128	-170	-256	-320	-384	416	-486	-50
us	-1.93	-10	-20	-30	-120	-170	-230	-320	-364	410	-400	-30
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6 7				1		1	1			1		1
6 7 8												
16 17 18 19												



Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
But	
Test Case	Task 3:69 DVB-T2: Performance: C/(N+I) Performance in SFN outside the guard interval
Section	NorDig Unified 3.4.10.1 <mark>04</mark>
Requirement	If there exists one or more FFT window positions for the time synchronisation that will give an aggregate available C/(N+I) larger than or equal to the required EPT (Effective Protection Target), the terrestrial NorDig IRD shall be able to find one of these positions, independently of echo profile. The terrestrial NorDig IRD shall also be able to correctly equalise the signal (referred to as Interval of correct qualization, TF) for an echo range (i.e. distance from first to last echo) up to 57/64 (≈89.1%) of the Nyquist time (TU/Dx) for the scattered pilots (after time interpolation) for a particular FFT size, pilot pattern and RF bandwidth independently of the echo profile. For echoes outside the guard interval, for 8 MHz DVB-T2 signal, QEF reception shall be possible with echo levels up to the values defined in Table 3.22. For echoes outside the guard interval, for 7 MHz DVB-T2 signal, QEF reception shall be possible with echo levels up to the values defined in Table 3.23.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the SFN synchronisation in SFN for echoes outside guard interval. Equipment:





Common DVB-T2 parameters in this test task:

Constellation rotation	Yes
PAPR	L1-ACE & TR PAPR
SISO/MISO	SISO
FEC Frame length	64800
Input mode	Mode A
TFS	No
Mode	HEM (high efficiency mode)
FEF	Not used
Auxiliary streams	Not used

Test procedure for evaluation of synchronization for echoes outside the guard interval:

Check the different SFN synchronisation issues from 2.3.4 Receiver operability in SFN.

- Set up the test instruments.
- 2. Use the following mode {32K, 256QAM, PP4, R=3/5, Δ /T_U=1/16} and signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- Open the switch.
- Set the receiver input level to -50 dBm for the wanted signal.
- Set the channel simulator relative delay difference to 260µs for the echo signal.

- 6. Close the switch.
- 7. Increase the echo attenuation from low value to higher value until quality measurement procedure 2 (QMP2) is fulfilled.
- 8. Fill in echo attenuation result in dB in the measurement record.
- 9. Repeat the test the rest of the combinations of the relative delays and attenuation levels defined in measurement record. Open the switch before changing the delay and attenuation level.
- 10. Repeat the test for the rest of the DVB-T2 modes in the measurement record for the signal bandwidth 8MHz.
- 11. Set the up-converter to center frequency 198.5MHz (K8).
- 12. Follow the test procedure and repeat the test for the 7 MHz signal bandwidth and DVB-T2 modes defined in the measurement record according to procedure above.

Expected result:

All the echo attenuation values shall be equal or lower compared to NorDig Unified values in tables 3.22 and 3.23.

Test result(s)

Measurement record:

7 MHz signal bandwidth						
DVB-T2 mode	Echo delay [µs]					
	-298	-266	-215	-165	-135	
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI=1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/32						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/32						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/32						
		Ech	10 dela	ıy [μs]		
	298	266	215	165	135	
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/32				•		
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/32				•		
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/32		·				

7 MHz signal bandwidth						
DVB-T2 mode	Echo delay [µs]					
	-608	-512	-400	-298	-266	
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=3/5, GI=1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=2/3, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=3/4, GI =1/16						
		Ec	ho del	ay [µs		
	608	512	400	298	266	
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=3/5, GI =1/16						
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=2/3, GI =1/16				<u>-</u>		
32K nor, 256-QAM, PP2, R=3/4, GI =1/16						

8 MHz signal bandwidth						
DVB-T2 mode	Echo delay [µs]					
	-260	-230	-200	-150	-120	
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/16						
32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/16						



	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/16					
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/32					
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/32					
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/32					
			Ech	o delay	[µs]	
		260	230	200	150	120
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/16					
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/16					
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/16					
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/5, GI =1/32					
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=2/3, GI =1/32					
	32K ext, 256-QAM, PP4, R=3/4, GI =1/32					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail rea	son in c	ommen	ts		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with soft	ware up	date:	YES _]NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other inform	ation				
Date	Sign	n				
Duic	~8.					



2.4 Task 4: IP-Based Front-end

- Not yet available-



2.5 Task 5: MPEG2 demultiplexer

Test Case	Task 5:1 SI utilization
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall utilize the MPEG-2 Service Information as specified in Part B.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	
	Utilization of MPEG-2 Service Information shall be tested under Task 813.

Test Case	Task 5:2 CA descriptor interpretation
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall interpret the CA descriptor as defined in ETR 289
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE
Test procedure	This test is covered with tests Task 13:25, Task 10:1, and Task 10:2, Task 13:9 and Task 13:18

Test Case	Task 5:3 Maximum transport stream data rate					
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1 and 3					
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to decode an ISO/IEC 13818-1 stream with data rates up to that include all rates that the front-end may deliver as defined in NorDig Unified chapter 3. Note: The DVB-S/S2 satellite front-end may deliver up to 80.4 Mbps after error correction					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC, all IRDs					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Purpose of the test is to verify that IRD supports maximum transport stream data rate. Equipment:					
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor					
	Terrestrial front-end (DVB-T) only: Test multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 31.67 Mbit/s and carrying one or more services with video/audio content and teletext components. Test DVB-T2 multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 44.792 Mbit/s and carrying one or more services with video/audio content and teletext components. Satellite front-ends only:					



	Test DVB-T multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 72 Mbit/s and carrying one or more
	services with video/audio content and teletext components.
	Test DVB-S2 multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 72 Mbit/s and carrying one or more
	services with video/audio content and teletext components.
	DVB-S2X satellite front-end only:
	Test DVB-S2X multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 96 Mbit/s and carrying one or
	more services with video/audio content and teletext components.
	Cable front-ends only:
	Test multiplex with the maximum bitrate of 53,45 Mbit/s and carrying one or more
	services with video/audio content and teletext components.
	IP-front-end only:
	TBD
	Test procedure: This is general requirement that will be tooked in front and tooks.
	This is general requirement that will be tested in front-end tests.
	Expected result:
	Emperior results
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 5:4 Number of elementary streams
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be capable to utilise at least 32 elementary streams simultaneously, which requires 32 PID filters.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify IRD's capability to utilize at least 32 elementary streams simultaneously.
	Equipment: The manufacturer describes his specific set-up for the test
	Test procedure: Due to the complexity to test the ability to handle 32 elementary streams simultaneously, this test can be difficult to fully test.
	Instead the supplier shall ensure that this requirement is met.



	If no such statement of conformance is issued, a test containing the maximum number of components used in the broadcast network should be performed. At least following amount and types of components shall be tested within a service: • Audio MPEG1 LII • audio AC-3, • video,
	EBU teletext
	 DVB subtitling
	Data, e.g. DSMCC data craousel.
	In the future up to three PID's for data applications could be included.
	Note: The number simultaneously elementary streams used in the test shall be stated in
	the comments below.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
D. /	
Date	Sign
Test Case	Task 5:5 Section filtering

Test Case	Task 5:5 Section filtering
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide at least 32 section filters.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and	
<u>capability</u>	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify IRD's capability to utilize at least 32 sections.
	Equipment:
	The manufacturer describes his specific set-up for the test
	Tost muccodumo
	Test procedure:
	The stream_type 0x05 corresponds private sections. One section is 4096 bytes.
	Therefore, the requirement is up 32 * 4096 bytes.
	Therefore, and requirement is up 62 1000 cycles.
	All PSI/SI data transmitted in sections. Therefore, the requirement of amount PSI/SI
	sections to handle is 32 * 4096 bytes.
	·
	Expected result:
	The supplier shall ensure that this requirement is met.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YESNO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Dute	Sign





Test Case	Task 5:6 Variable Bitrate Elementary Streams
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support variable bitrate elementary streams within a constant
	bitrate transport stream (excluding audio).
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that the IRD can decode a variable bitrate video stream (statistical multiplexing).
	Test Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor
	Test signal configuration:
	The bitrate variation range in test streams shall be e.g.: - 6 - 11 Mbit/s - 2 - 6 Mbit/s - 2 - 6 Mbit/s - 3 - 11 Mbit/s
	Test procedure: The IRD is tuned to a Transport Stream that contains variable bitrate Elementary Streams (statistical multiplexing of video). No noise added IRD input level: -60 dBm RGB pictures displayed on a monitor is observed.
	Expected result: The IRD is capable of displaying an error-free picture during 5 minutes. The audio and video shall be muted during acquisition.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
	1~30

Test Case	Task 5:7 Mixture of SD and HD service <mark>s</mark> types
Section	NorDig Unified 4.1



IRD Profile(s) variants and capability Test procedure	The NorDig HDTV IRD shall support a mixture of service types within the same ISO/IEC 13818-1[42] MPEG-2 transport stream (i.e. MPEG-2 SDTV service, MPEG-4 AVC SDTV and HDTV and Radio services may be multiplexed into the same transport stream). The NorDig HEVC IRD shall in addition support ISO/IEC 23008-2[82] HEVC based service types mixed with the service types mentioned above within the same ISO/IEC 13818-1[50] MPEG-2 transport stream. Basic, IRD, FE HEVC, all IRDs Purpose of test: To verify the receiver is able to decode a mixture of SD, and HD and UHD services.
	Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD
	Transport stream(s) containing: • Digital tv SD service (0x01) with • MPEG-2 720x576i 25Hz video component • MPEG-1 Layer II audio component • Advanced codec SD digital tv service (0x16) with • MPEG-4 AVC 720x576i 25Hz video component • MPEG-4 HE.AAC v1 audio component • Advanced codec HD digital tv Service (0x19) with • MPEG-4 AVC 1280x720p 50Hz video component • DD E-AC-3 audio component • High efficiency codec HD digital tv service (0x1F) with • MPEG-H HEVC 1920x1080p 50Hz video component SDR • AC-4 audio component. • MPEG-4 HE-AAC v1 audio component
	 High efficiency codec UHD digital tv service (0x20) with MPEG-H HEVC 3840x2160p 50Hz video component HDR AC-4 audio component. MPEG4 HE-AAC v1 audio component Digital radio sound service (0x02) with MPEG-1 Layer II audio component Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A) with MPEG-4 HE.AAC Level 4 audio component. Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A) with DD E-AC-3 audio component.
	Test procedure: Tune to the services and verify that the service is decoded correctly. Expected result: NorDig SDTV Level Basic IRD receiver doesn't install HEVC HD services in service list and therefore doesn't decode these HEVCHD services.
Test result(s)	NorDig HDTV Level HEVC IRD is able to decode both HD and SD all services.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments



Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

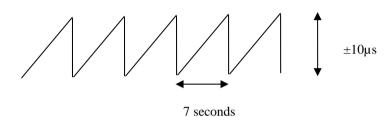
Test Case	Task 5:8 Descrambler Performance
Section	NorDig Unified 4.2
Requirement	The descrambler unit is based on the common scrambling algorithm as specified by DVB, see DVB A 011 [5]. Common Scrambling Algorithms versions 2 and 3 shall (1) be implemented in the NorDig IRD. The algorithms are available from ETSI (2). See also section 9. It shall (1) be able to descramble on transport level and on PES format. The NorDig IRD shall (1) be able to process in parallel up to at least 6 different streams (either PES or transport level) with different access conditions. Data streams without access control shall be bypassed by the descrambling unit.
<i>IRD Profile(s)</i> variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	This test is tested in Task 10:

Test Case	Task 5:9 System clock recovery
Section	NorDig Unified 4.3
Requirement	During the system time clock (STC) acquisition audio and video shall be muted. (The transition shall be smooth and seamless when the customer changes the channel). The decoder shall be able to: •recover the STC using PCR with maximum jitter of +/- 10 µs. •track long-term variations in the frequency of the encoder's STC. For each service, the demultiplexer shall recover the source clock by extracting the associated PCR values received within the incoming multiplex and insert them into the appropriate Phase Locked Loop.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and	
<u>capability</u>	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to recover system clock with PCR jitter amplitudes of +- $10~\mu s$.
	Test Equipment:
	Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD
	A transport stream including services with following components:
	 Service 1 MPEG4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz video PID with rapid variations of
	o MPEG4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz video PID with rapid variations of the PCR values

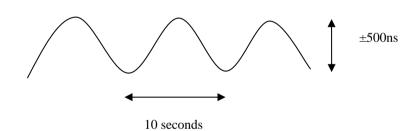
- o MPEG4 HE AAC L2 audio PID
- Service 2
 - MPEG4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz video PID with longterm variations of the PCR values
 - o MPEG4 HE AAC L2 audio PID
- Service 3
 - MPEG2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz video PID with rapid variations of the PCR values
 - o MPEG1 LII audio PID
- Service 4
 - MPEG2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz video PID with longterm variations of the PCR values
 - o MPEG1 LII audio PID

Characteristics of the PCR variations are defined below.

Rapid variation PCR(sawtooth wave)



Long term variation PCR (constant sine wave)



Test procedure:

- 1. Set IRD input level to -60 dBm
- 2. Play out the TS
- 3. Do the channel search if required
- 4. Verify that IRD provides error free video and there is no irritating lipsync.

Expected result:

The NorDig IRD is capable of displaying an error-free picture during 5 minutes. The audio and video shall be in synchronization, with other words, there is no irritating lipsync.

Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)



	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

2.6 Task 6: Video

Test Case	Task 6:1 Video Decoder - General
Section	NorDig Unified 5.1
Section Requirement	NorDig Unified 5.1 The NorDig IRD's video decoder of the NorDig IRD shall fully comply with the DVB Implementation Guidelines specification for the use of broadcasting applications regarding "25 Hz MPEG-2 SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams "25 Hz H.264/AVC SDTV IRD and Bitstream "25 Hz H.264/AVC HDTV video in satellite, cable IRD and terrestrial broadcasting applications, Bitstream ETSI TS 101 154. The video decoder of the NorDig HEVC IRD shall, in addition to above, comply with the DVB specification for broadcasting applications regarding "HEVC HDR UHDTV IRD and Bitstream" in ETSI TS 101 154. Observe that in a future revision of the NorDig Unified Requirements, requirements regarding "HEVC HDR HFR UHDTV IRD and Bitstream" will be added. The following clauses of ETSI TS 101 154 are relevant to this specification: • 5.1 "25 Hz MPEG-2 SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams"
	 5.5 "Specifications Common to all H.264/AVC IRDs and Bitstreams" 5.6 "H.264/AVC SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams". TheNorDig_IRD shall support High Profile at Level 3.0 bitstreams. 5.7.1 and 5.7.2 "Specifications common to all H.264/AVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstreams". 5.7.2 "25 Hz H.264/AVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstream". The NorDig IRD shall support High Profile at Level 4.0 bitstreams. 5.14.1 "Specifications Common to all HEVC IRDs and Bitstreams".
	 5.14.4 "HEVC HDR UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams" (1). Support for both PQ10 and HLG10 is required for the NorDig HEVC IRD. Only support of 50 Hz and 25 Hz frame rates are required for the NorDig HEVC IRD. (This implies support for the "HEVC HDR UHDTV Bitstream", the "HEVC UHDTV Bitstream" and the "HEVC HDTV Bitstream", excluding non-square pixel aspect ratios and excluding interlace scan).
IRD Profile(s)	Basie, HEVC, all IRDs, FE
Test procedure	This is a general requirement. It will be verified in the following tests
Date	Sign



Test Case	Task 6:2 Video Decoder – Resolutions and Frame rates
Section	NorDig Unified 5.2 resolutions and 5.3 frame rates
Requirement	 5.2 Supported resolutions: The Video Decoder of the NorDig IRD shall (1) be able to receive and decode the video formats specified in Table 5.1-resolutions according to ETSI TS 101 154: Section 5.1 "25 Hz MPEG-2 SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.1.4 "Luminance resolution".
	 Section 5.6 "H.264/AVC SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.6.2 "25 Hz H.264/AVC SDTV IRD and Bitstream", sub-section 5.6.2.3 "Luminance resolution".
	• Section 5.7 "H.264/AVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.7.1.4 "Luminance resolution".
	The Video Decoder of the NorDig HEVC IRD shall , inaddition to the capabilities of the NorDig IRD, be able to receive and decode the resolutions according to ETSI TS 101 154: • Section 5.14.4 "HEVC HDR UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.14.4.3 "Luminance Resolutions".
	• Section 5.14.3 "HEVC UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.14.3.2 "Luminance resolution" with the exception for non-square pixel aspect ratios.
	• Section 5.14.2 "HEVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.14.2.2 "Luminance resolution" with the exception for non-square pixel aspect ratios and the exception for interlace scan.
	5.3 Supported frame rates: The Video Decoder of the NorDig IRD shall be able to receive and decode the frame rates according to ETSI TS 101 154:
	• Section 5.1 "25 Hz MPEG-2 SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.1.2 "Frame rate".
	• Section 5.6 "H.264/AVC SDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.6.2 "25 Hz H.264/AVC SDTV IRD and Bitstream", sub-section 5.6.2.2 "Frame rate".
	• Section 5.7 "H.264/AVC HDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.7.2 "25 Hz H.264/AVC HDTV IRD and Bitstream", sub-section 5.7.2.2 "Frame rate".
	The Video Decoder of the NorDig HEVC IRD shall , in addition to the capabilities of the NorDig IRD, be able to receive and decode the frame rates according to ETSI TS 101 154: • Section 5.14.1 "Specifications Common to all HEVC IRDs and Bitstreams", subsection 5.14.1.7 "Frame rate" (1).
	• Section 5.14.4 "HEVC HDR UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-section 5.14.4.5 "Frame Rates" (1).
	The Video Decoder of the NorDig HEVC IRD shall also be able to receive and decode a half frame rate (50Hz) component of a dual PID 100Hz HFR bitstream, according to ETSI TS 101 154 section 5.14.5 "HEVC HDR HFR UHDTV IRDs and Bitstreams and HEVC HFR UHDTV Bitstreams", subsection 5.14.5.7 "HEVC encoding structure for HFR Bitstreams using dual PID and temporal scalability".
	Support for frame rates other than 25 Hz, 50 Hz and the reception and decoding of a half frame rate (50Hz) component of a dual PID 100Hz HFR bitstream, is optional in the NorDig HEVC IRD. For HEVC encoded video, only decoding of progressive scan video is mandatory.



	Note 1: The specifications in section 5.14.1.7 shall apply with the restrictions in section 5.14.4.5, i.e. only progressive scan support is mandatory.																	
RD Profile(s)	Basie, HEVC, all IRDs, FE																	
est procedure	Purpose of test:																	
	To verify that all video luminance resolutions and frame rates are displayed correctly.																	
	Equipment:																	
	MPEC	,	MPI	G I	OVB 1	NorDig	Monito											
	TS So		MU		modulator	IRD	Monito (for STB											
	Source must h	nave TS (contai	ning all the	e video formats list	ed in test re	esults											
			ontui	ining un til	o video formats fist	ed in test re	odito.											
	Test procedu																	
	1. Play stream 2. Tune to ser		ntain	all video f	ormats in measurer	nent record	table below	W										
			ces ar	e decoded	and displayed corr	ectly.												
					s (rows) marked wi		ndatory) P	LUS at										
	least 3 other r	andomly	non-ı	mandatory	selected cases (rov	vs) from M	PEG-2/AV	C table										
					other randomly no	<mark>on-mandat</mark> o	ory selected	cases										
	(rows) from H		ole be	low.														
	5. Fill in test i	esults						5. Fill in test results										
	L	14																
	Expected res	ult:																
	· .		s deco	oded and di	splayed correctly.													
	· .		s deco	oded and di	splayed correctly.													
est result(s)	· .	e video is																
est result(s)	Verify that the	e video is			Ds:	colour	Minimu											
est result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance	record for Frame rate	or all	NorDig IR Frame Aspect		colour	Minimu m to test	OK/										
est result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions	record for	or all	NorDig IR Frame Aspect Ratio	Ds:	colour		OK/ NOK										
est result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x	record for Frame rate	or all	NorDig IR Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon	Ds:	colour	m to test											
st result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions	record for rame rate [Hz]	or all	NorDig IR Frame Aspect Ratio	Ds:		m to test											
st result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288	record for Frame rate [Hz]	or all I/P	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical)	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	m to test (1) M (one											
st result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288	record for Frame rate [Hz]	I/P	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601 BT.601	m to test (1) M (one of them)											
st result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288 352x288	record for Frame rate [Hz]	I/P I I I	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9 4:3	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3	BT.601	m to test (1) M (one											
st result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288	record for Frame rate [Hz]	I/P	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601 BT.601	m to test (1) M (one of them) M (one											
st result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288	record for Frame rate [Hz] 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	I/P I I I I I I	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9 4:3	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601	m to test (1) M (one of them) M (one											
st result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x576 352x576 352x576	record for Frame rate [Hz] 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	I/P I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3	BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601	m to test (1) M (one of them) M (one											
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est result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x576 352x576 352x576 480x576 480x576 480x576 480x576 544x576 544x576 544x576 544x576	record for record for record for record for record for rate [Hz] 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	I/P I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M (one of them) M (one of them) M (one of them)											
est result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x576 352x576 352x576 480x576 480x576 480x576 480x576 544x576 544x576 544x576	record for record for record for record for rate [Hz] 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	I/P I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3	BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601 BT.601	M (one of them) M (one											
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est result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x576 352x576 352x576 480x576 480x576 480x576 544x576 544x576 544x576 544x576 544x576 720x576 720x576	record for record for record for record for record for rate [Hz] 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	I/P I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M (one of them) M (one of them)											
st result(s)	Verify that the Measurement Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x Vertical, 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x288 352x576 352x576 352x576 480x576 480x576 480x576 544x576 544x576 544x576 544x576 520x576 720x576 720x576	record for record for record for record for rate [Hz] 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	I/P I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Frame Aspect Ratio (Horizon tal: Vertical) 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3 16:9 4:3	Ds: Bit Stream (Profile@ Level) MPEG-2 MP@ML MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3 AVC HP@L3 MPEG-2 MP@ML AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M (one of them) M M											



0.001.000	25	T	16.0	AVC LID©L 4	DT 700		
960x1080	25	1	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
960x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1280x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1280x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1440x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1440x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1920x1080	25	I	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709	M	
1920x1080	25	P	16:9	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		

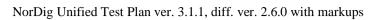
I: Interlaced, P: Progressive video

Note 1: Mandatory, at least tests/rows marked with "M" has to be tested (preferably all). For test marked madatory over several rows ("M"), at least one of the tests/rows has to be tested.

Additional measurement record for NorDig HEVC IRDs:

For HEVC "Luminance resolution" with the exception for non-square pixel aspect ratios (i.e. exception for other pixel aspec ratio idc than equal to 1) and the exception for interlace scan. All HEVC streams/services shall have Frame Aspect Ratio 16:9 (with a pixel aspect ratio idc 1:1 i.e. square pixel) and progressive scan format,

Video	<mark>Fra</mark>	I/P	Bit	Dyna	Colour	Codec	Minim	
Luminance	me		depth	mic		level	um to	OK/
Resolutions	rate			range			test (1)	NOK
Horizontal x	[Hz]			(SDR,				
Vertical (2)				HLG,				
1.020, 1000	25		0.1.	PQ)	D.T. 700	WENG WE		
1 920x1080	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	25 25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	<mark>25</mark>	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	<mark>25</mark>	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	<mark>50</mark>	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	<mark>50</mark>	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	<mark>50</mark>	P	8-bit	<mark>SDR</mark>	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	<mark>50</mark>	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	<mark>SDR</mark>	BT.709	HEVC HD	M	
1 600x900	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD	M	
960x540	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	171	
2 560x1440	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	171	1
1 280x720		P P		SDR				-
	50 50		10bit		BT.2020	HEVC UHD		1
960x540	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		-
	ļ			<u> </u>		HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
3 200X1800	25	P	10bit	HLGIU	B1.2100	HDR		





2 560x1440	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 600x900	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
960x540	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
960x540	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
2010 21 22			4011			HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HDR		
960x540	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
1 600x900	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
960x540	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 840x2160	100	P	10bit	CDB	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	2PID 100			SDR				
3 200x1800	2PID 100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	2PID 100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	100 2PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	1002 PID	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
700/10	100	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
3 840x2160	2PID					HEVC UHD		
	100	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100			
3 840x2160			10bit	HLG10 HLG10	BT.2100 BT.2100	HEVE UHD HEVE UHD HDR	M	



	I —	100				I ,	HEVC UHD		
	1 600x900	2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR		
	1 280x720	100 2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	960x540	1002 PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	3 840x2160	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	3 200x1800	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
	2 560x1440	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	IVI	
	1 920x1080	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	1 600x900	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	1 280x720	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	960x540	1002 PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	I: Interlaced,								
	Note2: For all						table above)	, it refers	to that video
	is Progressive								
	Note 1: Mand								
	For test marke	ed mada	itory o	ver sever	al rows ('	"M"), at lea	ast one of the	e tests/ro	ws has to be
	tested.								
Conformity	OK Fault	☐ Ma	ior 🔲	Minor d	efine fail	reason in o	comments		
Comments	If possible des							SNO	
Comments	Describe more							510	
	Describe more	c specif	ic rauri	s and/or	other init	Jillation			
Date						Sign			

Test Case	Task 6:3 Video resolution scaling Up-sampling/Up-conversion
Section	NorDig Unified 5.4
Requirement	When up converting video with an encoded luminance resolution of 720x576 or 704x576 to any 1:1 pixel aspect ratio format (i.e. 1280x720 or 1920x1080), only the centred 702 of the horizontal 720 / 704 pixels shall be used. Those 702 pixels correspond to the 52 microseconds of an active line, hence preserves correct geometry in the up conversion process.
	When up converting other valid input line resolution format to any 1:1 pixel aspect-(output) format (i.e. 1280x720 or 1920x1080), only the centred horizontal pixels shall be used; e.g. when up-converting (received) 544x576 line resolution format to any 1:1 pixel aspect ratio (output) format, only the centred 530 pixels of the horizontal 544 shall be used.
	Upscaling of (sub-) resolutions of received video shall be made in accordance with ETSI TS 101 154, i.e(sub-) luminance resolutions in Reference Model Figure 5.1 within NorDig Unified IRD specification shall be up-scaled by the Decoder Format Converter into the-video raster of the Decoder Composition Output. Regarding the NorDig STB, the video raster shall either be a manually chosen raster of 1920x1080, 1280x720 or 720x576 or a raster automatically selected via EDID-information as desired by the HDMI Sink (iDTV/display).



In addition to the raster resolutions above, the NorDig HEVC STB **shall** provide the raster 3840x2160.

Regarding NorDig iDTVs, all resolutions of received video shall internally be scaled to the native resolution of the-display.

When upscaling video with an encoded luminance resolution of 720x576 or 704x576 to any square pixel aspect ratio format (e.g. 1280x720, 1920x1080 or 3840x2160), only the centred 702 of the horizontal 720 / 704 pixels **shall** be used. Those 702 pixels correspond to the 52 microseconds of an active line, hence preserves correct geometry in the up-conversion process.

When upscaling other 576 line-based input resolutions to any square pixel aspect (output) format (i.e. 1280x720, 1920x1080 or 3840x2160), only the centred horizontal pixels **shall** be used; e.g. when up-converting (received) 544x576 line resolution format to any-square pixel aspect ratio (output) format, only the centred 530 pixels of the horizontal 544 **shall** be used.

IRD Profile(s)

Basic, HEVC, all IRDs, FE

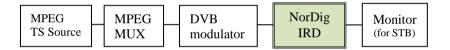
Test procedure

Purpose of test:

When up-converting valid input line resolution format to any 1:1 pixel aspect (output) format, only the centered horizontal pixels shall be used.

This test task 6:3 of video scaling can be made together with test task 6:2 resolution and frame rates.

Equipment:



Monitor for testing NorDig STB shall display a native 1920x1080 resolution, monitor for testing NorDig HEVC STB shall display a native 3840x2160 resolution.

Source must have TS containing all the video formats listed in test results Transport stream containing:

- 720 x 576 video signal
- 704x576 video signal
- 544x576 video signal

Test procedure:

Verify that only the centred horizontal pixels shall be used for up-converting valid input line resolution to 1:1-pixel output (1920x1080, 1280x720). This is 702 horizontal pixels from 720/704x576 material and 530 pixels from 544x576 material. Following steps:

- 1. For NorDig STB/HEVC STB check that is video output raster can either be a manually chosen or a raster automatically selected via EDID-information as desired by the HDMI Sink (iDTV/display) according to NorDig requirements.
- 2. Play streams that contain all video formats in measurement record table below
- 3. Tune to services
- 4. Verify that the services are decoded and that video resolution scaling are displayed correctly
- 5. Testing shall be made upon all cases (rows) marked with "M" (mandatory) PLUS at least 3 other randomly non-mandatory selected cases (rows) from MPEG-2/AVC table below PLUS for HEVC IRDs at least 3 other randomly non-mandatory selected cases (rows) from HEVC table below.

6. Fill in test results

Expected result:

(step 1) The NorDig STB, the video output raster **shall** either be a manually chosen raster of 1920x1080, 1280x720 or 720x576 or a raster automatically selected via EDID-information as desired by the HDMI Sink (iDTV/display).

In addition to the raster resolutions above, the NorDig HEVC STB shall provide the raster 3840x2160.

When up converting video with an encoded luminance resolution to any 1:1 pixel aspect ratio format, only the centred horizontal pixels shall be used.

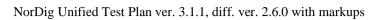
(step 2-6) Upscaling of (sub-) resolutions of received video **shall** be up-scaled by the Decoder Format Converter into the-video raster of the Decoder Composition Output. When upscaling of input video to any square pixel aspect ratio format to the output, only the centred horizontal pixels **shall** be used. This means for 720x576 or 704x576 input video content only the centred 702 of the horizontal 720 / 704 pixels **shall** be used and for 544x576 video content, only the centred 530 pixels of the horizontal 544 **shall** be used. The geometry of the original picture shall be preserved.

Test result(s)

Measurement record for all NorDig IRDs:

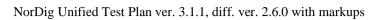
Video	Frame	I/P	Frame	Bit Stream	colour	Minimu	
Luminance	<mark>rate</mark>		Aspect	(Profile@ Level)		m to test	OK/
Resolutions	[Hz]		Ratio			(1)	NOK
Horizontal x			(Horizon				
Vertical,			tal:				
252, 200	0.5	 	Vertical)	MDECLAMBOM	DT (01		
352x288	25 25	<u>I</u>	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	1	
352x288	25	<u>I</u>	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M (one	
352x288	25 25	<u>I</u>	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	of them)	
352x288	25	<u>I</u>	16:9	AVC HP@L3	DE C01		
352x576	25 25	<u>I</u>	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
352x576	25 25	<u>I</u>	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
352x576	25	I	4:3	AVC HP@L3	BT.601		
352x576	<mark>25</mark>	<u>I</u>	16:9	AVC HP@L3			
480x576	<u>25</u>	I	4:3	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
480x576	<mark>25</mark>	I	16:9	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
480x576	25	I	<mark>4:3</mark>	AVC HP@L3	BT.601		
480x576	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L3			
544x576	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>4:3</mark>	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601		
544x576	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>16:9</mark>	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M (one	
544x576	<mark>25</mark>	<u>I</u>	<mark>4:3</mark>	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	of them)	
544x576	<mark>25</mark>	<u>I</u>	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L3			
720x576	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>4:3</mark>	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M	
720x576	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>16:9</mark>	MPEG-2 MP@ML	BT.601	M	
720x576	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>4:3</mark>	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M	
720x576	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L3	BT.601	M	
640x720	<mark>50</mark>	P	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.1847		
960x720	<mark>50</mark>	P	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.1847	M	
1280x720	<mark>50</mark>	P	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.1847	M	
960x1080	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
960x1080	<mark>25</mark>	P	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1280x1080	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1280x1080	<mark>25</mark>	P	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1440x1080	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1440x1080	<mark>25</mark>	P	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		
1920x1080	<mark>25</mark>	I	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.709	M	
1920x1080	<mark>25</mark>	P	<mark>16:9</mark>	AVC HP@L4	BT.709		

I: Interlaced, P: Progressive video





								<mark>ws ha</mark>
Additional m	neasuren 1	nent rec	c <mark>ord for l</mark>	NorDig H	EVC IRD	<mark>s:</mark>		
All HEVC st							h a pixel	aspe
Video Luminance Resolutions Horizontal x	Fra me rate [Hz]	I/P	Bit depth	Dyna mic range (SDR,	Colour	Codec level	Minim um to test (1)	OK NO
Vertical (2)				HLG, PQ)				
1 920x1080	<mark>25</mark>	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	25	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	25 25	P	8-bit 8-bit	SDR SDR	BT.709 BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540 1 920x1080	50	P P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	50	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	<mark>50</mark>	P	8-bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
								<u> </u>
1 920x1080 1 600x900	25 25	P P	10bit 10bit	SDR SDR	BT.709 BT.709	HEVC HD	M	
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
960x540	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 920x1080	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD	M	
960x540	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.709	HEVC HD		
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	25 25	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 280x720 960x540	25 25	P P	10bit 10bit	SDR SDR	BT.2020 BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	<u>50</u>	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD	M	
1 600x900 1 280x720	50 50	P P	10bit 10bit	SDR SDR	BT.2020 BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	50	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020 BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD		
960x540	25	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD	M	
	-	_				HDR HEVC UHD	17/1	
3 200x1800	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		<u> </u>
2 560x1440		P						





1 920x1080	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
1 600x900	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
960x540	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 840x2160	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 600x900	25	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
960x540	<mark>25</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
3 840x2160	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 200x1800	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
2 560x1440	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 920x1080	<mark>50</mark>	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
1 600x900	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 280x720	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
960x540	50	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
3 840x2160	100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 200x1800	2PID 100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
2 560x1440	2PID 100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	2PID 100	P P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
	2PID 100					HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	2PID 100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020			
1 280x720	2PID 1002	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
960x540	PID 100	P	10bit	SDR	BT.2020	HEVC UHD		
3 840x2160	2PID 100	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
3 200x1800	2PID 100	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD	M	
2 560x1440	2PID 100	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
1 920x1080	2PID 100	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
1 600x900	2PID 100	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR HEVC UHD		
1 280x720	2PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HEVE UHD HEVE UHD		
960x540	1002 PID	P	10bit	HLG10	BT.2100	HDR		
3 840x2160	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
3 200x1800	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	M	
2 560x1440	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR	_	
1 920x1080	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
1 600x900	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		



	1 280x720	100 2PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	960x540	1002 PID	P	10bit	PQ10	BT.2100	HEVC UHD HDR		
	I: Interlaced, I	P: Prog	ressive	video.					
	Note2: For all), it refers	to that
	video is Progr								
	Note 1: Mand	atory, a	at least	tests/row	s marked	with "M"	has to be tes	sted (pref	erably all).
	For test marke	ed mad	atory o	ver sever	al rows ('	'M"), at lea	ast one of the	e tests/ro	ws has to
	be tested.								
Conformity	OK Fault		jor 🗌	Minor, d	efine fail	reason in	comments		
Comments	If possible des	scribe i	f fault o	can be fix	ed with s	software up	odate: YE	SNO	
	Describe more	Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
	•								
Date						Sign			

Test Case	Task 6:4 Video Decoder - Colorimetry
Section	NorDig Unified 5.5



Requirement

The Decoder Format Converter shall use the VUI (Video Usability Information) parameters (ISO/IEC 14496-10)[56] colour_primaries, transfer_characteristics and matrix_coeffecients in received AVC encoded bitstreams and the Sequence Display Extension parameters (ISO/IEC 13818-2) [53] in MPEG-2 encoded bitstreams.

The "Decoder Composition Output" shall output video with colour parameters targeting an ideal display, optimised for each video format.

The "Decoder Composition Output" shall output video with colour parameters targeting an ideal display, optimised for each video format.

The NorDig IRD Decoder Format Converter **shall** use the VUI (Video Usability Information) parameters (ISO/IEC 14496-10) *colour_primaries*, *transfer_characteristics* and *matrix_coeffecients* in received AVC encoded bitstreams and the Sequence Display Extension parameters (ISO/IEC 13818-2) in MPEG-2 encoded bitstreams.

In addition to the NorDig IRD requirements above, the NorDig HEVC IRD Decoder Format Converter **shall** use the VUI (Video Usability Information) parameters (ISO/IEC 23008-2) *colour_primaries*, *transfer_characteristics* and *matrix_coeffecients* in received HEVC encoded bitstreams.

It **shall** be assumed that bitstreams according to "HEVC HDR UHDTV Bitstreams using PQ10", section 5.14.4.4.3 in ETSI TS 101 154, will provide the "Mastering Display Colour Volume SEI message", section 5.14.4.4.3.3.2 in ETSI TS 101 154. Bitstreams carrying non-live programmes, may also contain the "Content Light Level Information SEI message", section 5.14.4.4.3.3.3 in ETSI TS 101 154.

Hence, it is highly recommended that the NorDig HEVC IRD Decoder Format Converter makes use of the "Mastering Display Colour Volume SEI message" when adapting to the luminance and chrominance capability of the connected display. It is in addition recommended that the NorDig HEVC IRD makes use of the "Content Light Level Information SEI message" when available in the bitstream.

5.5.1 NorDig HEVC STB colorimetry

The Decoder Composition Output in NorDig's Video Decoder Reference Model (see chapter 5.1.1) **shall** be advanced enough to perform all video format conversions (luminance-wise and chrominance-wise) needed to target legacy HDMI-sinks, as well as EDID-enabled adaption to the capability of the connected display, including HDR capability, described in ANSI/CTA-861-G. The complete ANSI/CTA-861-G **shall** be taken into account except the "6.10 Extended InfoFrame" and "6.10.1 HDR Dynamic Metadata Extended InfoFrame" (1).

When connected to a Sink (iDTV/display) of any HDMI version, the HDMI 2.0b interface in-line with ANSI/CTA-861-G will give the STB's Video Format Converter necessary information regarding the desired colorimetry via EDID handshake. The EDID-information shall be used by the Decoder Format Converter of the NorDig HEVC STB to convert colorimetry. However, legacy SDR displays will signal their supported SDR video formats in priority without specifically signalling "Desired Content Max Luminance data" (see 7.5.13 "HDR Static Metadata Data Block" in ANSI/CTA-861-G). Hence, the Decoder Format Converter of the NorDig HEVC STB shall output SDR video formats based on the HDR to SDR conversion methods described by the ITU, e.g. ITU-R BT.2390 and operational practises in HDR television production ITU-R BT.2408.

IRD Profile(s)

Basic, HEVC, all IRDs, FE



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to output video with colour parameters targeting an ideal display, optimised for each video format. Equipment:				
	MPEG MPEG DVB NorDig Monitor IRD (for STB)				
	Test procedure:				
	ToBeDefined				
	Expected result: The IRD is able to output video with colour parameters targeting an ideal display, optimised for each video format.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 6:5 Video Decoder - Dynamic changes in video stream
Section	NorDig Unified 5.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle dynamic changes of either the video codec or
	the video format that may occur dynamically within the transmitted stream.
	After a change of video codec, the IRD should automatically resume decoding and
	output of valid video within five seconds.
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle dynamic changes in transmission between
	different video formats and frame rates (e.g. 720p50 to 1080i25/1080p25 and 576i25 to
	720p50), including changes in encoded sub resolution (e.g. 720x576 to 544x576) within
	one second after receiving Random Access Point. (Random Access Point equals
	H.264/AVC RAP for H.264/AVC and Sequence header for H.262/MPEG-2).
	The Nordie NorDig IRD shall adapt to changes in transmitted aspect ratio (e.g. 16:9 /
	4:3) within one second after the reception. The transition shall cause minimal
	disturbance of the decoded service.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, HEVC, all IRDs, FE



Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify that the receiver is able to handle dynamic changes in transmission between different video modes.

Equipment:



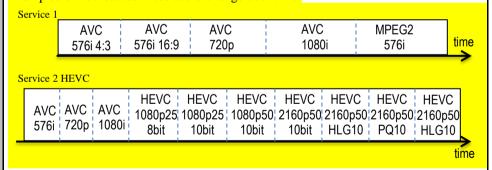
Transport stream containing services with following video content modes and transitions over time between them:

- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz, aspect ratio 4:3
- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz, aspect ratio 16:9
- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz
- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz
- MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz, (aspect ratio 16:9)
- MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz
- MPEG-H HEVC HD SDR 8-bit 1080p 25Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC HD SDR 10-bit 1080p 25Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC HD SDR 10-bit 1080p 50Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC UHD SDR 10-bit 2160p 50Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC UHD HDR HLG10 10-bit 2160p 50Hz (only HEVC IRDs)
- MPEG-H HEVC UHD HDR PQ10 10-bit 2160p 50Hz (only HEVC IRDs)

For the test of changing codec the transport stream shall include at least two services in case IRD needs change services and back to recover codec change.

Test services could typically be changing/toogling between two modes or one service that changes between all modes from top of the list down. Each mode could typically be for a period of 30sec or more. (For non-HEVC IRDs test service shall not contain HEVC content).

Examples of how test services could change over time:



This test can be done in parallel with Task 6:13 (4:3 content on 16:9 monitor).

Test procedure:

Tune to the service and verify that the transitions between encoding modes are reasonably smooth and that the decoding is resumed after a transition within

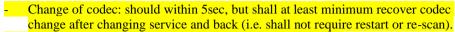
- Five seconds in case of codec change.
- One second in case of resolution chancechange.
- One second in case of aspect ratio change (only applicable for SD content).

Fill in result to test results table below.

Expected result:

The IRD is able to handle mode changes.





- Change of format and rate within same codec: within 1 sec
- Change of aspect ratio within same codec: within 1 sec.





Test result(s)

<mark>From</mark>	To	OK/NOK
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	MPEG-4 AVC	
576i 25Hz 4:3	HP@L4720p 50Hz	
MPEG 4 AVC	MPEG 4 AVC HP@L3	
HP@L4720p 50Hz	576i 25Hz 4:3	
MPEG 4 AVC	MPEG 4 AVC	
HP@L4720p-50Hz-	HP@L41080i-25Hz	
MPEG 4 AVC	MPEG 4 AVC	
HP@L41080i 25Hz	HP@L4720p 50Hz	
MPEG 4 AVC	MPEG 4 AVC HP@L3	
HP@L41080i 25Hz	576i 25Hz 4:3	
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	MPEG-4 AVC	
576i 25Hz 4:3	HP@L41080i 25Hz	
MPEG-2 MP@ML	MPEG-4 AVC	
576i 25Hz 4:3	HP@L4720p 50Hz	
MPEG 4 AVC	MPEG 2 MP@ML	
HP@L4720p 50Hz	576i 25Hz 4:3	

From	To	Minimum to test (1)	HEVC IRDs	OK/ NOK
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	M	IIIDS	HOIL
576i 25Hz 4:3	576i 25Hz 16:9	<mark>'''</mark>		
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	M		
576i 25Hz 16:9	720p 50Hz			
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3			
720p 50Hz	576i 25Hz 4:3			
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	M		
720p 50Hz	1080i 25Hz	_		
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-4 AVC			
1080i 25Hz	HP@L4720p 50Hz			
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3			
1080i 25Hz	576i 25Hz 4:3			
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4			
576i 25Hz 4:3	1080i 25Hz			
MPEG-2 MP@ML	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4			
576i 25Hz 4:3	720p 50Hz			
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-2 MP@ML			
<mark>720p 50Hz</mark>	576i 25Hz 4:3			
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-2 MP@ML	M		
1080i 25Hz	576i 25Hz 4:3			
MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	HEVC 1080p 25Hz	<mark>M</mark>	HEVC	
1080i25Hz / 720p50Hz	8-bit SDR			
HEVC 1080p 25Hz	HEVC 1080p 25Hz	<mark>M</mark>	HEVC	
8-bit SDR	10-bit SDR			
HEVC 1080p 25Hz	HEVC 1080p 50Hz	<mark>M</mark>	HEVC	
10-bit SDR	10-bit SDR			
HEVC 1080p 50Hz	HEVC 2160p 50Hz	<mark>M</mark>	HEVC	
10-bit SDR	10-bit SDR			
HEVC 2160p 50Hz	HEVC 2160p 50Hz	<mark>M</mark>	HEVC	
10-bit SDR	10-bit HDR HLG10			
HEVC 2160p 50Hz	HEVC 2160p 50Hz	M	HEVC	
10-bit HDR HLG10	10-bit HDR PQ10			
HEVC 2160p 50Hz	HEVC 2160p 50Hz	<mark>M</mark>	HEVC	
10-bit HDR PQ10	10-bit HDR HLG10			



	Note 1: Mandatory, at least tests/rows marked with "M" has to be tested (preferably all). For test marked madatory over several rows ("M"), at least one of the tests/rows has to be tested.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 6:6 Video Decoder - AVC still picture
Section	NorDig Unified 5.6
Requirement	By still picture means broadcast of only intra coded frames at very low frame rate (typical 1 frame per second). The NorDig IRD shall decode this still picture frame and repeat displaying this until next (still picture) frame is available to display. The NorDig IRD shall support still picture for the h.264/AVC profiles main and high. For the signalling of the AVC still picture the AVC video-descriptor will be used (in PMT) as specified in MPEG-2 Systems (ISO/IEC 13818-1 [54] and TS 101154 v1.10.1 [29]. The flag AVC_still_present will be set to 1.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is able to decode AVC still pictures.										
	Equipment:										
		Source		MUX		Exciter		DVB		Monitor	
								receiver			
	stream	oort stream wi 1 is 100 kbit/s.	•					The bitrate	of A	. <mark>VC still pict</mark>	ure-
	Use for	ollowing resolution 720x576 H 	P(<mark>@L3</mark> <mark>2@L4</mark>	test	: stream(s)	:				
	According to requirement still pictures are typically broadcasted at 1 frame/s. This canbe initially difficult to achieve for given resolutions in bit rates down to 100 kbit/s.										
	Test procedure:										
	Tune to the service(s) and verify that the IRD decodes AVC still pictures correctly. If the 100kbit/s bit rate is not achieved, the tested bit rate shall be noted in comments.										
	Expected result:										
	The II	RD is able to d	lec	ode AVC	stil	<mark>l pictures १</mark>	<mark>it the bi</mark>	trate of 100	kbit/	<mark>/S.</mark>	
Test result(s)											
Conformity		Fault M								- NO	
Comments	_	sible describe ibe more speci							YES	∐NO	
Date							Sign				

Test Case	Task 6:6 MPEG-2 Minimum video bandwidth
Section	NorDig Unified 5.7



Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide support for very low bandwidth video.
	For MPEG-2 video the NorDig IRD decoder shall be able to decode at bit rates down to 1.0 Mbps for video resolutions up to full Standard Definition resolution video (720x576).
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to decode H.264/AVC video at bitrates down to 250 kbps for all resolutions up to 1920x1080. For AVC still picture the NorDig IRD shall be able to decode down to 100 kbps.
	For AVC and HEVC it is not specified any lower bandwidth limitation within MPEG/ISO or DVB specification and it is expected that all IRDs shall be able to handle very low bandwidth as long as syntax fulfil MPEG and DVB specification. For testing it is not mandatory to test AVC or HEVC streams for very low bitrate, but it can be some interest to perform the optional test of low bitrate for AVC and HEVC to verify no issues in the IRD's video decoding implementation.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, all IRDs, FE
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is able to decodevideo streams for very low bandwidth video.
	Equipment:
	MPEG DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)
	A transport stream with following video content at: MPEG-2 MP@ML 720x576i 25Hz 1.0 Mbps (mandatory) MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 720x576i 25Hz 250 kbps MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1280x720p 50Hz 250 kbps (optional) MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1920x1080i 25Hz 250 kbps (optional) MPEG-H HEVC HD SDR 10bit 1920x1080p 50Hz 250kbps (optional) MPEG-H HEVC UHD HLG10 or PQ10 3840x2160p 50Hz 400kbps (optional)
	Note: Optional video content (AVC and HEVC) that is not mandatory to test and if not tested not necessary to include into transport stream. But these are recommended to help IRD manufacture ensure no issues for very low bitrate with these codecs.
	Test procedure:
	Tune to the service(s) and verify that the IRD decodes very low bandwith video correctly.
	If the 250kbpskbit/s (and 400kbps for HEVC UHD) bit rate is not achieved, the tested bit rate shall be noted in comments.
	Expected result:
	The IRD supports low bitrate video as stipulated above
Test result(s)	



Conformity	MPEG-2 OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If optional tests performed: AVC OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments HEVC OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Test Case	Task 6:7 Frame cropping
Section	NorDig Unified 5.8
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support frame cropping for H.264/AVC encoded video. Frame cropping signalling is used to indicate which area of the encoded video that should be displayed. For 1080 line formats, the video is encoded with 1088 lines. To indicate which area of the encoded video that should be displayed, frame cropping signalling may be used. If
	frame cropping information is included in the encoded video, this shall be used to decide which 8 lines should be hidden in the Decoder Composition Output. If no frame cropping signalling is available, the IRD shall crop the bottom 8 lines.
	The NorDig HEVC IRD shall support "conformance cropping window" for H.265/HEVC encoded video according to ETSI TS 101 154 section 5.14.1 "Specifications Common to all HEVC IRDs and Bitstreams", sub-sections 5.14.1.3 "Sequence Parameter Set" and 5.14.1.5.1 "Aspect Ratio and Overscan Information".
	(For HEVC video Video formats with vertical sizes of 1080 lines can be coded as either 1080 lines or 1088 lines with a conformance cropping window of 1080 lines. This is not issue for 2160 lines content since it is even multiple of 16).
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, HEVC, all IRDs, FE
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver support frame cropping.
	Equipment:
	MPEG TS Source MUX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)
	 A transport stream(s) containing following services: a AVC 1080i HDTV service (encoded as 1088 lines) with frame cropping signalling for 8 lines, (1080i) and a AVC 1080i HDTV service (encoded as 1088 lines) without frame cropping(1080i). a HEVC 1080p UHDTV HLG10 or PQ10 service encoded as 1088 lines with conformance cropping window of 1080 lines (HEVC IRD) and a HEVC 1080p UHDTV HLG10 or PQ10 service encoded as 1088 lines without conformance cropping window (HEVC IRD). Test procedure:



	 Play out the transport stream containing a service with frame cropping information and another service without frame cropping information. Verify that the desired lines are cropped. Change to service without frame cropping information. Verify that the bottom 8 lines are cropped. Fill in test results Expected result: The IRD supports frame cropping correctly					
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault	Major M	inor, define fail reas	on in comments		
Comments		If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date			Sign			
Test Case Section	Task 6:8 Ove NorDig Unified					
Requirement	For services carrying H.264/AVC video, the broadcaster may use the overscan_info_present and overscan_appropriate flags to indicate whether the receiverIRD (NorDig IRD and NorDig HEVC IRD) should apply this typical overscan (e.g. by masking with black pixels or by additional cropping plus scaling), or should display the complete broadcast video image (after appropriate Frame Cropping, see Frame Cropping). The flags will be encoded according to Table 5.3 table below. Unless the user requests otherwise, NorDig IRDs shall interpret and follow the overscan flags according to table below. NorDig STBs shall pass the video unaltered, i. e. without overscan related reformatting to its HDMI output, setting the bits in the AVI Infoframe (see CTA 861) in accordance with table below. (Test Plan Table below is a merged table compared to IRD spec Table 5.2 and Table 5.3).					
		Encoding		IRD	STB HDMI Output	
	overscan_info_ present_flag	Overscan_app ropriate_flag	<u>Usage</u>	IRD Behaviour	<s1,s0> (in HDMI AVI Infoframe)</s1,s0>	
	0x0 or not broadcasted	<mark>n/a</mark>	No preferred display method	Implementat ion dependent	<0,0>	

5.9.1 Safe area for overscan

0x0

0x1

0x1

0x1

The amount of applied overscan shall not be in conflict with the broadcasted Action Safe Areas. Please refer to "EBU R 095, Safe areas for 16:9 television production", for appropriate guidelines.

Important

information in

entire video-frame
Decoded picture

suitable for applied overscan

Overscan

not applied

Overscan

<mark>applied</mark>

<1,0>

<0,1>



Test Case

Section

NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.1, diff. ver. 2.6.0 with markups

IRD Profile(s)	Basic, all IRDs , FE						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
	To verify that the receiver support overscan.						
	Equipment:						
	MDEC NODEC DVD NorDig						
	MPEG MPEG DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)						
	TS Source MUX modulator IRD (for STB)						
	TS containing a service with overscan signaling (overscan_info_present_flag = 1						
	Overscan_appropriate_flag = 1) and a service without overscan						
	(overscan_info_present_flag = 1 Overscan_appropriate_flag = 0).						
	Test procedure:						
	0. if IRD has user settings for video overscan, verify/set settings to interpret and follow						
	the overscan flags from incoming service.						
	1. Play out the transport stream containing a service with overscan information and						
	another service without overscan information.						
	2. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens. 2a iDTV – may/shall apply overscan to video, shall not be in conflict with the						
	broadcasted Action Safe Areas (EBU R 095),						
	2b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (0) and S0 (1) bits (test monitor may then apply overscan). 3. Change to service without overscan information. 4. Verify that the desired behavior of the IRD happens (check video's outer boarder remain visible). 4a iDTV - shall not apply overscan to video,						
	4b STB - shall pass the video unaltered and setting HDMI AVI Infoframe S1 (1) and						
	SO (0) bits, (test monitor shall not apply overscan). 5. Fill in test results						
	5. Fill lift test results						
	Expected result:						
	The IRD supports overscan correctly						
	J. J						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						
Duit	g.g.r						

Task 6:9 High Definition Video Output and Display

NorDig Unified 5.10



Requirement	The NorDig STBs shall be able to use the HDMI EDID information provided by the Sink (iDTV/display) to determine automatically determine the STB output as specified in section 5.4 and 5.5 and as an alternative enable manual setting of the STB output as specified in section 8.6. For NorDig iDTVs the output video shall always be converted to the display's native resolution. The NorDig STB shall ensure that it can always present video (where available) for all services in the installed service list, regardless of the capabilities of the connected display.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, all IRDs, FE
Test procedure	This requirement is tested in test caseTask 9:4.

Test Case	Task 6:10 Down-conversion of High Definition Video for Standard Definition output Restrictions on analogue video output
Section	NorDig Unified 5.11
Requirement	Down-conversion of High Definition Video for Standard Definition output. If SCART, or any other analogue video output (Y, P _b , P _r , RF-PAL or CVBS) is available, the, decoded Highvideo with a resolution higher than Standard Definition video(576i/25), shall always be down-converted by the SD Format Converter toto interlaced Standard Definition resolution forbefore output via these interfaces. The down-conversion of pictures shall be implemented from any of the incoming encoded HD full screen luminance received resolution values (1920x1080, 1440x1080, 1280x1080, 960x1080, 1280x720, 960x720 and 640x720) to SD resolution (720x576). see section 5.2. When down-converting any H: square pixel aspect ratio format (e.e.g., 1280x720 or 1920x1080) in the Decoder Composition Output to 720x576 resolution, the target shall be 702x576 pixels to be centred in the 720x576 grid with nine black pixels inserted as the start of the 720 pixel active line and nine black pixels inserted as the end of the 720 pixel active line. Down-converted HD or UHD video shall be displayed as 16:9 letterbox on 4:3 displays. 4:3 centre-cut is not an allowed display option, since this would limit the Action Safe Area in HD program production. The SD Format Converter conversion should apply appropriate re-interlacing (field mode integration re-interlacing). It shall process and output 720x576i25 in 4:3 frame aspect ratio or 16:9 frame aspect ratio video with colours according to 5.4 Colormettry section 5.5 Colorimetry of NorDig Unified IRD specification.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE
Test procedure	This requirement is tested in test Task 9:8

Test Case	Task 6:12 16:9 displayed on 4:3 monitors < REMOVED TEST CASE>
Section	NorDig Unified 5.12
Requirement	The Nordig IRDs shall have methods to display 16:9 transmitted content on a 4:3-monitor. Likewise Nordig IRDs and iDTVs shall have methods to display 4:3-transmitted content on a 16:9 monitor. The user shall have the ability to select appropriate aspect ratio for the analogue video output (SCART), see section 8.4.

HRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD can output suitable picture signals for the 4:3 screen.
	This test is not relevant for iDTV or PC based receivers in case the video is decoded to the integrated screen. For STBs or similar receivers with an external analog video output e.g. Y, P _b , P _r , RF-PAL, Y/C or CVBS, it is recommended the video aspect ratio can be re formatted from 16:9 to 4:3 if so selected by the user. If the video signal is available on a SCART connector, the aspect ratio shall be signaled via pin 8 in the SCART connector, see test Task 7:2. Line 23 and line 623 should be masked before the letterbox conversion to avoid the irritating half lines. Test Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:
	MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter VCR The multiplex should contain a number of services with 4:3 picture aspect ratio, and one service with 16:9 aspect ratio. All services in the multiplex are descrambled before recording.
	The IRD is tuned to a transport stream which contains a 16:9 aspect ratio video service. It is verified that the receiver can deliver a picture with the maintained 16:9 aspect ratio (Letterbox) Expected result: Receiver can deliver a picture with the maintained 16:9 aspect ratio (Letterbox) on its external analog video output.
	Note: During the transition period from 4:3 to pure 16:9 transmissions, dynamical changes of the aspect ratio, e.g. 16:9 > 4:3 > 16:9, may occur in broadcasting. It is highly recommended that IRD can provide always correct aspect ratio.
Test result(s)	
Conformity Comments	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



Test Case	Task 6:11 Displaying <mark>of</mark> 4:3 Material on 16:9 Monitors
Section	NorDig Unified 5.12
Requirement	The Nordig IRDs shall have methods to display 16:9 transmitted content on a 4:3-monitor. Likewise The NorDig IRD shall have methods to display 4:3 transmitted SDTV content on a 16:9 monitor (with any resolution and colorimetry capability). The NorDig IRD shall be able to maintain full height 4:3 picture aspect ratio (pillar box) on a 16:9 display. Other display modes for 4:3 content are optional. If SCART is available, the user shall have the ability to select appropriate aspect ratio for the analogue video output (SCART), see section 8.4 of NorDig Unified IRD specification.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD can output suitable picture signals for the 16:9 screen. Equipment: Test signals are created using the test bed shown below: MPEG TS Source MPEG MUX MPEG MUX MONODIG IRD Monitor (for STB) Test procedure: This test can be done in parallel with Task 9:2 and Task 6:5 (dynamic 4:3<>16:9). The IRD is tuned to a transport stream containing a 4:3 aspect ratio video service. It is verified that the receiver can deliver a maintained full height 4:3 aspect ratio (Pillarbox) video signal for the 16:9 screen.
	Expected result: Receiver can deliver a maintained full height 4:3 aspect ratio (Pillarbox) video signal for the 16:9 screen. Note: During the transition period from 4:3 to pure 16:9 transmissions, dynamical changes of the aspect ratio, e.g. 16:9 -> 4:3 -> 16:9, may occur in broadcasting. It is highly recommended that IRD can provide always correct aspect ratio.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



Test Case	Task 6:12 Rescaling for HbbTV application
Section	NorDig Unified 5.13
Requirement	A NorDig HybridHbbTV IRD shall support rescaling as defined in HbbTV under "video scaling" minimum requirements in clause 10.2.1 of ETSI TS 102 796. These shall be supported for any of the valid incoming encoded full screen luminance resolution resolutions (see 5.2 for full screen luminance resolution values). The video shall be scaled, preserving the aspect ratio, and when applicable converted colorimetrywise, such that all of the decoded video is visible within the area of the AV Control object or HTML5 video object. (See HbbTV requirements in ETSI TS 102 796 Appendix E4).
IRD Profile(s)	HbbTV IRD Hybrid, IRD, FE
Test procedure	This requirement is tested in test Task 16:

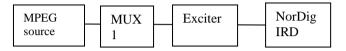
Test Case	Task 6:13 Dynamic update of PMT- Component priority Video (stream type) < Task moved from SI section to Video Test Tasks>
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.3
Requirement	NorDig IRDs shall ignore advanced audio streams when it does not support such decoding those streams. For example, an IRD that do not include any AC-3 (down-mix) decoder, (maybe only supports pass through of AC-3 to the digital audio output), shall not choose the AC-3 audio stream as default. Instead it—shall choose among the IRDs supported audio stream types according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritising. For video decoding, NorDig IRDs shall select the service's video components, and set the default setting in accordance with the priority list in Table 6.1.
	Component priority when multiple video or audio streams are received. The following applies for services that transmit in parallel more than one type of video/audio stream under the same service_id (e.g. simulcasting within the same service): For video decoding, NorDig IRDs shall select the service's video component, and set the default setting in accordance with the priority list in Table 12.26.
	For Audio decoding, NorDig IRDs shall prioritise the service's components according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritisation. NorDig IRDs shall ignore advanced audio streams when it does not support decoding those streams. For example, an IRD that do not include any AC-3 (downmix) decoder, (maybe only supports pass-through of AC-3 to the digital audio output), shall not choose the AC-3 audio stream as default. Instead it shall choose among the IRDs supported audio stream types according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritisation. When several audio streams of the same type are received, the primary stream shall be selected in accordance with the definitions in section 6.5 (Audio Prioritisiring).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC, all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiverNorDig IRD is able select video and audio components in priority order and handle dynamic changes in service (PMT and PIDs).

Video priority and dynamic changes is tested in Task 6.xx Video.

Audio priority and dynamic changes is tested in Task 7.yy Audio (in addition to audio codec the audio priority depends upon type, format and language).

Subtitling priority is tested in Task 8 Teletext and Subtitling.

Equipment:



The idea in this test is that there is always video (and audio) available in the receiver-NorDig IRD output (STB output or iDTV's integrated display and speakers) independently which input video and audio format(s) is(are) available in the service.

Depending of the audio selection settings (stereo or multichannel) in receiver menusystem receiver shall output always audio in the correct format in the physical audio output or iDTV's integrated speakers..

MPEG source must have capability to simultaneously with

- * video component broadcast for following video formats:
 - MPEG-2<mark>/H.262</mark> MP@ML (SD)
 - MPEG-4 AVC/H.264 HP@L4 (HD)
 - MPEG 4 AVC HP@L4 / L3 (SD)
 - MPEG-H HEVC/H.265 (FullHD or UHD) for HEVC IRDs

* audio component (recommended to have audio, e.g. MPEG-1 L.II) broadcast for following audio formats:

- MPEG-1 Layer II
- MPEG 4 HE AAC
- AC 3
- E-AC-3

	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	the distribution
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109 (MPEG 2 SD)	V PID 1209 incl PCR	media
	V PID 1119 (AVC HD)	A PID 1208	
	V PID 1129 (AVC SD)	Teletext PID 1207	
	V PID 1129 (HEVC)	DVB Subt PID 1106	
		Logical_chan_desc 2	
	A PID 1108- <mark>(audio)</mark>	visible	
	(MPEG1 L2)		
	A PID 1118 (HE AAC)		
	A PID 1128 (E-AC-3)		
	A PID 1138 (AC 3)		
	Logical_chan_desc 1		
	visible		

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network)

The service PCR is broadcasted in separate PID.

Test procedure:



- 1. Control that the MUX1 have services signaled as defined in table above
- 2. Zap all the services and check quickly that they works.
- 3. Zap to service1 in MUX1
- 4. Drop PIDs in following order (i.e. remove PID and its signaling in PMT and stop video PID in TS):
 - a. Video PID 1119 (MPEG4/AVC HD)
 - b. Video PID 1129 (MPEG-H HEVC)
 - c. Audio PID 1118
 - d. Audio PID 1128
 - e. Audio PID 1138
- 5. Add PIDs in following order (i.e. add PID and its signaling in PMT and add audio PID in TS):
 - a. Video PID 1129 (MPEG-H HEVC)
 - b. Video PID 1119 (MPEG4/AVC HD)
 - c. Audio PID 1138
 - d. Audio PID 1128
 - e. Audio PID 1118
- 6. Verify that the service is decoded correctly by watching the video, listening the audio

Expected result:

HDTV receiver NorDig HEVC IRD: After remove and addition of the PIDs, all the component in the service are decoded correctly.

SDTV receiverBasic (non-HEVC) IRD: stream_types not supported by the receiver are not affecting the receiver operability.

Test result(s)

Video codecs:

Video codec	Stream_type	Priority	OK/NOK
MPEG 4 AVC HP@L4 HD- video stream	0x1B	1 (highest)	
MPEG 4 AVC HP@L4 / L3 SD video stream	0x1B	2	
Basic, MPEG 2 MP@MLvideo stream (or MPEG1)	0x02 (0x01)	3 (lowest)	

Video codec	Stream_type	Priority	OK/NOK
HEVC/H.265 up to UHD HDR SFR video stream (incl first PID in dual PID HFR) (1)	0x24	1 (highest)	
AVC/H264 HP@L4 / L3 HD or SD video stream	0x1B	2	
MPEG-2/H264 MP@ML video stream (or MPEG1)	0x02 (0x01)	3 (lowest)	

Audio codecs:



	Audio codec	Stream_type	Priority	OK/NOK
	MPEG 4 HE.AAC (or LC.AAC) v2 audio stream	0x11	1 (highest)	
	E AC 3 (Enhanced AC 3)- audio stream	0x06	2	
	AC-3 (AC-3) audio stream	0x06	3	
	Basic, MPEG-1 Layer II audio	0x03	4 (lowest)	
	stream			
Conformity		define fail reason in		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fit Describe more specific faults and/or		pdate: YES	NO
Date		Sign		

2.7 Task 7: Audio

Test Case	Task 7:1 Audio User Preference Settings	
Section	NorDig Unified 6.1.1	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall have User Preference Settings for audio functions as stated in section 16.2 (for example primary and secondary audio language, audio format, audio type, audio delay, etc).	
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs	
variants and		
capability		
Test procedure	This is general requirement that will be test in following tests.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:2 MPEG-1 Layer II: Requirements
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.1.1, 6.8.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support:
	 decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI
	TS 101 154 [29].
	The NorDig IRD should support:



	 decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at half-sampling rates (22.05 and 24 kHz) 	
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs	
variants and		
capability		
Test procedure	This is general requirement that will be test in following tests.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	
Test Case	Task 7:3 MPEG-1 Layer II: Analogue audio output	
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2, 6.2.1.1 <mark>, 6.8.1</mark>	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio	
	signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to	
	built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received.	
	The NorDig IRD shall support:	
	• decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI	
	TS 101 154 [29]	
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs	
variants and		
capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	
	To verify that receiver decodes MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample	
	rates and audio level can be adjusted.	
	E and an and	
	Equipment:	
	······································	
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor	
	receiver	
	A transport stream with following MPEG-1 Layer II audio content:	
	• audio_mode = '0' (stereo), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling	
	frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz	
	• audio_mode = '1', '2' (dual channel), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the	
	sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz	
	• audio_mode = '3' (single channel), data rate: 96 kbit/s, sampling frequency: 48	
	kHz	
	Test procedures	
	Test procedure:	
	The IRD is tuned to a service containg all the combinations of the MPEG-1 Layer II	
	audio parameters above.	
	The audio level is adjusted in the audio output.	



	Expected result:
	IRD supports MPEG-1 Layer II audio decoding and audio is available properly in analoque audio output(s).
	The audio output level can be adjusted.
est result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
T . C	Tools 7.4 MDEO 4.1 assay the UDMI assessed indexed as
Test Case	Task 7:4 MPEG-1 Layer II: HDMI output interface
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.1.2, 6.2.1.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be capable of providing the following formats on the HDMI output connector from an MPEG-1 Layer II bitstream (see section 16 for factory default settings): • Decoded to PCM stereo bitstream
	The NorDig IRD shall support: • decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 101 154 [29]
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates to HDMI output interface and audio level can be adjusted.
	This test is mandatory for STBs and IDTVs supporting HDMI output or HDMI ARC.
	Equipment:
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver
	A transport stream with following MPEG-1 Layer II audio content: • audio_mode = '0' (stereo), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz • audio_mode = '1', '2' (dual channel), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz • audio_mode = '3' (single channel), data rate: 96 kbit/s, sampling frequency: 48 kHz Test procedure:

The IRD is tuned to a service containg all the combinations of the MPEG-1 Layer II audio parameters above. This task can be done parallel with Task 7:2.



	The audio level is adjusted in the audio output. Expected result: IRD supports MPEG-1 Layer II audio decoding and audio is available properly in HDMI output in PCM stereo bit stream format independently of the user setting for
	stereo or multichannel. The audio output level can be adjusted.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
_	

Test Case	Task 7:5 MPEG-1 Layer II: S/PDIF output interface	
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.1.2, 6.2.1.1	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from an MPEG-1 Layer II bitstream: • Decoded to PCM stereo bitstream The NorDig IRD shall support:	
	• decode MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS	
	101 154 [29] .	
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes MPEG-1 Layer II streams at all bit rates and sample rates to S/PDIF output interface. Equipment:	
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver	
	A transport stream with following MPEG-1 Layer II audio content: • audio_mode = '0' (stereo), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz • audio_mode = '1', '2' (dual channel), data rate = 192 kbit/s, at least one of the sampling frequencies: 32, 44.1 or 48 kHz • audio_mode = '3' (single channel), data rate: 96 kbit/s, sampling frequency: 48 kHz	
	Test procedure:	
	The IRD is tuned to a service containg all the combinations of the MPEG-1 Layer II audio parameters above. This task can be done parallel with Task 7:2.	



	Expected result: IRD supports MPEG-1 Layer II audio decoding and audio is available properly in S/PDIF output in PCM stereo bit stream format independently of the user setting for stereo or multichannel.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:6 AC-3: Requirements		
Castian	NauDia Haifial (222		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2		
Requirement	NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 [33] and AC-3 shall edecode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 102 366 [35]		
	(not including Annex E).		
	• (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and		
	support all sample rates listed in TS 102 366 [35] Annex E.		
	• be capable of transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3 bitstreams according to TS-102		
TDD D (01 ()	366 [35]. Transcoding to AC-3 audio streams shall be at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs		
capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
F	To verify that the IRD supports different AC-3 bit rates and sampling rates.		
	Equipment:		
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Audio		
	Receiver		
	The TS shall contain services, which has		
	• a AC-3 (mono, stereo) audio component with relevant signaling at bit rates and		
	sampling rates:		
	 Sampling rates 32, 44,1 and 48 kHz 		
	o Bit rates 64, 192, 384 and 640 kbit/s		
	• a AC-3 (multichannel) audio component with relevant signaling at bit rates and		
	sampling rates: o Sampling rates 32, 44,1 and 48 kHz		
	o Bit rate 64, 192, 384 and 640 kbit/s		
	2. 2. 1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		
	Test procedure:		
	1 Connect the IDD to an audio receiver a Harry Throater Contains 14 HDM		
	 Connect the IRD to an audio receiver, e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI. Verify that service has a multichannel AC-3 audio available. 		
	3. In receiver menu, select MPEGstereo audio.		
	4. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo		
	bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC.		



	 In receiver ment Verify that AC-3 output. Verify that servi In receiver ment Verify that AC-3 for HDMI output Verify the audio In receiver ment 	ce has a stereo AC- , select MPEGstere 3 stereol is decoded t and if supported f output level can be , select multichann	nel audio. assed-through as not all audio available. eo audio. and downmixed to the audio. e adjusted. nel audio.	ative bitstream for HDM o PCM stereo bitstream tstream for HDMI outpu	
	Expected result: IRD supports for AC-3 in	put audio signal an	d down-mix to ste	reo.	
Test result(s)	mono stereo Multichannel 5.1 Down-mix to stereo	Bit rate N/A	Sampling rate N/A	NOK or OK	
Conformity Comments	☐ OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ If possible describe if fau Describe more specific fa	lt can be fixed with	-		
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:7 AC-3: Analogue audio output
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2 <mark>.1, 6.8.1</mark>
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received. If the NorDig IRD has analogue stereo output(s), it shall be capable of decoding and downmixing the supported audio formats for the analogue outputs. NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 [33] shall • decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 102 366 [36] (not including Annex E)
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that receiver decodes AC-3 bitstream and audio output level can be adjusted.



	This test in only mandatory for STB or IDTV with SCART or analogue audio output interface.		
	Equipment:		
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver A transport stream containing aservice with AC-3 multichannel audio		
	Test procedure:		
	 Verify that service has a multichannel AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio audio. Verify that service containing AC-3 multichannel audio is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output. Verify it is possible to adjust audio output level. Expected result: IRD supports AC-3 audio decoding and audio is downmixed to stereo in analog audio output(s). The audio output level can be adjusted.		
Test result(s)	1		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:8 AC-3: HDMI output and HDMI ARC interface
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2. <mark>1, 6.2.2.3</mark>
Requirement	Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented NorDig IRDs supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 shall be capable of providing the following formats on the HDMI output-connector connector from an E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstream (see chapter 16 for factory default settings): • Pass-through of native bitstream (AC-3 and E-AC-3) • E-AC-3 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 [33] shall • decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 102 366 [36] (not including Annex E)
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs



variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes and passes-through AC-3 bitstream and the audio output level for decoded AC-3 bitstream can be adjusted. This test in only relevant for IRD with HDMI output or HDMI ARC. Equipment: MPEG-2 MUX Exciter DVB receiver HDMI receiver
	A transport stream containing aservice with AC-3 multichannel audio. Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to an HDMI receiver, e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI. Verify that service has a multichannel AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select MPEG stereo audio. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream for HDMI output.
	Expected result:
	IRD supports AC-3 audio decoding and downmixing to PCM stereo when stereo audio is selected and the audio output level can be adjusted.
	IRD supports AC-3 audio pass-through native bitstream when multichannel audio is selected.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:YESNO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:9 AC-3: S/PDIF output interface
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2 <mark>.1, 6.2.2.3</mark>



Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 and including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from an E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstream: • E-AC-3 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream • Pass-through of AC-3 bitstream NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 [33] shall • decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 102 366 [36] (not including Annex E)	
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes and passes-through AC-3 bitstream.	
	This test is only relevant for IRD with S/PDIF output.	
	Equipment:	
	MPEG-2 source DVB receiver S/PDIF receiver	
	A transport stream containing aservice with AC-3 multichannel audio.	
	Test procedure:	
	 Connect the IRD to a S/PDIF receiver e.g. Home Theater System with S/PDIF. Verify that service has a multichannel AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for S/PDIF output. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream for S/PDIF output. 	
	Expected result:	
	IRD supports AC-3 audio decoding and downmixing to PCM stereo when stereo audio is selected.	
	IRD supports AC-3 audio pass-through native bitstream when multichannel audio is selected.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO	



	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

- a	
Test Case	Task 7:10 AC-3: Metadata
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 shall support the use of a complete set of Dolby metadata [36] embedded in the audio stream
	 when decoding AC-3 or E-AC-3 bitstreams
	• transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3
	or creating a PCM stereo downmix from a decoded EAC-3 or AC-3 bitstream.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and capability	
Test procedure	TBD
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:11 E-AC-3: Requirements
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2. <mark>1</mark>
Requirement	 NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 [33] shall: decode AC-3 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 102 366 [36] (not including Annex E) (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and support all sample rates listed in TS 102 366 [36] Annex E be capable of transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3 bitstreams according to TS-102 366 [36]. Transcoding to AC-3 audio streams shall be at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD supports different E-AC-3 bit rates and sampling rates. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder The TS shall contain services, which has



	 a E-AC-3 (mono,stereo) audio component with relevant signaling at bit rates and sampling rates: Sampling rates Sampling rates 32, 44,1 and 48 kHz Bit rates 64, 192, 384 and 640 kbit/s a E-AC-3 (multichannel) audio component with relevant signaling at bit rates and sampling rates: Sampling rates 32, 44,1 and 48 kHz Bit rates 64, 192, 384 and 640 kbit/s Test procedure: Connect the IRD to an audio receiver, e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI. Verify that service has a multichannel E-AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select MPEGstereo audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream for HDMI output. 8. Verify that service has a stereo E-AC-3 audio available. 9. In receiver menu, select MPEGstereo audio. 10. Verify that E-AC-3 stereo is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC. 11. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. 12. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. 13. Verify that E-AC-3 stereo is passed-through as native bitstream for HDMI output. Expected result: IRD supports for E-AC-3 input audio signal and down-mix to stereo.			
Test result(s)				
		Bit rate	Sampling	NOK or OK
			rate	
	mono			
	Stereo Multiphonnal 5 1			
	Multichannel 5.1	N/A	N/A	
	Down-mix to stereo			
Conformity		Minor, define fail		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:12 E-AC-3: Analogue audio output
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2 <mark>.1, 6.8.1</mark>



Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received. If the NorDig IRD has analogue stereo output(s), it shall be capable of decoding and downmixing the supported audio formats for the analogue outputs.
	NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 [33] shall • (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and support all sample rates listed in TS 102 366 [36] Annex E.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes E-AC-3 bitstream and audio output level can be adjusted.
	This test in only mandatory for STB or IDTV with SCART or analogue audio output interface.
	Equipment:
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor receiver
	A transport stream containing aservice with E-AC-3 multichannel audio.
	Test procedure:
	 Verify that service has a multichannel E-AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select MPEG-1 Layer II audio, (Sometimes called PCM). Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output.
	Expected result:
	IRD supports E-AC-3 audio decoding and audio is downmixed to stereo in analog audio output(s).
	The audio output level can be adjusted.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



Test Case	Task 7:13 E-AC-3: required output formats for HDMI output and HDMI ARC interface and HDMI eARC		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2 <mark>.3</mark>		
Requirement	Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented, NorDig IRDs supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 shall be capable of providing the following formats on the HDMI output connector from an E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstream (see chapter 16 for factory default settings): • Pass-through of native bitstream (AC-3 and E-AC-3) • E-AC-3 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream		
	NorDig IRD supporting E AC 3 and AC 3 shall (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and support all sample rates listed in TS 102 366 [36] Annex E. be capable of transcoding E AC 3 bitstreams to AC 3 bitstreams according to TS 102-366 [36]. Transcoding to AC-3 audio streams shall be at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs with option for HDMI, or HDMI ARC, or HDMI eARC		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver IRD decodes/transcodes and passes-through E-AC-3 bitstream. To verify for the decoded E-AC-3 bitstream that the audio output level can be adjusted. This test in is only relevant for STB IRDs with HDMI output and iDTV IRDs with HDMI ARC and/or HDMI eARC output. Equipment:		
	MPEG-2 MUX Exciter DVB receiver HDMI receiver		
	TS source MUX Exciter STB IRD HDMI receiver		
	iDTV IRD HDMI ARC receiver		
	eARC receiver		



	A transport stream with E-AC-3 multichannel audio.		
	Test procedure:		
	 Connect the IRD to an HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver e.g. Home Theater System with HDM (ARC, eARC) input that supports E-AC-3 decoding. Verify that service has a multichannel E-AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream* for HDMI output or transcoded to AC-3. *Receiving device HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver. 		
	Expected result: IRD supports E-AC-3 audio decoding and downmixing to PCM stereo when stereo audio is selected. IRD supports AC-3 audio pass-through native bitstream for HDMI output and/or HDMI ARC or transcode it to AC-3 if receiving device does not support E-AC-3 when multichannel audio is selected.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:14 E-AC-3: S/PDIF output interface
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2. <mark>1, 6.2.2.3</mark>
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 and including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from an E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstream: • E-AC-3 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream • Pass-through of AC-3 bitstream NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 [33] shall • (additionally) decode E-AC-3 streams with data rates from 32 kbps to 3 024 kbps and support all sample rates listed in TS 102 366 [36] Annex E. • be capable of transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3 bitstreams according to TS 102 366 [36]. Transcoding to AC-3 audio streams shall be at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:

	To verify that receiver decodes/transcodes E-AC-3 bitstream.		
	This test is only relevant for IRD with S/PDIF output.		
	Equipment:		
	MPEG-2 source DVB receiver S/PDIF receiver		
	A transport stream with E-AC-3 multichannel audio.		
	Test procedure:		
	 Connect the IRD to a S/PDIF receiver e.g. Home Theater System with S/PDIF. Verify that service has a multichannel E-AC-3 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for S/PDIF output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that E-AC-3 multichannel is passed-through as native bitstream for S/PDIF output. 		
	Expected result:		
	IRD supports E-AC-3 audio decoding to PCM stereo bitstream when stereo audio is selected. IRD supports E-AC-3 transcode to AC-3 when multichannel audio is selected.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:15 E-AC-3: Metadata
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting E-AC-3 and AC-3 shall support the use of a complete set of Dolby metadata [36] embedded in the audio stream when: • decoding AC-3 or E-AC-3 bitstreams • transcoding E-AC-3 bitstreams to AC-3 • or creating a PCM stereo downmix from a decoded EAC-3 or AC-3 bitstream
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and	
capability	



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD supports Dolby metadata.		
	Equipment:		
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder		
	The TS shall contain a service E-AC-3, which has the following metadata included in audio component:		
	DolbyDynamicRange Control		
	 Dolby Dialogue Normalization according to ISO/IEC 14496-3: 2005 (Audio 3rd edition) 		
	Down Mix parameters		
	Test procedure:		
	 Setup the system Connect audio decoder to HDMI output. Verify that the IRD supports metadata correctly for decoding of the E-AC-3 stereo Verify that the IRD supports metadata correctly for transcoding E-AC-3 multichannel to AC-3. Verify that the IRD supports metadata correctly for creating PCM stereo downmix. 		
	Expected result: IRD shall support E-AC-3 metadata according to requirement.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:16 HE AAC: Requirements
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3 <mark>.1</mark>
Requirement	
	NorDig IRDs supporting HE-AAC (and thereby also AAC-LC) shall be capable of:
	• decoding HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 2 at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to ETSI
	TS 101 154 [29] .
	• decoding, including downmixing HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 4 (multi-channel, up to
	5.1) at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to ETSI TS 101 154 [29], Annex C



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	(downmix). • transcoding HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 4 (multi-channel, up to 5.1) at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to TS 101 154 [29], Annex H to AC-3 or DTS.
	Nordig IRDs shall be able to skip bitstream elements that are not recognized, i.e. unknown Fill elements and Data Stream elements.
	If NorDig IRD is supporting HE-AAC audio stream transcoding to AC-3 audio stream, it shall be done according to TS 102 366 [36]. Transcoding to AC-3 multichannel audio streams shall be at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps.
	If NorDig IRD is supporting HE-AAC audio stream transcoding to DTS audio stream, it shall be done according to TS 102 114 [33] at a fixed bit rate of 1,536 Mbps.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that the IRD supports HE AAC requirements.
	Equipment:
	<u></u>
	TS Source
	The TS shall contain • a service with HE AAC Level 2 @48kHz (mono, stereo) audio component with relevant signaling.
	a service with HE AAC Level 4 @ 48kHz (multichannel)audio component with relevant signaling.
	Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to an audio receiver, e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI. Verify that service has a multichannel HE AAC audio available.
	3. In receiver menu, select MPEG stereo audio.
	4. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC.
	5. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted.
	6. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio.7. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is trascoded to DTS or AC-3 bitstream for
	HDMI output.
	8. Verify that service has a stereo HE AAC audio available.
	9. In receiver menu, select MPEGstereo audio.10. Verify that HE AAC stereo is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo
	bitstream for HDMI output and if supported for HDMI ARC.
	11. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted.12. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio.
	13. Verify that HE AAC stereo is transcoded to DTS or AC-3 bitstream for HDMI output.
	Expected result:



receiver

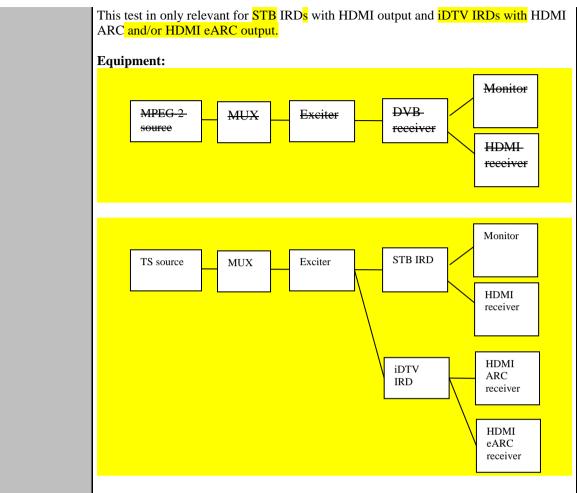
	IRD supports decoding of HE AAC Level 2 and 4 @ 48 kHz and transcoding of it to AC-3 or DTS and supports down-mixing.
Test result(s)	Feature NOK or OK
	Decoding of HE AAC L2 @48kHz
	Decoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz
	Transcoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz to AC-3 at 640kbps
	Transcoding of HE AAC L4 @48kHz to DTS 1.536Mbps
	Down-mixing of HE AAC L4 @48kHz
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Test Case	Task 7:17 HE AAC: Analogue audio output
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3.1, 6.8
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received.
	If the NorDig IRD has analogue stereo output(s), it shall be capable of decoding and downmixing the supported audio formats for the analogue outputs.
	 NorDig IRDs supporting HE-AAC (and thereby also AAC-LC) shall be capable of decoding HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 2 at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to ETSI TS 101 154 [29]. decoding, including downmixing HE-AAC Version 1 at Level 4 (multi-
	channel, up to 5.1) at sampling rates of 48 kHz according to ETSI TS 101 154 [29], Annex C (downmix).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes HE AAC bitstream and the audio output level can be adjusted.
	This test in only mandatory for STB or IDTV with SCART or analogue audio output interface.
	Equipment:
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor



A transport stream shall contain:
a service with HE AAC Leve 12 @ 48kHz (stereo) audio component with
relevant signaling.
a service with HE AAC Level 4 @ 48kHz (multichannel) audio component
with relevant signaling.
Test procedure:
Verify that services are available.
2. In receiver menu, selectstereo audio.
3. Select service with HE AAC Level2@48kHz (stereo).
4. Verify that stereo audio is available at analog audio output.
5. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted.
6. Select service with HE AAC Level4@48kHz (multichannel)7. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio
output and HE AAC stereo is available at analog audio output.
8. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted.
9. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio.
10. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio
output output and HE AAC stereo is available at analog audio output.
Expected result:
IRD supports HE AAC stereo audio decoding to stereo audio and the audio output level
can be adjusted.
IRD supports HE AAC multichannel audio downmixing to stereo in analog audio
output(s) and the audio output level can be adjusted.
OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Sign

Test Case	Task 7:18 HE AAC: required output formats for HDMI output, and HDMI ARC interface and HDMI eARC
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3 <mark>.43</mark>
Requirement	Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented, NorDig IRDs supporting HE-AAC shall be capable of providing the following formats on the HDMI output connector from a HE-AAC bitstream (see chapter 16 for factory default settings): • Transcoded to AC-3 or DTS bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs with option for HDMI, or HDMI ARC, or HDMI eARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver IRD decodes/transcodes and passes-through HE AAC bitstream. When HE AAC bitstream is decoded and transcoded the audio output level can be adjusted.





A transport stream contains:

- a service with HE AAC Level2 @48kHz (mono,stereo)audio component with relevant signaling.
- a service with HE AAC Level 4 @48kHz (multichannel)audio component with relevant signaling.

Test procedure:

- 1. Connect the IRD to HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI(ARC, eARC).
- 2. Verify that services are available.
- 3. In receiver menu, select stereo audio.
- 4. Select service with HE AAC Level2@48kHz (stereo).
- 5. Verify that HE AAC stereo is transcoded to PCM stereo audio bitstream at HDMI (ARC, eARC) output and HDMI ARC.
- 6. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted.
- 7. Select service with HE AAC Level4@48kHz (multichannel)
- 8. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is downmixed to PCM stereo at HDMI (ARC, eARC) output and HDMI ARC.
- 9. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted.
- 10. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio.
- 11. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is transcoded to AC-3 or DTS multichannel at HDMI (ARC, eARC) output. and HDMI ARC

Expected result:



	IRD supports HE AAC stereo audio decoding to PCM stereo bitstream at its HDMI output and HDMI ARC when stereo audio is selected. The audio output level can be adjusted. IRD supports HE AAC multichannel audio transcoding to AC-3 and/or DTS at its HDMI output and HDMI ARC when multichannel is selected.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:19 HE AAC: S/PDIF output interface
Test Case	Task 7.19 HE AAC. 3/PDIF output interface
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3.34
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting HE-AAC and including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from a HE-AAC bitstream: • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream • Transcoded to AC-3 or DTS bitstream
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver decodes/transcodes and passes-through HE AAC bitstream. This test in only relevant for IRD with S/PDIFoutput. Equipment: MPEG-2 MUX Exciter DVB receiver Monitor S/PDIF receiver A transport stream contains: • a service with HE AAC Level 2 @48kHz (mono, stereo) audio component with relevant signaling.
	 a service with HE AAC Level 4 @48kHz (multichannel)audio component with relevant signaling. Test procedure: Connect the IRD to S/PDIF receiver e.g. Home Theater System with S/PDIF. Verify that services are available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio.



	 Verify that HE AAC multichannel is transcoded to PCM stereo at S/PDIF output and HE AAC stereo is transcoded to PCM stereo at S/PDIF output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that HE AAC multichannel is transcoded to AC-3 or DTS multichannel
	at S/PDIF output and HE-AAC stereo is transcoded to AC-3 2.0 or PCM stereo at S/PDIF output.
	Expected result:
	IRD supports HE AAC stereo audio decoding to PCM stereo when stereo is selected at its S/P DIF output. IRD supports HE AAC multichannel transcode to AC-3 and/or DTS at its S/PDIF output when multichannel is selected.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:20 HE AAC: Metadata
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.3.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting HE-AAC shall support the use of the following MPEG-4 AAC metadata embedded in the audio stream when decoding HE-AAC and transcoding HE-AAC multi-channel to AC-3 or DTS: • Program Reference Level according to ISO/IEC 14496-3 [57] (prog_ref_level) • Downmix Parameters according to "Transmission of MPEG4 Ancillary Data" part of DVB specification ETSI TS 101 154 [29] (center_mix_level, surround_mix_level) • Dynamic Range Control (DRC) according to ISO/IEC 14496-3 [57] (dyn_rng_sgn, dyn_rng_ctl) • Heavy Compression according to ETSI TS 101 154 Annex C.5.2.5 (compression_on, compression_value)
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD supports HE AAC metadata.
	Equipment:
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD
	The TS containing: • A service with program reference level (prog_ref_level) • A service with downmix parameters (center_mix_level, surround_mix_level) • A service with dynamic range control (dyn_rng_sgn, dyn_rng_ctl) • A service with heavy compression (compression_on, compression_value)
	Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD under the test to an amplifier that supports the metadata decoding Play the stream and tune the IRD to the service that contains the metadata Check that the IRD transforms the HE AAC metadata in the stream to the matching Dolby metadata. Note: A Dolby Reference decoder can be used to read the Dolby metadata values (if IRD transcodes to AC-3).
	NOTE: For IRD's that transcode to DTS, metadata might be more difficult to verify. DTS Reference decoder can be used
	Expected result: IRD shall support HE AAC metadata according to requirement.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:21 Audio prioritizing for non-NGA streams - Audio language support
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5, 6.5.1.1 6.5.1, 6.5.3, 16.2.3
Requirement	The user shall be able to select storable preferences for primary and secondary audio language. If an audio-stream according to the primary audio language preference is not associated with the chosen service the NorDig IRD shall automatically choose the audio stream according to the secondary audio language preference, if present. In addition the user shall be able to manually select between all audio-streams that are associated with the active service.
	For prioritisation between non-NGA audio PIDs/streams (for non-NGA capable NorDig IRDs or NGA capable NorDig IRDs that has not prioritised NGA stream(s) according to section 6.5.2), the audio source priority shall be based on the property of the supported audio streams and for different user preference settings of audio format and audio type



	as selected by the user according with table 6.1 below. See section 16.4 for factory default user preference settings related to audio.
	For the selection of audio language (see Table 6.1 and Table 6.2), the NorDig IRD shall use the ISO 639 language code from the supplementary audio descriptor (1) and/or the ISO 639 language descriptor.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the support for primary and secondary audio language.
	Equipment: MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor
	Transport stream containing at least one service with two audio languages. Suitable languages are Swedish, Finnish, Norwegian, Danish, Icelandic, Sami, Irish/Gaelic and English.
	Test procedure:
	 Verify a service with two different audio components is broadcasted dedicated for test of Nordic languages Verify the audio components are signaled correctly. Verify it is possible to select and setup primary and secondary audio language in the receiver setup. Verify the receiver selects the correct audio for primary language. Drop the audio component selected as primary audio language in receiver. Verify the receiver selects correct audio component, i.e. secondary audio language.
	Expected result: It shall be possible to select primary and secondary language. If the selected primary language is not broadcasted, the selected secondary audio language shall be selected automatically.
Test result(s)	
Conformity Comments	OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: ☐ YES ☐ NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:22 Audio Prioritising for non-NGA streams – audio format and stream type
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5, 16.2.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to select audio stream according to user
	selections, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for
	each service. If manually selected audio is not able to be stored in the IRD's



memory per service, a global setting should be made possible to set manual prioritisation of stream type for all services. The priority for the selected audio source shall be based on the user selections and audio stream shall be selected according to the priority list in table table 6.1 below. If the user selections are not matching with the audio streams, the NorDig IRD shall always select one of the audio streams which closest suites with the user selections and will hereby provide audio to end-user.

In the event that the NorDig IRD finds more than one stream with same audio property parameters (type, language, format and stream type) that fully or partially matches the IRD user preference settings, of the remaining streams (which have the same audio properties), the stream with the lowest PID **shall** be selected.

The user shall be able to select multi-channel audio for the digital outputs, when the outputs are equipped for multichannel audio.

If multichannel mode is selected and if both multichannel and stereo streams are available for the selected language and audio type, the NorDig IRD shall use the multichannel audio stream to provide downmixed audio in analog audio output(s), if applicable, and suitable digital bitstream format in digital audio output(s) as e.g. in examples in Annex G (Example table when more than one audio codec is received).

If stereo mode is selected and if both multichannel and stereo streams are available for the selected language and audio type, the NorDig IRD shall use the stereo audio source to provide audio in analog audio output(s), if applicable, and PCM stereo in digital audio output(s) as e.g. in examples in Annex G (Guidelines for NorDig IRD audio selection: "Example table when more than one audio stream is received").

IRD Profile(s) variants and capability

Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the audio priority selection and output audio format.

Test Equipment:



Transport stream containing services with audio components (same language and audio type) listed in table below in test results.

Suitable languages are Swedish, Finnish, Norwegian, Danish, Icelandic, Sami, Irish/Gaelic and English.

Audio type is "normal".

Audio format and stream type shall be signaled in AAC_descriptor, AC-3_descriptor or E-AC-3_descriptor according to following:

- 1) the AAC_type field in the AAC_descriptor for AAC audio,
- 2) the number of channels flags in the AC-3 descriptor and Enhanced AC-3 descriptor for AC-3 and E-AC-3.



Correct signaling is broadcasted depending of the audio format and stream type in test results table. IRD is assumed to prioritise audio format and stream type according to list above.

Test procedure:

- 1. Setup the system
- 2. Verify that the audio selection is done correctly according the input formats in table below in test results
- 3. Repeat test with all input format in table below
- 4. Fill in test results

Expected result:

The IRD shall select the audio format and stream type correctly.

Test result(s)

Available inputs formats (same	Output on analog in louds	OK/NOK	
language and audio type)	When Stereo is selected (default)	When Multichannel is selected	
MPEG1 layer II &	Decoded from	Downmixed from	
AC-3	MPEG1 LII	AC-3	
MPEG1 layer II &	Decoded from	Downmixed from	
E-AC-3	MPEG1 LII	E-AC-3	
HE AAC stereo &	Decoded from HE	Decoded from HE Downmixed from HE	
HE AAC	AAC stereo AAC multichannel		
multichannel			
HE AAC stereo &	Decoded from HE Downmixed from		
AC-3 multichannel	AAC stereo	AC-3 multichannel	

Available inputs	Output	OK/NOK	
formats (same	When Stereo is When Multichannel		
language and audio	selected (default)	is selected	
type)			
MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	AC-3	
AC-3	MPEG1 LII)		
MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	Transcoded to	
E-AC-3	MPEG1 LII)	AC-3 (from E-AC-3)	
HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	Transcoded to	
HE AAC	AAC stereo)	AC-3, or	
multichannel		DTS (from HE AAC	
		multichannel)	
HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	AC-3	
AC-3 multichannel	AAC stereo)		

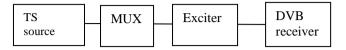
Available inputs	Output	OK/NOK	
formats (same	When Stereo is		
language and audio	selected (default) is selected		
type)			
MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	AC-3	
AC-3 multichannel	MPEG1 LII)		



	MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	AC-3 1)	
	E-AC-3	MPEG1 LII)		
	multichannel			
	MPEG1 layer II &	PCM (from	E-AC-3	
	E-AC-3	MPEG1 LII)		
	HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	HE AAC	
	HE AAC	AAC stereo)	multichannel	
	multichannel			
	HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	Transcoded 2) to	
	HE AAC	AAC stereo)	AC-3, or	
	multichannel		DTS	
	HE AAC stereo &	PCM (from HE	AC-3	
	AC-3 multichannel	AAC stereo)		
	1) transcoded to AC-3 is			
	2) transcoded to AC-3 of	or DTS if HE AAC not	supported by receiving d	evice
	a a			
G 6 1	1.			
Conformity	OK Fault Major		reason in comments	¬
Comments			oftware update: YES	_NO escribe
	more specific faults and	or other information		
Dete			C:	
Date			Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:23 Audio Prioritising for non-NGA streams – audio type
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5 16.2.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to select audio stream according to user selections, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for each service. If manually selected audio is not able to be stored in the IRD's memory per service, a global setting should be made possible to set manual prioritisation of stream type for all services. The priority for the selected audio source shall be based on the user selections and audio stream shall be selected according to the priority list in table table 6.1 below. If the user selections are not matching with the audio streams, the NorDig IRD shall always select one of the audio streams which closest suites with the user selections and will hereby provide audio to end-user.
	In the event that the NorDig IRD finds more than one stream with same audio property parameters (type, language, format and stream type) that fully or partially matches the IRD user preference settings, of the remaining streams (which have the same audio properties), the stream with the lowest PID shall be selected.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	Verify that IRD selects normal/undefined (0x00) audio component by default.

Equipment:



The TS must contain two services with several audio components for the same language, audio formats and stream type but different audio types.

Suitable languages are Swedish, Finnish, Norwegian, Danish, Icelandic, Sami, Irish/Gaelic and English.

Audio type is signaled in PMT in one or all of the following descriptors:

- 1) Supplementary_audio_descriptor for any stream type.
- 2) AAC_descriptor for AAC audio.
- 3) AC-3 descriptor for AC-3 audio.
- 4) Enhanced AC-3 descriptor for E-AC-3 audio.
- 5) ISO639_descriptor for any stream type.

IRD is assumed to prioritise the audio type signalization information in that order.

Audio format is stereo.

Stream type for all audio components is either MPEG-4 HE.AAC version 1 or E-AC-3 including metadata corresponding audio_type.

	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	the
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	distribution
_	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	media
	ISO639_language_code 2)	ISO639_language_code 2)	
	Audio_type hearing impaired	Audio_type hearing impaired	
	A PID 1107	A PID 1207	
	ISO639_language_code 2)	ISO639_language_code 2)	
	Audio_type visual impaired	Audio_type visual impaired	
	commentary	commentary	
	A PID 1106	A PID 1206	
	ISO639_language_code 2)	ISO639_language_code 2)	
	Audio_type Normal/Undef	Audio_type Normal/Undef	
	LCD 1 visible	LCD 2 visible	

- ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.
- Language must the same for all audio components and it can be one of the swe/fin/nor/ice/dan/smi/gle/iri/eng/und

Test procedure:

- Verify the receiver selects audio component which has normal/undefined audio by default
- 2. Verify user is able to select different audio components.
- 3. Verify that the user is able to store selected audio component in the IRD's non-volatile memory, or can be set by changing the priority defined in list in table 6.1.
- 4. Put IRD into standby mode and unplug the power cord
- 5. Turn on the IRD
- 6. Zap to different service and verify that the IRD is selecting wanted audio.



	Expected result:		
	IRD selects the audio component that is signalled as Normal/Undefined (0x00) by default when several audio components with the same language code, audio format and stream type but different audio type are available within one service.		
	The user shall also be able to select between the different audio components. The user should also be able to store the selected audio component prioristation to non-volatile memory.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
Test Case	Task 7:24 Audio Prioritising for non-NGA streams – audio format signaling missing		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5. <mark>14</mark> .3		
Requirement	For the selection of audio format (mono, stereo or multichannel, see Table 6.1 [1] and Table 6.2 [1]), the NorDig IRD shall use: - the AAC_type field in the AAC_descriptor for AAC audio, - the number of channels flags in the AC-3 descriptor and Enhanced AC-3 descriptor for AC-3 and E-AC-3. In any case where, for some reason, this information is not carried in the PMT		
	for a particular audio stream, then the IRD shall prioritise based on the assumption that audio stream contains "normal" stereo content.		
	In the event that the NorDig IRD finds more than one stream with same audio property parameters (type, language, format and stream type) that fully or partially matches the IRD user preference settings, of the remaining streams (which have the same audio properties), the stream with the lowest PID shall be selected.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify which audio component the IRD selects when no additional audio format signalization is added to audio component. Equipment:		
	TS source DVB receiver		



	The TS shall contain two services with two audio components. The PMTs shall contain the elementary streams with appropriate stream_types. All audio tracks shall be signaled with a same language and audio_type (0x0) in ISO_639_language_descriptor. No other descriptors shall be signaled for the audio streams.				
	2 67 77 7	Service1	Service2		Frequency
	MUX TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id ¹⁾	SID 1100 S_name Test11 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108 (HE AAC L4) A PID 1107 (MPEG1 LII stereo) LCD 1 visible	SID 1200 S_name Test12 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208 (A multichannel) A PID 1207 (M stereo) LCD 2 visible	C-3	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media
		(Original_network_id) can be chosen same for both muxes.	in range 0x0001-	0xfe00 (operatio	nal network) and it
	 Test procedure: Configure the IRD to select 'normal' stereo audio. Zap through the services in the stream. Verify that the IRD selects the MPEG1-LII audio component and audio is played out correctly. Configure the IRD to select 'normal' multichannel audio. Zap through the services in the stream. Verify that the IRD selects the advanced audio component and audio is played out correctly. 				
	Expected resu	lt:			
	IRD selects the audio component that is signalled as Normal/Undefined (0x00) by default when several audio components without signaling is available within one service.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault [Major Minor, define fai	l reason in co	mments	
Comments		cribe if fault can be fixed with specific faults and/or other in:		ate: YES]NO
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:25 Audio video synchronization
Section	NorDig Unified 6.7.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRDs shall not introduce more than ± 5 ms of relative delay between the audio and video components on the primary output (1) and not more than ± 25 ms between the primary video output and a secondary audio output. (2) The relative delay between the audio and video components shall be continously synchronized. If the NorDig IRD, as a part of an integrated digital TV set (iDTV) has an audio output, and/or decoded PCM digital audio output, the audio shall be in sync with the video display. Where audio leaves the IRD in an encoded form (such as in IEC61937 [45] bitstream from S/PDIF, HDMI, HDMI ARC or HDMI eARC outputs and/or HDMI outputs and/or



	HDMI Audio Return Channel (ARC)), the IRD shall compensate for the decoding latency of the selected audio format, as specified for the relevant reference decoder for the selected format (e.g AC-3), such that the output of the reference decoder would be ± 5 ms with respect to the decoded video. This applies for all audio systems that the IRD supports.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the relative time delay difference between video and audio on primary output satisfies the specification. Mandatory for iDTVs with integrated loudspeakers. Relevant for STB and iDTVs with audio output interfaces for analog audio,HDMI output and HDMI ARC. Equipment:
	Source MUX Exciter Video/audio synchronisation measurement device Reference device for video and audio inspection Video/audio synchronisation measurement device Reference device for audio listening
	 Transport stream containing: a 'Bounce' video signal (fully black and white pictures). The audio (sound bursts) is synchronized with the video. Test procedure: If the IRD is iDTV: Subjectively verify the video content in the integrated display is in synchronization with the audio content on the integrated loudspeakers. If any doubt is arisen for the synchronisation accuracy, measure the synchronization with the dedicated measurement equipment. If the iDTV supports analog audio output or digital audio output on HDMI output, HDMI ARC or S/PDIF, connect a receiving reference device to such an output interface. Verify subjectively if the audio on the reference device is in synchronization with the video displayed on the iDTV. If any doubt is arisen for the synchronisation accuracy, measure the synchronization with the dedicated measurement equipment. If the IRD is STB:



	1. Connect a receiving reference device to primary HDMI output interface.
	2. Verify subjectively if the audio on the reference device is in synchronization
	with the video displayed on the reference device.
	3. If any doubt is arisen for the synchronisation accuracy, measure the
	synchronization with the dedicated measurement equipment.
	4. If the STB supports analog audio output or digital audio output on S/PDIF,
	connect a receiving reference device to such an output interface.
	5. Verify subjectively if the audio on the reference device is in synchronization
	with the video displayed on the reference device.
	Expected result:
	If the IRD is an iDTV
	• the relative delay between video on integrated display and audio on integrated
	loudspeakers is less than ± 5 ms.
	 the relative delay between video on integrated display and audio on the analog
	audio output or digital audio outputs HDMI output, HDMI ARC, HDMI eARC
	and S/PDIF is less than ± 5 ms.
	If the IRD is an STB,
	• the relative delay between video and audio on HDMI output is less than ± 5 ms.
	 the relative delay between video on reference display and audio on analog
	audio output or digital audio output S/PDIF is less than ±5 ms.
	The secondary display output is not measured.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:26 Adjustement of Video/audio-delay	
Section	NorDig Unified 6.7.1	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support the possibility to adjust the audio-delay on the HDMI and S/PDIF output (if available) up to 250 ms and it should be adjustable in 5 ms steps, as the IRD may have several different user set-ups, resulting in different a/v delays; e.g. the IRD may be connected to several types of external audio-amplifiers and the IRD may be connected to several types of external screens.	
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD has settings for video/audio delay. This requirement is only applicable to IRDs that are not part of an iDTV. Equipment:	



	Test procedure: 1. Verify the IRD has a setting to setup video/audio delay up to 250ms. 2. Verify the setting has effect in delay between video and audio. Expected result: It is possible to change static delay between video and audio decoding and it has effect.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: _YES_NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:27 Audio handling when changing service or audio format		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.9		
Requirement	The NorDig IRD should gracefully handle change of service or audio format at the audio outputs without significant disturbances to the end user.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, all FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD handles audio format changes in zapping and audio format change. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD		
	 The TS shall contain several services, but at least following services with following components a HE AAC Level2 @48kHz and/or E-AC-3 (stereo)audio component with relevant signaling. a HE AAC Level 4 @48kHz and/or E-AC-3 (multichannel)audio component with relevant signaling. 		



	a MPEG-1 Layer II (stereo) with relevant signaling.			
	Test procedure:			
	 Zap to different services Verify the IRD is able to settle to different audio formats Decide if the format settling could disturb end-user. 			
	Expected result:			
	Audio format change is handled gracefully.			
	Audio handling does not disturb the end-user.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Task 7:28 Dynamic changes in audio components	
NorDig Unified 6.9	
The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle dynamic changes of audio component(s) (PID/PIDs) in a service. The IRD shall automatically identify if an audio component is added or removed between two programme events in the same service). The NorDig IRD should gracefully handle change of service or audio format at the audio outputs without significant disturbances to the end user.	
The NorDig IRD shall handle the dynamic changes after change of selected service ("zapping") or dynamic PMT update (i.e. shall not require to re-install services) and shall be able to handle the following dynamic changes without user interaction and start decoding within one second after reception of change; • change of the audio codec, (for example change from MPEG-1 Layer II into AC-3) • change of ISO 639-2 [72] language for an audio component.	
Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs	
Purpose of test:	
To verify the IRD is able to handle dynamic changes of audio components in transmission.	
 change of number of audio channels within same audio codec (eg. AC-3 2.0 to AC-3 5.1 and vice versa. change of bitrate for an audio component (eg. MPEG1-L2 bitrate from 192 kbps to 160 kbps) change of audio PID value (any codec) change from dual-channel audio into stereo audio and vice versa removal of selected audio component and using the next preferred one addition of one audio component with higher preferred user setting 	



	- change of the audio codec (eg. from MPEG1-L2 to AC-3 - change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component			
	Equipment:			
	MPEG-2 MUX Exciter DVB receiver			
	MPEG-2 source must have capability to support dynamic changes in au within service(s). In case of dual-channel audiothe first language_descriptor definition corphysical left channel and second language_descriptor definition correspright channel.	rresponds		
	Test procedure:			
	 Use MPEG-2 source to generate dynamic changes in audio components as listed in test results Fill in the test results. 			
	Expected result:			
	IRD is able to handle dynamic changes in audio components.			
Test result(s)		NOK or OK		
	Change of number of audio channels within same audio codec (eg. AC-3 2.0 to AC-3 5.1 and vice versa.	NOK 01 OK		
	Change of bitrate for an audio component (eg. MPEG1-L2 bitrate from 192 kbps to 160 kbps)			
	Change of audio PID value (any codec)			
	Change from dual-channel audio into stereo audio and vice versa			
	Removal of selected audio component and using the next preferred one			
	Addition of one audio component with higher preferred user setting			
	Change of ISO 630 2 language for an audio component			
	Change of the audio codec (eg. from MPEG1-L2 to AC-3 Change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component			
Conformity	Change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component			
Conformity Comments	Change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES	NO		
	Change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	NO		

Test Case	Task 7:29 Dynamic update of PMT- Component priority (stream type)
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.3, 6.5.2, 6.5.3
Requirement	From 12.6.3: Component priority when multiple video or audio streams are received



	The following applies for services that transmit in parallel more than one type of video/audio stream under the same service_id (e.g. simulcasting within the same service):			
	For Audio decoding, NorDig IRDs shall prioritise the service's components according to chapter 6.5 (Audio Prioritisation). NorDig IRDs shall ignore advanced audio streams when it does not support decoding those streams. For example, an IRD that do not include any AC-3 (downmix) decoder, (maybe only supports pass-through of AC-3 to the digital audio output), shall not choose the AC-3 audio stream as default. Instead it shall choose among the IRDs supported audio stream types according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritisation. When several audio streams of the same type are received, the primary stream shall be selected in accordance with the definitions in section 6.5 (Audio Prioritisation).			
	From 6.5.2: NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD shall prioritise the selection of NGA/AC-4 audio PID/stream over other audio PIDs/streams using other audio codecs when:			
	 NGA stream signalised a language that matches IRD user preference settings for primary audio language. (See section 6.5.4.1 how IRD shall detect language for PMT signalling), or NGA stream does not signalise any language (in PMT), or No NGA stream matches the user preference settings for primary audio language and no non-NGA stream matches the IRD user preference settings for primary and secondary audio language. 			
	Otherwise, the non-NGA audio PIDs/streams shall be selected in accordance with section 6.5.3 below. From 6.5.3: For prioritisation between non-NGA audio PIDs/streams (for non-NGA capable NorDig IRDs or NGA capable NorDig IRDs that has not prioritised NGA stream(s) according to section 6.5.2), the audio source priority shall be based on the property of the supported audio streams and for different user preference settings of audio format and audio type as selected by the user according with table 6.1 below.			
<pre>IRD Profile(s) variants and capability</pre>	HEVC, all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the NorDig IRD is able select audio components in priority order and handle dynamic changes in service (PMT and PIDs). The idea in this test is that there is always (video and) audio available in the NorDig IRD output (STB output or iDTV's integrated display and speakers) independently which input audio format(s) is(are) available in the service.			
	Equipment:			
	MPEG MUX Exciter DVB receiver			
	The IRD shall be configured with stereo output mode and normal audio mode. The IRD shall output audio in the correct format in the physical audio output or iDTV's integrated speakers.			





Depending of the audio selection settings (stereo or multichannel) in receiver menusystem receiver shall output always audio in the correct format in the physical audio output or iDTV's integrated speakers...

MPEG source must have capability to produce video simultaneously with

- * audio component broadcast for following audio formats:
 - MPEG-1 Layer II
 - MPEG-4 HE AAC
 - AC-3
 - E-AC-3
 - AC-4 (for HEVC IRDs)

Audio streams shall be stereo, normal audio and the same language.

	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	the distribution
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109 (MPEG 2 SD)	V PID 1209 incl PCR	media
	V PID 1119 (AVC HD)	A PID 1208	
	V PID 1129 (AVC SD)	Teletext PID 1207	
		DVB Subt PID 1106	
	A PID 1108 (MPEG1 L2)	Logical_chan_desc 2	
	A PID 1118 (HE AAC)	visible	
	A PID 1128 (E-AC-3)		
	A PID 1138 (AC-3)		
	A PID 1148 (AC-4)		
	Logical_chan_desc 1		
	visible		

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network)

The service PCR is broadcasted in separate PID.

Test procedure:

- 7. Control that the MUX1 have services signaled as defined in table above
- 8. Configure the IRD for stereo output and normal audio mode
- 9. Zap all the services and check quickly that they works.
- 10. Zap to service1 in MUX1
- 11. Drop PIDs (and update PMT accordingly) in following order:
 - a. Audio PID 1118 (HE-AAC)
 - b. Audio PID 1128 (AC-3)
 - c. Audio PID 1138 (E-AC-3)
 - d. Audio PID 1148 (AC4)
- 12. Add PIDs (and update PMT accordingly) in following order:
 - a. Audio PID 1148 (AC4)
 - b. Audio PID 1138 (E-AC3)
 - c. Audio PID 1128 (AC3)
 - d. Audio PID 1118 (HE-AAC)
- 13. Verify that the service is decoded correctly by watching the video, listening the audio

Expected result:

HDTV receiver NorDig HEVC IRD: After remove and addition of the PIDs, all the component in the service are decoded correctly.



	SDTV receiverBasic (non-HEVC) IRD: stream_types not supported by the receiver are not affecting the receiver operability.			
Test result(s)	Audio codec priority for stereo output and normal audio mode:			
	Audio codec	Stream_type	Priority	OK/NOK
	AC-4	0x06	1 (highest)	
	Basic, MPEG-1 Layer II audio stream	0x03	2	
	MPEG-4 HE.AAC (or LC.AAC) v2 audio stream	<mark>0x11</mark>	3	
	E-AC-3 (Enhanced AC-3) audio stream	0x06	<mark>4</mark>	
	AC-3 (AC-3) audio stream	0x06	5 (lowest)	
	Audio codec	Stream_type	Priority	OK/NOK
	MPEG-4 HE.AAC (or LC.AAC) v2 audio stream	0x11	1 (highest)	
	E-AC 3 (Enhanced AC 3) audio stream	0x06	2	
	AC 3 (AC 3) audio stream	0x06	<mark>3</mark>	
	Basic, MPEG-1 Layer II audio stream	0x03	4 (lowest)	
Conformity		lefine fail reason in		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fix Describe more specific faults and/or		odate: YES_	NO
Date		Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:30 Audio descriptors
Section	NorDig Unified 6.9
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be able to read the audio information contained in the DVB_SI stream_content and component_type of the component descriptor as defined in EN 300 468 [16], see also chapter 12 and section 13.3.2. The NorDig IRD should be able to present the audio information, including the descriptors for audio description for the visually impaired and audio for the hard of hearing, contained in the component descriptor to the user for information and selection purposes.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, all FE all IRDs



Test procedure	The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure and the used test setup.		
Test result(s)	The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure and the used test setup.		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

m . c			
Test Case	Task 7:31 Supplementary audio		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.11		
Requirement	The Nordig IRD audio decoder shall (1) be capable of supporting 'visual impaired' Supplementary audio (SA) services, as defined in ETS TS 101 154 [29] (however, control of pan and fade is optional). The NorDig IRD shall (1) support both Broadcast mixed and Receiver mixed Supplementary Audio. The NorDig IRD shall (1) have user selection of audio preferences for 'normal' and 'Supplementary' audio and which is a fixed setting (i.e. remain when changing service and when re-starting the IRD). The user preference settings for enabled/disable default Supplementary audio shall (1) be common for Broadcast mixed (2) and Receiver mixed alternatives.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the IRD handles supplementary audio for narrator and spoken subtitling like of audio streams. Equipment:		
	TS Source MUX Exciter Receiver		
	A TS containing several services with several audio components for broadcast and receiver mixing. Supplementary_audio_descriptor is signalled for all audio components according to content definition below. The normal and supplementary audio for receiving mixing within a service are encoded as MPEG-1 Layer II, HE-AAC and E-AC-3 depending of which audio codecs are supported by the IRD. The audio streams sampling rate must be the same and the audio streams are separated to two different PIDs.		
	Transmitter Service 1 Service 2 Frequency		



	MUX 1 TS_ID 1 Network_ID 1 ON_ID 1)	SID 1100 S_Name Test11 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108ISO639_language_cod e ²) Audio_type 0x00 A PID 1107 ISO639_descriptor: language_code ²)	SID 1200 S_Name Test12 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208 ISO639_language Audio_type 0x00 A PID 1207 ISO639_descripte language_code ²) Audio_type 0x03	e_code ²)) or:	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media.
		audio_type 0x00 supplementary audio desc: "broadcast mixed" LCD 1 visible	supplementary at "receiver mixed) LCD 2 visible	idio desc	
	¹⁾ ON_id (Original_ ²⁾ Language must th swe/fin/nor/ice/dan/	network_id) can be chosen in ran le same for all audio components smi/gle/iri/eng/und	nge 0x0001-0xfe00 and it can be one o	of the	l network)
	Test procedure:				
		uage for primary language uage for secondary langua			
	2. Set audio3. Tune to selected.	Service 2 and verify that a	nal" audio. audio PID 1108,	, Lang1 0	x00 audio type is
		o type preference to "supp Service 1 and verify that a			x00 audio type is
		Service 2 and verify that a lio PID 1208 audio and is		, nar 0x03	audio type is mixed
	Expected result:				
	IRD supports both	udio can be enabled and di h broadcast mixed and rec ect a correct audio track a	eiver mixed sup	pplementa	
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor, define f			
Comments		be if fault can be fixed wit ecific faults and/or other i		ate: YE	ES_NO
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:32 IRD Internal Reference Level
Section	NorDig Unified 6.12



Requirement	The level for reference tones for transmission will be 18 dB below clipping level, in accordance with EBU Recommendation R.68 "Alignment level in digital audio production equipment and in digital recorders" as recommended by ETSI TS 101 154.			
IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs			
capability capability				
Test procedure	The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure and the used test setup.			
Test result(s)	The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure and the used test setup.			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:33 Loudness levels - Audio Output Levels		
Section	NorDig Unified 6.13.3		
Requirement	In order to match the loudness of PCM and coded audio streams in a downstream AV receiver, PCM streams at a target reference level of -23 dBFS shall (1) be reduced in level by 8dB before being output on S/PDIF or HDMI to that device. PCM streams at a target reference level of -31 dBFS shall not be increased in level prior to output. If When an HDMI (or HDMI eARC) receiving Sink device indicates in its E-EDID structure that it supports multichannel PCM audio, then stereo or multichannel PCM the output should be output at a target reference level of -31 dBFS. If When an HDMI (or HDMI eARC) receiving Sink device indicates in its E-EDID structure that it only supports Basic Audio (i.e. twochannel L-PCM), then the output should be leveled to a target reference level of -23 dBFS. For analog (stereo) outputs, the target reference level should be leveled to -23 dBFS (as measured on a digital signal).		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
	To verify IRD audio output levels are according to requirement.		
	Test procedure:		
	Use a test stream with audio encoded in MPEG-1 Layer II at on a beforhand measured integrated level that is approximately -23 LUFS (integrated value, measured according to EBU R 128 or other close standard such as ITU-R BS.1770).		
	Available input Measured Output on S/PDIF (Integrated Output in LUFS)	OK/NOK	



	When Stereo is selected (default) – The Target Reference Level is -23 dBFS	When Multichannel is selected – The Target Reference Level is -31 dBFS	
MPEG1 layer II i.e.	-23 LUFS (same as	-31 LUFS (8 dB	
measured to be -23 LUFS	input)	attenuation)	
AC-3 i.e. measured	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
to be -23 LUFS with			
dialnorm level set			
to = -23 dBFS			
E-AC-3 i.e.	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
measured to be -23			
LUFS with			
dialnorm level set			
to = -23 dBFS			
HE AAC i.e.	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
measured to be -23			
LUFS with			
prog_ref_level			
set to = -23 dBFS			

	Measured Output o value i	OK/NOK	
Available input format	When Stereo is selected (default) – The Target Reference Level is -23 dBFS	When Multichannel is selected – The Target Reference Level is -31 dBFS	
MPEG1 layer II i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS	-23 LUFS (same as input)	-31 LUFS (8 dB attenuation)	
AC-3 i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with dialnorm level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
E-AC-3 i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with dialnorm level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
HE AAC i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with prog_ref_level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	

 $^{^{\}ast}$ An audio analyser with HDMI-input is not common. A HDMI-to-S/PDIF-converter might be of use or other type of equipment.



	Available input format		on S/PDIF (Integrated n LUFS) When Multichannel is selected – The Target Reference	OK/NOK
		Reference Level is -23 dBFS	Level is -31 dBFS	
	MPEG1 layer II i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS	-23 LUFS (same as input)	-31 LUFS (8 dB attenuation)	
	AC-3 i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with dialnorm level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
	E-AC-3 i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with dialnorm level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
	HE AAC i.e. measured to be -23 LUFS with prog_ref_level set to = -23 dBFS	-23 LUFS	-31 LUFS	
	measured on a digital si Expected result:	gnal) Make the same udness levels. Make su	e level should be leveled tests as "Stereo" as above the that the audio level drown in the state of the state	e.
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major		reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fa Describe more specific		oftware update: YES rmation	NO
Date			Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:34 AC-4: Requirements
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.1
Requirement	NorDig HEVC IRD supporting AC-4 shall
	• decode AC-4 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 103 190-2.
	• be capable of transcoding AC-4 bitstreams to E-AC-3 or AC-3 bitstreams according to
	TS 102 366.
IRD	HEVC IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



	To verify that the IRD supports decoding of AC-4 level 3 bitstreams at various configurations.			
	This test is to be performed at the main output of the IRD.			
	Equipment:			
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder			
	The TS shall contain three services each with one AC-4 audio stream at native frame rate and one HE-AAC stream, both streams shall be signaled as Danish. The AC-4 audio stream in the three services shall be according to: 1. AC-4 stereo 2. AC-4 multichannel			
	3. AC-4 immersive			
	Test procedure:			
	 If the main output of the IRD is HDMI, connect the IRD to an audio receiver, e.g. Home Theater System with HDMI. Verify that there are three services and that each have an HE-AAC and an AC-4 audio stream. 			
	 On the receiver menu, select service 1. Verify that AC-4 stereo is decoded or transcoded at the main output of the IRD. On the receiver menu, select service 2. Verify that AC-4 multichannel is decoded or transcoded. On the receiver menu, select service 3. Verify that AC-4 immersive is decoded or transcoded. 			
	Expected result:			
	IRD support for AC-4 input audio signal and reproduction at its main output.			
Test result(s)				
	NOK or OK Stereo			
	Multichannel 5.1			
	Immersive			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			
	1 ~ 3 · 1			

Test Case	Task 7:35 AC-4: Analogue audio output
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.1, 6.8.1.



Requirement	The NorDig IRD with SCART and/or analogue outputs shall always have an audio signal present on the analogue outputs (SCART and stereo out, see section 8.5 and to			
	built-in loudspeakers (see note 1)) if any of the supported formats is received.			
	If the NorDig IRD has analogue stereo output(s), it shall be capable of decoding and			
	downmixing the supported audio formats for the analogue outputs.			
	NorDig IRD's that support AC-4 shall			
	• decode AC-4 streams at all bit rates and sample rates listed in ETSI TS 103 190-2.			
IRD	HEVC IRD			
variants and capability				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that receiver IRD decodes AC-4 bitstream and audio output level can be adjusted.			
	This test in only mandatory for STB or iDTV with SCART or analogue audio output interface.			
	Equipment:			
	Source MUX Exciter DVB Monitor			
	receiver			
	A transport stream containing a service with AC-4 multichannel audio.			
	Test procedure:			
	Verify that service has a multichannel AC-4 audio available.Verify that AC-4 multichannel is downmixed to stereo at analog audio output.			
	Expected result:			
	IRD supports AC-4 audio decoding and audio is downmixed to stereo in analog audio output(s).			
	The audio output level can be adjusted.			
Test result(s)	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Conformity Comments	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	<u>Sign</u>			

Test Case	Task 7:36 AC-4: required output formats for HDMI, HDMI ARC and HDMI eARC
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.3



Requirement	Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented, NorDig HEVC IRDs shall be capable of providing the following formats on the HDMI output connector from an AC-4 bitstream (see chapter 16 for factory default settings):
	 AC-4 bitstream decoded (up to 5.1 channels) and re-encoded to E-AC-3 at a minimum bit rate of 640 kbps. AC-4 bitstream decoded (up to 5.1 channels) and re-encoded to AC-3 at a fixed bit rate of 640 kbps. Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD with option for HDMI, or HDMI ARC, or HDMI eARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that STB IRD decodes/transcodes AC-4 bitstreams and outputs the appropriate format via HDMI. To verify that iDTV IRD decodes/transcodes AC-4 bitstreams and outputs the appropriate format via HDMI ARC and (if supported) HDMI eARC. To verify that for AC-4 bitstreams decoded and downmixed (if >2 channels) to PCM stereo, the audio output level can be adjusted. This test is only relevant for STB IRDs with HDMI output and iDTV IRDs with HDMI ARC and/or HDMI eARC output. Equipment: TS source MUX Exciter STB IRD Monitor HDMI receiver HDMI eARC receiver
	A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel or immersive audio.
	Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to an HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver e.g. Home Theatre System with HDMI (ARC, eARC) input, that supports E-AC-3 or AC-3 decoding. Verify that service has a multichannel or immersive AC-4 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that AC-4 multichannel or immersive is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for HDMI (ARC, eARC) output. Verify the audio output level can be adjusted. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio.



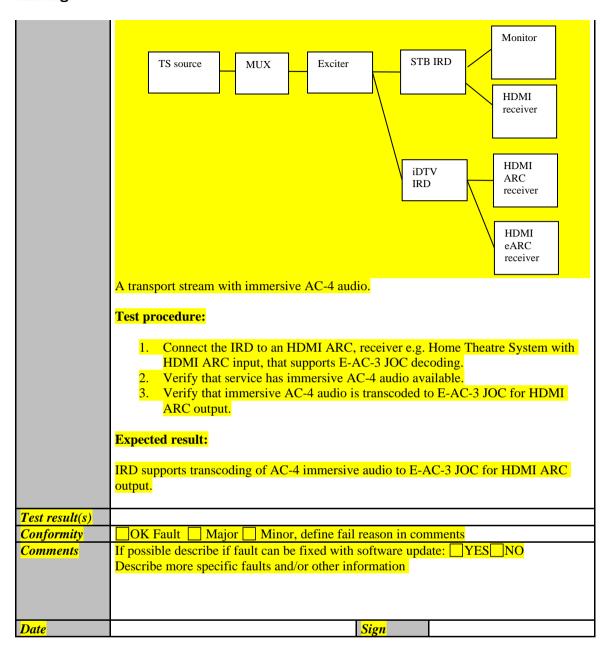
	multichani		C) output deper	nscoded to E-AC-3 or AC-3 nding on the capabilities of
	IRD supports AC-4 is selected. The ma IRD supports AC-4	ain audio level can be adj	justed. Iscoding to E-A	M stereo when stereo audio C-3 and AC-3 at its HDMI
Test result(s)	Stereo Multichannel Multichannel	HDMI (ARC, eARC) receiver any E-AC-3	NOK or OK	
Comments	If possible describe	ajor Minor, define fa if fault can be fixed with ific faults and/or other in	<mark>h software upda</mark>	
Date			Sign Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:37 AC-4: recommended output formats for HDMI and HDMI eARC only (optional)
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.3
Requirement	Where HDMI (or HDMI eARC) is implemented, NorDig HEVC IRDs should be capable of providing the following formats from an AC-4 bitstream: Decoded to PCM audio bitstreams with metadata (e.g., MAT, HDMI 2.1).
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD with option for immersive output over HDMI or HDMI eARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that STB IRD decodes an immersive or multichannel AC-4 bitstream to PCM audio bitstreams with metadata for HDMI output. To verify that iDTV IRD decodes an immersive or multichannel AC-4 bitstream to PCM audio bitstreams with metadata for HDMI eARC output. This test is only relevant for STB IRDs with HDMI output and iDTV IRDs with HDMI eARC output. Equipment:



	TS source MUX Exciter STB IRD HDMI receiver iDTV IRD HDMI eARC receiver
	A transport stream with immersive or multichannel AC-4 audio. Test procedure: Let Connect the IBD to on HDML (AABC) receiver on Home Theorem System with
	 Connect the IRD to an HDMI (eARC) receiver e.g. Home Theatre System with HDMI (eARC) input, that supports PCM audio bitstreams with metadata. Verify that service has immersive or multichannel AC-4 audio available. Verify that immersive and multichannel AC-4 audio is decoded to PCM with metadata for HDMI (eARC) output.
	Expected result: IRD supports decoding of multichannel or immersive AC-4 audio to PCM with metadata for HDMI (eARC) output.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 7:38 AC-4: recommended output formats for HDMI ARC (optional)
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.3
Requirement	 Where HDMI, HDMI ARC (or eARC) is implemented, NorDig HEVC IRDs should be capable of providing the following formats from an AC-4 bitstream: AC-4 bitstream decoded (e.g. 5.1.2 channels) and re-encoded using E-AC-3 according to ETSI TS 102 366 in combination with the JOC extension to E-AC-3 according to ETSI TS 103 420.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC iDTV with option for immersive output over HDMI ARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that iDTV IRD transcodes an immersive AC-4 bitstream to an E-AC-3 JOC bitstream for HDMI ARC. This test is only relevant for iDTV IRDs with HDMI ARC. Equipment:



Test Case	Task 7:39 AC-4: required output formats for S/PDIF
Section	NorDig Unified 6.2.4.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD supporting AC-4 and including an S/PDIF output shall be capable of providing the following formats on the S/PDIF connector from an AC-4 bitstream: • AC-4 bitstream transcoded to AC-3 bitstream • Decoded and downmixed (if > 2 channels) to PCM stereo bitstream
variants and capability	HEVC IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD decodes/transcodes AC-4 bitstreams. This test is only relevant for IRD with S/PDIF output.



	Equipment:
	MPEG-2 source DVB receiver S/PDIF receiver
	A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel or immersive audio. Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to a S/PDIF receiver e.g. Home Theater System with S/PDIF. Verify that service has a multichannel or immersive AC-4 audio available. In receiver menu, select stereo audio. Verify that AC-4 multichannel or immersive is decoded and downmixed to PCM stereo bitstream for S/PDIF output. In receiver menu, select multichannel audio. Verify that AC-4 multichannel or immersive is transcoded to AC-3
	multichannel at the S/PDIF output. Expected result: IRD supports AC-4 audio decoding to PCM stereo bitstream when stereo audio is selected. IRD supports AC-4 transcode to AC-3 multichannel when multichannel audio is
Test result(s) Conformity Comments	Selected. OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES_NO
Date	Describe more specific faults and/or other information Sign

Test Case	Task 7:40 Dialogue Enhancement
Section	NorDig Unified 6.10
Requirement	Next Generation Audio enable Dialogue Enhancement which gives the possibility to adjust the relative level of the dialogue, to aid speech intelligibility or to suit the preference of the user. See section 16.2.3 for the user preference settings that are related to Dialogue Enhancement. In additions for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD user shall (2) be able to calculate strengly user preferences (strengly as pregistant settings) for following.
	select storable user preferences (stored as persistent settings) for following audio related functions (see chapter 16.4 for factory default values): •Dialogue Enhancement (on/off), see section 6.10



	AC-4 enable Dialogue Enhancement accessibility services by offering the possibility to		
	adjust the relative level of the dialogue.		
	In additions for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD user shall be able to select		
	storable user preferences (stored as persistent settings) for following audio		
	related functions (see chapter 16.4 for factory default values):		
	 Dialogue Enhancement (on/off), see section 6.10 		
	Note 2: Optional for NorDig HEVC IRDs launched before 1 July 2020.		
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
	To verify that the IRD supports Dialogue Enhancement		
	Equipment:		
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder		
	decoder		
	The TS shall contain a service using AC-4 which include typically a noise signal with Dialogue Enhancement meta data which gain modules the noise when applied.		
	Test procedure:		
	1. Verify that service has an AC-4 audio available including dialogue		
	enhancement meta data.		
	 In IRD menu, select Dialogue Enhancement off. Verify that AC-4 is decoded and static noise is played. 		
	4. In IRD menu, select Dialogue Enhancement on.		
	5. Verify that AC-4 is decoded and that gain modulated noise is played.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
Test Case	Task 7:41 Automatic Audio PID/Stream prioritisation for NGA capable		
1 cst Cust	NorDig HEVC IRDs		

NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD **shall** prioritise the selection of NGA/AC-4 audio PID/stream over other audio PIDs/streams using other audio codecs

NorDig Unified 6.5.2

when:

Section Requirement



IRD variants and capability	 NGA street No NGA audio land preference Otherwise, the not with section 6.5.3 If NGA capable Northway audio langer 	ect language for eam does not sign stream matches guage and no no es settings for pro- n-NGA audio Po- below. forDig HEVC II guage, or finds in	PMT signalling), or gnalise any language (in the user preference set on-NGA stream matcher imary and secondary at IDs/streams shall be selected.	tings for primary s the IRD user adio language. ected in accordance NGA stream that matches the match the primary audio	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To verify that the	IRD selects the	right PID/stream based	on IRD primary language	
	setting.				
	Equipment:				
	TS Source	MUX	Exciter	IRD Audio decoder	
				lio PID in different language	es
	and audio codecs, as specified in the table below. Note that the content is that of the reference streams and might be replaced by the tester.				
	PID	Codec	Language signaling	Content	
	1st audio PID	HE-AAC	signaling Swedish	Sine tone	
			signaling Swedish Swedish Audio		
	1st audio PID	HE-AAC	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations:	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID	HE-AAC HE-AAC	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: :	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID	HE-AAC HE-AAC	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS)	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID	HE-AAC HE-AAC	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID	HE-AAC HE-AAC	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS)	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID * Speech content in	HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel check and speech*	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID * Speech content itype	HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel check and speech* White noise	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID * Speech content itype Test procedure:	HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC is a narration in	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel check and speech* White noise	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID * Speech content in type Test procedure: 1. Setup the 2. In the IR	HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC is a narration in e system as indice. User preference	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English English indicating the second of the diagram of the second of the prime of the second of the sec	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel check and speech* White noise selected language and audio	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID * Speech content itype Test procedure: 1. Setup the 2. In the IR 3. Verify th	HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC as a narration in system as indice by the control of the contr	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English English indicating the second	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel check and speech* White noise selected language and audio	
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID * Speech content itype Test procedure: 1. Setup the 2. In the IR 3. Verify th correspon 4. In the IR	HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC A a narration in E system as indice to see the second of the system as indice to see the system as indice	signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English English indicating the second of the diagram of the second of the primary of the second of	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: : Immersive channel check and speech* White noise selected language and audio ary audio language to Swediays back the content 2nd PID. ary audio language to English ary audio language to English	<mark>ish</mark>



	language to any lang 7. Verify the IRD selector corresponding to Fin Expected result: There are three verification st In step 3, the IRD propreference for prima In step 5, the IRD pr				
Test result(s)	In step 7, the IRD prioritises the NGA PID because neither the NGA nor the non-NGA PIDs match the user preference for primary audio language.				
1 est resuu(s)	Primary/secondary language preference Swedish English	NGApresentation corresponding to Swedish language HE-AAC PID	OK/NOK		
	Any languages other than Swedish, Finnish or English	corresponding to English language NGA presentation corresponding to Finnish language			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date		Sign			

Test Case	Task 7:42 Automatic Audio PID/Stream prioritisation for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.2
Requirement	NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD shall prioritise the selection of NGA/AC-4 audio PID/stream over other audio PIDs/streams using other audio codecs when: NGA stream signalised a language that matches IRD user preference settings for primary audio language. (See section 6.5.4.1 how IRD shall detect language for PMT signalling), or NGA stream does not signalise any language (in PMT), or No NGA stream matches the user preference settings for primary audio language and no non-NGA stream matches the IRD user preference settings for primary and secondary audio language. Otherwise, the non-NGA audio PIDs/streams shall be selected in accordance with section 6.5.3 below. If the NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD finds more than one NGA stream that matches the primary audio language or finds that none of the NGA streams match the primary audio language, the NGA stream with lowest PID shall be selected.

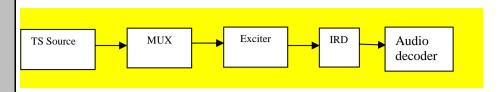
IRD variants	HEVC IRD				
and capability	Purpose of test:				
Test procedure	_	D selects the	right PID/stream wh	en the NGA stream does not	
	signal any language		fight 1 1D/stream wh	en the 140A stream does not	
	Equipment:				
	TS Source	MUX _	Exciter	IRD Audio	
				decoder	
				11 DVD 1 1100	_
				audio PID in different language that the content is that of the	S
	reference streams an			that the content is that of the	
			1		
	PID	Codec	Language signaling	Content	
	1st audio PID	<mark>HE-AAC</mark>	Swedish	Sine tone	
	2nd audio PID	AC-4	Finnish and	Finnish: music	
			Swedish No signaling in the	Swedish: Immersive channel check and	
			PMT	speech*	
	* Speech content is	a narration in			
	Test procedure:	estam as indi	pated in the diagram		
	 Setup the system as indicated in the diagram In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish 				
	3. Verify the IRD selects the 2nd audio PID and plays back the content				
	corresponding to Swedish language and not the 2nd PID.				
	Ermosted wordt.				
	Expected result: The IRD prioritises to	the NGA stre	am when it does not	signal any language in the PMT	r
	The Ital promises	1,011,5010		orginal any ranguage in the 1 1111	-
Test result(s)	Primary/secondar	•	<mark>coded audio strean</mark>	OK/NOK	
	language preferen		7.4		
	Swedish		GA presentation rresponding to Swed	ich	
			iguage	1511	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments				update: YES NO	
	Describe more speci	fic faults and	or other information		
Data			Cicu		
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:43 Automatic Audio Prioritisation inside the NGA Audio PID/stream
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.6
Requirement	This section applies only to the NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD.



		capable NorDig IRD shall prioritise the preselection in the NGA stream to Table 6.4.				
	IRD settings →	Audio Description OFF		Audio Description ON		
		Spoken Subtitles OFF	Spoken Subtitles ON	Spoken Subtitles OFF	Spoken Subtitles ON	
IRD	IRD behavio	our depending on above	e IRD settings and pres	selection properties		
	Priority	Priority with resper	ct to best matching	Priority with respect preselection	to best matching	
	1	AD off and SpS off Preselection matching primary audio language	AD off and SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language	AD on and SpS off Preselection matchi ng primary audio language (1)	AD on and SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language	
	2	AD off Preselection matching primary audio language	SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language	AD on and SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language	AD on and SpS off Preselection matching primary audio language	
	3	Preselection matching primary audio language	Preselection matching primary audio language	SpS off Preselection matching primary audio language	SpS on Preselection matching primary audio language	
	4	AD off and SpS off Preselection matching secondary audio language	AD off and SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language	Preselection matching primary audio language	Preselection matching primary audio language	
	5	AD off Preselection matching secondary audio language	SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language	AD on and SpS off Preselection matching secondary audio language settings	AD on and SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language	
6	6	Preselection matching secondary audio language	Preselection matching secondary audio language	AD on and SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language	AD on and SpS off Preselection matching secondary audio language	
	7	(if no match) default Preselection	(if no match) default Preselection	SpS off Preselection matching secondary audio language	SpS on Preselection matching secondary audio language	
	8			Preselection matching secondary audio language	Preselection matching secondary audio language	
	9	I		(if no match) default Preselection	(if no match) default Preselection	
	with Audio higher prior	description on/off rity.	and Spoken Subt	itles on/off. A lowe		
nn		•	s the IKD to evalu	ate the audio presel	ection descriptor.	
RD variants nd capability	HEVC IRD					
est procedure						
	Equipment	t <mark>:</mark>				





A transport stream containing a service with multiple audio PID in different languages and audio codecs as specified in the table below. Note that the content is that of the reference streams and might be replaced by the tester.

PID	Codec	Language	Content
		<mark>signaling</mark>	
1st audio PID	HE-AAC	Swedish	Sine tone
2nd audio PID	HE-AAC	Swedish Audio	Speech*
		Description	
3rd audio PID	AC-4	5 Presentations:	Finnish: music
		Finnish Principle 1985	Swedish: Immersive
		Swedish	channel check and
		Swedish (SpS)	speech*
		Swedish (AD+SpS)	
		Swedish (AD)	

^{*} Speech content is a narration in English indicating the selected language and audio type

The NGA PID contains multiple preselections in different languages, including Accessibility services.

- 1. Finnish preselection with music as content
- 2. Swedish preselection with Immersive channel check as content
- 3. Swedish (Audio Description) preselection with Immersive channel check and speech* as content
- 4. Swedish (Spoken Subtitles) preselection with Immersive channel check and speech* as content
- 5. Swedish (Audio Description and Spoken Subtitles) preselection with Immersive channel check and speech* as content
- * Speech content is a narration in English indicating the selected language and audio type

Test procedure:

- 1. Setup the system as indicated in the diagram
- 2. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish
- 3. Verify the IRD selects the second preselection and plays back the content corresponding to Swedish language.
- 4. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Icelandic and the secondary audio language to Finnish
- 5. Verify the IRD selects the third preselection and plays back the content corresponding to Finnish language.
- 6. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish and enable accessibility settings for Audio Description.
- 7. Verify the IRD selects the fourth preselection and plays back the mix corresponding to Swedish language with Audio Description
- 8. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish and enable accessibility settings for Spoken Subtitles.
- 9. Verify the IRD selects the fourth preselection and plays back the mix corresponding to Swedish language with Spoken Subtitles



	 10. In the IRD user preference settings, set the primary audio language to Swedish and enable accessibility settings for both Audio Description and Spoken Subtitles. 11. Verify the IRD selects the fourth preselection and plays back the mix corresponding to Swedish language with Audio Description and Spoken Subtitles Expected result: There are five verification steps in this procedure to verify the IRD implements audio prioritisation inside the NGA PID including language and Accessibility preferences. 			Spoken mix Spoken ments audio
Test result(s)	Primary/secondary	Accessibility	Decoded audio stream	OK/NOK
	language preference	<mark>settings</mark>	content	
	Primary: Swedish	<mark>AD off</mark>	NGA presentation	
		SpS off	corresponding to	
			Swedish language	
	Primary: Icelandic	AD off	NGA presentation	
	Secondary: Finnish	SpS off	corresponding to Finnish	
	D	<u> </u>	language	
	Primary: Swedish	AD on	NGA presentation	
		SpS off	corresponding to	
			Swedish language with	
	Primary: Swedish	AD off	Audio Description NGA presentation	
	Primary: Swedish	SpS on	corresponding to	
		Sps on	Swedish language with	
			Spoken Subtitles	
	Primary: Swedish	AD on	NGA presentation	
		SpS on	corresponding to	
			Swedish language with	
			Audio Description and	
			Spoken Subtitles	
Conformity	OK Fault Major		il reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fau			NO ON
	Describe more specific fa			
Date			Sign	

Test Case	Task 7:44 Manual Audio PID/Stream selection for NorDig IRDs
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.1, 13.5.1 and 13.5.2
Requirement	From Section 6.5.1 In addition, the user shall be able to manually select between all audio streams and/or NGA Preselections (1) that are associated with the active service, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for each service. Note 1: NGA Preselections only applicable for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs. From Section 13.5.1 and 13.5.2



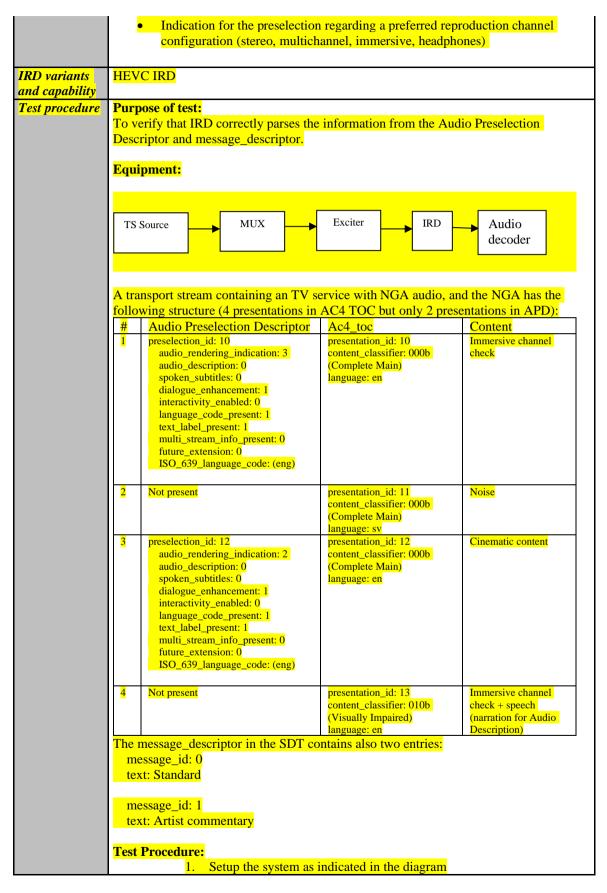
	For services with multiple audio streams (PIDs), or in case of multiple NGA Preselections (1), the NorDig IRD shall be able to display information about avail incoming audio streams / NGA Preselections (1), for the user to temporarily selected audio stream / NGA Preselection (1).						
	subtitling pages w	The NorDig IRD shall be able to display information about different incoming subtitling pages within the selected subtitle stream/PID, for the user to be able to temporary select subtitling page or disable displaying subtitling.					
	This task also covers Task 14:2: User Information about service components – Audio and Subtitling						
	Note 1: Only applicable/mandatory for Nordig HEVC IRD.						
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD	Support selection	ng between available a	udio alternatives			
	Equipment:						
	TS Source	MUX _	Exciter	Audio decoder			
				lio PID in different languages			
		and audio codecs as specified in the table below. Note that the content is that of the reference streams and might be replaced by the tester.					
			1				
	PID	Codec	Language	Content			
	PID 1st audio PID			Content Sine tone			
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID	Codec	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description	Sine tone Speech*			
	1st audio PID	Codec HE-AAC	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations:	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music			
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID	Codec HE-AAC HE-AAC	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive channel check and			
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID	Codec HE-AAC HE-AAC	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS)	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive			
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID	Codec HE-AAC HE-AAC	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS)	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive channel check and			
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID	HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive channel check and speech* English: White noise			
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID	HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive channel check and speech* English: White			
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID * Speech content in type Test procedure: 8. Setup the 9. Verify th 10. Verify th	HE-AAC HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC is a narration in e system as indicat the IRD suppat upon slecting	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English English indicating the second corts selecting between a	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive channel check and speech* English: White noise			
	1st audio PID 2nd audio PID 3rd audio PID 4th audio PID * Speech content in type Test procedure: 8. Setup the 9. Verify th 10. Verify th audio cor a.	HE-AAC HE-AAC AC-4 HE-AAC is a narration in expectation system as indicated at the IRD suppart upon slecting mes out,	Language signaling Swedish Swedish Audio Description 5 Presentations: Finnish Swedish Swedish (SpS) Swedish (AD+SpS) Swedish (AD) English English indicating the second of the diagram forts selecting between a gar PID/Streams or NGA	Sine tone Speech* Finnish: music Swedish: Immersive channel check and speech* English: White noise selected language and audio			



	 Swedish, Swedish Audio Description, English NGA capable IRD's can select and decode Swedish, Swedish Audio Accessibility, Finnish English 			
Test result(s)	PID stream Selected	Decoded audio stream	OK/NOK	
	Swedish	NGA presentation		
		corresponding to Swedish		
	English	language HE-AAC PID		
		corresponding to English		
		language		
	Finish	NGA presentation		
		corresponding to Finnish		
		language		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
D		C:		
Date		Sign Sign		

Test Case	Task 7:45 Manual selection of audio preselection based on information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.1, 6.5.6 and 12.6.11
Requirement	From Section 6.5.1 In addition, the user shall be able to manually select between all audio streams and/or NGA Preselections (1) that are associated with the active service, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for each service.
	Note 1: NGA Preselections only applicable for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs.
	From Section 6.5.6 For manual selection, the information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor (APD) shall be used (1).
	The NGA audio stream(s) may contain additional or fewer preselections than those listed in the Audio Preselection Descriptor. Note 1: Optional for NorDig HEVC IRDs launched before 1 July 2020
	From Section 12.6.11 The NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD supporting NGA services shall support the Audio Preselection Descriptor. The Audio Preselection Descriptor may contain the following information for a list of preselections:
	 The language of the preselection Indication if the preselection contains audio description Indication if the preselection enables dialogue enhancement Indication if the preselection contains spoken subtitles Indication if the preselection contains enables user interactivity







	 Verify that the IRD supports selecting between all NGA preselections described in the audio preselection descriptor as per table above Verify that the IRD displays the preselection names defined in the message descriptor
	Expected result: The IRD uses the information in the Audio Preselection Descriptor (APD) to identify the available preselections for manual selection. Thus it presents 2 audio preselections with text labels from the message_descriptor.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

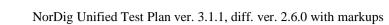
Test Case	Task 7:46 Audio Prioritisation inside the NGA Audio PID/stream based on information from elementary stream
Section	NorDig Unified 6.5.6
Requirement	Audio Prioritisation inside the NGA Audio PID/stream can be done based on the Audio Preselection Descriptor or based on the ac4_toc, as specified in ETSI TS 103 190–2 in the elementary stream. The information from the elementary stream (ac4_toc) shall be used for audio prioritisation inside the NGA audio PID/stream based on the user preference settings (1). For manual selection, the information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor (APD) shall be used (1). The NGA audio stream(s) may contain additional or fewer preselections than those listed in the Audio Preselection Descriptor. If the presentation corresponding to a manually selected preselection from the Audio Preselection Descriptor is not found in the bitstream, then the IRD shall fall back to preference-based presentation selection based on IRD settings and
	signaling in the elementary stream as specified above. Note 1: Optional for NorDig HEVC IRDs launched before 1 July 2020.
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the audio prioritization logic uses the information in the AC-4 TOC when the audio_preselection_descriptor contains inaccurate information. Equipment:
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder
	Two transport streams containing the same AC-4 elementary stream but different signaling in the PMT. The list of preselections in the audio_preselection_descriptor does not match the AC-4 TOC accurately. 1. The audio_preselection_descriptor contains only a subset of the preselections in the AC-4 TOC that doesn't include presentation 11 (language 2, e.g. Swedish)



	I <u>a </u>	TD1 1'				
	2.			ains all of the preselections in the AC-4		
			Swedish with Audio D	he bitstream. That is preselection_id		
		14. lauage 2, e.g.	Swedish with Author	rescription		
	AC-4 TO	OC:				
	#	AC-4 TOC		Content		
	1	presentation id: 10		Immersive channel check		
	-	content_classifier: 00				
		languag 1, e.g. en (Er	nglish)			
	2	presentation_id: 11		Noise		
		content_classifier: 00				
		language 2, e.g. sv (S	wedish)			
	3	presentation_id: 12		Cinematic content		
		content_classifier: 00	0b (Complete Main)			
		language 1, e.g. en (E	English)			
	4	presentation_id: 13		Immersive channel check + speech		
	-	content_classifier: 01	0b (Visually Impaired)	(narration for Audio Description)		
		language 1, en (Engli				
	Note the	t the content is the	t of the reference start	me and might be replaced by the text		
	Note tha	t the content is tha	t of the reference strea	ms and might be replaced by the tester.		
	Test pro	redure.				
			edure for each of the t	wo transport streams		
	1.		as indicated in the diag			
				lage and enable Audio Description		
		Play the transport		8		
				reselection (language 2, e.g. Swedish)		
		· ·	esponding content.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Addition	Additionally, for the second transport stream:				
	5 .			elections including language 2, e.g.		
				that manually selecting it also results		
		in the playback of	the second preselection	on (language 2, e.g. Swedish).		
		7. 7.				
		d result:	4h - AC 4 TOC in alarm	and a second and a second as A second as		
	The list of preselections in the AC-4 TOC is always accurate, whereas the Audio					
	Preselection Descriptor (APD) might occassionally miss some preselections or include others that are no longer available. In step #4, the IRD uses the information from the					
		AC-4 TOC for audio prioritisation based on user preferences. Particularly:				
	1. In the first transport stream, no Swedish preselection is signaled in the APD					
	However the IRD selects it, being the closest to the user preferences of Swed					
		with Audio Descr				
	2. In the second transport stream, even if a Swedish preselection with AD is					
				Hence the IRD selects the Swedish		
			out AD and not the Eng			
				l presentation selection due to a manual		
	selection	of a preselection	that is not found in the			
Test result(s)	 		Test	OK/NOK		
	Transp	ort Stream 1	APD missing	10.4		
			preselections from	1 AC-4		
		4.04	stream			
	Iransp	ort Stream 2	APD with extra	and cont		
	[]		preselections not preselections not preselections	present		
	Trongr	oort Stream 2	in AC-4 stream Manual selection	follo		
		ort Stream 2	back to preference			
Conformity	OK F	oult Major				
Comformity			Minor, define fail rea			
Comments	II possib	ie describe if fault	can be fixed with soft	ware update: YES NO		



	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign





2.8 Task 8: Teletext and subtitling

Recommended order of testing (a number of early tests/requirements (e.g. priority) depends upon that the IRD supports requirements in later tests (for example different subtitling formats)):

- First block:
- Task 8:1 Subtitling user preferences
- Task 8:8 EBU Teletext General (level 1.5)
- Task 8:9 EBU Teletext Additional requirements for Analogue video Interface
- Task 8:10 EBU Teletext decoding method (OSD)
- Task 8:11 EBU Teletext teletext pages
- Task 8:12 EBU Teletext teletext pages cache
- Task 8:13 EBU Teletext teletext subtitling
- Task 8:14 DVB Subtitling Subtitling and subset
- Task 8:15 TTML Subtitling
- Second block:
- Task 8:2 Subtitling Only display subtitling if match language in user preferences
- Task 8:3 Subtitling Temporary changes to subtitling settings
- Task 8:4 Subtitling Subtitling mode (Normal and Hard of hearing subtitling)
- Task 8:5 Subtitling Subtitling priority (DVB/EBU/TTML)
- Task 8:6 Teletext Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext
- Task 8:7 Subtitling Simultaneous Subtitling and HbbTV

General pre-conditions for all Teletext and subtitling tests, ensure the NorDig IRD user preference settings at start up:

- Subtitling primary language: lang1 (for example 'Swedish')
- Subtitling secondary language: lang2
- translation dialogue/normal subtilting ON (i.e. same as factory default) and
- Hard-of-hearing subtitling OFF (i.e. same as factory default).



Test Case	Task 8:1 Subtitling - user preferences
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1 and 7.1.2
Requirement	7.1 Teletext and Subtitling General NorDig IRD shall support DVB Subtitling (ETSI EN 300 743 and EBU Teletext Subtitling (ETSI EN 300 706).
	NorDig HEVC IRDs shall also support TTML subtitling (ETSI EN 303 560), (TTML is optional for NorDig HEVC IRD released before 1 November 2019. TTML is primarily intended to be used for MPEG-H/HEVC based services).
	The user shall be able to enable and disable displaying of subtitles and to select primary and secondary subtitling language.
	The NorDig IRD shall be capable of decoding one subtitle-stream at a time; it is not expected that the IRD shall display more than one subtitle stream. In case of multiple subtitle types within the same elementary stream/PID, it is up to the broadcaster to ensure that all necessary subtitle types are included in the appropriate subtitle-streams in order to match their editorial intent (for example a hard-of-hearing stream could therefore include hard-of-hearing subtitles plus translation subtitles).
	The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall support Subtitling preferences and requirements also for broadband distributed content where applicable.
	7.1.2. Subtitling User preferences The NorDig IRD shall at least have user selection of subtitling preferences for 'translation dialogue' ('normal') and 'hard of hearing' subtitles. The NorDig HEVC IRD should also have user selection of subtitling preferences for 'non-translation dialogue' subtitles. NorDig HEVC IRDs not supporting subtitling preferences for 'non-translation dialogue' subtitles, should instead group incoming 'hard-of-hearing' and 'non-translation dialogue' subtitles into the 'hard-of-hearing' IRD setting (see table 7.3 in section 7.1.6 below). The IRD may also have user preference settings for 'content-related commentary' subtitling.
	The user preference settings for subtitling should be common for EBU Teletext subtitling and, DVB Subtitling, and TTML Subtiling (NorDig HEVC), see section 16 of NorDig Unified IRD specification for factory default settings of the subtitling. Note: Correct functionality for the Hard of Hearing/hearing impaired service, requires that the Content Providers delivers this service as a mix of translated subtitling and Hard of Hearing/hearing impaired subtitling.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs, all FE
Test procedure	7.1 (General) This is a general requirement which will be verified in the following test tasks in Task 8. 7.1.2 (User preference) This is tested with Task 17: User Preferences. For Teletext and Subtitling part the NorDig IRD shall at least have user preferences settings for: - Primary and secondary subtitling language settings, - Subtitling ('normal'/translation dialogue) - Subtitling hard-of-hearing (hearing impaired)



Test Case	Task 8:2 Subtitling - Only display subtitling if match language in user preferences
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1. <mark>23</mark>
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall only display subtitles, if a language of the received subtitle matches any of the NorDig IRD's user preference settings for language for subtitling. (This means that if none of the languages for the received subtitle(s) match any of the IRD's user preference settings language for subtitling, then the NorDig IRD shall not display any subtitles).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC, all IRD s, all FE

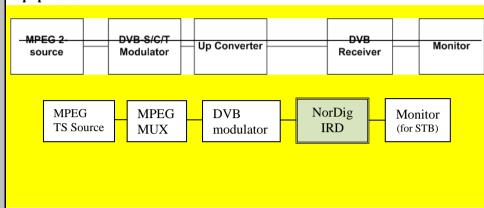




Purpose of test:

To verify that the IRD only display subtitles, if a language of the received subtitle matches any of the IRD's user preference settings for language for subtitling.

Equipment:



Test signal configuration:

A transport stream is used as a test signal. Within transport stream at least two a number of pairs of services are carried with subtitling components. For each pair of services one of the services shall match with the subtitling language (translation dialogue/normal) settings in IRD and the other service is not matching to any language settings. (Recommended that test services with matching subtitling language to the IRD setting also contain several subtilting languages, in order to combine test with Test Case Temporary changes to subtitling settings).

Service	Containing following subtitling formats
Service1	EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
/mode 1	
Service2	EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 3)
<mark>/mode 2</mark>	
Service3	DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1)
/mode 3	
Service4	DVB Subitling (normal, lang 2)
<mark>/mode 4</mark>	
Service5	DVB Subitling (normal, lang 3)
<mark>/mode 5</mark>	
Service6	TTML Subtitling (normal, lang 1) (HEVC IRD only)
<mark>/mode 6</mark>	
Service7	TTML Subtitling (normal, lang 3) (HEVC IRD only)
/mode 7	

Ensure the NorDig IRD user preference settings at start up:

- Subtitling primary language: lang1 (for example 'Swedish')
- Subtitling primary language: lang2 (for example 'English')
- translation dialogue/normal subtilting ON and
 - should have Hard-of-hearing subtitling OFF.

Test procedure:

- 1. Tune IRD to a service that includes subtitling service that matches the IRD language settings.
- 2. Verify that the correct subtitling is selected
- 3. Tune IRD to a service that includes subtitling service that DO NOT match the IRD language settings.



	4. Verify that the NO subtitling is selected			
	Expected results: The IRD do not display any subtiling if the user p match with the broadcasted subtilling languages.	reference's subtitli	ng languge do	not
Test result(s)	Measurement record for the NorDig IRD/HEVC	IRD:		
	Service Subtiting format	Excepted IRD behaviour	OK/NOK	
	Service with EBU Teletext subtitling with matchning language.	Display subtilting		
	Service with EBU Teletext subtitling with non -matchning language.	No display of subtitling		
	Service with DVB subtitling with matchning language.	Display subtilting		
	Service with DVB subtitling with matchning secondary language.	Display subtilting		
	Service with DVB subtitling with non -matchning language.	No display of subtitling		
	Service with TTML subtitling with matchning language (only for HEVC IRDs).	Display subtilting		
	Service with TTML subtitling with non -matchning language (only for HEVC IRDs).	No display of subtitling		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail rea			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with soft Describe more specific faults and/or other inform	. —	cs_no	
Date	Sig	n		

Test Case	Task 8:3 Subtitling - Temporary changes to subtitling settings	
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1. <mark>34</mark>	
Requirement	In case of the user has made temporary changes of the subtitling settings (i.e. without changing the NorDig IRD's user preference setting), then this change shall (at least) remain until the user change service. (Clarification, this means the IRD shall not change back temporary subtitling setting based on EIT events for the service).	
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs, all FE	



Test procedure	Purpose of to To verify tha Equipment:		temporary chagii	ng of the subtitling se	ttings.	
	MPEG 2-source	DVB-S/C/T Modulator	Up Converter	DVB Receiver	Monitor	
		onfiguration:	DVB modulator	NorDig IRD	Monitor (for STB)	
	are carried w services shall not matching	ith several subtitlin match with the sul to any language se	g components in btitling language	n transport stream at le several languages.At settings in IRD and the	least in one of the	
	 Test procedure: Tune IRD to a service that includes subtitling service that matches the IRD language settings. Verify that the correct subtitling is selected Change the temporary subtitling setting to anoter language Verify that subtitling language is selected according the temporary settings. Wait until EIT events for the service has changed, verify that the IRD still shows subtitles. Tune IRD to a service that includes subtitling service that DO NOT match the IRD language settings. (*) Verify that the NO subtitling is selected Tune IRD to a service that includes subtitling service that matches the IRD language settings. (*) Verify that the correct subtitling is selected Switch the IRD off/on, verify that subtitle settings are the permanent settings (that temporary settings are lost). 					
	again Expected res			service, temporary so	ettings must be set	
Test result(s)			1. C C. '1			
Conformity Comments			oe fixed with soft d/or other inform		S□NO	
Date			Sig	gn en		



Test Case	Task 8:4 Subtitling – Subtitling mode (Normal and Hard of hearing subtitling)		
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.45		
Requirement	In case of 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitling mode is selected, then the NorDig IRD shall (1) only display 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitles (signalised in subtitling descriptor and/or teletext descriptor). In this 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitling mode the NorDig IRD shall not display any (hard or hearing) subtitling if the subtitling stream only includes 'hard of hearing'/'hearing impaired' pages. In case of 'hard of hearing' subtitling mode is selected and if no 'hard of hearing'/'hearing impaired' pages are received (signalised in subtitling descriptor and/or teletext descriptor), then the NorDig IRD shall as a default use 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitling pages from the same selected language.		
	IRD subtitling mode Subtitles		
	to display for		
	TTML Subtitling alternatives normal HoH Translation dialogue subtitles x x		
	Non-translation dialogue subtitles x		
	Hard-of-hearing (HoH) subtitles x		
	Audio Description (AD) subtitles -		
	Content-related commentary subtitles -		
IDD D. C.	Table Behaviour for NorDig HEVC IRDs that in user preferences only have two subtitling modes (normal and Hard-of-hearing, HoH).		
IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC, all IRDs, all FE		
capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD can handle signalisation and decoding of "hard of hearing" subtitling when they are broadcasted or not. To check that composition pages 'translation dialogue' ("normal") are chosen by default instead of "hard of hearing". Support for ancillary pages is not tested. Equipment:		
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Up Converter DVB Source Modulator Up Converter Receiver		
	MPEG TS Source MUX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)		
	A transport stream containing a test services with DVB and EBU Teletext composition subtitling and "hard of hearing" components.		
	Subtitling composition pages can be divided into two contents: 'translation dialogue' ("normal") or "hard of hearing". Composition pages shall be enabled in mode 'translation dialogue' ("normal") by default. Subtitling ancillary pages can be broadcasted for more or less like a "raw data". Ancillary pages shall be enabled by default.		



Service	Containing following subtitling formats
Service1	EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1 + HoH lang 1)
/mode 1	
Service2	EBU Teletext subtitling (normal language 1)
/mode 2	
Service3	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1 + HoH lang 1)
/mode 3	2. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1 + HoH lang 1)
Service4	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal lang 1)
<mark>/mode 4</mark>	2. DVB Subitling (normal lang 1)
Service5	1. DVB Subtilting (normal lang1 + HoH lang 1)
/mode 5	2. TTML Subtitling (normal lang 1 + HoH lang 1)
HEVC IRDs	
Service6	1. DVB Subtilting (normal lang1)
<mark>/mode 6</mark>	2. TTML Subtitling (normal lang 1)
Service7	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (HoH lang 1)
/mode 7	2. DVB Subitling (HoH lang 1)

Note: Service 1-7 can either be via test stream contains all services or via that one test service is re-configured (e.g. via dropping/adding subtitling PIDs in the MPEG Mux) between the tests. In this case of only one test service, then test procedure instead of zapping to next test service, shall be via first zap IRD to background service, then change test service with the MPEG Mux and last zap IRD back to test service.

Ensure the NorDig IRD user preference settings at start up:

- Subtitling primary language: lang1 (for example 'Swedish')
- Subtitling primary language: lang2
- translation dialogue/normal subtilting ON and
 - Hard-of-hearing subtitling ON.

Test procedure:

- 1. Verify the "hard of hearing" subtitles are enabled in IRD settings
- Start to broadcast the "hard of hearing" subtitles according to correst PSI/SI signalization.
- 3. Verify receiver is able to handle and decode the "hard of hearing" composition pages.
- 4. Stop the "hard of hearing" subtitling pages broadcasting.
- 5. Start the 'translation dialogue' ("normal") subtitling pages broadcast.
- 6. Verify that the receiver automatically starts to decode 'translation dialogue' ("normal") subtitling pages.

Expected result:

Hard of hearing content of the DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is handled, displayed and decoded correctly.

The automatic change from 'translation dialogue' ("normal") to "hard of hearing" subtitling pages and vice versa is not requirement in NorDig Unified. However, for convenient use of the subtitling composition pages content, a receiver manufacture may choose to have this support due to that all program content is not "hard of hearing" subtitled.

Test result(s)

Measurement record for the NorDig IRD/HEVC IRD:



		IRD setting				
	Service Subtiting	Subt	HoH subt	Excepted II behaviou		
	Service 1 EBU	ON	ON	Display HoH lang1	subt	
	Normal + HoH. Service 2 EBU only normal.	ON	ON	Display nort		
	Service 3 EBU + DVB. Normal + HoH	ON	ON	Display HoH lang1	subt	
	Service 4 EBU + DVB. Only normal	ON	ON	Display nori		
	Service 5 DVB + TTML. Normal + HoH	ON	ON	Display HoH lang1	subt	
	Service 6 DVB + TTML. Only Normal	ON	ON	Display norr		
	Service 7 EBU + DVB. Only HoH	ON	ON	Display HoH lang1	subt	
	Service 1 EBU Normal + HoH.	ON	OFF	Display nort subt lang	· ·	
	Service 3 EBU + DVB. Normal + HoH	ON	OFF	Display nori subt lang		
	Service 5 DVB + TTML. Normal + HoH	ON	OFF	Display nori subt lang		
	Service 3 EBU + DVB. HoH	ON	OFF	Display nort subt lang		
	Service 7 EBU + DVB. Only HoH	ON	OFF	No subt		
			•		•	
nformity	OK Fault Major	_		il reason in con		
omments	If possible describe if fat Describe more specific fa				te: YES	NO
				l a		
ate				Sign		

Test Case	Task 8:5 Subtitling – DVB Subtitling and sSubtitling priority (TTML/DVB/EBU)
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1.5 and 7.3



		n one subtitle stream with nly display a single subti				
		Subtitle stream		Subtitle priority (1=highest)		
		EBU Teletext subtitlin	<mark>.g</mark>	3		
		DVB Subtitles		2		
		TTML Subtitles (1)		1		
		Note 1: Only mandator	ry for Nordig HE	VC IRD		
	Table 2.3 St	ubtitle priority				
	subtitle serv 300-743-[20	; IRD shall be capable of vices asspecified in section volumes, and displayed using the eo and audio) to which in	on 7.3.2 and trans eOSD capabilitie	<mark>mitted in conforman</mark>	ce with ETS	
		The NorDig IRD shall be able to display both 'normal' and 'hard of hearing' subtitles, according to userpreference settings.				
	subtitling st Support for subtitle anci pages enabl	3 Subtitling it is possible reamsinside one DVB su ancillary pages isoptional illary pages, if available, ed as default option. The for the enabling of subti-	ubtitling PID, this al for NorDig IRE should beuser co a selection of subt	is referred to as 'and D. The enabling or dintrolled, with subtitlitle ancillarypages sl	cillary pages sabling of the cancillary	
	The precisi	on of the presentation (o <mark>f the subtitles sl</mark>	nall be within 2 fran	nes.	
RD Profile(s) ariants and	Basic, IRD,	FE HEVC, all IRD s, al	<mark>l FE</mark>			
capability Test procedure	To verify the above (i.e. 7)	test: at priority among DVB s TTML highest prio (if T) xt subtitling. and that it l	ΓML is supported), then DVB Subtitli	tng and last	
	Equipment	•				
	MPEG 2- source	DVB-S/C/T Modulator	Jp Gonverter	DVB Receiver	Monitor	



A transport stream containing a test service s according to table below with teletext subtitling and DVB subtitling components. All subtitling streams/PIDs shall have (at least) one 'translation dialogue' ('normal') subtitle language that matches the IRD's primary subtilting language setting (ie same language code shall be available in the descriptors for all subtilting streams/PIDs). The actual content inside the different subtilting streams/PIDs is recommended be different in order to easy detect which stream the IRD is displaying (e.g. different positioning or different colour or different subtitle content).

Ensure the NorDig IRD user preference settings at start up:

- 1. Subtitling primary language: lang1 (for example 'Swedish')
- 2. Subtitling primary language: lang2 (for example 'English')
- 3. translation dialogue/normal subtilting ON and
- 4. should have Hard-of-hearing subtitling OFF.

Service	Containing following subtitling formats and the order in
	PMT
Service1 /mode 1	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
Service2 /mode 2	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
	2. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1)
Service3 /mode 3	1. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1)
reversed PID order	2. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
Service4 /mode 4	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 1)
(HEVC IRDs)	2. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 1)
	3. TTML Subtitling (normal, lang 1)
Service5 /mode 5	1. EBU Teletext subtitling (normal, lang 2)
	2. DVB Subitling (normal, lang 2)
	3. TTML Subtitling (normal, lang 2) (HEVC IRD
	<mark>only)</mark>
Background service	1. no subtitling

Note: Service 1-5 can either be via test stream contains all services or via that one test service is re-configured (e.g. via dropping/adding subtitling PIDs in the MPEG Mux) between the tests. In this case of only one test service, then test procedure instead of zapping to next test service, shall be via first zap IRD to background service, then change test service with the MPEG Mux and last zap IRD back to test service.

Test procedure:

- 1. Drop the DVB subtitling component in the mux. Only Teletext subtitling is broadcasted. Start by scan to/select the background service containing no subtitling component (no subtilting displayed).
- 2. Zap through the five services (service modes).
- 3. Zap from, then to, the tTest service to make sure that the IRD has updated the PMT.
- 4. For each service/mode Verify that the IRD display correct/expected subtitling according to table below Teletext subtitling is displayed. Fill in the test protocol.
- Add the DVB Subtitling component in the mux. Both DVB and Teletext is nowpresent.
- Verify that the DVB subtitling is the only component that the IRD displays. Fill in the test protocol.



	 Verify that the DVB subtite and HD services for a long protocol. Enter the language set up a primary subtitling language. Verify that the secondary levideo. Access the menu system for the "normal" DVB functionality. (In case of the teletext subtitles should be and the teletext subtitles should be and the teletext subtitles should be and the services for a long protocol. 	er period and select e, but as DVB lan or subtitling subtitling	Lof time, eg. 45 minutes t a subtitling language to secondary subtitling language is displayed, and ing preferences. g can be enabled and dis	s Fill in the test hat is not available a nguage. in sync with the sabled. Verify the
	Expected result: All test results are OK.			
Test result(s)	Test protocol			
	Service		Excepted IRD behaviour	OK/ NOK
	Service1, EBU (normal lang1)		Display EBU subt lang1	
	Service2, EBU+DVB (normal la	ng1)	Display DVB subt lang1	
	Service3 DVB+EBU (normal lar	ng1),	Display DVB subt lang1	
	Service4 EBU+DVB+TTML (no lang1) (HEVC IRDs)	ormal	Non-HEVC IRD: DVB subt lang1 HEVC IRD: TTML subt lang1	
	Service5 EBU+DVB+TTTML (lang2)	normal	Non-HEVC IRD: DVB subt lang2 HEVC IRD: TTML subt language 2	
	Test point 3 Expected result Teletext subtitling is displayed.		OK 0	or NOK
	Test point 6-7 Information about the used DVB Subtitling transportstream (ref, subtitle generator info etc)	Expecte	d result	OK or NOK
	(res, subtitie generator into etc)	that is di	otititing is the only compon splayed. btitling is in sync with the d audio	ent -
	Test point 9			



	DVB subtitling is enabled as default	
Conformity	□ OK Fault □ Major □ Minor, define fail reason in cor	nments
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update Describe more specific faults and/or other information	te: YES NO
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 8:6 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext				
1 est Cuse	Task 6.0 Teletext - Simulaneous Ebo Teletext and Tibbi V Digital Teletext				
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1. <mark>67</mark>				
Requirement	For services that have both an EBU Teletext service and an HbbTV Digital Teletext application signalled and available, the NorDig HbbTV IRD Hybrid shall (1) be able to start and display the HbbTV Digital Teletext application as well as being able to start and display the EBU Teletext service (one at a time). The NorDig HbbTV Hybrid shall (1) start teletext and be able to toggle between any HbbTV Digital Teletext and any EBU Teletext service as described in clause 5.3.4 ("Starting digital teletext applications") of HbbTV specification ETSI TS 102 796				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HbbTV IRDs				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to start EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (one the time). Equipment:				
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Up Convertor DVB Meniter Source Modulator Receiver				
	MPEG TS Source MVX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)				
	A transport stream containing a test services with EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Telext application.				
	Test procedure: 1. Tune to a serve that contains both EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application.				



	2. Verify that the user can toggle between EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application by pressing the "text" button in the RCU.				•	
	Expected result:					
	User can toggle between EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext application.					
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Mino	or, define fail re	ason in con	nments	
Comments		ribe if fault can b specific faults and			te: YES	□NO
Date			Siz	gn		
Test Case	Task 8:7 Sub applications	titling - <mark>Simult</mark>	taneous Subti	itling and	coexisten	it with HbbTV
Section	NorDig Unified	l 7.1. <mark>78</mark>				
Requirement	A NorDig Hbb	<mark>ΓV IRD Hybrid s</mark>	hall support sim	ultaneous	display of H	lbbTV
		subtitles (DVB s t least for MPEG				both for
	The NorDig Hb	bTV IRD Hybrid	shall display th	e HhhTV s	nnlication (over the subtitles
		clause 10.1 <mark>.1</mark> ("D				
						r than full screen
	video, the subti	tles shall either be	e rescaled/repos	itioned app	ropriately o	r not displayed at
	all.					
IRD Profile(s)	Hybrid, IRD, F	<mark>E</mark> HbbTV IRD s,				
variants and capability						
Test procedure	Purpose of test To verify that I	:: OVB and EBU tel	etext subtitling	can coexist	s with Hbb]	ΓV applications.
	Equipment:					
	MPEG 2-	DVB-S/C/T			DVB	
	source	Modulator	Up Converter		Receiver	Monitor
	MPEG	MPEG	DVB	No	orDig	Monitor
	TS Sour		modulator		RD E	(for STB)
			3333 333333			
		am containing a t				
	subtitling comp same channel.	onent and at least	t one signaled se	ervice boun	d HbbTV a	pplication at the
	Test procedure	2:				
		IRD to the autos	tart mode for the	e HbbTV se	ervices and	eansure that
		es are enabled				
	2. search	channels				



	3. zap to a channel that contains the HbbTV service and subtitles4. verify that when the HbbTV application is not using the same graphics plane or area of the plane as the subtitles, the subtitles are visible
	Expected result: The subtitles are visible with a HbbTV application, when they are not sharing the same area of the graphics plane.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 8:8 <mark>EBU</mark> Teletext - EBU Teletext General (level 1.5)
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2
Requirement	Level 1.5 teletext and teletext subtitling is displayed.
	During normal operation, the NorDig IRD shall be able to demultiplex in parallel the EBU Teletext service transmitted in a packetised format according ETSI EN 300 472.
	(Test task 8:10) The NorDig IRD shall include a teletext decoder to be able to display EBU Teletext using the OSD.
	(Test task 8:13) The NorDig IRD shall be able to display EBU Teletext subtitling, both 'translation dialogue' ('normal') Teletext subtitling pages of type 0x02 and Teletext subtitling pages for hearing impaired people of type 0x05, meeting the requirements for level 1.5 in ETSI EN 300 706, "Enhanced Teletext Specification". (Test task 8:11) The
	Nordic characters defined in the Latin G2 supplementary set shall be supported. (Test task 8:12) The NorDig IRD with OSD presentation shall be able to cache at least 200 decoded EBU Teletext pages in order to improve the access time for frequently used pages.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE- all IRD s, all FE



Test procedure		Curpose of test: On check that enhanced teletext (Level 1.5) is decoded and displayed. Equipment:						
	MPEC 2 source	DVB S/C/T Modulator	Up Converter	DVB Receiver	Monitor			
	MPEG TS Sou		DVB modulator	NorDig IRD	Monitor (for STB)			
	Test signal configuration: A transport stream is used as a test signal. Within transport stream at least one service carried with teletext component. Teletext pages and teletext subtitles shall be ITU-R System B Teletext level 1.5 compatible. Test procedure: The IRD is tuned to a service that includes ITU-R System B Teletext (Level 1.5). The teletext service is selected.							
Test result(s) Conformity	OK Fault	☐ Major ☐ Mino	or, define fail rea	son in comments				
Comments	If possible des	cribe if fault can be specific faults and	e fixed with soft	ware update: YES[□NO			
Date			Sig	n				

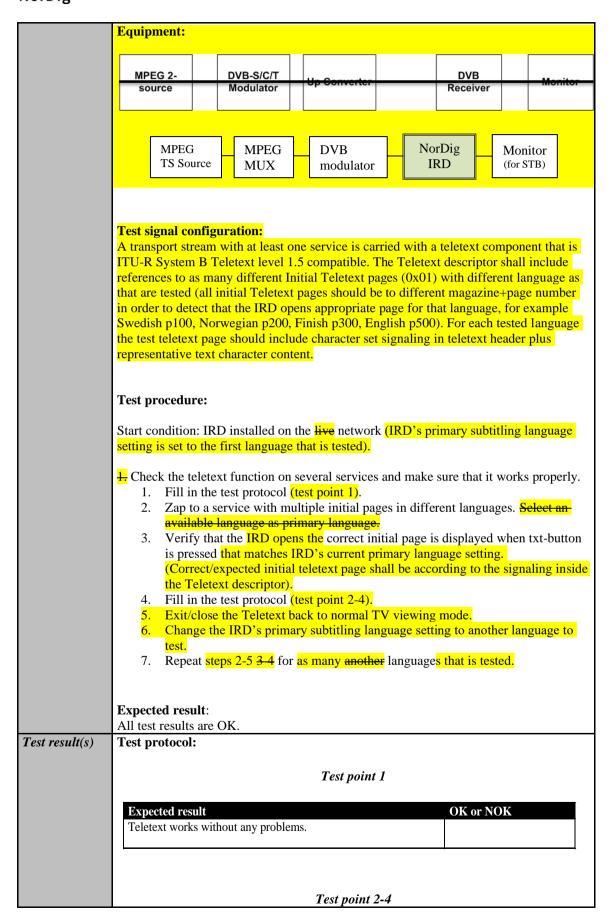
Test Case	Task 8:9 EBU Teletext - Additional requirements for Analogue video Interface decoding method(VBI)
C	N. D. H. C. 1722
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD (equipped with an analogue CVBS video output) shall for the analogue outputs also support insertion of the teletext data in the VBI of theanalogue CVBS video output. In this case the teletext decoder of the TV-set might be used instead of theone in the STB. The VBI insertion shall be compliant with ETSI/ITU-R BT.653-3
	[64]. The Teletext data shall be inserted in the lines 6 to 22 and lines 320 to 335
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE IRDs equipped with an analogue CVBS video output (optional) all IRDs
variants and	with optional analogue CVBS video output
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that ITU-R System B Teletext data is inserted in the VBI of the analogue CVBS video output and/or it is decoded and displayed in the OSD.

	Equip	ment:										
		EG 2- urce		DVB-S/C/T Up Conver		Up Converter				DVB Med		eniter
					L							
		MPEG TS Source		MPEG MUX	_	DVB modulator		Nor IR			Monitor (for STB)	
Test result(s)	In case decode In case decode Expec	Verify t 320-335 e of a STB e the Telete e of an iDT e the Telete ted result:	D is that to an ext seext seex	eletext data xternal TV ervice. n separate T ervice from	is mo	service that in inserted onto onitor with en monitor with e analog vide ines within the	VBI nbedo embe o out	lines w led tele edded t put.	vithin the	he ra	er is used	and to
	VBI				_	ported for tele ported for tele				IOK	or OK	
Conformity Comments	If poss		be if	fault can b	e f	define fail realixed with soft r other inform	ware	update		ES[□NO	
Date						Sig	ζn					

Test Case	Task 8:10 Teletext decoding method(OSD)
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2.1
Requirement	During normal operation, the NorDig IRD shall be able to demultiplex in parallel the Teletext servicetransmitted in a packetised format according EN 300 472 [17]. The NorDig IRD shall include a teletext decoder to be able to display EBU Teletext using the OSD (On Screen Display).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRD s, all FEs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that EN 300 472 [17] data is is decoded and displayed in the OSD. Equipment:

	MPEG 2- source	DVB-S/C/T Modulator	Up Converter		DVB Receiver	Meniter
				L		
	MPEG TS Source	MPEG MUX	DVB modulator	Nor IR	Dig RD	Monitor (for STB)
	 Test procedure: The IRD is tuned to a TV service that includes ITU-R System B Teletext. Verify that OSD decoding method of decoded Teletext pages is supported, verify the teletext is correctly decoded on the OSD. 					
	Expected results: Receiver supports the teletext decoding in the OSD.					
Test result(s)	Test protocol					
	Requirement				NOK	or OK
		supported for tel	etext pages		NOK	. 01 UK
		supported for tel				
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Mino	r, define fail rea	ason in com	ments	
Comments	If possible descri				e: YES	NO
	Describe more sp	ecific faults and	or other inform	nation		
Date			Sig	gn	-	

Test Case	Task 8:11 EBU Teletext – teletext pages
Section	NorDig Unified 7.2.1
Requirement	The Nordic characters defined in the Latin G2 supplementary set shall be supported.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, FE all IRDs, all FE
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the functionality of the teletext decoder concerning teletext pages.





	l						
	Primary languag				or NOK		
	swe	The initial tele	etext page is display	ed in swedish			
	The initial teletext page is displayed in the						
	selected language						
			etext page is display	yed in the			
		selected langu	lage				
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Mino	r dofino foil roos	on in comments			
Comments	OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: ☐ YES ☐ NO						
Comments			or other informa				
	Describe more b	sectific radius and	or other informa	Mon			
Date			Sign	ļ.			
Test Case	Task 8:12 EBU	J Teletext – tel	etext pages - c	ache			
			. •				
Section	NorDig Unified	7.2.1					
Requirement							
				ble to cache at least			
	Teletext pages in	order to improv	e the access time	for frequently used	pages.		
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE	ıll IRD s, all FE					
variants and							
capability	D 0						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				1		
	10 test the funct	ionality of the tel	etext decoder cor	ncerning teletext pag	e cacne.		
	Equipment:						
	Equipment						
	MPEG 2-	DVB-S/C/T	Up Converter	DVB	Monitor		
	source	Modulator		Receiver			
	MPEG	MPEG	DVB	NorDig	Monitor		
	TS Source		modulator	IRD	(for STB)		
			modulator				
	TS contains a se	rvice with at leas	t 200 EBU teletex	xt pages.			
		vice with at loas	t 200 EBC teleter	n pages.			
	Test procedure:	:					
	 Check t 	he teletext functi	on on several ser	vices and estimate th	nat teletext cache		
	is at lea	st 200 pages.					



	Expected result: All test results are OK.					
Test result(s)	A THE COURT TO COMMING THE COM					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					
m . 3						
Test Case	Task 8:13 Subtitling – EBU Tŧeletext subtitling					
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1, 7,2					
Requirement	DVB Subtitling and Teletext Subtitling are mandatory in the NorDig IRDs. The user shall be able to enable and disable displaying of subtitles and to select primary and secondary subtitling language. The Nordic characters defined in the Latin G2 supplementary set shall be supported.					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRD s, all FE					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the functionality of the teletext decoder concerning subtitling. Equipment:					
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Up Converter DVB Meniter					
	MPEG TS Source MUX DVB NorDig Monitor (for STB)					
	Test signal configuration: A transport stream with at least one SD and one HD service is carried with teletext with teletext subtilting pages and content. The Teletext descriptor shall include references to as many different teletext subtilting pages (0x01) with different language as that are tested (all subtilting pages should be to different magazine+page number in order to detect that the IRD opens appropriate page for that language, for example Swedish p199 Norwegian p299, Finish p399, English p599). For each tested language the test teletext subtilling page should include character set signaling in teletext header plus representative text character content. Test procedure: Start condition: IRD installed on the network					



	1.	Enter the menu and check that it's possible to select primary and secondary
		subtitling language. Fill in the test protocol.
	1.	Zap to a service with multiple subtitle languages. Select in the IRD's settings an
		available language as primary language and check that the subtitling is
		displayed.
	2.	Verify that the IRD selects and displays the correct subtiling page/langauge that
		matches the IRD's current primary subtitling language setting.
		(Correct/expected subtitling page shall be according to the signaling inside the
		Teletext descriptor). Verify that the IRD subtitling position and use correct
		colour according to test service and requirements. Verify that the subtitle text is
		in sync with the video for both SD and HD services for a longer medium long
		period of time, eg. 45 minutes.
	3	Verify that the nordic characters are displayed correctly.
		Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 1-3).
		Enter the IRD settings for language set up and select a primary subtitling
	<u>J.</u>	language that is not available in test services and select secondary subtitling
		language that is not available in the test services. as primary language, but as
		secondary language.
	6.	
	0.	page/langauge that matches the IRD's current secondary subtitling language
		setting text is displayed, and in sync with the video.
	7	Verify that the nordic characters are displayed correctly.
		Fill in the results in the protocol.
	0.	1 in the results in the protocol.
		1-4 6-9 for the other subtitling languages and fill in the protocol.
	<mark>9.</mark>	Long time stability test several hours for one service and one IRD setting.
		Set/ensure IRD primary subtitling language to match one language of the test
		service. Let the IRD runs for several hours (preferable more than 5hours), verify
		that the IRD still decodes and displays subtitling as expected and that subtitles
		still is in sync with video.
	10.	Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 10).
		ed result:
	All test	results are OK.
Test result(s)	Test pr	otocol:
	Test po	int 1
	- Expe	cted result OK or NOK
		ossible to select primary and secondary language.
	Test po	int 2-1 <mark>10</mark>
	Test po	int 2-1 <mark>10</mark>
	Test po	int 2-1 <mark>10</mark>
	Test po	int 2-1 <mark>10</mark>



	step 2 lang1 3 lang1	Primary subtitling language Set to valid language	Secondary subtitling language Set to non valid	Subtitling displayed in sync with video	OK or NOK
	6 second 7 second	Set to non valid language	Set to valid language	Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly Subtitling displayed in sync with video Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly	
	2 lang2 3 lang2	Set to valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly	
	2 lang3 3 lang3	Set to non valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly	
	2 lang4 3 lang4 9 long	Set to valid language Set to valid		Subtitling displayed in sync with video Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	time 9 long time	language		Language (e.g. Nordic) characters displayed correctly	
Conformity	OK Fa	nult 🗌 Maj	or Minor	, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possibl	e describe if	fault can be	fixed with software update: YES or other information	NO
Date				Sign	

Test Case	Task 8:14 DVB Subtitling and — DVB Subtitling subset
Section	NorDig Unified 7.3.2
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall be capable of decoding, as a minimum, a subset of the DVB subtitle services as specified in section 7.3.2 and transmitted in conformance with ETSI EN 300 743, and displayed using the OSD capabilities whilst decoding the full television service (video and audio) to which it is associated. The NorDig IRD shall be able to display both 'normal' ('translation dialogue') and 'hard-of-hearing' subtitles, according to user preference settings. Within DVB Subtitling it is possible to transmit common pages for all languages and subtitling streams inside one DVB subtitling PID, this is referred to as 'ancillary pages'. Support for ancillary pages is optional for NorDig IRD. The enabling or disabling of the subtitle ancillary pages, if available, should be user controlled, with subtitle ancillary pages enabled as default option. The selection of subtitle ancillary pages shall be independent of the enabling of subtitle composition pages. The precision of the presentation of the subtitles shall be within 2 frames.



The NorDig IRD **shall** at least be capable of decoding the following DVB subtitling services:

DDS:

The Display Definition Segment for a subtitle service shall be supported for services that implement DDS, as defined in EN 300 743 [13]. Absence of a DDS implies that the display segment width shall be assumed as 720 pixels and the height as 576 lines.

The NorDig IRD shall at least be capable of decoding the following DVB subtitling services:

Object types:

The handling of the object type (0x00) 'basic object, bitmap' shall be supported. The handling of the other object types (i.e. 0x01), 'basic object, character' and (0x02) 'composite object, string of characters') is optional.

Regions:

The number of regions shall be according to the ETSI 300 743 [22] specification, however a limitation in the display area due to memory restrictions is allowed. The total number of regions to handle shall be able to cover four complete subtitle rows (per frame) where one subtitle row shall be extendable to 1906 pixels * 60 pixels. The regions shall have the possibility to cover 457440 pixels per frame.

Number of objects:

The number of objects shall be at least 128.

CLUT:

The NorDig IRD receiver shall be able to handle at least one colour look-up table (CLUT) with a minimum of 16 entries per region and the possibility to have one colour scheme applied in each of the regions.

It shall be possible to choose any 24-bit RGB colour into the 16 entries. The decoder shall be able to handle the mapping to the closest colour match if the decoder has some limitation in the colour presentation.

The use of the non_modifying_colour flag is optional.

Transparency:

The NorDig IRD receiver shall implement at least 5 levels of transparency; 0% (opaque), 30%, 50%, 70% and 100% (completely transparent). Implementation of additional intermediate levels of transparency is optional.

Where the NorDig IRD cannot complement a particular value of semitransparency it shall replace it with the nearest value of transparency it can implement.

However, if the encoded value of transparency is in the range 10%-90% it shall not be approximated as either 0% or 100% transparency.

So, 9% may be approximated as 0% but 10% shall be represented with a value in the range 10% to 90%%, such as 30%. Similarly, 91% may be approximated as 100%.

Number of streams:

NorDig IRD shall support at least one DVB-subtitling streams i.e. at least support decoding of one subtitling composition page while support of one simultaneously available ancillary page is optional.

IRD Profile(s) variants and capabilit

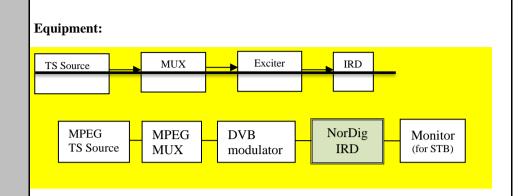
Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs, all FE

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To check that the different DVB Subtitling services are functional.





Test signal configuration:

A transport stream with at least one SD and one HD service with DVB Subtitling is carried. DVB's Subtitling descriptor shall include references to as many different normal subtitle pages (ie translation dialogue) with different languages as that are tested (all subtitling pages should be to different subtitle streams inside the Subtitle PID, this in order to detect that the IRD opens appropriate page for that language, for example Swedish p1, Norwegian p2, Finish p3, English p5).

The DVB Subtitling stream(s) shall be according with NorDig defined subset and should be made to test subset (only bitmap mode, DDS, object types, regions, CLUT, transparency) and should be made easy to verify syncronisation between subtitling and video (for example video containing burn-in time code and subtitles content informing when relative video time code subtiles to be displayed and when they shall be removed). For one HD service the subtilting should be made with SD resolution with DDS, to test IRD scaling up and position SD subtilting to HD video raster out). For another HD service (or test setup) the subtilting should be made with HD resolution, to test IRD handle HD subtitling to HD video raster out).

Test procedure:

Start condition: IRD installed on the network

Subtitle language tests

- 1. Zap to a service with multiple subtitle languages. Select in the IRD's settings an available language as primary language and check that the subtitling is displayed.
- 2. Verify that the IRD selects and displays the correct subtiling page/langauge that matches the IRD's current primary subtitling language setting. (Correct/expected subtitling page shall be according to the signaling inside the Subtitling descriptor). Verify that the subtitle is in sync with the video for both SD and HD services for a medium long period of time, eg. 45 minutes.
- 3. Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 1-3).
- 4. Enter the IRD settings for language set up and select a primary subtitling language that is not available in test services and select secondary subtitling language that is available in the test services.
- 5. Verify that the IRD now selects and displays the correct subtiling page/langauge that matches the IRD's current secondary subtitling language setting and in sync with the video.
- Fill in the results in the protocol.

Repeat 1-3 for the other subtitling languages (minimum two languages) and fill in the

7. DVB Subtitling subset: DDS, object types, regions, CLUT, transparency (can be combined with test step 3, enough to test for one lagnuage). Verify that positioning the subtitling reasonable correct at video output, upscaling of



Test result(s)	8. 1 9. 1 5. 10. 1	ransparency Fill in the res Long time sta Set/ensure IF service. Let t verify that th subtitles still at least one to Fill in the res I result:	sults in the prability test so RD primary she IRD runs e IRD still dis in sync with the prability in the pra	rotocol (test point 9). Everal hours for one service subtitling language to make for several hours (preferecodes and displays subtith video. (The long times TTML, DVB Subtilting rotocol (test point 10).	vice and one IRC atch one language trable more than titling as expected e stabaility test s	O setting. ge of the test 5hours), ed and that shall be made
	Step	Primary	Secondary	Expected result		OK or NOK
	Step	subtitling	subtitling	Expected result		OK OF NOK
	2 lang1	language Set to valid	language Set to non	Subtitling displayed in sy	nc with video	
	3 lang1	language	valid language	Subtitles displayed correct	ctly	
	6 second	Set to non	Set to valid	Subtitling displayed in sy	nc with video	
	7 second	- <mark>valid la language</mark>	<mark>language</mark>	Subtitles displayed correct	etly	
	2 lang2	Set to valid		Subtitling displayed in sy	nc with video	
	3 lang2	language		Subtitles displayed correct	etly	
	2 lang3	Set to non valid		Subtitling displayed in sy	nc with video	
	3 lang3	language		Subtitles displayed correct	ctly	
	2 lang4	Set to valid		Subtitling displayed in sy	nc with video	
	3 lang4	language		Subtitles displayed correct	etly	
	8 subset	Set to valid		Positioning is displayed c	orrectly	
	8 subset	language		HD scaling is displayed	correctly	
	8 subset			Colour(s) is displayed con	rrectly	
	8 subset			Transparancy displayed c	orrectly	
	10 long	Set to valid language		Subtitling displayed in sy	nc with video	
	10 long	ranguage		Subtitles displayed correct	<mark>ctly</mark>	
Conformity	OK Fa			, define fail reason in co		
Comments				fixed with software upd or other information	late: <u>YES</u> N	Ю
Date				Sign		



Test Case	Task 8:15 TTML Subtitling						
Section	NorDig Unified 7.4						
Requirement	The NorDig HEVC IRD (released after 1 November 2019) shall be capable of decoding, as a minimum, the DVB TTML subtitle service that are in conformance wit ETSI EN 303 560, and displayed using the OSD capabilities whilst decoding the full television service (video and audio) to which it is associated.						
	The NorDig HEVC IRD (released after 1 November 2019) shall support the full DVB TTML specification (ETSI EN 303 560) with following exceptions: - Audio Description (and text-to-speech of subtitles) is optional - content-related-commentary is optional - font download is optional						
	The precision of the presentation of the subtitles shall be within 2 frames.						
	For IRDs supporting TTML Audio Description subtitles and converting these to text-to-speech (optional), these NorDig HEVC IRDs shall be able to display one subtitle type (e.g. translation subtitle stream) at the same time as rendering text-to-speech subtitles (see DVB TTML specification ETSI EN 303 560.						
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	HEVC, all FE HEVC IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that the different TTML Subtitling services are functional.						
	Equipment:						
	MPEG TS Source MUX DVB Moritor (for STB)						
	Test signal configuration: A transport stream with at least one HEVC HD (1080p) and one UHD service with TTML Subtitling is carried. The TTML descriptor shall include references to as many different translation dialogue subtitle pages (ie subtitle_purpose 0x01 or/and 0x02) with different languages as that are tested. The TTML Subtitling stream(s) shall be according with NorDig defined subset and should be made to test subset and should be made easy to verify syncronisation between subtitling and video.						
	Start condition: IRD installed on the network Subtitle language tests 1. Zap to a service with multiple subtitle languages. Select in the IRD's settings an available language as primary language and check that the subtitling is						
	 displayed. Verify that the IRD selects and displays the correct subtiling page/langauge that matches the IRD's current primary subtitling language setting. (Correct/expected subtitling page shall be according to the signaling inside the TTML descriptor). Verify that the subtitle is in sync with the video for both HD and UHD services for a medium long period of time, eg. 45 minutes. Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 2-4). 						



	 Enter the IRD settings for language set up and select a primary subtitling language that is not available in test services and select secondary subtitl language that is available in the test services. Verify that the IRD now selects and displays the correct subtiling page/language that matches the IRD's current secondary subtitling language setting and in sync with the video. Fill in the results in the protocol. Repeat 1-3 for the other subtitling languages (minimum two languages) and fill in protocol. TTML Subtitling fulfilment: Verify that positioning the subtitling reason correct at video output, scaling of subtilting is handled, handling of color reasonable expected for transparency. Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 9). Long time stability test several hours for one service and one IRD setting Set/ensure IRD primary subtitling language to match one language of the service. Let the IRD runs for several hours (preferable more than 5hours) verify that the IRD still decodes and displays subtitling as expected and subtitles still is in sync with video. (The long time stabaility test shall be at least one time for either TTML, DVB Subtilting or EBU Teletext subt 10. Fill in the results in the protocol (test point 11). 				g language and fill in the greasonable of colours and setting. e of the test 5hours), ed and that hall be made
Test result(s)	Expected Subtitling Test poin	s is displayed	l as defined i	in requiments.	
	Step	Primary subtitling	Secondary	Expected result	OK or NOK
		language	subtitling language		
	2 lang1	Set to valid	Set to non valid language	Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	3 lang1	language		Subtitles displayed correctly	
	6 second	Set to non valid	Set to valid language	Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	7 second	language		Subtitles displayed correctly	
	2 lang2	Set to valid language		Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	3 lang2	Tanguage		Subtitles displayed correctly	
	2 lang3	Set to non		Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	3 lang3	valid language		Subtitles displayed correctly	
	2 lang4	Set to valid		Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	3 lang4	language		Subtitles displayed correctly	
	8 subset	Set to valid		Positioning is displayed correctly	
	8 subset	language		HD scaling is displayed correctly	
	8 subset			Colour(s) is displayed correctly	
	8 subset			Transparancy displayed correctly	
	10 long	Set to valid		Subtitling displayed in sync with video	
	10 long	language		Subtitles displayed correctly	
Conformity	OK Fa	ult 🗌 Maj	or Minor	, define fail reason in comments	



Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



2.9 Task 9: Interfaces and Signal Levels

Equipment:

Test Case	Task 9:1 Two-way Interface			
Section	NorDig Unified 8.3			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with the Hybrid profile HbbTV capability or an IP-based front-end shall support at least one of the following interaction channel interfaces: 1. Ethernet (IEEE 802.3 [4743] (100 Base-T, Auto-sense). 2. EuroDocsis in accordance with ETSI ITU-J.122 [6457] (ref IRDs with a cable front-end). 3. Wireless LAN, Ethernet 802.11 n (1) [4642] 4. Power line [HomePlug AV Specification, IEEE 1901.2010] 5. USB 2.0 or higher			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Hybrid, IRD, FE HbbTV IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify functionality of interaction channel interface. Equipment:			
	Manufacturer describes used test setup and test procedures.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			
Test Case	Task 9:2 SCART Interface (option)			
Section	NorDig Unified 8.4 <mark>.1</mark>			
Requirement	The NorDig STB shall (1) should have one SCART Interface in accordance with EN 50049-1 [74] and EN 50157-2-1 [96]. This requirement is became optional from 1st January 2014 forwards.			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE STB all FrontEnds			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify that the IRD SCART interface comply with the NorDig Unified requirements.			
	This test is mandatory if the IRD has SCART interface.			

Test signals are created using the test bed shown below:

	MPEG 2- source DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter Receiver
	VCR
	The multiplex should contain a number of services with 4:3 picture aspect ratio, and one service with 16:9 aspect ratio. All services in the multiplex are descrambled before recording. And one of them contains DVB or Teletext subtitles.
	If the IRD is iDTV, this test is not relevant.
	Test procedure: Verify that IRD has at least one analog video and audio interface with SCART connector.
	The SCART interface provides analog audio and analog video in CVBS or RGB format.
	Monitor voltage on pin 8 and pin 16 on SCART when services with 4:3 and 16:9 aspect ratio video is selected.
	Expected results: IRD has at least one analog video and audio output interface with SCART connector.
	The SCART interface provides analog audio and analog video in CVBS or RGB video format.
	Signalling in SCART is correct and shows corresponding display formats and subtitles are shown in all SCART connectors.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9:3 HDMI interface — HD Ready (High Definition Multimedia Interface)	
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.1]



Requirement	The NorDig (non-HEVC) iDTV shall include at least one HDMI 1.4b [36] or later version input while a NorDig HEVC iDTV shall include at least one HDMI 2.0b [95] or later version input. The NorDig iDTV with screen diameters 30 cm and above shall have a HDMI input interface in accordance with the DigitalEurope HD-Ready requirements [6] and the High Definition Multimedia Interface [40]. HDMI input interface is highly recommended for iDTV sets with smaller screen diameters. The HDMI output interface is recommended for iDTV sets. The NorDig STB shall have at least one HDMI output connector. STBs not using type A proved the requirement of the connector of the provide on edeptor to the part of the connector.
	connector should provide an adapter to type A. For the (non-HEVC) NorDig STB the HDMI shall be compliant with HDMI v1.4b or later [36] and for the NorDig HEVC STB be compliant with HDMI v2.0b [95] or later.
	The NorDig STBs shall have at least one High-Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI) with type A output connector [40], supporting displays that comply with the DigitalEurope HD-Ready requirements
	[6] and the High Definition Multimedia Interface [40].
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC, all IRDs
Test procedure	IRD Manufacture self-declaration, testlab verify that IRD fulfill requirements (e.g via cerfificate from manufacture). Verify that the IRD has the HD Ready certificate.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9:4 Video output format selection from HDMI interface E-EDID information
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.2
Requirement	The NorDig STB shall recognise E-EDID information provided by the HDMI receiver device (e.g. display) display and subsequently follow the below requirements. The NorDig Basic STB shall use 1920x1080p@50 Hz as the default output format, if
	supported by the display. The NorDig HEVC STB shall use 3840x2160p@50 Hz as the default output format, if supported by the display.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, STB, FE
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver IRD is able to use the E-EDID information. This test is relevant for STB only. For other IRDs having HDMI output interface this test is optional.

	Equipment:
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD HDMI analyzer
	Test procedure:
	Use following supported resolutions and frame rates in the HDMI analyzer for the E-EDID negotiation: • 1280x720p50 • 1920x1080i25 • 1920x1080p50 • 3840x2160p50 (only for HEVC STB)
	Use following supported audio formats in the HDMI analyzer for the EDID negotiation: ■ PCM ■ AC 3 ■ DTS ■ E-AC-3
	 Set test equipment Power On the IRD Verify that the IRD Basic STB can select all display parameters except for 3840x2160p50 according to the E-EDID information.
	4. Verify that the HEVC STB can select all display parameters according to the E-EDID information.
	4. Verify that the can select all audio parameters according the EDID information.
	Expected result: The IRD uses the EDID information for the video and audio parameters.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9:5 Audio output format selection from HDMI E-EDID information
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.3
Requirement	The HDMI Audio Output is specified in section 6.6 (Audio Output Format).
IRD variants and capability	STB
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver IRD is able to use E-EDID information to select the audio format for HDMI output, This test is relevant for STB only. For other IRDs having HDMI output, this test is optional.

	Equipment:
	TS Source MUX Exciter STB IRD HDMI analyzer
	A transport stream with AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with E-AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with HE-AAC multichannel audio. A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel audio (only for HEVC STB) A transport stream with AC-4 immersive audio (only for HEVC STB). Test procedure: Use following supported audio formats in the HDMI analyser for the E-EDID negotiation: Stereo PCM Multichannel PCM AC-3 DTS DTS
	 E-AC-3 MAT Set test equipment Power On the IRD Verify that the IRD selects the correct audio format is output via HDMI, according to section 6.6, Table 6.5 and associated notes, and the audio formats described in the audio data block within the E-EDID of the HDMI analyser. Expected result:
	For each audio input format, the IRD uses the E-EDID audio data block information to select the correct audio format for HDMI output.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	<u>Sign</u>
	· ·

Test Case	Task 9:6 Audio format selection from HDMI ARC CEC messages
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.3
Requirement	The HDMI Audio Output is specified in section 6.6 (Audio Output Formats). For IRDs integrated in IDTVs, an HDMI ARC (or eARC output) should be implemented.
IRD variants and capability	iDTV with option for HDMI ARC
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiverIRD is able to use CEC messages to select the audio format for HDMI ARC output. This test is relevant for iDTV only.

	Equipment:
	TS Source MUX Exciter iDTV IRD HDMI ARC analyzer
	A transport stream with AC-3 multichannel audio.
	A transport stream with E-AC-3 multichannel audio. A transport stream with HE-AAC multichannel audio.
	A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel audio (only for HEVC iDTV).
	A transport stream with AC-4 immersive audio (only for HEVC iDTV).
	Test procedure:
	Use following supported audio formats in the HDMI analyser for audio format selection
	using CEC messages.
	Stereo PCMAC-3
	• DTS
	• E-AC-3
	 Set test equipment Power On the IRD
	 Power On the IRD Verify that the IRD selects the correct audio format for output via HDMI,
	according to section 6.6, Table 6.5 and associated notes, and the audio formats
	described in CEC Short Audio Descriptor messages communicated from the
	HDMI analyser.
	Expected result:
	For each audio input format, the IRD uses the CEC Short Audio Descriptor messages to
	select the correct audio format for HDMI ARC output.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	<u>Sign</u>

Test Case	Task 9:7 Audio output format selection from HDMI eARC CDS information
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.3
Requirement	The HDMI Audio Output is specified in section 6.6 (Audio Output Formats). For IRDs integrated in IDTVs, an HDMI ARC (or eARC output) should be implemented.
<u>IRD</u>	iDTV with option for HDMI eARC
Profile(s)	
variants and	
<u>capability</u>	
Test	Observe that the HDMI eARC interface is optional in NorDig and running the NorDig tests
procedure	related to eARC is dependent on HDMI/CTA organization finalizing and releasing the
	appropriate eARC tests.
	Observe this test shall not be perfored before HDMI/CTA organisation has defined
	eARC tests.



	Purpose of test:	
	To verify that the receiver IRD is able to use HDMI eARC Capability Data Structure	
	(CDS) information to select the audio format for HDMI eARC output.	
	This test is relevant for iDTV only.	
	Equipment:	
	TS Source MUX Exciter iDTV HDMI eARC	
	IRD analyzer	
	A transport stream with AC-3 multichannel audio.	
	A transport stream with E-AC-3 multichannel audio.	
	A transport stream with HE-AAC multichannel audio.	
	A transport stream with AC-4 multichannel audio (only for HEVC iDTV).	
	A transport stream with AC-4 immersive audio (only for HEVC iDTV).	
	Test procedure:	
	Use following supported audio formats in the HDMI analyser for the CDS negotiation:	
	Stereo PCM	
	Multichannel PCM	
	• AC-3	
	• DTS	
	• E-AC-3	
	• MAT	
	1. Set test equipment	
	2. Power On the IRD	
	3. Verify that the IRD selects the correct audio format is output via HDMI,	
	according to section 6.6, Table 6.5 and associated notes, and the audio formats	
	described in the audio data block within the CDS of the HDMI analyser.	
	Expected result:	
	For each audio input format, the IRD uses the CDS audio data block information to select	
	the correct audio format for HDMI output.	
	•	
Test		
result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO	
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
	Describe more specific radius and/or other information	
Data	C:n.	
Date	<u>Sign</u>	

Test Case	Task 9: <mark>8</mark> HDMI interface – Original format
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.2
Requirement	The user shall be able to override the default output format Bby choosing an "Original Format" option, i.e. to output the same format as received, if supported by the display. If the received format is not supported, the STB shall select the display mode providing the best possible video quality, as indicated by the E-EDID information. This is to avoid the STB output to go black, if there is a mismatch between received format and display capability.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, STB, FE HEVC STB, STB all FrontEnds



variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver is able to use the EDID information. This test is relevant for STB only. For other IRDs having HDMI output interface this test is optional. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD HDMI analyzer Use following resolutions and frame rates in the test stream(s): 720x576i25 1280x720p50 1920x1080i25 1920x1080i25 1920x1080p50 3840x2160p50 (only for HEVC STB) Test procedure: Play a test stream Power On the IRD Tune to the service in test stream (3840x2160p50 only used for HEVC STB) Verify that video is displayed in original format if possible for the display. Expected result: The IRD shall negotiate the display parameters according the input signal.
Test result(s)	
Conformity Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \[\textstyre{\textstyr
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9:9 HDMI – Manual setting for resolution
Section	NorDig Unified8.6.2

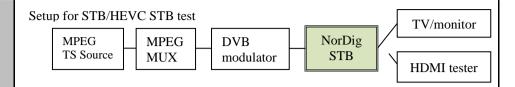


кедингетет	Format" option, i.e. to manually set, preferably with a dedicated knob on the remote control, the default output format from the NorDig STB to a fixed video format. The video format options shall include 1920x1080p@50Hz, 1280x720p@50Hz and 1920x1080i@25Hz.
	For the HEVC STB the video format options shall additionally include 3840x2160p@50Hz PQ10, 3840x2160p@50Hz HLG10 and 3840x2160p@50Hz WCG+SDR (i.e. ITU-R BT.2020 [90]).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC STB, STB all FrontEnds
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiver has manual setting video resolution in HDMI output.
	This test is relevant for STB only. For other IRDs having HDMI output interface this test is optional.
	Equipment:
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD HDMI analyzer
	Test procedure:
	 Set the manually the display format to 1280*720p50. Verify that the video format is set. Repeat the test with 1920*1080i25 and 1920*1080p50 formats For the HEVC STB repeat the test with 3840*2160p@50Hz PQ10, 3840*2160p@50Hz HLG10 and 3840*2160p@50Hz WCG+SDR formats. Fill in the test results.
	Expected result: It shall be possible to set video resolution manually in HDMI output.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



Test Case	Task 9:10 HDMI – Signal protection for STBs (HDMI output)
Section	NorDig Unified 8.6.4
Requirement	HDMI interfaces that can output content that is originated from a DVB input signal shall support the High bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) [39]. The NorDig IRD's HDMI interface (output or input) used to transport audio & video content shall support the High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) rev. 1.4 or higher. The NorDig HEVC IRD's HDMI interface (output or input) used to transport audio & video content shall support High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) rev. 2.2 or higher. NorDig HEVC STB shall only fall back to HDCP rev. 1.4 when connected to an HDMI sink that doesn't support HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher. The Broadcast received services may be flagged with a need for content protection or
	not (CP "ON" or "OFF") via either the PMT-table or the CA-system or or both similar, as specified by the relevant network/CA-operator. Signals that the IRD is entitled to receive shall be sent to the HDMI-sink (display) in
	accordance with the following conditions: A. In case the received service is flagged with no need for content protection, the signal may be sent to the sink with HDCP disabled (1). B. In case the received service is flagged with content protection required via the CA-system, the signal shall only be sent to the sink with the HDCP enabled, i.e. when the HDMI sink satisfies the HDCP requirements and HDCP protection is established on the HDMI-link.
	 The IRD should (2) provide an option for setting the preferred HDCP-state, ("HDCP-user setting"), that can be set between following modes: to either ON (where ON refers to 'always on') andor OFF and/or AUTO mode, (where OFF refers to 'always off' and AUTO refers to 'automatic; on when required and off when not required'). The HDCP-user setting shall apply to all services receivable by the IRD. Changes to this setting shall survive channel change, standby and power on/off.
	Note 1: Disabling of HDCP is optional Note 2: This option – when available- shall be available via the IRD's menu system, unless otherwise specified by the relevant network/CA-operator.
	NorDig Unified 16.4, Factory default value for the HDCP user preference setting (if supported) shall be 'ON or as specified by the relevant network/CA operator'.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC STB, all STB
Test procedure	Purpose of test: For IRDs with HDMI output(s) (typically a STB), verify that the NorDig IRDreceiver is able set the status HDCP according the signal protection scheme.
	This test is mandatory if the IRD has HDMI output interface. Equipment:
	- Marking and a second a second and a second a second and





HDMI Tester, refers to test instrument or equal system that can verify HDMI and HDCP (version etc).

Test procedure:

- 1. Setup the equipment
- 2. Check if IRD has HDCP user preference settings and if supported then check that it is default 'ON', fill in test result (this test may tested when testing IRD's all user preference setting).
- 3. Basic (non-HEVC) STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection, verify that HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output and check HDCP rev. 1.4 or higher with a HDMI tester, fill in test result.
- 4. HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection (rev 1.4 or rev 2.2), HDMI sink (TV monitor/HDMI tester) min support HDCP rev 2.2, verify that HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output and check HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher with a HDMI tester, fill in test result.
- 5. HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection rev 1.4 (content that demands HDCP rev 1.4), change to a HDMI sink (TV monitor/HDMI tester) that only support HDCP rev 1.4, verify that HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output and check HDCP rev. is 1.4 with a HDMI tester, fill in test result.
- 6. STB/HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection rev 1.4 (content that demands HDCP rev 1.4), change to a HDMI sink (TV monitor/HDMI tester) that do not support HDCP rev 1.4 or higher, verify that service content is **not** be presented on the HDMI ouput, instead STB should display a error message.
- 7. HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection rev 2.2 (content that demands HDCP rev 2.2), change to a HDMI sink (TV monitor/HDMI tester) that only support HDCP rev 1.4, verify that service content is **not** be presented on the HDMI ouput, instead STB should display a error message.
- 8. If STB/HEVC STB has HDCP user preference settings and if supported then change settings to 'OFF' or 'AUTO' (steps 10 to 13), fill in test result (that it was possible to change mode).
- 9. STB/HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that require content protection, verify:
 - if IRD has a HDCP mode 'OFF' then HDCP shall be inactive and service content shall not be presented on the HDMI ouput, instead STB shall display a message. Change HDCP setting to 'ON' and verify that HDCP now is active and service content is presented on the HDMI output, fill in test result (change back HDCP setting to 'OFF' before next step)
 - if IRD has a HDCP mode 'AUTO' then HDCP shall be active and service content is presented on the HDMI output, fill in test result.
- 10. STB/HEVC STB, connect a signal with a service that do not require content protection, verify HDCP is inactive/disabled and service content is presented in the clear on the HDMI ouput, fill in test result.



- 11. For STB/HEVC STB which has a HDCP 'AUTO', connect a signal which includes both a service that require CP and another service that do not require CP, zap between the services a couple of times, verify between each zap that HDCP is active for CP service/inactive for non-CP service and service content is presented on the HDMI ouput, verify zapping time until service is present is not too long (e.g. not more than 15-20sec), fill in test result.
- 2. Set the content protection mode to one by one each mode in table below
- 3. Fill in test results

Expected result:

- (step 2) If IRD has HDCP setting, then factory default setting shall be 'ON' (always ON), unless otherwise specified by relevant network/CA operator.
- (step 3) STB and iDTV shall support HDCP rev. 1.4 or higher.
- (step 4 and step 6) HEVC STB and iDTV shall support HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher.
- (step 5) HEVC STB shall be able fall back to HDCP rev. 1.4 when connected to an HDMI sink (TV monitor) that doesn't support HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher.
- (Step 2 to 7) For content/services that is signalized to that content protection is required, NorDig IRD/STB shall have HDCP active on HDMI output to the HDMI sink (TV monitor). If HDMI sink (TV monitor) do not support required HDCP rev. then the NorDig IRD/STB shall not output selected service and instead output "black" and preferably an error message for the viewer.
- (step 8 to 11) If the NorDig IRD/STB supports HDCP user setting 'OFF', for content/services that is signalized to that content protection is required, then NorDig IRD/STB shall **not** be present service content on the HDMI ouput, instead STB shall display a message that inform the end user that the HDCP user setting must be turned ON in order to view protected content.
- (step 8 to11) If the NorDig IRD/STB supports HDCP user setting 'AUTO', for content/services that is signalized to that content protection is required, then NorDig IRD/STB shall **not** be present service content on the HDMI ouput without HDCP active.
- It shallshould be possible to set the content protection mode (HDCP e.g. ON/OFF/AUTO).

Test result(s)

step	IRD type	Service CP signalling (1)	STB's HDCP setting (2)	Description (STB/iDTV actions)	NOK or OK or n/a
2	All IRDs		ON / always on		
3	(non-HEVC) Basic STB	<mark>CP</mark> Required		HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output. HDCP rev.1.4 or higher.	
4	HEVC STB	CP Required		HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output. HDCP rev. 2.2 or higher.	
<mark>5</mark>	HEVC STB	CP Required rev 1.4		HDCP active and service content is presented on the HDMI output. HDCP rev. 1.4.	



<mark>6</mark>	All STBs	CP		HDCP inactive and service
		Required rev	always on	content is not be presented on
		<mark>1.4</mark>		the HDMI ouput, instead
				STB should display a error
				message.
<mark>7</mark>	HEVC STB	<u>CP</u>	ON /	TV service content is not be
		Required rev	<mark>always on</mark>	presented on the HDMI
		<mark>2.2</mark>		ouput, instead STB should
				display a error message.
				HDCP may be active (rev
				1.4) or not during the display
				of the message.
8	All STBs-	<mark>-</mark>		If STB do not have HDCP
			AUTO	setting then result 'not
				applicable' (n/a).
				If STB has HDCP setting,
				result if possible to set 'ON',
				'OFF' and/or 'AUTO' then
				'OK', if not possible to
				change setting then NOK.
<mark>9a</mark>	All STB w	CP	OFF	HDCP inactive and service
	HDCP	Required		content shall not be
	setting			presented, instead display a
01	'OFF'	GP.	A T TOTAL	message.
<mark>9b</mark>	All STB w	CP	AUTO	HDCP active and service
	HDCP	Required		content is presented on
	setting			<mark>display.</mark>
10-	'AUTO'	CP	OFF	UDCD is impetive/displated
10a	All STB w HDCP		OFF	HDCP is inactive/disabled and service content is
		not required		presented in the clear on the
	setting 'OFF'			HDMI ouput
10b	All STB w	CP	AUTO	HDCP is inactive/disabled
100	HDCP	not required	AUTU	and service content is
	setting	not required		presented in the clear on the
	'AUTO'			HDMI ouput
11	All STB w	Two or more	AUTO	HDCP active for service
11	HDCP	services, one	AUTU	require CP and HDCP
	setting,	with CP and		inactive for service that do
		one without CP		not require CP', resonable
	AUTU.	one without CP		time for zapping.
				ming service, CA-system

Note 1. Signalled Content Protection level incoming service, CA-system Note 2. STB's HDCP user preference setting, if supported (optional feature) n/a: not appblicable

Mode	IRD actions	CA-system	PMT-table	NOK or OK
±	HDCP may be disabled for this service regardless of HDCP user setting (Return to HDCP user setting when leaving this service) Note: This requirement is optional	HDCP- Not wanted	0x00 (HDCP Not- wanted)	
<mark>2</mark>	HDCP shall be enabled for viewing this service	HDCP Wanted	0x00 (HDCP Not- wanted)	



		(Return to HDCP user setting when leaving this service)			
		Content protection is not required. HDCP may be enabled or disabled	CP Not needed	0x01 (Not needed)	
	4	Content protection is required. HDCP shall be enabled for viewing this service	<mark>CP</mark> Required	0x01 (Not needed)	
	5	SD service: HDCP may be enabled or- disabled HD service: HDCP shall be enabled this service	CP Not needed	0x02 (cond'al require ment)	
	6	Content protection is required. HDCP shall be enabled for viewing this service	CP Required	0x02 (cond'al require- ment)	
	7	Content protection is required. HDCP shall be enabled for viewing this- service	CP Not needed	0x03 (CP required)	
	<mark>\$</mark>	Content protection is required. HDCP shall be enabled for viewing this- service	CP Required	0x03 (CP required)	
Conformity		Fault 🗌 Major 🗌 Minor, define fai			
Comments		ble describe if fault can be fixed with e more specific faults and/or other in		te: <u>YES</u> N	0
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 9:11Analogue video interface output resolution (Option)
Section	NorDig Unified 8. <mark>4.6.5</mark>
Requirement	Video signals output via any type of analogue interface shall be of maximum 720x576
	(SDTV) resolution
	The NorDig STB shall provide down-converted versions of the received HDTV signals
	via analogue video interfaces, where the output signal is down-converted to SDTV
	format, see section 5.11.
	The NorDig IRD may provide analogue audio output signals via the SCART and/or the
	RCA connectors, as specified in sections 8.4, 8.5.1 and 8.5.2.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC IRD, all IRDs
variants and	
capability	



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD always outputs SD (576i) on the SCART or any other analogue video output (Y, P _b , P _r , RF-PAL or CVBS) connector. This test is relevant only for IRD with analoque video output interface. Equipment: TS Source MUX Exciter IRD The For Basic IRD, the TS shall contain a service which has a video component that Changes between 1280 x 720p@50Hz and 1920 x 1080i@25Hz video resolution For HEVC IRD, the TS shall contain a service which has a video component that Changes between 1920 x 1080p@50Hz and 3840 x 2160p@50Hz video resolution Test procedure: Set up the test environment according to above. Play out the transport stream with alternating video resolutions 1280 x 720p@50Hz and 1920 x 1080i@25Hz Make a channel search on the IRD Verify that the SCART or any other analogue video output has always SD (576i) regardless of HDMI setting and resolution. Verify that down-converted 1:1 pixel aspect ratio resolutions are displayed as 16:9 letterbox on 4:3 displays. Expected result: That the IRD only outputs SD (576i) on SCART any other analogue video output (i.e.)
	That the IRD only outputs SD (576i) on SCART any other analoque video output (i.e. not higher than 576i).
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9: <mark>12 Remote User</mark> Control Function Keys
Section	NorDig 8.7. <mark>21, 8.7.5, 8.7.6</mark>



Requirement	The remote control for the NorDig IRD shall include support the following functions (these may be implemented as logical functions, as physical buttons on a remote control or a combination of the two): (the labelling names that are used in Figure 8.1 are shown below within square brackets for each function), associated with input events. An input event may be associated with a physical key or a logical (e.g. on-screen) key, where the "logical key" is associated with the same function as specified for the corresponding physical key.
	 Power On/Off Programme Up/Down Volume Up/Down (optional for STB) Subtitles Audio Description/Spoken Subtitles Audio Program Guide Info Teletext
	 Numerals 0-9 Menu Navigation (e.g. Arrow keys) OK or Select Colours (red, green, yellow, blue) The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall additionally support the following functions:
	 HbbTV function activation Back Exit The NorDig IRD remote control shall include 10 digit keys, labeled 0-9
	The NorDig IRD's remote control shall include the following keys for digital TV functions: o [< , ↑, →, ↓] — A navigation or pointing system for navigation on the OSD o OK [OK] — a function that selects or confirms current choice or statement o Multifunctional keys [*, *, *, *] — four colour coded keys for non dedicated functions. The colours shall be red, green, yellow and blue o Text [Text] — This function displays the teletext as defined in section 7.1 or a Digital Super Teletext if present.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HbbTV IRD, all IRDs
Test procedure	Test procedure: Check the manufacturer technical specification / compliance list or verify the remote user control functions. Expected result:
Test result(s)	The minimum hardware requirement is fulfilled.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments



Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9: <mark>13 Remote</mark> User Control Function Keys for PVR
Section	NorDig 8.7. <mark>2.47</mark> , 8.7.1
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall support the following functions (these may be implemented as logical functions, as physical buttons on a remote control or a combination of the two): The NorDig PVR IRD's remote control shall include the following keys for PVR functionality: o List of rRecordings [PVR List] — opens a screen with list of recordings (can be both history and booked). o OTR [OTR] — Record / One-Touch-Recording or Play
	o Record [Rec] — Start manual recording / start recording of present event. o Timeshift [t.shift] — "pause" live TV (timeshift) o Pause [Pause] — pause Playback of recording. o Play [Play] — start playing timeshift TV / start playback of recording. o Stop [Stop] — stop recording / stop timeshift / stop playback. o Fast Forward / Fast Recind and/or Skip Forward / Skip Back [F.fwd] — fast forward of the timeshift or recording (with different speeds). o Fast Rewind [F.rwd] — fast rewind of the timeshift or recording (with different
	speeds).
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, FE all FrontEnds
Test procedure	Test procedure: Check the manufacturer technical specification / compliance list or verify the remote user control functions. Expected result: The minimum hardware requirement is fulfilled.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 9: <mark>14 Remote User</mark> Control Key Function event mapping for NorDig Hybrid HbbTV
Section	NorDig 8.7.2.6
Requirement	The NorDig Hybrid HbbTV IRD shall generate (HbbTV) events according to Table 8.3 7 in response to user control functions, (e.g. when a key is pressed on the NorDig IRD remote control.
IRD Profile(s)	Hybrid, PVR, IRD, FE HbbTV IRD



variants and	
<u>capabilit</u>	
Test procedure	
	Test procedure:
	Check the manufacturer technical specification / compliance list or verify the remote user control functions.
	Expected result:
	The minimum hardware requirement is fulfilled.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



2.10 Task 10: Interfaces for Conditional Access

Test Case	Task 10:1 Use of Common Interface	
Section	NorDig Unified 9.1. 9.2	
Section Requirement	NorDig Unified 9.1, 9.2 The NorDig IRD shall support at least one Common Interface Plus (for CA module) for conditional access and/or it shall support at least one smart card interface for conditional access. The Common Interface shall be able to be used with modules that comply with the DVB Common Interface Plus specification (version 1.3 or later), see ref. CI Plus specification [64]; such modules are referred to as CIP-CAM. NorDig HEVC IRDs should have a CI Plus implementation that fully comply with the CI Plus ECP Specification v1.1 (2017-11) [98] available from CI Plus LLP. The Common Interface shall also be able to be used with CA-modules that comply with the DVB Common Interface specification, see EN 50221 [7]; such modules are referred to as CI-CAM. The Common Interface can be used for conditional access and other purposes. Acconditional access (CA) module may be connected to the Common Interface of the NorDig IRD in order to provide access control of the incoming services. The Common Interface may be used with CA modules that comply with the Common Interface Plus specification, see refCI Plus specification; such modules are referred to as CIP CAM. The Common Interface may be also be used with CA modules that comply with the DVB Common Interface specification, see EN 50221; such modules are referred to as DVB Common Interface specification, see EN 50221; such modules are referred to as DVB CAM. Each CI-slot of the NorDig IRD shall-(1&2) be in compliance with the Common Interface Plus (SIP) specification [64]. Each CI-slot shall support both CIP-CAMs and-	
	DVBCI-CAMs in accordance with with the interoperability matrix that is specified in the CI Plus specification [64], table 4.1.	
<i>IRD</i> Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE HEVC, all IRDs	
Test procedure	The Test procedure shall (provisionally) be based on existing interface test specifications for at least the most common CAMs supporting both DVBCI-CAM and CIP-CAM. The IRD manufacturer shall describe the used test procedure.	
Test result(s)	The test results shall show that the IRD is fully compatible with CAM, when the CAM is equipped for at least one of the CA-systems used in the Nordic area.	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 10:2 Smart Card Interface	
Section	NorDig Unified 9.1, 9.3.2	



IRD Profile(s) variants and	The NorDig IRD shall include support at least one-(1) embedded smart card reader interface for use with conditional access and/or other applications. The smart card interface shall comply with ISO/IEC 7816 Part 1-3 [6056]. The NorDig IRD does not need to support synchronous cards. The NorDig IRD shall implement all aspects related to asynchronous cards with the following exceptions: • support for Vpp is not required • support for AFNOR pin-out is not required • Vcc range is 5V+/- 5% • Icc max is 65 mA • The clock frequency shall be at least 5 MHz. The possibility of using the data exchange protocol T=0 shall be supported. It shall be possible to include support for the data exchange protocol T=1 through an IRD software upgrade. Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs		
capability	Drawn aga of Acat.		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify functionality of smart card interface.		
	This test is mandatory depending of the network operator or operator requirement.		
	Equipment: Test bed providing transport streams with CA-scrambled services. IRD under test.		
	Test procedure: Select a CA-scrambled service and observe decoded picture/sound.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

2.11 Task 11: The System Software Update

2.11.1 SSU testing General

The NorDig IRD **shall** provide a software download mechanism that enables download of sytem software to replace existing software.

Delivery alternatives (optional or mandatory depending on the connectable status of the IRD) are:

- OTA (#D1 and #D2): "Over-the-Air", refers here to over the broadcast channel (via terrestrial, cable, satellite or managed IPTV interface).
- OTA Notification (#D3): refers here to search/get notification over the broadcast channel and download from Internet and/or USB.
- OTN (#D4): "Over-the-Network", refers here to over the Internet channel (via IRD's two-way interface).
- <u>USB</u> (#D5): "Local", refers to download from the local interface.

During the SSU testing both upgrade and downgrade are are performed with a special mode/SW used for the downgrade process (normally not available with production software/public SSU).

Alternatively the manufacturer must deliver several physical samples that can each be upgraded once.

2.11.2 Test equipment summary

To configure the minimum test setup described in these test procedures, the test setup seen in Figure 3 can be used.

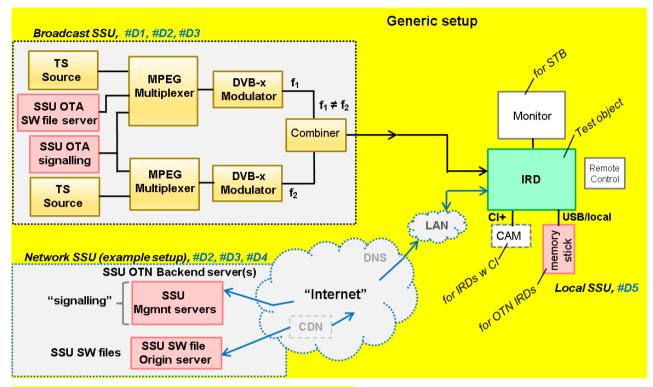


Figure 3. Generic test setup for SSU / CI+ CAM test procedures

Note! The equipment needed may vary depending on the system used and can be purchased from many vendors even in a compact all-in-one unit. However, most of the tests can done using one general test setup.

2.11.2.1 Broadcast SSU (OTA)

The OTA-SSU / CI+ CAM update service is carried within a transport stream. The TS must contain the correct type of signaling information in order for the IRD to detect the correct OTA-SSU / CI+ CAM update service. The following sections describe minimum signaling information.

The NIT must contain:

• Linkage_descriptor 0x4A to DVB SSU service using linkage_type 0x09.

Example for linkage descriptor for IRD system download located at TSID/ONID 0x0456/0x22F1.

Descriptor_tag	0x4A
Transport_stream id	0x0456
Original_network_id	0x22F1
Service_id	0x1194
Linkage_type	0x09
OUI *)	
selector_bytes	
private_data_byte **)	



*) DVB OUI or manufacturer specific OUI

**) The private_data_byte shall be used as specified in the DVB Data Download Specification; Part 1: Simple Profile. (ETSI TS 102 006 v1.3.1)

The PMT must contain:

(The descriptor shall be placed in the component loop of the PSI PMT table.)

Data broadcast id descriptor

descriptor_tag	0x66	
data_broadcast_id	0x000A	
<pre>id_sector_bytes *)</pre>		
OUI **)		
update_type ***)		
update_versioning_flag		
update_version		
selector_bytes		
private_data_bytes		

- *) The id_sector_bytes shall be used as specified in the DVB Data Download Specification (ETSI TS 102 006).
- **) The OUI value in the PMT shall match the OUI value in the NIT linkage to SSU descriptor.
- ***) Update_type, use value below specified for simple or enhanced profiles;

proprietary update solution (not allowed).	0x0
standard update carousel (i.e. without notification table) via broadcast.	0x1
system software update carousel with notification table (UNT) both	0x2
available via broadcast.	
system software update signaled via broadcast UNT,	0x03
update available from the return channel.	
system software update signaled via broadcast UNT,	0x04
update available from the Internet.	
Reserved for future use.	0x5 - 0xFF

The UNT must contain:

Signaling of UNT is relevant in case of the data_broadcast_id_descriptor parameter update_type is set to 0x02 in PMT.

The parameters for different descriptors in UNT are specified below:

descriptor_tag	0x4B	
table_id	0x01	
OUI 1)		
processing_order ²⁾		
common_descriptor_loop 3)		
target_descriptor_loop 4)		
operational_descriptor_loop 5)		

- 1) The OUI value in the PMT shall match the OUI value in the NIT linkage to SSU descriptor.
- 2) Depending on the SSU OTA mechanism.
- 3) common_descriptor_loop carries information which is intended for descriptors which apply to all platform/target devices listed in target_descriptor_loop and operational_descriptor_loop.
- 4) target_descriptor_loop can contain descriptor:
 - target_serial_number_descriptor
- 5) operational_descriptor_loop can contain descriptors:



scheduling descriptor

Examples for scheduling_descriptor

0x01
0

- update_descriptor
- ssu_location_descriptor
- message_descriptor
- ssu subgroup association descriptor
- private_data_specifier_descriptor

See more details regarding settings in DVB Data Download Specification (ETSITS 102 006).

NorDig T2-IRD SSU OTA in DVB-T2 system

• The SSU stream is broadcast with parameter settings of PLP_ID = 1, T2_System_Id = 1 and Cell_Id = 1 in a single PLP mode.

2.11.2.2 Network SSU

The IRD manufacturer must ensure that the published OTN software contains the correct type of signaling information in order for the IRD to detect the correct SSU.

The IRD manufacturer **shall** ensure a software upgrade is available over the public Internet, the test is not valid if the SSU is just locally published in a lab environment.

For the OTN testing the IRD must connect to the Internet by LAN cable or via Wi-Fi through a local router or access point.

The Internet connection during testing should reflect the country settings of the IRD under test, e.g. using a VPN tunnel to simulate ip connection from the same country as the country setting of the IRD.

2.11.3 Test cases

Test Case	Task 11:1 IRD System software update using DVB SSU simple profile
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2,10.5, 12.2.6 and 16.4
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide a software download mechanism that enables download of system software, to add a new system software or replace an existing system software.
	The upgrade of NorDig IRD software shall be initiated by the user (by update user preference setting and/or by user interaction). The user shall be able to choose the update approach for the IRD (see 10.2.1 in IRD spec) and the user shall be able to disable any automatic update. The factory default shall be a value that disables Fully Automatic mode.





In cases where the user is prompted to confirm an update, the user shall be able to confirm or to abort/postpone the update (for example with a Yes and No option). If the user selects to abort/postpone an available update or by other ways cancel an available update, the NorDig IRD shall remind the user as stated in section 10.1.6 in IRD spec. The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a mechanism ensuring that only newer software versions than the existing System Software are accepted. If the NorDig IRD System software is corrupt (due to normal operation of the IRD or due to updating the system software), the IRD manufacturer shall provide a backup mechanism, either on local storage or via download, which can make the IRD operational again. The NorDig IRD supporting SSU via broadcast channel **shall** support the DVB SSU simple profile using the signalling in NIT, BAT and PMT, in accordance with the DVB-SSU specification. The Linkage descriptor in the NIT table, for linking to the SSU service is defined in NorDig Unified IRD specification section 12.2.6. IRD Profile(s) all IRDs using OTA SSU simple profile variants and capability Test procedure Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process in broadcast channel using DVB SSU simple profile. The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality. Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary For the testing three IRD SSU software is needed, "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3", ("SW v1" as starting point, "SW v2" for testing upgrading and "SW v3" for testing "non-downgrading"). IRD manufacturer shall ensure that software upgrade ("SW v1"), ("SW v2") and ("SW v3") is available for the test lab. Two approaches for the SSU testing, either via using: one single IRD with possibility to upgrade and downgrade the SW by other means plus SSU sw images of "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3". - alternative via using multiple IRDs. Two IRDs with software "SW v1" and one IRD with software "SW v3". Selection of two different ONID for different networks corresponding country1 and country2 in the test procedure. Test procedure: 1. Configure three outgoing download streams from the system software source. The system software PID, PMT PID and SID may not conflict with each other. Configure the multiplexer to transmit three outgoing system software download streams within TS on the frequency f1. The system software PID, PMT PID

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- and SID may not conflict with each other. (Simulates three system software streams.)
- 3. Configure linkage_descriptor for the two system software download streams not to be suitable for the IRD under test. The linkage_descriptor parameters for the third download stream shall be suitable for the IRD under test. The third system software download stream shall be the last in order.
- 4. Fill in the test results which parameters are unmatching with the IRD under test.
- 5. For the frequency f2 configure linkage_descriptor to refer to the frequency f1 with suitable parameters for the over-the-air download. (Simulates frequency change).
- 6. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed.
- 7. Perform factory reset to the IRD, complete the "first time" installation and check that all the services are possible to receive.
- 8. Tune the IRD to a service on the frequency f1.
- 9. Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search".
- 10. Initiate the download.
- 11. Verify that the software in the IRD is updated to "SW v2".
- 12. Fill in the test protocol.
- 13. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 14. Tune the IRD to a service on the frequency f2.
- 15. Initiate the download again.
- 16. Verify that the software in the IRD is updated to "SW v2".
- 17. Fill in the test protocol.
- 18. Upgrade IRD software to "SW v3".
- 19. Perform factory reset to IRD and check that all the services are possible to receive.
- 20. Initiate the download again. Verify that no software update occurs.
- 21. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 22. Initiate the download again.
- 23. During the update process (step 10), remove the power cable to corrupt the installation of the system software to corrupt the downloading of the system software.
- 24. Wait 10 seconds and then re-insert the power cable.
- 25. Verify that the IRD is still usable.
- 26. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.
- 27. Initiate the download again.
- 28. Plug out the antenna cable. (Simulates RF disturbances).
- 29. Plug in the antenna cable.
 - Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.
- 30. Verify which ONID values correspond country1 and country2 settings in IRD.
- 31. Make sure that the IRDs country setting is equal to country2.
- 32. Configure the TS from f1 carrying the SSU service so that the ONID is equal to country1.
- 33. Configure the TS from f2 so that the ONID is equal to country2.
- 34. Fill in the test protocol which ONID values are broadcasted in TS in f1 (country1) and f2 (country2).
- 35. Fill in the test protocol which country settings are selected in the IRD.



		that the IRD will not etest protocol.	ot download and install the SSU.	
	Expected result: IRD performs a so available stream.	oftware update from	m DVB SSU simple profile OTA l	proadcast
Test result(s)	Ti matahad CCI	T. day a samular	Managed and no romotor	
		<mark>U stream number</mark> #1	Unmatched parameter	name
		# <mark>2</mark>		
			OVID . L	
	ONID value in T	rs in f1 (country1)	ONID value	
	ONID value in T	TS in f2 (country2)		
	Test points			OK or NOK
	Se	Does IRD have a setting for automatic SSU search set by default to "auto search"?		
		The correct system software on the frequency f1 is upgraded.		
	13 – 17 fr	The correct system software, when initiated on frequency f2, is upgraded.		
		Ensure that only newer versions are downloaded		
		IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software.		
	di di	isturbancies under		
	30 – 37 T		are. Ownload or install the SSU from the ONID that matches the country	
Conformity Comments			define fail reason in comments	□NO .
	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date			Sign	
Test Case	Task 11:2 IRD S	System software	e update using DVB SSU enh	anced profile -
Section		NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2 and 10.5		
Requirement	download mechan	ism in accordance	a broadcast channel shall provide with the DVB SSU specification the parts of SSU Enhanced Profile	, the IRD shall



	The test requirements are the same as for DVB SSU simple profile in Task 11:1 with the addition of scheduled tasks.			
	The NorDig IRD supporting SSU download via broadcast channel shall support the DVB SSU UNT Enhanced profile using the signalling in NIT, BAT, PMT, and UNT, in accordance with the DVB-SSU specification. The Linkage descriptor in the NIT table, for linking to the SSU service is defined in section 12.2.6. The descriptors of the UNT Enhanced profile are specified in Section 12.7.			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	all IRDs using OTA SSU enhanced profile			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process in broadcast channel using DVB SSU enhanced profile.			
	The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.			
	This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.			
	Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary			
	For the testing three IRD SSU software is needed, "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3", ("SW v1" as starting point, "SW v2" for testing upgrading and "SW v3" for testing "non-downgrading").			
	IRD manufacturer shall ensure that software upgrade ("SW v1"), ("SW v2") and ("v3") is available for the test lab.			
	Two approaches for the SSU testing, either via using: - one single IRD with possibility to upgrade and downgrade the SW by other means plus SSU sw images of "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3". - alternative via using multiple IRDs. Two IRDs with software "SW v1" and one IRD with software "SW v3".			
	Selection of two different ONID for different networks corresponding country1 and country2 in the test procedure. Test procedure:			
	Refer to Task 11:1 but use DVB SSU enhanced download stream instead.			
	 Configure three outgoing download streams from the system software source. The system software PID, PMT PID and SID may not conflict with each other. Configure the multiplexer to transmit three outgoing system software download streams within TS on the frequency f1. (Simulates three system software streams.) 			
	3. Configure linkage_descriptor for the two system software download streams not to be suitable for the IRD under test. The linkage_descriptor parameters for the third download stream shall be suitable for the IRD under test. The third system software download stream shall be the last in order.			
	4. Fill in the test results which parameters are unmatching with the IRD under test.5. Configure UNT inclusive scheduling_descriptor by creating schedule with three scheduling descriptors, one in the past and two in the future for the			
	system download streams.			

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- 6. For the frequency f2 configure linkage_descriptor to refer to the frequency f1 with suitable parameters for the over-the-air download. (Simulates frequency change).
- 7. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed.
- 8. Perform factory reset to the IRD, complete the "first time" and check that all the services are possible to receive.
- 9. Fill in the test protocol if the IRD support automatic search and it is set to "automatic search" by default.
- 10. Tune the IRD to a Tv service on f1, turn off the IRD and wait until IRD is standby.
- 11. Turn on the IRD from standby.
- 12. A message shall be displayed telling that a new software is available at the time specified in the scheduling_descriptor. The IRD shall find the nearest available scheduled time.
- 13. Verify that the "EXIT or abort" option works by verifying that no download occur at the scheduled time.
- 14. Turn off the IRD and wait until IRD is standby.
- 15. Turn on the IRD from standby.
- 16. Verify that the "Yes or OK" option works by verifying that download occur at the scheduled time.
- 17. Verify that the software in the IRD is updated to "SW v2".
- 18. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 19. Perform 11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18 but Tune the IRD to a Tv service on f2, turn off the IRD and wait until IRD is standby.
- 20. Upgrade IRD software to "SW v3" or use "IRD".
- 21. Perform factory reset to the "IRD" and check that all the services are possible to receive.
- 22. Initiate the download again. Verify that no software update occurs.
- 23. Enhanced profile with software for the IRD under test, scheduled active now, with more than one schedule_descriptor in UNT.
- 24. Initiate a manual download from the menu.
- 25. A message shall be displayed telling that a new software is available right now.
- 26. Verify that both OK and EXIT works.
- 27. Reset the IRD
- 28. Perform 23,24,25,26 but initiate the download via a background/standby search.
- 29. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 30. Verify which ONID values correspond country1 and country2 settings in IRD.
- 31. Make sure that the IRDs country setting is equal to country2.
- 32. Configure the TS from f1 carrying the SSU service so that the ONID is equal to country 1.
- 33. Configure the TS from f2 so that the ONID is equal to country2.
- 34. Fill in the test protocol which ONID values are broadcasted in TS in f1 (country1) and f2 (country2).
- 35. Fill in the test protocol which country settings are selected in the IRD.
- 36. Initiate a download.
- 37. Control that the IRD will not download and install the SSU.
- 38. Downgrade IRD software to "SW v1".
- 39. Initiate the download again.



- 40. During the update process remove the power cable to corrupt the installation of the system software to corrupt the downloading of the system software. 41. Wait 10 seconds and then re-insert the power cable. 42. Verify that the IRD is still usable.
- 43. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if
- the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.
- 44. Initiate the download again.
- 45. Plug out the antenna cable. (Simulates RF disturbances).
- 46. Plug in the antenna cable.
- 47. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.
- 48. Fill in the test protocol.

Expected result:

IRD performs a system software update from DVB SSU enhanced profile OTA broadcast for future available stream.

Test result(s)

Unmatched SSU stream number	Unmatched parameter name
<mark>#1</mark>	
<mark>#2</mark>	

	ONID value
ONID value in TS in f1 (country1)	
ONID value in TS in f2 (country2)	

Test points		OK or NOK
<mark>9</mark>	Does the IRD have a setting for automatic SSU	
	search and it is set to "automatic search" by	
	default?	
11-17	Does the IRD display a pop-up message telling	
	the closest time and date for the available OTA?	
11-17	Does the pop-up message have selection "OK to	
	download" and "EXIT to abort"?	
11-17	Selecting EXIT doesn't upgrade the IRD at	
	specified time and date.	
11-17	Does the IRD upgrade the future available	
	software at available time and date when turned	
	off and turned on?	
<mark>18-19</mark>	Does the IRD display a pop-up message telling	
	the closest time and date for the available OTA?	
<mark>18-19</mark>	Does the pop-up message have selection "OK to	
	download" and "EXIT to abort"?	
<mark>18-19</mark>	Selecting EXIT doesn't upgrade the IRD at	
	specified time and date.	
<mark>18-19</mark>	Does the IRD upgrade the future available	
	software at available time and date when turned	
	off and turned on?	



	20-22	IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer
		software version than the existing System
		Software is accepted
	23-26	Does the IRD upgrade when the new sw is
		available right now when searching, From menu.
	<mark>27-28</mark>	Does the IRD upgrade when the new sw is
		available right now when searching, standby.
	29-37	The IRD does not download or install the SSU
		from other ONIDs than the ONID that matches
		the country setting in the IRD.
	38-43	IRD starts after electric break using old (working)
		software.
	<mark>44-47</mark>	The IRD clarifies the RF signal reception
		disturbancies under OTA download.
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible des	scribe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more	e specific faults and/or other information
Date		Sign Sign

Test Case	Task 11:3 IRD System software update using DVB SSU Notification
<mark>Section</mark>	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.5 and 12.7
Requirement	For this approach the NorDig IRD shall automatically perform a regular search for a notification signal (using DVB SSU's Update_type 0x4) indicating the availability of new system software and, whenever new software is available, prompt the user with the IRD manufacturer's message associated with that The NorDig IRD shall support the SSU notifications update type 0x4 using UNT in accordance with the DVB-SSU specification.
	Linkage descriptor in the NIT table, for linking to the SSU service is defined in section 12.2.6. The descriptors of the SSU UNT shall be as specified in Section 12.7.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	all IRDs using DVB SSU Notfication profile
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process in broadcast channel using DVB SSI Notifications. A typical use case for SSU Notification is to reach all non-connected connectable IRDs via broadcast channel with information that new SSU software is available but the new SSU software size is too large to be distributed via broadcast channel and/or requires a higher bandwidth over broadcast channel than is available. Manufacturers are recommended to: - Pre-store SSU messages in their IRDs and messages should be in all available languages that the IRD supports, - Mainly using the message_index (in the enhanced_message_descriptor, see 12.7.10) to reference which pre-stored message to be displayed for the user, - Minimize the broadcast text (in the enhanced_message_descriptor and/or message descriptor, see 12.7.10).
	Equipment:



Test procedure: 1. Configure three outgoing download streams from the system software source. The system software PID, PMT PID and SID may not conflict with each other. 2. Configure the multiplexer to transmit three outgoing system software download streams within TS on the frequency fl. The system software PID, PMT PID and SID may not conflict with each other. (Simulates three system software streams.) 3. Configure linkage_descriptor for the two system software download streams not to be suitable for the IRD under test. The linkage_descriptor parameters for the third download stream shall be suitable for the IRD under test. The third system software download stream shall be the last in order. 4. For the frequency f2 configure linkage_descriptor to refer to the frequency f1 with suitable parameters for the over-the-air download. (Simulates frequency change). 5. Tune the IRD to a service on the frequency f1. 6. Perform a manual software update search. 7. Verify that a notification is presented 8. Reset the IRD to its factory default settings. 9. Repeat step 1-5. 10. Perform an automatic search from standby. 11. Turn on the IRD from standby. 12. Verify that a notification is presented 13. Reset the IRD to its factory default settings. 14. Tune the IRD to a service on the frequency f2. 15. Perform a manual software update search. 16. Verify that a notification is presented 17. Reset the IRD to its factory default settings. 18. Repeat step 1-5. 19. Perform an automatic search from standby. 20. Turn on the IRD from standby. 21. Verify that a notification is presented 22. Fill in the test results.
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 19. Perform an automatic search from standby. 20. Turn on the IRD from standby. 21. Verify that a notification is presented 22. Fill in the test results.
20. Turn on the IRD from standby. 21. Verify that a notification is presented 22. Fill in the test results.
21. Verify that a notification is presented 22. Fill in the test results.
Expected result:
Expected result:
Expected Testition
The IRD performs an SSU Notification update.
Test result(s)
Unmatched SSU stream number Unmatched parameter name
#1
#2
ONID value
ONID value in TS in f1 (country1)
ONID value in TS in f2 (country2)
OK or OK or OK or OK or
NOK NOK NOK NOK



		Test points 6-7	Test points 10-12	Test points 15-16	Test points 19-21
	Verify that any Notification to the user (pop-up message) related to SSU shall be displayed in the same language as the language setting of the IRD.				
	Verify the Notification informs the user about where the new software is available(Internet address) and how to proceed with the update process				
	Verify the user have a choice to postpone/abort/reject the system software update Notification. If the user didn't choose to abort/ reject				
	the notification verify that the user is reminded with the notification after restart of the IRD				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fa				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other in			YES <u></u> N()
Date		Sign			

Test Case	Task 11:4 IRD System software update using over-the-network download
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2 and 10.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall provide a software download mechanism that enables download of system software, to add a new system software or replace an existing system software.
	The upgrade of NorDig IRD software shall be initiated by the user (by update user preference setting and/or by user interaction). The user shall be able to choose the update approach for the IRD (see 10.2.1) and the user shall be able to disable any automatic update. The factory default shall be a value that disables Fully Automatic mode.
	In cases where the user is prompted to confirm an update, the user shall be able to confirm or to abort/postpone the update (for example with a Yes and No option). If the user selects to abort/postpone an available update or by other ways cancel an available update, the NorDig IRD shall remind the user as stated in section 10.1.6 in IRD spec.
	The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a mechanism ensuring that only newer software versions than the existing System Software are accepted. A connected IRD receiving updates in this way shall still arbitrate between software versions available via the broadcast network and the IP-based broadband network to ensure that only newer versions are downloaded and installed (according with section 10.1.4.2 of IRD spec).
	If the NorDig IRD System software is corrupt (due to normal operation of the IRD or due to updating the system software), the IRD manufacturer shall provide a backup



	mechanism, either on local storage or via download, which can make the IRD operational again.
Inn n. "L()	The NorDig IRD shall be implemented with a protection mechanism for the existing system software. It shall ensure that the existing software will not be corrupted in case the System Software Update (SSU) is interrupted before the new system software is fully downloaded.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	All IRDs using OTN SSU profile
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process using over-the-network (OTN) download profile.
	The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.
	Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary
	For the testing three IRD SSU software is needed, "SW v1", "SW v2" and "SW v3", ("SW v1" as starting point, "SW v2" for testing upgrading and "SW v3" for testing "non-downgrading").
	IRD manufacturer shall ensure a software upgrade ("SW v2") is available at the internet.
	Internet connection which can be enabled / disabled during the test (e.g. LAN connection through a local switch or Wi-Fi through a local access point)
	Two approaches for the SSU testing, either via using: - one single IRD with possibility to upgrade and downgrade the SW by other means plus SSU sw images of "SW v1" and "SW v3", - alternative via using multiple IRDs. Two IRDs with software "SW v1" and one IRD with software "SW v3".
	Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to live TV network. Connect the IRD to internet. Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. During installation, enable/ensure IRD still connected to Internet. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search".
	 Access the navigator. Look for a menu option for SSU over the Internet. Enable SSU download over the Internet. Verify that the software in the IRD is updated to "SW v2". Fill in the test protocol.
	 Perform factory reset to the IRD and new installation. During installation, enable network connection on the IRD. Enable SSU download over the Internet. Verify that no software update occurs. Fill in the test protocol



	15 Install	Vchange the IRD software to "SW v3" (OTN server still)	has SW v2)
		rm factory reset to the IRD and new installation. During i	
	enable enable	e network connection on the IRD.	
		e SSU download over the Internet.	
		<mark>/ that no software update occurs.</mark>	
	19. Fill in	the test protocol	
	21. Initiat	/change IRD software to "SW v1" (OTN server still has e the download again using steps 7-8.	<u> </u>
		g the download (step 8), remove the power cable to corruloading of the system software.	ipt the
		10 seconds and then re-insert the power cable.	
		that the IRD is still usable.	
		the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the com	nments section if
	the IR	D ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.	
		e the download again.	
		e network connection temporarily by e.g. disabling the nuplink.	etwork access
		able the network connection.	
		the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the com	nments section if
		D ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.	
	Expected results IRD performs a	lt: a software update over-the-network.	
Test result(s)			
	Test points		OK or NOK
	Test points 6	Does IRD have a setting for automatic SSU search	OK or NOK
	6	set by default to "auto search"?	OK or NOK
		set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the-	OK or NOK
	<mark>6</mark> 7-10	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the-network.	OK or NOK
	6	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the-	OK or NOK
	<mark>6</mark> 7-10	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the-network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer	OK or NOK
	<mark>6</mark> 7-10	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer	OK or NOK
	7-10 11-14	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the-network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is	OK or NOK
	7-10 11-14 15-19	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number)	OK or NOK
	7-10 11-14	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working)	OK or NOK
	7-10 11-14 15-19	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number)	OK or NOK
	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under OTN download. Download is either aborted or	OK or NOK
	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under	OK or NOK
	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under OTN download. Download is either aborted or	OK or NOK
Conformity	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under OTN download. Download is either aborted or	OK or NOK
Conformity Comments	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25 26-29	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under OTN download. Download is either aborted or resumed after a short network break.	
	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25 26-29 OK Fault [If possible desc	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under OTN download. Download is either aborted or resumed after a short network break.	
	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25 26-29 OK Fault [If possible desc	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under OTN download. Download is either aborted or resumed after a short network break. Major Minor, define fail reason in comments cribe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES	
	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25 26-29 OK Fault [If possible desc	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under OTN download. Download is either aborted or resumed after a short network break. Major Minor, define fail reason in comments cribe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES	
	7-10 11-14 15-19 20-25 26-29 OK Fault [If possible desc	set by default to "auto search"? IRD is able to upgrade the System Software over-the- network. IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with same version number) IRD has a mechansim that ensures only newer software version than the existing System Software is accepted (testing with lower version number) IRD starts after electric break using old (working) software. The IRD clarifies the network disturbancies under OTN download. Download is either aborted or resumed after a short network break. Major Minor, define fail reason in comments cribe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES	



Test Case	Task 11:5 IRD System software update using USB update
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2 and 10.3
Requirement	The NorDig IRD which is relying on OTN updates shall also provide a USB mechanism that enables the download of software to an IRD.
	As many devices will need to be upgraded during their certification time, that upgrade process should be used as the basis for this test rather than having a dedicated test step where special softwares are required.
	The actual upgrade of NorDig IRD software shall be initiated by the user, in this case after inserting a USB device into one of the IRDs USB slot.
	Any notification to the user (pop-up message) related to SSU shall be displayed in the same language as the language setting of the IRD.
	The IRD manufacturer shall ensure that download of non-certified system-software is prevented.
	The NorDig IRD shall be implemented with a protection mechanism for the existing system software. It shall ensure that the existing software will not be corrupted in case the System Software Update (SSU) is interrupted before the new system software is fully installed.
	The NorDig IRD shall be provided with a mechanism ensuring that only newer software versions than the existing System Software are accepted.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	all IRDs using OTN and/or USB SSU profile
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the IRD system software update process using the USB interface.
	The SSU end user functionality is not tested in this case. It is tested in Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.
	This test is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality.
	Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.1 Test equipment summary
	For testing three IRD software versions are needed: Software "SW v1", version on USB memory stick, to test IRD does not downgrade.
	Software "SW v2", version on USB memory stick, to test upgrade Software "SW v3", version on USB memory stick (special version, only for testlab usage) to allow downgrade SW version during SSU testing.
	NOTE: to perform the USB test it is not necessary for the IRD to be connected to either the Broadcast Network or the Internet.
	Test procedure:
	 Connect the IRD to the live TV network Make sure the IRD has "SW v1" installed



	 Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. Tune the IRD to a TV service (from the live TV network). Fill in the test results if the IRD has a setting for automatic search and it is set to "auto search"
	 Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select 'Manual Update' (or nearest equivalent) Verify that the software is updated to "SWv2" Fill in the test protocol. Perform factory reset to the IRD and complete the "first time" installation. Insert the USB device containing the software "SW v2" update (in the format recommended by the manufacturer) The IRD may recognize the USB device and if the IRD offers to perform the SSU at that time accept the offer. Else navigate through the system menu to the Software update screen and select 'Manual Update' (or nearest equivalent) Verify that no software update occurs.
	 16. Fill in the test protocol. 17. Install software "SW v3" version of the IRD software to downgrade the IRD software version using steps 6-8. 18. Verify that the software is updated to a lower version. Note this is a special process to be used only during testing and is not considered a 'real world' test. 19. Now using the software "SW v1" again initiate the installation again using steps 6-8. 20. During the update process (step 7 or 8), remove the power cable to corrupt the installation of the system software. 21. Wait 10 seconds and then re-insert the power cable.
	 22. Verify that the IRD is still usable. 23. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc. 24. Using the software "SW v1", initiate the installation again using steps 6-8. 25. During the update process (step 7 or 8), remove the USB stick to corrupt the installation of the system software. 26. Verify that the IRD is still usable. 27. Fill in the test protocol. Fill in extended information in the comments section if the IRD ends up in an error state. Error messages etc.
Test result(s)	Expected result: IRD performs a software update from the USB source Test points IRD correctly upgrades its software IRD correctly upgrades its software



	IRD starts after power break using old (working) software. The IRD does not download or install the SSU from other sources/manufacturers
Conformity Comments	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Took 44.6 CCII and year functionality
Test Case	Task 11:6 SSU end user functionality
Section	NorDig Unified 10.1, 10.2, 10.5, 16.4
Requirement	Any (pop-up) messaging to the user related to SSU shall be displayed in the same language as the language setting of the IRD.
	If the system software update does not allow the normal utilization of the NorDig IRD, the user shall be warned by some means. For example, by displaying information if the display is not available according to NorDig unified IRD spec section 10.1.3.
	If the user selects to abort/postpone an available update or by other ways cancel an available update, the NorDig IRD shall remind the user.
	The user shall be able to choose the update approach for the IRD and the user shall be able to disable any automatic update.
	If the IRD supports Fully Automatic mode the user must be able to disable Fully Automatic mode
	Depending on if the Nordig IRD is connectable or Non connectable the delivery alternatives and the update approaches can vary according to Nordig Unified IRD spec Table 10.1.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD has settings required for SSU end user functionality.
	This test of common requirements (independent of delivery alternative) is convenient to do parallel with Task 11:1 (OTA Simple), 11:2 (OTA enhanced), 11:3 (OTA Notification), 11:4 (OTN) and 11:5 (USB) IRD System software update.
	Equipment: Test setup described in 2.11.2 Test equipment summary.
	Software to upgrade



2 pcs IRDs with older software than the version to upgrade or older software to downgrade the IRD under testing. Test procedure: 1. Verify that the IRD supports one of the described upgrade delivery altenatives and approach alternatives specified in [1]. Fill in the test results. 3. Verify that any notification to the user (pop-up message) related to SSU shall be displayed in the same language as the language setting of the IRD. 4. Verify that the user is informed about the upgrade process if the SSU does not allow the normal utilization of the NorDig IRD. 5. Verify the user can cancel the upgrade process 6. Verify that if the user selects to abort/postpone an available update or by other ways cancel an available update, the NorDig IRD shall remind the user. 7. Fill in the test results. **Expected result:** All the test result are OK, and the available upgrade processes works as expected. Test result(s) Delivery Non connectable IRD OK Internet connectable OK alternatives or IRD or **NOK NOK** or or N/A N/A #D1 **Mandatory** Mandatory to #D2implement at least one n/a of the alternatives #D1. #D3 **Optional** #D2, #D3 or #D4. #D4n/a #D5 **Optional** Optional unless #D1/#D2/#D3 are not implemented, then mandatory. Approach Non connectable IRD OK Internet connectable OK **alternatives IRD** or or NOK **NOK** or or N/A N/A #A1 Mandatory to Mandatory to implement at least one implement at least one #A2 of the alternatives of the alternatives #A3 #A1, #A2 or #A3. #A1, #A2, #A3 or **Optional** #A4. #A4 #A5 **Optional Optional**

	OK or NOK
IRD displays pop-up message with language selected in the settings	
IRD informs user about upgrade process when applicable	
User can cancel the ongoing upgrade process	
User can abort/postpone available update	
User is reminded about available update	



	User can disable Fully automatic mode.
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	<u>Sign</u>
Test Case	Task 11:7 Common interface plus (CI+) CAM module system software
	update
Section	NorDig Unified 10.5.5 and Content Security Extensions to the Common Interface.
	Version 1.4 (CI Plus specifikation)
Requirement	In the case of IRDs with CIP- CAM, the IRD shall also support to update the System
	Software on the CIP-CAM when such software is broadcast.
TDD D (#1 ()	The IRD shall inform the user whether there is an IRD update or CIP-CAM update.
IRD Profile(s)	all IRDs
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
1 est procedure	To verify the CI+ CAM module can be updated.
	To verify the error module can be aparted.
	Equipment:
	Test setup described in 2:11:2 Test equipment summary
	Software to upgrade
	To describe the second
	Test procedure: 1 Setup equipment for broadcast CI+ CAM update
	2 Tune the IRD to the multiplex which is carrying the CI+ CAM update
	3 Verify that CI+ CAM can be updated with CI+ IRD
	5 voilly that CIT CITIT can be appeared with CIT IRD
	Expected result:
	All test results are OK.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information

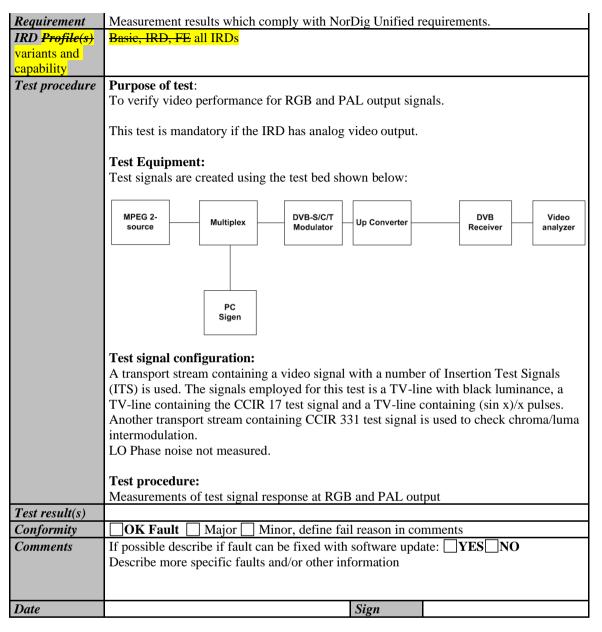
2.12 Task 12: Performance

Date

Test Case	Task 12:1 Video performance
Section	NorDig Unified 11.2

Sign





Test Case	Task 12:2 Audio performance
Section	NorDig Unified 11.3
Requirement	Verify test protocol from manufacturer for compliance with NorDig Unified. The manufacturer shall also guarantee that data are typical for the IRD version in regular sale. The measured audio test items shall comply with NorDig Unified requirements (Table 11.1)
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Verify performance of audio output signals by checking test protocol from manufacturer.

	This test is mandatory if the has analog audio output. interface.	
	Test Equipment:	
	Test signals are created using the test beds shown below:	
		Spectrum analyzer
	MPEG 2- Source Multiplex DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver	_
		Oscilloscope
	PC Sigen	
	Test signal configuration: Several transport streams containing various audio test signals is used. The a used for this test includes: - Audio multiburst (L+R), 40 Hz to 15 kHz, - 6.0 dBr . Each burst with 1 s d - 40 sec audio burst (L+R), 1.0 kHz, 0.0 dBr, followed by 40 sec silence 1 sec audio bursts (R), 15 kHz, + 10.0 dBr. (L): silence.	
	Test procedure: Audio signal measurements	
	Expected results: Audio performance of the decoded digital audio signal in analog audio output with required NorDig Unified performance.	it comply
	Note: 0 dBr refers to a level equal to full scale -12 dB. (Full scale is the level whe starts to occur). 0 dBu refers to a voltage equal to $0.7446~V_{rms}$.	ere clipping
Test result(s)		
Conformity Comments	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO	
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	
Total Carrie	Took 42:2 Zonning time	
Test Case	Task 12:3 Zapping time	
Section	NorDig Unified 11.4	
Requirement	The NorDig IRD's zapping time for the services shall satisfy the requiremen	ts given in
	Table 11.2. The figures in Table 11.2 shall be met for an input signal which has:	
	• video GOP length of 12, around half a second (i.e. 12 frames for interlaced	50Hz
	video, 24 frames for progressive 50 Hz/fps video).	
	• a repetition rate of ECM of 2 per second (for scrambled services)	
	• repetition rate of PAT and PMT of 10 times per second and	

A limited number of measurements to verify basic audio performance.



	• maximum PTS-to-PCR relative delay shall be	
	The picture on the display during the zapping sound shall be muted until the new session has	
	Note:	
	The figures in the table are valid for two servi multiplexes and for both scrambled and unscra	
	The figures in the table are also valid for any	service type (i.e. 0x01, 0x16, 0x19, 0x1F,
	0x20) as well as for any video codec (H.262/N H.265/HEVC/MPEG-H).	MPEG-2, H.264/AVC/MPEG-4,
IDD D ("I ()	,	
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	
	Verify zapping times	
	Test Equipment:	
	Test bed with a transport stream with differen scrambled	t TV services, scrambled and non
	IRD under test	
	Test procedure:	
	 A limited number of sample tests are Fill in test results 	done to check zapping times.
	Expected results: Note: The figures in table shall be met for a G	OP length of 12, around half a second (i.e.
	12 frames for interlaced 50Hz video, 24 frame	es for progressive 50 Hz/fps video), a
	repetition rate of ECM of 2 per second and a r times per second. The picture on the display d	
	frozen or black and the sound shall be muted the figures in the table are valid for any reception.	
	IRD Type	Average max zapping time
	IRD with embedded CAS	2.5 seconds
	IRD with CI and using a CAM	3.5 seconds
Test result(s)		
Test resuti(s)	IRD Type	Average max zapping time/s
	IRD with embedded CAS	
	IRD with CI and using a CAM	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail	reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with s	



	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



2.13 Task 13: Service Information

2.13.1 General

These test tasks differ from the normal NorDig division of the test tasks. These test tasks are not listed in that order as the requirements appear in NorDig specification. Instead the order of the test tasks are divided in to a order how the different information data shall be able to be retrieved, handled and updated by the NorDig IRDreceiver. This division in this context is defined as following:

- → Static PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRDreceiver in the channel search or first time initialization.
- → Quasi static PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRDreceiver when it is toggled between stand-by mode and active mode or vice versa.
- → Dynamic PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRDreceiver whenever a change in the data occurs.

In order to maintain the reference to requirements, in every test task, the requirement from the specification is referenced.

Test Case	Task 13:1 SI: General
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasistatic" SI data after itreturns to active from stand-by mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that istypically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. The NorDig IRD shall at least start action for any changes in the received "dynamic" PSI and SI data,(PMT, EIT, TDT/TOT, running status and CA mode) within 1 second. (As a guideline for theimplementation, the trigger for changes in received tables can be based on comparing the 'version id' inthe tables).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	This is general requirement that will be test in following tests.

Test Case	Task 13:2 SI: General – Undefined data structures
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1
Requirement	Descriptors or other data structures that are currently undefined or are unknown to NorDig IRD shall be skipped and shall not cause any harm. This means for example that NorDig IRD shall ignore/skip the complete text string that is using DVB character tables that the IRD does not support.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: Confirm the proper function



Test procedure:
It is a general requirement, which is tested, in the following tests.

Test Case	Task 13:3 SI: General – 'Actual' and 'Other' tables
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1
Requirement	The IRD shall be able to process the PSI/SI tables, both for the 'Actual' and for 'Other' transport streams. The NorDig IRD shall be able to process the PSI/SI tables, both for the 'Actual' and for 'Other' transport streams. SI tables for the 'Other' transport streams, SI _{other} , should be seen as informative and shall always be double checked with the corresponding SI tables for the 'Actual' transport stream, SI _{actual} .
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	This is a general requirement, which is tested, in the following tests.

Test Case	Task 13:4 SI: SI data available through an API (HbbTV)
Section	NorDig Unified 15.2 12.1
Requirement	The NorDig HbbTV IRD shall support all mandatory features and requirements of HbbTV v2.0.2 as specified in ETSI TS 102 796 v1.5.1 specification or later version, including the most recently published errata from the HbbTV Association.
	The NorDig IRD with an HbbTV based profile (NorDig HbbTV shall support all the DVB SI additions as defined in the HbbTV v. 1.5 ETSI TS 102 796 v.1.2.1 specification [30].
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Hybrid, IRD, FE HbbTV IRD
Test procedure	This means that the NorDig HbbTV IRD shall support all the DVB SI additions as defined in the HbbTV ETSI TS 102 796 specification.
	In case of NorDig Basic IRD without HbbTV-API: Not tested.
	In case of NorDig HbbTV IRD Enhanced: This test is part of the HbbTV Test Suite. Not tested here

Test Case	Task 13:5 SI: Text strings and field size of the SI descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.7
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall support the character tables specified in Table 12.4. The NorDig IRD shall support the character tables specified in Table 12.4. Respective character table in NorDig transmission is signalled by using bytes in the beginning of text field according to ETSI EN 300 468 Annex A.2 and as reproduced for convenience in Table 12.4.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs



variants and							
Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
	Check the alphabet t	ables.					
	Equipment:						
	MPEG 2- source	ıltinley ———	/B-S/C/T odulator	Up Conver	ter	DVB Receiver	Monitor
	SI	Inserter					
	TS containing in SI defined by the operatext strings should at example when testing string should include 'Latin Alphabet number which table is used (tor/network). To least include configure of the configuration of the configurati	o make it haracters 'bet No. 5' ters "ÅÄĊ t string in	esier to of specifical	detect if IF " for that of Nordic åäö" defin ild be mad	RD use rig characters characters ed in chara e to easy o	ht table. The set/table, for s, then text seter table lifferentiate
	Test procedure: 1. Play-out test srear character tables belo tables shall be tested • NIT	<mark>w (e.g.</mark> "Latin <i>I</i>					
	 ne LC SDT Se EIT Ev Sh 	twork_name CD v2.0 channe rvice_name tent name ort_event (short tended_event			ı)		
	2. Verify that text str	i <mark>ngs are display</mark>	ed as cod	ed in "L a	<mark>atin Alpha</mark>	bet numbe	e r 5"
	2. Verify that NorDi	g IRD racter as expect	ed (tip: co	mnare v	vith DVR	SI snec) a	nd
	• that charact	er table bytes (s	start bytes) nor cor	ntrol codes	are not p	
	Fill in result in table 3. change to another						is coded with
	another of the charac						
	Expected result:						
	All text strings are d	isplayed as defi	ned.				
Test result(s)		CI.	,		g .		OW
	Table description	Character co		i <mark>rst</mark> yte	Second byte	Third byte	OK/ NOK/ Not
	Latin Alphabet	ISO/IEC 693	7+ € N	<mark>/A</mark>	N/A	N/A	tested
	Latin Alphabet No. 5	ISO/IEC 885	9-9 02	<mark>(05</mark>	N/A	N/A	
	Western Europe	ISO/IEC 885	9-1 02	<mark><10</mark>	0x00	0x01	

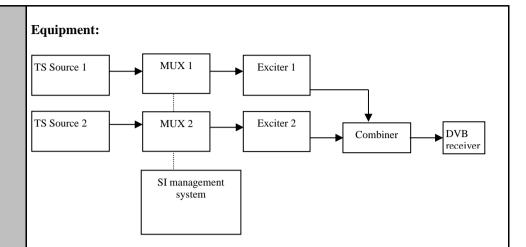


	North and North-	ISO/IEC 8859-4	0x10	0x00	0x04		
	East European				<u> </u>		
	Latin Alphabet	ISO/IEC 8859-15	0x10	0x00	0x0F		
	No. 9						
	<add tables=""></add>						
]
	Note The requirements for character table support can also be specified by the						
	network/CA operator	<mark>f.</mark>					
		. 🗖					
Conformity	UOK Fault ∐ Ma	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \(\subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)						
	Describe more specif	fic faults and/or other	information	on			
Date			Sign				

2.13.2 Static PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 13:6 NIT_actual – frequency_list_descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.7
Requirement	12.2.1 The Network Information Table Descriptors NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted for NorDig terrestrial IRDs:
	Network_name_descriptor Service_list_descriptor Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor
	Linkage_descriptor Private_data_specifier_descriptor Frequency_list_descriptor Nordig Logic_channel_descriptor version 1
	NorDig Logic_channel_descriptor version 2 12.2.7 Frequency List Descriptor The Frequency List Descriptor lists frequencies where the transport stream occurs, in addition to the frequency given by the system delivery descriptor. (e.g. the transport stream is broadcast on the frequency given by the system delivery descriptor or broadcast on one of the frequencies given by the frequency list descriptor. This feature can be used in terrestrial networks where the same transport stream can be received on more than one frequency.)
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB T, DVB T2 Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check that when there is not correct center_frequency signalled in terrestrial_system_delivery_desc, but the alternative frequencies are available in Frequency_list_desc.
	Note: This test is only for terrestrial IRDs.





	Service1	Service2	
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	NIT: 3)
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	terrestrial_system_delivery_
Network id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	descriptor centre_frequency
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	fl MHz
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	frequency_list_descriptor
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible	centre_frequency f3 MHz
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	
Network id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible	

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

Test can be made either upon DVB-T or DVB-T2 signals (for DVB-T2 then use instead T2 Terrestrial delivery system descriptor).

Test procedure:

- 1. Transmit MUX1 at frequency f1 and MUX2 at frequency f2.
- Perform factory reset and new channel search.
- 3. Verify that services on MUX1 can be received correctly.
- 4. Zap to a service on MUX2.
- Change the MUX1 frequency to f3.
- 6. Verify that the IRD is able to utilize the information given in the NIT frequency list descriptor and receive the services on MUX1.
- 7. Transmit MUX1 at frequency f2 and MUX2 at frequency f1.
- 8. Perform factory reset and new channel search.
- 9. Verify that services on MUX1 and MUX2 can be received correctly.

Expected result:

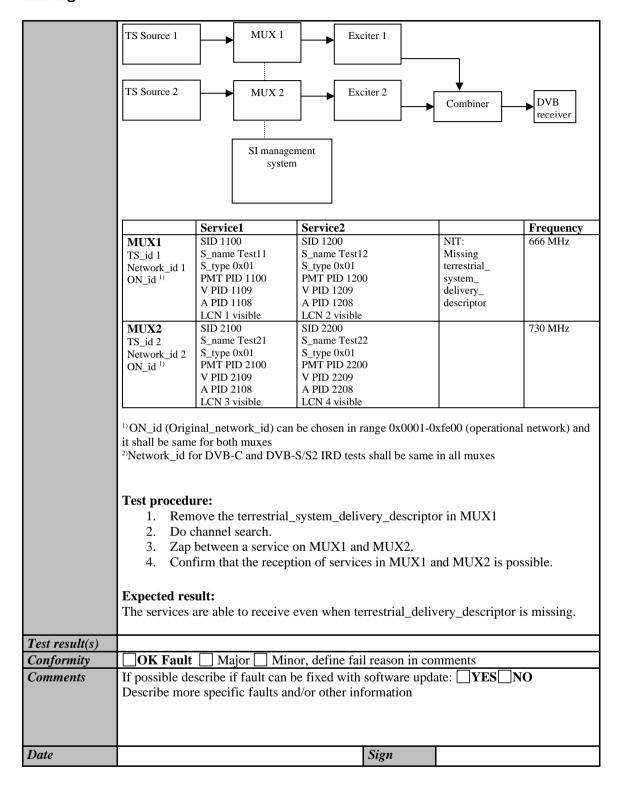
Terrestrial IRD is able to follow the frequency_list_descriptor and tune to the services, if there is an incorrect frequency in the terrestrial_system_delivery_descriptor. Incorrect centre frequency in frequency list descriptor does not cause any harm for the reception.

³⁾ Frequencies f1, f2 and f3 shall be different.



Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 13:7 NIT_actual – Missing terrestrial_system_delivery_descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.4;
Requirement	12.2.1 The Network Information Table Descriptors NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted for NorDig terrestrial IRDs: Network_name_descriptor Service_list_descriptor Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor Linkage_descriptor Private_data_specifier_descriptor Frequency_list_descriptor Nordig Logic_channel_descriptor version 1
	NorDig Logic_channel_descriptor version 2 12.2.4 Terrestrial Delivery System Descriptor NorDig IRDs should use the modulation parameters (see below) in the terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor as a recommendation when trying to tune to a multiplex. The NorDig IRD should, however, always be able to detect the modulation from the transmission itself (e.g. assisted by TPS bits). Operators can broadcast the same transport stream in the same network using different modulation parameter settings. This allows for optimization of the network coverage in frequency planning involving SFN and MFN combination networks. The modulation parameters carried in the terrestrial_network_descriptor are recommended to be the one applicable to the majority of receivers in that network.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T, DVB-T2 Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the functionality of the receiverNorDig terrestrial IRD when there is no terrestrial_system_delivery_desc signaled for DVB-T signals. Note: This test is only for terrestrial IRDs.
	Equipment:



Test Case	Task 13:8 NIT_actual – Missing T2_delivery_system_descriptor				
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.5;				
Requirement	12.2.1 The Network Information Table Descriptors NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted for NorDig terrestrial IRDs:				



Network_name_descriptor Service list descriptor Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor Linkage_descriptor

Private data specifier descriptor

Frequency_list_descriptor

Nordig Logic channel descriptor version 1 NorDig Logic channel descriptor version 2

12.2.5 T2 Delivery System Descriptor

T2 delivery system descriptor is signaled in the extension descriptor.

The NorDig IRD-T2 shall use the system parameters in the

T2 delivery system descriptor to determine the mapping between

original network id/network id/transport stream id and T2 system id/plp id.

The NorDig IRD-T2 should use the other system parameters in the

T2 delivery system descriptor as a recommendation when trying to tune to a multiplex. The NorDig IRD-T2 should, however, always be able to detect these system parameters from the transmission itself (i.e. assisted by L1 signalling).

Operators can broadcast the same transport stream in the same network using different system parameter settings, reflected in a different T2 system id. This allows for

optimization of the network coverage in frequency planning involving SFN and MFN combination networks.

IRD Profile(s) variants and **capability**

Basic, IRD, DVB-T, DVB-T2 Terrestrial IRD

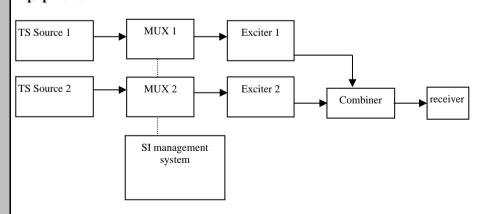
Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the functionality of the receiver NorDig terrestrial IRD for the missing T2 delivery system descriptor signaled through the extension descriptor for DVB-T2 <mark>signals</mark>.

Note: This test is only for terrestrial NorDig-T2 IRDs.

Equipment:



	Service1	Service2		Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	NIT:	666 MHz
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	Missing T2_	
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	delivery_	
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	system_	
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	descriptor	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible		



	MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200			730 MHz
	TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test2	2		
	Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01			
	ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 220	0		
		V PID 2109	V PID 2209			
		A PID 2108	A PID 2208			
		LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible			
	DON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes. Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes Test procedure: 1. Remove the T2_delivery_system_descriptor in MUX1 2. Do channel search. 3. Zap between a service on MUX1 and MUX2. 4. Confirm that the reception of services in MUX1 and MUX2 is possible.					
	Expected res	ult:				
	The services are able to receive even when T2_delivery_system_descriptor is missing.					
	The services are asset to receive even when 12_denvery_system_descriptor is imaging.					
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Min	or, define fai	l reason in co	mments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
		P				
Date				Sign		

Test Case	Task 13:9 SDT_actual service_descriptor and CA_identifier_descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6, 12.3.2 and 12.3.3
Requirement	SDT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted: Service_descriptor CA_identifier_descriptor Linkage_descriptor 12.3.3 CA Identifier Descriptor This descriptor may be present in the SDT when at least one service component is scrambled. The CA_system_id is allocated by ETSI and is given by ETSI ETR 162. The descriptor may be used statically (recommended). It will in that case be set according to the services regular/normal scrambling status. Alternatively, it may be used dynamically, in accordance with the current services scrambling status. This static use enables IRDs to "grey mark" services that cannot be descrambled due to lack of the required CA-system for the relevant service(s). It allows the IRD to display services that are only temporary (event based) scrambled.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the Service descriptor and CA identifier descriptor (CA system id). Equipment:



	MPEG 2- source	Multiplex	DVB-		Up Co	nverter			DVB Receiver
							I	L	
		Service1	Service2		Servic	ee3		Free	quency
		SID 1100	SID 1200		SID 130				be chosen
	11.1011	Service type 0x01	Service type	0x02	Service	type 0x	0C	depe	nding of
		S_name Test11	S_name Test			e Test13		the d	istribution
	ON_id 1) I	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 120	00		ID 1300		medi	a
		V PID 1109	V PID 1209		V PID				
		A PID 1108	A PID 1208		A PID				
		Logical_chan_desc 1	Logical_chan	_desc 2	_	l_chan_d	lesc 3		
		visible	visible		visible				
		Encrypted	Clear		Clear				
	¹⁾ ON_id (Origina	l_network_id) can	be chosen in r	ange 0x0	0001-02	xfe00 (operati	iona	l network)
	CA_identifier_c	descriptor may be	present in the	he SDT	<mark>when a</mark>	t least	one sei	rvice)
		erambled. The CA	-		•			_	
		<mark>ptor may be used</mark> services regular/	2 \						
								11 1111	ay be useu
	J J J	accordance with							
		<mark>enables IRDs to "g</mark>							
	lack of the requ	ired CA system f	<mark>or the releva</mark>	nt servic	ce(s). It	t allow	s the II	RD t	o display
	services that are	re only temporary (event based) scrambled.							
	Test procedure								
	CA_sy CAS of any CA CA_sy 2. Do the 3. Verify	erify that CA_identifier_descriptor is signaled in SDT_actual for anot A_system_id than supported by the receiverNorDig IRD (IRD embed AS or IRD with CI and a CAM). If the receiverNorDig IRD doesn't say CA system, the used CA system in EIT_actual p/f can have any val A_system_id. The other first time initialization or a channel search erify that the service1 is displayed as non-available, e.g. "grey marked result:				<mark>oedded</mark> 't support valid			
	The service1 is displayed as non-available by the receiver.								
Test result(s)		_							
Conformity	OK Fault		or, define fai						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information								
Date				Sign					

2.13.3 Quasi static PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 13:10 Quasi static update of SDT_actual
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.1
Requirement	The IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data, (NIT and SDT i.e. SI that is normally stored in the flash memory for service





	navigations such as service_name, service_ID, number of services), after it return to active from stand-by mode.					
	The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the quasi-static use of the SDT_actual information.					
	Equipment:					
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter Receiver Monitor					
	Test procedure:					
	 Start with a TS containing at least 4 TV services, in the NorDig IRD perform a service installation, verify all services available in service list. Change the information in SDT; service_name (e.g. for service 1 on logical channel number 1) service_ID (e.g. for service 2 on logical channel number 2) remove one original services (e.g. service 3 on logical channel number 3) add one new service (e.g. service 4 on logical channel number 4) Check that the changes are triggered by toggling the receiver NorDig IRD from active mode to stand-by mode and vice versa (IRD may also update during normal TV mode, for example updated to viewer when changing selected service). Additionally changed tables / descriptors write down in comments which information is changed.					
	Expected result: Changes are triggered and made					
Test result(s)	Update is made: From active mode to stand-by mode From stand-by mode to active mode In stand-by mode					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					



Test Case	Task 13:11 Quasi-static update of SDT_actual – linkage to NorDig simulcast replacement service
Section	NorDig Unified 12.3.4
Requirement	0x82, NorDig Simulcast replacement service, linkage from an (MPEG2) SDTV based service to an (MPEG4 AVC) HDTV replacement service with the same content. It may be used during simulcasting of a service in both an SDTV and an HDTV version on separate service ids with same content within the same original network id. This linkage may be included in the (MPEG2) SDTV service (service_type 0x01) within the SDT pointing to the HDTV version (service_type 0x19) of the service. Whenever it is used, it will be used quasi-static.
	When an SDTV service includes this NorDig simulcast—replacement service linkage (0x82) pointing to the HDTV version of the service, the NorDig HD IRDs that are able to receive both the SDTV and the HDTV services shall only include the HDTV version/(service) of the two services within its TV service list.
	(Clarification: If no 'NorDig Simulcast replacement service' linkage is included, both services shall be included. If only the (MPEG 2) SDTV version (service_type 0x01) is possible to receive (due to e.g. reception problems/limitations), the (HDTV) IRD shall include this service even if it earries a linkage 'NorDig simulcast replacement service').
	The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio). 12.3.4 The following linkages type value shall be interpreted by a NerDig IRD when used.
	The following linkage_type value shall be interpreted by a NorDig IRD when used inside the SDT:
	0x82, NorDig Simulcast replacement service, linkage from one TV based service to another TV replacement service with the same content, typical usage it to hide/not include the "old" version of the service and only list the "new" version in the IRD's service list. For example, it may be used during simulcasting of a service in both an (MPEG2/H.262) SDTV and an (AVC/H.264) HDTV version on separate service ids with same content within the same original network id, or during simulcasting an (AVC/H.264) HDTV and an (HEVC/H.265) UHDTV version with the same content. The linkage will be included in the SDT for the "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced (hidden) and pointing to the "new" replacement service. Whenever it is used, it will be used quasi-static.
	For NorDig IRDs that are able to receive both the "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced (hidden) and the "new" replacement service, they shall only include the "new" replacement TV version/(service) of the two services within its TV service list. The "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced (hidden) may be omitted or hidden at the end of the list, dependant of IRD implementation. The method shall be service type independent (1).
	Clarification: If no 'NorDig Simulcast replacement service' linkage is included, both services shall be included. If only the "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced





(hidden) is possible to receive and decode and not the new replacing service (due to e.g. reception problems or codec/service type limitations), then then NorDig IRD shall include and display the "old" TV service that is intended to be replaced in the service list even if it carries this linkage 'NorDig simulcast replacement service'.

Note1: NorDig IRDs that are launced before 1 July 2020, are allowed to support this only for MPEG2/H.262 SDTV services that are pointing to AVC/H.264 HDTV or HEVC/H.265 replacement services.

Note: Broadcaster should not use this replacement from a higher service_type value (e.g. AVC/H.264) point to replacement service with a lower service_type value (e.g. MPEG2/H.262).

Variants and capability

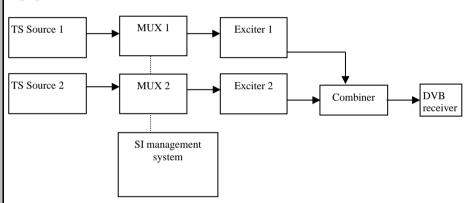
Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs

Test procedure

Purpose of test:

To verify the support for the linkage to simulcast replacement service in SDT_actual.

Equipment:



	Service1	Service2	Service3	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	depending of
Network id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x19	S_type 0x1F	the distribution
ON id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	media
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	
	LCN Ver.1: 1 visible	LCN Ver.1: 2 visible	LCN Ver.1: 3 visible	
	LCN Ver.2: 1 visible	LCN Ver.2: 2 visible	LCN Ver.2: 3 visible	
	Service4	Service5	Service6	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	Can be chosen
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	depending of
Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x19	the distribution
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	media, but
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	V PID 2309	cannot be same
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	as in MUX1
	LCN Ver.1: 4 visible	LCN Ver.1: 5 visible	LCN Ver.1: 6 visible	
	LCN Ver.2: 4 visible	LCN Ver.2: 5 visible	LCN Ver.2: 6 visible	
	SDT_actuallinkage_d	SDT_actuallinkage_d		
	esc:	esc:		
	NorDig Simulcast	NorDig Simulcast		
	replacement service	replacement service		
	pointing to service2	pointing to service3		
	on MUX1	on MUX1		
	UII WIUAI	OII WIO AI		

 $^{1)}$ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes





	Note 1: NorDig Simulcast replacement service has value 0x82 in linkage_descriptor.					
	Note 2: Service 26 in MUX2 is only for convenience that the HDTV receiver stores service 46 MUX2 in the service list.					
	Test procedure:					
	 Verify that the SDT_actuallinkage_descriptor to a simulcast replacement service1 in MUX2 points to service2 in MUX1. Verify following services are able to be received and decoded: Test11, Test12 and Test22 Remove SDT_actual linkage_descriptor 0x82 from SDT_actual in MUX2 Toggle receiver to standby and power on it Verify following services are able to be received and decoded: Test11, Test12, Test21 and Test22 Add SDT_actual linkage_descriptor 0x82 to SDT_actual in MUX2 Toggle receiver to standby and power on it Verify following services are able to be received and decoded: Test11, Test12 and Test22 					
	Expected result:					
	Verify that receiver stores only HDTV service (service2 in MUX1) instead of simulcast SDTV service (service1 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is signaled.					
	Verify that receiver stores only UHDTV service (service3 in MUX1) instead of simulcast HDTV service (service2 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is signaled.					
	Verify that receiver is able to receive and decode both HDTV service (service2 in MUX1) and simulcast SDTV service (service1 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is not signaled after updating service information quasi-statically.					
	Verify that receiver stores only HDTV service (service2 in MUX1) instead of simu SDTV service (service1 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is signaled after updat service information quasi-statically.					
	Verify that receiver stores only UHDTV service (service3 in MUX1) instead of simulcast HDTV service (service2 in MUX2) when linkage_descriptor is signaled after updating service information quasi-statically.					
Test result(s)	Update is made: From active mode to stand-by mode From stand-by mode to active mode In stand-by mode					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					
	~~~					



Test Case	Task 13:12 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual – Linkage to an information service about the network		
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6		
Requirement	12.1.1 The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).		
	12.2.6 NIT Linkage descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:		
	0x01 Linkage to an information service about the network		
	0x02 Linkage to EPG service 0x04 Linkage to transport stream that carries EIT Schedule information for all services 0x09 Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service		
	<b>Linkage_type 0x01</b> ("Linkage to an information service about the network") is used for this purpose.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To check the support for the Linkage to an information service about the network descriptor.		
	Test procedure:		
	From the receiver point of view the linkage to an information service about the network, is practically read dynamically when the user request that information. However, the information of the the linkage to an information service about the network content can be updated when toggling between active mode and standby mode for faster access. The NorDig specification defines the NIT_actual as quasi-static data and therefore this test is classified as quasi-static.		
	This requirement is tested only with API.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \bigcup YES \subseteq NO\)  Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 13:13 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual – Linkage to EPG service		
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6		
Requirement	12.1.1		



The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasistatic" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).

### 12.2.6

NIT Linkage descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:

0x01 Linkage to an information service about the network

### 0x02 Linkage to EPG service

0x04 Linkage to transport stream that carries EIT Schedule information for all services 0x09 Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service

## Linkage type 0x02 ("Linkage to EPG service") is used for this purpose.

## IRD Profile(s) variants and capability

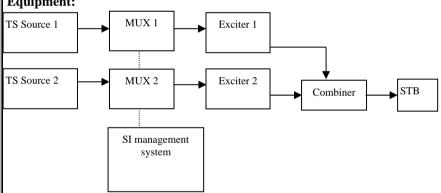
Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs

## Test procedure

## **Purpose of test:**

To check the support for the Linkage to EPG service descriptor. To test the use of the linkage_descriptor 0x02 founded in NIT.

# **Equipment:**



	Service1	Service2		Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	NIT: Linkage to	Can be
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	EPG service at	chosen
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	SID 2200	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	in Mux2	the
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 1	Logical_chan_desc 2		media.
	visible	visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	NIT: Linkage to	Can be
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	EPG service at	chosen
Network_id 2	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	SID 2200	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	in Mux2	the
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 3	Logical_chan_desc 0		media. Not
	visible	not visible		same as for
				Exciter 1

ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes





	Test procedure:  From the receiver point of view, the linkage to EPG service, is practically read dynamically when the user request the EPG. However, the information of the linkage to EPG content can be updated when toggling between active mode and standby mode for faster access. The NorDig specification defines the NIT_actual as quasi-static data and therefore this test is classified as quasi-static.  1. Check that there is an EPG service available in the stream at SID 2200. 2. Press the guide button and check that EPG is started. 3. Change a parameter in the linkage to EPG content 4. Toggle between active mode and standby mode. 5. If it is relevant, note if the data content in the linkage is updated.			
	Expected result: The EPG is started. (Not relevant for NorDig Basic)			
Test result(s)	The Break (Free rate value for Free Basis)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 13:14 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual – Linkage to TS that carriers EIT sch information for all services
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6
Requirement	The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).  12.2.6  NIT Linkage descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:
	0x01 Linkage to an information service about the network 0x02 Linkage to EPG service
	0x04 Linkage to transport stream that carries EIT Schedule information for all services in the network (i.e. "barker channel" service).
	0x09 Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service
	Linkage_type 0x04 ("Transport stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") is
IDD Duofila(a)	used for this purpose.
IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
capability	
Test procedure	



From the receiver point of view, the linkage to TS that carriers EIT sch information for all services, is practically read dynamically when the user request that information. However, the information of the the linkage to TS that carriers EIT sch information for all services content can be updated when toggling between active mode and standby mode for faster access. The NorDig specification defines the NIT_actual as quasi-static data and therefore this test is classified as quasi-static.
This requirement is tested in Task 8:44.

Test Case	Task 13:15 Quasi-static update of NIT_actual – Linkage to System Software Download service		
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.6		
Requirement	12.1.1 The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasistatic" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).  12.2.6 NIT Linkage descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:  0x01 Linkage to an information service about the network 0x02 Linkage to EPG service 0x04 Linkage to transport stream that carries EIT Schedule information for all services in the network (i.e. "barker channel" service). 0x09 Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service") is		
	used for this purpose.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the Linkage to DVB/ETSI System Software Download Service Test procedure:		
	This requirement is tested in Test Task 11.		

# 2.13.4 Dynamic PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 13:16 Dynamic update of SDT_actual running status and linkage to a service replacement service		
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 12.3.4		
Requirement	SDT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:		



#### Linkage_descriptor 0x05, linkage to a service replacement service. When present, the receiver shall automatically switch to the replacement service if the 'running_status' is set to "1" (not running) and if the receiver are able to receive the SDT containing the original service during the replacement, also switch back when 'running status" is set to "4" (running). IRD Profile(s) Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs variants and capability Test procedure **Purpose of test:** To check the support for the Linkage to service replacement service in SDT. **Equipment:** MUX 1 TS Source 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 DVB Combiner SI management system Service1 Service2 Frequency MUX1 SID 1200 SID 1100 Can be chosen S_name Test11 S_name Test12 depending of TS_id 1 S_type 0x01 S_type 0x01 the distribution Network_id 1 PMT PID 1100 PMT PID 1200 ON_id 1) media V PID 1109 V PID 1209 A PID 1108 A PID 1208 LCN 1 visible LCN 2 visible SDT: linkage_descriptor 0x05 pointing to service1 on MUX2 Service3 Service4 MUX2 SID 2100 SID 2200 Can be chosen S_name Test21 S_name Test22 depending of TS_id 2 S_type 0x01 S_type 0x01 the distribution Network_id 2 PMT PID 2100 PMT PID 2200 media, but ON_id 1) V PID 2109 V PID 2209 cannot be A PID 2108 A PID 2208 same as in LCN 3 visible LCN 4 visible MUX1 ¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes ²⁾Network id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes **Test procedure:** Verify that all service have running_status 4 (running) 1. 2. Verify that all services are able to be received and decoded 3. Choose the service2 on MUX1 4. Change running_status of service2 on MUX1 to 1 (not running)

Verify that the NorDigb IRD<del>receiver</del> automatically changes to receives and

decodes service on MUX2



	Expected result:  Verify that the NorDigb IRDreceiver automatically follows linkage to a service replacement service when running status of selected service (Service 2 on Mux1) and instead receives and decodes the linkage point to (service3 on MUX2).		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \textstyle \textstyl		
Date	Sign		
Test Case	Task 13:17 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f for short_event_descriptor and extended_event_descriptor		
Section	NorDig Unified 13.3.2		
Requirement	NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables.  The NorDig IRD manufacturer shall provide a procedure that allows the user to configure blanking of video and muting of sound for certain parental rating values.  If information is missing (i.e. not included in the transmission) the ESG shall not display an error message, instead the text information field shall stay empty (i.e. no information like "no information available").  12.4.1 EIT General The NorDig IRD shall support EIT present/following (p/f) for both actual and other tables (1).  13.3.1.2 Proper handling of EIT dataThe NorDig IRD shall be able to handle situations when the EIT is not present.		

13.3.1.3 ESG performance

The NorDig IRD **shall** maintain the full ESG up to date and be able to display the ESG within 10 seconds after selection, even if not all EIT sections have been received (in which case gaps may occur in timeline for some services).

The ESG shall be non-discriminatory and display all services on an equal basis.

The ESG **shall** process and display the relevant content of the following tables (including start-time, end-time/duration and content of all descriptors specified below incl 13.3.2 and 13.3.3).

13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT)

NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f and schedule tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables.

Event descriptors	EIT p/f	This test	EIT sch	This test
Short_event_descriptor	M M	X	M (1)	
Extended_event_descriptor	M	X	M (1)	
Component_descriptor	M		O	
Content_descriptor	M		M (1)	
Parental_rating_descriptor	M		M (1)	
CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)	O		O	

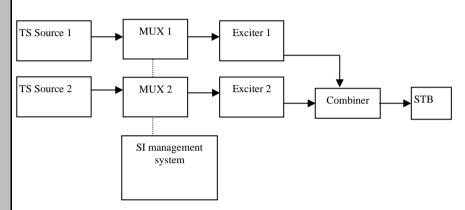


	Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)	M (2)			
	Table 2.21 EIT p/f descriptors  Note 1:EIT schedule is optional for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end. Note 2: NorDig PVR only.  13.3.2.1 Dynamic update of EIT data The EIT data shall be treated as dynamic information which means that the EIT data is often updated by the broadcaster several times during a day, for example  • The description of events may be changed/updated from when the event was first "published"/broadcasted,  • Some events may be re-scheduled,  • Past events from current day may be removed from broadcast etc.  As factory default, the NorDig IRD shall continuously monitor and update the ESG without user request to update (for example by monitoring the tables' version ids).  Information in the ESG shall be updated within 10 second after reception of the updat tables.					
	13.3.2.3 Time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data  If services have gaps in the EIT data or if services have no or missing EIT data the ES  shall not display an error message (i.e. it shall not give the impression for the user tha  IRD or the EIT data is faulty), instead the text information field should stay empty or  display informative text (like "No event information"), see recommendation of informative text in Annex F. A gap in the EIT data refers here to a gap in time betwee one event ends (start_time + duration) to the next event starts (start_time) for a service An example could be that when the IRD is still caching the EIT data (e.g. after startup do not display any text information for events and services that are missing EIT data (typically due to that the IRD has yet not received that EIT data) and after a reasonabl long time of caching (for example after analysing last_section_number etc) for missin EIT data then display informative text.					
IRD Profile(s) variants and	<del>Basic, IRD, FE</del> all IRDs					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To check that relevant contents of the EIT actual/correctly.  For the case with EIT present/following (p/f) in a carried EIT data (actual/other, a/o) for all services can:  1. Handle (decode and display) EIT actual display info about Mux1 services)  2. Handle (decode and display) EIT other prinfo about Mux2 services)  3. Handle dynamic update of EIT actual/other.  4. Following EIT descriptors to be tested:  - Short_event_descriptor  - Extended event descriptor	all TSs and all EIT es in network, veriff p/f information (e.p/f information (e.g.	containing cross by that the NorDig IRD c.g. from Mux1, g. from Mux1, display			
	- Extended_event_descriptor 5. Handle time periods with no EIT data or NorDig IRD's <b>Info banner</b> refer to display via a the IRD manufacturer) more basic information of user press info function/key on remote control or changing/zapping service. The info banner can ty event or present and following event for the selec	Graphical User In f the selected servi for a shorter time ypically display evo	terface (as defined by ce, for example when period when ent name of present			

time, relevant part of content and component information (and may also incl information relevant to viewer from PMT) etc.

NorDig IRD's **ESG/Guide** ("EPG") refers to display via a Graphical User Interface (as defined by the IRD manufacturer) program event information of ALL the services in the IRD's service list, for example when user press ESG/(EPG)/navigator function/key on remote control. The ESG typically display 8-day schedule information for the services, for example in a grid view or similar.

### **Equipment:**



	Service1	Service2	SI SI	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	EIT (PID 18)	Can be
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	actual/other p/f	chosen
Network id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	- present /following	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	<mark>a/o</mark>	the
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	- (optional	distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	Logical_chan_desc 2	schedule*)	media.
		visible	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	EIT (PID 18)	Can be
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	actual/other p/f	chosen
Network_id 2	PMT PID 2100	S_type 0x01	<ul> <li>present/following</li> </ul>	depending of
ON_id 1)	V PID 2109	PMT PID 2200	<mark>a/o</mark>	the
_	A PID 2108	V PID 2209	- (optional	distribution
	Logical_chan_desc 3 visible	A PID 2208	schedule*)	media. Not
		Logical_chan_desc 4		same as for
		visible		Exciter 1

¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

EIT abbreviations; p/f: present and following sections, a/o: actual and other sections, sch: scheduled sections.

- 1. The test setup Network shall at least consist of two or more MUXes/TSs and shall at least consist of two services per MUX.
- 2. MUX1 services' event information (EIT actual p/f) is cross-distributed to MUX2 as event information (EIT other p/f).
- 3. MUX2 services' event information (EIT actual p/f) is cross-distributed to MUX1 as event information (EIT other p/f and schedule).
- 4. (at least) One of the visible services in MUX1 shall have no EIT information and the other services (in MUX1, MUX2...) shall have EIT information.
- 5. For one of the visible services in MUX2 shall for some time periods in EIT stream be "empty" without short or extended event descriptor (ie gaps in schedule).

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



	6. The EIT shall at least contain one language (may contain several languages) and
	at least the language that is intended to test for.
	7. *) If EIT carries both EIT p/f and schedule then the EIT p/f text strings should
	differ some compared to same events in EIT schedule, to make it possible to
	indentify if IRD uses data from EIT p/f or EIT sch sections.
	Toot was and was
	Test procedure:
	1. Verify that there is one visible service with EIT information signalled on-
	MUX1, one visible service without EIT signalled on MUX1 and one service
	with EIT signalled on MUX2.
	2. Launch navigator.
	3. Check that service with and without EIT signalled is displayed correctly.
	4. Verify that the EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the
	EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information)
	1. Turn on NorDig IRD.
	<ol> <li>Turn on NorDig TRD.</li> <li>Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG.</li> </ol>
	Set IRD's language to one of the languages in the EIT.
	3. Do channel search and verify that IRD has installed in channel list all (four)
	services.
	4. Choose a service in MUX1 which EIT data and access the info banner.
	5. Check that the information on info banner is correct (EIT actual p/f).
	6. Keep the same service, but zap using the info banner to an other services.
	7. Check that the information on info banner is correct (EIT other p/f), service(s)
	without EIT data or gap between program events shall be presented without an
	error message.  Norify that the IRD can via info happer (or via ESC/Cyida) for calcuted carving
	8. Verify that the IRD can via info banner (or via ESG/Guide) for selected service and then for an other service display; start time, end time/duration, from short
	descriptor [event name, (initial) event description], from extended event
	descriptor [extended event description],. The the event text description from
	extended event description shall be displayed as a continuation from the event
	description from the short event descriptor.
	9. Change the information for a program event of a service: change start time,
	duration.
	10. Check that the changes are updated in info banner.
	11. Change the information for a program event of a service: change event name,
	and event description.  12. Check that the changes are updated in info banner.
	12. Check that the changes are apaticed in into banner.
	Expected result:
	The IRD shall display the information signalled in EIT from MUX1 and MUX2 correctly
	in info banner/ESG navigator inclusive all the descriptor defined above.
	The IRD shall not display error message for the service, which don't have EIT signaled
	or gap between two events, on MUX1.
	<u> </u>
	The ESG has equal layout for all services in one service type.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES NO</b>
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information



Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 13:18 Dynamic update of EIT data actual p/f CA_identifier_descriptor optional)				
Section	NorDig Unified 12.4.3				
Requirement	EIT_actual p/f descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:				
	NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables according to NorDig IRD specification Table 13.3 EIT descriptors.  CA_identifier_descriptor 13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT)				
	NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f and schedule tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables.				
	Event descriptors EIT p/f This test This test				
	Short_event_descriptor M (1)				
	Extended_event_descriptor M M (1)				
	Component_descriptor M O				
	Content_descriptor M (1)				
	Parental_rating_descriptor M M(1)				
	CA_identifier_descriptor (optional) O X O O				
	Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR) M (2) M (2)				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	service component is scrambled. The CA_system_id is allocated by ETSI and is given by ETR 162 [16]. When used, it will be used dynamically, i.e. following the services scrambling status, mainly targeting the ESG/EPG applications.  Basic, IRD, DVB T, DVB T2 This test is optional for NorDig IRDs				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify the support for the dynamic interpretation of the CA_identifier_descriptor in EIT_actual p/f.  This test is optional for satellite and cable IRD NorDig IRDs.  Equipment:				
	MPEG 2- source  Multiplex  DVB-S/C/T Modulator  Up Converter  DVB Receiver  Monitor				



		Service1	Service2	SI	Frequency	
	MUX1 TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	SID 1100 S_name Test11 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108 Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	SID 1200 S_name Test12 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208 Logical_chan_desc 2 visible EIT: CA_identifier_descriptor signaled for a CA_system_id	EIT (PID 18) - present/followin g a/o - schedule a/o (optional)	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media	
	¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes ²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes					
	Test procedure:					
	<ol> <li>Verify that CA_identifier_descriptor is signaled for a service2 next event_id in EIT_actual p/f for a CA_system_id supported by the NorDig IRDreceiver. If the NorDig IRDreceiver doesn't support any CA system, the used CA system in EIT_actual p/f can have any valid CA_system_id.</li> <li>Verify by accessing the ESG or EPG that the event is marked as scrambled.</li> </ol>					
	Expected res		ed in the ESG or EPG.			
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fault	Major Min	or, define fail reason in cor	nments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \) Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date			Sign			

Test Case		13:19 Dynamic update of EIT act ded_event_descriptor and conte data				
Section	NorDi	g Unified <mark>12.4</mark> 13.3.2 and 13.3.2.2				
Requirement	Short_ Extend Composition Conternation Private 13.3.2 NorDig	exeriptors mandatory to receive and integrated exeriptor led_event_descriptor led_event_descriptor led_event_descriptor ledescriptor ledescriptor ledescriptor ledescriptor ledescriptor ledescriptor ledescriptor ledescriptor ledescriptor levent Information Table (EIT) led shall make use of the EIT p/f ar ther tables.	id schedule ta		n both EIT_:	actual and
		Event descriptors	EIT p/f	This test	EIT sch	This test
	5	Short_event_descriptor	M	X	M (1)	O



		ed_event_descript	<mark>or</mark>	M	X	M (1)	O
		nent_descriptor		M	O	O	O
		t_descriptor		M		M (1)	
		l_rating_descripto		M		M (1)	
		entifier_descriptor		0	-	0	
	Conten	t_identifier_descri	iptor (PVR)	M (2)		M (2)	
	Some NorDig	tiple languages in g networks transm play the EIT data	it EIT data in n				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, IRD, I</del>	Œ all IRDs					
Test procedure	contain multi Short_event_	support for handle ple languages. <del>-the</del> <del>descriptor</del> ent_descriptor	Exciter  Exciter	1			<u>+</u>
		Service1	Service2	SI			Frequency
	MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200				Can be
	TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12		(PID 18)	. ,	chosen
	Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109	PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209		esent/follow nedule a/o (d		depending of the
	ON_1a '	A PID 1109	A PID 1208	- 801	iedule a/o (d	optional)	distribution
		Logical_chan_desc	Logical_chan_de	esc 2			media.
		1 visible	visible				
	MUX2	SID 2100	Service4 SID 2200	Rou	<del>quet SI</del>		Can be
	TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22		<del>nformation</del>	<del>in EIT.</del>	chosen
	Network_id 2	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200		(PID 18)	. ,	depending of
	ON_id 1)	V PID 2109 A PID 2108	V PID 2209 A PID 2208		esent/follow nedule a/o (d		the distribution
		Logical_chan_desc	Logical_chan_de		icauic a/o (t	prional)	media. Not
		3 visible	visible				same as for
	]						Exciter 1
	it shall be same	ginal_network_id) ca e for both muxes.				•	network) and
	2) Network_id	for DVB-C and DVI	B-S/S2 IRD tests	shall be san	ne in all m	uxes.	





- The test setup Network shall at least consist of two or more MUXes/TSs and shall at least consist of two services per MUX. MUXes/TSs shall have cross-distributed EIT.
- The EIT stream test setup shall contain:
  - two or more languages for a service were at least one language match IRD selected language in user preferences for each language tests. (Should test both for 'actual' services from present TS/MUX1 and for 'other' services from other TS/MUX2)
  - one or more languages for a service were none of languages match IRD selected language in user preferences. (Here the IRD shall present event text strings from EIT data for one language even if no match, if several none-matching to select among then it is up to IRD manufacture which is chosen).

This could for example be via different services contain cases above or different EIT test streams for each case

## **Test procedure:**

- 1. Check that the descriptors above are signalled for the two tables EIT actual and
- Choose a service which have descriptors signalled and access the info banner.
- Check that the information on info banner is correct (EIT actual p/f).
- Keep the same channel, but zap using the info banner to an other service.
- Check that the information on info banner is correct (EIT other p/f).
- 6. Change the information in content descriptor to Movie/Drama, News/Current affairs, Show/Game show, Sports, Children's/Youth programmes, Music/Ballet/Dance, Arts/Culture (without music), Social/Political issues/Economics, Education/ Science/Factual topics and Leisure hobbies, inhexadecimal values 0x1 0xA respectively.
- 7. Check that the changes are updated in info banner.
- 1. Ensure that the NorDig IRD has installed services in from all test Muxes.
- 2. Set IRD's language in user preferences to the first language to be tested.
- 3. Select one service from Mux1 that contain multiple languages in EIT, one matching IRD language setting, open info banner.
- 4. Check that the language in text strings in info banner from the EIT data matches the selected language setting of the IRD, (if supported by IRD check both event name, event description from both short and extended descriptor), note result in test result.
- If IRD in info banner can present event info of services from 'other' services in other TS, "zap" inside info banner to service in 'other' TS/Mux2 (while still decoding service from Mux1).
- 6. Check that the language in text strings in info banner from the EIT data matches the selected language setting of the IRD, (if supported by IRD check both event name, event description from both short and extended descriptor), note result in test result.
- 7. Open up the ESG
- 8. Check that the language in text strings in ESG from the EIT data matches the selected language setting of the IRD for both 'actual' service (Mux1) and for 'other' service (Mux2), (check both event name, event description from both short and extended descriptor), note result in test result, note result in test result.
- 9. Continue the test to set IRD's language in user preferences to the next language to be tested, perform step 3-8 until all languages that is intended to be tested is tested.
- 10. Select one service from Muxes (or a EIT test stream) that do NOT contain sny matching languages in EIT compared to the IRD language settting, open ESG.
- 11. Check that IRD present text strings in ESG from one of the available language(s) for the service EIT data.



	Expected result:					
	The info banner shows the information signalled in descriptors above and it is changed					
	the information is updated.					
Test result(s)						
	steps	IRD language settings	Test resi	ılt (OK/N	NOK/not tes	sted)
	всеры	iniguage seeings		oanner		SG
			'actual'	'other'	'actual'	'other'
	2.0	Z	actual	Other	actual	ouiei
	3-8	<language 1=""></language>				
	3-8	<language 2=""></language>				
	<del>3-8</del>	<language 3=""></language>				
	<mark>3-8</mark>	<a href="#"><language 4=""></language></a>				
	<b>3-8</b>	<language 5=""></language>				
	10-11	No matching language				
			*	•	•	
Conformity	ОК Б	ault Major Minor, define fai	1 reason in c	omments		
					TEC NO	
Comments		le describe if fault can be fixed with		aate: <b>Y</b>	ES_NO	
	Describe	more specific faults and/or other inf	formation			
Date			Sign			
Test Case	Task 13	2:20 Dynamic update of EIT act	ual/other p	/f conte	nt descrip	tor and
		nent_descriptor	•		•	
Section	NorDig I	Unified 12.4				
				11.		
Requirement	EII desc	<mark>riptors mandatory to receive and int</mark> e	<del>erpret 11 brot</del>	<del>iacastea:</del>		
	<b>1</b>					
		ent_descriptor				
		l <u>_event_descriptor</u>				
		<mark>ent_descriptor</mark>				
		<mark>descriptor</mark>				
	Parental_rating_descriptor					
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor					
	CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)					
	13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT)					
	NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f and schedule tables from both EIT_actual and					
	EIT othe				_	
		<b>Event descriptors</b>	EIT p/f	This	EIT sch	<b>This</b>
		Event descriptors	Lai p/i		Lii scii	
	CI		) A	test	NA (1)	test
		ort_event_descriptor	M		M (1)	
		tended_event_descriptor	M		M (1)	
	Co	mponent_descriptor	M M	X	O	O
	Co	ntent_descriptor	M	X	M (1)	
		rental_rating_descriptor	M		M (1)	
		identifier_descriptor (optional)	0	1	0	
		ntent_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)	+	M (2)	
IDD D CIT (			IVI ( <i>L</i> )		IVI (2)	
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IR	<del>.D, FE</del> all IRDs				
variants and						
capability						

# Test procedure

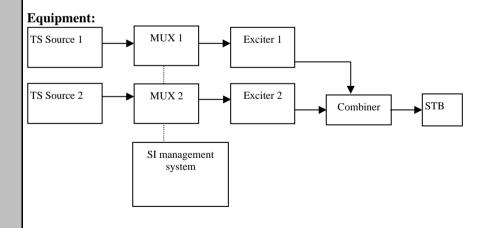
# Purpose of test:

To check the support for the following descriptors in EIT p/f: Content_descriptor (because it is needed in component descriptor) Component_descriptor

This test is a subset of the all combinations of values defined for content_descriptor / component_descriptor. The following combinations are tested:

Stream_content and stream_content_ext	Component_desc	Language
0x1	0x03 (MPEG2) SD video, 16:9, 25Hz without pan	swe/fin/nor/dan/ice/sami
0x3	0x20 (DVB) subtilting hard-of-hearing	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x4	(AC3) multichannel	
0x5	0x03 (MPEG4 AVC) SD video, 16:9, 25Hz	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x5	0x0B (MPEG4 AVC) HD video, 16:9, 25Hz	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
<mark>0x6</mark>	0x03 (HE-AAC) strereo normal	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
<mark>0x6</mark>	0x05 (HE-AAC) multichannel normal	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
<mark>0x6</mark>	0x44 (HE-AAC) audio description	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x9 0x0	0x04 (HEVC) UHD SDR	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x9 0x0	0x05 (HEVC UHD HDR (PQ)	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x9 0x1	0x04 (AC4) multichannel normal (HEVC IRDs)	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami
0x9 0x1	0x08 (AC4) audio description	swe/fin/nor/dan/gle/sami

This test is a subset of the all of values defined for content_descriptor, the test should be for all content_nibble_level_1 categories (0x0, 0x1, 0x2...0xB).



Service1	Service2	<mark>SI</mark>	Frequency



	it shall be same	e for both muxes. For DVB-C and DVE	_	EIT (PID 18) - present/following a/o - schedule a/o (optional)  Bouquet SI All information in EIT.  EIT (PID 18) - present/following a/o - schedule a/o (optional)  0x0001-0xfe00 (operational)  be same in all muxes	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media.  Can be chosen depending of the distribution media. Not same as for Exciter 1
	<ol> <li>Check that these descriptors doesn't cause any harm for the receiver and the content of the component descriptor is displayed correctly.</li> <li>Change the information in content_descriptor to Movie/Drama, News/Current affairs, Show/Game show, Sports, Children's/Youth programmes, Music/Ballet/Dance, Arts/Culture (without music), Social/Political issues/Economics, Education/ Science/Factual topics and Leisure hobbies, in hexadecimal values 0x1 - 0xB respectively.</li> <li>Check that the changes are updated in info banner.</li> </ol>				
	Expected result:  Content_descriptor and component_descriptor don't cause any harm if they are not visible.  Content_descriptor and component_descriptor are decoded correctly if they are visible in info banner or/and ESG.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault		or, define fail reaso		_
Comments			be fixed with softwad/or other informat		)
Date			Sign		
<del></del>					

Test Case	Task 13:21 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f parental_rating_descriptor
Section	NorDig Unified 13.3.2 <mark>.4</mark>
Requirement	The IRD manufacturer shall provide a procedure that allows the user to configure blanking of video and muting of sound for certain parental rating values (in parental_rating_descriptor in the EIT p/f).  13.3.2.4 Parental Control from EIT data



The parental rating descriptor is used to give a rating of programme events based on age or other criteria and is used to prevent children from viewing unsuitable programme events. Parental rating may differ from one country to another, according with DVB SI Guidelines (ETSI TS 101 211). The typically case is that parental rating is dynamic and varies from one program event to another for one service.

The NorDig IRD **shall** provide a parental rating functionality that, when enabled, blanks video and mutes sound out of the IRD whenever the incoming rating value in the parental rating descriptor of the EIT data of current viewed programme event (present event) is higher than IRD's user setting. The user **shall** be able to enable and disable the parental functionality and when enabled to configure a minimum age/level (in years). It should make use of 4 digits pin code or similar to access and change settings (a technique that prevent easy access for a child). See section 16 for factory default user preference settings.

The IRD may/should in addition offer the viewer a fast way of temporary disable blanking and muting of a service with higher rating than settings via user entering pin code or similar. This temporary disable of parental rating should continue as long as IRD stays on selected service and go back to user preference settings after change of service or re-start of IRD.

The IRD should start/(stop) its blanking video and muting audio within 1 second after reception of selected service's present event information containing parental rating higher/(lower) than its user settings but **shall** at least within 10 seconds react after reception of parental rating information in the EIT data.

For NorDig PVR see also section 14.3.9 Full Service Recording and section 14.4.5 Full service playback.

# IRD Profile(s) variants and capability

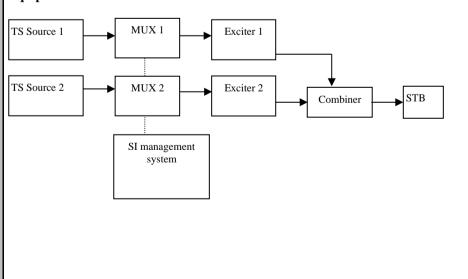
Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs

### Test procedure

### **Purpose of test:**

To check that muting of audio and blanking of video works based upon value in EIT present section parental rating descriptor for selected service.

### **Equipment:**





	Service1	Service2		Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200		Can be
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12		chosen
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01		depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200		the
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209		distribution
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		media.
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible		
	EIT for service,	EIT for service, present		
	- initial/first (present)	program event, parental		
	program event, parental	rating: high (e.g. 15years)		
	rating: low (e.g. 3years),			
	- next second event, parental			
	rating: high (e.g. 15 years),			
	- third program event			
	parental rating: low (e.g.			
	5years)			
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	Bouquet SI	Can be
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	All	chosen
Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	information	depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	in EIT.	the
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		distribution
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		media. Not
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible		same as for
				Exciter 1

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

# **Test procedure:**

- 1. Make sure that parental control is enabled in the NorDig IRD settings and that age level/setting is set to a value in the middle of the range, in order to test events with lower and higher parental rating value (e.g. 12 years). The EIT data at the start of the test shall for Service1's present event (first event) have a low parental rating value (lower than IRD's initial parental control setting) and next program event for Service1 high parental value (higher than IRD's initial parental control setting).
- 2. Verify that first present current program event in EIT for Service 1 on MUX 1 has lower parental_rating in EIT data than the parental_rating settings allowed in the preferences of the NorDig IRD on MUX 1.
- 3. Zap to channel Service 1 on MUX 1 and verify that video is visible and audio is audible.
- 4. Verify that next program event ("second event") for Service 1 on MUX 1 in the current a services EIT information is signalled for higher parental_rating as allowed in preferences of the NorDig IRD on MUX1
- 5. Let the NorDig IRD continue decoding—Watch service1 until the EIT event information is changed to next program event (ie the second program event becomes present) and verify that EIT present information is updated to the next program event (i.e. to a program event which has higher parental rating than IRD's parental control setting).
- 6. Verify that the video is blanked and the audio is muted (the IRD may display information message OSD to viewer of reason for blanking and muting).
- 7. Let the NorDig IRD continue decoding—Watch information is changed to next program (ie the third program event becomes present), and verify that EIT present information is updated to the next program event (i.e. to a program event which has the lower parental_rating as allowed in the IRD's preferences).
- 8. Verify that the video is visible and audio is audible after EIT_present update.

²⁾Network id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



	9. Verify that the EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information).		
	10. Zap to Service 2 on MUX 1 (which shall have higher parental rating than IRD's initial parental control setting) and verify that the video is blanked and the audio is muted. Zap back to Service 1 on MUX 1 and verify that video is visible and audio is audible (which shall have lower parental rating than IRD's initial parental control setting).		
	Expected result:		
	The IRD shall blank the video and mute the audio for ages that are not allowed to decode.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 13:22 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule in ESG using linkage 0x04 to EIT schedule (EIT in barker channel)
Section	NorDig Unified 12.4.7, 12.2.6, 13.3.1 and 13.3.2
Requirement	Upon user request for EIT schedule information, the IRD shall look for the reference-using linkage descriptor mechanism in the NIT and perform a frequency re-tuning if necessary. Linkage_type 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete network/bouquet-SI") shall be used to refer to EIT schedule information.  The ESG shall include the EIT present/following table.
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle situations when the EIT is not present.  The ESG shall be non-discriminatory and display all services on equal basis.
	The ESG shall process and display the relevant content of the following tables (including start time, end time/duration, and content of all descriptors specified below-
	If information is missing (i.e. not included in the transmission) the ESG shall <u>not</u> display an error message, instead the text information field shall stay empty (i.e. no information like "no information available").
	Short_event_desc Extended_event_desc Component_desc Content_desc Parental_rating_desc CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)
	12.2.6 NIT Linkage Descriptor The following linkage_type values <b>shall</b> be interpreted by a NorDig IRD, when used inside the NIT:  0x01, linkage to a service that contain information about the network 0x02, linkage to an EPG service (Test Plan, in NorDig this refer to an API based application (e.g. HbbTV) for the EPG service).



0x04, linkage to transport stream which carries EIT schedule information for all of the services in the network (i.e. "barker channel" service). (Test Plan, this refer to when a DVB network only carries EIT pf in all MPEG TS while the EIT schedule is only carried on one of the networks MPEG TSs and the other TSs points to this TS with this linkage).

0x09, linkage to DVB System Software Update service (bootloader), see section 10.

### 12.4.7 Event Information Table Schedule

Upon user request for EIT schedule information, the IRD **shall** look for the reference using linkage descriptor mechanism in the NIT and perform a frequency re-tuning if necessary. Linkage_type 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") **shall** be used to refer to EIT schedule information.

### 13.3 Event Schedule Guide (ESG)

The Event Schedule Guide (ESG) is part of the Navigator in the IRD and presents program event information for the user about its installed services via a Graphical User Interface (GUI) as defined by the IRD manufacturer.

## 13.3.1 ESG Requirements

## 13.3.1.1 ESG and length

The NorDig IRD **shall** be able to display an ESG for the user with a minimum of eight days (1) of schedule data, defined as whole days from present day and ahead according to ETSI EN 300 468. The ESG **shall** be based on the information from the EIT tables, see section 12.4 and ETSI EN 300 468.

Comment: Eight days of schedule data for the services within one NorDig network (original network) consists of typically of up to 2-4 MB of data per language.

Note 1:Support for EIT schedule is recommended (optional) for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end

## 13.3.1.2 Proper handling of EIT data

The NorDig IRD **shall** maintain proper behaviour in case of the incoming event information data for the services exceeds the available free memory for the ESG and not affect the IRD's basic service decoding and navigation.

If the NorDig IRD's memory for the ESG is exceeded, then the NorDig IRD shall prioritize the event information nearest in time and first reduce the data most far ahead in time for all service, for example via using EIT table filtering (instead of reducing service by service). (If the user has made personalized favourite service list consisting of a subset of available services, then the NorDig IRD should first priorities favourite services and then events most nearest in time).

The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle situations when the EIT is not present.

### 13.3.1.3 ESG performance

The NorDig IRD **shall** maintain the full ESG up to date and be able to display the ESG within 10 seconds after selection, even if not all EIT sections have been received (in which case gaps may occur in timeline for some services). The NorDig PVR **shall** be able to present the ESG regardless of recording status (i.e. while recording or timeshifting an event, it **shall** be possible to present the ESG).

The NorDig IRD should cache EIT data during normal service viewing to speed up time to present a full ESG after selection.

The ESG **shall** be non-discriminatory and display all services on an equal basis. The ESG **shall** process and display the relevant content of the following tables (including start-time, end-time/duration and content of all descriptors specified below incl 13.3.2 and 13.3.3).

## 13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT)



NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT	p/f tables from both EIT_	_actual and EIT_other
tables.	<del></del>	

Event descriptors	EIT p/f	EIT sch
Short_event_descriptor	M	M (1)
Extended_event_descriptor	M	M (1)
Component_descriptor	M	O
Content_descriptor	M	M (1)
Parental_rating_descriptor	M	M (1)
CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)	O	O
Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)	M (2)

## Table 2.22 EIT p/f descriptors

Note 1:EIT schedule is optional for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end. Note 2: NorDig PVR only.

## 13.3.2.1 Dynamic update of EIT data

The EIT data shall be treated as dynamic information which means that the EIT data is often updated by the broadcaster several times during a day, for example

- The description of events may be changed/updated from when the event was first "published"/broadcasted,
- Some events may be re-scheduled,
- Past events from current day may be removed from broadcast etc.

As factory default, the NorDig IRD shall continuously monitor and update the ESG without user request to update (for example by monitoring the tables' version ids). Information in the ESG shall be updated within 10 second after reception of the updated tables.

### 13.3.2.2 Multiple languages in EIT data

Some NorDig networks transmit EIT data in multiple languages; the NorDig IRD shall be able to display the EIT data from chosen language (according to user preferences).

### 13.3.2.3 Time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data

If services have gaps in the EIT data or if services have no or missing EIT data the ESG shall not display an error message (i.e. it shall not give the impression for the user that IRD or the EIT data is faulty), instead the text information field should stay empty or display informative text (like "No event information"), see recommendation of informative text in Annex F.

# IRD Profile(s) variants and capability

### Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs

## Test procedure

### **Purpose of test:**

As an alternative to broadcast full EIT schedule in all MPEG TSs for a network, some networks broadcast the EIT on one of the networks TS ("barker channel") due to limitation of bandwidth or similar reasons. In this case, all other TS (not containing EIT schedule) will have an reference inte their NIT to this "barker TS" inside with linkage 0x04. Unless the IRD can cache the EIT schedule background without effecting/disturbing the normal TV viewing (for example for IRDs with multiple tuners), the IRD shall only tune to the barker TS when user selects the ESG function ("EPG" function).

For this case with EIT schedule in a barker channel, To verify that the NorDig IRD can:

Handle EIT actual/other schedule information in ESG using the linkage_descriptor 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete

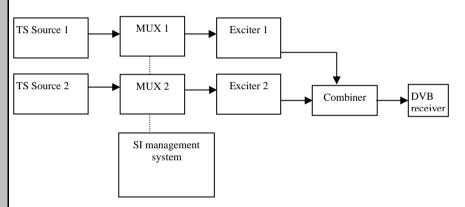


- network/bouquet SI") in NIT (ie tune to TS containing EIT sch from the linkage and cache EIT sch data)
- Handle the dynamic update of EIT actual/other schedule information in ESG when using the linkage_descriptor 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") in NIT.

## The verify the handling of the EIT schedule descriptors in NorDig Basic receiver:

- Following EIT descriptors to be tested
  - Short_event_descriptor
  - Component_descriptor
  - Extend_event_descriptor
  - o Parental_rating_descriptor
- 8 days of ESG
- that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems
- EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information
- Handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data.

## **Equipment:**



	Service1	Service2	<mark>SI</mark>	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	NIT	Can be chosen
TS id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	<ul> <li>Linkage 0x04 to Mux2</li> </ul>	depending of
Network id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01		the
ON id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	EIT (PID 18)	distribution
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	- present/following a/o	media.
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	Bouquet SI	Can be chosen
TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	All information in EIT a/o	depending of
Network id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	sch.	the
ON id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	NIT NIT	distribution
_	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		media. Not
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	EIT (PID 18)	same as for
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible	- present/following a/o	Exciter 1
			- 8 days schedule a/o	

 $^{^{1)}}$  ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

- On MUX1 in NIT_actual first loop configure linkage_type 0x04 to point to MUX2. On MUX2 configure complete transport stream/bouquet SI. In

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



linkage_descriptor the service_id shall be 0x0000. EIT p/f text strings should differ some compared to same events in EIT schedule. EIT schedule stream should include two or more languages for the events, where one of the languages is same as IRD selected user preference language. Some events in EIT stream should be "empty" without short or extended event descriptor. Test procedure: 1. Turn on NorDig IRDreceiver. 2. Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG. Set IRD's language to one of the languages in the EIT. 3. Do channel search. 4. Ensure that the IRD has selected service 2 from Mux1 5. Check in channel list or ESG that there are all (four) services available. 6. Press the Info function, verify that the IRD present event info from EIT p/f. After this exit info function back to normal TV viewing. 7. Press the ESG/Guide function (IRDs with single tuners shall now tune to Mux2 to cache EIT schedule typically resulting in video and audio from service 2 disapear). 8. Check that the EIT information is displayed correctly as signalled for 8 days (current day + 7 full days – 24 hours) in EIT schedule. Check that language in presented EIT data is as expected (according to IRD language setting)... 9. Verify that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems with the receiverIRD 10. Verify that the EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information). 11. Verify IRD can handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data (ie not display an error message) 12. Exit Guide/ESG function back to normal TV viewing, ensure that the IRD resume back to decoding service 2 in Mux1. 13. Ensure that EIT schedule content is change some, in order to verify that the IRD handle updates of EIT schedule (e.g. changing description text some for some 14. Press the Guide function again (IRDs with single tuners shall now tune to Mux2) to update EIT schedule typically resulting in video and audio from service 2 disapear). 15. Check that the EIT information is updated after some time and displayed correctly. **Expected result:** Linkage to transport stream/bouquet information is displayed correctly as signalled in EIT schedule for following descriptors: Short_event_descriptor Component_descriptor Extend event descriptor Parental rating descriptor Test result(s) NOK OR OK The services and events can be presented to viewer. EIT information is available for all services and event and it is visible to viewer. IRD handle to tune EIT sch barker channel and cache EIT sch data



	EIT pf prio over EIT sch IRD handle update EIT sch from barker EIT sch EIT is presented is correct langauge Handle empty events		
Conformity Comments	OK Fault ☐ Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments  If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: ☐ YES ☐ NO		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

Test Case	Task 13:23 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule in ESG (cross carried EIT schedule in all TSs)
Section	NorDig Unified13.3.1 and 13.3.2
Requirement	The ESG shall include the EIT present/following table.
	The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle situations when the EIT is not present.
	The ESG shall be non-discriminatory and display all services on equal basis.
	The ESG shall process and display the relevant content of the following tables (including start time, end time/duration, and content of all descriptors specified below-
	If information is missing (i.e. not included in the transmission) the ESG shall <u>not</u> display an error message, instead the text information field shall stay empty (i.e. no information like "no information available").
	Short_event_desc  Extended_event_desc Component_desc Content_desc
	Parental_rating_desc  CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)
	13.3 Event Schedule Guide (ESG) The Event Schedule Guide (ESG) is part of the Navigator in the IRD and presents program event information for the user about its installed services via a Graphical User Interface (GUI) as defined by the IRD manufacturer.
	13.3.1 ESG Requirements 13.3.1.1 ESG and length The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> be able to display an ESG for the user with a minimum of eight days (1) of schedule data, defined as whole days from present day and ahead according to ETSI EN 300 468. The ESG <b>shall</b> be based on the information from the EIT tables, see section 12.4 and ETSI EN 300 468.
	Comment: Eight days of schedule data for the services within one NorDig network (original network) consists of typically of up to 2-4 MB of data per language.  Note 1:Support for EIT schedule is recommended (optional) for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end



The NorDig IRD **shall** maintain proper behaviour in case of the incoming event information data for the services exceeds the available free memory for the ESG and not affect the IRD's basic service decoding and navigation.

If the NorDig IRD's memory for the ESG is exceeded, then the NorDig IRD shall prioritize the event information nearest in time and first reduce the data most far ahead in time for all service, for example via using EIT table filtering (instead of reducing service by service). (If the user has made personalized favourite service list consisting of a subset of available services, then the NorDig IRD should first priorities favourite services and then events most nearest in time).

The NorDig IRD shall be able to handle situations when the EIT is not present.

### 13.3.1.3 ESG performance

The NorDig IRD **shall** maintain the full ESG up to date and be able to display the ESG within 10 seconds after selection, even if not all EIT sections have been received (in which case gaps may occur in timeline for some services). The NorDig PVR **shall** be able to present the ESG regardless of recording status (i.e. while recording or timeshifting an event, it **shall** be possible to present the ESG).

The NorDig IRD should cache EIT data during normal service viewing to speed up time to present a full ESG after selection.

The ESG shall be non-discriminatory and display all services on an equal basis. The ESG shall process and display the relevant content of the following tables (including start-time, end-time/duration and content of all descriptors specified below incl 13.3.2 and 13.3.3).

# 13.3.2 Event Information Table (EIT)

NorDig IRD shall make use of the EIT p/f tables from both EIT_actual and EIT_other tables.

Event descriptors	EIT p/f	EIT sch
Short_event_descriptor	M M	M (1)
Extended_event_descriptor	M M	M (1)
Component_descriptor	M	O
Content_descriptor	M M	M (1)
Parental_rating_descriptor	M	M (1)
CA_identifier_descriptor (optional)	O	O
Content_identifier_descriptor (PVR)	M (2)	M (2)

### Table 2.23 EIT p/f descriptors

Note 1:EIT schedule is optional for NorDig IRDs with IP-based Front-end.
Note 2: NorDig PVR only.

## 13.3.2.1 Dynamic update of EIT data

The EIT data shall be treated as dynamic information which means that the EIT data is often updated by the broadcaster several times during a day, for example

- The description of events may be changed/updated from when the event was first "published"/broadcasted,
- Some events may be re-scheduled,
- Past events from current day may be removed from broadcast etc.

As factory default, the NorDig IRD **shall** continuously monitor and update the ESG without user request to update (for example by monitoring the tables' version ids). Information in the ESG **shall** be updated within 10 second after reception of the updated tables.

### 13.3.2.2 Multiple languages in EIT data

Some NorDig networks transmit EIT data in multiple languages; the NorDig IRD **shall** be able to display the EIT data from chosen language (according to user preferences).



13.3.2.3 Time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data
If services have gaps in the EIT data or if services have no or missing EIT data the ESG shall not display an error message (i.e. it shall not give the impression for the user that IRD or the EIT data is faulty), instead the text information field should stay empty or display informative text (like "No event information"), see recommendation of informative text in Annex F.
Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Purpose of test:
This is for testing the common case when network has EIT schedule cross carried (a/o) in all the networks' TSs. The EIT cycling can be fairly long, especially for the events most far ahead (day8) which can be up to 10min. The IRD can cache EIT data in background from all services. The IRD shall be triggered by this alterantive by the absence of linkage 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") in NIT (for IRDs supporting both alterantives).
For this case with EIT p/f and schedule in all TSs and all EIT containing cross carried EIT data (actual/other) for all services in network, To verify that the NorDig IRD can:  - Handle EIT actual/other schedule information  - Handle the dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f and schedule information in ESG when EIT information is signaled complete per multiplex, with other words, without using the linkage_descriptor 0x04 ("Transport Stream containing complete network/bouquet SI") in NIT.
The verify the handling of the EIT schedule descriptors in NorDig Basic receiver:  - Following EIT descriptors to be tested  - Short_event_descriptor - Component_descriptor - Extend_event_descriptor - Parental_rating_descriptor - 8 days of ESG - that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems - EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information - Handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data.  Equipment:  TS Source 1  MUX 1  Exciter 1  TS Source 2  MUX 2  Exciter 2  Combiner  DVB  receiver



	Service1	Service2	SI .	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200		Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	EIT (PID 18)	depending of
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	- present/following a/o	the distribution
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	<ul> <li>8days schedule a/o</li> </ul>	media.
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209		
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208		
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible		
	Service3	Service4		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200		Can be chosen
TS id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	EIT (PID 18)	depending of
Network id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	- present/following a/o	the distribution
ON id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	- 8 days schedule a/o	media. Not
_	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		same as for
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		Exciter 1
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible		

 $^{^{1)}}$  ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

- MUX1 event information (EIT actual p/f and schedule) is cross-distributed to MUX2 as event information (EIT other p/f and schedule).
- MUX2 event information (EIT actual p/f and schedule) is cross-distributed to MUX1 as event information (EIT other p/f and schedule).
- EIT schedule with 8 or more days of event data all services (prefereable the EIT should contain more services and should include large amount of total EIT data)
- EIT p/f text strings should differ some compared to same events in EIT schedule.
- EIT schedule stream should include two or more languages for the events, where one of the languages is same as IRD selected user preference language.
- Some events in EIT stream should be "empty" without short or extended event descriptor.

### Test procedure:

- Turn on NorDig IRDreceiver.
- 2. Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG. Set IRD's language to one of the languages in the EIT.
- 3. Do channel search.
- 4. Ensure that the IRD has selected service 2 from Mux1
- 5. Check in channel list or ESG that there areal (four) services available.
- 6. Press the Info function, verify that the IRD present event info from EIT p/f. After this exit info function back to normal TV viewing.
- 7. Wait approx. one total cycling time for the EIT schedule data (approx. 5-10min, EIT data should typically be cached in background of TV viewing mode)
- 8. Press the Guide function (IRDs can typically maintain service 2 in background, full 8-day ESG should be presented fast).
- 9. Check that the EIT information is displayed correctly as signalled for 8 days (current day + 7 full days 24 hours) in EIT schedule. Check that language in presented EIT data is as expected (according to IRD language setting)...
- 10. Verify that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT data do not cause problems with the receiverIRD
- 11. Verify that the EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigator (in case if the EIT p/f and EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information).
- 12. Verify IRD can handle time periods with no EIT data or missing EIT data (ie not display an error message)

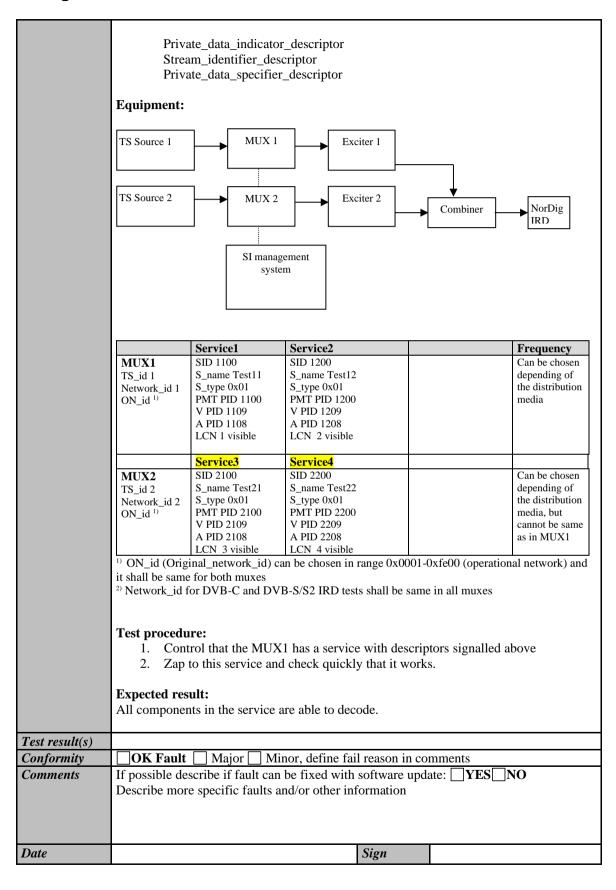
²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



	13. Exit Guide/ESG function back to normal TV veresume back to decoding service 2 in Mux1.  14. Ensure that EIT schedule content is change sorn handle updates of EIT schedule (e.g. changing events).  15. Press the Guide function again.  16. Check that the EIT information is updated after correctly.  Expected result:  - EIT information is displayed correctly as signated schedule for following descriptors:  - Short_event_descriptor  - Component_descriptor  - Extend_event_descriptor  - (Parental_rating_descriptor)  - 8 days of ESG. EIT sections transmission is back day is in UTC time, meaning for example a case currently +1h offset to UTC, the 8 day of ESG present weekday (for example Monday 1st January January 24:00/Tuesday 9th January 00:00 UTC that extended amount (more than 8 days) of EIT EIT p/f has prority over EIT schedule in navigation.	ne, in order to verify description text some resonant time and displant to the displant time and displant time and time are where the network shall be from current tary 15:00 local time, in time).  T data do not cause present to the some time of the time of time	er p/f and  and break of country has time and until full +7  Monday 8th
	EIT schedule has a conflict in EIT information  Handle time periods with no EIT data or missis		p/r and
Test result(s)			
2 050 1 05000(5)		NOK OR OK	
	The services and events can be presented to viewer.  EIT information is cross-distributed and it is visible to viewer. (MUX1 EIT information can be seen when receiver is tuned to a service on MUX2. Also the MUX2 EIT information can be seen when receiver is tuned to a service on MUX1).		
	Full 8 days of ESG (e.g. current Monday to whole next coming Monday, i.e. not just 7 days like Monday to whole Sunday).		
	EIT pf prio over EIT sch		
	IRD handle update EIT sch EIT is presented is correct langauge		
	Handle empty events		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in	comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software u	pdate: YES NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
Test Case	Task 13:24 PMT Descriptors - General		
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.2		
Requirement	The following descriptors are used in PMT:		

Video_stream_descriptor

	Laction			
	CA_descriptor			
	ISO_639_language_descriptor			
	Private_data_indicator_descriptor			
	Stream_identifier_descriptor			
	Teletext_descriptor			
	Subtitling_descriptor			
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor			
	Audio_stream_descriptor (optional)			
	Target_background_descritor (optional)			
	Video_window_descritor (optional)			
	wideo_window_descritor (optionar)			
	Program map Table	IRD type	Test Task	
	teletext_descriptor	IKD type	Test task 8 (subtitling)	
	Subtitling_descriptor		Test task 8 (subtitling)	
	stream_identifier_descriptor		13:24 (this)	
	video_stream_descriptor		13:24 (this)	
	CA_descriptor		13:24 (this)	
	ISO_639_language_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)	
			plus 12.24 (11.2)	
	1001		13:24 (this)	
	AC-3_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)	
	Enhanced_AC-3_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)	
	AC-4_descriptor (4)	HEVC	Test task 8 (Audio)	
	AAC_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)	
	Supplementary_audio_descriptor		Test task 8 (Audio)	
	<pre>audio_preselection_descriptor (4)</pre>	HEVC	Test task 8 (Audio)	
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor			
	data_broadcast_id_descriptor (1)	SSU	Test task 11 (SSU)	
	application_signalling_descriptor (2)	HbbTV	Test task 16 (HbbTV)	
	carousel_id_descriptor (1)	SSU	Test task 11 (SSU)	
	TTML_subtitling_descriptor (4)	HEVC	Test task 8 (subtitling)	
	related_content_descriptor (3)	PVR optional		
	metadata_descriptor	PVR optional		
	Audio_stream_descriptor	optional		
	Target_background_descritor	optional		
	Video_window_descritor	optional	+	
		optionar		
	Table 12.25 PMT descriptors			
	Note 1: Use of the data_broadcast_id_descri	intor and the caro	usel identifier descriptor	
	for signalling relevant for the SSU			
	section 12.7.			
	Note 2: Only mandatory for the NorDig Hb	bTV IRDs		
	Note 3: Only mandatory for NorDig PVR II			
	Note 4: Only mandatory for NorDig HEVC	IRDs.		
IRD Profile(s)	<del>Basic, IRD, FE</del> all IRDs			
variants and				
<b>capability</b>				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
	To check the support for the following descri	riptors:		
	Video_stream_descriptor			
	CA_descriptor			
	ISO_639_language_descriptor			
	Private_data_indicator_descriptor			
		<u></u>		





Test Case	Task 13:25 PMT Descriptors – teletext pages, teletext subtitling and DVB- subtitling
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.2
Requirement	The following descriptors are used in PMT:  teletext_descriptor subtitling_descriptor
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs  This requirement is tosted in Test Tests 9
Test procedure	This requirement is tested in Test Task 8

Test Case	Task 13:25	Dynamic update	of PMT PID values	
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall at least start action for any changes in the received "dynamic" PSI and SI data, (PMT, EIT, TDT/TOT, running status and CA mode) within 1 second. (As a guideline for the implementation, the trigger for changes in received tables can be based on comparing the 'version id' in the tables)			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, F	Œ all IRDs		
Test procedure				PID values in PMT are  Combiner  DVB receiver
		Service1	Service2	Frequency
	MUX1 TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)  1) ON_id (Origi	SID 1100 S_name Test11 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 incl PCR A PID 1108 Teletext PID 1107 DVB Subt PID 1106 LCN1visible nal_network_id) can b	SID 1200 S_name Test12 S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 incl PCR A PID 1208 Teletext PID 1207 DVB Subt PID 1106 LCN 2 visible e chosen in range 0x0001-0x	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media  fe00 (operational network)



	Sometimes broadcaster may drop, add or change the content of the PID (for example during regional news insertion). If this happens, the PMT is updated by changing the version_id.		
	Test procedure:		
	Control that the MUX1 and MUX2 have services signaled as defined in table above		
	<ol> <li>Zap all the services and check quickly that they work.</li> <li>Drop all PIDs on Service1 on MUX1.</li> <li>Zap to service1 in MUX1</li> <li>Add PIDs in following order:         <ul> <li>a. Video PID 1109</li> <li>b. Audio PID 1108</li> <li>c. Teletext PID1107</li> <li>d. DVB subtitling PID 1106</li> </ul> </li> <li>Verify that the service is decoded correctly by watching the video, listening the audio and reading the teletext, teletext subtitling and DVB subtitling</li> <li>Change the following PID values:</li> </ol>		
	a. Video PID 1109 to 1103 b. Audio PID 1108 to 1102		
	Expected result: After addition of the PIDs, all the component in the service are decoded correctly.		
	Change of PID values maintains the service decoding.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		
Test Case	Task 13:26 Dynamic update of PMT-Component priority (stream type)		
	<below 13.="" also="" and="" audio="" chapter="" chapter.="" for="" from="" in="" into="" is="" keep="" make="" move="" moved="" only="" or="" part="" reference="" remaining="" same="" section="" section,="" separated="" si="" subtitling="" task="" tasks,="" test="" the="" this="" to="" video=""></below>		
Section	NorDig Unified 12.6.3		
Requirement	NorDig IRDs shall ignore advanced audio streams when it does not support such decoding those streams.  For example, an IRD that do not include any AC-3 (down mix) decoder, (maybe only supports pass-through of AC-3 to the digital audio output), shall not choose the AC-3 audio stream as default. Instead it shall choose among the IRDs supported audio stream types according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritising.  For video decoding, NorDig IRDs shall select the service's video components, and set the default setting in accordance with the priority list in Table 6.1.		
	Component priority when multiple video or audio streams are received		



	The following applies for services that transmit in parallel more than one type of video/audio stream under the same service_id (e.g. simulcasting within the same service): For video decoding, NorDig IRDs <b>shall</b> select the service's video component, and set the default setting in accordance with the priority list in Table 12.26.  For Audio decoding, NorDig IRDs <b>shall</b> prioritise the service's components according to chapter 6.5, Audio Prioritisation.  NorDig IRDs <b>shall</b> ignore advanced audio streams when it does not support decoding those streams. For example, an IRD that do not include any AC-3 (downmix) decoder, (maybe only supports pass-through of AC-3 to the digital audio output), <b>shall</b> not choose			
	the AC-3 audio stream as default. Instead it <b>shall</b> choose among the IRDs supported audio stream types according to chapter 6.5, Audio prioritisation.  When several audio streams of the same type are received, the primary stream <b>shall</b> be selected in accordance with the definitions in section 6.5 (Audio Prioritisation).			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the receiverNorDig IRD is able select video and audio components in priority order and handle dynamic changes in service (PMT and PIDs).  Test procedure:			
This requirement is tested in Test Task 6 (video), Test Task 7 (Audio) a 8 (Subtitling).  Equipment:				
	MPEG MUX Exciter DVB source 1 receiver			
	The idea in this test is that there is always video and audio available in the receiver output or iDTV's integrated display / speakers independently which input video and audio format(s) is(are) available in the service.  Depending of the audio selection settings (stereo or multichannel) in receiver menusystem receiver shall output always audio in the correct format in the physical audio			
	output or iDTV's integrated speakers  MPEG source must have capability to simultaneously with			
	* video component broadcast for following video formats:  • MPEG 2 MP@ML (SD)  • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 (HD)  • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 / L3 (SD)			
	* audio component broadcast for following audio formats:  • MPEG-1 Layer II  • MPEG-4 HE AAC  • AC 3  • E AC 3			



		Service1	Service2		<b>Frequency</b>
	MUX1	SID-1100	SID-1200		Can be chosen
	TS_id 1	S_name Test11 PMT PID 1100	S_name Test12 PMT PID 1200		depending of the distribution
	Network_id-1 ON_id-1)	V PID 1109 (MPEG 2 SD)	V PID 1209 incl PCI	2	<del>media</del>
	ON_IG	V PID 1119 (AVC HD)	A PID 1208	`	incuta
		V PID 1129 (AVC SD)	Teletext PID 1207		
			DVB Subt PID 1106		
		A PID 1108 (MPEG1 L2) A PID 1118 (HE AAC)	Logical_chan_desc 2	<u>2</u> -	
		A PID 1118 (HE AAC) A PID 1128 (E AC 3)	<del>VISIDIC</del>		
		A PID 1138 (AC 3)			
		Logical_chan_desc 1			
		<del>visible</del>	1		
	The service I	inal_network_id) can be elected in second casted caste	*	<del>91-oxicoo (operat</del>	<del>lonar network)</del>
	Test proced				
		trol that the MUX1 have	U		<mark>e a</mark> bove
	15. Zap	all the services and che	ck quickly that the	<del>y works.</del>	
	<del>16. Zap</del>	to service1 in MUX1			
	17. Dro	<mark>p PIDs in following ord</mark>	<del>er:</del>		
		a. Video PID 1119			
		<del>b. Video PID 1129</del>			
		c. Audio PID 1118			
		<del>d. Audio PID 1128</del>			
		e. Audio PID 1138			
	18. Add	PIDs in following orde	<del>r:</del>		
		a. Video PID 1129			
		b. Video PID 1119			
		c. Audio PID 1138			
		d. Audio PID 1128			
		e. Audio PID 1118			
	19. Ver	ify that the service is de	coded correctly by	watching the vide	o. listening the
	audi	T	could correctly by		o, motorning the
		· ·			
	Expected res	<del>sult:</del>			
		<mark>ver: After</mark> remove and a	ldition of the PIDs	<del>, all the compone</del> r	nt in the service
	are decoded	<del>correctly.</del>			
	SDTV receive operability.	<del>rer: stream_types not su</del> j	<del>pported by the rece</del>	iver are not affect	ing the receiver
Test result(s)	Video codec:	<del></del>			
	Video co	<del>dec</del>	Stream_type	<del>Priority</del>	OK/NOK
		AVC HP@L4 HD	<del>0x1B</del>	1 (highest)	
	video str	<del>cara</del>			
		AVC HP@L4 / L3	<del>0x1B</del>	<del>2</del>	
	SD video	<del>) stream</del>			



	Basic, MPEG 2 MP@MLvideo stream (or MPEG1)	<del>0x02 (0x01)</del>	<del>3 (lowest)</del>		
	Audio codecs:				
	Audio codec	Stream_type	<del>Priority</del>	OK/NOK	
	MPEG-4 HE.AAC (or LC.AAC) v2 audio stream	<del>0x11</del>	<del>1 (highest)</del>		
	E AC 3 (Enhanced AC 3) audio stream	<del>0x06</del>	2		
	AC 3 (AC 3) audio stream	<del>0x06</del>	<del>3</del>		
	Basie, MPEG-1 Layer II auc stream	<del>lio</del> <del>0x03</del>	4 (lowest)		
Conformity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or, define fail reason in			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date		Sign			

Test Case	Task 13:27 Dynamic update of PMT - Content_Protection_descriptor
<del>Section</del>	NorDig Unified 12.6.7
Requirement	This descriptor is used to signal the content protection level for the received service, see Table 12.29.  The IRD shall use the signalled Content Protection level together with the IRD's HDCP user setting todetermine if HDCP shall be enabled or disabled on the HDMI output interface, see section 8.6.4.  The Content Protection descriptor shall be conveyed in the descriptor loop immediately following theprogram_info_length field in the Program Map Table. The descriptor only applies to the service to whichthe program map table is applicable. If the descriptor is missing for a service, it shall be interpreted ascontent protection level 0x01 (see Table 12.29).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	This requirement is tested in Test Fejl! Henvisningskilde ikke fundet.

Test Case	Task 13:27 Dynamic update of TDT/TOT
Section	NorDig Unified 12.5 and 13.3.3
Requirement	12.5 Time and Date Table and Time Offset Table



IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	The NorDig IRD shall have a real time clock and time/date (calendar) running continuously. Thetime/date (calendar) shall be updated by incoming TDT and TOT from SI. NorDig IRD shall display the correct time for each country based on TDT, TOT, and the country name selected by the user.  13.3.3 Time and Date Table (TDT) and Time Offset Table (TOT)  The ESG shall display correct event times as conveyed by the TDT, adjusted by the offset relayed in the TOT and using the country name selected by the user.  Basie, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
	To verify that the real time clock runs continously.		
	Equipment:		
	SI MPEG Management System  Management System		
	Data network Monitor		
	Service Service Source  DVB-C/S/T modulator  Test procedure for continuously running clock / calendar:		
	<ol> <li>Connect and start up the instruments</li> <li>Make sure that the TDT (Time and Date Table) and TOT (Time Offset Table)</li> </ol>		
	<ul> <li>are present in the transport stream.</li> <li>3. Locate the time and date display.</li> <li>4. Check if the time and date is updated and fill in the test protocol. (Date can be tested separately and filled later in the test protocol).</li> </ul>		
	Expected result: The time and date shall be displayed and updated in the navigator as time goes by.		
	Purpose of test:		
	To test that the real time clock is updated from TDT and TOT information.		
	Equipment:		
	As in previous test.		
	Example of the configuration of the local_time_offset descriptor in the TOT for Sweden and from summertime to wintertime change. Date of the change is 28/10/2001 and time 01:00:00 o'clock.		



Descriptor tag		0x58
Descriptor length		
Country code	SWE	0x535745
Country region id	Only one time zone	00 00 00 (bin)
Reserved		0 (bin)
Local time offset polarity	the polarity is positive	0 (bin)
Local time offset	2 h in Sweden on summertime	0x0200
Time of change	28/10/2001 01:00:00	0xCBF2010000
Next time offset	01:00:00	0x0100

### Test procedure Updated clock by TDT and TOT:

(Use traditional calendar to find out dates and times for the next wintertime and summertime changes.)

- 1. Connect and start up the instruments
- 2. Make sure that the TDT (Time and Date Table) and TOT (Time Offset Table) is present in the transport stream.
- 3. Configure the TOT without local_time_offset decriptor. Configure the TDT in the transport stream as it is specified in the test protocol.
- 4. Turn on receiver.
- 5. Wait for the change of the year.
- 6. Locate the time and date display.
- 7. Check the time and date in the navigator.
- 8. Fill in the result and NOK or OK in the test protocol.
- 9. Turn off receiver.
- 10. Configure TOT local_time_offset descriptor for the next change to wintertime/summertime. Set UTC_time in the TDT few minutes before actual change. Make sure the same UTC_time is used in TOT.
- 11. Turn on receiver.
- 12. Check the time and date in the navigator.
- 13. Fill in the test date and time, result date and time and NOK or OK in the protocol.
- 14. Turn off receiver.
- 15. Configure TOT local_time_offset descriptor for the next change to summertime/wintertime after the date used in test point 10. Set UTC_time in the TDT few minutes before that change. Make sure the same UTC_time is used in TOT.
- 16. Turn on receiver.
- 17. Check the time and date in the navigator.
- 18. Fill in the test date and time, result date and time and NOK or OK in the protocol.
- 19. Repeat test points 14 to 18 using country codes for ICE (Iceland), DNK (Denmark), FIN (Finland) and NOR (Norway).

### **Expected result:**

All test results fulfills the expected results as defined in the specification.

### Test result(s)

### Test procedure for continuously running clock / calendar :

Expected result, time	Expected result, date	NOK or OK, time	NOK or OK, date
Time is changed.	Date is changed.		

#### Test procedure Updated clock by TDT and TOT:



Test :	points	1-8	(TDT	test)
1 031	DOME	1 0.	(1)	icoi,

Test date and time	Date and time in MJD+UTC (BCD) format (required in the TDT)
2001-12-31 23:57:00	0xCC32235700

Result, time	Result, date	Expected result, time	Expected result, date	NOK or OK, time	NOK or OK, date
		The time ≈ 23:57 is presented in a comprehensive format	The date 2001- 12-31 is presented in a comprehensive format		
		The time ≈ 00:01 is presented in a comprehensive format	The date 2002- 01-01 is presented in a comprehensive format		

Test points 9-13. (TOT test)

Test, time	Test, date	Expected result, time	Expected result, date	NOK or OK, time	NOK or OK, date
		Time before	Date before		
		change.	change.		
		Time after	Time before		
		change.	change.		

Test points 14-19. (TOT test)



	Test, time	Test, date	Expected result, time	Expected result, date	Country code	NOK or OK, time	NOK or OK date
			Time	Date	SWE		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	SWE		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Date	ICE		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	ICE		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Date	DNK		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	DNK		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Date	FIN		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	FIN		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Date	NOR		
			before	before			
			change.	change.			
			Time	Time	NOR		
			after	before			
			change.	change.			
				1.01. 0.11			
onformity	OK Fau			define fail			
omments		describe if fatore specific f				odate: YES[	□NO
ate					Sign		

Test Case	Task 13:28 Audio Preselection Descriptor (Optional)
<b>Section</b>	NorDig Unified 6.5.1 and 12.6.11
Requirement	From Section 6.5.1 In addition, the user shall be able to manually select between all audio streams and/or NGA Preselections (1) that are associated with the active service, these settings should be stored in the IRD's memory separately for each service.  Note 1: NGA Preselections only applicable for NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRDs.  From Section 12.6.11



	The NGA capable NorDig HEVC IRD supporting NGA services should support the audio_preselection_descriptor. The audio preselection descriptor may contain the following information for a list of preselections:					
	<ul> <li>The language of the preselection</li> <li>Indication if the preselection contains audio description</li> <li>Indication if the preselection enables dialogue enhancement</li> <li>Indication if the preselection contains spoken subtitles Indication if the preselection contains enables user interactivity</li> <li>Indication for the preselection regarding a preferred reproduction channel configuration (stereo, multichannel, immersive, headphones)</li> </ul>					
	All NGA Preselections described in the audio_preselection_descriptor shall correspond to preselections described in the NGA audio stream.					
	Note that the NGA audio stream(s) may contain additional preselections that are not listed in the audio_preselection_descriptor.					
	The NorDig HEVC IRD supporting NGA services <b>shall</b> select the preferred preselection according to user preference settings, see section 6.5.6 "Audio Priotisation inside the NGA Audio PID/stream" based on the audio_preselection_descriptor or on the metadata embedded in the NGA audio stream(s).					
IRD variants and capability	HEVC IRD supporting Audio Preselection Descriptor					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD correctly parses the information from the Audio Preselection Descriptor					
	Equipment:					
	TS Source MUX Exciter IRD Audio decoder					
	A transport stream containing an TV service with NGA audio, and the NGA has the following structure (4 presentations in AC4 TOC but only 2 presentations in APD):					
	# Audio preselection descriptor  I preselection_id: 10     audio_rendering_indication: 3     audio_description: 0     spoken_subtitles: 0     dialogue_enhancement: 1     interactivity_enabled: 0     language_code_present: 1     text_label_present: 0     future_extension: 0     ISO_639_language_code: (eng)					
	Not present presentation_id: 11 content_classifier: 000b (Complete Main) language: sv					
	preselection_id: 12 presentation_id: 12 Cinematic content audio_rendering_indication: 2 content_classifier: 000b audio_description: 0 (Complete Main) spoken_subtitles: 0 language: en					



		dialogue_enhancement: 1 interactivity_enabled: 0 language_code_present: 1 text_label_present: 1 multi_stream_info_present: 0 future_extension: 0 ISO_639_language_code: (eng)				
	4	Not present	presentation_id: 13 content_classifier: 010b (Visually Impaired) language: en	Immersive channel check + speech (narration for Audio Description)		
	Test Procedure:  1. Setup the system as indicated in the diagram 2. Verify that the IRD supports selecting between all NGA preselections described in the audio preselection descriptor as per table above					
	Expected result: The IRD uses the information in the audio preselection descriptor (APD) to identify the available preselections (i.e. an IRD supporting the APD will only present 2 audio					
	presentations and with test labels for the audio presentation, while an IRD not supporting APD will present 4 audio presentations (from TOC) without any text label).					
Test result(s)						
<b>Conformity</b>		K Fault 🗌 Major 🗌 Minor, det	fine fail reason in comment	t <mark>s</mark>		
Comments		ssible describe if fault can be fixe ribe more specific faults and/or o		YES NO		
<b>Date</b>		·	Sign			



### 2.14 Task 14: Navigator

### 2.14.1 General

These test tasks differ from the normal NorDig division of the test tasks. These test tasks are not listed in that order as the requirements appear in NorDig specification. Instead the order of the test tasks are divided in to a order how the different information data shall be able to be retrieved, handled and updated by the NorDig IRD. This division in this context is defined as following:

- Static PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRD in the channel search or first time initialization.
- Quasi static PSI/SI data is defined as a data that must be updated by the IRD when it is toggled between stand-by mode and active mode or vice versa.

In order to maintain the reference to requirements, in every test task, the requirement from the specification is referenced.

Test Case	Task 14:1 Navigator: General			
Section	NorDig Unified 13.1 and 16			
Requirement	The NorDig IRD shall implement a basic Navigator, which provides user access to system information, and allows the user to control the operation of the IRD. The Navigator is by definition part of the system software.  The Navigator shall include a service list function and a basic Event Schedule Guide (ESG), see ETSI EN 300 468. The Navigator shall also initiate bootloading, as described in chapter 10.			
	The Navigator shall support the Nordic and English languages. (The Navigator is often referred to as the IRD's Menu system for handling DVB services including the service list(s) and ESG/EPG etc).			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, IRD, FE</del> all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the existent of the Navigator functions.			
	The ESG is tested in test tasks 13:17 to 13:23.  Initiating of bootloading/system software update in Navigator is tested in test task 11.			
	Equipment:			
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Modulator Up Converter DVB Receiver Monitor  Test procedure:			
	<ol> <li>Start the Navigator.</li> <li>Check that it displays the valid services and allow control of the IRD.</li> <li>Check that a service list is presented and that EIT p/f is displayed.</li> <li>Verify navigator supports Nordic and English languages.</li> <li>Verify that navigator has user setting for the preferences</li> </ol>			

	Expected result:  The Navigator is present and complies with the requirement defined above.  Verify initiating of bootloading/system software update is tested in Task 11Task 6.1.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:2 User Information about service components – Audio and Subtitling
<b>Section</b>	NorDig Unified 13.5.1 and 13.5.2
Requirement	For services with multiple audio streams (PIDs), or in case of multiple NGA Preselections (1), the NorDig IRD shall be able to display information about available incoming audio streams / NGA Preselections (1), for the user to temporarily select one audio stream / NGA Preselection (1),  The NorDig IRD shall be able to display information about different incoming subtitling pages within the selected subtitle stream/PID, for the user to be able to temporary select subtitling page or disable displaying subtitling.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD support selecting between available audio alternatives  Test procedure: The actual test is carried out as part of Task 7.

# 2.14.2 Static PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 14:3 Service list - General requirement
Section	NorDig Unified 13.2.1
Requirement	The service list shall be displayed to the user. The user shall be able to select a service from the displayedservice list. The selected service shall appear immediately 13.2 Service List 13.2.1 Service List Requirements 13.2.1.1 Service List Requirements for IRDs, except for IP-based front-end The NorDig IRD shall maintain a service list based on SI-information. The NorDig IRD identifies a service uniquely through the combination of original_network_id,



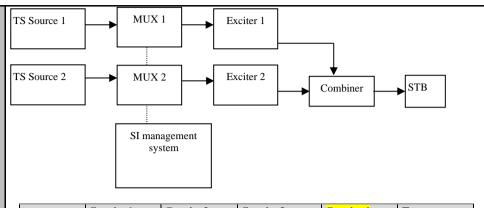


transport stream id and service id. (The broadcaster however **shall** make services uniquely identified in the broadcast through the combination of only original network id and service id). The service list **shall** include the services and should also include the corresponding network names. The service list can be completely updated by the user by initiating the tuning/scanning procedure(s) for the connected tuners (see IRD specification). The corresponding part of the service list shall be updated within 1 second after reception of an updated SI table; updates should be made each time the NorDig IRD is switched from active to standby and shall be made each time the NorDig IRD is switched from standby to active. The IRD shall build up different sections inside one service list or build up several service lists, one for each different service category as the default IRD service list(s). Minimum three different sections/lists shall be supported for three different categories of service types and they are 'TV', 'Radio' and 'Data'/'other' services, (see IRD specification for service categories). Whenever two or more services within same category are allocated to the same logical_channel_number, the NorDig HD IRD shall first prioritise the advanced codec services as stated (see IRD specification for priority between different services within same service category). The service list **shall** be displayed to the user. The user **shall** be able to select a service from the displayed service list. The selected service **shall** appear immediately (see section 11.4). The IRD should provide functionality for the viewer to build up additional personal service lists with the viewer's own preferred services (like mixed service type) and own preferred order or manually re-order the default service list(s). If any network operator makes changes in his part of the service list, the NorDig should place new entries at the end of the corresponding part of the user service list. The information in the descriptors specified in IRD specification **shall** be displayed. The original network operator name may be omitted in case only one network is available. IRD Profile(s) Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs variants and **capability** Test procedure **Purpose of test:** To verify that the service list contains services and they are accessible (Dynamic parts of service list is tested in later Test Task in Task 14). **Equipment:** MPEG 2-DVB-S/C/T DVB Up Converter Monitor Modulator Receiver source **Test procedure:** Start the Navigator and go through and select all services in the list in a random pattern. **Expected result:** Verify that all services are accessible. Test result(s) OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments **Conformity Comments** If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information



Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 14:4 Service list – service types and categories
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.4 and 12.1.5 and 13.2.1.1
Requirement	(12.1.4) The NorDig IRD shall minimum handle the service types listed in Table 12.1.
	Service types that are not supported by the NorDig IRD should be ignored. (If the (SDTV)(Basic) IRD do not support MPEG-4 AVCMPEG-H HEVC video decoder, it should not list/install within the TV service list service types for advanced codec; 0x160x1F and 0x190x20).
	(12.1.5) The services are group into three service type categories; TV (1), Radio (2) and Others/data (3) services: (1) TV category includes services with service type; 0x01 digital (MPEG-2) TV service,
	(1) I'v category includes services with service type, 0x01 digital (Ni EO-2) I'v service, 0x16 advanced codec SD TV service-and, 0x19 advanced codec HD TV service, 0x1F HEVC/H.265 based HD/UHDTV service and 0x20 HEVC/H.265 based UHDTV HDR service.
	<ul> <li>(2) Radio category includes services with service type; 0x02 digital radio sound service and 0x0A advanced codec digital radio sound service.</li> <li>(3) Others/(data) category includes all other service types that are not included in TV (1)</li> </ul>
	and Radio (2) categories.
	The NorDig IRD (1) shall during installation of services create a common service list for each category (i.e. e.g. for a NorDig Basic IRD all 0x01, 0x16 and 0x19 within same TV category list and so on for the Radio and Other/data categories).
	The IRD shall build up different sections inside one service list or build up several service lists, one for each different service_type as the default IRD service_list(s).
	(13.2.1.1) The IRD <b>shall</b> build up different sections inside one service list or build up several service lists, one for each different service category as the default IRD service list(s). Minimum three different sections/lists <b>shall</b> be supported for three different categories of service_types and they are 'TV', 'Radio' and 'Data'/'other' services,.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To test that the different type of services are located on different lists.
	Equipment:



	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service4	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	((MPEG2) TV	(Radio service)	(Data service,	(HEVC SDR	depending of
Network_id	service)	Service type	e.g. stand-alone	service)	the distribution
1	Service type	0x02	HbbTV service)	Service type	media
ON_id 1)	0x01	S_name Test12	Service type	0x1F	
	S_name Test11	PMT PID 1200	0x0C	S_name Test14	
	PMT PID 1100		S_name Test13	PMT PID 1400	
	V PID 1109	A PID 1208	PMT PID 1300	V PID 1409	
	A PID 1108	LCD: 2 visible	V PID 1309	A PID 1408	
	LCD: 1 visible	Clear	A PID 1308	LCD: 4 visible	
	Encrypted		(D PID 1307)	Clear	
			LCD: 3 visible	(Only for	
			Clear	HEVC IRDs)	
			(Only for		
			HbbTV IRDs)		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	SID 2400	Can be chosen
TS_id 2	(AVC SDTV	(AVC HDTV	(Adv codec	(HEVC HDR	depending of
Network_id	service)	service)	Radio service)	service)	the distribution
22)	Service type	Service type	Service type	Service type	media
ON_id 1	0x16	0x19	0x0A	0x20	
	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	S_name Test24	
	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	PMT PID 2400	
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		V PID 2409	
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	A PID 2408	
	LCD: 4 visible	LCD: 5 visible	LCD: 6 visible	LCD: 8 visible	
	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	
				(Only for	
				HEVC IRDs)	

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle (1)}$  ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

Channel list ID is set to 1 and country_code according to country settings in the receiver.

Services 1 to 2 in MUX1 are using MPEG-2 video and MPEG1 LII audio. Service 3 (visible data service) typically for stand-alone HbbTV service (i.e. not applicable for SSU service case), for this test it can be enough to that the content is only video and audio or only HbbTV data or both (to simplify test setup). Service 4 is using HEVC SDR video.

Services 1 to 3 in MUX2 use MPEG-4 AVC and HE-AAC or E-AC-3 audio. Service 4 is using HEVC HDR video.

#### **Test procedure:**

- 1. Verify that the services on MUX1 and MUX2 have service types digital television services, digital radio service and data broadcast service according to table above.
- 2. Perform re-initialisation if needed.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



- 3. Check the service lists.
- 4. Fill in the measurement record.

#### **Expected result:**

Different types of services are available on different category lists according to requirement.

Categories are 'TV', 'Radio', and 'Data/Other' services.

Optionally SDTV receiver doesn't store HDTV services.

### Test result(s)

Measurement record:

<del>SDTV receiver</del>					
Pos	<del>'TV'</del>	'Radio'	<del>'Data/Other'</del>	NOK or OK	
<del>1</del>	Test11				
<mark>2</mark>		Test12			
<mark>3</mark>			Test13		

In case of IRD has separate service lists for TV, Radio and Data/Others:

	HDTV receiver Basic (non-HEVC) IRD					
Pos	'TV'	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	NOK or OK		
1	Test11					
2		Test12				
3			Test13 *			
4	Test21					
5	Test22					
6		Test23				

HEVC IRD					
Pos	'TV'	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	NOK or OK	
1	Test11				
<mark>2</mark>		Test12			
<mark>3</mark>			Test13 *		
<mark>4</mark>	Test14				
<mark>5</mark>	Test22				
<mark>6</mark>		Test23			
<mark>7</mark>	Test21				
8	Test24				

In case of IRD has a common service list with different sections for TV, Radio and Data/Others:

10.				
Pos	Basic IRD	Pos	HEVC IRD	NOK or OK
1	Test11 (TV)	1	Test11 (TV)	
2		2		
3		3		
4	Test21 (TV)	4	Test14 (TV)	
<mark>5</mark>	Test22 (TV)	<mark>5</mark>	Test22 (TV)	
n	Test12 (radio)	<mark>6</mark>		
n+1	Test23 (radio)	<mark>7</mark>	Test21 (TV)	
n+2	Test13 (data)	8	Test24 (TV)	
		<mark>n</mark>	Test12 (radio)	
		n+1	Test23 (radio)	
		n+2	Test13 (data) *	



	* Service Test13 (visible data service, e.g. stand-alone HbbTV service) only mandatory for IRDs supporting HbbTV (i.e. not applicatble for SSU service case).
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

NorDig Unified 13.2.2 and 13.2.3  (NorDig Unified spec 12.2.1)  NIT descriptors  Metadata_pointer_descriptor (only for PVRs)  Network_name_descriptor  Service_list_descriptor
(NorDig Unified spec 12.2.1)  NIT descriptors  Metadata_pointer_descriptor (only for PVRs)  Network_name_descriptor
Metadata_pointer_descriptor (only for PVRs)  Network_name_descriptor
Satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs)  S2_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs)  S2X_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs supporting S2X)  Cable_delivery_system_descriptor (cable IRDs)  Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)  T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)  Linkage_descriptor  Private_data_specifier_descriptor  Frequency_list_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)  default_authority_descriptor (only for PVRs)  (NorDig) logic_channel_descriptor (Version 1)  (NorDig) logic_channel_descriptor (Version 2)  (13.2.2) The NorDig IRD shall make use of the descriptors listed in above in all NIT_actual (the transport stream the NorDig IRD is tuned to) and NIT_other (other transport stream) tables available in order to update the service list (system delivery data, number of transport streams, logic channel number etc).  NIT descriptors:
Network_name_descriptor Satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (for satellite IRDs) S2_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (for satellite IRDs) S2X_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (for satellite IRDs supporting DVB-S2X) Cable_delivery_system_descriptor (for cable IRDs) Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (for terrstrial IRDs) T2_delivery_system_descriptor (for terrstrial IRDs) Service_list_descriptor (Nordig) Logical_channel_descriptor  A Navigator shall never display services that the IRD is not able to receive or decode



	(13.2.3) The IRD shall use the descriptors listed in table 13.2 from both SDT_actual and SDT_other tables to update the service list (service names etc.).			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, F	Œ all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify that the services, which are not able to receive, but signaled in SDT_other and/or NIT_other, are not visible in service list.  Equipment:  TS Source 1  MUX 1  Exciter 1  TS Source 2  MUX 2  Exciter 2  Combiner  STB			
	MUX1 TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)  MUX2 TS_id 2 Network_id 2 ON_id 1)	Service1 SID 1100 S_name Test11 PMT PID 1100 V PID 1109 A PID 1108 Logical_chan_desc 1 visible SID 2100 S_name Test21 PMT PID 2100 V PID 2109 A PID 2109 A PID 2108 Logical_chan_desc 3 visible	Service2 SID 1200 S_name Test12 PMT PID 1200 V PID 1209 A PID 1208 Logical_chan_desc 2 visible SID 2200 S_name Test22 PMT PID 2200 V PID 2209 A PID 2208 Logical_chan_desc 4 visible	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media. Can be chosen depending of the distribution media. Can be chosen depending of the distribution media. Not same as for Exciter 1
	Same as for Exciter 1			



	The idea of the test is that for stationary reconstruction in the idea of the test is that for stationary reconstruction is a stationary reconstruction in the idea of the test is that for stationary reconstruction is a stationary reconstruction in the idea of idea o		
	1. Attenuate the output level of the e output cable. 2. Clear all channels on service list (3. Make new channel search. 4. Verify that no services are installed MUX1. 5. Fill in the measurement record in 6. Increase the output level of the expreceived by the NorDig IRD received by the NorDig IRD received and MUX2 are installed in the services carried and MUX2 are installed in the services caption. 10. Zap to service1 in MUX1.  Expected result:	channel list in ed carried within test results. citer 1 to a outpover. channel list in a within transpo	NorDig IRD receiver).  In the transport stream through out level that is able to be receiver).  In the transport stream through the transport stream from both MUX1
	Services that are not able to be received are	e not available i	in the service list (channel list).
Test result(s)	Requirement Services are not listed in service list (channel list) when the services are not able to be received	NOK or OK	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define	fail reason in co	omments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed wi Describe more specific faults and/or other		late: <b>YESNO</b>
Date		Sign	
Test Case	Task 14:6 Service list - Inconsistent information	of SDT_actua	al and NIT_actual
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.6 and NorDig Rules (	Of Operation 2.	<del>6.2</del>

Optional descriptors:

Service_list_descriptor

<del>Basic, IRD, FE</del> all IRDs

Requirement

IRD Profile(s)

variants and capability



Test procedure	Purpose of the test: To verify if the IRD updates service list quasi-static from SDT_actual instead of NIT_actual service_list_descriptor.  Equipment:    DVB-S/C/T   Up Converter   DVB   Receiver   Monitor   Monitor   DVB   Receiver   Monitor   Monitor   DVB   Receiver   Monitor   Moni
	Test procedure:  Service_list in NIT is optional to broadcast. Therefore, it is important to verify how the receiver IRD extracts prioritise the information from the SDT_actual over the and NIT_actual service_list in case the information is inconsistent.
	Transport stream shall have at least one service configured. The SDT_actual signalize the service, but the service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual shall not have the service listed.
	Test procedure:  1. Make first time installation of the IRD  2. Verify the service_list_descriptor doesn't list at least one of the services carried within transport stream. With other words, there is an inconsistency between SDT_actual and service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual  3. Verify that all the carried services within transport stream are in the service list.
	Expected result: Services, carried within transport stream and listed in SDT_actual, are listed in service list independently if the services are listed in service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual.
Test result(s)	
Conformity Comments	OK Fault
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:7 Service list – NIT_actual interpretation	
Section	NorDig Unified 13.2.2, 13.2.1.1	
Requirement	(NorDig Unified spec 12.2.1)	
	NIT descriptors	This test
	Metadata_pointer_descriptor (only for PVRs)	
	Network_name_descriptor	X
	Service_list_descriptor	
	Satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs)	X (sat)
	S2_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs)	X (sat)
	S2X_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (satellite IRDs	X (sat S2X)
	supporting S2X)	
	Cable_delivery_system_descriptor (cable IRDs)	X (cable)
	Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)	X (terr)
	T2_Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor (terrestrial IRDs)	X (terr)
	Linkage_descriptor	



	Drivata data e	pecifier_descriptor		
		_descriptor (terrestrial IRI	<mark>)</mark> c)	
		ity_descriptor (only for PV		
		_channel_descriptor (Vers		X
		_channel_descriptor (Vers		X
	(NorDig) logic	_chamer_descriptor (vers	1011 <i>2)</i>	
	information. The original_network The service list network names. The information (see table 12.7 In The original network available.  (13.2.2 extract) in all NIT_actual (other transport)	t) The NorDig IRD shall me NorDig IRD identifies a k_id, transport_stream_id shall include the services at in the descriptors specified NIT descriptors above) shawork operator name may be the NorDig IRD shall mad (the transport stream the stream) tables available in tumber of transport streams	service uniquely through and service_id. and should also include the din NorDig Unified table all be displayed. be omitted in case only on the late of the descriptors I NorDig IRD is tuned to) order to update the service.	the combination of e corresponding e 13.1 and table 13.2 e network is isted in Table 13.1 and NIT_other te list (system
	except for de-so described in NI	all never display services t rambling (i.e. a pure satell Γ_other tables for seconda	ite IRD <mark>shall</mark> not display :	
	Network_name_descriptor Satellite_delivery_system_descriptor S2_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor			
		S2X_satellite_delivery_system_descriptor (for satellite IRD supporting DVB-S2X)  Cable_delivery_system_descriptor  Toggethial_delivery_system_descriptor		
	Terrestrial_delivery_system_descriptor			
	T2_delivery_system_descriptor			
	Service_list_descriptor			
	(Nordig) Logical_channel_descriptor			
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	Basic, IRD, FE	<mark>all IRDs</mark>		
variants and				
<u>capability</u>				
Test procedure	Purpose of test			
	To verify that the	ne information in descripto	rs are displayed.	
	Equipment:			
	MPEG 2-	DVB-S/C/T	DVB	
	source	Modulator Up Conver	ter Receiver	Monitor
		G1	g	E
	MIN	Service1	Service2	Frequency Can be abasen
	MUX	SID 1100 S_name Test11	SID 1200 S_name Test12	Can be chosen depending of the
	TS_id 1 Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	distribution media
	ON id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	
	II - "	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	
	<u> </u>	Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	Logical_chan_desc 2 visible	



	¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) car	n be chose	n in range ()	x0001-0xF	E00 (opera	tional network).
	Network_name NorDigTest		runge o		Loo (opera	inonai netwoniji
	<b>DVB and MPEG tables</b>	NID	ONID	TSID	SID	
	NIT	X	X	X	(x)	
	BAT		X	X	(x)	
	SDT		X	X	X	
	EIT		(esg)	(esg)	(esg)	
	TDT/TOT					
	PAT			D	D	
	CAT					
	PMT				D	
	subtable AIT					
	subtable UNT					
	X containing id used to det	ect avail	able servi	ices/main	taining	
	service_list,					
	(x) containing id(s) inside of					
	(esg) only informative info					
	D used for decoded selecte	a service	2			]
	Test procedure:					
	Start the Navigator.					
	Check that the following inf	ormation	n is availa	ble for a	ll service	es:
	• network name, i.e.			101 <b>0</b> 101 <b>u</b>	11 501 1100	
	• transmission param			ze distrib	ution me	edia
	-		-			channel positions 1 and
	2.	.g. 10001	1 4110 10	o		chamier positions 1 and
	• service type, i.e. e.	g. Digita	al televisi	on servic	e	
	J1 7	<i>,</i> , ,				
	Expected result:					
	Verify that all the information	on specif	fied above	e is availa	able.	
Test result(s)						
Conformity			lefine fail			
Comments	If possible describe if fault of				-	YESNO
	Describe more specific fault	s and/or	other info	ormation		
Date			1	Sign		
Date				Jign		

Test Case	Task 14:8 Service list – NIT_actual test transmissions original_network_ID
Section	Nordig Unified 13.2.2
Requirement	(13.2.2 extract) A NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> not install, be able to reach or display services or networks with original_network_ID and/or network_ID which are marked as 'private_temporary_use' as defined in ETSI ETR 162 (i.e. an original_network_ID 0xFF00 – 0xFFFF and/or network_ID 0xFF01 – 0xFFFF).
	Original_network_ID within 0xFF00-0xFFFF (temporary_private_use), shall only beused for test and (shorter) demonstration transmission. Receiver will not install ordisplay services within these original_network_ids.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs



variants and capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
•	To test the reception in the test network,	here testing orginal_networ	k_id		
	E				
	Equipment:				
	MPEG 2 source MUX	Exciter			
	Service1	Service2	Frequency		
	MUX SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen		
	TS_id 1	S_name Test12 PMT PID 1200	depending of the distribution media		
	ON_id 1) V PID 1109	V PID 1209	distribution media		
	N_id 0x0001- A PID 1108	A PID 1208			
	ON_id 2) Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	Logical_chan_desc 2 visible			
	O11_10				
	¹⁾ N_id (Network_id) can be chosen in ra				
	ON_id (Original_network_id) shall ini				
	Oxfe00 (operational network), then durin		ue in the range of		
	0xFF00 – 0xFFFF, see below and it shall	I be same for both muxes.			
	Test procedure:				
	<ol> <li>Turn on NorDig IRD receiver.</li> </ol>				
	2. Do re-initialization or make sur				
	3. Make sure that the ON_id is on	the range of <mark>the a</mark> operation	al network (0x0001-		
	0xFEBF). 4. Do channel search.				
	<ul><li>5. Check in channel list or ESG th</li></ul>	at the cervices are available			
		6. Change ON_id into a range of a test network (0xFF00-0xFFFF), here test first			
	with 0xFF00.				
	7. Do re-initialization or make sure there are no services in channel list or in ESG.				
	8. Do channel search.				
	9. Check that receiving ON_id 0xFF00/FFFF does not stop the scanning				
	procedure, this frequency is just skipped.  10. Check in channel list or ESG that there are no services available.				
	11. Change ON_id to another test n				
	12. Repeat from test point 7.	etwork in value, test with or	AFFF.		
	12. Repeat from test point 7.				
	<b>Expected result:</b>				
	Services are not available for ON-id rang	e 0xFF00 – 0xFFFF.			
Test result(s)					
Conformity		e fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed to		CS_NO		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other	r information			
Date		Sign			
		1 × 8 · ·			

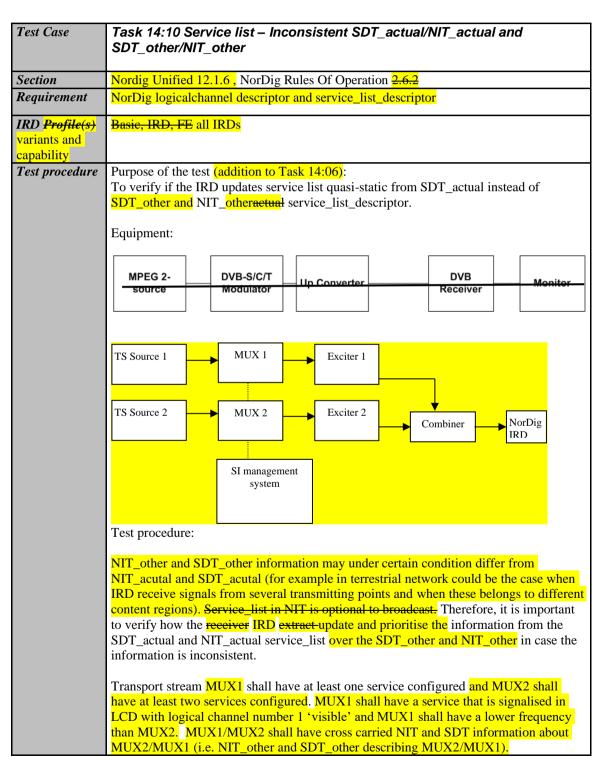
Test Case	Task 14:9 Service list – NIT_actual test transmission network_ID
Section	Nordig Unified 13.2.2



_				
Requirement	networks with origit 'private_temporary 0xFF00 - 0xFFFF and the original or	NorDig IRD shall not instal nal_network_ID and/or net_use' as defined in ETSI E and/or network_ID 0xFF01  OxFF01-0xFFFF (temporal temporal	twork_ID which are mar TR 162 (i.e. an original_ _ OxFFFF). ary_private_use), shall or	ked as network_ID  nly be used for
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all	IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To test the reception Equipment:	n in the test network, here to MUX	testing network_id.	
	MUX TS_id 1 Network_id 1)	Service2 SID 1100 S_name Test11 PMT PID 1100	Service2 SID 1200 S_name Test12 PMT PID 1200	Can be chosen depending of the distribution
	ON_id ²⁾	V PID 1109 A PID 1108 Logical_chan_desc 1 visible	V PID 1209 A PID 1208 Logical_chan_desc 2 visible	media.
	network) <mark>, then duri below</mark> .	initially be chosen in on the ng testing changed into a venetwork_id) can be chosenk)	alue in the range of 0xFF	F01 – 0xFFFF, see
	Test procedure:			
	2. Do re-initi 3. Make sure (0x0001-0) 4. Do channe 5. Check in c 6. Change the test first w 7. Do re-initi 8. Do channe 9. Check that	el search. Thannel list or ESG that the e network_id into <mark>a range c ith</mark> 0xFF01. alization or make sure ther	the range of a the operation of a test network (0xFF0) of a test network (0xFF0) of a test network in change are no services in change of the	onal network  ole.  1-0xFFFF), here  nel list or in ESG.
	10. Check in c	hannel list or ESG that the enetwork_id to another test	re are no services availab	



Test result(s)	
Conformity OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	S
Comments  If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO  Describe more specific faults and/or other information	YES□NO
<b>Date</b> Sign	





	The MUX1 NIT_actual and SDT_actual shall be consistent with the content inside MUX1 The MUX2 SDT_actual and NIT_actual shall be consistent with the content inside MUX2. MUX1 SDT_other and NIT_other describing MUX2 from MUX1, here NIT_other service_list_descriptor and NorDig logical_channel_descriptor shall list only one of the two services in MUX2 and SDT_other shall only list only one of the two services in MUX2. I.e. the NIT/SDT_others in MUX1 pointing to MUX2 shall be inconsistent with NIT/SDT_actual in MUX2). The SDT_actual signalizes the service, but the service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual shall not have the service listed.
	Test procedure:
	1. Make first time installation of the IRD, make sure that the IRD starts decoding/displaying a service from MUX1.
	2. Verify the MUX1's NIT_other and SDT_other about MUX2 miss to list one of the services of MUX2 (inside service_list_descriptor, logical_channel_descriptor and service_descriptor) doesn't list at least one of
	the services carried within transport stream. With other words, there is an inconsistency between MUX1's SDT_other and NIT_other about MUX2 and MUX2's SDT_actual and NIT_actual  3. Zap to a service in MUX2.
	4. Verify that all the carried services within transport streams are in the service list.
	Expected result:
	Services, carried within transport stream (e.g. MUX2) and listed in SDT_actual, are listed in service list independently if the services are listed or not in SDT_other and
	NIT_other for the transport stream from other transport streams (e.g. MUX1)service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:11 Service list – Handling of multiple channel lists from same networks and NorDig LCD
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.9.4
Requirement	(12.2.9.4) Handling of multiple Channel lists from same network (LCD v2 only)  The Logical Channel Descriptor version 2 enables transmission within same network of multiple Channel lists, meaning that there might it be several channel lists available for a IRD to choose between. The NorDig IRD may treat each channel list as complete with all intended services for that network (original network id) and it is up to the broadcaster to ensure that all intended services are included in all lists.  The NorDig IRD shall at least store the sorting from one of the available Channel lists as default, but it is recommended that theNorDig IRD store all the transmitted Channel Lists sorting that matches the IRD's country code settings (especially for IRDs that are not letting the user choose list during installation).  When several Channel Lists are available from same network (original network id) for the IRD during first time installation (or complete re-installation), the NorDig IRD shall choose the channel list as the default one with following priority:



	1. The list with same country code as the IRD's user preference setting's country code. If several list available with same matching country code, the IRD shall choose the one with lowest list_id value OR let the viewer choose from a list, (typically using the channel_list_name)				
	2.If no Channel list has a country code that matches the user preference setting's country code, the NorDig IRD shall let the viewer choose from a list (recommended) OR choose the one with lowest list_id value.				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify the support for the reception of multiple channel lists in one network.				
	Equipment:				
	TS Source 1 MUX 1 Exciter 1				
	TS Source 2	MUX 2	Exciter 2	Combiner	DVB receiver
					i de la contenta
		SI manageme system	ent		
	system				
				T.	
	MUX1	Service1 SID 1100	Service2 SID 1200		Frequency Can be chosen
	TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12		depending of
	Network_id 1 ON_id X 1)	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1100	S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1200		the distribution media
	ON_Id X	V PID 1109	V PID 1209		media
		A PID 1108	A PID 1208		
		LCD v .2: 1 PRI SWE	LCD v .2: 2 PRI SWE LCD v.2: 1 PRI FIN		
		LCD v.2: 2 PRI FIN	LCD v.2: 3 PRI NOR		
		LCD v.2: 1 PRI NOR LCD v.2: 1 PRI DNK	LCD v.2: 2 PRI DNK LCD v.2: 2 PRI IRL		
		LCD v.2: 4 PRI IRL	LCD v.2: 2 PKI IKL LCD v.2: 6 SEC SWE		
		LCD v.2: 5 SEC SWE LCD v.2: 6 SEC FIN	LCD v.2: 5 SEC FIN		
		LCD v.2: 5 SEC NOR	LCD v.2: 7 SEC NOR LCD v.2: 6 SEC DNK		
		LCD v.2: 5 SEC DNK LCD v2: 8 SEC IRL	LCD v2: 6 SEC IRL		
	MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200		Can be chosen
	TS_id 2 Network_id 2	S_name Test21 S_type 0x01	S_name Test22 S_type 0x01		depending of the distribution
	ON_id X 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200		media, but
		V PID 2109 A PID 2108	V PID 2209 A PID 2208		cannot be same as in
		LCD v .2: 3 PRI SWE	LCD v .2: 4 PRI SWE		MUX1
		LCD v.2: 3 PRI FIN	LCD v.2: 4 PRI FIN		
		LCD v.2: 2 PRI NOR LCD v.2: 4 PRI DNK	LCD v.2: 4 PRI NOR LCD v.2: 3 PRI DNK		
		LCD v.2: 3 PRI IRL	LCD v.2: 1 PRI IRL		
		LCD v.2: 7 SEC SWE LCD v.2: 7 SEC FIN	LCD v.2: 8 SEC SWE LCD v.2: 8 SEC FIN		
			1	1	ı
		LCD v.2: 6 SEC NOR LCD v.2: 8 SEC DNK	LCD v.2: 8 SEC NOR LCD v.2: 7 SEC DNK		



LCD v2: 7 SEC IRL	LCD v2: 5 SEC IRL	

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

For satellite networks the channel lists represented in tables below are valid due to the capability to receive services within one and same ON_id in different countries where even different country_settings in receiver are relevant. The LCN is equal in all different channel lists IDs.

For cable and terrestrial networks, a subset of channel lists is required as long as one and same ON_id is in concern. Transmissions in these networks are not normally dedicated for receivers with different country settings. Therefore, two channel list (e.g. ListDNKpri and ListDNKsec) with same country_code is enough to test requirement in this test.

The channel list under test shall not be signaled with channel_list_ID 1. E.g. if receiver dedicated to Swedish market is under test, ListSWEpri shall be signaled with other channel_list_ID than 1 in order to avoid malfunction in receiver where the receiver selects first list found.

#### MUX1:

Channel_list_ID	Channel list name	Country_code
1	ListSWEpri	SWE
2	ListFINpri	FIN
3	ListNORpri	NOR
4	ListDNKpri	DNK
5	ListIRLpri	IRL
6	ListSWEsec	SWE
7	ListFINsec	FIN
8	ListNORsec	NOR
9	ListDNKsec	DNK
10	ListIRLsec	IRL

#### MUX2:

Channel_list_ID	Channel list name	Country_code
1	ListSWEpri	SWE
2	ListFINpri	FIN
3	ListNORpri	NOR
4	ListDNKpri	DNK
5	ListIRLpri	IRL
6	ListSWEsec	SWE
7	ListFINsec	FIN
8	ListNORsec	NOR
9	ListDNKsec	DNK
10	ListIRLsec	IRL

#### **Test procedure:**

²⁾Network id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



ReceiverNorDig IRD country is equal as channel list country_code: 1. Perform factory reset to the receiverIRD 2. Perform channel search Verify that the all services are found 4. The channel list with lowest channel list ID is automaticly selected by the receiverIRD or the user is able to select the channel list. ReceiverNorDig IRD country is not equal as channel list country_code: 5. Perforn factory reset to the receiverIRD 6. Perform channel search Verify that the all services are found 7. The channel list is either user selectable or automaticly selected by the receiverIRD according to lowest channel list ID. **Expected result:** The channel list with same country code as the IRD's user preference setting's country code the IRD shall choose the one with lowest list_id value OR let the viewer choose from a list (typically using the channel_list_name). If no Channel list has a country code that matches the user preference setting's country code, the IRD shall let the viewer choose from a list (recommended) OR choose the one with lowest list_id value. Service Logical Logical Logical Logical Logical Channel name channel channel channel channel channel list position( position position position position SWE) (NOR) (DNK) (IRL) (FIN) Test11 4 Either Test12 2 1 3 2 2 with Test21 lowest 3 3 2 4 3 channel Test22 4 list ID (primary) or user selected

Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:12 Service list – Simultaneous transmission of LCD v1 and v2
Section	NorDig Unified <u>12.2.9.4</u> 12.2.9.7
Requirement	When broadcasting both LCD version 1 and version 2 within one Original Network ID, the NorDig IRDsupporting both descriptors shall only sort according to the version 2 (i.e. NorDig LCD version 2 hashigher priority).

IRD <mark>Profile(</mark>	<del>(s)</del>
variants and	
<mark>capability</mark>	

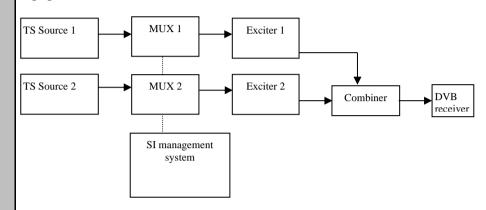
### Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs

#### Test procedure

#### Purpose of test:

To verify the support for simultaneous transmission of LCD ver.1 and Ver2.

### **Equipment:**



	Service1	Service2	Service3	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	Can be
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	chosen
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	the
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	distribution
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	media
	LCN Ver.1: 1 visible	LCN Ver.1: 2 visible	LCN Ver.1: 3 visible	
	LCN Ver.2: 2 visible	LCN Ver.2: 1 visible	LCN Ver.2: 3 visible	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200		Can be
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22		chosen
Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01		depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200		the
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209		distribution
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208		media, but
	LCN Ver.1: 4 visible	LCN Ver.1: -		cannot be
	LCN Ver.2: 5 visible	LCN Ver.2: -		same as in
				MUX1

ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

Note: It is not obvious that network operators will broadcast different LCN in different version of LCD. However, for testing purposes, different LCNs are broadcasted.

### **Test procedure:**

- 1. Perforn factory reset to the receiver
- 2. Perform automatic channel search
- 3. Verify that the all services are found
- 4. Verify that the services are stored according the LCD version 2 signaling.

#### **Expected result:**

The channel numbers are correct.

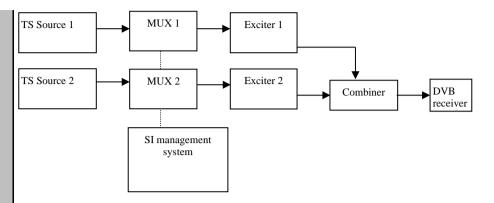
Service in service list should be stored as listed below:

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



Test result(s) Conformity	Service name IRD supports version 2  Test12 1  Test11 2  Test13 3  Test21 5  Test22 Last in the list  OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO  Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign
Test Case	Task 14:13 Service list – Simultaneous reception of multiple networks and NorDig LCD
Section	NorDig Unified <del>12.2.9.5</del> -12.2.9.8
Requirement	The NorDig IRD with terrestrial front-end shall be able to install several (DTT) original networks (with different original network ids).  For multiple original networks (original network ids) the NorDig IRD shall first sort/list all services from one original network (original network id) according to that LCD, before sorting/listing the next original network. The first original network is the primary network and any additional received original networks are referred to as secondary network(s).  The user shall be able to set which original network that shall be the primary, either via the user preferences, e.g. matching country setting (preferred) or via user selectable list of available original networks or similar mechanism. In order to simplify this, the NorDig IRD should map/translate the original network id into the country name. This means that for IRD where the user has set the country setting, the primary network should automatic be the country matching the original network id (and its services shall be listed first in the NorDig IRD's service list).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, DVB-T, DVB-T2 Terrestrial IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify the support for the reception of multiple networks and NorDig LCN.

**Equipment:** 



	Service1	Service2	Service3	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	depending of
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	the distribution
ON_id X 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	media
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	
	LCN 2 visible	LCN 5 visible	LCN 6 visible	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	Can be chosen
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	depending of
Network_id 2	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	the distribution
ON_id Y 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	media, but
_	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	V PID 2309	cannot be
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	same as in
	LCN 2 visible	LCN 4 visible	LCN 7 visible	MUX1

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network). Values for X and Y shall be selected different.

Note for services belonging to secondary ON_id: SDT_actual service order shall not be equal with LCN number order because this may result to a situation that the receiver has sorted the services according to SDT_actual service order instead of the LCN number order.

# **Test procedure:**

- 1. Perform factory reset to the receiverIRD
- 2. The primary network is either user selectable or automaticly based on the country settings in the receiverIRD.
- 3. Perform channel search
- 4. Verify that the all services are found
- Verify that the services are ordered firstly by the ON_id and secondly by the LCD.

# **Expected result:**

User is able to select which network is the primary network, for example via the user sets the country setting, the primary network could (should) automatic be the country matching the original network id.

The channel numbers are correct.

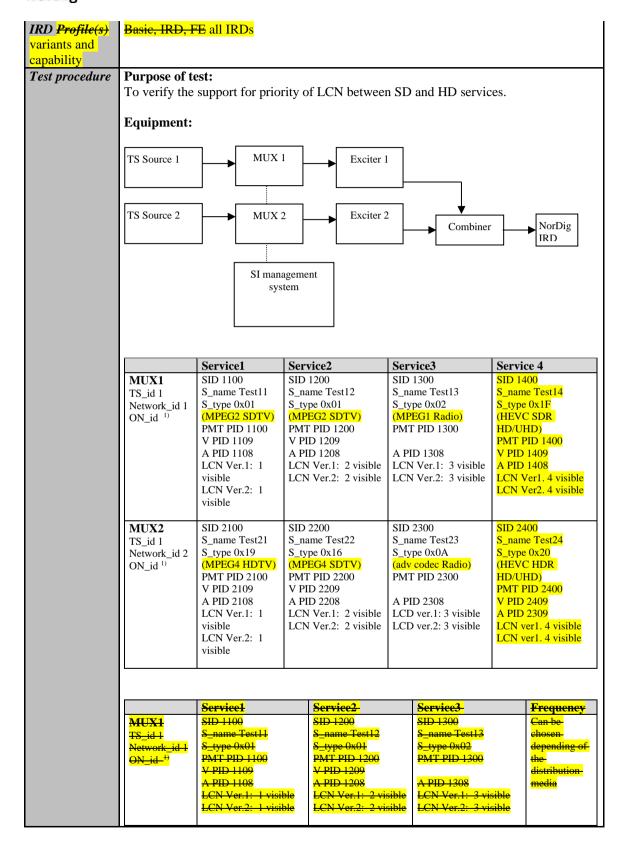
Service in service list should be stored as listed below:

Service name	ON_id X	ON_id Y
	as primary	as primary
Test11	2	Last in the list e.g. 8
Test12	5	Last in the list e.g. 9



	_					
		Test13	6	Las	t in the list e.g. 10	
		Test21	Last in the list, e.g.	. 7	2	
		Test22	Last in the list, e.g.	. 8	4	
		Test23	Last in the list, e.g.	. 9	7	
			-		<u>.</u>	
Test result(s)						
Conformity	OK Fa	ult 🗌 Major 🗌	Minor, define fail rea	ason in co	mments	
Comments	If possible	describe if fault	can be fixed with soft	tware upd	ate: YES NO	
	Describe n	nore specific faul	lts and/or other inforn	nation		
		_				
Date			Sig	gn		

Test Case	Task 14:14 Service list - Priority of LCN between SD and HDTV services
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.4, 12.2.9.2, 12.2.9.3 12.2.9.6 and 13.2.1.1
Requirement	(12.1.4 Service Type)
	The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> minimum handle the service types listed in Table 12.1. Service types that are not supported by the NorDig IRD should be ignored.
	(12.2.9.6) Conflict handling of Logical_channel_number
	If several services are allocated to the same logic_channel_number, (within the same channel list, as may be the case if several terrestrial regions can be received at the same location or several satellite networks are received), one service shall be ordered according to the logic_channel_number and the others shall be placed last in that list.
	Empty spaces in the broadcast logic channel numbering shall then not be used;instead they shall be located last, after the service with highest logic channel number of that service_type.(The broadcaster may quite consciously choose to leave empty spaces in the logic channel numbering, for future services, etc, in order to avoid a complete rearrangement of the list).
	Whenever two or more services within same category are allocated to the same logical_channel_number, the NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> set the priority of the services as stated in Table12.1 above (see chapter 12.1.4 for priority between different services within same service category).
	Whenever two or more services within same category are allocated to the same logical_channel_number, the HD IRD shall priorities the advanced codec services as following for TV category; first 0x20 HEVC, secondly 0x1F HEVC, thirdly 0x19 adv codec HDTV service, fourthly 0x16 adv codec SDTV service and last 0x01 (MPEG 2-SD) TV service and for radio category; first 0x0A adv codec radio and secondly 0x02 radio service types.
	How to choose which service within same service type and same service priority that should be placed according to the channel list is up to the IRD manufacturer.
	(13.2.1.1) Whenever two or more services within same category are allocated to the same logical_channel_number, the NorDig IRD shall set the priority of the services as stated in Table12.1 above (see chapter 12.1.4 for priority between different services within same service category).



MUX2	SID 2100	SID-2200	SID-2300	<del>Can be</del>
TS id 1	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	<del>chosen-</del>
Network_id-2	S_type 0x19	S_type 0x16	S_type 0x0A	depending of
ON id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	the-
	<del>V PID 2109</del>	V PID 2209		distribution-
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	<del>media, but</del>
	LCN Ver.1: 1 visible	LCN Ver.1: 2 visible	LCD ver.1: 3 visible	<del>cannot be</del>
	LCN Ver.2: 1 visible	LCN Ver.2: 2 visible	LCD ver.2: 3 visible	same as in
				MUX1

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.

Note 1: Receiver IRD can use the service_type when sorting the service types.

Note 2: Test21 (HD) has higher priority than Test11 (SD) in HDTV receiver.

Note 3: Test23 (AAC) has higher priority than Test 13 (MPEG-1).

1. Channel list ID is set to 1 with country code equal to receiver-IRD country settings.

The TS_id is set to 1, but the network_id differs between multiplexes. This configuration simulates terrestrial regions.

Services in MUX1 are using MPEG-2 video and MPEG-1 LII audio. Services in MUX2 are allowed only use advanced coded video and audio, with other words, MPEG-4 AVC video and HE-AAC or E-AC-3 audio.

The reception quality from both frequencies must be such a good that the terrestrial receiver doesn't do any best service selection.

# **Test procedure:**

- 2. Perforn factory reset to the receiver
- 3. Perform channel search
- 4. Verify that the all services are found
- 5. Verify that the services are ordered according the priority

#### **Expected result:**

The channel numbers are correct.

In NorDig basic IRDs (not supporting HEVC) SDTV receivers only MPEG2 SDTV and MPEG4/AVC based SDTV and HDTV services are listed in service list according to their categories. MPEG4/AVC based services are prioritized over MPEG2 based services in correct categories.

In HDTV receivers-NorDig HEVC IRDs all services are listed in service list according to their categories. HEVC based services are prioritized over MPEG4/AVC based services, then MPEG4/AVC HDTV based services are prioritized over MPEG4/AVC SDTV based services in correct categories. (MPEG2) SDTV services are listed last in the service list.

Services in service list should be stored as in correct categories.

# Test result(s)

Measurement record:

Nor	Dig basic IR	Ds <del>-HDTV-</del> (	Non-HEVC) rec	<del>eiver</del>
Pos	'TV'	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	NOK or OK
1	Test21			
<mark>2</mark>	Test22			

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



	3		Test23		
	Last in the	e list Test11	Test13		
	Last in the	e list Test12			
		NorDig NorDig	HEVC IRDS	HFR receiver	
	Pos	'TV'	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	NOK or OK
	1	Test21			
	2	Test22			
	3		Test23		
	4	Test24			
	Last in the		Test13		
	Last in the				
	Last in the	e list Test14			
		CDT	<del>V receiver w</del>	ith support	
	Pos	TV'	'Radio'	'tn support 'Data/Other'	NOK or OK
	1	Test11	Rauto	Data/Other	NOR OF OR
	2	Test12			
	- <del>- 2</del>	1 CSt12	Test13		
			1 CSC1 J	1	
			HDTV rec		
	Pos Pos	<del>'TV'</del>	'Radio'	'Data/Other'	NOK or OK
		Test21			
	<mark>2</mark>	Test22			
	<mark>3</mark>		Test23		
	Last in th		Test13		<u> </u>
	Last in the Last in the		Test13		
			Test13		
			Test13		
Conformity	Last in th	Test12  Major Minor,	define fail re	eason in commer	
Conformity Comments	OK Fault M  If possible describe	Test12  Major Minor,  if fault can be f	define fail re	ftware update:	
	Last in th	Test12  Major Minor,  if fault can be f	define fail re	ftware update:	
	OK Fault M  If possible describe	Test12  Major Minor,  if fault can be f	define fail re	ftware update:	
	OK Fault M  If possible describe	Test12  Major Minor, if fault can be f	define fail refixed with so	ftware update:	

Test Case	Task 14:15 Service list – Component descriptor
<b>Section</b>	NorDig Unified 12.3.6
Requirement	Zero or several Component descriptor(s) may be present in the SDT (according to DVB SI specification, ETSI EN300468 [13]), used in combination with the service_type in the Service descriptor to specify subtype of service, especially used for HEVC based TV services. It signalises the decoding complexity of the components for the service and Services that are not supported by the NorDig IRD should not be visible in the service list.  If no Component descriptor is included in SDT for a HEVC service, the NorDig HEVC IRD shall interpret a HEVC service with service_type 0x1F as an UHD SFR compatible SDR service and a HEVC service with service_type 0x20 as an UHD SFR compatible PQ10 HDR service.
IRD Profile(s)	HEVC IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



# To check the support for the Component descriptor. Equipment: TS Source 1 MUX 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 NorDig IRD SI management system

	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service4
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400
<b>(1)</b>	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x20
(-)	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	S_name Test14
	LCD: 1	LCD: 2	LCD: 3	LCD: 4
		HEVC/H.265 Main	HEVC/H.265 UHD	HEVC/H.265 UHD
	HEVC/H.265 Main	<mark>10</mark>	2160p	2160p
	<b>Profile</b>	Profile 1080p HD	video, 50Hz	video with PQ10
	1080p HD video, 50	video, 50	compatible	HDR
	Hz	Hz	stream_content:0x9,	stream_content:0x9,
	stream_content:0x9,	stream_content:0x9,	stream_content_ext:	stream_content_ext:
	stream_content_ext:	stream_content_ext:	0x0,	0x0,
	0x0,	0x0,	component_type:0x	component_type:0x
	component_type:0x	component_type:0x	04	<mark>05</mark>
	00	<mark>01</mark>		
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200 (2)	SID 2300 (2)	SID 2400
<b>(1)</b>	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x1F	Service type 0x20	Service type 0x20
	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	S_name Test24
	LCD: 5	LCD: 6	LCD: 7	LCD: 8
	HLG10 HDR	HEVC temporal	HEVC temporal	
	stream_content:0xB,	<mark>video</mark>	video	No Component
	stream_content_ext:	subset for a frame	subset for a frame	descriptor is
	0xF,	rate of	rate of	included in SDT
	component_type:0x	100 Hz (dual PID	100 Hz (dual PID	
	<mark>04</mark>	<mark>backward</mark>	backward	
		compatible HFR)	compatible HFR)	
		stream_content:0xB,	stream_content:0xB,	
		stream_content_ext:	stream_content_ext:	
		0xF,	0xF,	
		component_type:0x	component_type:0x	
		05	<mark>05</mark>	

- (1) Frequency Can be chosen depending of the distribution media
- (2) HFR HEVC temporal video subset for a frame rate of 100 Hz (dual PID backward compatible HFR), refers to one video PID with basic SFR 50Hz content and another video PID containing the extension from the basic SFR 50Hz PID up to 100Hz.

For the HFR dual PIDs (service Test22 and Test23), when only testing against NorDig HEVC IRDs (not supporting HFR) the second video PID (intended contain the extension 50Hz to 100Hz) the actual test encoding may be something else than the DVB/MPEG 50Hz-to-100Hz extensions as long as the signaling in PSI/SI (SDT and PMT) and first video PID (basic 50Hz SFR content) is according with DVB specifications. (This could be due to the complexity to generate real HFR dual PID encoding in the test setup).

# **Test procedure:**



	<ol> <li>Perform re-initialisation.</li> <li>Verify that the services on MUX1 and MUX2 are able to be received and decoded.</li> </ol>				
	3. Fill in the measurement record.				
	Expected result:				
	HEVC IRDs: Different types of services are available on the service list according to requirement. NorDig HEVC IRD (not supporting HFR) shall for the two dual PID HFR services (Test22 and Test23) be able to correctly select the basic 50Hz SFR videoPID, decode and display the HFR 100Hz service but in SFR 50Hz mode (ie ignore the second video PID containg the 50Hz-to-100Hz extension).				
	Basic IRDs (non-HEVC IRDs): shall not be disturbed by HEVC service or its signaling.				
Test result(s)					
<b>Conformity</b>	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
<b>Date</b>	Sign				

# 2.14.3 Quasi static PSI/SI data

Test Case	Task 14:16 Quasi-static update of service list – service added addition
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1.1 and 13.2.4



Requirement	The IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI				
	data, (NIT and SDT i.e. SI that is normally stored in the flash memory for service-				
	navigations such as service_name, service_ID, number of services), after it return to				
	active from stand by mode.				
	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received				
	"quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data				
	includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service				
	navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running				
	status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation,				
	this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic				
	video and audio).				

... Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).

(13.2.4) The NorDig IRD **shall** dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables).

Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, **shall** (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).

IRD Profile(s)
variants and
capability

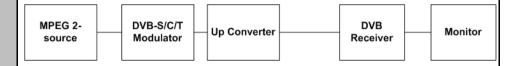
Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs

# Test procedure

#### **Purpose of the test:**

To check that the IRD updates service list quasi-static when a service is added within transport stream.

#### **Equipment:**



NOTE: For the terrestrial networks where several transmitters can be received simultaneously, it is important to verify the parameters original_network_id, transport_stream_id and service_id to make a service unique. In cases where original_network_id and transport_stream_id are the same, but the services carried within transport stream differs, network_id can be interpreted to verify if the transport stream belongs to an other region.

# **Test procedure:**

In initial phase transport stream carries at least one service. In second phase at least one new service is added inclusive the required PSI/SI signalization parameters.

- 1. Make first time installation of the IRD or verify that the IRD receiver doesn't have the service which will be added in the service list already installed in the service list..
- 2. Check that the original service is accessed.
- 3. Add a new service within transport stream, the added service(s) should be signalized as visible service in NIT NorDig Logical_channel_descriptor on a empty LCN (preferably one MPEG4/AVC and one HEVC based service should be added when testing HEVC IRDs)
  - a. Verify the service is added in SDT_actual, PAT and PMT.
  - b. Verify the service is added in service in NorDig Logical_channel_descriptor service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual
- 4. Verify that the IRD has added the new service(s) in service list and ESG,
- 5. if services not added then Toggle IRD receiver from active mode to standby mode and from standby mode to active mode. Verify the added service is added to service list.

#### **Expected result:**

IRD automatically adds and updates the new service in the service list The service it is accessible.



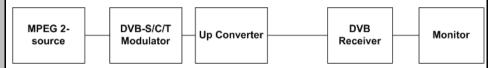
NorDig					
Test result(s)	If possible, mark howwhen the service addition is done:  User info/prompt:  User info about change in broadcasted services, user action needed to proceed update/change service list.  User info about change in broadcasted services, no user action needed to proceed update/change service list.  No user info about change in broadcasted services  Update of service list:				
	service(s) added during normal TV viewing mode (for example after zapping),				
	without need for power cycle/toggle active to standby mode.				
	service(s) added after power cycle (active mode to stand-by mode back to active				
	mode)				
	needs re-scan to add service(s) (FAIL)-				
	If possible, mark when the service addition is done:				
	From active mode to stand by mode				
	From stand-by mode to active mode				
	In stand-by mode				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				
Test Case	Task 14:17 Quasi-static update of service list – non-visible data service added addition				
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4				
Requirement	The IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data, (NIT and SDT i.e. SI that is normally stored in the flash memory for service navigations such as service_name, service_ID, number of services), after it return to active from stand by mode.				

Test Case	Task 14:17 Quasi-static update of service list – non-visible data service added addition
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4
Requirement	The IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI-data, (NIT and SDT i.e. SI that is normally stored in the flash memory for service-navigations such as service_name, service_ID, number of services), after it return to active from stand by mode.
	Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream-(e.g. when re scanning is needed).
	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).
	(13.2.4)Initiation of update in the Service List for services signaled as invisible should not require action/confirmation from user, (see section 12.2.9 NorDig private; Logic_Channel_descriptor (LCD) for invisible services).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, IRD, FE</del> all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD does not add a "non-visible" data service (Service type 0x0C, LCN: 0 non-visible, for example it could be an OTA SSU service for an IRD) in the service list quasi-statically when such a service is added within transport stream.



To verify that the IRD supports OTA SSU and can detect an added OTA SSU service which is signalized as a"non-visible" data service (this may be tested together with test tasks 11.1 to 11.3).

#### **Equipment:**



	Service1	Service2	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen depending of
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test21	the distribution media.
Network_id 1	S type 1	S type 12	
ON id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	
_	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	
	Logic number LCN	Logic number LCN	
	1 visible	0 non-visible	

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network)

# **Test procedure:**

In initial phase transport stream carries at least one service. In second phase at least one new "non-visible" data service is added inclusive the required PSI/SI signalization parameters.

- 1. Verify that the IRD receiver doesn't have the service2 in MUX1 already installed.
- 2. Check that the service1 in MUX1 is accessed.
- 3. Add a new "non-visible" data service (Service2 in MUX1) within transport stream and that added service is listed in NorDig Logical_channel_descriptor as non-visible and with LCD 0.
  - a. Verify the service is added in SDT_actual, PAT and PMT.
  - b. Verify the service is added in logical_channel_number_descriptor in NIT actual
- Toggle the IRD receiver from active mode to standby mode and from standby mode to active mode
- 5. Verify that the IRD do not store nor list the "non-visible" service2 in service list nor ESG and that service2 do not disturb TV viewing.
- 6. For IRDs that support OTA SSU verify that the IRD detects the added service2 in MUX1² without disturbing end-user (and it doesn't storelist the service2 in MUX1 in the service list), this may included in testing of task 11.1 to 11.3.

²⁾ For IRDs support OTA SSU, in case of the "non-visible" test service is a OTA SSU service AND is signalized to target the tested IRD, then the IRD can inform end-user with a notice e.g. that a new software is available (according with Test task 11.1 to 11.3). In case of the "non-visible" test service is a OTA SSU service but not targeted the tested IRD, the IRD shall not inform addition of the new OTA service. Receiver can inform end user with a notice e.g. in case of an own OTA service that a new software is available. In case of unmatched OTA service receiver shall not inform addition of a new service.

#### **Expected result:**

IRDs do not list "non-visible" services that is added.

IRDs that support OTA SSU detects the added "non-visible" OTA SSU data service quasi-statically without end-user disturbance (see also test task 11.1 to 11.3).



	The "non visible" data service is not visible in the service list.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 14:18 Quasi-static update of service list – services moved between different transport streams			
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4			
Requirement	This test is an addition to NorDig Unified Unified TestTask 8:26 and Task 8:29.			
	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).  (13.2.4) The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables).  Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, <b>shall</b> (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD updates service list quasi-static when one or several services are moved between different transport streams.  Equipment:			
	TS Source 1  MUX 1  Exciter 1  TS Source 2  MUX 2  Exciter 2  Combiner  STB			





	Service1	Service2	Service 3	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1200	Can be chosen
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	depending of
Network_id 1	S type 0x01	S type 0x01	S type 0x1F	the distribution
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	media.
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	
	LCN	LCN	<b>LCN</b>	
	1 visible	3 visible	5 visible	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	Can be chosen
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	depending of
Network_id 2	S type 0x19	S type 0x16	S type 0x20	the distribution
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	media. Not
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	V PID 2309	same as for
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	Exciter 1
	LCN	LCN	LCN	
	2 visible	4 visible	6 visible	

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle (1)}$  ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

# **Test procedure:**

- Verify that the private_data_specifier_descriptor and NorDig_logic_channel_descriptor are signaled in NIT_actual.
- 2. Perform a re-initialisation and a channel search.
- 3. Verify that the services from MUX 1 and MUX2 are located in service list as they are signaled.
- 4. Fill in the measurement record 1
- 5. Change following configurations:
  - 1. remove (MPEG2) service "Test11" from MUX1 and add this service to MUX2, rename it to "Test11 new"
  - 2. remove (MPEG4/AVC HD) service "Test21" from MUX2 and add this service to MUX1, rename it to "Test21 new"
  - 3. remove (HEVC) service "Test13" from MUX1 and add this service to MUX2, rename it to "Test13 new"
- 6. Toggle between active mode and standby mode.
- 7. Verify the services are stored at their logical numbers in the service list.
- 8. Fill in the measurement record 2.

When a move of service happens, its TS_id and Network_id change according to configuration in this test, the receiver shall identify the service as new and add it in the service list. When the receiver detects the service with equal LCN is removed, it shall move the service from the last positions in service list to its corresponding position signaled in LCN.

# **Expected result:**

Services remain at their signaled logical channel positions after moving them between different transport streams.

# Measurement record 1: | Basic NorDig IRD | HEVC NorDig IRD | NOK or OK | TV/service list | 1 Test11 | 2 Test21 | 2 Test21 | 3 Test12 | 3 Test12 | 3 Test12

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



	Measurement	4 Test22	4 Test22 5 Test13 6 Test23		
		Basic NorDig IRD TV/service list 1 Test11 new 2 Test21 new 3 Test12 4 Test22	HEVC NorDig IRD TV/service list  1 Test11 new 2 Test21 new 3 Test12 4 Test22 5 Test13 new 6 Test23	NOK or OK	
Conformity	OK Fault	☐ Major ☐ Minor,	define fail reason in con	mments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date			Sign		

Test Case	Task 14:19 Quasi-static update of service list – service remove
Section	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4
Requirement	The IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data, (NIT and SDT i.e. SI that is normally stored in the flash memory for service navigations such as service_name, service_ID, number of services), after it return to active from stand-by mode.
	Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re scanning is needed).
	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).  (13.2.4) The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the
	tables). Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, IRD, FE</del> all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of the test: To check that the IRD updates service list quasi-static when a service is removed within transport stream.



# **Equipment:** MUX 1 TS Source 1 Exciter 1 TS Source 2 MUX 2 Exciter 2 Combiner SI management system

	Service1	Service2	Service 3 for NorDig HEVC IRD	Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1200	Can be
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	chosen
Network_id 1	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x01	S type 0x1F	depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	<b>PMT PID 1300</b>	the
	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	distribution
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	media.
	LCN 1 visible	LCN 2 visible	LCN 5 visible	
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	Can be
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	chosen
Network_id 2	S_type 0x19	S_type 0x <mark>16</mark>	S type 0x20	depending of
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	<b>PMT PID 2300</b>	the
	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	V PID 2309	distribution
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	media. Not
	LCN 3 visible	LCN 4 visible	LCN 6 visible	same as for
			Bouquet SI	Exciter 1
			All information in	
			EIT.	

¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

NOTE: For the terrestrial networks where several transmitters can be received simultaneously, it is important to verify the parameters original network id, transport_stream_id and service_id to make a service unique. In cases where original network id and transport stream id are the same, but the services carried within transport stream differs, network_id can be interpreted to verify if the transport stream belongs to an other region.

# **Test procedure:**

In initial phase transport stream carries at least two services. In second phase one service is removed inclusive the required PSI/SI signalization parameters.

- Make first time installation of the IRD or verify that all signaled services within transport stream are in the service list.
- Remove Service2 Service Test 12 carried within transport stream through MUX1 and service Test23 in MUX2 (for the case HEVC IRD is tested)
  - Verify the Service2 services Test12 and Test23 is removed from SDT_actual, PAT and PMT in MUXes.
  - Verify the services Test12 and Test23 Service2 is removed from service_list_descriptor in NIT_actual in MUXes.

²⁾ Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes



	c. Verify the services Test12 and Test23 Service2 is removed from						
	SDT_other in MUXes in case the SDT_other is signaled.  3. Toggle IRD receiver from active mode to standby mode and from standby						
	mode to active mode						
	4. Verify the service(s) removed from the service list.						
	Expected result:						
	IRD automatically removes the service from the service list.						
	NOTE 1: If the removed service is reserved for any reason, e.g. for timer use, the receiver-IRD will have a conflict in that time when the removed service is requested. It is receiver-IRD manufacturer's responsibility to handle such a conflict.						
	NOTE 2: If the viewer is watching another service when a service is removed, displaying any notifications via OSD is not allowed to prevent disturbance to the viewer. In that time when the service is removed from the transport stream and user is watching an other service, displaying of any OSD is not allowed, due to the possibility that the viewer may be disturbed of that, e.g. in case of recording another service						
	NOTE 3: If a user requests a removed service by zapping to that service, an OSD						
	request to remove the service is allowed.						
	NOTE 4: Note that bad signal / reception problems shall not trigger a service removal.						
Test result(s)	If possible, mark how the service removal is done: User info/prompt:  User info about change in broadcasted services, user action needed to proceed						
	update/change service list.						
	User info about change in broadcasted services, no user action needed to proceed update/change service list.						
	No user info about change in broadcasted services						
	Update of service list:						
	service(s) removed during normal TV viewing mode (for example after zapping), without need for power cycle/toggle active to standby mode.						
	service(s) removed after power cycle (active mode to stand-by mode back to active mode)						
	needs re-scan to remove a service(s) (FAIL)-						
	If possible, mark when the service remove is done:						
	From active mode to stand by mode From stand-by mode to active mode						
	Does the receiver remove the service from the service list if the user is zapping to a removed service:						
	☐ Yes No						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						
	5.5.						



Test Case	Task 14:20 Quasi-static update of service list from NIT_actual for non-existing multiplexers/transport streams			
Section Requirement	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4  The IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi static" SI data, (NIT and SDT i.e. SI that is normally stored in the flash memory for service navigations such as service_name, service_ID, number of services), after it return to active from stand-by mode.			
	Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).  (12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).  (13.2.4) The NorDig IRD shall dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables).  Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify that the IRD is able to update the service list automatically by doing it quasistatically or dynamically.  Equipment:  TS Source 1  MUX 1  Exciter 1  DVB  meceiver  SI management system  NOTE: Assumption in the transport stream NIT_actual is that it has not the TS_id signaled for the added multiplexer.			



	rest pr	oceaure:				
	1.	Set up the system, start with only M				
	verify the Mux1 transport stream contains a NIT_actual with w					
		the TS1/Mux1 and its services with				
		relevant delivery descriptor (origina	al_network_id	in operating range and		
		TS_id=0x1).				
	2.	Do a reinstallation of the IRD				
	3.	Verify which services IRD has all s	ervices from l	Mux1 in its service list (and a		
		service from following steps is not				
	4.	Turn off the IRD	310100 111 1110 3	01 (100 1150)		
	5.	Add Mux2 signal to the output (wit	h at least one	service) Muy 1 and Muy?		
	٥.	shall be signalized to belong to sam				
		NIT_actual shall now list both Mux				
		Mux1 it shall list the Mux1 services				
		the ts loop of Mux2 it shall list the				
		logical_channel_descriptor (i.e. in l				
		Mux2). Similar for Mux2 NIT actual				
		TS_id in the NIT_actual including				
		<del>logical_channel_descriptor for at le</del>	ast one service	<mark>e</mark> .		
	6.	Turn on IRD.				
	7.	Verify how (turn on or switch off) t	he IRD updat	es the changed data in the		
		service list.	•			
	8.	Fill in the test results how the update	tes are done.			
		Verify the IRD at least displays an		essage to end-user stating a		
	7.	new scan is required or do a re-scar				
	10	Verify that the new service from the				
	10.	verify that the new service from the	e new manapi	on is added to the service list.		
	Ermost	ad magnite				
	Expected result:  IRD shall update the service list by doing a scan in case of the service is in a non-					
	existing	multiplex (not scanned before).				
T ( 1(/)	TC '1		4			
Test result(s)		ble, mark how the mux addition is tri	ggerea:			
		fo/prompt:	•			
		r info about change in broadcasted se	rvices, user ac	tion needed to proceed		
	update/change service list.  User info about change in broadcasted services, update/change of the service list					
		done in standby.				
		r info about change in broadcasted se		/change of the service list		
		when entering/exiting standby mode				
	No user info about change in broadcasted services (FAIL)					
	Update of service list:					
	service(s) added during normal TV viewing mode (for example after zapping),					
	without need for power cycle/toggle active to standby mode.					
	serv	ice(s) added after power cycle (active	e mode to stan	d-by mode back to active		
	mode)					
	re-so	can trigger prompt to add muxes				
Conformity	OK	Fault Major Minor, def	ine fail reason	in comments		
Comments		ble describe if fault can be fixed with				
		e more specific faults and/or other in				
		•				
Date			Sign			
	-			#L		

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Test Case	Task 14:21 Quasi-static update of service list from NIT_actual for removing a multiplex		
Section Requirement	NorDig Unified 12.1 and 13.2.4  The IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-statie" SI data, (NIT and SDT i.e. SI that is normally stored in the flash memory for service navigations such as service_name, service_ID, number of services), after it return to active from stand by mode.  Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re scanning is needed).  (12.1.1) The NorDig IRD shall at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services. (The 'running status' is not included in the quasi-static SI data. As a guideline for the implementation, this updating may be performed in the background, to shorten the start-up of the basic video and audio).  (13.2.4) The NorDig IRD shall dynamically update the Service List whenever changes occur in the NIT and SDT tables (i.e. typically handling the version numbers of the tables).  Initiation of update in the Service List that the IRD is not able to perform in the 'background' without disturbances or user action/confirmation, shall (only) be made after manual power up or after user selection to an affected service/transport stream (e.g. when re-scanning is needed).		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	(e.g. when re-scanning is needed).  Basie, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify that the IRD is able to update the service list automatically by doing it quasistatic.  Equipment:  TS Source 1  MUX 1  Exciter 1  TS Source 2  MUX 2  Exciter 2  Combiner  NorDig IRD  SI management system		

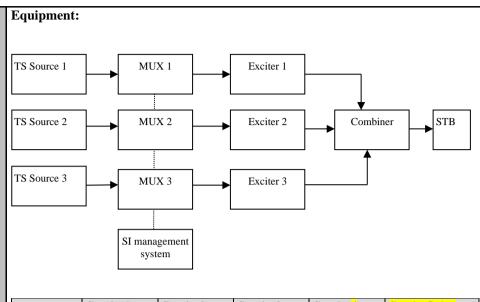


	1. Set up the system, start with Mux1 and Mux2 output (each with at least of service) and verify that both transport streams contains identical NIT_ac I.e Mux1 NIT_actual shall list both Mux1 and Mux2 in the ts_loop, in the loop of Mux1 it shall list the Mux1 services within logical_channel_descripture relevant delivery descriptor and in the ts loop of Mux2 it shall list the Mux2 services within logical_channel_descriptor plus relevant delivery descriptor. Same for Mux2 NIT actual, its shall list both Mux1 and Mux2 (original_network_id in operating range, Mux1 TS_id e.g. 1 and Mux2 T e.g. 2)					
	2. 3.	Do a reinstallation of the IRD Verify which services IRD has in its service list (and a service from following				
	4.	steps is not stored in the service list.) Select a channel which is located in TS Source 1.				
	5. 6.	5. Turn off the IRD				
	0.	Remove/stop Mux2 signal output, in the NIT_actual of Mux1 remove signalling of Mux2 including logical_channel_descriptor. Remove TS Source2 from the NIT_actual including a service_list_descriptor and				
	7.	logical_channel_descriptor. and switch off RF. Turn on IRD.				
	8.					
	9.	Fill in the test results how the updates are done.				
	10.	10. Verify the IRD at least displays an information message to end-user stating a new scan is required or do a re-scan in the network.				
	11.	11. Verify that services from Mux2/TS Source 2 are removed from channel list.				
	Expected result:					
		all update the service list by doing a re-scan.				
	Note 1: Bad sign	nal or reception problems shall not trigger mux update.				
Test result(s)		ble, mark how the mux deletion is triggered: fo/prompt:				
	Useı	r info about change in broadcasted services, user action needed to proceed change service list.				
	Useı	r info about change in broadcasted services, update/change of the service list				
		done in standby.  User info about change in broadcasted services, update/change of the service list				
		done in when entering/exiting standby mode.  No user info about change in broadcasted services (FAIL)				
	Update of service list:					
	service(s) removed during normal TV viewing mode (for example after zapping), without need for power cycle/toggle active to standby mode.					
	service(s) removed after power cycle (active mode to stand-by mode back to active					
	mode) re-so	can trigger prompt to remove muxes				
Conformity		Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments		ble describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO e more specific faults and/or other information				
Date		Sign				



Test Case	Task 14:22 Quasi-static update of NorDig LCN v1
Section	NorDig Unified <del>12.2.9.1</del> 12.2.9.2, 12.2.9.6 and 13.2.2
Requirement	NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:  Private_data_specifier_descriptor (here used when private_data_specifier_value set to
	0x00000029 to identify that a private descriptor within the descriptor loop with tag 0x83 is NorDig Channel Descriptor v1) NorDig channel descriptor v1  Services that are not listed in NorDig Logic_channel_descriptor, shall be displayed in
	the service list(s) and shall be located last in the list (for that service_type).
	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services
	(12.2.9.6) Sorting of services inside a Channel list All "visible" services shall be displayed in the service list(s), sorted according to logic_channel_number and be addressed with a number in the service list equal to the logic_channel_number, as far as possible. The IRD may have several default service lists (or sections inside one) for the different service_types, for example one for each service_type or typically three main categories; TV, Radio and Others ("Others" is not applicable for IRDs without API). If the NorDig IRD has several service lists, the addressing of each service in each list shall match, as much as possible the logic_channel_number value (if no collision within a list).
	Services <b>shall</b> first be ordered depending on their original_network_id, secondly to their service category, thirdly to their logic_channel_number and last on their service_type (independently of several services have collision in the logic_channel_number or if they are listed or not in the logic_channel_descriptor). I.e. first all services from one original network and within that original_network first all TV category services, after that all Radio category services and last all Other category services. After that original network any next original network that the IRD is able to receive and so on.  Services listed in the logic_channel_descriptor, <b>shall</b> have higher priority when ordering the services in the default service list, than services that are not listed. With other words, broadcast services may not be listed in any logic_channel_descriptor and these <b>shall</b> be displayed and accessible in the default service list, but be located last in
	the service list, in order to their service_type.  (13.2.2) The NorDig IRD shall make use of the descriptors listed in Table 13.1 in all NIT_actual (the transport stream the NorDig IRD is tuned to) and NIT_other (other transport stream) tables available in order to update the service list (system delivery data, number of transport streams, logic channel number etc).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the private data specifier and NorDig logic channel version 1 descriptors.
	To verify that the services, which are not listed in NorDig logic_channel_descriptor are displayed last in service list for that service type.





	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service4	Service5 for
					HEVC IRDs
					Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400	SID 1500
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	S_name Test14	S_name Test15
Network id 1	S type 0x01 or	S type 0x0C	S type 0x02	S type 0x19	S type 0x1F
ON_id 1)	<mark>0x16</mark>	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	PMT PID 1400	PMT PID 1500
(3)	PMT PID 1100	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	V PID 1409	V PID 1509
	V PID 1109	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	A PID 1408	A PID 1508
	A PID 1108	LCN	LCN	LCN	LCN
	<b>LCN</b>	0 non-visible	3 visible	0 non-visible	20 visible
	1 visible				Can be chosen
					depending of the
					distribution media.
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300		SID 2500
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23		S_name Test25
Network id 2	S type 0x01 or	S type 0x19	S type 0x16		S type 0x20
ON_id 1)	0x16	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300		PMT PID 2500
(3)	PMT PID 2100	V PID 2209	V PID 2309		V PID 2509
	V PID 2109	A PID 2208	A PID 2308		A PID 2508
	A PID 2108	<b>LCN</b>	<b>LCN</b>		<b>LCN</b>
	<b>LCN</b>	missing	98 visible		0 non-visible
	3 visible		Simulcast		Can be chosen
			replacement		depending of the
			pointing to		distribution media.
			Test25		Not same as for
					Exciter 1
MUX3	SID 3100	SID 3200	SID 3300	SID 3400	SID 3500
TS_id 3	S_name Test31	S_name Test32	S_name Test33	S_name Test34	S_name Test35
Network_id 3	S type 0x01	S type 0x19	S type 0x16	S type 0x19	S type 0x20
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 3100	PMT PID 3200	PMT PID 3300	PMT PID 3400	PMT PID 3500
(3)	V PID 3109	V PID 3209	V PID 3309	V PID 3409	V PID 3509
	A PID 3108	A PID 3208	A PID 3308	A PID 3408	A PID 3508
	LCN	LCN	LCN	LCN	LCN
	2 visible	4 visible	5 visible	10 visible	1 visible <del>Can be</del>
					chosen depending
					of the distribution
					<del>media. Not same as</del>
					for Exciter 1 and 2

ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for all muxes

Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes

³⁾ Frequency can be chosen depending of the distribution media, however Mux1, Mux2 and Mux3 shall have different frequencies.



# Test procedure:

- 1. Verify that the private_data_specifier_descriptor and NorDig_channel_descriptor are signaled in NIT_actual. No Simulcast replacement signaling for Test23 (with with that until step 6 below).
- 2. If needed perform a re-initialisation and a channel search.
- Verify that the services from MUX 1, MUX2 and MUX3 are located in service list as they are signaled.
- 4. Fill in the measurement record 1
- 5. Verify for basic IRDs the service2/Test22 in MUX2 is listed last in the TV service list and for HEVC IRDs that the service1/Test11 in Mux11 is listed
- 6. Change the content of the following logical channel descriptors
  - a. service2/Test12 in MUX1: from 0 to 1 (visible)
  - b. service4/Test14 in MUX1: from 0 to 4 (visible)
  - service1/Test21 in MUX2: from 3 to 99 (remains visible)
  - d. service2/Test32 in MUX3: from 4 to 5 (remains visible)
  - service3/Test33 in MUX3: from 5 to 0 (non-visible) e.
  - service4/Test34 in MUX3: from 10 to 3 (remains visible)
  - g. service5/Test25 in MUX2: from 0 to 98 (visible)
  - h. service3/Test23 in MUX2: add Simulcast replacement descry pointing to service Test25.
- 7. Toggle between active mode and standby mode.
- 8. Verify the services are stored at their logical numbers in the service list.
- 9. Fill in the measurement record 2.
- 10. .

# **Expected result:**

Services are stored in correct type of service lists and in their signaled logical channel

Service2 in MUX2 is listed last in the TV service list.

# Test result(s)

# Measurement record 1

NorDig IRDs with separate list for TV, Radio and others, (nn refers to last in list)

,1	Dig IRDs with s	separate fist for	i v, ixadio and c	dicis. (iiii icicis	to fast III fist)
	<b>Basic</b>	HEVC			NOK or OK
	NorDig IRD	NorDig IRD			
	TV list	TV list	Radio list	Data list	
	1 Test11	1 Test35	3 Test13		
	2 Test31	2 Test31			
	3 Test21	3 Test21			
	4 Test32	4 Test32			
	5 Test33	5 Test33			
	10 Test34	10 Test34			
	98 Test23	20 Test15			
	99 Test22	98 Test23			
		99 Test22			
		100 Test11			

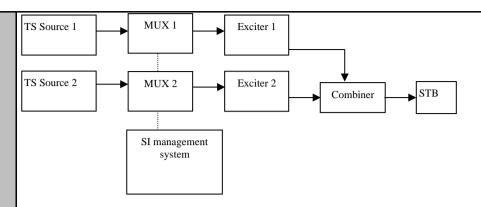
NorDig IRDs with a common list for TV, Radio and others. (nn refers to last in list)

NorDig IRD NorDig IRD	Basic	HEVC	NOK or OK
	NorDig IRD	NorDig IRD	
Service list   Service list	Service list	Service list	



	Measurement record	1 Test11 2 Test31 3 Test21 4 Test32 5 Test33 10 Test34 98 Test23 99 Test22 nn Test13	1 Test35 2 Test31 3 Test21 4 Test32 5 Test33 10 Test34 20 Test15 98 Test23 99 Test22 100 Test11 nn Test13		
	NorDig IRDs with s  Basic NorDig IRD TV list 1 Test11 2 Test31 3 Test34* 4 Test14* 5 Test32* 98 Test23 99 Test21* 100 Test22*	HEVC NorDig IRD TV list 1 Test35 2 Test31 3 Test34* 4 Test14* 5 Test32* 20 Test15 98 Test25* 99 Test21* 100 Test22	Radio list 3 Test13	Data list 1 Test12*	NOK or OK
	NorDig IRDs with a	101 Test11	or TV, Radio and HEVC NorDig IRD Service list 1 Test35 2 Test31 3 Test34* 4 Test14* 5 Test32* 20 Test15 98 Test25* 99 Test21* 100 Test22	d others. (nn refe NOK or OK	ers to last in list)
Conformity Comments  Date	OK Fault M If possible describe Describe more spec	nn Test12  Lajor Minor, if fault can be f	101 Test11 nn Test13 nn Test12 define fail reaso	are update: <b>Y</b>	ES_NO

Test Case	Task 14:23 Quasi-static update of NorDig LCN v2		
Section	NorDig Unified 12.2.9.2 12.2.9.3, 12.2.9.6		
Requirement	NIT descriptors mandatory to receive and interpret if broadcasted:		
	Private_data_specifier_descriptor (here used when private_data_specifier_value set to 0x00000029 to identify that a private descriptor within the descriptor loop with tag 0x87 is NorDig Channel Descriptor v2)  NorDig logical_channel_descriptor v2		
	(12.1.1) The NorDig IRD <b>shall</b> at least start updating for any changes in the received "quasi-static" SI data after it returns to active from standby mode. "Quasi static" SI-data includes NIT and SDT, i.e. SI that is typically stored in the flash memory for service navigations, such as service name, service_ID, number of services		
	(12.2.9.6) Sorting of services inside a Channel list All "visible" services shall be displayed in the service list(s), sorted according to logic_channel_number and be addressed with a number in the service list equal to the logic_channel_number, as far as possible. The IRD may have several default service lists (or sections inside one) for the different service_types, for example one for each service_type or typically three main categories; TV, Radio and Others ("Others" is not applicable for IRDs without API). If the NorDig IRD has several service lists, the addressing of each service in each list shall match, as much as possible the logic_channel_number value (if no collision within a list).  Services shall first be ordered depending on their original_network_id, secondly to their service category, thirdly to their logic_channel_number and last on their service_type (independently of several services have collision in the logic_channel_number or if they are listed or not in the logic_channel_descriptor). I.e. first all services from one original network and within that original_network first all TV category services, after that all Radio category services and last all Other category services. After that original network any next original network that the IRD is able to receive and so on.  Services listed in the logic_channel_descriptor, shall have higher priority when ordering the services in the default service list, than services that are not listed. With other words, broadcast services may not be listed in any logic_channel_descriptor and these shall be displayed and accessible in the default service list, but be located last in the service list, in order to their service_type.		
	(13.2.2) The NorDig IRD shall make use of the descriptors listed in Table 13.1 in all NIT_actual (the transport stream the NorDig IRD is tuned to) and NIT_other (other transport stream) tables available in order to update the service list (system delivery data, number of transport streams, logic channel number etc).		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To check the support for the private data specifier and NorDig logic channel version 2 descriptors.		
	Equipment:		



	Service1	Service2	Service3	Service4 for
				HEVC IRDs
				Frequency
MUX1	SID 1100	SID 1200	SID 1300	SID 1400
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	S_name Test13	S_name Test14
Network_id 1	S type 1	S type 0x0C	S type 2	S type 0x1F
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	PMT PID 1300	PMT PID 1400
<b>(3)</b>	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	V PID 1309	V PID 1409
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	A PID 1308	A PID 1408
	LCN Ver.2 1 visible	LCN Ver.2 0	LCN Ver.2 3	LCN
		non-visible	visible	20 visible
				Can be chosen
				depending of
				the distribution
				media.
MUX2	SID 2100	SID 2200	SID 2300	SID 2400
TS_id 2	S_name Test21	S_name Test22	S_name Test23	S_name Test24
Network_id 2	S type 1	S type 1	S type 0x19	S type 0x20
ON_id 1)	PMT PID 2100	PMT PID 2200	PMT PID 2300	PMT PID 2400
(3)	V PID 2109	V PID 2209	V PID 2309	V PID 2409
	A PID 2108	A PID 2208	A PID 2308	A PID 2408
	LCN Ver.2 3 visible	LCN Ver.2	LCN Ver.2 98	LCN
		missing	visible	1 visible
				Can be chosen
				depending of the distribution
				the distribution media Not
				media. Not
				Evoiter 1
				same as for Exciter 1

ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

For satellite networks the channel lists represented in tables below are valid due to the capability to receive services within one and same ON_id in different countries where even different country_settings in receiver are relevant. The LCN is equal in all different channel lists IDs.

For cable and terrestrial networks, a subset of channel lists is required as long as one and same ON_id is in concern. Transmissions in these networks are not normally dedicated for receivers with different country settings. Therefore, one channel list is enough to test requirement in this test.

MUX1:

²⁾Network_id for DVB-C and DVB-S/S2 IRD tests shall be same in all muxes

³⁾ Frequency can be chosen depending of the distribution media, however Mux1 and Mux2 shall have different frequencies.



Channel_list_ID	Channel list name	Country_code
1	ListSWE	SWE
2	ListFIN	FIN
3	ListNOR	NOR
4	ListDNK	DNK
5	ListICE	ICE

# MUX2:

Channel_list_ID	Channel list name	Country_code
1	ListSWE	SWE
2	ListFIN	FIN
3	ListNOR	NOR
4	ListDNK	DNK
5	ListICE	ICE

# **Test procedure:**

- 1. Verify that the private data specifier descriptor and NorDig channel descriptor are signaled in NIT actual.
- 2. If needed perform a re-initialisation and a channel search.
- 3. Verify that the services from MUX 1 and MUX2 are located in service list as they are signaled.
- 4. Fill in the measurement record 1
- 5. Verify the service2/Test22 in MUX2 is listed last in the TV service list.
- 6. Change the content of the following logical_channel_descriptors
  - a. service1/Test21 in MUX2: from 3 to 99 (remains visible)
  - service2/Test12 in MUX1: from 0 to 1 (visible)
- 7. Toggle between active mode and standby mode.
- 8. Verify the services are stored at their logical numbers in the service list.
- 9. Fill in the measurement record 2.

# **Expected result:**

Services are stored in correct categories of service lists, with correct channel list name, and in their signaled logical channel positions.

Service2 in MUX2 is listed last in the TV service list.

Quasi-static update of service list is performed.

# Test result(s)

# Measurement record 1:

Selected country settings in receiver(for information)	
Selected channel list name (for information)	

NorDig IRDs with separate list for TV, Radio and others. (nn refers to last in list, order between several nn up to IRD manufacture, but nn shall be listed before mm services)

Basic NorDig IRD TV list	HEVC NorDig IRD TV list	Radio list	Data list	NOK or OK
1 Test11 3 Test21 98 Test23 99 Test22	1 Test24 3 Test21 20 Test 14 98 Test23 nn Test22 nn Test11	3 Test13		



	NorDig IRDs with a common list for TV, Radio and others. (nn refers to last in list,,					
	order between several nn up to IRD manufacture, but nn shall be listed before mm services)					
	SCI VICCS)	Basic	HEVC	NOK or OK		
		NorDig IRD	NorDig IRD			
		Service list	Service list			
		1 Test11	1 Test24			
		3 Test21 98 Test23	3 Test21			
		98 Test23 99 Test22	20 Test 14 98 Test23			
		nn Test13	nn Test22			
		III TESTIS	nn Test11			
			mm Test13			
			mm resers			
	Measurement record	12:				
	Selected country se	ettings in receive	er (for information	on)		
	Selected channel li					
			,			
	NorDig IRDs with s					
	between several nn		facture, but nn s	hall be listed be		
	Basic	HEVC			NOK or <b>OK</b>	
	NorDig IRD	NorDig IRD	Radio list	Data list		
	TV list	TV list	2.7712	1.7712*		
	1 Test11 98 Test23	1 Test24 20 Test 14	3 Test13	1 Test12*		
	98 Test25 99 Test21*	20 Test 14 98 Test23				
	100 Test22*	99 Test21*				
	100 103(22	nn Test22*				
		nn Test11				
	NorDig IRDs with a					
	order between sever	al nn up to IRD	manufacture, bu	at nn shall be list	ted before mm	
	services)	Desta	HEVO	NOV	1	
		Basic NorDia IBD	HEVC NorDig IDD	NOK or OK		
		NorDig IRD Service list	NorDig IRD Service list			
		1 Test11	1 Test24			
		98 Test23	20 Test 14			
		99 Test21*	98 Test23			
		100 Test22*	99 Test21*			
		nn Test13	nn Test22*			
		mm Test	nn Test 21			
		12*	mm Test13			
Conformitu		ion Minon	oo Test12*	, in comments		
Conformity Comments	If possible describe	<del>-</del>	define fail reason		ES NO	_
Comments	Describe more speci					
	and appear					
Date			Sign			



# 2.15 Task 15: PVR Functionality

Test Case	Task 15:1 Recording File System
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall at all times keep a file system of the PVR's recordings and make them available upon request for the user to select and playback.  The user shall be able to list the recordings as:  • all recordings, as ordered by date&time
	For all recordings that have been programmed via the ESG or EPG, each recorded item in the NorDig PVR's list of recordings shall display for the user at least information about the recorded event's date of recording and event_name extracted from EIT data during the recording. If no event information is available for a specific recording then the service_name shall be used. For manual recording that span several events, it is recommended to use the service_name instead.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD rerodings file system is according requirements  Test procedure: This is a general requirement and will be tested in the following test tasks.

Test Case	Task 15:2 Recording capacity
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to indicate its momentary available recording capacity. The basis for the indication shall be explained in the instruction manual and should be in terms of capacity (e.g. GB), percentage or time (e.g. hours).
	The Manufacture shall clearly state the recording capacity for the NorDig PVR in marketing specification and in the instruction manual. It shall as a minimum be specified in terms of bytes (like GigaByte, GB etc).
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD indicates the capacity of the mass storage.
	Equipment:
	IRD Under test
	Test procedure:  1. Verify that the recording capacity is presented in the IRD menu.  2. Verify that the instruction manual states clearly the recording capacity.  Expected results:
	The IRD and the instruction manual indicates the recording capacity.
Test result(s)	



Date

# NorDig Unified Test Plan ver. 3.1.1, diff. ver. 2.6.0 with markups

Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			
Duie	Sign			
Test Case	Task 15:3 Deletion of the recordings			
	Ĭ			
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.3			
Requirement	The user shall be able to manually delete any recorded event in the NorDig PVR by			
	deleting one recording at the time.			
	The NorDig PVR shall have a mode (set as factory default) where the NorDig PVR shall ask for user confirmation before deletion of recordings (i.e. the NorDig PVR may in			
	addition have alternative mode where the NorDig PVR will delete recordings without			
	any extra confirmation).			
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD			
variants and				
<u>capability</u>				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
	To verify that receiver that the IRD can delete PVR content.			
	Tost Equipments			
	Test Equipment:			
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Up Converter DVB Monitor			
	source Modulator Op Converter Receiver			
	Test procedure:			
	1. Open the Receivers PVR/PDR content menu.			
	2. Select one recorded program and delete it.			
	<ul><li>3. Verify that the content is removed and PVR/PDR storage is freed.</li><li>4. Verify that the IRD has a function that removes all recordings from the mass</li></ul>			
	<ol> <li>Verify that the IRD has a function that removes all recordings from the mass storage.</li> </ol>			
	storage.			
	Expected results:			
	The receiver shall handle deletion of the recorded content.			
Total and the				
Test result(s)	OK Foult Major Minor Jeffer fell masses in comment			
Comments	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments  If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software under: VES NO			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)			

Test Case	Task 15:4 Failed and incomplete recordings
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.4

Sign

Describe more specific faults and/or other information



Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall have a mechanism for informing the user of failed or incomplete (partial) recordings. For incomplete (partial) recordings it should inform the user how				
	much of the booked event has not been successfully recorded.				
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD				
variants and					
<b>capability</b>					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To verify that IRD handles the failded and incomplete recordings according				
	requirements.				
	Equipment:				
	IRD Under test				
	Test procedure:				
	1. Schedule a recording.				
	2. Disconnect IRD from mains before the start time of the recording.				
	3. Re-connect IRD to mains after the end time of the recording.				
	<b>4.</b> Verify that the IRD indicates the recording has failed.				
	Incomplete recordings will be tested in test cases below.				
Test result(s)					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

	Task 15:5 File system intact after update				
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.6				
Requirement	The NorDig PVR's file systems of recorded events shall be intact after				
	<ul> <li>updating of the PVR IRD's System Software and/or</li> <li>updating of CA system and/or</li> </ul>				
	• re-installation or update of installed services				
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD				
variants and capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To verify that IRD file system is intact after system update, CA system update and/or re-				
	istallation or update of the installed services				
	Equipment:				
	IRD Under test				
	Test stream				
	Preparation for the test:				
	1. Perform recordings to the IRD mass media.				
	2. View some of the recordings.				
	3. List the content on the mass media.				
	Test procedure:				
	Perform a SW update (for example, during SSU update test tasks).				



	2.			recordings	on the IRD ma	ass media are available after
	2	the SW update. Perform a CA system update:				
	3.		•		C1 .1	
					•	e CA module to another.
	4					acturer describe the procedure
	4.	•	-	recordings	on the IRD ma	ass media are available after
	5.		stem update.	ad now insta	llation of the l	IDD
	5. 6.				llation of the l	
	0.	•	n an expected istallation.	recordings	on the IRD in	ass media are available after
		the new n	istanation.			
	Expect	ed result:				
	_		ntact after a s	oftware und	ate.	
Test result(s)		ement recor				
. ,	Test p	oint			Result OK/	NOK
	Recor	dings are av	ailable after	SW update		
	Recor	dings are av	ailable after (	CA system		
	update	)				
	Recor	dings are av	ailable after l	RD re-		
	install	ation				
Conformity	ОК	Fault	Major	Minor, d	lefine fail reas	on in comments
Comments	If possi	ble describe	if fault can b	e fixed with	software upda	ate: YES NO
	Describ	e more spec	cific faults an	d/or other in	formation	
Date					Sign	

	Task 15:6 Limitations in recorded content – no extraction
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.7
Requirement	For protected content (unless otherwise specified by the relevant network/Operator), it shall not be possible to extract or output content from the NorDig PVR in un-protected format, therefore all recordings shall be stored in a protected format not easy to extract by the user.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD's recorded content is not extratable to the user  Equipment: IRD Under test  Test procedure:  1. Make sure that IRD has some recorded content 2. Verify that the content is not extractable in un-protected format  Expected results: The IRD shall protect the content on mass storage
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign



	Task 15:7 Limitations in recorded content – downscaling of the HD content to the removable media
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.7
Requirement	NorDig PVRs' using standardised removable media, such as DVD or Blu-ray for recording of protected content shall downscale any HD content with higher resolution than SD (i.e. higher than 720x576i25 or 960x540p50) to SD resolution (maximum 720x576 or 960x540) before storing it to the removable media. HD content Content with HD resolution or higher may be recorded in its original resolution if the recording retains the original broadcast scrambling or any other local device scrambling approved by the Network/Operator.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD's recorded content is downscaled to standardized removable media.  Equipment: IRD Under test  This test is applicable only for NorDig PVR IRDs that are able to store the content to a standardized removable media, such as DVD or Blu-ray disc.  Test procedure:  1. Record HD content to a standardized media. 2. Verify that the content is recorded as downscaled to SD format.  Expected results: The IRD shall downscale the content on removable media.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:8 Disk Management
Section	NorDig Unified 14.2.8
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall have appropriate disk management (including de-fragementation handling for Hard Disk Drive based PVRs) to minimise need for re-formatting disk during its lifetime.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD

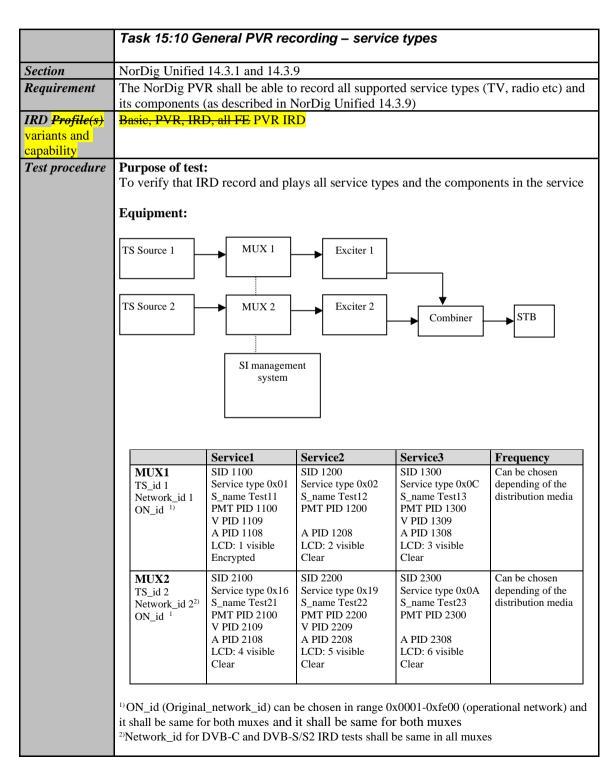


Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD has the disk management function	
	Equipment: IRD Under test	
	Test procedure: 1. Verify that the IRD has the disk management and de-fragmentation function	
	Expected results: The IRD has the disk management function.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:9 General PVR recording – bitrates		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.1		
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall as a minimum support recording up to 20 Mbps per (SD/576i) service and shall as a minimum support recording up to 30 Mbps per (HD/1080i/720p) service.  The NorDig HEVC PVR shall in addition as a minimum support recording up to 25 Mbps per (Full HD/1080p) service and shall as a minimum support recording up to 45 Mbps per (UHD/2160p) service.  The NorDig PVR shall be able to record for at least 60 minutes with the above transmission figures.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD meet with the general requirements  Equipment:  MPEG 2- source  DVB-S/C/T Modulator  Up Converter  Test stream with SD service of 20 Mbps bit rate Test stream with HD service of 30 Mbps bit rate  Test procedure:  1. Select a SD service with 20 Mbps bit rate. 2. Start recording for duration of one hour. 3. Select a HD service with 30 Mbps bit rate. 4. Start recording for duration of one hour. 5. Verify that the recordings are performed correctly.  Expected results: The IRD is cabable of recording with the required service bitrate.		
Test result(s)	Measurement record		



	Test point	Result OK/NOK
	SD content, bitrate up to 20Mbps can be recorded and viewed	
	HD content, bitrate up to 30Mbps can be recorded and viewed	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in co	mments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	





	Channel list ID is set to 1 and country_code according to country settings in the receiver.						
	Services in MUX1 are using MPEG-2 video and MPEG1 LII audio.						
	Services in MUX2 are allowed only use advanced coded video and audio, with other						
		words MPEG-4 AVC video and HE-AAC or E-AC-3 audio.					
	Services may	contain multiple audio and subtitling tracks and teletext	•				
	Test procedure:						
	1. Perf	1. Perform factory reset and new installation of the IRD.					
	<ol> <li>Verify the IRD installs the channels to appropriate service lists.</li> </ol>						
	3. Perform a recording, e.g.5 min, on each service.						
	4. Play back the recordings.						
	avai	lable in the recording.					
	Ermooted wa	avilta.					
	-		Expected results: The IRD records and plays the complete service.				
	THE INDICE						
		oras and prays are compress ser recor					
Test result(s)	Service	Service type	Result				
Test result(s)	Service name		Result OK/NOK				
Test result(s)	name Test11	Service type  Digital television service (0x01)					
Test result(s)	name Test11 Test12	Service type  Digital television service (0x01)  Digital radio sound service (0x02)					
Test result(s)	name           Test11           Test12           Test13	Digital television service (0x01) Digital radio sound service (0x02) Data broadcast service (0x0C)					
Test result(s)	name           Test11           Test12           Test13           Test21	Digital television service (0x01) Digital radio sound service (0x02) Data broadcast service (0x0C) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x16)					
Test result(s)	name           Test11           Test12           Test13           Test21           Test22	Digital television service (0x01) Digital radio sound service (0x02) Data broadcast service (0x0C) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x16) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x19)					
` '	name           Test11           Test12           Test13           Test21	Digital television service (0x01) Digital radio sound service (0x02) Data broadcast service (0x0C) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x16) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x19) Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A)	OK/NOK				
Test result(s)  Conformity	name           Test11           Test12           Test13           Test21           Test22           Test23	Digital television service (0x01) Digital radio sound service (0x02) Data broadcast service (0x0C) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x16) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x19) Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A)  Tault Major Minor, define fail reason in comm	OK/NOK  nents				
` '	name           Test11           Test12           Test13           Test21           Test22           Test23           OK           If possible defended	Digital television service (0x01) Digital radio sound service (0x02) Data broadcast service (0x0C) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x16) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x19) Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A)  ault Major Minor, define fail reason in commescribe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES	OK/NOK  nents				
Conformity	name           Test11           Test12           Test13           Test21           Test22           Test23           OK           If possible defended	Digital television service (0x01) Digital radio sound service (0x02) Data broadcast service (0x0C) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x16) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x19) Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A)  Tault Major Minor, define fail reason in comm	OK/NOK  nents				
Conformity	name           Test11           Test12           Test13           Test21           Test22           Test23           OK           If possible defended	Digital television service (0x01) Digital radio sound service (0x02) Data broadcast service (0x0C) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x16) H.264/AVC SD digital television service (0x19) Advanced codec digital radio sound service (0x0A)  ault Major Minor, define fail reason in commescribe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES	OK/NOK  nents				

	Task 15:11 ESG/EPG recording programming – individual events without CRID
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the user to select individual events and series to be recorded from the ESG or EPG display (based on information from EIT data).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD is able to handle several scheduled recordings (manual and EPG scheduled) in on mode. To verify that the IRD is able to wake up from standby to perform scheduled recordings and set itself back into the originating power state after the scheduled recordings have been completed.  Equipment: Live network or a test network of 3 MUX (tbd) is used for this test. ESG schedule events as follows:

	TS1 Test11
	TS2 Test21
	Test22
	TS3 Test31
	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	$T_N$ =start_time $_N$ -(start_time $_{N-1}$ +duration $_{N-1}$ ) > 10 min, up to over 24 hours
	TS1 Test11
	TS2 Test21
	Test22
	TS3 Test31
	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	$T_N$ =start_time _N -(start_time _{N-1} +duration _{N-1} ) $\leq 10$ min
	Test wweedowe
	Test procedure:  1. Schedule several events from ESG/EPG for recording as follows:
	a. Events with a long time gap (> 10 min) between the events
	b. Events with a short time gap (≤ 10 min) between the events
	<ol> <li>Take note on/list the scheduled events (event name, start time, duration, service).</li> <li>Select a service on MUX3.</li> </ol>
	4. Set the IRD to stand-by mode.
	5. Verify that the IRD records all the scheduled events and returns back to the
	originating power state after each scheduled event.  6. Resume the IRD from standby.
	7. Verify that all the scheduled events are recorded and they can be played back
	correctly.
	Expected results:
	The IRD performs scheduled recordings correctly in all possible situations.
	The IRD sets itself back to the originating power state after recording.
Test result(s)	Measurement record
	Test point Result OK/NOK IRD records individual events with a
	long gap in between
	IRD records individual events with a
	short gap in between
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
	Describe more specific raults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:12 ESG/EPG recording programming – individual event with CRID
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2



Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the user to select individual events and series to be recorded from the ESG or EPG display (based on information from EIT
	data).
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
variants and	
capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD enables ESG/EPG reording programming for individual event.
	Equipment:
	IRD Under test
	Stream
	Test procedure:
	1. Open the EPG and schedule a recording by selecting an event with CRID in the
	EPG.
	2. Verify that the IRD records the event correctly.
	3. Playback recording initiated by EPG.
	F
	Expected results:
	The IRD enables recording from EPG/ESG.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:13 ESG/EPG recording programming – individual event with CRID – same event recording
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2
Requirement	If the user selects an event for recording from the ESG/EPG which has the same programme CRID value as an earlier recording within the NorDig PVR list of recordings, the NorDig PVR shall inform the user at the time of booking that this new selected event might already have been recorded and offer the option for the user to record anyway or not (1). The NorDig PVR should display information about this earlier recording (like the event name, date of recording and description).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD informs user if ESG/EPG reording programming for individual event is already set for recording.  Equipment: IRD Under test Stream with EIT including CRID. Two events shall have the same CRID value.  Test procedure:
	<ol> <li>Open the EPG and schedule a recording by selecting an event with CRID in the EPG.</li> <li>Try schedule another later recording from the ESG/EPG by selecting an event with the same CRID in the EPG that has been already selected for recording.</li> <li>Verify that the IRD informs the user that the event is already set for recording.</li> </ol>
	<b>Expected results:</b> The IRD inform user if the same program with same CRID is already selected for recording from the EPG/ESG.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Tools 45:44 500/500 years which were assessed in a source
	Task 15:14 ESG/EPG recording programming – series
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.3
Requirement	All events that have the same series CRID belongs to the same Series. An individual event inside a Series is referenced here as an Episode. (For definition of CRID see section 12.4.6.2).
	The NorDig PVR shall be able to record a complete Series via the CRID. The NorDig PVR shall store and track series CRIDs that are programmed for recording for up to 91 days between occurrences in EIT schedule. To allow broadcasters to reuse a series CRID for a different editorial concept, the NorDig PVR shall discard any series CRIDs not seen in EIT for 91 days.
	The display of programmes selected for recording shall include an indication if the programme is included as a consequence of being one of a series.
	The IRD should be aware that the default authority may be changed over time (for example a service might have default authority added in SDT), the NorDig PVR should automatically update its stored default authorities (not only during installation).
	The NorDig PVR shall support recording of all episodes of a specific series via series CRID'ws in the broadcast.
	It shall be possible from ESG/EPG to program the NorDig PVR to record a series of events.
	The NorDig PVR shall indicate in the ESG/EPG that an event is part of a series (1). The NorDig PVR shall, if the user selects to record the event that belongs to a series, request
	the user what to record: 1.Only the single event selected.
	2.Several or All events (episodes) of the series



IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD enables ESG/EPG reording programming for series of events.
	Equipment: IRD Under test Stream with EIT information including CRID.
	<ol> <li>Test procedure:</li> <li>Open the EPG and schedule a recording by selecting a series CRID in the EPG.</li> <li>Verify that EPG contains information that event is part of the Series</li> <li>Initiate recording</li> <li>Verify that IRD is asking if one or all Episodes shall be recorded</li> <li>Select all Episodes</li> <li>Verify that all Episodes of the Series is recorded</li> <li>Playback all recordings initiated by EPG and verify that recordings are playbacked correctly</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Open the EPG and schedule a recording by selecting a series CRID in the EPG.</li> <li>Verify that EPG contains information that event is part of the Series</li> <li>Initiate recording</li> <li>Verify that IRD is asking if one or all Episodes shall be recorded</li> <li>Select all one Episode</li> <li>Verify that only one Episode of the Series is recorded</li> <li>Playback recording initiated by EPG and verify that recording is playbacked correctly</li> </ol>
	Expected results: The IRD enables series recording from EPG/ESG.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:15 Split recordings
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.4
Requirement	A programme may consist of multiple EIT events within the same service or over several services. For example, a film might be divided into two parts/blocks interrupted by a news programme in the middle (see Figure 14.1 A) or a longer sport event might be split into several parts/blocks over several services, (see Figure 14.1 B).  Signalling carried in the SI allows the PVR to identify and record all the events containing the parts of a single programme. A "split programme" is a single piece of content which comprises of two or more EIT events having the same CRID and IMI value with the gap from the scheduled end time (start_time plus duration) to the scheduled start time of any two of those events is less than 3 hours (see section 12.4.6).



	The NorDig PVR shall consider a split programme to be segments of a single item of content (1). When selecting a split programme for recording, the NorDig PVR shall select and record all constituent events so that the complete programme content is recorded.
	There are cases where a NorDig PVR may during the time of programming a recording only see a single event with the booked CRID and IMI combination (for example initially only the first part/block of the split programme has so far been included in the EIT).
	The NorDig PVR shall continue to monitor the EIT for additional events with the same CRID and IMI combination and include them to the selected recording (1). In case of overlap between the split events and if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity when back-to-back recording, then the NorDig PVR shall first finalise recording of the first part/event of the split programme (according to the events start time and duration) before starting recording the next part of the split programme, This is the same behaviour as back-to-back recordings.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD handles split recordings.
	Equipment:
	• IRD Under test
	• Streams with split events of same content:
	o Stream 1: Event splitted on the same channel with max. 3 hour gap
	<ul> <li>between splitted events</li> <li>Stream 2: Event splitted between two channels in different multiplexes</li> </ul>
	o Stream 2: Event splitted between two channels in different multiplexes without gaps between splits
	<ul> <li>Stream 3: Event splitted between two channels in different multiplexes</li> </ul>
	with gaps between splits (max. 3 hour)
	<ul> <li>Stream 4: Event splitted between two channels in different multiplexes with overlaps between splits</li> </ul>
	o tempo controlli spino
	Test procedure:
	<ol> <li>Initiate recording of event part of a content split into several events from EPG.</li> <li>The IRD presents information that there are several that are part of the same content</li> </ol>
	and offer to record the whole content.
	3. Repeat with all test streams
	Expected result:
	The IRD is able to initiate recording of several events that are part of the same content
T 1 14(-)	and it is indicated in the EPG. The IRD presents this in a user friendly way.
Test result(s) Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:16 Split recordings- dynamic update of EIT
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.4



Requirement	During the lifecycle of EIT schedule broadcasters may change programmes from split to single or vice versa.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles split recordings.  Equipment:  IRD Under test  Streams with events of same content:  Stream 1: Event splitted dynamically(*) on the same channel with max. 3 hour gap between splitted events  Stream 2: Event dynamically(*) splitted between two channels in different multiplexes with out gaps between splits  Stream 3: Event dynamically(*) splitted between two channels in different multiplexes with gaps between splits (max. 3 hour)  Stream 4: Event splitted dynamically(*) between two channels in different multiplexes with overlaps between splits  Stream 5: A splitted event dynamically(*) changed to single event  *Dynamically means update of the event information to correspond the change of single program to a splitted program or a splitted program to a single program  Test procedure:  Initiate recording of a event that is dynamically changed to splitted event or one event from EPG.  Verify that the IRD records the whole event.  Repeat with all test streams  Expected result:  The IRD is able to record dynamically changed splitted events.
Test result(s)	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:17 Recommended events
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.5
Requirement	When the event selected has one or more recommendation(s) associated with it (signalised from original event with crid_type 0x03), the NorDig PVR should offer the option to record the recommendations (programme or series) as well as the selected programme or series.  Once selected, the appropriate recommended event(s) shall also be marked as selected to be recorded on the EPG display.  The recommended event(s) may also have recommendation(s) of its own. When user chooses to select to include the recommendation(s) into the recording, the NorDig PVR shall not include more than the original event's recommendation(s) (i.e. the NorDig
	PVR shall not follow more than the original event's initial recommendation and a recommendation should not be used to create a linked list of events to be recorded).



IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD			
variants and				
<b>capability</b>				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
	To verify that IRD supports recommended events			
	Equipment: IRD Under test Stream with EIT information including CRID for recommendations  Test procedure:  1. Open EPG and schedule a event 2. Verify that IRD recommended only events that are related to the schedule event 3. Verify that it is possible to schedule recordings for recommended event  Expected results:			
	The IRD supports recommended events			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

	Task 15:18 Alternative Recording					
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.6					
Requirement	When scheduled recordings overlap, the NorDig PVR shall use the alternate instance information (1), when provided, to record one or more of the programmes at their alternate times thereby minimising the conflict, subject to any device limitations (e.g. available space).					
	Where a programme is repeated in its entirety a broadcaster may assign the same programme CRID to both EIT events. The NorDig PVR should detect an alternative instance of a programme (as when two events has same programme CRID) (1). This can be used to assist in resolution of booking clashes.					
	Where alternate instances belong to the same series this allows the NorDig PVR to only record a single showing of each episode, usually the first.					
<i>IRD</i> Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD					
Test procedure	<ul> <li>Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles alternative instance recording.</li> <li>Equipment: <ul> <li>IRD Under test</li> <li>Stream 1: Recorded stream with split information about alternative instance of event on same channel.</li> <li>Stream 2: Recorded stream with split information about alternative instance of event on same channel.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Test procedure: <ul> <li>Playout stream 1.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					



	<ol> <li>Schedule an event conflicting with the event with alternative instance.</li> <li>The IRD shall notify that there is a collision but that there is an alternative instance that can be recorded on the same service instead.</li> <li>Playout stream 2.</li> <li>Schedule an event conflicting with the event with alternative instance.</li> <li>The IRD shall notify that there is a collision but that there is an alternative instance that can be recorded on another service instead.</li> </ol> Expected result: The IRD is able to use alternative information to record a programme at an alternative		
Test result(s)	time in the case of conflict, including also on other TV sevices.		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

	Took 45:40 Accounts Decombined FIT information agreed		
	Task 15:19 Accurate Recording – EIT information present		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.7		
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall determine the timing of the recording through monitoring of the EITschedule and EIT present/following information.  The NorDig PVR shall record at least for the duration where the event ID in the EIT present table matches the event ID of the event selected from the EIT schedule to a precision of 10 Seconds, unless there is a conflict with another recording event.		
	Where the Event ID is signalled in EIT present table early (in advance of the schedule start_time) the NorDig PVR shall start recording. As a minimum the NorDig PVR shall handle early starts of at least 10 minutes, provided there are no other recordings in progress.  The NorDig PVR shall monitor the EIT schedule and EIT present/following for updates to the start time and duration such that any event will be captured should the schedule be updated no later than 2 minutes prior to the current scheduled time of broadcast. Where the Event ID does not appear within EITp/f (in neither the present nor following tables) within the expected schedule time and duration the NorDig PVR should record according to the scheduled start time and duration. If the event id appears in the EIT following table at the scheduled start time, it means that the event is delayed and the NorDig PVR should wait with the start of the recording until the event ID appears in the EIT present table.  The duration of the recording shall be changed even if the EITp/f is updated after the		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	start time has elapsed, until the event is no longer present in the EIT present tab.  Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles accurate recording based on the EIT information according to the PVR_rec minimum scenario.		
	Equipment: IRD Under test Stream with EIT information that is updated accurately (EIT present table), having consequent EIT schedule and EIT p/f scenarios as follows:  • EIT1: Event start_time ₁ , duration = duration ₁ .		



EIT2: Event start time₂ = start time₁-10min and duration₂  $\neq$  duration₁. EIT3: Event start_time₃>start_time₂, duration₃ = duration₂. EIT4: Event start_time₄=start_time₃, duration₄=duration₃. EIT5: Event start_time₅=start_time₄, duration₅>duration₄. Each scenario consists of multiple EIT sections: Event shall be included in the EIT schedule of EIT1. Event shall be included in the EIT_following of EIT2 and EIT3. Event shall be included in the EIT_present of EIT4 and EIT5. Event start_time and duration shall be constant in EIT_schedule during the test. Event event_id shall be constant during the test. Event name or short_event_descriptor may be updated to indicate the originating EIT scenario number. start time2 start time345 start time1 EIT1 duration₁ present following duration2 EIT2 ollowing EIT3 present duration₄ EIT4 -following EIT5 following time ≤10min >2min **←**<2min**→ Test procedure:** Broadcast EIT schedule and EIT p/f scenario EIT1. Schedule Event for recording from EPG/ESG. 3. Set IRD into the stand-by mode. 4. Update EIT scenario to EIT2, where Event start time and duration are updated. 5. Shortly before start_time₂, update EIT scenario to EIT3, where start_time is 6. Update EIT scenario to EIT4 at start time₃ so that Event is the present event While Event is present, update EIT scenario to EIT5, where duration is updated. Fill in the measurement record. **Expected results:** The IRD performs accurate recording based on the EIT present information. Recording should start at start_time₄ or alternatively recording shall start at start_time₂ ±10 s. Recording shall stop at start_time5+duration5±10 s. Measurement record Test result(s) Result OK/NOK **Test point** IRD prioritizes EIT_present/following over EIT_schedule IRD handles correctly an early start of a scheduled event IRD handles correctly a delayed start of a scheduled event IRD handles EIT present duration update during recording Recording begins according to EIT present  $\pm 10$  s. Recording is stopped according to EIT present  $\pm$  10 s. Recording is not indicated as incomplete. Recording is correctly viewable **Conformity** OK Major ☐ Minor, define fail reason in comments If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO **Comments** Describe more specific faults and/or other information



Date	Sign	

	Task 15:20 Accurate Recording – EIT information missing		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.7		
Requirement	Where the Event ID does not appear within EITp/f (in neither the present nor following tables) within the expected schedule time and duration the NorDig PVR should record according to the scheduled start time and duration. If the event id appears in the EIT following table at the scheduled start time, it means that the event is delayed and the NorDig PVR should wait with the start of the recording until the event ID appears in the EIT present table.		
	The duration of the recording shall be changed even if the EITp/f is updated after the start time has elapsed, until the event is no longer present in the EIT present table.		
	If the NorDig PVR starts to record at the expected scheduled start time even if the event does not appear within EIT p/f, the recording shall be considered as incomplete.		
	Where there is a loss of signal or EIT present table is no longer being received, the NorDig PVR will continue to record at least until the end time of the event (defined by start_time plus duration) in the last received EITp/f. If the signal is restored the NorDig PVR will continue to record according to its normal operation.		
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD		
variants and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles accurate recording based on the EIT information		
	Equipment:  TS Source  MUX  Exciter  DVB  Receiver  Stream with EIT information that is updated (EIT present table)		
	<ol> <li>Test procedure:         <ol> <li>Schedule an event for recording from EPG/ESG.</li> <li>Set IRD into the stand-by mode</li> <li>Remove EIT information</li> </ol> </li> <li>Verify that IRD checks the EIT information and updates recording before scheduled recording.</li> <li>Verify that recording is completed as indicated at the initial time of the recording and missing EIT present information do not change the initial recording.</li> </ol>		
	Expected results: The IRD performs accurate recording without EIT information		



Test result(s)	Measurement record	Domik OV/NOV
	Test point	Result OK/NOK
	IRD checks the EIT information at least 10 min before	
	scheduled recording takes place	
	Recording begins according to EIT schedule	
	Recording is stopped according to EIT schedule	
	IRD indicates that the recording is incomplete	
	The recording is correctly viewable	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software updat	e: <b>YES</b> NO
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:21 Accurate Recording – Loss of signal			
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.7			
Requirement	Where there is a loss of signal or EIT present table is no longer being received, the NorDig PVR will continue to record at least untl the end time of the event (defined by start_time plus duration) in the last received EITp/f. If the signal is restored the NorDig PVR will continue to record according to its normal operation.			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles accurate recording in spite of reception problems.			
	Test stream shall contain EIT_actual schedule and present/fol  Test procedure:  1. Schedule the event 'Test Event' for recording from I 2. Set IRD into the stand-by mode 3. Disconnect IRD from the Exciter while the recording 4. Re-connect the IRD to the Exciter before the end tim 5. Wake up the IRD from stand-by after the recording 6. Play back the recording. 7. Fill in the measurement record.  Expected results: IRD is able to handle reception errors gracefully. IRD indicates the incomplete recordings.	EPG g is ongoing. ne of the event.		
Test result(s)	Measurement record  Test point	Result OK/NOK		
	IRD continues recording after signal is re-connected			
	Recording is stopped at the end time of the event			
	IRD indicates that the recording is incomplete			
	The incomplete recording is viewable to the largest possible extent			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason	in comments		



	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date		Sign	

	Task 15:22 Accurate Recording – EIT update in stand-by			
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.7			
Requirement	In standby mode (where the NorDig PVR IRD is not decoding any transport stream) the NorDig PVR shall have the capability to power on automatically twice per day to update the EIT and scheduled recordings. There may be an option to amend the time of power on or to switch off the facility as a user option, but factory default for this shall be that it is on.			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD check the EIT schedule information at least twice per day in stand-by mode  Equipment: IRD Under test Stream with EIT information that is updated  Test procedure:  1. Schedule a recording from ESG/EPG for 24 hours from current time. 2. Set IRD to stand-by mode. 3. While IRD is in stand-by mode, update the EIT Schedule information so that the start times and durations of the scheduled recording are changed. 4. After 12 hours, update the EIT Schedule information again. 5. Verify that IRD updates the EIT information at least twice a day and performs the recordings correctly according to the changed EIT information. 6. Verify that IRD has performed the recordings correctly according to the updated EIT Schedule.  Expected results:			
	The IRD IRD checks the EIT information and updates the recording accordingly at least twice a day.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 15:23 Simultaneous recording – OTR and viewing		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.8 and 14.3.15		
Requirement	The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record one service while viewing another, independently even if theservices are on different transport streams.		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD		



Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording.				
	To verify that the IND handles the simultaneous recording.				
	Test Equipment:				
	Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and	HD services (TBD).			
	Test procedure:  1. Initiate OTR.				
	2. Zap to a service on another multiplex.				
	3. Watch and change the service for a few times.				
	4. Stop OTR.				
	5. Play back the recording				
	Expected results: The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record one service while viewing another, independently even if theservices are on different transport streams.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record				
(2)	Test point	Result OK/NOK			
	IRD is able to tune to another service while recording.				
	OTR recording does not disturb viewing.				
	Viewing does not disturb the recording.				
	Channel change does not disturb the recording.				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \begin{aligned} \textbf{YES} \estimate{\textbf{NO}} \end{aligned} \)				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 15:24 Simultaneous recording – Scheduled recording and viewing					
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.8 and 14.3.16					
Requirement	The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record one service while viewing another, independently even if theservices are on different transport streams.					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording.  Test Equipment: Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and HD services (TBD).  Test procedure:  1. Schedule a recording from EPG/ESG. 2. Zap to a service on another multiplex. 3. Watch and change the service for a few times until the scheduled recording is completed. 4. Play back the recording.  Expected results: The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record one service while viewing another, independently even if theservices are on different transport streams.					



Test result(s)	Measurement record						
	<b>Test point</b>	Result OK/NOK					
	IRD is able to tune to another service while scheduled recording						
	is ongoing.						
	Scheduled recording does not disturb viewing.						
	Viewing does not disturb the recording.						
	Channel change does not disturb the recording.						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in c	omments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YI						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	_					
Date	Sign						
Test Case	Task 15:25 Simultaneous recording – OTR and time-shift						
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.8, 14.3.12, 14.3.15 and 14.4.2						
Requirement	The NorDig PVR should be able to record a background service (that	at is not viewed) at					
<b>1</b>	the same time as timeshift record the viewing service, independently						
	on different transport streams.						
IRD Profile(s)	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD						
variants and							
<u>capability</u>							
Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
	To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording and times	shift.					
	Total Foreigns and						
	Test Equipment: Live network on a test network of at least 2 MHV with both SD and HD services (TRD)						
	Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and HD services (TBD).						
	Test procedure:						
	1. Initiate OTR.						
	<ol> <li>Initiate OTK.</li> <li>Zap to a service on another multiplex.</li> </ol>						
	3. Initiate timeshift and pause viewing for few minutes.						
	4. View, Fast forward, Rewind and Pause the timeshifted vide	eo in a random					
	pattern.	co in a random					
	5. Fast forward the playback the timeshifted content to real time. Rewind and						
	view.						
	6. Stop the timeshift.						
	7. Stop OTR.						
	8. Play back the recording.						
	Expected results:						
	The NorDig PVR is able to timeshift another service while recording.						
Test result(s)	Measurement record						
	Test point	Result OK/NOK					
	IRD is able to timeshift another service while recording.						
	OTR recording does not disturb timeshift functionality.						
	Timeshift pause does not disturb the recording.						
	Timeshift viewing does not disturb the recording.						
	Timeshift FF/REW/PAUSE does not disturb the recording.						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in c						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YI</b>	ES_NO					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						



Date	Sign	
		_

Test Case	Task 15:26 Simultaneous recording – Scheduled recording	ng and time-shift					
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.8, 14.3.12, 14.3.16 and 14.4.2						
Requirement	The NorDig PVR should be able to record a background service (that is not viewed) at the same time as timeshift record the viewing service, independently if the services are on different transport streams.						
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD						
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording and timeshift.						
	<b>Test Equipment:</b> Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and	HD services (TBD).					
	<ol> <li>Test procedure:         <ol> <li>Schedule a recording from EPG/ESG.</li> <li>Zap to a service on another multiplex.</li> <li>Initiate timeshift and pause viewing for few minutes.</li> <li>View, Fast forward, Rewind and Pause the timeshifted video in a random pattern.</li> <li>Chase playback the timeshifted content to real time. Rewind and view again.</li> <li>Stop the timeshift after the scheduled recording is completed.</li> <li>Play back the recording.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Expected results:         <ol> <li>The NorDig PVR is able to timeshift another service while recording.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>						
Test result(s)	Measurement record						
	Test point IRD is able to timeshift another service while recording. Scheduled recording does not disturb timeshift functionality. Timeshift pause does not disturb the recording. Timeshift viewing does not disturb the recording. Timeshift replay and trick modes do not disturb the recording.						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in C						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:  Describe more specific faults and/or other information	ES NO					
Date	Sign						

Test Case	Task 15:27 Simultaneous recording and playback
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.4
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to record and playback simultaneously. It shall be possible to record one service from the live transmissions while playback another earlier recording.  The user shall be also able to start the playback of a recording for which the recording has not yet completed ("chase playback").
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD



variants and capability		
capability Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD handles the simultaneous recording and plays  Test Equipment: Live network or a test network of at least 2 MUX with both SD and  Test procedure:  1. Initiate OTR. 2. Zap to a service on another multiplex. 3. Play back the recording initiated in test step 1. 4. View, Fast forward, Rewind and Pause the timeshifted vide pattern.	HD services (TBD).
	<ol> <li>Fast forward the playback the timeshifted content to real timeshifted.</li> <li>Stop the playback.</li> <li>Stop OTR.</li> <li>Play back the recording.</li> </ol> Expected results: The NorDig PVRs shall be able to record and playback simultaneous is possible.	
Test result(s)	Measurement record  Test point  IRD is able to playback an ongoing recording.  Playback does not disturb the recording functionality.  Playback pause does not disturb the recording.  Playback viewing does not disturb the recording.  Playback FF/REW does not disturb the recording.	Result OK/NOK
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in co	omments
Comments		ES NO
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:28 Back-to-back recordings – Static EIT information				
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.11, 14.3.16.2				
<b>Requirement</b> The NorDig PVR shall be able to record back-to-back events both on same and different services.					
	Back-to-back events refer to two events that immediately follow each other, i.e. the following event start_time is immediately after the previous events stop time,(start_time plus duration).				
	For overlapping events see NorDig Unified 14.3.16.2. If the first event has same or higher priority as the second event (see 14.3.16.2) and the first event will overrun, if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity, it shall first finalise recording of the first event (including its overrun part) before starting recording the next event.				
	The overrun shall be treated as the more important part of the events, see figure below.				



	If the NorDig PVR has been set to add additional recording time ("s and after recorded events' start and stop time, any overlapping "safe the back-to-back events shall be removed (if the NorDig PVR has licapacity for this)  If a conflict occurs in a partially or completely overlapping recordin ofprogramming the NorDig PVR shall prioritize the recording with as illustrated in figures below. For conflict with events with same pr PVR shall first finalize the first recording (including any late over-rewith next. (See also back-to-back recording).	e margins" between mitation in recording g after the time the highest priority, iority, the NorDig
IRD Profile(s)	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD	
variants and		
capability	D	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles back-to-back recording	
	10 verify that IND handles back-to-back recording	
	Equipment:	
	IRD Under test	
	Test network of at least 2 MUX, with services as follows:	
	<ul> <li>Services with EIT information that indicate programs are b</li> <li>Services with EIT information that indicate programs are o</li> </ul>	
	• Services with E11 information that indicate programs are o	veriapping
	TS1 Test11	
	Test12	
	TS2 Test21	
	Test22	
		<b></b>
		time
	Example: For all scheduled events, start_time _N =(start_time _{N-1} +durat	ion _{N-1} )
	TS1 Test11	
	Test12	
	TS2 Test21	
	Test22	<b>—</b>
		time
	Example: For all scheduled events, start_time _N <(start_time _{N-1} +durat	ion _{N-1} )
	Test procedure:	
	Schedule recordings from EPG that are back-to-back	
	2. Verify that the events are recorded corretly	
	3. Verify that playback of the events are correct	
	4. Schedule recordings from EPG that are overlapping	
	5. Verify that the events are recorded correctly (in conflict situ	ation, the earlier
	recording has the priority)	
	6. Verify that playback of the events are correct	
	Ermontod moralta.	
	Expected results: The IRD handles back-to-back recording correctly.	
Test result(s)	Measurement record	
1 est l'esuit(s)	Test point	Result OK/NOK
	IRD records back-to-back events correctly from	TIONIT OINTION
	- the same service	
	- different services on same multiplex	



	- different services on different multiplexes					
	IRD records overlapping events correctly from					
	- the same service					
	- different services on same multiplex					
	- different services on different multiplexes					
	IRD handles possible recording conflicts correctly					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					

	Task 15:29 Back-to-back recordings – Changes in EIT information
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.11, 14.3.16.2
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to record back-to-back events both on same and on different services.
	Back-to-back events refer to two events that immediately follow each other, i.e. the following event start_time is immediately after the previous events stop time,(start_time plus duration).
	For overlapping events see NorDig Unified 14.3.16.2. If the first event has same or higher priority as the second event (see 14.3.16.2) and the first event will overrun, if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity, it shall first finalise recording of the first event (including its overrun part) before starting recording the next event.
	The overrun shall be treated as the more important part of the events, see figure below. If the NorDig PVR has been set to add additional recording time ("safe margins") before and after recorded events' start and stop time, any overlapping "safe margins" between the back-to-back events shall be removed (if the NorDig PVR has limitation in recording capacity for this)
	If a conflict occurs in a partially or completely overlapping recording after the time of programming the NorDig PVR shall prioritize the recording with the highest priority, as illustrated in figures below. For conflict with events with same priority, the NorDig PVR shall first finalize the first recording (including any late over-run) before starting with next. (See also back-to-back recording).
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles back-to-back recording with dynamic update in EIT
	Equipment: IRD Under test Test network of at least 2 MUX, with services as follows:
	<ul> <li>Services with EIT information updated to indicate programs are back-to-back</li> <li>Services with EIT information updated to indicate programs are overlapping</li> </ul>



	TS1	Test11								
		Test12								
	TS2	Test21								
		Test22								
									time	
	Initial situa	tion over	nla: For	all saba	dulad aya	ente etert t	imaN>(c	tart timaN		
	1+duration		ipic. Poi	an sene	duica eve	nis, start_t	1111011/(8	tart_timer	(-	
	TS1	Test11								
	151	Test11								
	TS2	Test12								
	152	Test21								
		168122							<b>—</b>	
									time	
	Example: F	or all sch	eduled e	vents, st	art time	=(start tin	ne _{N-1} +dur	ation _{N-1} )		
	TS1	Test11								
	151	Test11								
	TS2									
	132	Test21 Test22								
		Test22							<b>—</b>	
									time	
	Example: F	For all ach	adulad a	vonta at	ort timo	clatart tin	a du	ention )		
	Example. 1	or an scn	eduled e	venis, si	art_time _N	<(Start_till	ie _{N-1} +uui	ation _{N-1} )		
	T4	J								
	Test proce		1.	c 151	200	.1 1	., ,.			
			_		-	the initial				
						ts will be b	ack-to-ba	ack		
		erify that t				-				
	4. Ve	4. Verify that playback of the events are correct								
	5. Sc.	5. Schedule recordings from EPG as per the initial situation.								
	6. Up	6. Update the EIT in a way that the eventsthat will be overlapping								
	7. Ve	7. Verify that the events are recorded correctly (the earlier recording has the								
	pri	priority)								
	8. Ve									
		Expected results:								
	The IRD ha	The IRD handles back-to-back recording correctly with dynamic update of EIT								
	information	ı								
Test result(s)	Measureme		:				1 -			
	Test poin				1.0		Resu	lt OK/NO	K	
	IRD recor				rrectly fro	om				
	<u> </u>		me servi							
	<del>  </del>	- different services on same multiplex								
	<u></u>	- different services on different multiplexes								
	IRD records overlapping events correctly from									
	- the same service									
	<u> </u>	- different services on same multiplex								
	-	- different services on different multiplexes								
	IRD hand	les possib	le record							
Conformity	ОК	Fault [	Major		/linor, def	ine fail rea	son in co	mments		
Comments	If possible	describe i	f fault ca	n be fix	ed with so	oftware up	date:	YES NO	) <del></del>	
	Describe m							-		
							_			
Date					5	Sign				



	Task 15:30 Timeshift recording					
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.12					
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to pause or timeshift live TV for at least 60 minutes. It					
	should be possible to save time-shifted events into the PVR list of recordings.					
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD					
variants and						
capability  Test procedure	Purpose of test:					
Tesi procedure	To verify that IRD supports timeshift recording.					
	To verify that IRD supports timesint recording.					
	Equipment:					
	IRD Under test					
	Live stream or test network with SD and HD services, containing video, multiple					
	audio and multiple subtitling components and teletext					
	Test procedure:					
	1. Pause the live view on a channel					
	2. Verify that the IRD is able to timeshift for at least 60 minutes.					
	3. Start the viewing of paused content.					
	4. Verify that the timeshifted content is played out correctly and all components are					
	available.					
	Ermosted moralt.					
	Expected result: The paused content can be viewed from the point where the broadcast was paused by					
	pressing a single button and the trick modes can be used in chased playback.					
Test result(s)	Measurement record					
	Test point Result OK/NOK					
	Timeshift duration is at least 60 minutes					
	IRD is able to play back all service components in time-shift					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information					
Date	Sign					

	Task 15:31 Manual recording	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.14	
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the viewer to set a manual recording, without using the EPG/ESG/EIT data, by setting the service, start-time and end-time duration).	
	The time and date for the user when programming shall be the local time, including any offset, at the time of recording according to the IRD's settings, and not the local time at the time of programming. This means that if there is a change in local time offset (e.g. change in daylight-saving time) between the time of programming and the time of recording, the time and date shall refer to the new local time at the time of recording.	
	It should be possible to set weekly repeated manual recording (like every Monday 19:00:00 to 20:00:00 or every weekday between 12:00:00 to 12:15:00)	
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD	



variants and		
capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	
•	To verify that IRD	
	Equipment:	
	• IRD Under test	
	<ul> <li>Live stream or test network with SD and HD services, containing video, multiple audio and multiple subtitling components and teletext</li> </ul>	
	Test procedure:	
	•	
	1. Schedule a recording by setting a manual timer.	
	2. Playback recording initiated by the manual timer	
	Expected result:	
The state of the s	The IRD is able to initiate recordings using manual timers.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:32 Manual recording – Changes in TDT/TOT
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.14
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the viewer to set a manual recording, without using the EPG/ESG/EIT data, by setting the service, start-time and end-time (or duration).
	The time and date for the user when programming shall be the local time, including any offset, at the time of recording according to the IRD's settings, and not the local time at the time of programming. This means that if there is a change in local time offset (e.g. change in daylight-saving time) between the time of programming and the time of recording, the time and date shall refer to the new local time at the time of recording.
	It should be possible to set weekly repeated manual recording (like every Monday 19:00:00 to 20:00:00 or every weekday between 12:00:00 to 12:15:00)
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD
variants and capability	



Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD supports daylight saving changes.		
	Equipment:		
	IRD Under test		
	Live stream or test network having a time offset change	e	
	Tost procedure.		
	Test procedure: 1. Schedule a recording for an event after the time offset	change indicated in the	
	time_of_change field in the local_time_offset_descript	<u> </u>	
	2. Set the IRD to standby.	tor or TOT.	
	3. Wait until the time event for the time offset change has	s been passed.	
	4. Resume the IRD from standby.	r	
	5. Verify that the recording start time and duration are co	rrectly as scheduled.	
	6. Verify that the recording is played back correctly.		
	Expected result:		
	The IRD is able to initiate recordings using manual timers	and recording is according	
<b>m</b> : 1:()	summer/wintertime change correctly.		
Test result(s)	Measurement record	D. H. OZZNIOW	
	Test point	Result OK/NOK	
	Scheduled recordings are planned for the local time		
	during the recording		
	IRD is able to perform manual recordings correctly when time offset decreases		
	IRD is able to perform manual recordings correctly		
	when time offset increases		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason	on in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO		
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	<u></u>	
	2 source more specific runns und or outer information		
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:33 One Touch Recording (OTR)	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.15	
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall include a direct recording setting as a One-touch recording (OTR) function which allows the user to start a recording, while watching live TV, with one button press on the remote control.	
	This One-touch recording shall not be delayed by further requests for user interaction unless to proceed would affect a recording that is either already underway or scheduled to start before the end of the OTR recording.	
	The duration of the One-touch recording operation shall be based on either a pre-set time or current viewed event.	
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD	
variants and capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	
	To verify that IRD supports one-touch recording.	
	Equipment:	
	IRD Under test	
	Live stream or test network	



	<ol> <li>Test procedure:         <ol> <li>Watch a channel for a few minutes</li> <li>Press record button to start recording.</li> <li>Wait for a few minutes.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Stop recording using the remote control button for 'stop'.</li> <li>Press again record button for OTR.</li> <li>Change volume, view teletext and toggle between different audio components. Set the IRD to stand-by and wake it up.</li> <li>Wait until the default recording duration has exceed.</li> <li>View the recordings.</li> <li>Fill in the measurement record.</li> </ol> Expected result:	available subtitling and
	The IRD is able to initiate a recording by pressing dedicated rec	ord button
Test result(s)	Measurement record	
	Test point  IRD begins the OTR immediately after user has pressed the 'Record' button unless overridden by conflict handling.  OTR default duration is either a pre-set time or until the end of the event.  OTR is automatically stopped after default duration has exceed.  OTR is not disturbed by user actions.	Result OK/NOK
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in	comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: Describe more specific faults and/or other information	]YES _NO
Date	Sign	

	Task 15:34 Automatic Conflict Handling – During programming
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.16.1
Requirement	If a conflict is detected it shall be indicated immediately to the user, together with details of the cause, so that the user can take appropriate action.
	When programming a recording which comes in conflict with an earlier programmed recording and when the NorDig PVR can detect an alternative instance in one or both of them, the NorDig PVR shall either automatically re-program one of the to the alternative instance or propose that viewer solve the conflict by moving one of the recordings to the alternative instance and asking for confirmation.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:
	To verify that IRD detects conflict in during recordings programming
	Equipment: IRD Under test Live signal or test streams with EIT information containing overlapping events. Conflicting events shall be tested also as signalized with alternative instances, if supported by the broadcaster.  Test procedure:
	1. Watch a channel for a few minutes



	2.	Schedule an event 'Event1' with start_time1 and duration1 t ESG/EPG.	for recording from
	3.	Schedule an another event on a different channel on the sam overlap with the previous recording causing a conflict in the resources.	
		a. Event with start_time2 = start_time1	
		b. Event with start_time2 < start_time1	
		c. Event with start_time2 > start_time1	
		d. Event with start_time2 < start_time1 and start_time	e2+duration2 >
		start_time1+duration1	
		e. Event with start_time2 > start_time1 and start_time	e2+duration2 <
	4	start_time1+duration1	
	4. 5.	Repeat the test with events on a different multiplex Fill in the measurement record.	
	٥.	This in the measurement record.	
	Exp	pected results:	
	_	IRD detects conflict during programming of the recordings	
Test result(s)	Mea	asurement record	
		st point	Status OK/NOK
		D indicates overlapping scheduled recordings on same	
	_	ultiplex immediately when the conflict is detected	
		D indicates overlapping scheduled recordings on different	
		altiplexes immediately when the conflict is detected	
		D proposes to adjust the overlapping recordings or	
		opposes automatically a new instance of the same event	
G 6 '4	_	onflict indication includes details of the cause.	,
Conformity	1	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in	
Comments		ossible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:	YES_NO
	Des	cribe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date		Sign	

	Task 15:35 Automatic Conflict Handling – After programming
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.16.2
Requirement	If the NorDig PVR has a number of active programmed series recordings and if there occurs a request of more simultaneous recordings than the NorDig PVR is capable of handling, the NorDig PVR shall be able to handle this without user confirmation at the time of actual recording, i.e. the IRD may inform of the conflict via the OSD but shall automatically solve the conflict at the time of actual recording if the user does not manually change the conflict handling.
	Any information on OSD about conflict shall not be included in recording and shall have a time-out if no user reaction. All requests for user confirmation shall be done during the time of programming or during the setting of user preferences.
	The conflict(s) shall be solved with higher priority recordings having preference before recordings with a lower priority. It is up to the NorDig PVR manufacture to define the PVR's priority list, however it may typically be as prioritised in Table 14.1. Conflict(s) of recording with same priority level shall also be automatically solved (at least one of them shall be recorded), but it is up to the NorDig PVR manufacture to define a mechanism. The NorDig PVR should offer for the user the ability to change the conflict priority in the user preferences.
IRD Profile(s)	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD



variants and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
•	To verify that IRD detects conflict in during recording		
	Equipment: IRD Under test Live signal or test streams with EIT information updated to have Conflicting events shall be tested also as signalized with alternat supported by the broadcaster.		
	<ol> <li>Test procedure:</li> <li>Watch a channel for a few minutes.</li> <li>Schedule an event 'Event' with start time and duration</li> </ol>	for recording from	
	ESG/EPG.		
	<ol> <li>Start OTR on a different channel on the same multiplex the previous recording causing a conflict in the IRD rec</li> <li>a. OTR is started before start_time</li> <li>b. OTR is started after start_time</li> </ol>		
	<ul><li>4. Repeat the test with events on different multiplexes.</li><li>5. Fill in the measurement record.</li></ul>		
	3. Fill the measurement record.		
	Expected results:		
	The IRD detects conflict during recording and resolves the confl	ict automatically	
Test result(s)	Measurement record		
	Test point	Status OK/NOK	
	IRD indicates if recording is overlapping with scheduled		
	recordings on the same multiplex		
	IRD indicates if recording is overlapping with scheduled recordings on different multiplexes		
	OSD about conflict has a time-out and IRD adjusts the		
	overlapping recordings or re-programs automatically a new		
	instance of the same event unless overridden by user actions.		
	Automatic conflict handling does not disturb the recording		
	with higher priority.		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in o	comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:	YES NO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		
Date	Sign		

	Task 15:36 Maximum length of recordings
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.17
Requirement	If the is a failure within the transmission of the EIT and other transmission errors, the NorDig PVR shall stop recording 4 hours after scheduled duration of the event has passed (even if the event still appears in EIT present table).  For events that have a duration that is longer than 8 hours, the NorDig PVR may stop recording after 8 hours.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basie, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD

Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
	To verify that IRD records maximum time specified.			
	Equipment:			
	IRD Under test			
	Stream or life network with EIT information			
	Test procedure:			
	1. Schedule an event for recording that has duration of more than 8 hours.			
	2. Verify that IRD has recorded the event for at least 8 hours			
	3. Schdule an event (less than 4 hours) and take a note of the ending time of the event.			
	4. Remove EIT information.			
	5. Verify that IRD stops recording 4 hours after the original end time of the event.			
	6. Schdule an event (more than 4 hours) and take a note of the ending time of the event.			
	7. Remove EIT information.			
	8. Verify that IRD stops recording 4 hours after the original end time or 8 hours			
	after from the beginning of the recording.			
	Expected results:			
	The IRD handles max. length of recordings.			
Test result(s)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

	Task 15:37 Recording of parallel broadcast
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.19
Requirement	Some services and events are parallel broadcasted in multiple versions. In this context a parallel broadcast of same programme event is identified that all service's events have the same programme_CRID. Examples of parallel broadcasts are services with same national content but with different regional content and services with same content but with different resolution iee.g. SD and HD simulcast broadcast services. The NorDig IRD that has been programmed to record an event with a specific programme_crid or series_crid which a programme_crid is part of, shall only record one instance of the event from one of the services when the event is parallel broadcasted over several services at the same time.
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
variants and capability	



Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
	To verify that IRD handles recordings with parallel broadcasts.						
	Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network with EIT information. The network shall have simultaneous parallel broadcasts of events with equal programme_crid.						
	Test procedure:  1. Schedule an event with multiple parallel broadcasts for recording.  2. Verify that IRD records only one of the event instances.						
	Expected results: The IRD handles recordings with parallel broadcasts.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \textbf{YES} \) NO						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						

	Task 15:38 Playback - General						
Castian	N.,D:, II.:£., 114.4.1						
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.1						
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall be able to playback recordings of all supported service types						
	(TV, radio etc) and all belonging components/PIDs (as described in 14.4.5).						
	Only the service related interactive applications from the current viewed service (live or						
	playback) are required to be active, this means that during playback all interactive						
	applications from the live service in the background may be terminated.						
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD						
variants and							
capability							
Test procedure	Purpose of test:						
	To verify that IRD is able to play back the recordings it has performed with all						
	belonging components/PIDs.						
	Equipment:						
	IRD Under test						
	Live stream or test network.						
	Test procedure:						
	The requirement in this test will be verified in the following test tasks.						
	Expected results:						
	IRD is successfully able to play back the recordings.						
Test result(s)							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO						
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						





	Task 15:39 Replay/Playback – trick modes in playback				
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.2				
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall support the following trick modes during playback of recorded events (incl timeshift) for all supported video formats/codecs:  • Play (playback at normal speed)  • Pause  • Stop (stop may be combined with pause, but must enable an easy way to stop playback and return to list of recordings and live viewing mode)  • Fast forward and shall support fast forward at minimum 3 different speeds, (like x3, x6, x15 and x30).				
	• Fast reverse and should support fast reverse at minimum x6, x15 and x30).	5 different speeds, (fike x5,			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD				
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles correctly different trick modes in playback.  Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network.  Test procedure:  1. Play back recordings with different kinds of video, audio and subtitling components.  2. Pause and resume the playback. Repeat for several times with various durations, from few seconds up to several minutes.  3. Fast forward the recording. Toggle between different FF speeds. Resume playback from each available FF speed.  4. Rewind the recording. Toggle between different REW speeds, if available. Resume playbackfrom each available REW speed.  5. Stop the playback.  6. Fill in the measurement record.  Expected results: The IRD handles different trick modes. Playback is not disturbed by usage of the trick modes.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record  Test point	Result OK/NOK			
	IRD has Pause mode in playback and it works correctly.	Result OK/NOK			
	IRD has 3 or more different FF speeds.				
	IRD has REW functionality (with 1 or more speeds)				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason	on in comments			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update Describe more specific faults and/or other information	ite: <b>YES</b> NO			
Date	Sign				

	Task 15:40 Replay/Playback – trick modes in timeshift
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.2



Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall support the following trick modes during playback of recorded events (incl timeshift) for all supported video formats/codecs:  Play (playback at normal speed)  Pause  Stop (stop may be combined with pause, but must enable an easy way to stop playback and return to list of recordings and live viewing mode)  Fast forward and shall support fast forward at minimum 3 different speeds, (like x3, x6, x15 and x30).					
	• Fast reverse and should support fast reverse at minimum x6, x15 and x30).	5 different speeds, (fike x5,				
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD handles correctly different trick modes in Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network.  Test procedure:  1. Timeshift services with different kinds of video, a components.  2. Pause and resume the timeshift. Repeat for several durations, from few seconds up to several minutes.  3. Fast forward the timeshift. Toggle between different timeshift viewing from each available FF speed.  4. Fast forward until timeshift reaches the real time.  5. Rewind the timeshift. Toggle between different Right Resume playback from each available REW speed.  6. Stop the timeshift.  7. Fill in the measurement record.  Expected results: The IRD handles different trick modes. Playback is not distinguished.	udio and subtitling I times with various Ent FF speeds. Resume EW speeds, if available.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record  Test point	Result OK/NOK				
	IRD supports 3 or more different FF speeds in timeshift.  IRD supports REW functionality (with 1 or more speeds) in timeshift  Chase fast forward works correctly					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update Describe more specific faults and/or other information	tte: <u>YES</u> NO				
Date	Sign					

	Task 15:41 Relative synchronisation		
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.3		



Requirement	The NorDig PVRs shall not introduce more relative delay (reduced "lipsync") during playback between the audio, video and other PES packetised components (like subtitling) compared to decoding of live content, measured 5s or later after start of normal playback (see chapter 6.1.2.1 and 7).  After using trick mode the relative delay shall meet the requirements within 5s after resuming back to normal playback speed.					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD					
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that IRD sustains the 'lipsync' during playback and time-shift.					
	Equipment: IRD Under test Live stream or test network.					
	Test procedure:					
	The requirement in this test can be verified in parallel v Subtitling synchronization is tested in tasks 15:49 and 1					
	<ol> <li>Play back recordings with different video, audio and subtitling components.</li> <li>Compare the relative delay of video and audio in playback with the live content.</li> <li>Compare the relative delay of video and audio in timeshift with the live content.</li> <li>Fill in the measurement record.</li> </ol>					
	Expected results: The IRD recovers the 'lipsync' during normal playback mo	de and time-shift after 5s.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record					
	Test point	Result OK/NOK				
	Video and audio components are played back in sync					
	compared with the live content.  Video and audio components are played back in					
	timeshift in sync compared with the live content.  Syncrhonization of videoand audio components is settled after changing from a trick mode to normal					
	playback speed within 5 seconds.					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software updated Describe more specific faults and/or other information	te: <b>YES</b> NO				
Date	Sign					

Test Case	Task 15:42 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT audio language
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or

change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.

During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).

# IRD Profile(s) variants and capability

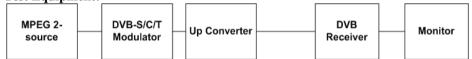
Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD

#### Test procedure

#### **Purpose of test:**

To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI tables.

#### **Test Equipment:**



MUX1	Service1	Service2	Bouquet SI	Can be
TS_id 1	SID 1100	SID 1200	All	chosen
Network_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	information	depending of
ON_id 1)	S_type 0x01	S_type 0x16 or 0x19	in EIT.	the
	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200		distribution
	V PID 1109 (MPEG2 SD)	V PID 1209 (MPEG4 AVC)		media.
	A PID 1108 (MPEG1L2)	A PID 1208 (AC-3/E-AC-3		
	A PID 1107 (MPEG1L2)	or HE-AAC)		
	LCN 1 visible	A PID 1207 (AC-33/E-AC-3		
		or HE-AAC)		
		LCN 2 visible		

¹⁾ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes

Services may contain other components, e.g. teletext, subtitling and multiple additional audio tracks.

PMT of the test services shall be updated during the test so that audio components are added and removed in various combinations, e.g. by the following pattern:



#### **Test procedure:**

- 1. Set the user preference for primary audio language to Lang1.
- 2. Set the user preference for secondary audio language to other than Lang1 or Lang2.
- 3. Start recording.
- 4. Select an another service.
- 5. Update the PMT table of the service and add/remove audio component(s).
- 6. Stop the recording.
- 7. Set the user preference for primary audio language to other than Lang1 or Lang2 and secondary audio language to Lang2.



		back the recording the measureme		ord.					
	signaling. All	nlts: hall handle upda decodable comp ce for primary/se	onents	in PMT l	nave been r	ecorde	d.		
Test result(s)	Measurement	record:							
	Test point						Resu	lt OK/NOK	
		all decodable au							
		nce for primary/s	econd	ary audio	language v	vorks			
	correctly in p								
		is selected for pl							
		and consequent			ction do no	t			
G 6 1		layback of other	compo		C' C '1				
Conformity	OK Fault		1 ("		efine fail re				
Comments		cribe if fault can				ıate:	<b>YES</b>	_NO	
	Describe more	e specific faults a	iliu/Or (	omer imo	ппаноп				
Date					Sign				
Duic				^	7.5.1				
Test Case	Task 15:43 l	Full service pl	aybac	k – Dyna	amic upda	ate of	PMT a	audio format	
Section	NorDig Unifie	ed 14.4.5							
Requirement	During playba	ck of recorded c	ontent	the user s	hall be able	e to per	form th	he same full	
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	audio and/or s switch subtitli 14.3.9). The b streams.Dynar change of aud way as during During playba viewing, for e parental rating interface (see parental rating start of the rec PMT or the el- shall perform elementary str	on as would have ubtitling languaging on or off, sele asic live viewing mic changes in the folio format) that of live viewing, ck the NorDig Pample blanking values (see 14.3 9.9.4). For cases descriptor), the ording (see 15.2 ementary stream the same as live eam header informed.	ye (if some cet and grefers are servector du VR short of vid 3.2) and where playba. 1). Fo so (like the viewing mation)	everal cor io format is to all stre ices (such uring the r all be able teo and mad d signal por the informack shall a r the case signal proggand foll	mponents we etc (with the earns exclude as a change eccording she eto set the eating of sour rotection (If mation is continued as where the otection and owing any	with sand he limit ding an age of vihall be same cound dep HDCP) oming to the H information the same change change	ne type tation of y Hbb deo asp process ontrol a pending on its from E EIT sign nation i t ratio), es there	are available), butlined in section TV related pect ratio or sed in the same as during live gon the event's digital output IT data (like nalling at the is coming from , the playback bin (i.e. PMT and	on
variants and	Basic, PVK, II	<del>KD, an FE</del> PVR	IKD						
capability									
Test procedure	Purpose of test:								
<b>P</b>	To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/					certain PSI/SI			
	tables.				•	•			
	Test Equipme	ent:			_				_
	MPEG 2- source	DVB-S/C/T Modulator	Up	Converter		DV Rece		Monitor	



	MPEG-2 source must have capability to support dynamic changes in audio components within service(s). In case of dual-channel audio the first language_descriptor definition corresponds physical left channel and second language_descriptor definition corresponds physical right channel.  This test task can be performed in parallel with Task 7:28 Dynamic changes in audio components.					
	Test procedure:					
	<ol> <li>Start recording.</li> <li>Use MPEG-2 source to generate dynamic changes in audio components as listed in test results</li> <li>Play back the recording.</li> <li>Fill in the test results.</li> </ol>					
	Expected result:					
	IRD is able to handle dynamic changes in audio components in playback.					
Test result(s)	Measurement record:					
	Test point  Change of number of audio channels within same audio codec (eg. AC-3 2.0 to AC-3 5.1 and vice versa.	NOK or OK				
	Change of bitrate for an audio component (eg. MPEG1-L2 bitrate					
	from 192 kbps to 160 kbps) Change of audio PID value (any codec)					
	Change from dual-channel audio into stereo audio and vice versa					
	Removal of selected audio component and using the next preferred					
	One Addition of one audio component with higher preferred user setting					
	Change of the audio codec (eg. from MPEG1-L2 to AC-3					
	Change of ISO 639-2 language for an audio component					
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:   YES  Describe more specific faults and/or other information	_NO				
Date	Sign					

Test Case	Task 15:44 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT audio type
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.

During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live
viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's
parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output
interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like
parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the
start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from
PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback
shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and
elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).

IRD Profile(s)
variants and
capability

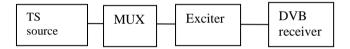
Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD

#### Test procedure

#### **Purpose of test:**

To verify that IRD records all audio tracks. To verify that IRD selects normal/undefined (0x00) audio component by default in playback.

#### **Equipment:**



The TS must contain two services with several audio components for the same language, audio formats and stream type but different audio types.

Suitable languages are Swedish, Finnish, Norwegian, Danish, Icelandic, Sami, Irish/Gaelic and English.

Audio type is signaled in PMT in one or all of the following descriptors:

- 1) Supplementary_audio_descriptor for any stream type.
- 2) AAC_descriptor for AAC audio.
- 3) AC-3 descriptor for AC-3 audio.
- 4) Enhanced AC-3 descriptor for E-AC-3 audio.
- 5) ISO639_descriptor for any stream type.

IRD is assumed to prioritise the audio type signalization information in that order.

Audio format is stereo.

Stream type for all audio components is either MPEG-4 HE-AAC version 1 or E-AC-3 including metadata corresponding audio_type.

	Service1	Service2	Frequency			
MUX	SID 1100	SID 1200	Can be chosen			
TS_id 1	S_name Test11	S_name Test12	depending of			
Network_id 1	PMT PID 1100	PMT PID 1200	the			
ON_id 1)	V PID 1109	V PID 1209	distribution			
	A PID 1108	A PID 1208	media			
	ISO639_language_code 2)	ISO639_language_code ² )				
	Audio_type hearing impaired	Audio_type hearing impaired				
	A PID 1107	A PID 1207				
	ISO639_language_code ² )	ISO639_language_code ² )				
	Audio_type visual impaired	Audio_type visual impaired				
	commentary	commentary				
	A PID 1106	A PID 1206				
	ISO639_language_code 2)	ISO639_language_code 2)				
	Audio_type Normal/Undef	Audio_type Normal/Undef				
	LCD 1 visible	LCD 2 visible				



	<ol> <li>ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes.</li> </ol>							
	Language must be same for all audio components and it can be one of the swe/fin/nor/ice/dan/smi/gle/iri/eng/und							
	Test procedure:  1. Start recording. 2. Verify the receiver selects audio component which has normal/undefined audio by default 3. Verify user is able to select different audio components 4. Play back the recording. 5. Fill in the measurement record.							
	Expected result:							
	IRD selects the audio component that is signalled as Normal/Undefined (0x00) by default when several audio components with the same language code, audio format and stream type but different audio type are available within one service.  The user shall be able to select between the different audio components during playback.							
Test result(s)	Measurement record:							
	Test point	Result OK/NOK						
	IRD selects normal/undefined audio component by default in							
	playback All audio components are recorded and selectable during							
	playback							
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in c	comments						
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:	'ES_NO						
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information							
Date	Sign							

Test Case	Task 15:45 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT subtitling language
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.  During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD

variants and									
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI tables.								
	Test Equipm	ent:							
	MPEG 2- source	DVB-	i-S/C/T lulator		Converter			/B eiver	Monitor
	MUX1 TS_id 1 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	Service1 SID 1100 S_name Tes S_type 0x01 PMT PID 11 V PID 1109 A PID 1108 S PID 1107 S PID 1106 LCN 1 visib	00 (MPEG2 S (MPEG1L: (DVB subti	2) itling)	PMT PI V PID 1 A PID 1 S PID 1 subtitlin S PID 1 subtitlin	00 Test12 0x16 or 0x19 D 1200 209 (MPEG 208 107 (DVB g) 106 (DVB		Bouquet SI All information in EIT.	Can be chosen depending of the distribution media.
	MUX2 TS_id 2 Network_id 1 ON_id 1)	Service3 SID 2100 S_name Tes: S_type 0x01 PMT PID 1109 A PID 1108 S PID 1107 of lingual subti LCN 3 visib	00 (MPEG2 S (MPEG1L: (TTX with tling)	2)	PMT PI V PID 1 A PID 1 S PID 1	e4 00 Test22 0x16 or 0x19 D 1200 209 (MPEG 208 107 (TTX w	4 AVC)		Can be chosen depending of the distribution media.
	¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network) and it shall be same for both muxes  Services may contain other components, e.g. teletext, subtitling and multiple additional audio tracks.  PMT of the test services shall be updated during the test so that subtitling components are added and removed in various combinations, e.g. by the following pattern:								
	S PID a	Lang1				,	Lang1		
	S PID b	_	Lang2			Lang2			
	PMT ver	n n-	-1				•	n+k 1	ime
	<ol> <li>Set the Lang</li> <li>Start</li> <li>Select</li> <li>Upda</li> <li>Stop</li> <li>Set the Lang</li> <li>Play</li> </ol>	the user present the user present 2.  recording. Let an another the PMT the recording the user present 2 and second back the rent the measurement the measurement the user present the measurement the measurement the user present the measurement the user present	er service Γ table of ing. ference f indary sul ecording.	or sec	ondary ervice a nary su g langu	subtitling and add/rea btitling laa	languag nove su	ge to other	than Lang1 or mponent(s). an Lang1 or



	The receiver shall handle updates in PMT and record/playback according to the signaling. All decodable components in PMT have been recorded.  User preference for primary/secondary subtitling language works correctly in playback.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				
	Test point Result OK/NOK				
	IRD records all decodable subtitling components in the				
	service				
	User preference for primary/secondary subtitling language				
	works correctly in playback.				
	Subtitling track is selected for playback dynamically by the				
	PMT				
	PMT update and consequent subtitling track selection do not				
	disturb the playback of other components.				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 15:46 Full service playback – Subtitling for the hard-of-hearing
1000 0000	The state of the s
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.  During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).
IRD Profile(s) variants and	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify that the IRD can handle signalisation and decoding of "hard of hearing" subtitling when they are broadcasted.or not during playback.  To check that composition pages "normal" are chosen by default instead of "hard of hearing" in playback.  Support for ancillary pages is not tested.  Equipment:

	MPEG 2- source		-S/C/T lulator	Up Convert	er	DVB Receiver		Monitor
	A transport stream containing test services with DVB and EBU Teletext composition subtitling and "hard of hearing" components.							
		PMT of the test services shall be updated during the test so that subtitling components added and removed in various combinations, e.g. by the following pattern:  S PID a Normal Normal						
	S PID b		НоН		НоН			
	PMT ver	n n-	+1			n+k	tim	re
	Subtitling con hearing". Con Subtitling and Ancillary pag	nposition p illary page	ages sha s can be	ll be enabled broadcasted	in mode "nor	mal" by def	ault.	
	<ol> <li>Test procedure:         <ol> <li>Start recording.</li> <li>Update the PMT table of the recorded service and add/remove normal and hard-of-hearing subtitling component(s).</li> <li>Stop the recording.</li> <li>Enable 'hard-of-hearing' subtitling in the user preferences.</li> <li>Play back the recording.</li> <li>Fill in the measurement record.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Expected result:</li> </ol>							
	Hard of hearing content of the DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is recorded, handled, displayed and decoded correctly in playback.							
Test result(s)	Measurement	record:					14.00	T DIOT
		Test point Result OK/NOK  IRD records all decodable subtitling components in the service						K/NUK
	Subtitling tra				mically accor			
	to the PMT	ring subtitl	es are di	snlaved autor	natically only	, if		
	selected as the			spiayed autor	matically only	, 11		
	PMT update disturb the p				selection do 1	not		
Conformity	OK Fault		Juici CO		lefine fail rea	son in comn	nents	
Comments	If possible des	scribe if fa		e fixed with s	oftware upda		_	
	Describe more	e specific f	aults and	l/or other info	ormation			
Date					Sign			

Test Case	Task 15:47 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT subtitling type
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section

IRD Profile(s) variants and	14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.  During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).  Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD					
capability						
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify that the IRD prioritizes DVB subtitling over TTX subtitling in playback.  Equipment:  MPEG 2- Source  DVB-S/C/T Modulator  Up Converter  DVB Receiver  Monitor					
	A transport stream containing test services with DVB and EBU Teletext composition subtitling.  PMT of a test service shall be updated during the test so that subtitling components are added and removed in various combinations, e.g. by the following pattern:  S PID a DVB subtitling DVB					
	S PID b Teletext Teletext subtitling					
	PMT ver n $n+1$ $n+k$ $time$					
	<ol> <li>Start recording.</li> <li>Update the PMT table of the recorded service and add/remove DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling component(s).</li> <li>Stop the recording.</li> <li>Start another recording.</li> <li>Observe</li> <li>Play back the recordings.</li> <li>Fill in the measurement record.</li> </ol>					
	Expected result:  DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is recorded, handled, displayed and decoded correctly n playback.					
Test result(s)	Measurement record:  Test point Result OK/NOK  IRD records all decodable subtitling components in the service Subtitling track is selected for playback dynamically according to the PMT					



	DVB subtitles are prioritized over EBU Teletext subtitles in						
	playback	d into	.1.1	1' 1 '			
	Teletext subt simultaneous	itles and DVB sub	otitles are not	displayed			
Conformity	OK Fault	Major	Minor	define fail res	ason in commer	nts	
Comments	<b>OK Fault</b>						
		specific faults an					
Date				Sign			
Test Case	Task 15:48 F	Task 15:48 Full service playback – Subtitling synchronization					
Section	NorDig Unifie	NorDig Unified 14.4.5					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.  During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).  Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD						
Test procedure	A transport str subtitling and HD/UHD serv  Test procedur For non-HEVO subtilting and also agains one	DVB-S/C/T Modulator  eam containing te for HEVC PVRs a lice with TTML su	Up Conversions a transport structuring.  t two MPEG2 BU Teletext structuring T1	ter  th DVB and learn that also better t	DVB Receiver  EBU Teletext coincudes a test F	Monitor  omposition HEVC  unning DVB test in addition	
	Subti	Iting format: EBU	Teletext, DV	B Subtitling		o r · ·	



	<ol> <li>Stop the recording.</li> <li>Play back the recording.</li> <li>Observe the relative synchronization of subtitling.</li> <li>Fill in the measurement record.</li> <li>Perform a sequence of trick modes like: Pause playback, start/resume again, fast forward 2-5min of the recoding, start/resume, pause again and start/resume regular playback. (During pause the subtitles shall be paused or skipped).</li> <li>After the whole sequence of tricks modes, observe the relative synchronization of subtitling.</li> <li>Fill in the measurement record.</li> </ol>						
	For each recording repeat steps 4 to 9.  Expected result:  DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is recorded, handled, displayed in playback.	and decoded correctly					
Test result(s)	Measurement record:						
	Test point	Result OK/NOK					
	6. DVB subtitling on a SD MPEG2/AVC service is displayed	1105011 011/1/011					
	synchronized in playback compared to the live stream						
	6. DVB subtitling on a HD AVC service is displayed						
	synchronized in playback compared to the live stream						
	9. After trickmode DVB subtitling on a SD/HD AVC service is						
	displayed synchronized in playback compared to the live						
	stream.						
	6. EBU teletext subtitling on a SD MPEG2/AVC service is						
	displayed synchronized in playback compared to the live						
	stream						
	9. After trickmode EBU teletext subtitling on a SD						
	MPEG2/AVC service is displayed synchronized in playback						
	compared to the live stream  EDI to be set a blidling on a LID coming in displayed.						
	EBU teletext subtitling on a HD service is displayed						
	synchronized in playback compared to the live stream  6. TTML teletext subtitling on a HEVC service is displayed						
	synchronized in playback compared to the live stream						
	9. After trickmode TTML teletext subtitling on a HEVC						
	service is displayed synchronized in playback compared to the						
	live stream.						
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in	comments					
Comments		YES NO					
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information						
Date	Sign						

Test Case	Task 15:49 Full service playback – Subtitling synchronization in time-shift
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section



	14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or				
	change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same				
	way as during live viewing.				
	During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live				
	viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's				
	parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like				
	parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the				
	start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the informa				
	PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect r				
	shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes				
	elementary stream header information shall be stored and processe	d during pl	ayback).		
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD				
variants and capability					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	To verify that IRD sustains the subtitling synchronization in time-s	shift.			
	Equipment:				
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T DV	_{'B}			
	source Modulator Up Converter Rece	iver	Monitor		
	A transport stream containing test services with DVB and EBU Te	eletevt com	nosition		
	subtitling.	ACICAL COIN	position		
	Journal of the state of the sta				
	Test procedure:				
	Enable timeshift.     View the corvice deleved.				
	<ol> <li>View the service delayed.</li> <li>Observe the relative synchronization of subtitling for at least 15 minutes.</li> </ol>				
	4. Fill in the measurement record.				
	Expected result:				
	DVB and EBU Teletext subtitling is recorded, handled, displayed and decoded correctly in timeshift.				
	in timesimt.				
Test result(s)	Measurement record:				
	Test point	Result O	K/NOK		
	DVB subtitling on a SD service is displayed synchronized in				
	timeshift mode compared to the live stream				
	DVB subtitling on a HD service is displayed synchronized in				
	timeshift mode compared to the live stream  EBU teletext subtitling on a SD service is displayed				
	synchronized in timeshift mode compared to the live stream				
	EBU teletext subtitling on a HD service is displayed				
	synchronized in timeshift mode compared to the live stream				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in o				
Comments	1	YES NO			
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				
	0				



Test Case	Task 15:50 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT video and audio PIDs					
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5					
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.  During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback					
	shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and					
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability Test procedure	elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).  Basie, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD  Purpose of test:					
	To verify the IRD handles dynamic PMT updates in playback.  Test equipment:  MPEG 2- source  DVB-S/C/T Modulator  Up Converter  DVB Receiver  Monitor					
	Service1 Service2 Frequency					
	Network_id 1					
	¹⁾ ON_id (Original_network_id) can be chosen in range 0x0001-0xfe00 (operational network)					
	Sometimes broadcaster may drop, add or change the content of the PID. If this happens, the PMT is updated by changing the version_id.					
	This task can be performed in parallel with Task 13:25 Dynamic update of PMT PID values.					
	Test procedure:					
	<ol> <li>Drop all PIDs on Service1 on MUX1.</li> <li>Select Service1.</li> <li>Start recording.</li> </ol>					



	4.	Add PI	Ds in following or Video PID 1109				
		a. h.					
		٠.	Teletext PID110				
			DVB subtitling l				
	5.				orrectly by wat	tching the video, listening the	
			dio and reading the teletext, teletext subtitling and DVB subtitling				
	6.		the following PII		C	C	
		a.	11000 112 110)				
		b.	110010112 1100	3 to 1102			
	7.		cording.				
		•	ck the recording.	_			
	9.	Fill in t	he measurement r	ecord.			
	Expect	ed result	i <b>:</b>				
	_	fter addition or change of the PIDs, all the component in the service are recorded and					
		oack cor		,	1		
	Change	of PID	f PID values maintains the service decoding.				
Test result(s)	Measur	surement record:					
	Test p					Result OK/NOK	
		andles P	MT updates and re	ecords all c	omponents in		
	PMT						
		handles PID changes during the recording					
Conformity	_	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments					
Comments						ite: \[ YES \[ NO \]	
	Describ	e more s	pecific faults and/	or other inf	formation		
Date					Sign		

Test Case	Task 15:51 Full service playback – Dynamic update of video aspect ratio
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same way as during live viewing.  During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).
IRD Profile(s)	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD
variants and capability	
Test procedure	Purpose of test:



	To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI tables.	
	Test Equipment:	
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Up Converter	DVB Receiver Monitor
	Test strem or live signal where aspect ratio between 16:9 and 4:3:  • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz  • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz  • MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i 25Hz  • MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i 25Hz	changes dynamically
	Test procedure:	
	<ol> <li>Start recording.</li> <li>Update the aspect ratio of the video stream.</li> <li>Stop recording</li> <li>Play back the recording.</li> <li>Verify that the IRD reacts to the aspect ratio change</li> <li>Fill in the measurement record.</li> </ol> Expected results: The receiver shall handle updates in PMT and record/playba signaling.	·
Test result(s)	Test Point	Result OK/NOK
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i25 16:9 to 4:3	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i25 4:3 to 16:9	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p50 16:9 to 4:3 MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p50 4:3 to 16:9	
	MPEG-4 AVC HI @L4 720p30 4.3 to 10.9	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 1080i25 4:3 to 16:9	
	MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i25 16:9 to 4:3	
	MPEG-2 MP@ML 576i25 4:3 to 16:9	
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reas	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update Describe more specific faults and/or other information	e: <u>YES</u> NO
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 15:52 Full service playback – Dynamic update of PMT CA status
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback of recorded content the user shall be able to perform the same full service selection as would have been possible during basic live viewing, such as select audio and/or subtitling language (if several components with same type are available), switch subtitling on or off, select audio format etc (with the limitation outlined in section 14.3.9). The basic live viewing refers to all streams excluding any HbbTV related streams. Dynamic changes in the services (such as a change of video aspect ratio or



	change of audio format) that occur during the recording shall be processed in the same	
	way as during live viewing.	
	During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live	
	viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's	
	parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output	
	interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like	
	parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the	
	start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from	
	PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback	
	shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and	
	elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).	
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD	
variants and	busic, I VK, IKD, ull I B I VK IKD	
capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:	
	To verify that receiver that the Receiver handles the dynamic update of certain PSI/SI	
	tables.	
	Test Equipment:	
	MPEG 2- DVB-S/C/T Up Converter DVB Monitor	
	source Modulator Spootive Receiver	
	Live stream or test network with a service that changes from free to scrambled.	
	Test procedure:	
	1. Tune to an unencrypted service that changes from free to scrambled.	
	2. Insert to the IRD a smartcard (and CAM if applicable) with subscription to the	
	service.	
	3. Start recording over the CA status change.	
	4. Verify that IRD continues recording regardless of the CA status change.	
	5. Play back the service with proper CA card.	
	6. Verify that the IRD is able to play back the recording.	
	The state of the s	
	Expected results:	
	The receiver shall handle updates in PMT and record/playback according to the	
	signaling.	
	Signamg.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \textstyle \textstyl	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	G:au	
Date	Sign	

Test Case	Task 15:53 Dynamic changes in video stream in playback
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5
Requirement	During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from



	PMT or the elementary streams shall perform the same as live vi elementary stream header inform	ewing and following any c	hanges therein (i.e. PMT and
IRD Profile(s)	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD		
variants and capability			
Test procedure	e Purpose of test:		
	To verify that the receiver is able different video modes while receiver		es in transmission between
	Equipment:		
	Source MUX	Exciter DV rece	B Monitor
	This task can be performed in pa	arallel with Task 6:5 Video	Decoder – Dynamic .
	Transport stream containing service between them:	vices with following video	content and transitions
	<ul> <li>MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3</li> </ul>	3 576i 25Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	4 720p 50Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4		
	<ul> <li>MPEG-2 MP@ML 576</li> </ul>	5i 25Hz	
	Test procedure:		
	Start recording.		
	2. Perform the required vi	deo format transitions.	
	<ol><li>Stop recording.</li></ol>		
	<ul><li>4. Verify that changes bet</li><li>5. Fill in the measurement</li></ul>	ween modes are happening trecord.	correctly on playback.
	Expected result:		
	The IRD is able to handle video	mode changes during recor	rding and playback.
Test result(s)	Measurement record:		
	From	To	OK/NOK
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	
	576i 25Hz	720p 50Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4 720p 50Hz	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3 576i 25Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	
	720p 50Hz	1080i 25Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	
	1080i 25Hz	720p 50Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	
	1080i 25Hz	576i 25Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L3	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	
	576i 25Hz MPEG-2 MP@ML	1080i 25Hz MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	
	576i 25Hz	720p 50Hz	
	MPEG-4 AVC HP@L4	MPEG-2 MP@ML	
	720p 50Hz	576i 25Hz	
			_



Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	
	•	

	Task 15:54 Parental lock during playback	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.4.5	
Requirement	During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same control as during live viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound depending on the event's parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCP) on its digital output interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming from EIT data (like parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the EIT signalling at the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information is coming from PMT or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspect ratio), the playback shall perform the same as live viewing and following any changes therein (i.e. PMT and elementary stream header information shall be stored and processed during playback).	
Variants and	<del>Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE</del> PVR IRD	
capability  Test procedure	Durmaca of tact.	
1 esi procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the IRD reacts to dynamic changes in EIT parental rating value also for the recordings.	
	Equipment: This task can be performed in parallel with Task 13:21 Dynamic update of EIT actual/other p/f parental_rating_descriptor	
	Test procedure:	
	1. Choose an arbitrary parental rating value N.	
	2. Set the parental lock value as "disabled" or over N.	
	3. Initiate an OTR over consecutive events having the parental ratings as follows:	
	No rating $\begin{array}{ccc} Rating & No \ rating & Rating \ Value \ M < N & No \ rating \end{array}$	
	4. Stop the recording.	
	5. Change the IRD parental lock value between M and N.	
	6. Play back the recording.	
	7. Stop the playback.	
	8. Disable the parental lock.	
	9. Play back the recording again.	
	10. Set the parental lock value below M.	
	11. Repeat the steps 2 – 9	
	Expected results:	



	The IRD stores the EIT parental_rating_descriptor value and reacts accordingly during the playback.
Test result(s)	Measurement record
	Test point Result OK/NOK
	IRD invokes parental lock for a recording that has higher
	rating in parental_rating_descriptor than the current user
	preference.
	Parental lock is not displayed if user preference is higher
	than the highest rating value in the recording.
	Parental lock is not displayed if user preference is disabled.
	EIT Parental rating is interpreted dynamically (optional)
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Data	Sign
Date	sign

	Task 15:55 Maintaining scheduled recordings after network update	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2	
Requirement	The NorDig PVR shall make it possible for the user to select individual events and series to be recorded from the ESG or EPG display (based on information from EIT data).	
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD	
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that network changes do not affect the recording schedule.	
	Equipment: This task can be performed in parallel with Task 14:18 Quasi-static update of service list – services moved between different transport streams	
	Test procedure:	
	1. Set up the Task 14:18 initial situation.	
	<ol> <li>Schedule a recording for service 'Test12' after the time event when the IRD quasi-statically reacts to the network changes.</li> </ol>	
	(Example: If the IRD reacts to the network changes always at 03:00, schedule the recording to happen after that time)	
	3. Perform the network change according to Task 14:18.	
	4. Make sure that automatic service list update is initiated.	
	5. Set the IRD to standby.	
	<b>6.</b> Verify that the IRD performs the recording correctly as scheduled in step 2.	
	Expected results: Scheduled recordings are not affected by network changes.	
Test result(s)		
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments	



Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

	Task 15:56 User actions disturbing the recording	
Section	NorDig Unified 14.3.2	
Requirement  IRD Profile(s)	During playback the NorDig PVR shall be able to set the same viewing, for example blanking of video and muting of sound d parental rating values (see 14.3.2) and signal protection (HDCI interface (see 9.9.4). For cases where the information is coming parental rating descriptor), the playback shall at least act on the start of the recording (see 15.2.1). For the cases where the information or the elementary streams (like signal protection and aspesshall perform the same as live viewing and following any chan elementary stream header information shall be stored and processors, PVR, IRD, all FE PVR IRD	epending on the event's P) on its digital output g from EIT data (like e EIT signalling at the rmation is coming from ect ratio), the playback ges therein (i.e. PMT and
variants and		
capability		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify that the PVR IRD is able to handle reception errors g  Equipment: Test network  Test procedure:  1. Initiate a recording. 2. Set the IRD to standby for a short time, e.g. 1 minute. 3. Wake up the IRD. 4. Set the IRD to standby for a longer period of time, e.g. 5. Wake up the IRD. 6. Shut down and re-start the HDMI sink (Not applicable 7. Stop the recording. 8. Initiate a new recording. 9. Power cycle the IRD. 10. Stop the recording, if it is still active. 11. Fill in the measurement record.  Expected results: IRD is able to handle the disturbances in the operational environment.	g. 30 minutes. e for iDTVs).
Test result(s)	Measurement record	<u> </u>
	Test point IRD continues an ongoing recording in stand-by mode HDCP connection status does not disturb the recording. IRD returns back to the originating power state after a power cycle. IRD indicates the recording is incomplete.	Result OK/NOK
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in	n comments
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:  Describe more specific faults and/or other information	
Date	Sign	



### 2.16 Task 16: IRD System Software and API

#### 2.16.1 Introduction

This section specifies the test plans related to the NorDig HbbTV IRD and Nordig HEVC iDTV configurations.

Nordig Basic TV IRD System software tests are defined elsewhere in this document.

Verified passing of the latest HbbTV official test suite [3] is a mandatory requirement for all NorDig HbbTV IRD profiles. The implementation of the HbbTV in the NorDig HbbTV IRD shall be verified by the manufacturer, i.e. the verification testing is based on self-testing by the manufacturer unless otherwise specified by the relevant network/Operator.

NorDig broadcast member may request to get a copy of the manufacture's HbbTV Verification Test report with test results, before approving a NorDig HbbTV Hybrid IRD on the market.

Informative: The official HbbTV Test suite of the HbbTV Association (http://hbbtv.org) consists of a huge number of test cases, some of which the HbbTV Association has defined as mandatory and some as optional. The optional cases can be referred to as "additional test material". Some of these optional test cases have been contributed by NorDig and some by other testing regimes.

NorDig mandates that NorDig HbbTV Hybrid IRDs shall pass:

- all test cases that are included in the latest HbbTV test suite and which HbbTV organisation has defined as mandatory
  - If the NorDig IRD supports features that are defined as optional features in HbbTV, the corresponding HbbTV tests are mandatory (e.g. HbbTV AC-4 tests are mandatory on NorDig HbbTV HEVC IRDs.)
- a number of additional test cases that are included in the latest HbbTV standard test suite but which HbbTV Association has defined as <a href="https://example.com/optional/-not mandatory">optional/-not mandatory</a> (i.e. additional test material). These test cases are included in the list of Test Cases below. (Please Note that these test cases might be not optional mandatory in the standard HbbTV Test Suite and in other markets)
- a number of NorDig defined HbbTV test cases which are only included in this NorDig Test Plan.

NorDig mandates that Nordig HbbTV IRDs and HEVC iDTVs, i.e. devices supporting HbbTV standard version 2.0.1 or 2.0.2 (determined by the information included in the IRD's user agent as reported by the browser) shall pass

- all test cases in the official HbbTV DASH-DRM Reference application
  [https://refapp.hbbtv.org/production] relevant to the DRM schemes the IRD supports (Playready / Marlin / Clearkey) and/or the operator requires
  - Test cases include out-of-band subtitles, in-band subtitles, in-band events, advert insertion, multi-audio DASH and Live DASH.
- all test cases in the official HbbTV Test Suite related to out-of-band subtitles, in-band subtitles and advert insertion. Detailed test list is included in chapter 2.6.12

The current HbbTV Test Suite is available from HbbTV association and it provides a set of test material to test HbbTV device implementations. It is suitable for manufacturers of devices, including hardware and software components implementing the HbbTV specification. For information on how to obtain the HbbTV Test Suite, device manufacturer should refer to <a href="http://hbbtv.org/resource-library/#testing-information-and-support">http://hbbtv.org/resource-library/#testing-information-and-support</a>.

NorDig has contributed into HbbTV organisation with all our NorDig-developed test cases (including test material) and these are available from the HbbTV organisation's Test Repository as "additional test material". It is recommended to use this alternative. For any party who is unable to access the HbbTV Test Repository to obtain the Nordig HbbTV Test Materials, these can be obtained via the Nordig website (<a href="http://www.nordig.org">http://www.nordig.org</a>) as well, free of charge, but subject to accepting the Nordig Test Suite Licence Agreement (available from the Nordig website). The approved Nordig HbbTV Test Suite is identical on both sources.



Running the test cases requires access to the HbbTV Minimum Test Harness, a commercial harness, or the Nordig Helper App. The latter is a tool for running the tests and obtaining the results in a meaningful way. Note that the Nordig Helper App enables only the tests designated with «org.nordig» domain to be run.

Please note that currently the Minimum Test Harness is able to run only the tests that are approved to the official HbbTV Test Suite. CI+ test cases are also mandatory to pass as they are approved to the official HbbTV Test Suite. To run the CI+ tests, a test CAM which is compatible with the test harness will be needed. This is likely to either be available through the provider of your commercial test harness, or in the case of the Minimum Test Harness from Eurofins Digital Testing. Please contact DigitalTestingSupport@eurofins.com for assistance in running the CI+ tests in the Minimum Test Harness. The Nordig HbbTV Test Suite includes the materials for tasks 16:1 to 16:59.

National testing regimes, operators and broadcasters define the final requirements for any regional certification process, and these might include additional test suites and test cases (for example DRM tests). Additional test materials are available from the latest release of the HbbTV Test Suite or from the entity organizing the testing regime. The chapter and table 2.16.2. define the test tasks that are by default mandatory to pass the Nordig Test Suite part of any national regime.

Development of the Nordig Test cases is a continuous process and can be tracked in HbbTV Redmine system under the «Nordig API» -group. Redmine system can be reached from <a href="https://hbbtv.org/redmine/projects/nordig-api-group">https://hbbtv.org/redmine/projects/nordig-api-group</a>.

Detailed test task procedures are not repeated here – they can be accessed by refering to the xml test description files and they are visible in the RUT and PC computer screen running the test harness while executing the tests.

#### 2.16.2 List of test cases

All NorDig HbbTV Hybrid IRDs shall in addition to the HbbTV's mandatory test cases also pass following listed test cases defined within the HbbTV test suite and in the current chapter below:

NorDig Test Task
Test Task
2.16 Task 16: IRD System software and API
Task 16:1 org.nordig_00000010 Current time, TDT/TOT available, NTP available
Task 16:2 org.nordig_00000020 Current time, no TDT/TOT tables, NTP available
Task 16:3 org.nordig_00000030 Current time, no TDT/TOT tables, no NTP, but SNTP is available
Task 16:4 org.nordig_00000100 parental control, blocking application
Task 16:5 org.nordig_00000300 EBU teletext, no HbbTV teletext
Task 16:6 org.nordig_00000310 HbbTV teletext, no EBU teletext
Task 16:7 org.nordig_00000320 EBU teletext and HbbTV teletext
Task 16:8 org.nordig_00000330 EBU Teletext, HbbTV teletext signalled but not available
Task 16:9 org.nordig_00000340 No EBU Teletext, no HbbTV teletext
Task 16:10 org.nordig_00000350 No EBU teletext, HbbTV teletext signalled but not available
Task 16:11 org.nordig_00000400 EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object, no scaling
Task 16:12 org.nordig_00000410 EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object scaled down
Task 16:13 org.nordig_00000420 EBU subtitles over broadband TS, A/V object scaled up
Task 16:14 org.nordig_00000430 DSM-CC stream events and DVB subtitles
Task 16:15 org.nordig_00000440 DSM-CC stream events and EBU subtitles
Task 16:16 org.nordig_00000500 Broadcast video scaling, 1 x 1
Task 16:17 org.nordig_00000510 Broadband TS video scaling, 1 x 1
Task 16:18 org.nordig_00000520 Broadband MP4 video scaling, 1 x 1
Task 16:19 org.nordig_00000600 EIT P/F, characters
Task 16:20 org.nordig_00000610 EIT MetadataSearch, characters
Task 16:21 org.nordig_00001010 Exit button on broadcast independent application: restore broadcast
video
Task 16:22 org.nordig_00001020 Exit button: restore broadcast video from PIP mode



NorDig Test Task
Test Task
Task 16:23 org.nordig_00001050 Setting of preferredUILanguage
Task 16:24 org.nordig_00001060 Updating preferredUILanguage after language change in Navigator
Task 16:25 org.nordig_00001070 Switch subtitles: DVB to EBU teletext
Task 16:26 org.nordig_00001080 Switch subtitles: EBU teletext to DVB
Task 16:27 org.nordig_00001081 Switch subtitles over broadband TS: EBU teletext to DVB
Task 16:28 org.nordig_00001082 Switch subtitles over broadband TS: DVB teletext to EBU
Task 16:29 org.nordig_00001100 Disabling subtitles
Task 16:30 org.nordig_00001101 Disabling subtitles over broadband TS
Task 16:31 org.nordig_00001200 DVB subtitles - V/B Object not bound to current channel
Task 16:32 org.nordig_00001210 DVB subtitles - V/B Object bound to current channel
Task 16:33 org.nordig_00001220 EBU Teletext subtitles: Video/Broadcast Object not bound to current channel
Task 16:34 org.nordig_00001230 EBU Teletext subtitles: Video/Broadcast Object bound to current channel
Task 16:35 org.nordig_00001240 DVB subtitles placed behind application, V/B Object not bound to
current channel
Task 16:36 org.nordig_00001250 DVB subtitles placed behind application, V/B Object bound to
current channel
Task 16:37 org.nordig_00001260 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B Object not bound to
current channel
Task 16:38 org.nordig_00001270 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B Object bound to
current channel
Task 16:39 org.nordig_00001280 DVB subtitles, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)
Task 16:40 org.nordig_00001290 DVB subtitles, V/B object scaled up (2 x 2)
Task 16:41 org.nordig_00001300 DVB subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled down ( 1/4 x 1/4
Task 16:42 org.nordig_00001310 DVB subtitles behind application V/B object scaled up ( 2 x 2 )
Task 16:43 org.nordig_00001320 EBU Teletext subtitles, V/B object scaled down (1/4 x 1/4)
Task 16:44 org.nordig_00001330 EBU Teletext subtitles, V/B object scaled up ( 2 x 2 )
Task 16:45 org.nordig_00001340 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled down (
1/4 x 1/4 )
Task 16:46 org.nordig_00001341 EBU Teletext subtitles over broadband TS behind application, A/V
object scaled down (1/4x1/4)
Task 16:47 org.nordig_00001350 EBU Teletext subtitles behind application, V/B object scaled up ( 2 x
2)
Task 16:48 org.nordig_00001400 DVB subtitles, A/V object - no scaling
Task 16:49 org.nordig_00001410 DVB subtitles, A/V object scaled down
Task 16:50 org.nordig_00001420 DVB subtitles, A/V object scaled up ( 2 x 2 )
Task 16:51 HbbTV global setting
Task 16:52 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0040 Broadband DVB subtitles in a TS are displayed
Task 16:53 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0050 Broadband Teletext subtitles in a TS are displayed
Task 16:54 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0060 Broadband Subtitles Below Application Graphics
Task 16:55 fr.hdforum_00151240 EXIT function is provided by receiver
Task 16:56 fr.hdforum_00151250 Termination of autostart application using EXIT function
Task 16:57 fr.hdforum_00151260Termination of non-autostart broadcast-related application using EXIT
function
Task 16:58 es.tdthibrida_7D7C0070 Auto-start applications enabled by default
Task 16:59 fr.hdforum_00151000 Application launching with network connection available
Task 16:60 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (8:6)
Task 16:61 Subtitling - coexistent with HbbTV applications (8:7)
Task 16:62 Remote Control Key event mapping for NorDig HbbTV (9:11)
Task 16:63 org.hbbtv_SUB0110EBUTTD: out-of-band with non-live DASH.
Task 16:64 org.hbbtv_SUB0130EBUTTD: Select out-of-band ST with HTML5
Task 10.0+ organiouty_50D0150DD011D. Select out-01-balla 51 with H119ID3



NorDig Test Task
Test Task
Task 16:65 org.hbbtv_SUB0150EBUTTD: Select in-band DASH ST with HTML5
Task 16:66 org.hbbtv_SUB0140EBUTTD: Unselect out-of-band ST with HTML5
Task 16:67 org.hbbtv_SUB0160EBUTTD: Unselect in-band DASH ST with HTML5
Task 16:68 org.hbbtv_SUB0620EBUTTD: Enable subtitles via UI for DASH stream presented by
HTML5 media object
Task 16:69 org.hbbtv_DASH-EVENT0160DASH - Events - Mapping of InbandEventStreams to
TextTrack objects
Task 16:70 org.hbbtv_DASH-EVENT0210DASH - Events - TextTrack cues contents for
InbandEventStreams InbandEventStreams
Task 16:71 org.hbbtv_ADINS005HTML5 pre-roll advert insertion, DASH E-AC-3/HEVC and MP4
HE-AAC/AVC_HD_25
Task 16:72 org.hbbtv_ADINS003HTML5 mid-roll advert insertion, DASH E-AC-3/AVC_HD_25 and
MP4 HE-AAC/AVC_SD_25
Task 16:73 org.hbbtv_ADINS003HTML5 mid-roll advert insertion, DASH E-AC-3/AVC_HD_25 and
MP4 HE-AAC/AVC_SD_25
Task 16:74 org.hbbtv_ADINS014HTML5 pre-roll advert insertion, DASH HEAAC/AVC_HD_25 and
MP4 HEAAC/AVC_HD_25
Task 16:75 org.hbbtv_SUB0190EBUTTD: Select out-of-band ST with AV Control object

## 2.16.3 Test cases

Test Case	Task 16:1 – 16:50			
Section	Multiple (see test case descriptions)			
Requirement	Multiple (see test case descriptions)			
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Hybrid HbbTV IRD			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: See the test case description from the Test Harness / Helper app UI  Equipment: HbbTV Test Harness or NorDig Test Suite helper app  Test procedure: Run the test using the Test Harness or helper app. Follow the on-screen instructions.  Expected result: PASS			
Test result(s)	Test Harness returns PASS [OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.			
Conformity	OK [PASS] Fault [NOT OK]			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
Date	Sign			

Test Case	Task 16:51 HbbTV Global setting
Section	Nordig Unified 15.2



Requirement	The NorDig HbbTV Hybrid IRD shall have HbbTV feature as enabled by default (see				
	Section 16.3). It shall have a menu option to allow user to enable / disable the HbbTV				
	feature as a whole and it should have a menu option to allow user to enable / disable the				
	HbbTV feature service by service.				
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del>	Hybrid HbbTV IRD				
variants and					
<u>capability</u>					
Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	Verify that the IRD has an option to turn HbbTV on and off globally.				
	For the same				
	Equipment:				
	IRD under test.				
	Stream with a HbbTV application signalled.				
	Test procedure:				
	1. Turn HbbTV setting OFF				
	2. Check that HbbTV application is not launched.				
	3. Turn HbbTV setting ON				
	4. Check that HbbTV application is launched.				
	Expected result:				
	PASS PASS				
Test result(s)	[OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \textbf{YES} \subsetent{NO} \)				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 16:52 – 16:59 (es.TDThibrida and fr.HDForum tests)		
Section	Multiple (see test case descriptions)		
Requirement	Multiple (see test case descriptions)		
IRD Profile(s)	Hybrid HbbTV IRD		
variants and capability			
Test procedure	Purpose of test:		
	See the test case description from the Test Harness.		
	Equipment:		
	HbbTV Test Harness.		
	Test procedure:		
	Run the test using the Test Harness. Follow the on-screen instructions.		
	Train the test doing the Test Trainess. To now the on selecti instructions.		
	Expected result:		
	PASS		
Test result(s)	Test Harness returns PASS [OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.		
Conformity	OK [PASS] Fault [NOT OK]		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \subseteq YES \subseteq NO \)		
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information		



Date		Sign		
Test Case	Task 16:60 Teletext - Simultaneous EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital			
	Teletext (8:6)			
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1. <mark>67</mark>			
Requirement	For services that have both an EBU Teletext			
	application signaled and available, the NorDi			
	display the HbbTV Digital Teletext application the EBU Teletext service (one at a time).	on as wen as	being able to start and display	
	The NorDig HbbTV shall (1) start teletext an	d be able to to	oggle between any HbbTV	
	Digital Teletext and any EBU Teletext service			
	digital teletext applications") of HbbTV spec	ification ETS	I TS 102 796.	
IRD Profile(s)	Hybrid HbbTV IRD			
variants and				
capability  Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
1 est procedure	To verify that the IRD is able to start EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital Teletext (one at			
	the time).		ser v Bigitai referent (ene at	
	A transport stream containing a test services with EBU Teletext and HbbTV Digital			
	Telext application is required.			
	Test procedure:			
	1. Tune to a serve that contains both EBU Te application.	letext and Hb	bTV Digital Teletext	
	2. Verify that the user can toggle between EE	BU Teletext ar	nd HbbTV Digital	
	Teletext application by pressing the "text" bu		<u> </u>	
	Expected result:			
	User can toggle between EBU Teletext and F	HbbTV Digita	l Teletext application.	
Test result(s)	[OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fai			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with		ate: YESNO	
	Describe more specific faults and/or other inf	tormation		
Date		Sign		

Test Case	Task 16:61 Subtitling - coexistent with HbbTV applications (8:7)
Section	NorDig Unified 7.1. <mark>78</mark>
Requirement	A NorDig HbbTV Hybrid shall support simultaneous display of HbbTV application and subtitles (DVB subtitling and EBU teletext subtitling), both for broadcast and at least for MPEG2 TS delivered via broadband [29].  The NorDig HbbTV Hybrid shall display the HbbTV application over the subtitles as described in clause 10.1.1 ("Display model") of HbbTV specification ETSI TS 102 796 [30]. This means that if the video is up or down-converted, to other than full screen video, the subtitles shall either be rescaled/repositioned appropriately or not displayed at all.
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Hybrid HbbTV IRD



Test procedure	Purpose of test:				
	To verify that DVB and EBU teletext subtitling can coexists with HbbTV application				
	A transport stream containing a test service with DVB and EBU teletext composition				
	subtitling component and at least one signaled service bound HbbTV application at the				
	same channel.				
	Test procedure:				
	1. set the IRD to the autostart mode for the HbbTV services and eansure that				
	subtitles are enabled				
	2. search channels				
	3. zap to a channel that contains the HbbTV service and subtitles				
	4. verify that when the HbbTV application is not using the same graphics plane or				
	area of the plane as the subtitles, the subtitles are visible				
	Expected result:				
	The subtitles are visible with a HbbTV application, when they are not sharing the same				
	area of the graphics plane.				
	area of the graphics plane.				
Test result(s)	[OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YESNO</b>				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 16:62 Remote Control Key event mapping for NorDig HbbTV (9:11)				
Section	NorDig 8.7. <del>2.6</del> 10				
Requirement	The NorDig HbbTV Hybrid IRD shall generate (HbbTV) events according to Table				
	8. <mark>37</mark> when a				
	key is pressed on the NorDig IRD remote control.				
IRD Profile(s)	Hybrid HbbTV IRD				
variants and					
capability					
Test procedure					
	Check the manufacturer technical specification / compliance list or verify the remote				
	control functions.				
	Expected result:				
	The minimum hardware requirement is fulfilled.				
Test result(s)	[OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.				
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments				
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: \( \textbf{YES} \subsetention NO \)				
	Describe more specific faults and/or other information				
Date	Sign				

Test Case	Task 16:63 - 16:75		



<b>Section</b>	Multiple (see test case descriptions)			
<b>Requirement</b>	Multiple (see test case descriptions)			
IRD Profile(s)	Hybrid HbbTV IRD			
variants and				
<u>capability</u>				
Test procedure	Purpose of test:			
	See the test case description from the Test Harness.			
	Equipment:			
	HbbTV Test Harness or NorDig Test Suite helper app			
	Test procedure:			
	Run the test using the Test Harness or helper app. Follow the on-screen instructions.			
	Expected result:			
	PASS			
Test result(s)	Test Harness returns PASS [OK] or FAIL [Fault], mark the result below.			
<b>Conformity</b>	OK [PASS] Fault [NOT OK]			
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: YES NO			
Comments	Describe more specific faults and/or other information			
	Describe more specific radits and/or other information			
Date	Sign			



### 2.17 Task 17: User Preferences

	: User Preferences		
Test Case	Task 17:1 Stored preferences		
Section	NorDig Unified 16.1 and 16.2		
Requirement	The user shall be able to store preference settings in persistent memory. All user preference settings listed below shall remain when changing service and when re-starting the IRD. The following user preferences shall be implemented in the NorDig IRD, unless it is stated below as optional (should) requirement. (See section 16.4 for factory default values).		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	<del>Basic, IRD, FE</del> all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify stored user preferences		
	Equipment:    MPEG 2-		
	Test procedure:  1. Verify following user preferences:  General: Service list. General: Country setting. General: Talking menus/Text-to-Speech, if this optional feature is supported. General: SSU setting(s). General: HbbTV setting(s) for NorDig HbbTV IRD. General: HDCP preferences (optional): (ON, OFF, AUTO) Video (STB): HDMI Video preferences for Output video format (auto or fixed) Audio: Primary and secondary audio language Audio: Audio Type (For IRDs minimum between: Normal or Supplementary, optional between Normal, AD, SS or all supplementary. For NGA IRDs: Normal, AD, SS or all supplementary)  Audio: STB): Audio delay value for the digital audio output (pass-through, decoded to PCM, transcoded to DTS or AC-3). Audio: Audio Mixing level for receiver mixed supplementary audio Audio (NGA capable HEVC IRD): Dialogue Enhancement (on or off) Audio (NGA capable HEVC IRD): Dialogue Enhancement enhancement level (optional) Subtitling: Primary and secondary subtitling language  * Service list  Coutry settings * Talking menus/Text to speech * SSU settings  HIDCP preferences (Optional) Video display preferences  Audio preferences  Primary and secondary audio language preferences		



Test result(s) Conformity Comments	* Primary and secondary subtitling language preferences  * Service list preferences  * Country settingspreferences  * Audio transcoding preferences  * HDMI preferences  * Supplementary Audio settings   Expected result:  User preferences are as defined.  OK Fault  Major  Minor, define fail reason in comments  If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update:  YES NO  Describe more specific faults and/or other information
Date	Sign

Test Case	Task 17:2 Deletion of service lists		
Section	NorDig Unified 16.3		
Requirement	The IRD shall provide a function to remove all service lists (default and user defined) and should not affecting other parameters (e.g. user preferences).		
IRD Profile(s) variants and capability	Basic, IRD, FE all IRDs		
Test procedure	Purpose of test:  To verify deletion of the service lists  Equipment:  MPEG 2-source  Multiplex  DVB-S/C/T Modulator  Up Converter  DVB Receiver  Monitor  Monitor  Test procedure:  1. Verify if the receiver supports a mechanism to only remove service lists. 2. Verify that the service list(s) exists 3. Remove service list(s) 4. Verify remove of the service list(s)  Expected result:  Service lists are removed.		
Test result(s)			
Conformity	OK Fault Major Minor, define fail reason in comments		
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with software update: <b>YES</b> NO Describe more specific faults and/or other information		



Test Case	Task 17:3 Reset to factory mode			
Section	NorDig Unified 16.4			
Requirement	The IRD shall provide a function to reset all parameters to factory mode, thus removing all service lists, user preferences, etc. After reset, the IRD shall enter installation state.			
IRD <del>Profile(s)</del> variants and capability	<del>Basic, IRD, FE</del> all IRDs			
Test procedure	Purpose of test: To verify the reset function.			
	Test procedure:  1. Locate the reset to factory mode function in the IRD and initiate it. 2. Check that the service list and user preferences have been deleted. 3. Enter the navigator and check that the factory mode meets the requirement. 4. Fill in the test protocol.  Expected result: The IRD has the user preference settings according the requirements.			
Test result(s)	Test protocol	5		
	Requirement	<del>Value</del>	NOK or OK	
	RF input DC power supply source for satellite front end:	<del>on</del>		
	RF input DC power supply source for terrestrial front-end:	<del>off (1)</del>		
	RF-output preset channel:	Channel 43 (PAL-G) (2)		
	RF bypass gain  Menu language:	Disabled equal to country		
	Audio (normal)	settings On		
	Primary audio language:	On equal to country settings		
	Audio format setting:	Stereo		
	Audio; hard of hearing/hearing-impaired:	Off		
	Subtitling (normal):	<del>on</del>		
	Primary subtitling language:	as country settings		
	Subtitling; hard of hearing/hearing impaired:	<del>off</del>		
	HbbTV Interactivity	<del>On</del>		
	HDMI Audio output	Automatic using EDID information		



HDMI Video output	Automatic using EDID information
HDCP	ON or as specified by the relevant network/ CA operator see section 9.11.4 (1)
SSU mode	Semi automatic (if supported, otherwise a mode that enables automatic search)
PVR recording priority, SD vs HD	<del>HD</del>
Talking menus (Text-to-Speech), optional	<del>Off</del>

Footowy default gettings for IDDs		NOK or
Factory default settings for IRDs (where supported)	Setting	OK
RF input DC power supply source	Betting	OIX
for satellite front-end:	On	
RF input DC power supply source		
for terrestrial front-end:	off (1)	
RF-output preset channel:	Channel 43 (PAL-G) (2)	
DD1	D: 11 1	
RF bypass gain	Disabled Disabled	
Menu language:	equal to country settings	
Audio type (Normal, Audio	equal to country settings	
Description, Spoken Subtitling or all		
Supplementary Audio) (4)	Normal (3)	
Primary audio language:	equal to country settings	
7 00		
Dialogue Enhancement	Off	
Audio format setting:	Stereo	
Subtitling (normal):	On	
Sacriting (normar).	OII OII	
Primary subtitling language:	as country settings	
7 0 0 0		
Subtitling; hard of hearing/hearing	<u> </u>	
impaired:	<mark>Off</mark>	
HbbTV Interactivity	<mark>On</mark>	
HDMI Audio output	Automatic, using E-	
The France output	EDID information	
HDMI ARC Audio output	Automatic, using CEC	
	Short Audio Descriptor	
	message	
HDMI eARC Audio output	Automatic, using eARC	
	Capability Data Structure	
	information	
HDMI Video output	Automatic using E-EDID	
	<u>information</u>	



	HDCP	ON or as specified by the relevant network/ CA operator see section 8.6.4	
	SSU	(5)  If this menu item is supported, a value that disables Fully Automatic mode (6)	
	PVR recording priority, SD vs HD	HD	
	Talking menus (Text-to-Speech), optional	Off	
	Note 1: In the first time installation and resetting to factory default settings, the DC power supply <b>shall</b> be switched off. It is recommended that the receiver ask if the DC power supply is turned on in the first time installation and in the installation after resetting to factory settings, to speed up the initialisation procedure.  Note 2:Applicable for IRDs with RF PAL modulator  Note 3: Mode 'Normal' refers to Audio type 0x00 'Undefined' For the case of an IRD implementing audio type with two separate settings (Audio Description plus Spoken Subtitling), this mode 'Normal' refers to that Audio Description off and Spoken Subtitling off.  Note 4: Supplementary Audio (SA) refers here to both Audio Description (AD) and Spoken Subtitling and (SS).  Note 5:The IRD should provide an option to manually set the HDCP default to "ON" or "OFF", see section 8.6.4.  Note 6: Settings for SSU (System Software Update) may be implemented as one combined setting or several settings for different parts. The settings required will depend on the combination of modes supported (see 10.2) but could, for example, take the form of "Enable/Disable" or "Fully Automatic / Semi Automatic".		
Conformity		il reason in comments	
Comments	If possible describe if fault can be fixed with Describe more specific faults and/or other in		
Date		Sign	